

This white paper has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Commission Implementing Regulation 2024/2984 of 29 November 2024 implementing technical standards for the application of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to forms, formats and templates for the crypto-asset White Paper

DIMO (DIMO) Token White Paper

This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.

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01	Date of notification	[2025–[XX]–[XX]]	YYYY-MM-DD
02	Statement in accordance with Article 6(3) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Regarding offerors: This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.	Predefined alphanumerical text

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03	Compliance statement in accordance with Article 6(6) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	This crypto-asset white paper complies with Title II of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council and, to the best of the knowledge of the management body, the information presented in the crypto-asset white paper is fair, clear and not misleading and the crypto-asset white paper makes no omission likely to affect its import.	Predefined alphanumerical text
04	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (a), (b), (c), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this crypto-asset white paper may lose its value in part or in full, may not always be transferable and may not be liquid.	Predefined alphanumerical text
05	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), point (d), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	true The utility token referred to in this white paper may not be exchangeable against the good or service promised in this white paper, especially in the case of a failure or discontinuation of the crypto-asset project.	'true' – Yes 'false' – Not applicable If Yes, Predefined alphanumerical text
06	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (e) and (f), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper is not covered by the investor compensation schemes under Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council or the deposit guarantee schemes under Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.	Predefined alphanumerical text
SUMMARY			

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07	Warning in accordance with Article 6(7), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Warning This summary should be read as an introduction to the crypto-asset white paper. The prospective holder should base any decision to purchase this crypto-asset on the content of the crypto- asset white paper as a whole and not on the summary alone. The offer to the public of this crypto-asset does not constitute an offer or solicitation to purchase financial instruments and any such offer or solicitation can be made only by means of a prospectus or other offer documents pursuant to the applicable national law. This crypto-asset white paper does not constitute a prospectus as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council or any other offer document pursuant to Union or national law.	Predefined alphanumerical text
08	Characteristics of the crypto-asset	The DIMO (" DIMO ") token is a utility token as defined by Article 3(1)(9) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and Council of 31 May 2023 on markets in crypto-assets (" MiCA ").	Free alphanumerical text
09		Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
10	Key information about the offer to the public or admission to trading	https://coinmarketcap.com/currencies/dimo/ As of 2025-07-25, approximately 382,000,000 DIMO are circulating, on a total and maximum supply of 1,000,000,000 DIMO.	Free alphanumerical text

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<i>Part A - Information about the offeror or the person seeking admission to trading</i>			
A.1	Name	DIMO Foundation Ltd.	Free alphanumerical text
A.2	Legal form	Legal entity	ISO standard 20275 'Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)'
A.3	Registered address	Information not publicly available	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.4	Head office	Information not publicly available	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.5	Registration date	Information not publicly available	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
A.6	Legal entity identifier	Information not publicly available	{LEI}
A.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Information not publicly available	Free text
A.8	Contact telephone number	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text
A.9	E-mail address	privacy@dimozone.com Technical queries	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		support@dimoco Press and media press@dimoco Partnerships partners@dimoco Fleets fleets@dimoco Developers developer-support@dimoco	
A.10	Response time (Days)	Information not publicly available	{DURATION}
A.11	Parent company	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text
A.12	Members of the management body	Sam Lewis – Chair, DIMO Contributor Rob Solomon – CFO, Digital Infrastructure Inc. and Director Yevgeny Khessin – CTO, Digital Infrastructure Inc. and Director Andy Chatham – CEO, Digital Infrastructure Inc. and Director Bryan Peters – Co-Founder of Sobol and Contributor More Reese – DAO Builder and Contributor Avi Atkin – Product Manager at 3Box Labs (ex-Ford) and Contributo Alex Rawitz – Co-founder	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		James Li -Head of Developer Relations	
A.13	Business activity	DIMO Foundation manages and governs the DIMO token ecosystem, including protocol administration, intellectual property licensing, token treasury management, and contracts developers and partners to support the smart car data network.	Free alphanumerical text
A.14	Parent company business activity	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
A.15	Newly established	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
A.16	Financial condition for the past three years	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text
A.17	Financial condition since registration	Information not publicly available.	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part B - Information about the issuer, if different from the offeror or person seeking admission to trading</i>			
Not applicable			
<i>Part C- Information about the operator of the trading platform in cases where it draws up the crypto-asset white paper and information about other persons drawing the crypto-asset white paper pursuant to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114</i>			
C.1	Name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
C.2	Legal form	Legal entity	ISO standard 20275 'Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)'

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
C.3	Registered address	Pikioni, 10 Flat/Office 5, 3075, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
C.4	Head office	Pikioni, 10 Flat/Office 5, 3075, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
C.5	Registration date	2022-08-09	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
C.6	Legal entity identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}
C.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Company registration number: HE430310	Free text
C.8	Parent company	Revolut Group Holdings Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
C.9	Reason for crypto-asset white paper Preparation	This crypto-asset white paper has been drawn up in accordance with the requirements of Article 4, Article 6 and Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114.	Free alphanumerical text
C.10	Members of the Management body	Mr Costas Michael (CEO) Mr Christos Drakos (CFO) Mr Ioannis Ashiotis (NED) Mr Konstantinos Adamos (NED)	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format

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C.11	Operator business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a financial technology company registered as a crypto-assets services provider by the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd provides crypto-asset services across the European Union, including buying, selling, and exchange of crypto-assets. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd has applied to the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission for a crypto-asset services provider (CASP) authorisation under Regulation (EU) 2023/1114. The authorisation is expected to cover the following crypto-asset services: • exchange of crypto-assets for funds • exchange of crypto-assets for crypto-assets • operation of a Trading Platform • custody and administration of crypto-assets • transfer of crypto-assets	Free alphanumeric text
C.12	Parent company business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Revolut Group Holdings Ltd, a private company limited by shares registered in England and Wales (company number: 12743269)	Free alphanumeric text
C.13	Other persons drawing up the crypto-asset white paper according to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text

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C.14	Reason for drawing the white paper by persons referred to in Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part D- Information about the crypto-asset project</i>			
D.1	Crypto-asset project name	DIMO	Free alphanumerical text
D.2	Crypto-assets name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.3	Abbreviation	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.4	Crypto-asset project description	DIMO token transforms cars into smart, connected devices that can be accessed through an API, allowing a wide range of businesses—such as mechanics, dealerships, insurers, and app developers—to interact with your vehicle. This means they can monitor data like fuel levels, location, and speed, send commands such as unlocking doors, and even make payments directly from the car's digital wallet. Crucially, all access is strictly controlled by the driver, who must opt in, ensuring privacy and autonomy much like app permissions on a smartphone. This approach not only gives drivers control over their valuable data and the opportunity to monetise it, but also opens the door to innovative services—such as AI-powered mechanics, smarter insurance, automated parking, and seamless digital vehicle management—making car ownership more convenient, efficient, and rewarding.	Free alphanumerical text

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D.5	Details of all natural or legal persons involved in the implementation of the crypto-asset project	Sam Lewis – Chair of the DIMO Foundation Rob Solomon – CFO of Digital Infrastructure Inc. and Director of the DIMO Foundation Yev Khessin – CTO of Digital Infrastructure Inc. and Director of the DIMO Foundation. Andy Chatham – CEO of Digital Infrastructure Inc. and Director of the DIMO Foundation. Bryan Peters – Co-Founder of Sobol and contributor to the DIMO ecosystem. More Reese – DAO Builder and contributor to the DIMO ecosystem Avi Atkin – Product Manager at 3Box Labs, ex-Ford, and contributor to the DIMO ecosystem. Alex Rawitz – Founder and COO Allyson English – Engineer Dylan Moreland – Principal Engineer Karina Popovich – Partner Marketing James Li – Developer Relations Joe Bender – Head of Content	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format
D.6	Utility Token Classification	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
D.7	Key Features of Goods/Services for Utility Token Projects	Key Features of the DIMO Token Include: • Protocol Governance: Holders of the DIMO token have voting rights in the DIMO DAO, enabling them to propose and approve protocol upgrades, budget allocations, and	Free alphanumerical text

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		ecosystem initiatives. • Incentivising Data Sharing: The token rewards vehicle owners who contribute high-quality vehicle data, helping build a rich, decentralised car data network. • Access to Services: DIMO tokens grant users access to premium features and applications within the DIMO ecosystem, such as advanced data analytics, vehicle diagnostics, and app integrations. • Token Treasury & Ecosystem Growth: Managed by the DIMO Foundation, the treasury allocates tokens for grants, developer incentives, and partnerships to foster ecosystem expansion. • Staking & Rewards: Token holders can stake DIMO to earn rewards, encouraging long-term participation and network security. • Interoperability & Open-Source: Built on Ethereum, the token integrates with smart contracts and open-source projects, enabling third-party developers to build complementary tools and services. • Transparency & Security: Transactions and governance actions are recorded on-chain, ensuring transparency, immutability, and security.	

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D.8	Plans for the token	Expansion of Product Offerings: • Launch new connected car applications leveraging vehicle data, such as advanced diagnostics, predictive maintenance, and personalised driving insights. • Enable third-party developers to build on the DIMO platform with easy access to token-based APIs and developer tools. Decentralised Finance (DeFi) Initiatives: • Introduce staking programs where token holders can lock DIMO tokens to earn rewards and help secure the network. • Explore liquidity mining and yield farming opportunities to increase token utility and incentivise liquidity provision on decentralised exchanges. Governance and Community Engagement: • Empower the community through the DIMO DAO, allowing token holders to propose and vote on protocol upgrades, budget allocations, and partnership decisions. • Foster an active developer and user community with grants, hackathons, and open governance forums to encourage participation and innovation.	Free alphanumeric text

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		Ecosystem Growth and Partnerships: - Expand collaborations with automotive OEMs, aftermarket device manufacturers, and data service providers to increase adoption. - Allocate tokens strategically to support ecosystem partners and incentivise long-term network growth. In addition, specifically “master plan” is designed: Phase 1 — "Supply Side" [2024 and earlier] Early adopters connect their cars in order to earn \$DIMO tokens and manage their vehicles in the DIMO Mobile app. Phase 2 — "App Ecosystem" [2025] Developers begin building new apps for drivers, attracted by how straightforward it is to onboard and connect to users and their vehicles. The hundreds of thousands of cars already added to the platform represent a captive audience. Apps are launched that make driving enjoyable, help drivers save money, and simplify everyday life. Phase 3 — "Protocol Maturity" [2026 and beyond] DIMO fully decentralises all of the roles associated with adding, storing, and charging for data. At this stage, the entire world can use DIMO, much like Ethereum, email, and the internet are globally accessible. DIMO expands	

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		beyond automotive applications to include non-mobility IoT use cases.	
D.9	Resource allocation	The DIMO token, with a total supply of 1,000,000,000, is distributed across three main categories. The largest portion, originally 450,000,000 tokens, is reserved for airdrops and driver rewards, designed to incentivise users to connect their vehicles and contribute reliable data over time. These rewards are distributed weekly, with the amount decreasing annually to encourage long-term engagement and data quality, rather than simply rewarding distance or time spent driving. A further 250,000,000 tokens are allocated to the DIMO community treasury, managed by a decentralised autonomous organisation (DAO). This pool supports the network through grants and bounties for contributors, although most users will primarily earn tokens via driver rewards. The remaining 300,000,000 tokens are set aside for the core team and capital partners, with a structured vesting schedule that unlocks tokens gradually over several years. This ensures ongoing commitment from the team and investors, while also allowing some tokens to be used for network participation and community incentives. As of April 2025, adjustments due to unclaimed airdrops and other factors have resulted in the following updated distribution: 423,831,184 tokens for airdrop and driver rewards, 241,159,934 for the treasury and other uses, and 335,008,882 for the core team and capital partners. This allocation	Free alphanumeric text

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		structure is intended to balance immediate user incentives, long-term network development, and sustained team involvement.	
D.10	Planned use of collected funds or crypto-assets	1. Ecosystem Development and Grants: ○ Allocating tokens and funds as grants or bounties to developers, teams, and community members who contribute to building apps, tools, and infrastructure within the DIMO ecosystem. ○ Supporting hackathons, developer programs, and incentivising innovation. 2. Research & Development: ○ Funding ongoing R&D efforts focused on improving the DIMO protocol, enhancing vehicle data integrations, and expanding product features. 3. Marketing and Community Growth: ○ Investing in marketing campaigns, user acquisition, and community engagement initiatives to grow the user base and ecosystem participation. 4. Operations & Support: ○ Covering costs related to customer support, administrative functions, legal compliance, and insurance to ensure smooth foundation operations. 5. Liquidity and Market Support:	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		- Utilizing funds to provide liquidity on decentralized exchanges and loan tokens to market makers to improve token availability and trading efficiency. 6. SubDAO and Partner Funding: - Facilitating the creation and funding of subDAOs for specialised projects or partnerships, with resources allocated to meet their specific operational and development needs. 7. Treasury Management and Diversification: - Managing reserves by converting tokens to stablecoins or cash as needed, and investing excess reserves (up to 70%) in interest-bearing platforms to sustainably grow the treasury.	
<i>Part E - Information about the offer to the public of crypto-assets or their admission to trading</i>			
E.1	Public offering or admission to trading	ATTR	'OTPC' - offer to the public 'ATTR' - admission to trading
E.2	Reasons for public offer or admission to trading	1. Enhancing Ecosystem Liquidity and Accessibility Listing the DIMO token on exchanges increases liquidity, making it simpler for users and developers to obtain and use the token for a variety of purposes within the DIMO	Free alphanumeric text

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		ecosystem. This improved accessibility is essential for encouraging widespread adoption and active participation. 2. Facilitating Data Transactions and Developer Incentives The DIMO token acts as the principal medium for transactions involving vehicle data. Developers and businesses pay in DIMO to access car data, which incentivises the development of applications and services that enrich the connected vehicle ecosystem. 3. Supporting Governance and Network Participation Token holders are able to take part in the governance of the DIMO protocol, influencing decisions such as software upgrades, fee structures, and reward mechanisms. This decentralised governance model ensures that the community has a meaningful role in shaping the project's future. 4. Aligning Incentives Across Stakeholders The tokenomics of DIMO are structured to align the incentives of all participants, including users, data providers, and developers. Mechanisms such as staking and rewards are in place to ensure that every party is motivated to contribute positively to the ecosystem. 5. Expanding Network Utility and	

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		Interoperability The DIMO Foundation intends to migrate the protocol to the Base blockchain, with the goal of enhancing enterprise credibility and modernising commerce through on-chain payments. This migration will make the DIMO token natively available on Base, thereby expanding its utility and enabling greater integration with other platforms.	
E.3	Fundraising target	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.4	Minimum subscription goals	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.5	Maximum subscription goals	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.6	Oversubscription acceptance	false	'true' - Yes 'false' - No
E.7	Oversubscription allocation	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.8	Issue price	0.0327	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.9	Official currency or any other crypto-assets determining the issue price	USD	{CURRENCYCODE_3} or {DTI}
E.10	Subscription fee	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.11	Offer price determination method	The offer price of the DIMO token is typically determined based on a combination of market conditions, project valuation, supply and demand, investor sentiment, early-stage investor pricing, and the pricing of similar projects in the market.	Free alphanumerical text
E.12	Total number of offered/traded crypto-assets	As of 2025-07-25, 380,243,292.05 DIMO are circulating, on a total and maximum supply of 1,000,000,000 DIMO. Initial Distribution: No ICO or public sale was conducted. Instead, the genesis distribution allocated the supply as follows: • 45% (450,000,000 DIMO) reserved for user rewards & airdrops to bootstrap the network. An initial airdrop was delivered to early adopters on 2022-12-12, rewarding users who connected their cars or contributed to the ecosystem (up to 67.5 million tokens were available in this airdrop). The remaining rewards are being distributed as ongoing rewards for vehicle data providers over approximately 40 years. This allocation is subject to change via governance. • 25% (250,000,000 DIMO) allocated to the DIMO Treasury, which is controlled by the	Numerical {INTEGER-n}

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		community via a DAO (DIMO Foundation) for funding development, grants, and ecosystem initiatives. Treasury tokens may be disbursed as grants or bounties to contributors, or sold in limited amounts to strategic partners/investors to raise funds for the project. Unclaimed tokens from the initial airdrop were returned to the treasury, and the treasury has conducted occasional private sales of tokens to investors, as allowed by governance. • 30% (300,000,000 DIMO) allocated to core team members and early investors who funded and built the project. These tokens are subject to a vesting schedule: they began unlocking on 12 January 2025, with 1/36th of the allocation unlocking each month thereafter (fully unlocked by December 2027). Until unlocked, these tokens are non-transferable (locked by smart contract and/or legal agreement). Token Emission & Release Schedule: In addition to the initial airdrop, \$DIMO tokens enter circulation through a weekly issuance distributed to connected vehicle owners as rewards (part of the 45% pool above). The baseline issuance began at approximately 1,105,000 DIMO per week at network launch. This weekly reward amount decreases by 15% every 52 weeks to ensure a declining emission over time. The emission schedule is designed to span roughly 40 years, encouraging long-term participation while gradually reducing inflation. Governance may adjust the issuance parameters via community vote (DIMO Improvement Proposals), but any such changes would be transparent and subject to token-holder approval. As of now, no algorithmic	

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		“on-demand” supply adjustments are in place (supply is capped and inflation follows the predetermined decay schedule, not tied to demand levels).	
E.13	Targeted holders	ALL	‘RETL’ – retail investors ‘PROF’ – professional investors ‘ALL’ – all types of investors
E.14	Holder restrictions	There are currently no formal restrictions on who may hold or trade DIMO tokens enforced by the DIMO contract or community. However, access may be restricted by exchange platforms or national laws.	Free alphanumeric text
E.15	Reimbursement notice	Not applicable	Predefined alphanumeric text
E.16	Refund mechanism	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text
E.17	Refund timeline	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text
E.18	Offer phases	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text
E.19	Early purchase discount	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text
E.20	Time-limited offer	false	‘true’- Yes ‘false’ – No

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.21	Subscription period beginning	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.22	Subscription period end	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.23	Safeguarding arrangements for offered funds/crypto- Assets	Transparency of Treasury Holdings As of November 23, 2024, the DIMO Treasury holds approximately \$6.9 million USD in stablecoins. On-Chain Wallet Monitoring The DIMO Foundation maintains on-chain wallet balances that are publicly accessible, allowing for transparent tracking of funds and assets. Governance Oversight Holders of the DIMO token have governance rights, enabling them to vote on key decisions such as software upgrades, licensing of intellectual property, fee structures, and reward distributions. This decentralized approach ensures that the community has a say in the protocol's operations. Spending Controls All expenditures must primarily benefit the DIMO protocol and adhere to the foundation's financial plan. Compliance with Legal Standards The DIMO Foundation reserves the right to withhold tokens from users whose wallet addresses are flagged for compliance issues, including but not limited to anti-money laundering, sanctions laws, and other applicable regulations.	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.24	Payment methods for crypto-asset purchase	1. Centralised Exchanges (CEXs) • Credit/Debit Cards: Platforms may allow users to purchase DIMO tokens directly using credit or debit cards. • Bank Transfers: Certain exchanges support bank transfers, where users link their bank accounts to the platform, select DIMO tokens, and confirm the transaction. • Third-Party Payment Services: Certain payment providers are sometimes integrated with exchanges to facilitate purchases of DIMO tokens through various local payment options. • Peer-to-Peer (P2P) Trading: Certain exchanges offer P2P trading, enabling users to buy DIMO tokens directly from other holders using local payment methods, including bank transfers and digital wallets. 2. Decentralised Exchanges (DEXs) • Cryptocurrency Swaps: On certain platforms users can swap other cryptocurrencies for DIMO tokens. This requires a compatible crypto wallet and familiarity with gas fees and potential slippage. 3. Fiat On-Ramp Services • Payment Gateways: Certain services act as fiat on-ramps, allowing users to purchase DIMO tokens via card payments, bank transfers, and other local payment	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		methods.	
E.25	Value transfer methods for reimbursement	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text
E.26	Right of withdrawal	Not applicable (Vary by platform and blockchain)	Free alphanumeric text
E.27	Transfer of purchased crypto-assets	1. Access Your Wallet or Exchange Account • Centralised exchange: Log in to your account. • Personal wallet: Open your non-custodial wallet that holds your DIMO tokens. 2. Navigate to the ‘Withdraw’ or ‘Send’ Section • On exchanges, go to the Withdraw or Assets page. • On personal wallets, select DIMO token and then click or tap Send. 3. Enter the Recipient’s Wallet Address • Copy and paste the correct wallet address of the recipient. • Double-check that the wallet supports DIMO tokens on the correct blockchain network. • Using the wrong blockchain or an incorrect address could result in permanent loss of your tokens. 4. Specify the Amount • Enter the number of DIMO tokens you wish to transfer.	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		- Some platforms may require a minimum transfer amount. 5. Select the Network (if applicable) - If your DIMO tokens are available on multiple networks, make sure you select the correct network that matches the recipient's wallet. 6. Review and Confirm the Transfer - Verify all details: recipient address, network, and amount. - On centralised platforms, you may need to complete two-factor authentication (2FA) or enter a withdrawal password. 7. Pay the Network Fee - Blockchain transactions require a network fee (gas fee), which is paid in the native currency of the chosen network. (e.g., ETH for Ethereum). 8. Wait for Confirmation - The transaction will be processed and broadcast to the blockchain. Once confirmed, the DIMO tokens will be credited to the recipient's wallet.	
E.28	Transfer time schedule	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.29	Purchaser's technical requirements	Blockchain Compatibility DIMO tokens operate primarily on Ethereum and Layer 2 networks, so you must use a wallet that supports the Ethereum blockchain and the ERC-20 token standard. (Wallet Setup	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		- Ensure your wallet is properly configured and secured with a strong password and a backup recovery phrase (also known as a seed phrase). You are solely responsible for safeguarding your private keys and recovery details. Network Fees (Gas Fees) Transaction Fees: To transfer DIMO tokens or interact with smart contracts, you will need ETH (Ethereum's native token) or the native token of the Layer 2 network to pay for network fees. Variable Fees: Gas fees on Ethereum can fluctuate significantly based on network congestion. Layer 2 solutions typically offer lower and more stable fees. Always ensure you have a small balance of the native token to cover these costs. Exchange Account (if applicable) Centralised Exchanges (CEXs): If purchasing DIMO tokens through a centralised exchange you will need to create an account. KYC Verification: Most platforms require Know Your Customer (KYC) checks, including uploading identity documents and proof of address, to comply with regulatory requirements. Internet Connection - A stable internet connection is essential for securely managing your crypto wallet, performing transfers, and	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		accessing both centralised and decentralised exchange platforms. Software and Browser Requirements • Browser Extensions: Some wallets operate as browser extensions and require a supported browser such as Chrome or Firefox. • Desktop or Mobile Apps: Many wallets offer dedicated desktop or mobile applications for full functionality and easier token management. Security Measures • Private Key and Seed Phrase Storage: Keep your recovery phrase and private keys stored offline and confidential. Losing access to these means losing your DIMO tokens permanently. • Two-Factor Authentication (2FA): Always enable 2FA on centralised platforms to protect your account from unauthorised access. Platform Compatibility • DEX Compatibility: When using decentralised exchanges ensure your wallet supports Ethereum and is connected properly to the platform. • Smart Contract Approval: Certain actions, such as staking or token swaps, require prior authorisation through your wallet. Always verify the legitimacy of smart contracts before approving any transactions.	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING								
E.30	Crypto-asset service provider (CASP) name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd'	Free alphanumerical text								
E.31	CASP identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}								
E.32	Placement form	NTAV	'WITH- with a firm commitment basis 'WOUT' - without a firm commitment basis 'NTAV' - Not applicable								
E.33	Trading platforms name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text								
E.34	Trading platforms Market identifier code (MIC)	Not applicable	{MIC}								
E.35	Trading platforms access	Trading platforms where DIMO tokens are sought to be admitted to trading have their own web address where user can register to benefit from their service. Generally, investors can access trading platforms where DIMO tokens are listed by creating an account on their respective platform, completing any required identity verification (KYC) processes if applicable, and funding their accounts with supported cryptocurrencies or fiat currencies.	Free alphanumerical text								
E.36	Involved costs	<table><tr><th>Platform Type</th><th>Fee Type</th><th>Cost Estimate</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Centralised Exchange (CEX)</td><td>Trading Fee</td><td>0.1% per trade</td></tr><tr><td>Withdrawal Fee</td><td>Varies per platform</td></tr></table>	Platform Type	Fee Type	Cost Estimate	Centralised Exchange (CEX)	Trading Fee	0.1% per trade	Withdrawal Fee	Varies per platform	Free alphanumerical text
Platform Type	Fee Type	Cost Estimate									
Centralised Exchange (CEX)	Trading Fee	0.1% per trade									
	Withdrawal Fee	Varies per platform									

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Decentralised Exchange (DEX) Swap Fee ~0.3% or up to 1% Gas Fee Paid in network's native token Fiat On-Ramp Service/Processing Fee ~2%–5% per transaction	
E.37	Offer expenses	Specific details regarding the expenses incurred during the offering of the DIMO token is not publicly disclosed.	Free alphanumerical text and Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3}
E.38	Conflicts of interest	Not known conflicts of interest.	Free alphanumerical text
E.39	Applicable law	Cayman Islands law	Drop-down list of applicable laws
E.40	Competent court	Cayman court	Drop-down list of applicable laws
<i>Part F - Information about the crypto-assets</i>			
F.1	Crypto-asset type	Utility token	Free alphanumerical text
F.2	Crypto-asset functionality	See D.8	Free alphanumerical text
F.3	Planned application of functionalities	See D.8. Timelines subject to change and development times.	Free alphanumerical text
<i>A description of the characteristics of the crypto-asset, including the data necessary for classification of the crypto-asset white paper in the register referred to in Article 109 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114, as specified in accordance with paragraph 8 of that Article</i>			
F.4	Type of crypto-asset white paper	OTHR	OTHR

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
F.5	The type of submission	NEWT	NEWT = New MODI = Modify EROR = Error CORR = Correction
F.6	Crypto-asset characteristics	Total/Fixed supply of 1,000,000,000 DIMO tokens	Free alphanumerical text
F.7	Commercial name or trading name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
F.8	Website of the issuer	https://dimo.org/	Free alphanumerical text
F.9	Starting date of offer to the public or admission to trading	2022-12-12	YYYY-MM-DD
F.10	Publication date	2025-[XX]-[XX]	YYYY-MM-DD
F.11	Any other services provided by the issuer	Developer Program & Grant Funding - Runs the DIMO Ignite ecosystem fund, offering milestone-based grant funding for apps, infrastructure developers, and data integrators - supports ecosystem expansion with token grants and technical assistance.	Free alphanumerical text
F.12	Language or languages of the crypto-asset white paper	English	Closed list of EU languages

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
F.13	Digital token identifier code used to uniquely identify the crypto-asset or each of the several crypto assets to which the white paper relates, where available	Not available	ISO 24165 Digital Token Identifier
F.14	Functionally fungible group digital token identifier, where available	Not available	ISO 24165 FFG DTI
F.15	Voluntary data flag	false	'true' – voluntary 'false' – mandatory
F.16	Personal data flag	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
F.17	LEI eligibility	true	'true' – eligible 'false' – not eligible
F.18	Home Member State	Republic of Cyprus	Closed list of EU Member States
F.19	Host Member States	Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and Sweden.	Closed list of EU Member States
<i>Part G - Information on the rights and obligations attached to the crypto-assets</i>			
G.1	Purchaser rights and obligations	The rights of DIMO purchasers are network-native rights: to use, vote, and earn within the DIMO platform. These rights are not absolute and can be exercised only in accordance with the protocol rules and smart contract capabilities. If the holder chooses not to	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		engage with the network, the token simply remains an asset they can hold or trade. If the platform ceases to exist, these rights may discontinue.	
G.2	Exercise of rights and obligations	Users can utilise their digital wallets to vote or carry out transactions, and the DIMO app enables them to connect devices or access various services. The platform provides clear instructions for these processes, and support is available through channels such as Discord and official documentation should any assistance be required. There are no burdensome requirements, such as needing approval from the issuer, for standard activities. The system is intended to be permissionless and automated through the use of smart contracts.	Free alphanumeric text
G.3	Conditions for modifications of rights and obligations	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumeric text
G.4	Future public offers	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumeric text
G.5	Issuer retained crypto-assets	As of November 23, 2024, the DIMO Treasury contains \$6,900,206 in USD and stablecoins, as well as 451,926,792 DIMO tokens (144,411,970 of which are not yet earmarked for any purpose).	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
G.6	Utility token classification	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.7	Key features of goods/services of utility tokens	See D.7.	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
G.8	Utility tokens redemption	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.9	Non-trading request	false	'true' – sought 'false' – not sought
G.10	Crypto-assets purchase or sale modalities	DIMO tokens can be bought and sold via centralised and decentralised exchanges. Certain major platforms support DIMO trading.	Free alphanumerical text
G.11	Crypto-assets transfer restrictions	DIMO tokens are fully transferable across supported blockchains such as Ethereum, Polygon, and Base/Optimism. Holders can freely send or receive DIMO tokens between compatible wallets using standard wallet tools or supported platforms. However, transfer and trading activities may be subject to platform-level restrictions driven by legal, regulatory, or operational requirements. Jurisdictional Restrictions DIMO tokens must not be sold or transferred to individuals or entities located in jurisdictions subject to international sanctions or where trading or holding digital assets is prohibited under local laws. Users are responsible for ensuring compliance with their respective legal frameworks. Exchange-Imposed Restrictions On centralised exchanges (CEXs) that list DIMO tokens transfers or trading of DIMO tokens may be restricted or delayed if the user has not completed required AML	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		(Anti-Money Laundering) and KYC (Know Your Customer) procedures. Transactions from unverified accounts can be limited, blocked, or reversed to meet compliance obligations related to AML and counter-terrorism financing (CTF). Decentralised Transfers Transfers conducted via decentralised exchanges (DEXs) or directly between wallets on compatible blockchains are generally unrestricted at the protocol level. However, users remain solely responsible for ensuring their transfers comply with the legal and regulatory requirements of their jurisdiction.	
G.12	Supply adjustment protocols	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.13	Supply adjustment mechanisms	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.14	Token value protection schemes	False	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.15	Token value protection schemes description	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.16	Compensation schemes	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.17	Compensation schemes description	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.18	Applicable law	Cayman Islands law	Drop-down list of applicable laws
G.19	Competent court	Cayman court	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
<i>Part H – information on the underlying technology</i>			
H.1	Distributed ledger technology (DTL)	Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT) refers to a decentralised digital infrastructure used for recording transactions across multiple locations simultaneously. Unlike traditional, centralised databases, DLT systems operate without a central authority, relying instead on a network of independent nodes, each maintaining a synchronised copy of the ledger. Transactions are validated through consensus mechanisms, promoting transparency, security, and resistance to tampering. One of the most widely adopted forms of DLT is blockchain, which consists of sequentially linked blocks containing timestamped transaction data. Each block is cryptographically connected to the previous one, making it virtually immutable and resistant to retroactive alteration. Blockchains can also support smart contracts, self-executing agreements that automate processes and enforce rules without intermediaries, thereby increasing trust and efficiency in decentralised systems. Blockchain-based DLT enhances transparency, consumer choice, and interoperability within the broader digital economy. Users can inspect open-source blockchain code, independently verify data integrity, and choose platforms that align with their preferences. The permissionless nature of public blockchains promotes seamless integration and innovation across applications, wallets, and services.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
H.2	Protocols and technical standards	Network Architecture and DLT Framework for DIMO Token The DIMO token is developed within the Ethereum ecosystem, adhering to the ERC-20 token standard to ensure broad compatibility and ease of use. Additionally, the token is deployed across multiple Layer 2 and sidechain solutions to optimise scalability and reduce transaction costs. Technical Standards • ERC-20 Compatibility The DIMO token remains fully compatible with wallets, exchanges, and tools built for the ERC-20 standard, facilitating seamless integration across platforms. • Fungibility Each DIMO token is identical and interchangeable, supporting standard token behaviour. • Wallet & Exchange Support DIMO is supported by all major Ethereum-compatible wallets. It is tradable on centralised exchanges (as well as decentralised exchanges (DEXs) on Ethereum and compatible Layer 2 chains. • Cross-Chain Availability DIMO tokens are available on Ethereum mainnet, Polygon, and Layer 2 solutions with bridges facilitating transfers across these chains. Consensus Mechanism DIMO inherits the consensus mechanisms of	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		the blockchains it operates on, including: - Ethereum Mainnet: Proof-of-Stake (PoS) - Polygon: Delegated Proof-of-Stake (DPoS) - Base / Optimism (Layer 2): Optimistic Rollups using underlying Ethereum security	
H.3	Technology used	Blockchain Foundation and Digital Vehicle Identity DIMO utilises the Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM) as its blockchain backbone, creating a universal digital identity for vehicles. This identity enables secure, seamless data connectivity and monetisation, fundamentally changing how vehicle owners interact with their cars. Security, Trust, and Smart Contracts The platform employs cryptography and smart contracts to ensure data security and integrity. Smart contracts facilitate the creation of non-fungible tokens (NFTs) representing unique vehicle identities, trips, or user credentials. This guarantees that only authorised parties can access or modify vehicle data, maintaining trust throughout the ecosystem. Open-Source Transparency and Developer Ecosystem DIMO's technology is open-source, promoting transparency and reliability. By building on open-source software and hardware, the platform encourages developer participation,	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		reduces costs, and supports the creation of innovative applications such as advanced driver-assistance systems (ADAS) and electric vehicle (EV) battery optimisation tools. Integration of Real-World Hardware The DIMO Data Miner and similar hardware devices collect telemetry data directly from vehicles. This data is cryptographically linked to vehicles and trips, ensuring its security and verifiability. Automotive manufacturers like Tesla and Ford can issue blockchain-based credentials, allowing for secure verification of vehicle status and maintenance history. User Data Control and Monetisation DIMO empowers users with self-custody of their data, granting them control over what information is shared and with whom. This user-centric approach ensures privacy and autonomy. Developers and data consumers can obtain licences to access this data, enabling new business models such as cheaper insurance, improved car marketplaces, and enhanced maintenance diagnostics. Expansive Ecosystem and Application Potential The DIMO ecosystem supports a wide array of applications, from interconnected vehicle sensors to online communities authenticated by real-world data. This interconnected network fosters the development of entirely new app categories, enriching the experience for both vehicle owners and developers.	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
H.4	Consensus mechanism	The consensus mechanisms at play for the DIMO token are those of the underlying blockchains: Polygon PoS: Polygon's consensus mechanism is a Proof-of-Stake sidechain. Validators stake Polygon's native token (MATIC) and produce blocks in a round-robin fashion, with a committee periodically checkpointing the state to Ethereum for finality. Block times on Polygon are approximately 2 seconds, and it achieves high throughput. The security relies on the honesty of two-thirds of the validators by stake. Since it is a permissionless validator set (with many participants), it is considered reasonably secure for the scale of assets on it, though not as secure as Ethereum mainnet. For DIMO's purposes, Polygon's consensus has been sufficient and has functioned without major incident to date. Polygon also benefits from being one of the most widely adopted Ethereum scaling solutions, which means its consensus and infrastructure are robust and well-reviewed. Ethereum Proof-of-Stake: Ethereum switched to PoS in September 2022 ("The Merge"). It uses a consensus mechanism known as Casper (Gasper), which is a hybrid of PoS and finality gadget. Validators lock up 32 ETH each to become validators. Blocks are proposed and attested in slots (approximately 12 seconds each) and epochs finalise every approximately 6.4 minutes with supermajority attestations. Security assumptions: as long as more than 66% of staked ETH (by value) behaves honestly, the chain is secure. Ethereum's PoS is one of the most secure consensus systems currently, given the amount staked and its decentralisation. When DIMO tokens are on	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Ethereum (either locked in the bridge or being transacted on exchange), they fully inherit Ethereum's security. That is a strong point: any large value transfers (such as exchange cold storage) are likely to rely on Ethereum's deep security. Base (Optimism Rollup): Base's consensus piggybacks on Ethereum. Base itself uses Optimistic Rollup, which does not have a separate consensus – it assumes transactions are correct and only if there is fraud, someone can submit a proof to Ethereum. In essence, as long as at least one honest observer is watching Base, any fraud can be caught in a seven-day window. The transactions on Base are sequenced by a centralised sequencer (Coinbase initially), but they plan to decentralise that eventually. In the interim, one trusts Coinbase not to censor or rewrite transactions (and even if they did, users could exit because the state is anchored to Ethereum). So Base's security comes from Ethereum's consensus plus the honesty of watchers. Solana: Solana uses a Proof-of-Stake with a unique Proof-of-History component to order transactions. It has very fast block times (approximately 400ms) and high throughput. It requires a majority of stake to be honest as well. Solana is more centralised in validators (over 1,700 validators, but a lot of stake is concentrated). For Helium's use (IoT data micropayments), it is suitable.	
H.5	Incentive mechanisms and applicable fees	The DIMO token is designed to incentivise user participation and data contribution within the decentralised mobility ecosystem. Key mechanisms include:	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Data Contribution Rewards • Users earn DIMO tokens by connecting their vehicles to the DIMO network via compatible hardware or apps. • Vehicles that consistently share verified telemetry and diagnostic data receive periodic token rewards. Developer & Partner Incentives • Third-party developers and mobility service providers are incentivised to build apps, services, and integrations on the DIMO platform. • Grants and token-based rewards may be issued via governance-approved allocations (subDAOs or treasury disbursements). Governance Participation • Token holders can participate in governance by voting on DIMO Improvement Proposals (DIPs). • Future governance structures may include reward mechanisms for participation, delegation, or staking.	
H.6	Use of distributed ledger technology	false	‘true’ – Yes, DLT operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer’s behalf ‘false’ – No, DLT not operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer’s behalf

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
H.7	DLT functionality description	DLT is a digital system for recording transactions in which the transactions and their details are recorded in multiple places at the same time. Unlike traditional databases, distributed ledgers have no central data store or administration functionality. Instead, the ledger is decentralised, and consensus on the transactions is achieved through a process that involves multiple nodes, each maintaining its own copy of the ledger. The benefits of DLT include increased transparency, enhanced security, improved traceability, and greater efficiency of transactions.	Free alphanumerical text
H.8	Audit	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
H.9	Audit outcome	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
Part I – Information on risks			
I.1	Offer-related risks	1. Regulatory and Legal Risks - Uncertain legal status: The regulatory classification of DIMO tokens may vary across jurisdictions. Future legal interpretations may affect how DIMO tokens can be offered, traded, or used. - Jurisdictional restrictions: Users from countries subject to sanctions or where digital assets are prohibited may be legally barred from participating in the offer or holding the token. 2. Market and Price Volatility - The DIMO token may experience high price volatility, especially in the early	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		stages of exchange listing or limited liquidity conditions. - Market conditions, speculative interest, or macroeconomic factors may cause sudden and significant price changes. 3. Liquidity Risks - Although DIMO is listed on multiple exchanges, there is no guarantee of continuous or sufficient market liquidity, especially in secondary markets. - Low liquidity may hinder the ability to buy or sell tokens at favourable prices. 4. Technology and Network Risks - As a blockchain-based asset, DIMO tokens are subject to risks such as: - Smart contract vulnerabilities - Network congestion on Ethereum or Layer 2s - Bridge failures or hacks when moving assets cross-chain - Loss of private keys or wallet credentials may result in permanent loss of tokens. 5. Project Execution Risk - The long-term value of DIMO depends on successful ecosystem adoption, development milestones, and user growth. - Delays in product rollout, failure to attract users, or mismanagement may negatively affect token utility and	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		perceived value. 6. Token Allocation and Vesting Risks - Large token allocations to early contributors, team members, or investors are subject to vesting schedules. - Once these tokens unlock, concentrated sales could put downward pressure on market price. 7. No Guarantee of Return - Holding or using DIMO tokens does not confer ownership, dividends, or profits from DIMO Foundation or its affiliates. - The token is primarily for utility within the ecosystem and does not guarantee financial return.	
I.2	Issuer-related risks	Regulatory Exposure - DIMO Foundation Ltd is based in Gibraltar, a jurisdiction with evolving crypto-asset regulations. - Future changes in local or international laws may affect the Foundation's legal obligations or its ability to operate as issuer. Centralisation Risk - Although DIMO aims for decentralisation, early control of token supply and governance is concentrated within the Foundation and its affiliates. - Decisions around treasury management, grants, or protocol upgrades may be centralised initially,	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		which could introduce risk if governance processes are not fully independent. Operational Continuity • If DIMO Foundation Ltd encounters financial, legal, or reputational difficulties, it may impair its ability to maintain core infrastructure, token distribution, or governance oversight. • While DIMO is intended to become self-sustaining through decentralisation, the Foundation still plays a critical role in the short to medium term. Governance Risk • Governance processes (e.g., via DIMO Improvement Proposals or DIP votes) are evolving. • If the Foundation or insiders maintain disproportionate voting power, community representation may be limited, potentially undermining decentralised governance goals. Funding and Treasury Risk • The Foundation's operations and ecosystem growth rely on treasury-held DIMO tokens and reserves, which are subject to market volatility. • A significant drop in token price or mismanagement of funds could threaten continued development, staffing, or community incentives.	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Transparency and Disclosure Risk - As a private foundation, there may be limited public disclosure on financial statements, contracts, or internal decision-making. - Lack of transparency could hinder trust or lead to stakeholder misalignment, especially for token holders and contributors. Dependency on Founders and Core Contributors - Much of the ecosystem's early progress depends on a small group of founders, developers, and strategic partners. - Key-person risk applies — the departure or incapacitation of senior members could disrupt operations or roadmaps.	
I.3	Crypto-assets-related risks	Market Volatility Risks The value of the DIMO token is highly volatile. It may fluctuate significantly due to factors such as market speculation, investor sentiment, regulatory announcements, technological developments, and general macroeconomic conditions. Broader trends in the Web3 or automotive data sectors could also influence the token's market value, potentially leading to extreme price movements or even total depreciation. Speculative Nature No assurance is given regarding the DIMO token's future value, performance, or rewards.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Apart from governance-approved uses and utility within the DIMO ecosystem (e.g. data rewards, participation in governance), the token carries no inherent or guaranteed function. Its valuation depends entirely on user adoption, network demand, and community engagement. Should adoption fail to scale as anticipated, the token's market performance may suffer. Liquidity Risks Trading DIMO tokens depends on the availability of active markets on both decentralised exchanges (DEXs) and centralised exchanges (CEXs). Limited trading volume could make it difficult to execute large transactions without affecting price. Additionally, if ecosystem demand wanes or platform engagement drops, token liquidity may be adversely impacted. Adoption and Network Demand Risks The long-term viability of the DIMO token relies on widespread participation in the network — including user onboarding, vehicle data contributions, developer interest, and integration with third-party apps and services. The DIMO Foundation cannot guarantee the pace or scale of this adoption. If demand is too low, token utility may decrease. Conversely, insufficient network supply or capacity could lead to delays in accessing services. Blockchain Dependency Risks DIMO is an Ethereum-based ERC-20 token, also deployed on Layer 2 networks such as Polygon, Base, and Optimism. Disruptions in any of these networks (e.g. downtime,	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		congestion, or security issues) may impact the ability to store, transfer, or interact with the token. Increases in gas fees or unfavourable network changes may also reduce usability and cost-efficiency. Transaction Costs Using DIMO across supported blockchains incurs transaction (gas) fees. While Layer 2 networks offer lower fees than Ethereum mainnet, costs may rise during periods of network congestion or heavy demand, potentially affecting user experience and economic efficiency within the DIMO ecosystem. Security Risks • Smart Contract Vulnerabilities Despite external audits and internal security procedures, vulnerabilities may exist in DIMO's smart contracts. A critical bug or exploit could compromise token utility or user funds. • Private Key Management Users are solely responsible for the security of their wallets and private keys. Loss of credentials (e.g. seed phrases) will result in permanent loss of tokens, as blockchain transactions are irreversible. • Scam and Fraud Risks The ecosystem may be targeted by phishing scams, fake airdrops, counterfeit tokens, or impersonations of DIMO contributors. Engaging with unofficial sources, unaudited dApps, or unverified third parties increases exposure to fraud.	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Community and Narrative Risks The DIMO token's value and usage are influenced by community momentum, sentiment, and the broader crypto narrative. A decline in engagement, interest, or relevance compared to emerging competitors could affect the perceived value or adoption of DIMO. Regulatory and Compliance Risks • Evolving Legal Frameworks Cryptoasset regulations remain fluid and vary by jurisdiction. Future regulatory developments could affect how the DIMO token is categorised, used, or offered to the public. • Jurisdictional Restrictions Certain countries may ban or restrict access to crypto-assets, including DIMO. Users are responsible for understanding and complying with their local legal obligations. • Regulatory Harmonisation and Enforcement In the absence of consistent global standards, the DIMO token could be reclassified as a regulated financial instrument in some regions, which could increase compliance burdens or legal liability. Regulatory agencies could also take enforcement action if token offerings are deemed non-compliant with securities or financial regulations. • AML & CTF Compliance DIMO token transactions could be subject to scrutiny under anti-money laundering (AML) or counter-terrorism financing (CTF) regimes.	

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		Wallets or platforms linked to illicit activity may be blacklisted or frozen. Taxation Risks The tax treatment of DIMO tokens varies by country. Buying, holding, transferring, or selling DIMO may trigger tax liabilities such as capital gains or income tax. Token holders are responsible for assessing and fulfilling their personal tax obligations. Technological Obsolescence Risks As blockchain technologies evolve rapidly, DIMO may face competition from newer, more advanced protocols or systems. If the DIMO platform fails to keep pace, its relevance and usage could decline.	
I.4	Project implementation-related risks	Technical Limitations The successful development, scaling, and maintenance of the DIMO protocol and associated infrastructure depend on overcoming several technical and architectural challenges. These may include: • Complexity in maintaining interoperability across multiple blockchains (Ethereum, Polygon, Optimism, Base) • Resource limitations within the DIMO core development team or key partners • Delays in launching planned features (e.g., decentralised data access APIs, staking mechanisms, or upgraded governance frameworks)	Free alphanumeric text

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		• Unforeseen bugs, vulnerabilities, or performance bottlenecks in smart contracts or network infrastructure Such technical issues could delay roadmap execution or limit the project's ability to deliver value and utility through the DIMO token. Regulatory Developments The DIMO ecosystem operates in a regulatory grey area that continues to evolve. Implementation of the project may be impacted by: • Changes to digital asset regulation in key jurisdictions (e.g., the UK, EU, US) • New compliance obligations around token offerings, consumer protection, or data privacy • Legal requirements to restructure entities (e.g., DIMO Foundation Ltd in Gibraltar) or register as a regulated crypto-asset service provider • Potential enforcement actions against exchanges or infrastructure partners affecting DIMO token accessibility These factors may result in geographic restrictions, additional compliance burdens, or a need to adjust how the platform and token are offered and used. Third-Party Dependence The DIMO ecosystem relies on a wide range of third-party services and infrastructure providers, including: • Blockchain node operators and indexers	

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		(e.g. The Graph) • Crypto wallet providers • Centralised exchanges and decentralised exchanges • Vehicle connectivity hardware or API providers • Fiat on-ramp and custodial service partners • Cross-chain bridges and token swap infrastructure Operational failure, deplatforming, downtime, or security breaches at any of these critical touchpoints could disrupt core user functionality, impair access to DIMO tokens, or compromise platform resilience. Data Integration and Hardware Compatibility DIMO's core value proposition hinges on users connecting their vehicles to the network via devices or native integrations. Implementation risks include: • Delays or failures in scaling the supply or compatibility of DIMO hardware devices • Incomplete or unreliable data from certain vehicle makes or models • Security vulnerabilities in IoT interfaces that could compromise data integrity • User difficulty onboarding vehicles, which could reduce participation and data supply These challenges may limit the network's	

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		ability to deliver a scalable and decentralised mobility data marketplace. Governance and Ecosystem Coordination Risks Though the DIMO ecosystem aims to transition to decentralised governance, early-stage development remains guided by the Foundation and affiliated contributors. Risks include: • Coordination failures among community members, governance delegates, and ecosystem partners • Misalignment between token holders, developers, and ecosystem stakeholders • Low voter participation or voting power concentration that could delay critical upgrades or fund allocation decisions Poor execution of governance processes could stall innovation or compromise the fairness and effectiveness of the ecosystem's development.	
I.5	Technology-related risks	Blockchain Infrastructure Dependence DIMO operates across multiple blockchain networks, including Ethereum and Layer 2 solutions like Polygon, Optimism, and Base. The platform's performance and the DIMO token's usability are dependent on the continued stability and security of these networks. Risks include: • Network Congestion – Delays or failed transactions during periods of high traffic • Increased Gas Fees – Fluctuations in transaction costs, especially on	Free alphanumeric text

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		Ethereum mainnet • Downtime or Forks – Blockchain outages or contentious upgrades could disrupt operations • Protocol Changes – Upgrades at the blockchain level may require updates to DIMO smart contracts Smart Contract Vulnerabilities While DIMO smart contracts are subject to audits and internal reviews, they may still contain undiscovered bugs or vulnerabilities that could: • Lead to unintended loss or locking of tokens • Allow unauthorised access to user data or funds • Be exploited by malicious actors to manipulate system functions As with all smart contracts, on-chain transactions are immutable — any errors or exploits could be irreversible. Cross-Chain Integration Risks DIMO supports multi-chain deployment and token bridging. However, cross-chain protocols are technically complex and introduce added risks: • Bridge Exploits – Cross-chain bridges have been frequent targets of large-scale attacks • Inconsistencies Across Networks – Differences in gas mechanics, standards, or user interfaces may confuse users or result in token loss • Interoperability Issues – Delays or	

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		errors in synchronising DIMO token balances across chains Vehicle Integration and Hardware Risks DIMO relies on vehicle data connectivity — whether via first-party hardware devices or third-party integrations. Risks include: • Hardware Malfunctions – Devices may fail, become obsolete, or suffer from supply chain delays • Software Bugs – Firmware or mobile app errors could impact user onboarding or data accuracy • Incompatibility – Limited support for certain makes, models, or vehicle types could restrict adoption Hardware risks are especially significant in a decentralised mobility protocol like DIMO, where vehicle connectivity underpins token rewards. Evolving Tech Landscape The crypto and mobility industries evolve rapidly. DIMO faces the risk of technological obsolescence due to: • Emergence of Competing Protocols – Rival networks may offer superior performance or incentives • Shifts in Developer Tools and Frameworks – Changes in underlying development environments could make upgrades or maintenance more difficult • User Expectations – As UX standards improve across Web3, failure to maintain intuitive, secure interfaces may hinder adoption	

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		Data Privacy and Security Risks DIMO users contribute sensitive data (e.g. location, driving behaviour). Although the platform promotes user ownership and control, risks include: • Data Breaches – Exploits or backend misconfigurations could expose sensitive data • Metadata Correlation – Even anonymised data could potentially be re-identified if not properly protected • Third-Party Risks – Integrations with external apps or data consumers may carry their own vulnerabilities.	
I.6	Mitigation measures	Smart Contract Audits & Formal Reviews • Auditing: DIMO's smart contracts are subject to third-party security audits by reputable blockchain security firms. • Open Source: Code is made publicly available for transparency and community review. • Bug Bounties: Incentivised programmes may be used to discover and report vulnerabilities before they are exploited. Multi-Chain Strategy & Network Resilience • Layer 2 Deployments: By launching on Layer 2 networks (e.g., Polygon, Optimism, Base), DIMO reduces gas fees and transaction congestion. • Fallback Options: Should one network experience outages or instability, core functionality can continue on alternate	Free alphanumeric text

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		supported chains. • Bridge Caution: Encouragement of only audited or established token bridges to reduce cross-chain risk exposure. Secure Infrastructure & Decentralised Components • Decentralised Storage: Sensitive data (e.g., driving logs) can be distributed using secure and privacy-preserving protocols, reducing reliance on centralised infrastructure. • Node Redundancy: Where applicable, infrastructure is deployed across multiple cloud providers or nodes to prevent downtime. • Rate Limiting & Anti-Spam Logic: Prevents abuse or denial-of-service threats from overwhelming the platform. Device-Level Security & Compatibility Safeguards • Firmware Updates: DIMO hardware supports secure over-the-air (OTA) firmware updates to patch vulnerabilities and ensure compliance. • Certification & Testing: Devices go through QA testing to ensure compatibility with supported vehicle types. • User Opt-In Privacy: Drivers retain control over which data they share and can disconnect their vehicle at any time.	
Part J – Information on the sustainability indicators in relation to adverse impact on the climate and other environment-related adverse impacts			

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J.1	Adverse impacts on climate and other environment- related adverse impacts	DIMO uses Proof-of-Stake (PoS) blockchain networks, which have substantially lower energy usage than traditional Proof-of-Work (PoW) networks. • Proof-of-Stake (PoS) Mechanism: PoS is a consensus mechanism used in blockchain networks as an alternative to PoW. PoS relies on validators holding a certain amount of cryptocurrency to secure the network and validate transactions, as opposed to the energy-intensive mining process used in PoW. Compared to PoW, PoS has a much lower environmental impact. PoW requires miners to solve complex mathematical problems using large amounts of computational power, which consumes a significant amount of electricity. This has led to concerns about the environmental impact of PoW, as it contributes to greenhouse gas emissions and climate change. • Energy Efficiency: In contrast, PoS requires much less energy to operate, as validators are not required to perform complex calculations. This means that the environmental impact of PoS is significantly lower than that of PoW. • Sustainability Measures: Additionally, some PoS networks have implemented various sustainability measures, such as using renewable energy sources or carbon offsets, to further reduce their	Free alphanumerical text

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		environmental impact. However, it is worth noting that PoS is not without environmental impact. While it may not consume as much energy as PoW, PoS still requires the use of computers and servers, which have their own environmental impact in terms of manufacturing and disposal. Additionally, the energy consumption of PoS networks can increase as the number of validators and transactions on the network grows.	