

This white paper has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Commission Implementing Regulation 2024/2984 of 29 November 2024 implementing technical standards for the application of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to forms, formats and templates for the crypto-asset White Paper

AURORA (AURORA) Token White Paper

This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.

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01	Date of notification	2026-[XX]-[XX]	YYYY-MM-DD
02	Statement in accordance with Article 6(3) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Regarding offerors: This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.	Predefined alphanumerical text
03	Compliance statement in accordance with Article 6(6) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	This crypto-asset white paper complies with Title II of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council and, to the best of the knowledge of the management body, the information presented in the crypto-asset white paper is fair, clear and not misleading and the crypto-asset white paper makes no omission likely to affect its import.	Predefined alphanumerical text
04	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (a), (b), (c), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this crypto-asset white paper may lose its value in part or in full, may not always be transferable and may not be liquid.	Predefined alphanumerical text

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05	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), point (d), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	true The utility token referred to in this white paper may not be exchangeable against the good or service promised in this white paper, especially in the case of a failure or discontinuation of the crypto-asset project.	'true' – Yes 'false' – Not applicable If Yes, Predefined alphanumerical text
06	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (e) and (f), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper is not covered by the investor compensation schemes under Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council or the deposit guarantee schemes under Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.	Predefined alphanumerical text
SUMMARY			
07	Warning in accordance with Article 6(7), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Warning This summary should be read as an introduction to the crypto-asset white paper. The prospective holder should base any decision to purchase this crypto-asset on the content of the crypto- asset white paper as a whole and not on the summary alone. The offer to the public of this crypto-asset does not constitute an offer or solicitation to purchase financial instruments and any such offer or solicitation can be made only by means of a prospectus or other offer documents pursuant to the applicable national law. This crypto-asset white paper does not constitute a prospectus as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council or any other offer document pursuant to Union or national law.	Predefined alphanumerical text
08	Characteristics of the crypto-asset	The Aurora (“ AURORA ”) token is a utility token as defined by Article 3(1)(9) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and Council of 31 May 2023 on markets in crypto-assets	Free alphanumerical text

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		("MiCA").	
09		Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
10	Key information about the offer to the public or admission to trading	https://aurora.dev/dao https://aurora.dev/tokenomics As of 23.06.2026, 714,791,426 AURORA are circulating on a maximum supply of 1,000,000,000.	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part A - Information about the offeror or the person seeking admission to trading</i>			
A.1	Name	AURORA DAO Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
A.2	Legal form	Legal entity	ISO standard 20275 'Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)'
A.3	Registered address	Trinity Chambers, PO Box 4301, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands.	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.4	Head office	Trinity Chambers, PO Box 4301, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands.	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.5	Registration date	2022-02-22	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
A.6	Legal entity identifier	Not applicable.	{LEI}
A.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Not applicable.	Free text
A.8	Contact telephone number	Information not publicly available.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
A.9	E-mail address	legal@aurora.dev campbell@silverside.company	Free alphanumerical text
A.10	Response time (Days)	Information not publicly available.	{DURATION}
A.11	Parent company	Aurora Foundation	Free alphanumerical text
A.12	Members of the management body	Aurora Foundation - Director through John Campbell Law - from February 7, 2022 <u>Secretary Services:</u> SILVERSIDE MANAGEMENT LTD. a Cayman Islands company licensed by the Cayman Islands Monetary Authority (CIMA) under the Cayman Islands Companies Management Law to provide company management services in the Cayman Islands of Whitehall Chambers, 2nd Floor Whitehall House, 238 North Church Street, George Town, PO Box 31489, Cayman Islands, KY1-1206. - from February 7, 2022. Aurora Foundation operates as an ownerless Cayman Foundation Company which serves as the neutral service arm entity for the Aurora DAO. It receives recommendations from the Aurora DAO and, through its board, issues formal resolutions to Aurora DAO BVI Ltd (the operational entity). Aurora DAO BVI Ltd. is 100% owned by the Foundation, but the Foundation itself has no owners - it holds assets and decision-making authority for the benefit of the project and executes the DAO's will within a recognised legal framework.	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format
A.13	Business activity	System development	Free alphanumerical text
A.14	Parent company business activity	The parent company carries out the mandates of a decentralised autonomous organisation	Free alphanumerical text
A.15	Newly established	No	'true' – Yes 'false' – No

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A.16	Financial condition for the past three years	Aurora DAO itself is not engaged in the operational activities while controls treasury multisig, as explained in Section G.3. Operational activities are supported by the aforementioned service arm entities Aurora Foundation and Aurora DAO Ltd. Combined total operational expenses of all entities are: \$85,818 for the period March - October 2022; \$561,817 for the period November 2022 - October 2023;and \$743,739 for the period November 2023 - November 2024. More details on the breakdown of these expenses can be found following links below: https://forum.aurora.dev/t/approved-allocate-an-additional-operational-budget/1854 https://forum.aurora.dev/t/approved-aurora-dao-service-entities-support-continuation/2592 (\$487,458 eliminated in expenses and proceeds) https://forum.aurora.dev/t/approved-consolidated-report-of-service-arm-entities-and-other-activities/2756 All expenses are covered by rewards from Aurora validator on the Near Protocol. Tokens treasury as of the major dates are as follows: Aurora Token: 31 August 2025: 504,874,176 31 December 2024: 539,626,186 31 December 2023: 608,511,224 31 December 2022: 660,757,304 Near Token: 31 August 2025: 10,012 31 December 2024: 16,643 31 December 2023: 206,653	Free alphanumerical text

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		31 December 2022: 45,050 Ether: 31 August 2025: 13 31 December 2024: 13 31 December 2023: 13 31 December 2022: 13 USDC/USDT: 31 August 2025: 107,709 31 December 2024: 187,700 31 December 2023: 113,653 31 December 2022: 121 Major transfers in Aurora Token: For the period March - October 2022: Staking rewards - 6,000,000 Bug bounty and other - 2,042,675 Swaps - 1,340,000 Grant program - 691,511 Airdrops - 77,281 For the period November 2022 - October 2023: Staking rewards - 25,000,000 Validator rewards - 20,000,000 Grant program - 4,977,665 Grant to Aurora Labs - 4,279,985 Loans - 4,000,000 Bug bounty and other - 385,111 Airdrops - 36,552 For the period November 2023 - November 2024: Validator rewards - 10,000,000 Grant program - 616,129 Grant to Aurora Labs - 50,720,015 Loans - 7,000,000 Rewards - 1,300,000 Bug bounty and other - 650,061 Airdrops and other activities - 674,866	
A.17	Financial condition since registration	Ref to A.16 above	Free alphanumeric text
Part B - Information about the issuer, if different from the offeror or person seeking admission to trading			

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Not applicable			
<i>Part C- Information about the operator of the trading platform in cases where it draws up the crypto-asset white paper and information about other persons drawing the crypto-asset white paper pursuant to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114</i>			
C.1	Name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumeric text
C.2	Legal form	Legal entity	ISO standard 20275 'Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)'
C.3	Registered address	Omonoias,13, SOHO OFFICE (EMBASSY), 3052, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumeric text
C.4	Head office	Omonoias,13, SOHO OFFICE (EMBASSY), 3052, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumeric text
C.5	Registration date	2022-08-09	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
C.6	Legal entity identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}
C.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Company registration number: HE430310	Free text
C.8	Parent company	Revolut Group Holdings Ltd	Free alphanumeric text
C.9	Reason for crypto-asset white paper Preparation	This crypto-asset white paper has been drawn up in accordance with the requirements of Article 4, Article 6 and Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114.	Free alphanumeric text

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C.10	Members of the Management body	Costas Michael (CEO) Ioannis Ashiotis (INED) Aaron Payas (INED) Stavros Anastasiou (INED)	Free alphanumeric text presented in a tabular format
C.11	Operator business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a financial technology company registered as a crypto-assets services provider by the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd provides crypto-asset services across the European Union, including buying, selling, and exchange of crypto-assets. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is licensed by the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission (License No. 001/2025) as a Crypto Asset Service Provider (CASP) under EU Regulation 2023/1114 on markets in crypto-assets. The authorisation covers the following crypto-asset services: • exchange of crypto-assets for funds • exchange of crypto-assets for crypto-assets • operation of a Trading Platform • custody and administration of crypto-assets • transfer of crypto-assets	Free alphanumeric text
C.12	Parent company business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Revolut Group Holdings Ltd, a private company limited by shares registered in England and Wales (company number: 12743269)	Free alphanumeric text
C.13	Other persons drawing up the crypto-asset white paper according to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text
C.14	Reason for drawing the white paper by persons referred to in Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text

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<i>Part D- Information about the crypto-asset project</i>			
D.1	Crypto-asset project name	AURORA	Free alphanumerical text
D.2	Crypto-assets name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.3	Abbreviation	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.4	Crypto-asset project description	The Aurora environment consists of the Aurora Engine, a high performance EVM - Ethereum Virtual Machine - and the Bridge, facilitating trustless transfer of ETH and ERC-20 tokens between Ethereum and Aurora, within a great user experience. Aurora exists and is operated as an independent, self-funded initiative, but will continue to leverage the shared team DNA and continually evolving technology of the NEAR Protocol. The governance of Aurora will take a hybrid form of a Decentralised Autonomous Organisation, the Aurora DAO, complemented by a traditional entity which will hold one of several seats in the AuroraDAO. The Aurora DAO Council is currently composed of 13 council members, all of whom are fully independent parties. These members are responsible for reviewing and voting on proposals, safeguarding the ecosystem, and guiding Aurora's strategic direction. Each council member brings a distinct perspective, contributing to a governance structure that blends transparency, decentralisation, and accountability. You can find the full list of council members here: Aurora DAO Council Members	Free alphanumerical text
D.5	Details of all natural or legal persons involved in the implementation of the crypto-asset project	Aurora DAO Ltd; Aurora Foundation. AURORA DAO Council members are the following: 1. Aurora Labs	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		2. Dragonfly Capital 3. Pantera 4. Lemniscap 5. OKX / Blockdream Ventures 6. 1inch 7. DODO 8. imToken 9. NEAR 10. Covalent 11. Infura 12. Etherscan 13. ConsenSys Source AuroraDAO — Council page We have no visibility of who holds the key inside of each entity.	
D.6	Utility Token Classification	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
D.7	Key Features of Goods/Services for Utility Token Projects	Key features of the AURORA token: Aurora is currently a utility token Ideally, in the future, it will become a governance token on Aurora Protocol.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
D.8	Plans for the token	Aurora Token Economy 3.0 updates AURORA's utility and governance by replacing the burn-only model with buyback-and-transfer of protocol revenues to the AuroraDAO treasury for community-directed use. The proposal introduces configurable virtual chain fees (extra gas at the Aurora Engine level) and volumetric bridging fees with a default 50% revenue share to the DAO (converted to AURORA), aligning incentives between Aurora and appchains. Governance is simplified through a bi-weekly 100k AURORA community budget (3-month trial) with a standardised proposal flow, on-chain snapshots, and voting based on staked AURORA participation. Overall, Tokenomics 3.0 shifts value from passive burning to active, revenue-backed, DAO-governed growth while keeping fees and rewards tied to real network usage. https://forum.aurora.dev/t/aurora-token-economy-3-0/2795	Free alphanumerical text
D.9	Resource allocation	As of 2025-09-15, AURORA has a maximum supply of 1,000,000,000 tokens, with a circulating supply of 637,689,938 tokens. The initial token allocation was as follows: 40.6% - Aurora DAO Council Treasury 20.0% - Community Treasury 16.0% - Aurora Labs long-term incentives 9.0% - Aurora Labs private round investors 3.0% - Aurora Validator delegators 2.0% - Early Aurora contributors 2.6% - Ongoing grant programs 3.0% - Growth round for Aurora Labs 3.8% - Other initiatives Please find this information here: https://aurora.dev/blog/aurora-token-distribution-	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		update	
D.10	Planned use of collected funds or crypto-assets	Same as D.8	Free alphanumeric text
<i>Part E - Information about the offer to the public of crypto-assets or their admission to trading</i>			
E.1	Public offering or admission to trading	ATTR	'OTPC' - offer to the public 'ATTR' - admission to trading
E.2	Reasons for public offer or admission to trading	To provide access and utility of the Aurora Network.	Free alphanumeric text
E.3	Fundraising target	Not applicable.	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.4	Minimum subscription goals	Not applicable.	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.5	Maximum subscription goals	Not applicable.	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.6	Oversubscription acceptance	Not applicable.	'true'- Yes 'false' – No
E.7	Oversubscription allocation	Not applicable.	Free alphanumeric text

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E.8	Issue price	- Private Round: \$0.13 per token (Oct 2021, \$12M raised) - Public Sale – SmartPad (IDO): \$1.00 per token (Nov 2021) - Public Sale – BocaChica (IDO): \$1.00 per token (Nov 2021) - Public Sale – Gate.io (IDO): \$8.70 per token https://aurora.dev/blog/aurora-dao-approves-usda-urora-ido https://aurora.dev/ido https://icodrops.com/aurora/?/	Amount in monetary value{DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.9	Official currency or any other crypto-assets determining the issue price	USD	{CURRENCYCODE_3} or {DTI}
E.10	Subscription fee	Not applicable.	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.11	Offer price determination method	The offer price of the AURORA token is typically determined based on a combination of market conditions, project valuation, supply and demand, investor sentiment, early-stage investor pricing, and the pricing of similar projects in the market.	Free alphanumeric text
E.12	Total number of offered/traded crypto-assets	1,000,000,000	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.13	Targeted holders	ALL	'RETL' – retail investors 'PROF' – professional investors 'ALL' – all types of investors
E.14	Holder restrictions	As of 2025-09-15, there are no public AURORA token holders' restrictions. However, access may be	Free alphanumeric text

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		restricted by exchange platforms or national laws.	
E.15	Reimbursement notice	Not applicable.	Predefined alphanumerical text
E.16	Refund mechanism	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.17	Refund timeline	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.18	Offer phases	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.19	Early purchase discount	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.20	Time-limited offer	Not applicable.	'true'-Yes 'false' – No
E.21	Subscription period beginning	Not applicable.	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.22	Subscription period end	Not applicable.	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.23	Safeguarding arrangements for offered funds/crypto- Assets	Decentralised Governance: AuroraDAO Governance (current process) • 13 Council Members. • Decisions pass with at least 7 of 13 votes. • Council approves proposals such as grants, budgets and ecosystem initiatives. Tokenomics 3.0 (proposed changes) • Shift from “buyback & burn” to “buyback & transfer to DAO” for future governance use of tokens. • Launch a Community Treasury pilot – 100,000 AURORA every two weeks for ecosystem incentives, with proposals and voting on a new Aurora Plus interface. • Add new revenue streams (bridge fees, virtual chain gas, revenue-share) to fund the DAO and align incentives. • Weekly on-chain voting with snapshot of staked AURORA and monthly community calls to refine the process. Audited Smart Contracts: AURORA smart contracts have undergone multiple audits.	Free alphanumerical text
E.24	Payment methods for crypto-asset purchase	When purchasing crypto-assets, the available payment methods can vary depending on the platform, the nature of the offering, and the specific project’s infrastructure. 1. Centralised Exchanges (CEX) Centralised exchanges are platforms where users can buy and sell crypto-assets using a variety of payment methods. Common options include: • Bank Transfers: Many exchanges support direct bank transfers (SEPA, SWIFT, etc.),	Free alphanumerical text

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		allowing users to deposit fiat currency (such as GBP, EUR, or USD) to purchase crypto-assets. • Credit/Debit Cards: Some exchanges accept major credit and debit cards for instant purchases, though fees may be higher. • Other Cryptocurrencies: Users can often trade one cryptocurrency for another. • Third-Party Payment Providers: Some platforms integrate with third-party payment service providers though this is less common. 2. Decentralised Exchanges (DEX) Decentralised exchanges operate without intermediaries and typically require users to connect a crypto wallet. Payment methods here are more limited: • Cryptocurrency Swaps: Users exchange one crypto-asset for another directly from their wallet. Stablecoins: Many DEXs support stablecoins (such as USDT, USDC, or DAI) as a medium of exchange.	
E.25	Value transfer methods for reimbursement	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.26	Right of withdrawal	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.27	Transfer of purchased crypto-assets	1. Access Your Wallet or Exchange Account • Centralised exchange: Log in to your account. • Personal wallet: Open your non-custodial wallet that holds your AURORA tokens. 2. Navigate to the ‘Withdraw’ or ‘Send’ Section • On exchanges, go to the “Withdraw” or “Assets” page. • On personal wallets, select the AURORA token and then tap or click “Send”. 3. Enter the Recipient’s Wallet Address • Copy and paste the correct wallet address of the	Free alphanumerical text

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		recipient. - Double-check that the wallet supports AURORA tokens on the correct blockchain. - Using the wrong chain or incorrect address could result in permanent loss of your tokens. 4. Specify the Amount - Input the number of AURORA tokens you wish to transfer. - Some platforms may require a minimum transfer amount. 5. Select the Network (if applicable) - If your AURORA tokens are available on multiple networks, make sure you select the correct network that matches the recipient's wallet. 6. Review and Confirm the Transfer - Check all details: recipient address, network, and amount. - On centralised platforms, you may need to complete 2FA verification or enter a withdrawal password. 7. Pay the Network Fee - Blockchain transactions require a network fee (gas fee), paid in the native currency of the chosen network 8. Wait for Confirmation - The transaction will be processed and broadcast to the blockchain.	
E.28	Transfer time schedule	Not applicable.	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.29	Purchaser's technical requirements	Purchaser Requirements: Digital Wallet Wallet Setup:	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Purchasers must use a wallet that supports AURORA tokens. - The wallet must be properly configured and secured with a strong password and backup recovery phrase (also known as a seed phrase). Users are responsible for safeguarding their private keys or recovery details. Gas Fees Transaction Fees: To transfer AURORA tokens, you will need to pay for transaction (gas) fees on the applicable network. Variable Fees: Gas fees fluctuate depending on network congestion and transaction complexity. Ensure you have sufficient funds in your wallet to successfully complete transactions. Exchange Account (if applicable) Centralised Exchanges (CEXs): If purchasing AURORA through exchanges, you must create an account. KYC Verification: Most platforms require users to complete Know Your Customer (KYC) checks to comply with regulatory standards. This may include submitting identity documents and proof of address. Internet Connection A stable internet connection is essential for using crypto wallets, performing transfers, and securely accessing CEX platforms Software and Browser Requirements Browser Extensions: Some browser-based wallets require supported browsers like Chrome or Firefox with the appropriate extension installed. Desktop or Mobile Apps:	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Some wallets require dedicated desktop or mobile apps for full functionality and token management. Security Measures • Private Key and Seed Phrase Storage: Keep your recovery phrase and private keys offline and confidential. If lost, access to your AURORA tokens may be permanently unrecoverable. • Two-Factor Authentication (2FA): Always enable 2FA on centralised platforms to protect against unauthorised access.	
E.30	Crypto-asset service provider (CASP) name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
E.31	CASP identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}
E.32	Placement form	NTAV	'WITH- with a firm commitment basis 'WOUT' - without a firm commitment basis 'NTAV' - Not applicable
E.33	Trading platforms name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
E.34	Trading platforms Market identifier code (MIC)	Not applicable.	{MIC}
E.35	Trading platforms access	N/A	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.36	Involved costs		Free alphanumerical text
E.37	Offer expenses	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text and Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3}
E.38	Conflicts of interest	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.39	Applicable law	Laws of the British Virgin Islands Laws of the Cayman Islands	Drop-down list of applicable laws
E.40	Competent court	Courts of the British Virgin Islands Courts of the Cayman Islands	Drop-down list of applicable laws
<i>Part F - Information about the crypto-assets</i>			
F.1	Crypto-asset type	Utility token	Free alphanumerical text
F.2	Crypto-asset functionality	See D.8	Free alphanumerical text
F.3	Planned application of functionalities	See D.8. Timelines subject to change and development times.	Free alphanumerical text
<i>A description of the characteristics of the crypto-asset, including the data necessary for classification of the crypto-asset white paper in the register referred to in Article 109 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114, as specified in accordance with paragraph 8 of that Article</i>			
F.4	Type of crypto-asset white paper	OTHR	OTHR
F.5	The type of submission	NEWT	NEWT = New

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
			MODI = Modify EROR = Error CORR = Correction
F.6	Crypto-asset characteristics	Maximum supply of 1 billion AURORA Tokens	Free alphanumerical text
F.7	Commercial name or trading name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
F.8	Website of the issuer	https://aurora.dev/dao	Free alphanumerical text
F.9	Starting date of offer to the public or admission to trading	2021-11-18	YYYY-MM-DD
F.10	Publication date	2026-[XX]-[XX]	YYYY-MM-DD
F.11	Any other services provided by the issuer	No	Free alphanumerical text
F.12	Language or languages of the crypto-asset white paper	English	Closed list of EU languages
F.13	Digital token identifier code used to uniquely identify the crypto-asset or each of the several crypto assets to which the white paper relates, where available	Not applicable.	ISO 24165 Digital Token Identifier
F.14	Functionally fungible group digital token identifier, where available	Not applicable.	ISO 24165 FFG DTI
F.15	Voluntary data flag	false	'true' – voluntary 'false' – mandatory
F.16	Personal data flag	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
F.17	LEI eligibility	true	'true' – eligible 'false' – not eligible
F.18	Home Member State	Republic of Cyprus	Closed list of EU Member States
F.19	Host Member States	Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and Sweden.	Closed list of EU Member States
<i>Part G - Information on the rights and obligations attached to the crypto-assets</i>			
G.1	Purchaser rights and obligations	Purchaser Rights: Holders of the Aurora Token currently have the right to stake their tokens and earn rewards. Governance voting for token holders is not yet active. Under the proposed Tokenomics 3.0 framework, additional utilities are planned, including: • Enabling on-chain governance voting for AURORA holders. • Transitioning from a “buyback-and-burn” model to a “buyback-and-transfer” mechanism, directing tokens to the Aurora DAO. • Introducing gas and bridging fees on Aurora virtual chains that convert to AURORA and flow to the DAO. • Establishing a rewards-sharing model where part of collected fees supports the community treasury. • Allocating a recurring budget of AURORA tokens to incentivise ecosystem projects. • Simplifying governance with regular voting cycles, standard proposals and easier access through Aurora Plus. These changes aim to broaden the token’s utility,	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		strengthen the DAO's role and create clearer incentives for active participation in the Aurora ecosystem. Obligations: Adherence to Terms: Users must comply with any terms of service, using the platform as intended. Lawful Use: All activities must comply with relevant laws, including those relating to anti-money laundering, counter-terrorism, securities, and data protection.	
G.2	Exercise of rights and obligations	Staking Availability At present, the only active utility of the Aurora Token is staking to earn rewards. Staking is available through the official Aurora Plus interface at https://aurora.plus/dashboard or by interacting directly with the on-chain staking smart contract. How It Works (Simple Process) 1. Connect Wallet – Visit https://aurora.plus/dashboard and connect your compatible NEAR wallet. 2. Stake Tokens – Enter the amount of AURORA you wish to stake and confirm the transaction.	Free alphanumerical text
G.3	Conditions for modifications of rights and obligations	Any material change - for example, a new Tokenomics framework, updated fee model, or expanded token utility - is first drafted as a governance proposal within the AuroraDAO. Community members can submit such proposals on the Forum. The proposal is then subject to the DAO's governance process in which at least 7 out of 13 councils must vote favourable. Lastly, once a change is approved: • The Aurora Foundation (Cayman Foundation Company) acts as the service arm entity. Its	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		board issues formal resolutions to implement the DAO-approved changes. Aurora DAO BVI Ltd. (operational entity owned 100% by the Foundation) executes and administrates the practical/operational aspects of the change.	
G.4	Future public offers	Not applicable.	Free alphanumeric text
G.5	Issuer retained crypto-assets	Current state: 45.7% - Aurora DAO Treasury 16.0% - Aurora Labs long-term incentives 9.0% - Aurora Labs private round investors 8.0% - Grant to Aurora Labs 5.6% - Staking rewards 4.5% - Aurora Validator delegators 3.3% - Grant activities 2.9% - Loans 2.0% - Early Aurora contributors 3.0% - Other initiatives	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
G.6	Utility token classification	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.7	Key features of goods/services of utility tokens	See D.7.	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
G.8	Utility tokens redemption	At present, AURORA tokens do not entitle holders to redeem goods or services directly from the issuer. The only active utility available is staking to earn rewards through the official Aurora Plus interface at https://aurora.plus/dashboard or by interacting directly with the on-chain staking smart contract (see Section G.2 – Exercise of Rights and Obligations). Holders may also buy, sell, or exchange AURORA tokens on centralised or decentralised exchanges (see Section G.10 – Crypto-assets Purchase or Sale Modalities). No other redemption mechanisms are currently offered by the issuer.	Free alphanumerical text
G.9	Non-trading request	false	'true' – sought 'false' – not sought
G.10	Crypto-assets purchase or sale modalities	AURORA tokens can be purchased and sold via centralised exchanges using common trading pairs such as AURORA/USDT. AURORA is also available on decentralised exchanges.	Free alphanumerical text
G.11	Crypto-assets transfer restrictions	None.	Free alphanumerical text
G.12	Supply adjustment protocols	Not applicable.	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.13	Supply adjustment mechanisms	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
G.14	Token value protection schemes	Not applicable.	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.15	Token value protection schemes description	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
G.16	Compensation schemes	Not applicable.	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.17	Compensation schemes description	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
G.18	Applicable law	Laws of the British Virgin Islands Laws of the Cayman Islands	Drop-down list of applicable laws
G.19	Competent court	Courts of the British Virgin Islands Courts of the Cayman Islands	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part H – information on the underlying technology</i>			
H.1	Distributed ledger technology (DTL)	Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT) refers to a decentralised digital infrastructure used for recording transactions across multiple locations simultaneously. Unlike traditional, centralised databases, DLT systems operate without a central authority, relying instead on a network of independent nodes, each maintaining a synchronised copy of the ledger. Transactions are validated through consensus mechanisms, promoting transparency, security, and resistance to tampering. One of the most widely adopted forms of DLT is blockchain, which consists of sequentially linked blocks containing timestamped transaction data. Each block is cryptographically connected to the previous one, making it virtually immutable and resistant to retroactive alteration. Blockchains can also support smart contracts, self-executing agreements that automate processes and enforce rules without intermediaries, thereby increasing trust and efficiency in decentralised systems. Blockchain-based DLT enhances transparency, consumer choice, and interoperability within the broader digital economy. Users can inspect open-source blockchain code, independently verify	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		data integrity, and choose platforms that align with their preferences. The permissionless nature of public blockchains promotes seamless integration and innovation across applications, wallets, and services.	
H.2	Protocols and technical standards	Primary Network: NEAR Protocol, Aurora is an EVM built on top of NEAR. DLT type: Blockchain Compatibility: Ethereum-compatible (EVM) Standards: ERC-20 for AURORA token	Free alphanumeric text
H.3	Technology used	Aurora Engine (Ethereum Virtual Machine on NEAR)	Free alphanumeric text
H.4	Consensus mechanism	Aurora is an EVM on NEAR Protocol that relies on PoS consensus from the underlying blockchain, NEAR Protocol.	Free alphanumeric text
H.5	Incentive mechanisms and applicable fees	Transaction fees on Aurora are paid in ETH (to ensure Ethereum compatibility). Fee model: low, predictable fees due to NEAR scalability. AURORA token utility: • Governance of the Aurora protocol • Staking for ecosystem participation and security incentives • Potential use for covering protocol-level fees via Aurora+ Validators on NEAR are incentivised via staking rewards in NEAR tokens (not AURORA). Aurora's architecture ensures minimal fees, fast confirmation, and EVM-level compatibility.	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
H.6	Use of distributed ledger technology	false	'true' – Yes, DLT operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer's behalf 'false' – No, DLT not operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer's behalf
H.7	DLT functionality description	DLT is a digital system for recording transactions in which the transactions and their details are recorded in multiple places at the same time. Unlike traditional databases, distributed ledgers have no central data store or administration functionality. Instead, the ledger is decentralised, and consensus on the transactions is achieved through a process that involves multiple nodes, each maintaining its own copy of the ledger. The benefits of DLT include increased transparency, enhanced security, improved traceability, and greater efficiency of transactions.	Free alphanumeric text
H.8	Audit	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
H.9	Audit outcome	On 27 January 2025, Hacken conducted an audit of Aurora's Engine smart contract through a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report. The audit identified 4 medium-severity issues and 1 low-severity issue.	Free alphanumeric text
Part I – Information on risks			
I.1	Offer-related risks	General Risk Disclosure The offering and trading of tokens involve several risks commonly associated with the broader crypto-asset market, especially within centralised exchange environments, staking mechanisms, and decentralised finance (DeFi) applications tied to the Aurora ecosystem. Market Volatility	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		The value of AURORA may experience significant volatility due to shifts in market sentiment, macroeconomic trends, protocol updates, and activity across exchanges. Such fluctuations can lead to financial losses for holders or short-term traders and may affect the perceived value of AURORA's utility. Liquidity Risk There is no guarantee that AURORA will maintain sufficient liquidity or consistent trading volume across supported exchanges. Liquidity constraints may arise from limited market activity, uneven token distribution, or broader market downturns, making it difficult to efficiently buy or sell AURORA at stable prices. Regulatory Risk As global regulatory frameworks for crypto-assets evolve, AURORA may be affected by new compliance requirements. These could impact the availability of AURORA on certain exchanges, restrict marketing or token offerings in specific regions, or impose new disclosure, tax, or governance obligations. AML/KYC Compliance When purchasing or trading AURORA via centralised platforms, users are generally required to complete AML and KYC verification. Failure to comply with such procedures can result in restricted access, delayed withdrawals, or account suspensions, depending on the platform and local regulations. Market Manipulation As with most tradable digital assets, AURORA is exposed to potential manipulative practices such as wash trading, spoofing, or pump-and-dump schemes. These behaviours may artificially inflate or depress market prices, compromising fair price discovery and increasing volatility. Operational Risk The performance and utility of AURORA depend on the reliable functioning of the network and smart	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		contract-based platforms. Risks include smart contract bugs, network congestion, gas price spikes, or failures in off-chain infrastructure (e.g., bridges or oracles). Token Utility Risk AURORA's value is tied to its function in protocol governance, staking, and ecosystem coordination. If AURORA fails to grow, or if adoption of its core products declines, the demand and utility of AURORA may weaken. Delays in technical upgrades or reduced community engagement could also adversely affect token perception.	
I.2	Issuer-related risks	Issuer and Governance The token is not issued by a regulated financial institution and governance is community driven and changes (if applicable) depend on the core development team and protocol governance structure. Project Continuity Risk The AURORA development team are responsible for maintaining the protocol and surrounding infrastructure. If funding, development activity, or user adoption materially declines, the issuer may reduce or cease operations, which could impair the token's utility and long-term viability. Brand and Ecosystem Dependency The value of the AURORA token is closely connected to the reputation, adoption, and user base of the Aurora ecosystem and affiliated products. A decline in platform usage, negative media coverage, or more competitive offerings in the exchange space may adversely impact AURORA's market value and utility. Regulatory Exposure Operating across multiple jurisdictions, the AURORA token is exposed to varying legal frameworks, including potential restrictions on exchange operations or token listings. Regulatory	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		developments may require significant operational changes or affect the legal standing of AURORA tokens.	
I.3	Crypto-assets-related risks	Speculative Nature AURORA is a utility token whose value is derived from its role in the Aurora ecosystem. As with most crypto-assets, AURORA is inherently speculative and subject to significant price volatility, influenced by user participation, network activity, market sentiment, and broader macroeconomic conditions. Custodial Risk AURORA is a non-custodial bearer instrument, meaning users are solely responsible for safeguarding their private keys and recovery phrases. If access credentials are lost, there is no mechanism to recover tokens. This presents a high custodial risk for less experienced users or those without proper backup measures. Future Use Cases While AURORA is currently used for governance and ecosystem alignment within the Aurora ecosystem, its utility may evolve. Future uses could include new DeFi integrations, cross-chain coordination roles, or deeper involvement in infrastructure tooling. However, these potential developments are not guaranteed and depend on community decisions, developer commitment, and the ongoing success of Aurora ecosystem-related projects.	Free alphanumeric text
I.4	Project implementation-related risks	Technical Limitations New product features, liquidity strategies, or integrations may be delayed or limited by technical hurdles, resource constraints, or unanticipated security flaws. Regulatory Developments Increasing scrutiny of centralised platforms may	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		result in the need for protocol restructuring, jurisdictional restrictions, or more extensive reporting obligations. Third-Party Reliance The AURORA ecosystem relies on partnerships with liquidity providers, custodians, and infrastructure partners. Disruptions to these relationships or operational failures among third parties may reduce token effectiveness or compromise platform performance.	
I.5	Technology-related risks	Network Disruptions Issues on blockchain or the Aurora ecosystem may impact token transfers. Network congestion, outages, or protocol-level changes could lead to delays or failures in transaction execution. Exchange Integration Risks Trading AURORA on centralised exchanges (CEXs) or decentralised exchanges (DEXs) may expose users to: • Slippage, especially during periods of low liquidity or market volatility • Front-running or manipulation by automated bots on DEXs • Delisting risks, where CEXs may remove support for AURORA due to strategic, technical, or regulatory reasons Custodial risk, where funds held on CEXs may be lost in the event of platform hacks, bankruptcy, or internal failure	Free alphanumerical text
I.6	Mitigation measures	Exchange Availability AURORA is listed on leading exchanges enhancing access and liquidity. User Engagement AURORA's utility within the Aurora ecosystem drives user engagement. Communication The AURORA team publishes regular updates, supports an active user community, and shares	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		development progress through its website and social media.	
Part J – Information on the sustainability indicators in relation to adverse impact on the climate and other environment-related adverse impacts			
J.1	Adverse impacts on climate and other environment- related adverse impacts	Aurora is an EVM on NEAR Protocol that relies on PoS consensus from the underlying blockchain, NEAR Protocol. Proof of Stake (PoS) is a consensus mechanism where validators are chosen to confirm transactions and secure the network based on the amount of cryptocurrency they "stake" as collateral rather than performing energy-intensive computations like Proof of Work (PoW). This PoS approach is far more energy-efficient compared to Bitcoin PoW mining.	Free alphanumeric text
Mandatory Information on principal adverse impacts on the climate and other environment-related adverse impacts of the consensus mechanism			
S.1	Name	Aurora DAO Ltd	Free alphanumeric text
S.2	Relevant legal entity identifier	See DTI in A.6 to A.7	Free alphanumeric text
S.3	Name of crypto-asset	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumeric text
S.4	Consensus Mechanism	Proof of stake based on the Near blockchain	Free alphanumeric text
S.5	Incentive Mechanisms and Applicable Fees	N/A	Free alphanumeric text
S.6	Beginning of the period to which the disclosed information relates	N/A	DATE FORMAT
S.7	End of the period to which the disclosed information relates	N/A	DATE FORMAT
Mandatory key indicator on energy consumption			
S.8	Energy consumption	N/A	Amount in kilowatt-hours (kWh) {DECIMAL-18/5}
Source and methodologies			

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
S.9	Energy consumption sources and methodologies	N/A	Free alphanumerical text
Supplementary key indicators on energy and GHG emissions			
S.10	Renewable energy consumption	N/A	Percentage {DECIMAL-11/10}
S.11	Energy intensity	N/A	Amount in kWh {DECIMAL-18/5}
S.12	Scope 1 DLT GHG emissions – Purchased	N/A	Amount in tonnes (t) carbon dioxide equivalent (CO ₂ e) {DECIMAL-18/5}
S.13	Scope 2 DLT GHG emissions – Purchased	N/A	Amount in tCO ₂ e {DECIMAL-18/5}
S.14	GHG intensity	N/A	Amount in kilogram (kg) CO ₂ e (Tx) {DECIMAL-18/5}
Source and methodologies			
S.15	Key energy sources and methodologies	N/A	Free alphanumerical text
S.16	Key GHG sources and methodologies	N/A	Free alphanumerical text