

This white paper has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Commission Implementing Regulation 2024/2984 of 29 November 2024 implementing technical standards for the application of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to forms, formats and templates for the crypto-asset White Paper

Basenji (BENJI) Token White Paper

This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.

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01	Date of notification	2025–[XX]–[XX]	YYYY-MM-DD
02	Statement in accordance with Article 6(3) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Regarding offerors: This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.	Predefined alphanumerical text
03	Compliance statement in accordance with Article 6(6) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	This crypto-asset white paper complies with Title II of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council and, to the best of the knowledge of the management body, the information presented in the crypto-asset white paper is fair, clear and not misleading and the crypto-asset white paper makes no omission likely to affect its import.	Predefined alphanumerical text
04	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (a), (b), (c), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this crypto-asset white paper may lose its value in part or in full, may not always be transferable and may not be liquid.	Predefined alphanumerical text

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05	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), point (d), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	true The utility token referred to in this white paper may not be exchangeable against the good or service promised in this white paper, especially in the case of a failure or discontinuation of the crypto-asset project.	'true' – Yes 'false' – Not applicable If Yes, Predefined alphanumerical text
06	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (e) and (f), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper is not covered by the investor compensation schemes under Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council or the deposit guarantee schemes under Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.	Predefined alphanumerical text
SUMMARY			

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07	Warning in accordance with Article 6(7), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Warning This summary should be read as an introduction to the crypto-asset white paper. The prospective holder should base any decision to purchase this crypto-asset on the content of the crypto- asset white paper as a whole and not on the summary alone. The offer to the public of this crypto-asset does not constitute an offer or solicitation to purchase financial instruments and any such offer or solicitation can be made only by means of a prospectus or other offer documents pursuant to the applicable national law. This crypto-asset white paper does not constitute a prospectus as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council or any other offer document pursuant to Union or national law.	Predefined alphanumerical text
08	Characteristics of the crypto-asset	The Basenji (“Benji”) token is a utility token as defined by Article 3(1)(9) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 2023 on markets in crypto-assets (“MiCA”). Basenji (BENJI) is a community-driven meme coin operating on the Base blockchain (an Ethereum L2 blockchain), designed to combine meme culture with decentralised finance functionality. Centered on the Basenji dog breed, the oldest in history, the coin is designed to be the ultimate token and utility platform for Base Chain, reflecting the characteristics of its namesake of reliability, intelligence and longevity.	Free alphanumerical text

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09		Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
10	Key information about the offer to the public or admission to trading	https://coinmarketcap.com/currencies/basenijibase/ BENJI was launched on the Base blockchain on 2024-03-30. As of 2025-04-03, BENJI has a circulating supply of approximately 1.64 billion BENJI tokens, this results in a market capitalisation of approximately \$108,436.34. The total supply of BENJI is fixed at 2,060,000,000 tokens. Liquidity was burnt soon after trading as part of the coin's commitment to a decentralised structure.	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part A - Information about the offeror or the person seeking admission to trading</i>			
A.1	Name	The entity behind BENJI is not formally structured as a corporate issuer: there is no official company, foundation, or incorporated entity listed as the issuer or manager.	Free alphanumerical text
A.2	Legal form	Not applicable.	ISO standard 20275 'Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)'
A.3	Registered address	Not applicable.	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text

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A.4	Head office	Not applicable.	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.5	Registration date	Not applicable.	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
A.6	Legal entity identifier	Not applicable.	{LEI}
A.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Not applicable.	Free text
A.8	Contact telephone number	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
A.9	E-mail address	team@basenjibase.com	Free alphanumerical text
A.10	Response time (Days)	Not publicly available information	{DURATION}
A.11	Parent company	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
A.12	Members of the management body	BENJI does not have a formal management body. Decisions and developments are driven by its decentralised community of holders and contributors.	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format
A.13	Business activity	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
A.14	Parent company business activity	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
A.15	Newly established	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
A.16	Financial condition for the past three years	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
A.17	Financial condition since registration	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part B - Information about the issuer, if different from the offeror or person seeking admission to trading</i>			
Not applicable			
<i>Part C- Information about the operator of the trading platform in cases where it draws up the crypto-asset white paper and information about other persons drawing the crypto-asset white paper pursuant to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114</i>			

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
C.1	Name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
C.2	Legal form	Legal entity	ISO standard 20275 'Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)'
C.3	Registered address	Pikioni, 10 Flat/Office 5, 3075, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
C.4	Head office	Pikioni, 10 Flat/Office 5, 3075, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
C.5	Registration date	2022-08-09	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
C.6	Legal entity identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}
C.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Company registration number: HE430310	Free text
C.8	Parent company	Revolut Group Holdings Ltd	Free alphanumerical text

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C.9	Reason for crypto-asset white paper Preparation	This crypto-asset white paper has been drawn up in accordance with the requirements of Article 4, Article 6 and Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114.	Free alphanumerical text
C.10	Members of the Management body	Mr Costas Michael (CEO) Mr Christos Drakos (CFO) Mr Ioannis Ashiotis (NED) Mr Konstantinos Adamos (NED)	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format
C.11	Operator business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a financial technology company registered as a crypto-assets services provider by the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd provides crypto-asset services across the European Union, including buying, selling, and exchange of crypto-assets. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd has applied to the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission for a crypto-asset services provider (CASP) authorisation under Regulation (EU) 2023/1114. The authorisation is expected to cover the following crypto-asset services: • exchange of crypto-assets for funds • exchange of crypto-assets for crypto-assets • operation of a Trading Platform • custody and administration of crypto-assets • transfer of crypto-assets	Free alphanumerical text
C.12	Parent company business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Revolut Group Holdings Ltd, a private company limited by shares registered in England and Wales (company number:	Free alphanumerical text

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C.13	Other persons drawing up the crypto-asset white paper according to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
C.14	Reason for drawing the white paper by persons referred to in Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part D- Information about the crypto-asset project</i>			
D.1	Crypto-asset project name	Basenji (BENJI)	Free alphanumerical text
D.2	Crypto-assets name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.3	Abbreviation	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.4	Crypto-asset project description	Summary Basenji (BENJI) is a community-driven meme coin operating on the Base blockchain (an Ethereum L2 blockchain), designed to combine meme culture with decentralised finance functionality. Centred on the Basenji dog breed, the oldest in history, the coin is designed to be the ultimate token and utility platform for Base Chain, reflecting the characteristics of its namesake of reliability,	Free alphanumerical text

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		intelligence and longevity. Tokenomics BENJI was launched on the Base blockchain on 2024-03-30. As of 2025-04-03, BENJI has a circulating supply of approximately 1.64 billion BENJI tokens, this results in a market capitalisation of approximately \$108,436.34. The total supply of BENJI is fixed at 2,060,000,000 tokens. Liquidity was burnt soon after trading as part of the coin's commitment to a decentralised structure Roadmap BENJI does not have a formal, published roadmap. Its development and future initiatives are determined organically by the community. However, past events indicate active efforts to expand the project's ecosystem and accessibility: • Community: BENJI has launched initiatives such as its Tamagotchi game and the offer of branded merchandise. • Exchange Listings: BENJI has been listed on several centralised exchanges since 2024-04-29. • Credibility: BENJI passed a CERTIK audit and made amendments in-line with some of their findings. • Partnerships: The project has an increasing number of partners. These include those to develop the coin - such as a partnership with Slingshot in November 2024, aiming to facilitate seamless purchases of BENJI using certain payment methods and community initiatives, such as a partnership with the Basenji Shiba Charity who receive the	

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		proceeds of their merchandise sales.	
D.5	Details of all natural or legal persons involved in the implementation of the crypto-asset project	BENJI is a decentralised, community-run meme coin with no publicly available information about the natural or legal persons involved. The contract ownership has also been renounced.	Free alphanumeric text presented in a tabular format
D.6	Utility Token Classification	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
D.7	Key Features of Goods/Services for Utility Token Projects	BENJI is used for peer-to-peer transactions, liquidity provision, and trading activities on the Base network. The token provides a simple utility focused on enabling holders to participate in the emerging Base ecosystem while embracing meme culture as a core element of its branding and community identity. In addition to its transactional functionality, BENJI plays a role in incentivising community-driven initiatives, partnerships, and promotional activities. Community events, marketing campaigns, and social media engagement form an informal part of BENJI's utility, as is common with meme coins.	Free alphanumeric text
D.8	Plans for the token	BENJI does not publicly outline specific future plans. However, the project is continuing to develop organically with community involvement. This may include increased exchange listings and community-driven features and events.	Free alphanumeric text
D.9	Resource allocation	Offering initially made 2024-03-30. As of 2025-04-03, BENJI has a circulating supply of approximately 1.64 billion BENJI tokens, this results in a market capitalisation of approximately \$108,436.34. The total supply of BENJI is fixed at 2,060,000,000 tokens. Liquidity was burnt soon	Free alphanumeric text

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		after trading as part of the coin's commitment to a decentralised structure	
D.10	Planned use of collected funds or crypto-assets	For BENJI, 100% of the LP was burnt upon early stages of launch and therefore, no one has control over the LP and the LP cannot be pulled. The only token amount left in the creator address is roughly 1.9% as of 2024-11-04; this is set aside for centralised exchange listing and marketing.	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part E - Information about the offer to the public of crypto-assets or their admission to trading</i>			
E.1	Public offering or admission to trading	ATTR	'OTPC' - offer to the public 'ATTR' - admission to trading
E.2	Reasons for public offer or admission to trading	The admission of BENJI to trading was to enable community access, liquidity provision, and participation in the Base ecosystem. BENJI was introduced without a formal public offering, functioning instead as a freely tradable token, primarily on Base. The token's listing was intended to facilitate open market trading, allowing users to buy, sell, and engage with the token in alignment with meme coin culture and decentralised finance practices. Its admission to trading was not driven by capital-raising objectives but rather to encourage community engagement and organic growth within the emerging Base Layer 2 ecosystem.	Free alphanumerical text
E.3	Fundraising target	BENJI does not have a formal fundraising target as it is a decentralised community-driven project.	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.4	Minimum subscription goals	Not applicable.	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.5	Maximum subscription goals	Not applicable.	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.6	Oversubscription acceptance	false	'true' - Yes 'false' – No
E.7	Oversubscription allocation	Not applicable.	Free alphanumeric text
E.8	Issue price	Not applicable.	Amount in monetary value{DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.9	Official currency or any other crypto-assets determining the issue price	No official currently directly determined the issue price, however the issue price of BENJI was determined based on market-driven liquidity at launch. It was primarily paired against Ethereum (ETH) and USD Coin (USDC) on decentralised exchanges.	{CURRENCYCODE_3} or {DTI}
E.10	Subscription fee	Not applicable.	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.11	Offer price determination method	Liquidity provision and automated market maker mechanics on platforms compatible with the Base network (Layer 2 on Ethereum).	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.12	Total number of offered/traded crypto-assets	1,642,974,778 of the total fixed number of 2,060,000,000 in circulation as of 2025-04-03.	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.13	Targeted holders	ALL	‘RETL’ – retail investors ‘PROF’ – professional investors ‘ALL’ – all types of investors
E.14	Holder restrictions	There are currently no formal restrictions on who may hold or trade BENJI tokens enforced by the BENJI token contract or community. However, access may be restricted by exchange platforms or national laws. BENJI previously had the ability to blacklist users, but lost this ability after renouncing ownership following the Certik audit.	Free alphanumerical text
E.15	Reimbursement notice	Purchasers participating in the offer to the public of crypto-asset will be able to be reimbursed if the minimum target subscription goal is not reached at the end of the offer to the public, if they exercise the right to withdrawal provided for in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114.	Predefined alphanumerical text
E.16	Refund mechanism	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.17	Refund timeline	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.18	Offer phases	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.19	Early purchase discount	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.20	Time-limited offer	false	'true'- Yes 'false' – No
E.21	Subscription period beginning	Not applicable.	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.22	Subscription period end	Not applicable.	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.23	Safeguarding arrangements for offered funds/crypto- Assets	BENJI operates as a decentralised and community-led project and, as such, does not employ centralised custodians or traditional safeguarding arrangements typically associated with regulated financial products. The safeguarding of BENJI tokens relies primarily on the inherent security features of the blockchain and standard decentralised finance practices. Where BENJI is traded on decentralised or centralised exchanges, additional safeguarding is provided by platform-specific measures such as two-factor authentication, AML/KYC compliance, and account security procedures applied by the respective exchange operators. The BENJI smart contract has also been renounced, removing unilateral control by the creators and reinforcing the decentralised nature of the token. The smart contract operates transparently and is open to public verification.	Free alphanumerical text

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E.24	Payment methods for crypto-asset purchase	BENJI can be purchased using the following payment methods, depending on the exchange platform where the token is listed: 1. Cryptocurrency-to-Cryptocurrency The primary method for purchasing BENJI is through cryptocurrency-to-cryptocurrency (crypto-to-crypto) trades on decentralised exchanges. Purchases can be made on decentralised exchanges . Users typically swap assets such as ETH (Base) or USDC (Base) to acquire BENJI. 2. Stablecoins Decentralised exchanges often support trading pairs between BENJI and stablecoins such as USDC and USDT. Stablecoins, being generally pegged to fiat currencies, provide a less volatile option for acquiring BENJI compared to highly volatile cryptocurrencies. 3. Fiat-to-Crypto Purchases (via Centralised Exchanges) BENJI is also available on certain centralised exchanges. Users can purchase widely accepted cryptocurrencies such as USDT or ETH directly using fiat currencies (e.g., EUR, USD, GBP) through these platforms. Subsequently, these assets can be used to acquire BENJI directly on the CEX or via decentralised exchanges.. 4. Peer-to-Peer While less common, it is technically possible to acquire BENJI via peer-to-peer transactions by directly arranging transfers with other holders. This is facilitated by the permissionless and open nature of the Base Network, enabling wallet-to-wallet transfers without intermediary platforms.	Free alphanumerical text

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E.25	Value transfer methods for reimbursement	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.26	Right of withdrawal	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
E.27	Transfer of purchased crypto-assets	BENJI tokens are fully transferable upon purchase. Transfers may be executed peer-to-peer or via decentralised and centralised exchanges that support BENJI. The token is deployed on the Base Network (Layer 2 Ethereum) and may be sent to any compatible wallet supporting Base assets. There are no present issuer-imposed restrictions on transferability that have been disclosed.	Free alphanumerical text
E.28	Transfer time schedule	Not applicable.	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.29	Purchaser's technical requirements	To acquire, hold, and transfer BENJI tokens, purchasers are required to use a self-custodial cryptocurrency wallet compatible with the Base Network, Ethereum Layer 2 wallets supporting Base assets. The wallet must be properly configured to connect to the Base Network, either by manually adding the relevant RPC settings or using automatic network management functions available within supported wallets. Purchasers must possess a sufficient balance of cryptocurrencies to complete transactions and cover any associated network fees, commonly referred to as gas fees. In cases where purchasers acquire BENJI through a centralised exchange they will be required to maintain an active exchange account and comply with any KYC requirements imposed by the exchange.	Free alphanumerical text

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		A stable internet connection is also necessary to ensure reliable access to decentralised applications, exchanges, and wallet services for the purchase, storage, and transfer of BENJI tokens.	
E.30	Crypto-asset service provider (CASP) name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd.	Free alphanumerical text
E.31	CASP identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}
E.32	Placement form	WOUT	'WITH- with a firm commitment basis 'WOUT' - without a firm commitment basis 'NTAV' - Not applicable
E.33	Trading platforms name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd.	Free alphanumerical text
E.34	Trading platforms Market identifier code (MIC)	Not applicable	{MIC}
E.35	Trading platforms access	CEXs 1. Account Creation Access the official website. Select "Sign Up" and complete the registration process by providing an email address, password, and other required information. Confirm your account through the verification email.	Free alphanumerical text

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		2. Identity Verification (KYC) After account creation, complete the identity verification (KYC) process within the platform. This requires submitting valid identification documents such as a passport, national ID card, or driver's licence. Verification is mandatory to enable fiat deposits, withdrawals, and unrestricted trading activity. 3. Fund Deposit Navigate to the "Wallet" section and select "Deposit". Deposit funds via supported methods, which may include cryptocurrency deposits or, where available, fiat deposit options provided by the GEX. 4. BENJI Token Purchase Access the "Trade" section and search for the available BENJI trading pair (e.g., BENJI/USDT). Enter the desired purchase amount and complete the transaction by placing a market order or a limit order according to personal preference. DEXs 1. Wallet Setup Install a self-custodial cryptocurrency wallet compatible with the DEX, or another Ethereum-compatible wallet. Configure the wallet to connect by adding the appropriate network details, or use wallets with automatic integration. 2. Fund the Wallet Deposit sufficient cryptocurrency, into the wallet. Funds may be bridged to the DEX using recognised bridging services if originally held on other networks.	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING													
		3. Access Navigate to the official decentralised exchange and select the network within the application. Connect the configured wallet. 4. Locate the BENJI Token In the interface, search for <i>BENJI</i> by either selecting it from the token list or by inputting the official token contract address provided by the issuer or verified sources. 5. Execute the Swap Enter the desired amount of <i>BENJI</i> to purchase, selecting a supported token as the payment asset. Review the transaction details and confirm the swap. 6. Transaction Confirmation Confirm the transaction in the connected wallet and pay the associated gas fee. Upon successful execution, <i>BENJI</i> tokens will be deposited directly into the wallet.														
E.36	Involved costs	<table><tr><th>Platform Type</th><th>Fee Type</th><th>Cost Estimate</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Centralised Exchange (CEX)</td><td>Trading Fee</td><td>0.1%–0.4% per trade</td></tr><tr><td>Withdrawal Fee</td><td>Exchange dependent</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Decentralised Exchange (DEX)</td><td>Swap Fee</td><td>Typically 0.30% of the transaction amount</td></tr><tr><td>Gas Fee</td><td>Variable, typically between \$0.20 – \$5 USD depending on congestion. Fees are paid in ETH.</td></tr></table>	Platform Type	Fee Type	Cost Estimate	Centralised Exchange (CEX)	Trading Fee	0.1%–0.4% per trade	Withdrawal Fee	Exchange dependent	Decentralised Exchange (DEX)	Swap Fee	Typically 0.30% of the transaction amount	Gas Fee	Variable, typically between \$0.20 – \$5 USD depending on congestion. Fees are paid in ETH.	Free alphanumerical text
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No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.37	Offer expenses	BENJI has not publicised formal offer expenses, as there was no structured offering or public sale.	Free alphanumerical text and Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3}
E.38	Conflicts of interest	No known conflicts of interest.	Free alphanumerical text
E.39	Applicable law	Unknown / not applicable	Drop-down list of applicable laws
E.40	Competent court	Unknown / not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part F - Information about the crypto-assets</i>			
F.1	Crypto-asset type	Utility token	Free alphanumerical text
F.2	Crypto-asset functionality	See D.8	Free alphanumerical text
F.3	Planned application of functionalities	See D.8. Timelines subject to change and development times.	Free alphanumerical text
<i>A description of the characteristics of the crypto-asset, including the data necessary for classification of the crypto-asset white paper in the register referred to in Article 109 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114, as specified in accordance with paragraph 8 of that Article</i>			
F.4	Type of crypto-asset white paper	OTHR	OTHR
F.5	The type of submission	NEWT	NEWT = New MODI = Modify EROR = Error CORR

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
			= Correction
F.6	Crypto-asset characteristics	Base As of 2025-04-03, BENJI has a circulating supply of approximately 1.64 billion BENJI tokens, this results in a market capitalisation of approximately \$108,436.34. The total supply of BENJI is fixed at 2,060,000,000 tokens. Liquidity was burnt soon after trading as part of the coin's commitment to a decentralised structure	Free alphanumerical text
F.7	Commercial name or trading name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
F.8	Website of the issuer	https://www.basenjibase.com/	Free alphanumerical text
F.9	Starting date of offer to the public or admission to trading	2024-03-30	YYYY-MM-DD
F.10	Publication date	2025-[XX]-[XX]	YYYY-MM-DD
F.11	Any other services provided by the issuer	None	Free alphanumerical text
F.12	Language or languages of the crypto-asset white paper	English	Closed list of EU languages

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
F.13	Digital token identifier code used to uniquely identify the crypto-asset or each of the several crypto assets to which the white paper relates, where available	30193	ISO 24165 Digital Token Identifier
F.14	Functionally fungible group digital token identifier, where available	Not applicable.	ISO 24165 FFG DTI
F.15	Voluntary data flag	false	'true' – voluntary 'false' – mandatory
F.16	Personal data flag	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
F.17	LEI eligibility	false	'true' – eligible 'false' – not eligible
F.18	Home Member State	Republic of Cyprus	Closed list of EU Member States
F.19	Host Member States	Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and Sweden.	Closed list of EU Member States
<i>Part G - Information on the rights and obligations attached to the crypto-assets</i>			
G.1	Purchaser rights and obligations	Purchasers of the BENJI token do not acquire any governance rights or enforceable obligations.	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
G.2	Exercise of rights and obligations	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
G.3	Conditions for modifications of rights and obligations	This is a community-based crypto, so would be determined by community consensus.	Free alphanumerical text
G.4	Future public offers	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
G.5	Issuer retained crypto-assets	Not applicable.	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
G.6	Utility token classification	True	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.7	Key features of goods/services of utility tokens	See D.7.	Free alphanumerical text
G.8	Utility tokens redemption	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
G.9	Non-trading request	false	'true' – sought 'false' – not sought
G.10	Crypto-assets purchase or sale modalities	BENJI can be purchased and sold via both CEXs as well as decentralised exchanges (DEXs) . Common trading pairs include BENJI/USDT, BENJI/ETH (Base), and BENJI/USDC (Base). BENJI is integrated into the Base Network, an Ethereum Layer 2 ecosystem, and its liquidity is primarily concentrated on decentralised platforms compatible with Base, supporting peer-to-peer swaps, decentralised finance (DeFi) participation, and permissionless trading. Centralised exchange	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		listings extend accessibility to users preferring traditional order-book platforms.	
G.11	Crypto-assets transfer restrictions	There are no transfer restrictions at the token level. BENJI is fully transferable on the Base blockchain, and holders can send or receive it freely between compatible wallets. However, the token may be subject to certain transfer restrictions imposed by exchange platforms to comply with legal, regulatory, and operational requirements. These restrictions are primarily intended to ensure compliance with Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 and other applicable jurisdictional laws. BENJI tokens cannot be transferred or sold to individuals or entities located in prohibited jurisdictions. This includes jurisdictions subject to sanctions or where the transfer or trading of crypto-assets is restricted under applicable laws and regulations. Transfers of BENJI tokens may also be restricted when conducted through centralised exchanges if the purchaser's identity cannot be verified under the exchange's AML and KYC requirements. Transactions involving unverified users may be limited, blocked, or reversed to comply with anti-money laundering and counter-terrorism financing regulations. It should be noted that DEXs supporting BENJI generally allow unrestricted peer-to-peer transfers. However, users are individually responsible for ensuring compliance with applicable laws when using decentralised platforms.	Free alphanumeric text
G.12	Supply adjustment protocols	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
G.13	Supply adjustment mechanisms	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
G.14	Token value protection schemes	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.15	Token value protection schemes description	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
G.16	Compensation schemes	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.17	Compensation schemes description	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
G.18	Applicable law	Not applicable / undetermined	Drop-down list of applicable laws
G.19	Competent court	Not applicable / undetermined	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part H – information on the underlying technology</i>			
H.1	Distributed ledger technology (DTL)	Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT) refers to a decentralised digital infrastructure for recording transactions across multiple locations simultaneously. Unlike traditional, centralised databases, DLT systems operate without a central authority, relying instead on a network of independent nodes that each maintain a synchronised copy of the ledger. Transactions are confirmed through consensus mechanisms, which promote transparency, security, and resistance to tampering. One of the most prominent forms of DLT is the blockchain, a ledger structure built from	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		sequentially linked blocks containing timestamped transaction data. Each block is cryptographically connected to the previous one, making it virtually immutable and highly resistant to retroactive alteration. Blockchains can also support smart contracts, which are self-executing code structures used to automate and enforce rules or agreements without intermediaries. This streamlines processes and adds an additional layer of trust to decentralised systems. In the broader digital economy, blockchain-based DLT offers enhanced transparency, consumer choice, and interoperability. Users can inspect open-source blockchain code, independently verify data integrity, and choose platforms that align with their personal or technical preferences. The permissionless nature of most public blockchains also promotes seamless integration and innovation across applications, wallets, and services. BENJI uses DLT on the Base blockchain.	
H.2	Protocols and technical standards	Primary Network: Base Blockchain DLT Type: Blockchain Consensus Mechanism: Proof of Stake (PoS) Token Standard: ERC-20	Free alphanumeric text
H.3	Technology used	As set out above, BENJI uses Base (Primary Network).	Free alphanumeric text
H.4	Consensus mechanism	BENJI operates on the Base Network, an Ethereum Layer 2 blockchain that relies on the Proof-of-Stake (PoS) consensus mechanism of the Ethereum mainnet. Under this system, transaction finality and block validation are secured by Ethereum validators who stake ETH to participate in the consensus	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		process and maintain the integrity of the network. The Base Network leverages optimistic rollup technology to bundle and execute transactions off-chain before submitting compressed proofs to the Ethereum mainnet for final settlement. This approach allows for high transaction throughput and reduced transaction costs while benefiting from the security guarantees provided by Ethereum's PoS consensus layer. Unlike alternative networks that incorporate additional consensus components (e.g., Proof of History on Solana), Base relies solely on Ethereum's PoS system, which ensures secure, decentralised, and energy-efficient validation of transactions and smart contract interactions.	
H.5	Incentive mechanisms and applicable fees	BENJI does not implement formal incentive mechanisms such as staking rewards, yield farming, or automated redistribution protocols. Any future incentive programmes, if introduced, would likely be determined through community consensus. BENJI itself imposes no built-in transfer fees or taxes, meaning there are no embedded mechanisms for burning, redistributing, or applying developer fees on token transfers. However, external transfer fees as outlined in E.36 above may apply.	Free alphanumerical text
H.6	Use of distributed ledger technology	false	'true' – Yes, DLT operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer's behalf 'false' – No, DLT not operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer's behalf

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
H.7	DLT functionality description	BENJI utilises the Base Network as its DLT, operating as a public, decentralised, and permissionless blockchain infrastructure for recording and verifying transactions. As an ERC-20 token, BENJI is executed through smart contracts deployed on the Base Network, allowing users to transfer tokens, trade on decentralised exchanges and interact with decentralised applications within the Base and broader Ethereum ecosystem. Transactions are secured and validated through Ethereum's Proof-of-Stake (PoS) consensus mechanism, which underpins the Base Network's rollup settlement model. This system ensures security, efficiency, and data integrity while benefiting from Ethereum's robust validator set and decentralisation. BENJI holders maintain full control over their assets through non-custodial wallets compatible with the Base Network, with all transactions being transparent, verifiable via blockchain explorers (such as Basescan), and permanently recorded on the blockchain.	Free alphanumerical text
H.8	Audit	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
H.9	Audit outcome	Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
Part I – Information on risks			
I.1	Offer-related risks	Offer-related risks for BENJI include the absence of a formalised token offering structure. BENJI has been distributed primarily through community-focused mechanisms, including decentralised trading platforms and grassroots	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		promotional efforts, without the issuance of a prospectus, minimum subscription thresholds, or regulatory investor safeguards. This informal distribution process limits the level of transparency and due diligence typically associated with traditional financial offerings. Holders of BENJI are exposed to significant market-related risks, including high price volatility, limited liquidity, and constrained secondary market depth. These factors may adversely affect the ability to acquire or dispose of BENJI tokens in a timely or cost-efficient manner. Furthermore, as a meme-inspired, community-driven token, BENJI does not benefit from centralised governance, formalised project milestones, or guaranteed ongoing development. This lack of institutional oversight and long-term strategic planning introduces heightened uncertainty for prospective purchasers regarding the token's future utility, adoption, and market value.	
I.2	Issuer-related risks	Issuer-related risks for BENJI arise from the absence of a formal issuer, incorporated legal entity, or identifiable management body overseeing the project. The BENJI token is developed and maintained by a decentralised and pseudonymous community without established governance structures, regulatory oversight, or binding fiduciary obligations. This decentralised nature results in limited transparency regarding the financial position, strategic direction, or operational intentions of those involved in the project. No formal financial disclosures or audited statements are available to token holders, and there are no guarantees of sustained engagement by developers or contributors. As such, future development,	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		marketing efforts, and broader ecosystem support are inherently uncertain and may rely on informal, voluntary participation. These activities could be delayed, deprioritised, or discontinued at any time without advance notice or recourse for token holders.	
I.3	Crypto-assets-related risks	Crypto-assets-related risks for BENJI include pronounced price volatility, often influenced by speculative trading, social media trends, and shifts in community sentiment—characteristics commonly associated with meme-themed tokens. BENJI's market performance may not reflect any underlying fundamentals, increasing the risk of rapid and unpredictable price movements. As an ERC-20 token on the Ethereum blockchain, BENJI is subject to blockchain-specific risks including potential network congestion, high gas fees, protocol upgrades, and smart contract vulnerabilities. Any issues with the Ethereum network—such as outages, transaction delays, or forks—may directly impact the functionality and transferability of the BENJI token. The BENJI token contract has been renounced and is immutable, meaning that it cannot be altered, upgraded, or recovered in the event of critical bugs or security flaws. This limitation reduces the capacity for reactive risk mitigation or future-proofing of the token's infrastructure. Furthermore, the proliferation of similarly named or copycat tokens on other networks presents a risk of user confusion or accidental interaction with unauthorised or malicious assets, potentially leading to financial loss – for example, there appears to be another Basenji token (BSJI) on Ethereum.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
I.4	Project implementation-related risks	Project implementation-related risks for BENJI include the absence of a formal roadmap or guaranteed development of additional utilities, products, or ecosystem features. As a community-driven token, future enhancements, integrations, or adoption depend entirely on voluntary contributions without binding commitments. The decentralised and informal structure means that delays, incomplete implementations, or abandonment of proposed initiatives could occur without recourse for token holders. Additionally, the reliance on community coordination increases the risk of inconsistent or fragmented project development.	Free alphanumerical text
I.5	Technology-related risks	BENJI, as an ERC-20 token on the Base blockchain, is subject to technology-related risks including potential smart contract vulnerabilities, reliance on third-party infrastructure, and network disruptions. Any flaws in the token contract or the Base network—such as bugs, downtime, or exploits—could impact the functionality, transferability, or security of BENJI. As the contract is immutable and renounced, it cannot be upgraded or modified in response to future technical issues.	Free alphanumerical text
I.6	Mitigation measures	Due to its decentralised and community-driven nature, BENJI does not implement formalised, institutional risk mitigation frameworks. However, several indirect mitigation measures may apply, such as its availability on multiple centralised and decentralised exchanges which enhances liquidity options and reduces dependence on any single trading platform, the benefits of open-source and community-driven development, and the use of the Base	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		blockchain.	
Part J – Information on the sustainability indicators in relation to adverse impact on the climate and other environment-related adverse impacts			
J.1	Adverse impacts on climate and other environment- related adverse impacts	BENJI is issued on the Base blockchain, a Layer 2 network built on Ethereum that uses rollup technology to bundle transactions and settle them on Ethereum's Proof-of-Stake (PoS) mainnet. While Base itself is designed to be more energy-efficient than Layer 1 networks, its environmental impact remains indirectly linked to the Ethereum network's energy usage. Although the Proof-of-Stake model significantly reduces energy consumption compared to Proof-of-Work systems, validator operations and infrastructure still contribute to overall environmental load. At present, no specific environmental mitigation strategies have been adopted by the BENJI project or its community.	Free alphanumeric text
Part K - Disclosure under Article 8(4) of of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114			
K.1	Disclosure under Article 8(4) of of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Benji is a utility token within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 (MiCA). BENJI has no rights or obligations within the Stellar network. It does not grant governance powers, enforceable claims, or guarantees of utility. Under Article 3(1), point (5), a 'crypto-asset' is a digital representation of a value or of a right that is able to be transferred and stored electronically using DLT or similar technology. One of the most well-known forms of DLT is a blockchain, which is a subtype characterised by its use of a chain of blocks to manage the ledger. Each block contains a list of transactions and is cryptographically linked to the	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		previous block, ensuring that the data once recorded, cannot be altered retroactively without altering all subsequent blocks. BENJI is issued on the Ethereum blockchain in order to leverage these benefits. BENJI serves purely as a utility token, allowing holders to participate in network-related activities such as being a community-driven meme coin operating on the Base blockchain (an Ethereum L2 blockchain), designed to combine meme culture with decentralised finance functionality. BENJI does not grant governance rights or enforceable obligations. Accordingly, BENJI meets the definition of a 'crypto-asset' within the meaning of Article 3(1), point (5) of MiCA. Under Article 3(1), point (7) of MiCA, 'electronic money token' or 'e-money token' means a type of crypto-asset that purports to maintain a stable value by referencing the value of one official currency. BENJI serves purely as a utility token, allowing holders to participate in network-related activities. BENJI does not grant governance rights or enforceable obligations. BENJI is not denominated in, or pegged to, any fiat currency. It does not purport to maintain a stable value by referencing the value of one official currency. BENJI fluctuates relative to fiat currency and other digital tokens, and depends on factors such as supply and demand. BENJI is not intended to be a medium of exchange accepted by the public, or a section of the public, as payment for goods or services. Accordingly, BENJI is not an electronic money token within the meaning of Article 3(1), point (7) of MiCA. Under Article 3(1), point (6) of MiCA, an 'asset-referenced token' means a type of crypto-asset that is not an electronic money token and that purports to maintain a stable	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		value by referencing another value or right or a combination thereof, including one or more official currency. BENJI serves purely as a utility token, allowing holders to participate in network-related activities. BENJI does not grant governance rights or enforceable obligations. BENJI does not purport to maintain a stable value by referencing another value or right or a combination thereof, including one or more official currency. Rather, BENJI fluctuates relative to fiat currency and other digital tokens, and depends on factors such as supply and demand. As explained above, it is also not an “e-money” token within the meaning of Article 3(1), point (7) of MICA. Accordingly, the BENJI is not an asset-referenced token within the meaning of Article 3(1), point (6) of MiCA.	