This white paper has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Commission Implementing Regulation 2024/2984 of 29 November 2024 implementing technical standards for the application of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to forms, formats and templates for the crypto-asset White Paper

Bitcoin Cash (BCH) Token White Paper

This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
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No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
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01	Date of notification	[2025–[XX]–[XX]]	YYYY-MM-DD
02	Statement in accordance with Article 6(3) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Regarding offerors: This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.	Predefined alphanumerical text
03	Compliance statement in accordance with Article 6(6) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	This crypto-asset white paper complies with Title II of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council and, to the best of the knowledge of the management body, the information presented in the crypto-asset white paper is fair, clear and not misleading and the crypto-asset white paper makes no omission likely to affect its import.	Predefined alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
04	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (a), (b), (c), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this crypto-asset white paper may lose its value in part or in full, may not always be transferable and may not be liquid.	Predefined alphanumerical text
05	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), point (d), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	false	‘true’ – Yes ‘false’ – Not applicable If Yes, Predefined alphanumerical text
06	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (e) and (f), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper is not covered by the investor compensation schemes under Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council or the deposit guarantee schemes under Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.	Predefined alphanumerical text
SUMMARY			
07	Warning in accordance with Article 6(7), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Warning This summary should be read as an introduction to the crypto-asset white paper. The prospective holder should base any decision to purchase this crypto-asset on the content of the crypto- asset white paper as a whole and not on the summary alone. The offer to the public of this crypto-asset does not constitute an offer or solicitation to purchase financial instruments and any such offer or solicitation can be made only by means of a prospectus or other offer documents pursuant to the applicable national law. This crypto-asset white paper does not	Predefined alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		constitute a prospectus as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council or any other offer document pursuant to Union or national law.	
08	Characteristics of the crypto-asset	Bitcoin Cash (“**BCH**”) token is a crypto-asset as defined by Article 3(1)(5) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and Council of 31 May 2023 on markets in crypto-assets (“**MiCA**”).	Free alphanumerical text
09		Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
10	Key information about the offer to the public or admission to trading	https://www.coingecko.com/en/coins/bitcoin-cash In 2017, the Bitcoin community split over a proposed software upgrade called BIP 91. One group supported increasing block sizes, leading to the creation of Bitcoin Cash, which could handle more transactions per second but required more computational power for mining. BCH was admitted to trading on approximately August 1, 2017. Several centralised and decentralised exchanges have listed BCH tokens. The fixed maximum supply is 21,000,000 BCH tokens. During the Bitcoin split, all Bitcoin holders were automatically credited with an equivalent amount of BCH on the new blockchain.	Free alphanumerical text
Part A - Information about the offeror or the person seeking admission to trading			
A.1	Name	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
A.2	Legal form	Information not publicly available	ISO standard 20275 'Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)'
A.3	Registered address	Information not publicly available	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.4	Head office	Information not publicly available	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.5	Registration date	Information not publicly available	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
A.6	Legal entity identifier	Information not publicly available	{LEI}
A.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Information not publicly available	Free text
A.8	Contact telephone number	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text
A.9	E-mail address	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text
A.10	Response time (Days)	Information not publicly available	{DURATION}
A.11	Parent company	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text
A.12	Members of the management body	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
A.13	Business activity	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text
A.14	Parent company business activity	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text
A.15	Newly established	Information not publicly available	‘true’ – Yes ‘false’ – No
A.16	Financial condition for the past three years	Information not publicly available. Issuer only provides information regarding its expenditures. Where the offeror or person seeking admission to trading has been established for the past three years, the financial condition of the offeror or person seeking admission to trading over the past three years. This shall be assessed based on a fair review of the development and performance of the business of the offeror or person seeking admission to trading and of its position for each year and interim period for which historical financial information is required, including the causes of material changes. The review shall be a balanced and comprehensive analysis of the development and performance of the business of the offeror or person seeking admission to trading and of its position, consistent with the size and complexity of the business.	Free alphanumerical text
A.17	Financial condition since registration	Information not publicly available. Where the offeror or person seeking admission to trading has not been established for the past three years, description of its financial condition since the date of its registration. This shall be assessed based on a fair review	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		of the development and performance of the business of the offeror or person seeking admission to trading and of its position for each year and interim period for which historical financial information is available, including the causes of material changes. The review shall be a balanced and comprehensive analysis of the development and performance of the business of the offeror or person seeking admission to trading and of its position, consistent with the size and complexity of the business.	
Part B - Information about the issuer, if different from the offeror or person seeking admission to trading			
Not applicable			
Part C- Information about the operator of the trading platform in cases where it draws up the crypto-asset white paper and information about other persons drawing the crypto-asset white paper pursuant to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114			
C.1	Name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumer ical text
C.2	Legal form	Legal entity	ISO standard 20275 ‘Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)’
C.3	Registered address	Pikioni, 10 Flat/Office 5, 3075, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
C.4	Head office	Pikioni, 10 Flat/Office 5, 3075, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
C.5	Registration date	2022-08-09	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
C.6	Legal entity identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}
C.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Company registration number: HE430310	Free text
C.8	Parent company	Revolut Group Holdings Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
C.9	Reason for crypto-asset white paper Preparation	This crypto-asset white paper has been drawn up in accordance with the requirements of Article 4, Article 6 and Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114.	Free alphanumerical text
C.10	Members of the Management body	Mr Costas Michael (CEO) Mr Christos Drakos (CFO) Mr Ioannis Ashiotis (NED) Mr Konstantinos Adamos (NED)	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
C.11	Operator business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a financial technology company registered as a crypto-assets services provider by the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd provides crypto-asset services across the European Union, including buying, selling, and exchange of crypto-assets. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd has applied to the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission for a crypto-asset services provider (CASP) authorisation under Regulation (EU) 2023/1114. The authorisation is expected to cover the following crypto-asset services: ● exchange of crypto-assets for funds ● exchange of crypto-assets for crypto-assets ● operation of a Trading Platform ● custody and administration of crypto-assets ● transfer of crypto-assets	Free alphanumerical text
C.12	Parent company business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Revolut Group Holdings Ltd, a private company limited by shares registered in England and Wales (company number: 12743269)	Free alphanumerical text
C.13	Other persons drawing up the crypto-asset white paper according to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
C.14	Reason for drawing the white paper by persons referred to in Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
Part D- Information about the crypto-asset project			

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
D.1	Crypto-asset project name	Bitcoin Cash	Free alphanumerical text
D.2	Crypto-assets name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.3	Abbreviation	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.4	Crypto-asset project description	Bitcoin Cash is a digital currency that enables instant payments to anyone. It uses peer-to-peer technology to operate with no central authority: managing transactions and issuing money are carried out collectively by the network. They offer low fees and fast confirmations, making them suitable for everyday purchases. In addition to their function as digital currency, BCH tokens can be used to transfer value across the network in a decentralised manner, without the need for financial intermediaries. Bitcoin Cash is a descendant of Bitcoin. It became a separate currency from the version supported by Bitcoin when the two split on August 1, 2017. Bitcoin Cash and the Bitcoin Core version of Bitcoin share the same transaction history up until the split.	Free alphanumerical text
D.5	Details of all natural or legal persons involved in the implementation of the crypto-asset project	Satoshi Nakamoto Roger Ver Bitcoin Cash Foundation	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format
D.6	Utility Token Classification	false	‘true’ – Yes ‘false’ – No
D.7	Key Features of Goods/Services for Utility Token Projects	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
D.8	Plan for the token	Bitcoin’s blockchain faced significant scalability challenges as it struggled to process a growing volume of transactions. The network’s 1MB block size limit meant that blocks could not accommodate the surge in transaction activity, leading to longer confirmation times and higher transaction fees. As a result, transactions began to accumulate in a queue, waiting to be confirmed. In 2017, the Bitcoin community split over a proposed software upgrade called BIP 91. The split occurred within the developer community over how best to resolve these issues. This disagreement ultimately led to the creation of Bitcoin Cash, which could handle more transactions per second but required more computational power for mining. Bitcoin Cash experienced its own hard fork in November 2018, resulting in a split into two separate cryptocurrencies: Bitcoin Cash ABC and Bitcoin SV. Bitcoin Cash ABC continued as the main successor to Bitcoin Cash, while Bitcoin SV was created as a new cryptocurrency aiming to replicate the original design and principles of Bitcoin prior to any forks or major updates. The issuer does not provide any roadmap or information regarding its token.	Free alphanumerical text
D.9	Resource allocation	The issuer does not provide any information regarding its resource allocation. It does not seem to have a treasury reserve and/or fund. During the fork, Bitcoin holders received one Bitcoin Cash token per Bitcoin token held. Moreover, BCH are also used as rewards	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		payment for miners who validate transactions. Bitcoin Cash Foundation accepts donation.	
D.10	Planned use of collected funds or crypto-assets	The issuer does not provide any information regarding its planned use of collected funds or crypto-assets. However, BCH are also used as rewards payment for miners who validate transactions. Numbers of BCH tokens allocated to miners will diminish progressively through halving events.	Free alphanumerical text
Part E - Information about the offer to the public of crypto-assets or their admission to trading			
E.1	Public offering or admission to trading	ATTR	'OTPC' - offer to the public 'ATTR' - admission to trading
E.2	Reasons for public offer or admission to trading	There is no publicly available information related to the reasons for the admission to trading of the BCH tokens. However, it can be reasonably inferred from publicly available information, that Bitcoin Cash offered its tokens for the following reasons: ● **Continuation after the fork** The Bitcoin Cash token was created as a result of the Bitcoin fork. Therefore, to maintain continuity with the original Bitcoin, it was natural to list BCH for trading. ● **Ecosystem Participation** Members of the community were eager to trade the BCH tokens they received for free as a result of the fork, and they wanted access to trustworthy trading platforms.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		● **Technological and Economic Potential** Bitcoin Cash was positioned as an alternative to Bitcoin, offering lower transaction fees and faster confirmation times.	
E.3	Fundraising target	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.4	Minimum subscription goals	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.5	Maximum subscription goals	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.6	Oversubscription acceptance	false	‘true’- Yes ‘false’ – No
E.7	Oversubscription allocation	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.8	Issue price	0	Amount in monetary value{DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.9	Official currency or any other crypto-assets determining the issue price	Not applicable	{CURRENCYCODE_3} or {DTI}

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.10	Subscription fee	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.11	Offer price determination method	The price is now determined through demand and supply.	Free alphanumerical text
E.12	Total number of offered/traded crypto-assets	21,000,000	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.13	Targeted holders	ALL	'RETL' – retail investors 'PROF' – professional investors 'ALL' – all types of investors
E.14	Holder restrictions	There are currently no formal restrictions on who may hold or trade BCH tokens. However, access may be restricted by exchange platforms or national laws.	Free alphanumerical text
E.15	Reimbursement notice	Purchasers participating in the offer to the public of crypto-asset are able to be reimbursed if the minimum target subscription goal is not reached at the end of the offer to the public, if they exercise the right to withdrawal provided for in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114. Not applicable	Predefined alphanumerical text
E.16	Refund mechanism	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.17	Refund timeline	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.18	Offer phases	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.19	Early purchase discount	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.20	Time-limited offer	false	‘true’- Yes ‘false’ – No
E.21	Subscription period beginning	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.22	Subscription period end	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.23	Safeguarding arrangements for offered funds/crypto- Assets	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.24	Payment methods for crypto-asset purchase	**1. Centralised Exchanges (CEXs)** ● **Credit/Debit Cards:** Certain platforms may allow users to purchase BCH tokens directly with credit or debit cards. ● **Bank Transfers:** Certain exchanges support bank transfers, by linking the bank account to the platform, selecting BCH and confirming the transaction. ● **Third-Party Payment Services:** Certain payment providers are sometimes integrated with exchanges to facilitate purchases through various local payment options. ● **Peer-to-Peer (P2P) Trading:** Certain exchanges offer P2P trading, where users can buy BCH directly from other holders using local payment methods, including bank transfers and digital wallets.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		2. Decentralised Exchanges (DEXs) ● **Cryptocurrency Swaps:** On DEXs, users can swap tokens for BCH tokens. This requires a compatible crypto wallet and familiarity with gas fees and slippage. **3. Fiat On-Ramp Services** ● **Payment Gateways**: Certain services act as fiat on-ramps, enabling purchases of BCH tokens via card payments, bank transfers, and other local payment methods.	
E.25	Value transfer methods for reimbursement	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.26	Right of withdrawal	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.27	Transfer of purchased crypto-assets	**1. Access Wallet or Exchange Account** ● **Centralised exchange:** Log in to your account. ● **Personal wallet:** Open your non-custodial wallet that holds your BCH tokens. **2. Navigate to the 'Withdraw' or 'Send' Section** ● On exchanges, go to the "Withdraw" or "Assets" page. ● On personal wallets, select the BCH token and then tap or click "Send". **3. Enter the Recipient's Wallet Address** ● Copy and paste the correct wallet address of the recipient. ● Double-check that the wallet supports	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		BCH tokens on the correct blockchain. ● Using the wrong chain or incorrect address could result in permanent loss of your tokens. **4. Specify the Amount** ● Input the number of BCH tokens you wish to transfer. ● Some platforms may require a minimum transfer amount. **5. Select the Network (if applicable)** ● If your BCH tokens are available on multiple networks, make sure you select the correct network that matches the recipient's wallet. **6. Review and Confirm the Transfer** ● Check all details: recipient address, network, and amount. ● On centralised platforms, you may need to complete 2FA verification or enter a withdrawal password. **7. Pay the Network Fee** Blockchain transactions require a network fee (gas fee), paid in the native currency of the chosen network. **8. Wait for Confirmation** The transaction will be processed and broadcast to the blockchain.	
E.28	Transfer time schedule	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.29	Purchaser's technical requirements	To participate in the acquisition and management of BCH tokens, purchasers must meet the following technical requirements. **1. Wallet requirements** To begin using BCH, the first step is to connect to an adequate wallet. Before interacting, users should review BCH's contractual and protocol documentation. Once connected, users gain full access to BCH via compatible interfaces. **2. Network Connectivity** A stable internet connection is required to maintain wallet connectivity, submit transactions, and interact with the network without interruption. **3. Access to Supported Exchanges** BCH tokens are listed on several centralised and decentralised exchanges. To trade or provide liquidity, users typically need accounts on these platforms. Some centralised exchanges require KYC/AML verification for deposits, withdrawals, or trading.	Free alphanumerical text
E.30	Crypto-asset service provider (CASP) name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
E.31	CASP identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}

<table>
<tr><th>No</th><th>FIELD</th><th>CONTENT TO BE REPORTED</th><th>FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING</th></tr>
<tr><td>E.32</td><td>Placement form</td><td>NTAV</td><td>‘WITH- with a firm commitment basis ‘WOUT’ - without a firm commitment basis ‘NTAV’ - Not applicable</td></tr>
<tr><td>E.33</td><td>Trading platforms name</td><td>Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd</td><td>Free alphanumerical text</td></tr>
<tr><td>E.34</td><td>Trading platforms
Market identifier code (MIC)</td><td>Not applicable</td><td>{MIC}</td></tr>
<tr><td>E.35</td><td>Trading platforms access</td><td>Investors can access trading platforms where BCH tokens are listed by creating an account on their respective platform, completing the required identity verification (KYC) processes, if applicable, and funding their accounts with supported cryptocurrencies or fiat currencies.

Once registered and funded, investors can search for the BCH token trading pairs and place buy or sell orders directly through the platform’s interface.

Detailed guides and tutorials are generally available on the trading platform to assist investors in navigating and using their services effectively.</td><td>Free alphanumerical text</td></tr>
<tr><td>E.36</td><td>Involved costs</td><td><table>
<tr><th>Platform Type</th><th>Fee Type</th><th>Cost Estimate</th></tr>
<tr><td>Centralised Exchange (CEX)</td><td>Trading Fee</td><td>0.1%–0.2% per trade</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>Withdrawal Fee</td><td>~ $0.05 - $0.50 or platform-specific</td></tr>
<tr><td>Decentralised Exchange (DEX)</td><td>Swap Fee</td><td>~0.3%</td></tr>
</table></td><td>Free alphanumerical text</td></tr>
</table>

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Gas Fee ~ $0.001 - $0.01 depending on network **Fiat On-Ramp** Service/Processing Fee 1.5%–6%	
E.37	Offer expenses	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text and Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3}
E.38	Conflicts of interest	There are no known conflicts of interest.	Free alphanumerical text
E.39	Applicable law	Not publicly available information	Drop-down list of applicable laws
E.40	Competent court	Not publicly available information	Drop-down list of applicable laws
Part F - Information about the crypto-assets			
F.1	Crypto-asset type	Bitcoin Cash is not an asset-referenced token or an electronic money token.	Free alphanumerical text
F.2	Crypto-asset functionality	Bitcoin Cash is a digital currency that enables instant payments to anyone. It uses peer-to-peer technology to operate with no central governance. Bitcoin Cash offers more privacy and anonymity than traditional payment systems. Some merchants offer discount for paying with Bitcoin Cash. They offer low fees and fast confirmations, making them suitable for everyday purchases. For the merchant, there is minimal fee compare to credit card processor and there is a better fraud protection with no cancellations, refunds, chargebacks, or other fees.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
F.3	Planned application of functionalities	See D.8. BCH did not disclose any information regarding its roadmap.	Free alphanumerical text
A description of the characteristics of the crypto-asset, including the data necessary for classification of the crypto-asset white paper in the register referred to in Article 109 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114, as specified in accordance with paragraph 8 of that Article			
F.4	Type of crypto-asset white paper	OTHR	OTHR
F.5	The type of submission	NEWT	NEWT = New MODI = Modify EROR = Error CORR = Correction
F.6	Crypto-asset characteristics	Total of 19,922,834 BCH tokens in circulation	Free alphanumerical text
F.7	Commercial name or trading name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
F.8	Website of the issuer	https://bch.info/en/	Free alphanumerical text
F.9	Starting date of offer to the public or admission to trading	2017-08-01	YYYY-MM-DD
F.10	Publication date	2025-[XX]-[XX]	YYYY-MM-DD
F.11	Any other services provided by the issuer	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
F.12	Language or languages of the crypto-asset white paper	English	Closed list of EU languages
F.13	Digital token identifier code used to uniquely identify the crypto-asset or each of the	919BF3W7L	ISO 24165 Digital Token Identifier

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
	several crypto assets to which the white paper relates, where available		
F.14	Functionally fungible group digital token identifier, where available	J9K583ZGG LXMPJ21BK	ISO 24165 FFG DTI
F.15	Voluntary data flag	false	'true' – voluntary 'false' – mandatory
F.16	Personal data flag	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
F.17	LEI eligibility	false	'true' – eligible 'false' – not eligible
F.18	Home Member State	Republic of Cyprus	Closed list of EU Member States
F.19	Host Member States	Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and Sweden.	Closed list of EU Member States
Part G - Information on the rights and obligations attached to the crypto-assets			
G.1	Purchaser rights and obligations	Decisions regarding protocol updates, forks, or modifications are made through a community consensus process with Cash Improvement Proposal (CHIP).	Free alphanumerical text
G.2	Exercise of rights and obligations	A Cash Improvement Proposal (CHIP) is the public documentation of a shared ecosystem process aimed at achieving a positive change on the Bitcoin Cash (BCH) network. It includes	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		detailed descriptions of the proposal, an analysis of its risks and rewards, relevant technical aspects, and outlines the necessary agreement-building processes for its acceptance. CHIP must include a certain information, such as the motivation and benefits, the technical description, the security considerations, the tests cases.	
G.3	Conditions for modifications of rights and obligations	This information is not publicly disclosed.	Free alphanumerical text
G.4	Future public offers	No	Free alphanumerical text
G.5	Issuer retained crypto-assets	0	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
G.6	Utility token classification	false	‘true’ – Yes ‘false’ – No
G.7	Key features of goods/services of utility tokens	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.8	Utility tokens redemption	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.9	Non-trading request	false	‘true’ – sought ‘false’ – not sought
G.10	Crypto-assets purchase or sale modalities	BCH tokens can be bought and sold through both centralised exchanges (CEXs) and decentralised exchanges (DEXs). Common trading pairs include BCH/USDT and BCH/USD, though availability may vary by platform and region.	Free alphanumerical text
G.11	Crypto-assets transfer restrictions	BCH does not disclose any information	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		regarding BCH's transfer restrictions. However, it can be reasonably inferred that the following restrictions apply: **Geographic Limitations** Some platforms restrict access to residents of certain countries due to local regulations. **Exchange-Imposed Restrictions** When using centralised platforms, transfers of BCH tokens may be restricted or delayed if the user fails to complete required AML/KYC procedures. Transactions from unverified accounts may be limited, blocked, or reversed to ensure compliance with anti-money laundering and counter-terrorism financing (CTF) regulations. **Decentralised Transfers** Transfers conducted via DEXs are generally unrestricted at the protocol level. However, users remain solely responsible for ensuring their actions comply with the legal and regulatory requirements of their jurisdiction.	
G.12	Supply adjustment protocols	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.13	Supply adjustment mechanisms	**Halving Event** Bitcoin Cash operates on a system where new coins are created as rewards for miners who validate transactions and add new blocks to the blockchain. This reward is not fixed ; it is designed to decrease over time through a process called "halving." Bitcoin Cash has a halving event that occurs about every four years approximately. Its block reward is reduced by	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		50% during this event.	
G.14	Token value protection schemes	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.15	Token value protection schemes description	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.16	Compensation schemes	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.17	Compensation schemes description	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.18	Applicable law	Not publicly available information	Drop-down list of applicable laws
G.19	Competent court	Not publicly available information	Free alphanumerical text
Part H – information on the underlying technology			
H.1	Distributed ledger technology (DTL)	Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT) refers to a decentralised digital infrastructure used for recording transactions across multiple locations simultaneously. Unlike traditional, centralised databases, DLT systems operate without a central authority, relying instead on a network of independent nodes, each maintaining a synchronised copy of the ledger. Transactions are validated through consensus mechanisms, promoting transparency, security, and resistance to tampering. One of the most widely adopted forms of DLT is blockchain, which consists of sequentially linked blocks containing timestamped transaction data. Each block is cryptographically connected to the previous one, making it virtually immutable and resistant to retroactive alteration. Blockchains can also	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		support smart contracts, self-executing agreements that automate processes and enforce rules without intermediaries, thereby increasing trust and efficiency in decentralised systems. Blockchain-based DLT enhances transparency, consumer choice, and interoperability within the broader digital economy. Users can inspect open-source blockchain code, independently verify data integrity, and choose platforms that align with their preferences. The permissionless nature of public blockchains promotes seamless integration and innovation across applications, wallets, and services.	
H.2	Protocols and technical standards	Bitcoin Cash is a native cryptocurrency operating on its own independent blockchain, created after the hard fork from Bitcoin on August 1, 2017. Fungibility: Each BCH coin is fungible and interchangeable with another, facilitating seamless transfers and use as electronic cash. Wallet and Exchange Support: BCH is supported by numerous dedicated wallets and major centralised and decentralised exchanges. BCH runs on a standalone blockchain using the UTXO (Unspent Transaction Output) model, enabling peer-to-peer transactions without intermediaries.	Free alphanumerical text
H.3	Technology used	Bitcoin Cash is a standalone cryptocurrency on its own blockchain, designed for fast, low-cost peer-to-peer payments. It uses the UTXO model for secure, transparent transactions without smart contracts or	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		custodians. BCH is widely supported by wallets and exchanges, offers higher transaction capacity than Bitcoin through larger blocks, and relies on Proof-of-Work for security.	
H.4	Consensus mechanism	BCH uses a Proof-of-Work consensus algorithm, which secures the network and controls new coin issuance. A specific hashing function, known as SHA-256, is used within its framework.	Free alphanumerical text
H.5	Incentive mechanisms and applicable fees	**Mining Rewards** By keeping the network secure and protected from any potential high-scale attacks, miners can earn rewards in the form of BCH tokens. Transaction fees also incentivise miners; average fees increased notably during peak times. This economic factor also influences the ordering of transactions within a block, where miners prioritise higher fees.	Free alphanumerical text
H.6	Use of distributed ledger technology	true	‘true’ – Yes, DLT operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer’s behalf ‘false’ – No, DLT not operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer’s behalf
H.7	DLT functionality description	DLT is a digital system for recording transactions in which the transactions and their details are recorded in multiple places at the same time. Unlike traditional databases, distributed ledgers have no central data store or administration functionality. Instead, the ledger is decentralised, and consensus on the	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		transactions is achieved through a process that involves multiple nodes, each maintaining its own copy of the ledger. The benefits of DLT include increased transparency, enhanced security, improved traceability, and greater efficiency of transactions.	
H.8	Audit	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
H.9	Audit outcome	To date, there is no publicly confirmed information regarding a global centralised audit for the BCH token. However, since BCH is open source, code reviews and security audits are conducted by the community.	Free alphanumerical text
Part I – Information on risks			
I.1	Offer-related risks	BCH did not explicitly disclose any offer-related risks. However, several potential risks emerged: **Volatility** The price of BCH tokens can be highly volatile, subject to significant fluctuations driven by shifts in market sentiment, broader economic conditions, or new developments related to the token itself. **Liquidity** Liquidity for BCH tokens may differ across centralised exchanges (CEXs) and decentralised exchanges (DEXs). In periods of heightened market volatility or stress, liquidity may decrease, potentially restricting users' ability to buy or sell BCH tokens at desired prices.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Regulatory Ongoing changes in global regulations regarding crypto-assets and blockchain technologies may impact the trading, utility, or listing status of the BCH token in various jurisdictions.	
I.2	Issuer-related risks	Bitcoin Cash did not provide disclosure of any issuer-related risks. Nevertheless, the following risks have arisen: **Reputation** The growth and overall perception of BCH in the market are significantly influenced by its reputation. Its reputation is closely tied with the reputation of the Bitcoin token (BTC). **Regulatory Exposure** BCH operates within a dynamic and evolving regulatory landscape. Changes in regulations, new legal requirements, or enforcement actions related to crypto-assets and decentralised technologies could affect the token's accessibility, its ability to be listed on exchanges, and its legal standing in different jurisdictions. Such developments may limit the token's adoption and use. **Forks** Disagreements within the community already led to two forks. If more disagreements continue, this may lead to market fluctuations, technical weaknesses, and divisions within the community and development teams. It further hurt the reputation of the token that can be perceived as unstable. **Absence of KYC** The absence of mandatory KYC for Bitcoin	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Cash transactions heightens the risk of illegal activities like money laundering, terrorist financing, and fraud. This also makes compliance with AML regulations harder, hindering institutional adoption and creating legal uncertainties.	
I.3	Crypto-assets-related risks	Bitcoin Cash did not disclose any risks specifically related to crypto-assets. However, the general risks associated with crypto assets are the following: **Speculative Nature** The value of BCH tokens is highly speculative and can experience considerable price volatility. Various factors (user adoption, market demand, liquidity, economic crisis, regulatory changes) can contribute to swift and significant changes in the token's price. **Security** Token holders are fully responsible for securing their private keys, wallet passwords, and recovery phrases. Loss or compromise of these keys can result in permanent loss of access to their tokens. **Risky Investment** There is a risk that users may lose some or all of tokens because of market volatility, security breaches, or loss of private keys. Digital asset investments can result in partial or total financial loss.	Free alphanumerical text
I.4	Project implementation-related risks	Bitcoin Cash did not disclose any risks specifically related to project implementation. However, the following risks have been identified:	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Technical Limitations The development and deployment of BCH's platform features may encounter technical challenges, security vulnerabilities, or delays. Limited development resources or unforeseen complexities could impact the timely delivery and reliability of these functionalities. **Regulatory Developments** Increasing regulatory scrutiny on blockchain projects platforms may lead to new compliance obligations or restrictions affecting BCH. Such developments could constrain token usage, governance participation, or limit access on certain exchanges or jurisdictions. **Third-Party Reliance** BCH depends on various third-party technologies and services, including blockchain infrastructure providers, cross-chain bridges. **Competition** As a highly competitive field, the project may encounter significant competition. Bitcoin Cash may have failed to gather the attention and involvement from the cryptocurrency community. This is likely because Bitcoin has the first-mover advantage.	
I.5	Technology-related risks	Despite BCH not disclosing any technology-related risks, the following risks can be identified: **Access** Users might not always be able to access their digital assets right away because of issues like network congestion, exchange limits, or	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		technical problems. **Security Risks** BCH tokens, like all digital assets, are exposed to cybersecurity threats such as hacking and phishing. Communication on social networks, although instantaneous, creates an additional risk of fraud.	
I.6	Mitigation measures	Bitcoin Cash has not disclosed any specific information regarding its mitigation measures. Based on publicly available information, the following measures are in place: **Decentralised Governance** Decisions regarding protocol updates, forks, or modifications are made through a community consensus process with Cash Improvement Proposal (CHIP). Decentralised governance means that issues can be quickly adjusted. **Exchange Availability** BCH is listed on leading exchanges enhancing access and liquidity.	Free alphanumerical text
Part J – Information on the sustainability indicators in relation to adverse impact on the climate and other environment-related adverse impacts			
J.1	Adverse impacts on climate and other environment- related adverse impacts	BCH did not publicly disclose its environmental impact metrics, carbon offset strategies, or sustainability roadmap.	Free alphanumerical text