This white paper has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Commission Implementing Regulation 2024/2984 of 29 November 2024 implementing technical standards for the application of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to forms, formats and templates for the crypto-asset White Paper

EigenLayer (EIGEN) Token White Paper

This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.

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		Not applicable **Part C - Information about the operator of the trading platform in cases where it draws up the crypto-asset white paper and information about other persons** C.1 Name C.2 Legal form C.3 Registered address C.4 Head office C.5 Registration Date C.6 Legal entity identifier C.7 Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law C.8 Parent company C.9 Reason for crypto-Asset white paper Preparation C.10 Members of the Management body C.11 Operator business activity C.12 Parent company business activity C.13 Other persons drawing up the crypto-asset white paper according to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 C.14 Reason for drawing the white paper by persons referred to in Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 **Part D - Information about the crypto-asset project** D.1 Crypto-asset project name D.2 Crypto-assets name D.3 Abbreviation D.4 Crypto-asset project description D.5 Details of all natural or legal persons involved in the implementation of the crypto-asset project	

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No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
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01	Date of notification	2025–[XX]–[XX]	YYYY-MM-DD
02	Statement in accordance with Article 6(3) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Regarding offerors: This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the	Predefined alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		content of this crypto-asset white paper.	
03	Compliance statement in accordance with Article 6(6) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	This crypto-asset white paper complies with Title II of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council and, to the best of the knowledge of the management body, the information presented in the crypto-asset white paper is fair, clear and not misleading and the crypto-asset white paper makes no omission likely to affect its import.	Predefined alphanumerical text
04	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (a), (b), (c), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this crypto-asset white paper may lose its value in part or in full, may not always be transferable and may not be liquid.	Predefined alphanumerical text
05	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), point (d), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	true The utility token referred to in this white paper may not be exchangeable against the good or service promised in this white paper, especially in the case of a failure or discontinuation of the crypto-asset project.	'true' – Yes 'false' – Not applicable If Yes, Predefined alphanumerical text
06	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (e) and (f), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper is not covered by the investor compensation schemes under Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council or the deposit guarantee schemes under Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.	Predefined alphanumerical text
SUMMARY			

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
07	Warning in accordance with Article 6(7), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Warning This summary should be read as an introduction to the crypto-asset white paper. The prospective holder should base any decision to purchase this crypto-asset on the content of the crypto- asset white paper as a whole and not on the summary alone. The offer to the public of this crypto-asset does not constitute an offer or solicitation to purchase financial instruments and any such offer or solicitation can be made only by means of a prospectus or other offer documents pursuant to the applicable national law. This crypto-asset white paper does not constitute a prospectus as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council or any other offer document pursuant to Union or national law.	Predefined alphanumerical text
08	Characteristics of the crypto-asset	The EigenLayer (“**Eigen**”) token is a utility token as defined by Article 3(1)(9) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and Council of 31 May 2023 on markets in crypto-assets (“**MiCA**”). EigenLayer is a protocol built on Ethereum that introduces Restaking, a new primitive for Web3 builders that provides a "marketplace for trust" bringing together Restakers, Operators, and Autonomous Verifiable Services (AVSs). It allows users to stake assets such as the EIGEN token into EigenLayer smart contracts, thereby extending Ethereum's cryptoeconomic security to additional applications on the network.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
09		Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
10	Key information about the offer to the public or admission to trading	https://coinmarketcap.com/currencies/eigenlayer/ As of 2025-04-04, the Eigen token has a fully diluted valuation of approximately USD$1,380,000,000, corresponding to its maximum supply of 1,710,000,000 Eigen tokens.	Free alphanumerical text
Part A - Information about the offeror or the person seeking admission to trading			
A.1	Name	Eigen Labs, Inc	Free alphanumerical text
A.2	Legal form	Legal entity	ISO standard 20275 'Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)'
A.3	Registered address	Redmond, WA, United States	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.4	Head office	Redmond, WA, United States	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.5	Registration date	Information not publicly available	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
A.6	Legal entity identifier	Not applicable	{LEI}
A.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Not applicable	Free text
A.8	Contact telephone number	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text
A.9	E-mail address	eigenlayer.xyz	Free alphanumerical text
A.10	Response time (Days)	Not publicly available information.	{DURATION}
A.11	Parent company	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
A.12	Members of the management body	Information not publicly available	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format
A.13	Business activity	Fintech	Free alphanumerical text
A.14	Parent company business activity	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
A.15	Newly established	false	‘true’ – Yes ‘false’ – No

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
A.16	Financial condition for the past three years	No publicly available information.	Free alphanumerical text
A.17	Financial condition since registration	No publicly available information.	Free alphanumerical text
Part B - Information about the issuer, if different from the offeror or person seeking admission to trading			
Not applicable			
Part C- Information about the operator of the trading platform in cases where it draws up the crypto-asset white paper and information about other persons drawing the crypto-asset white paper pursuant to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114			
C.1	Name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
C.2	Legal form	Legal entity	ISO standard 20275 ‘Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)’
C.3	Registered address	Pikioni, 10 Flat/Office 5, 3075, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
C.4	Head office	Pikioni, 10 Flat/Office 5, 3075, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
			and Free alphanumerical text
C.5	Registration date	2022-08-09	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
C.6	Legal entity identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}
C.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Company registration number: HE430310	Free text
C.8	Parent company	Revolut Group Holdings Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
C.9	Reason for crypto-asset white paper Preparation	This crypto-asset white paper has been drawn up in accordance with the requirements of Article 4, Article 6 and Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114.	Free alphanumerical text
C.10	Members of the Management body	Mr Costas Michael (CEO) Mr Christos Drakos (CFO) Mr Ioannis Ashiotis (NED) Mr Konstantinos Adamos (NED)	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format
C.11	Operator business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a financial technology company registered as a crypto-assets services provider by the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd provides crypto-asset services across the European Union, including buying, selling, and exchange of crypto-assets. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd has applied to the Cyprus Securities and Exchange	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Commission for a crypto-asset services provider (CASP) authorisation under Regulation (EU) 2023/1114. The authorisation is expected to cover the following crypto-asset services: ● exchange of crypto-assets for funds ● exchange of crypto-assets for crypto-assets ● operation of a Trading Platform ● custody and administration of crypto-assets ● transfer of crypto-assets	
C.12	Parent company business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Revolut Group Holdings Ltd, a private company limited by shares registered in England and Wales (company number: 12743269)	Free alphanumerical text
C.13	Other persons drawing up the crypto-asset white paper according to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
C.14	Reason for drawing the white paper by persons referred to in Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
Part D- Information about the crypto-asset project			
D.1	Crypto-asset project name	EigenLayer (Eigen)	Free alphanumerical text
D.2	Crypto-assets name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
D.3	Abbreviation	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.4	Crypto-asset project description	EigenLayer is a protocol built on Ethereum that introduces Restaking, a new primitive for Web3 builders that provides a "marketplace for trust" bringing together Restakers, Operators, and Autonomous Verifiable Services (AVSs). It allows users to stake assets such as the EIGEN token into EigenLayer smart contracts, thereby extending Ethereum's cryptoeconomic security to additional applications on the network. It fosters innovation by enabling newer projects to benefit from Ethereum's robust security guarantees without the need to replicate the costly process of securing their own network.	Free alphanumerical text
D.5	Details of all natural or legal persons involved in the implementation of the crypto-asset project	Not publicly available.	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format
D.6	Utility Token Classification	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
D.7	Key Features of Goods/Services for Utility Token Projects	**Purpose within Eigenlayer Ecosystem**: ● The EigenToken (EIGEN) is primarily used as an incentive mechanism within the Eigenlayer protocol, which allows for secure restaking of assets. ● It facilitates security services within the ecosystem by enabling the participation of validators and other participants in secure staking to enhance blockchain security.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Incentivisation of Validators: ● Validators who stake assets can use EigenToken to receive rewards, ensuring that there is a continuous mechanism for enhancing and maintaining the security of the network. ● These validators may also be penalised with EigenTokens if they act maliciously or fail to meet required network standards, ensuring the integrity and performance of the system. **Usage in Network Operations**: ● The EigenToken plays a vital role in the security of blockchain networks that are built on Ethereum by allowing users to re-stake assets for extra services beyond just regular staking. ● This restaking mechanism can support a wide range of services within the ecosystem, including data availability, transaction processing, and validation of various network actions. **Token Utility**: ● The EigenToken serves as a value exchange within the protocol and allows users to access a variety of network services, including validation and other blockchain enhancements. ● The token can be used to participate in governance within the Eigenlayer system, enabling holders to vote on important decisions such as protocol upgrades or changes to the staking parameters.	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		DeFi Interactions: ● EigenTokens also enable interactions within the DeFi (Decentralised Finance) space, such as supporting decentralised protocols built on Ethereum and other compatible blockchains. ● It allows for seamless cross-chain interactions by leveraging the Ethereum network, enhancing the interoperability of the system. **Decentralisation & Security**: ● The core mission of the EigenToken is to enhance decentralisation and security. Through restaking mechanisms, it strengthens the base layer of blockchain infrastructure and ensures that validators are incentivised to act in the best interest of the network. **Governance**: ● EigenToken holders are granted governance rights within the Eigenlayer ecosystem, meaning that token holders can vote on critical issues such as protocol upgrades, economic model changes, or other governance decisions affecting the ecosystem. **Use in Multi-Chain Ecosystems**: ● As Eigenlayer enables cross-chain interaction, the EigenToken can potentially be used in multiple ecosystems beyond just Ethereum, providing liquidity and security on various blockchain networks.	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
D.8	Plans for the token	**1. Enhance Blockchain Security Through Restaking:** ● EigenToken is a critical part of Eigenlayer, which aims to introduce an innovative restaking mechanism to enhance the security and decentralisation of the Ethereum blockchain and other supported networks. ● The plan is to expand the use of EigenToken as a tool to re-stake assets for validating services beyond Ethereum, leveraging the security and data integrity offered by Ethereum's Proof of Stake (PoS) consensus mechanism. **2. Wider Ecosystem Expansion:** ● Eigenlayer and EigenToken aim to expand their ecosystem by allowing validators to participate in more services across multiple blockchains and decentralised applications (dApps). ● The EigenToken will continue to be used as an incentive mechanism for validators in this broader ecosystem, driving new ways for blockchain networks to leverage restaked assets to secure and enhance their networks. **3. Decentralised Service Expansion:** ● The token will support decentralised services by enabling various services such as data availability for decentralised applications (dApps) and off-chain computation to be secured and	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		incentivised by the restaking process. ● It is planned to offer decentralised security across multiple networks, increasing scalability and trust for services that require security and data integrity. **4. Governance Mechanism:** ● The EigenToken will play a vital role in governance within the Eigenlayer protocol. Token holders will have the power to vote on important proposals regarding the protocol's upgrades, staking parameters, and other significant decisions within the network. ● This feature is designed to ensure that the Eigenlayer protocol remains decentralised and community-driven, allowing users and stakeholders to contribute to the network's future direction. **5. Cross-Chain and Multi-Ecosystem Participation:** ● There is a clear plan to support cross-chain interactions with other blockchains and decentralised networks. ● This will enable EigenToken holders to use their tokens across multiple blockchain ecosystems, providing them with liquidity, security, and participation rights across various decentralised platforms. **6. Token Economy and Staking Rewards:** ● The EigenToken will continue to offer	

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		staking rewards to participants who secure the network by validating services and assets across multiple chains. ● The staking model will be adjusted and enhanced as the network grows, with rewards provided for users who contribute to the overall security and decentralisation of Eigenlayer and associated services. **7. Community Involvement and Expansion:** ● The EigenToken will also support community-driven growth, where token holders can actively participate in discussions, governance, and proposals for enhancing the Eigenlayer protocol. ● Engagement through community incentives, social media interactions, and collaborative projects is expected to grow alongside the token's utility.	
D.9	Resource allocation	Offering initially made 2023-05-01 with 234,970,000 in circulation as of 2025-04-04.	Free alphanumerical text
D.10	Planned use of collected funds or crypto-assets	The planned use of collected funds from the initial offering and ongoing operations will generally be directed towards the following key areas: 1. **Network Development and Ecosystem Growth** A significant portion of the funds will be allocated towards the continuous development of the EigenLayer network. This includes building infrastructure, scaling the platform, and integrating new protocols to enhance the functionality and capabilities	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		of the network. 2. **Security and Network Incentives** As EigenLayer is built on Ethereum's security model, funds will be used to ensure strong network incentives for stakers and participants to secure and validate the network. 3. **Team and Community Growth** Funds will also support expanding the core team and fostering community engagement, including strategic hires and partnerships. Building an active community and educating users about the platform is a key part of the project's future roadmap. 4. **Legal, Regulatory, and Compliance Requirements** The project will ensure that necessary legal and regulatory frameworks are adhered to, setting aside funds for compliance measures to operate in various jurisdictions. These plans aim to ensure the long-term viability and growth of the EigenLayer ecosystem, creating a sustainable environment for decentralised staking and Layer 2 services. However, specific details of fund allocations and financial projections would typically be further detailed in the official documentation or updates provided by the project.	
Part E - Information about the offer to the public of crypto-assets or their admission to trading			
E.1	Public offering or admission to trading	ATTR	'OTPC' - offer to the public 'ATTR' - admission to trading

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.2	Reasons for public offer or admission to trading	**Enabling Decentralised Security and Services** EigenLayer is designed to extend Ethereum's security model by allowing for decentralised re-staking of ETH on the EigenLayer network. This process strengthens the security and reliability of the network by reusing Ethereum's established trust. The admission of the Eigen token to trading is vital for promoting this innovative decentralised service, which provides security as a service for various blockchain protocols. **Encouraging Participation and Network Growth** By having the Eigen token listed on exchanges, the project aims to encourage both individual and institutional participants to become active contributors to the network. EIGEN tokens incentivise validators and stakers within the EigenLayer ecosystem to secure the platform, validate transactions, and participate in governance. The broader availability of the token via exchanges boosts liquidity, which in turn makes it easier for participants to engage with the network. **Facilitating Stakeholder Participation and Governance** The Eigen token enables governance mechanisms within the EigenLayer ecosystem. Token holders can participate in key decisions such as protocol upgrades, economic incentives, and other important features of the platform. By allowing the token to be traded publicly, EigenLayer is expanding its governance framework and allowing users to	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		have a stake in the decision-making process. **Providing Liquidity and Market Access** A public listing ensures that the Eigen token can be bought and sold by a broader audience. This creates liquidity in the token's market, allowing users to trade freely, acquire tokens for staking, or sell them as needed. Market access is critical for the ecosystem's sustainability, as it allows the EigenLayer to attract more participants and investors. **Attracting Developers and Ecosystem Partnerships** The admission to trading serves as a way to increase the visibility of the Eigen token and attract potential developers and partners who want to build on or integrate with the EigenLayer. The project's success depends on attracting external projects that could use the re-staking mechanism to bolster their security. As such, listing the token publicly helps establish the project's position within the wider blockchain and cryptocurrency ecosystem.	
E.3	Fundraising target	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.4	Minimum subscription goals	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.5	Maximum subscription goals	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.6	Oversubscription acceptance	false	‘true’- Yes ‘false’ – No
E.7	Oversubscription allocation	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.8	Issue price	4.93	Amount in monetary value{DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.9	Official currency or any other crypto-assets determining the issue price	USD	{CURRENCYCODE_3} or {DTI}
E.10	Subscription fee	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.11	Offer price determination method	The offer price of the Eigen token is typically determined based on a combination of market conditions, project valuation, supply and demand, investor sentiment, early-stage investor pricing, and the pricing of similar projects in the market.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.12	Total number of offered/traded crypto-assets	1,480,000,000 of the total fixed number of 234,970,000 in circulation as of 2025-04-04.	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.13	Targeted holders	ALL	‘RETL’ – retail investors ‘PROF’ – professional investors ‘ALL’ – all types of investors
E.14	Holder restrictions	There are currently no formal restrictions on who may hold or trade Eigen tokens enforced by the Eigen token contract or community. However, access may be restricted by exchange platforms or national laws.	Free alphanumerical text
E.15	Reimbursement notice	Purchasers participating in the offer to the public of crypto-asset will be able to be reimbursed if the minimum target subscription goal is not reached at the end of the offer to the public, if they exercise the right to withdrawal provided for in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114.	Predefined alphanumerical text
E.16	Refund mechanism	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.17	Refund timeline	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.18	Offer phases	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.19	Early purchase discount	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.20	Time-limited offer	false	'true'- Yes 'false' – No
E.21	Subscription period beginning	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.22	Subscription period end	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.23	Safeguarding arrangements for offered funds/crypto- Assets	The safeguards in place for the **Eigen token (EIGEN)** include: 1. **Blockchain Security**: The Eigen token leverages Ethereum's Proof of Stake (PoS) security model, ensuring the security of transactions and the integrity of the network through decentralised validation. 2. **Decentralised Governance**: Token holders can participate in governance decisions, ensuring a decentralised approach to protocol changes, which helps prevent centralised control and maintains the security of the network. 3. **Smart Contract Audits**: The project undergoes thorough security audits of its smart contracts to prevent vulnerabilities and ensure safe interactions within the ecosystem. 4. **Validator Incentives**: Validators are incentivised to act honestly through staking rewards, which helps maintain network security and reduces the risk of malicious activity.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		5. **Platform-Specific Security**: For trading, Eigen tokens are subject to the security measures of exchanges, including AML/KYC compliance, two-factor authentication (2FA), and other standard exchange safeguards.	
E.24	Payment methods for crypto-asset purchase	The payment methods for purchasing the Eigen are generally: 1. **Cryptocurrency-to-Cryptocurrency (Crypto-to-Crypto)**: Users can purchase Eigen tokens through cryptocurrency exchanges using common trading pairs like EIGEN/ETH or EIGEN/USDT. This method is used on both decentralised and centralised exchanges. 2. **Fiat-to-Crypto Purchases**: On centralised exchanges that support fiat-to-crypto trading users can purchase widely used cryptocurrencies using fiat currencies (e.g., USD, GBP, EUR) and then trade those for Eigen tokens. 3. **Peer-to-Peer (P2P)**: Users can also acquire Eigen tokens through peer-to-peer transactions or platforms that support ERC-20 tokens, directly arranging transfers with other holders. The payment methods are primarily determined by the exchange or platform supporting the token.	Free alphanumerical text
E.25	Value transfer methods for reimbursement	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.26	Right of withdrawal	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.27	Transfer of purchased crypto-assets	The process for transferring Eigen typically involves the following steps: 1. **Transfer from Exchange to Wallet**: After purchasing Eigen tokens on a centralised exchange (CEX) you can transfer the tokens to a personal Ethereum-compatible wallet. Ensure that the exchange supports EIGEN withdrawals to an external wallet. The process may involve fees, minimum withdrawal amounts, and some exchanges may require identity verification (KYC) for withdrawals. 2. **Decentralised Transfers**: If the tokens are held in a decentralised exchange (DEX) or wallet, transferring tokens to another wallet is straightforward. You can initiate a wallet-to-wallet transaction through the platform or wallet interface, entering the recipient's wallet address and the desired amount of tokens. Ethereum's standard gas fees apply for transactions to cover the cost of processing on the Ethereum blockchain. 3. **Token Security**: Eigen token holders retain full control of their tokens in non-custodial wallets, meaning the wallet's private keys are solely managed by the user. Always ensure the security of your private keys and wallet credentials when transferring tokens. 4. **Compliance with Legal**	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Requirements: Transfers may be subject to applicable legal frameworks or regulatory restrictions based on the jurisdiction of the user or exchange platform. It is essential to comply with AML and KYC regulations when conducting transfers, particularly for large amounts or in restricted jurisdictions. In summary, transferring Eigen tokens involves initiating transactions from exchanges or directly between wallets on the Ethereum network, with gas fees applying for network processing.	
E.28	Transfer time schedule	0000-00-00	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.29	Purchaser's technical requirements	To acquire, store, and interact with Eigen tokens, purchasers must meet certain technical requirements that ensure compatibility with the Ethereum blockchain and the ERC-20 token standard. **Digital Wallet** Purchasers must use a digital wallet compatible with ERC-20 tokens. Commonly used wallets include MetaMask, Trust Wallet, Ledger (hardware wallet), and other Ethereum-compatible wallets. These wallets enable interaction with the Ethereum blockchain, facilitate the transfer and storage of EIGEN tokens, and allow participation in decentralised applications (dApps) or restaking services where EIGEN is used. **ETH for Gas Fees** In addition to holding EIGEN tokens, users	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		must maintain a sufficient balance of ETH in their wallets to cover gas fees. These fees are required for processing transactions, such as sending EIGEN tokens, interacting with smart contracts, or using Ethereum-based platforms. Gas fees are paid in ETH and can vary depending on network demand. **Centralised Exchange Account** For those purchasing EIGEN tokens on centralised exchanges, an exchange account is required. These platforms may request account verification and Know Your Customer (KYC) procedures, depending on regulatory requirements in the user's jurisdiction. Once EIGEN tokens are acquired, they can be held on the exchange or withdrawn to a personal Ethereum-compatible wallet for self-custody or use within the EigenLayer ecosystem.	
E.30	Crypto-asset service provider (CASP) name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
E.31	CASP identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}
E.32	Placement form	WOUT	'WITH- with a firm commitment basis 'WOUT' - without a firm commitment basis 'NTAV' - Not applicable
E.33	Trading platforms name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.34	Trading platforms Market identifier code (MIC)	Not applicable	{MIC}
E.35	Trading platforms access	**CEXs** For example: 1. **Account Creation on Exchange** Access the exchange's website. Select "Create Account" and complete the registration process by providing an email address, username, and password. 2. **Identity Verification (KYC)** After account creation, proceed to the verification section. Submit the required identification documents (passport, national ID card, or driver's licence) as part of the verification process. Verification is mandatory to enable fiat deposits, withdrawals, and full trading functionality. 3. **Fund Deposit** Navigate to the "Funding" section of the platform. Deposit funds using supported methods, which may include bank transfers, debit or credit card payments, or crypto deposits. 4. **Eigen Token Purchase** Access the "Trade" section of the platform. Locate the Eigen trading pair (e.g.,	Free alphanumerical text

<table>
<tr><th>No</th><th>FIELD</th><th>CONTENT TO BE REPORTED</th><th>FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING</th></tr>
<tr><td></td><td></td><td>Eigen/USDT) and enter the desired purchase amount.
Complete the transaction by placing a market or limit order.</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>E.36</td><td>Involved costs</td><td><table>
<tr><th>Platform Type</th><th>Fee Type</th><th>Cost Estimat</th></tr>
<tr><td>Centralised Exchange (CEX)</td><td>Trading Fee</td><td>0.1%–0.4% per tr</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>Withdrawal Fee</td><td>~0.0005 ETH or platform-specific amount</td></tr>
<tr><td>Decentralised Exchange (DEX)</td><td>Swap Fee</td><td>~0.25-0.3%</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>Gas Fee (SOL)</td><td><$0.001 per trade</td></tr>
<tr><td>Fiat On-Ramp</td><td>Service/Processing</td><td>3%–5%</td></tr>
</table></td><td>Free alphanumerical text</td></tr>
<tr><td>E.37</td><td>Offer expenses</td><td>Eigen did not incur formal offer expenses, as there was no structured offering or public sale. All trading commenced organically, with the only expenses being standard Ethereum gas fees related to smart contract deployment and liquidity pool creation. The intention of the Eigen project was to leverage community-driven resources, and any</td><td>Free alphanumerical text and Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3}</td></tr>
</table>

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		additional costs were covered by the project's initial funding.	
E.38	Conflicts of interest	No known conflicts of interest	Free alphanumerical text
E.39	Applicable law	Washington	Drop-down list of applicable laws
E.40	Competent court	Competent courts of the State of Washington	
Part F - Information about the crypto-assets			
F.1	Crypto-asset type	Utility token	Free alphanumerical text
F.2	Crypto-asset functionality	See D.8	Free alphanumerical text
F.3	Planned application of functionalities	See D.8. Timelines subject to change and development times.	Free alphanumerical text
A description of the characteristics of the crypto-asset, including the data necessary for classification of the crypto-asset white paper in the register referred to in Article 109 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114, as specified in accordance with paragraph 8 of that Article			
F.4	Type of crypto-asset white paper	OTHR	OTHR
F.5	The type of submission	NEWT	NEWT = New MODI = Modify EROR = Error CORR = Correction
F.6	Crypto-asset characteristics	Ethereum	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Fixed supply of 1,710,000,000 tokens	
F.7	Commercial name or trading name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
F.8	Website of the issuer	Eigenlayer.xyz	Free alphanumerical text
F.9	Starting date of offer to the public or admission to trading	2024-05-10	YYYY-MM-DD
F.10	Publication date	2025-[XX]-[XX]	YYYY-MM-DD
F.11	Any other services provided by the issuer	Web3 development	Free alphanumerical text
F.12	Language or languages of the crypto-asset white paper	English	Closed list of EU languages
F.13	Digital token identifier code used to uniquely identify the crypto-asset or each of the several crypto assets to which the white paper relates, where available	Not applicable	ISO 24165 Digital Token Identifier
F.14	Functionally fungible group digital token identifier, where available	Not applicable	ISO 24165 FFG DTI
F.15	Voluntary data flag	false	‘true’ – voluntary ‘false’ – mandatory
F.16	Personal data flag	false	‘true’ – Yes ‘false’ – No

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
F.17	LEI eligibility	false	‘true’ – eligible ‘false’ – not eligible
F.18	Home Member State	Republic of Cyprus	Closed list of EU Member States
F.19	Host Member States	Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and Sweden.	Closed list of EU Member States
Part G - Information on the rights and obligations attached to the crypto-assets			
G.1	Purchaser rights and obligations	Purchasers of the Eigen token do not acquire any governance rights or enforceable obligations.	Free alphanumerical text
G.2	Exercise of rights and obligations	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.3	Conditions for modifications of rights and obligations	This is a community-based crypto, so would be determined by community consensus.	Free alphanumerical text
G.4	Future public offers	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.5	Issuer retained crypto-assets	Not applicable	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
G.6	Utility token classification	true	‘true’ – Yes ‘false’ – No
G.7	Key features of goods/services of utility tokens	See D.7.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
G.8	Utility tokens redemption	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.9	Non-trading request	false	‘true’ – sought ‘false’ – not sought
G.10	Crypto-assets purchase or sale modalities	Eigen tokens can be purchased and sold via both centralised exchanges (CEXs) and decentralised exchanges (DEXs) using common trading pairs such as EIGEN/USDT, EIGEN/ETH, or EIGEN/USDC.	Free alphanumerical text
G.11	Crypto-assets transfer restrictions	There are no specific transfer restrictions at the token level for Eigen tokens. The token is fully transferable on the Ethereum blockchain and holders can freely send or receive it between compatible wallets. However, Eigen tokens may be subject to certain transfer restrictions imposed by exchange platforms to comply with legal, regulatory, and operational requirements. These restrictions aim to ensure compliance with relevant anti-money laundering (AML), know-your-customer (KYC), and sanction-related laws. **Jurisdictional Restrictions** Eigen tokens cannot be transferred or sold to individuals or entities located in jurisdictions subject to sanctions or where the transfer or trading of crypto-assets is restricted under applicable laws and regulations. **Exchange-Imposed Restrictions** Transfers of Eigen tokens may be restricted or blocked when conducted through centralised exchanges if the purchaser's identity cannot	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		be verified in accordance with the exchange's AML/KYC procedures. Transactions involving unverified users may be limited, blocked, or reversed to ensure compliance with anti-money laundering (AML) and counter-terrorism financing (CTF) regulations. **Decentralised Transfers** It should be noted that decentralised exchanges generally allow unrestricted peer-to-peer transfers. However, users are individually responsible for ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations when using these platforms.	
G.12	Supply adjustment protocols	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.13	Supply adjustment mechanisms	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.14	Token value protection schemes	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.15	Token value protection schemes description	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.16	Compensation schemes	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.17	Compensation schemes description	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.18	Applicable law	Washington	Drop-down list of applicable laws
G.19	Competent court	Competent courts of the State of Washington	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
Part H – information on the underlying technology			
H.1	Distributed ledger technology (DTL)	Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT) refers to a decentralised digital infrastructure used for recording transactions across multiple locations simultaneously. Unlike traditional, centralised databases, DLT systems operate without a central authority, relying instead on a network of independent nodes, each maintaining a synchronised copy of the ledger. Transactions are validated through consensus mechanisms, promoting transparency, security, and resistance to tampering. One of the most widely adopted forms of DLT is blockchain, which consists of sequentially linked blocks containing timestamped transaction data. Each block is cryptographically connected to the previous one, making it virtually immutable and resistant to retroactive alteration. Blockchains can also support smart contracts, self-executing agreements that automate processes and enforce rules without intermediaries, thereby increasing trust and efficiency in decentralised systems. Blockchain-based DLT enhances transparency, consumer choice, and interoperability within the broader digital economy. Users can inspect open-source blockchain code, independently verify data integrity, and choose platforms that align with their preferences. The permissionless nature of public blockchains promotes seamless integration and innovation across applications, wallets, and services.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
H.2	Protocols and technical standards	**Primary Network: Ethereum Blockchain** The EIGEN token operates on the Ethereum blockchain, leveraging its mature and decentralised infrastructure. By building on Ethereum, EigenLayer benefits from its security, scalability, and active developer ecosystem. This setup allows EigenLayer to integrate deeply with existing Ethereum tooling, staking systems, and modular innovations. **DLT Type: Blockchain** EIGEN is an ERC-20 token functioning within the Ethereum blockchain environment. It follows the established ERC-20 standard, ensuring compatibility with a broad range of Ethereum wallets, DeFi protocols, and decentralised applications (dApps). The protocol also relies on smart contracts deployed on Ethereum to manage staking, slashing, and restaking functions. **Consensus Mechanism: Proof of Stake (PoS)** The EIGEN token inherits Ethereum's Proof of Stake (PoS) consensus model for underlying transaction validation and smart contract operations. This model supports high security, decentralisation, and energy efficiency, while enabling participation by ETH stakers through EigenLayer's restaking mechanism. **PoS Mechanism:** Validators on Ethereum secure the network by staking ETH. EigenLayer allows these validators to opt in and restake their ETH (or LSTs) to secure additional services, known as Actively Validated Services (AVSs), further extending Ethereum's trust network. Slashing	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		conditions are enforced via smart contracts when validators misbehave in AVS operations. **Token Standard: ERC-20** EIGEN conforms to the ERC-20 token standard, allowing for seamless integration with Ethereum-native tools, wallets, dApps, and decentralised exchanges. This ensures ease of use for token holders and supports broad utility across the Ethereum ecosystem.	
H.3	Technology used	**Ethereum-based Infrastructure** The EIGEN token operates within the Ethereum blockchain infrastructure, ensuring decentralisation, security, and scalability. While using Ethereum's main network, EIGEN ensures it remains highly efficient, allowing for low-cost transactions while upholding Ethereum's robust security model. This scalability ensures that EIGEN is suitable for high-volume transactions.	Free alphanumerical text
H.4	Consensus mechanism	The EIGEN token inherits Ethereum's Proof of Stake (PoS) consensus model for underlying transaction validation and smart contract operations. This model supports high security, decentralisation, and energy efficiency, while enabling participation by ETH stakers through EigenLayer's restaking mechanism.	Free alphanumerical text
H.5	Incentive mechanisms and applicable fees	**No Formal Incentive Mechanisms** The EIGEN token itself does not implement automated incentive structures such as staking rewards, yield farming, or token redistribution. Instead, any incentives for token holders or restakers arise through participation in EigenLayer's restaking ecosystem, where users may earn fees from Actively Validated	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Services (AVSs) by opting in and contributing validation. Incentives are voluntary and module-driven—they vary depending on which AVS a restaker participates in. There is no built-in yield or reward from simply holding the EIGEN token. **Transaction Fees:** On-Chain (Ethereum Network): ● Gas Fees: Standard Ethereum gas fees apply when transferring EIGEN or interacting with EigenLayer smart contracts. Fees vary based on network congestion and are paid in ETH. Decentralised Exchange (DEX) Fees: ● Swap Fees: Typically range from 0.25% to 0.30%, depending on the DEX and liquidity pool. Centralised Exchange (CEX) Fees: ● Trading Fees: Vary by platform, commonly between 0.1% and 0.5%. ● Withdrawal Fees: Charged when withdrawing EIGEN to external wallets; the amount depends on the platform. ● Fiat Conversion Fees: May apply when converting between fiat currencies and crypto via supported platforms.	
H.6	Use of distributed ledger technology	false	'true' – Yes, DLT operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer's behalf 'false' – No, DLT not operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer's behalf

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
H.7	DLT functionality description	The EIGEN token leverages Ethereum's blockchain as its decentralised ledger technology (DLT). As an ERC-20 token, EIGEN interacts seamlessly with Ethereum-compatible wallets and decentralised applications (dApps). It supports transfers, trading on DEXs and broader integration across the Ethereum DeFi ecosystem. ● **Network Security**: Transactions and smart contract executions are validated via Ethereum's Proof of Stake (PoS) consensus mechanism, ensuring strong security and resistance to censorship. ● **Transparency**: All EIGEN-related transactions are publicly viewable and verifiable via Ethereum blockchain explorers. ● **Ownership and Control**: EIGEN holders retain full control over their assets using non-custodial wallets, allowing for private and secure self-custody. EIGEN operates entirely within the Ethereum infrastructure, benefiting from its open, decentralised nature and robust smart contract environment. It does not rely on issuer-controlled infrastructure, preserving full decentralisation and transparency.	Free alphanumerical text
H.8	Audit	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
H.9	Audit outcome	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
Part I – Information on risks			
I.1	Offer-related risks	The offering and trading of EIGEN tokens involve several risks inherent to the broader crypto-asset market, particularly within decentralised infrastructure, staking ecosystems, and Ethereum-based projects. **Market Volatility** The price of EIGEN tokens may experience substantial fluctuations due to market sentiment, validator participation, changes in staking incentives, or broader economic and regulatory conditions. These fluctuations could result in financial loss for token holders or traders. **Liquidity Risk** There is no guarantee that EIGEN will consistently maintain high trading volume or market depth. Liquidity may be affected by exchange availability, token allocation among restakers, or changes in platform demand, potentially making it difficult to buy or sell the token at a stable price. **Regulatory Risk** The regulatory landscape for crypto-assets, including staking-based ecosystems like EigenLayer, is evolving and may change rapidly. Future regulations may introduce restrictions or obligations related to staking, yield, slashing risks, or token utility. Such changes could impact the usability or market perception of the EIGEN token. **AML/KYC Compliance** Participation through centralised exchanges or	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		fiat on-ramps may require users to undergo identity verification under anti-money laundering (AML) and know-your-customer (KYC) procedures. Non-compliance could result in restricted access to services or account limitations, depending on the user's jurisdiction. **Market Manipulation** EIGEN, like other publicly traded tokens, may be subject to manipulative practices such as wash trading, pump-and-dump schemes, or speculative activity. These can affect price discovery and lead to unexpected volatility. **Operational Risk** Technical disruptions, smart contract bugs, or performance issues on exchanges or the Ethereum network may delay or prevent transfers, staking operations, or AVS participation. Risks include downtime, slashing errors, or incorrect slashing due to software vulnerabilities.	
I.2	Issuer-related risks	EIGEN is issued by EigenLayer, a decentralised restaking protocol built on Ethereum. While the protocol is developed and maintained by Eigen Labs, it is not issued by a regulated financial institution and operates under decentralised coordination. **Decentralised Coordination** The ongoing success of the EigenLayer protocol and the EIGEN token depends on collaborative contributions from the core development team, restakers, AVS developers, and the wider community. A lack of alignment or loss of key contributors could affect progress, adoption, or governance.	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Brand Dependency The value and relevance of EIGEN are linked to the reputation and growth of the EigenLayer protocol. Reputational damage, loss of technical momentum, or competitive alternatives could reduce demand for the token. **Legal Alignment** Discrepancies between EigenLayer's operations and future regulatory frameworks could introduce legal risks, especially around staking, validation services, and slashing. Misalignment could result in penalties, forced modifications, or restrictions.	
I.3	Crypto-assets-related risks	EIGEN is a utility token designed for participation in the EigenLayer ecosystem, particularly in restaking and AVS validation. Its value is not backed by financial guarantees and is driven by ecosystem participation, governance relevance, and technical adoption. **Speculative Nature** EIGEN should be considered speculative. Its value depends on community perception, usage of the EigenLayer network, and validator participation, which may not correlate with intrinsic or technical value. **Blockchain Dependency** EIGEN operates fully on the Ethereum blockchain and is subject to Ethereum-related risks, including: • Network congestion or high gas fees • Smart contract vulnerabilities • Ethereum protocol upgrades or forks • Layer 1 dependency for settlement and consensus	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Future Use Cases While EIGEN is intended for use in AVS participation and staking alignment, additional features or governance utility may be introduced. These use cases are not guaranteed and may depend on community input, ecosystem partnerships, or regulatory approval.	
I.4	Project implementation-related risks	The future development and scalability of EigenLayer are dependent on various technical and community-driven factors. **Technical Limitations** Complex modules, new AVS integrations, or governance upgrades may face delays or fail to launch due to technical constraints, developer availability, or unanticipated bugs. **Regulatory Developments** Global regulatory changes regarding staking, slashing, token issuance, or validator services could force EigenLayer to adjust its operations or restrict functionality in certain jurisdictions. **Third-Party Reliance** EigenLayer relies on independent validators, external developers, and AVS builders. Any disruption in these partnerships or misaligned incentives could delay or limit protocol adoption and token utility.	Free alphanumerical text
I.5	Technology-related risks	**Smart Contract Vulnerabilities** As with all Ethereum-based protocols, EigenLayer's smart contracts could be susceptible to bugs or exploits if not properly audited. Malfunctions could lead to unintended slashing, token loss, or protocol instability. **Network Disruptions** Delays or failures on the Ethereum network	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		could affect restaking operations, AVS execution, or token transfers. Risks include block delays, consensus issues, and fork-related bugs. **DEX Integration Risks** Using EIGEN on decentralised exchanges may expose users to: • Price slippage • Front-running by bots • Interface issues or approval errors • Liquidity manipulation or shallow pools.	
I.6	Mitigation measures	**Exchange Listings** EIGEN is listed on several centralised and exchanges, supporting liquidity and market access. **Transparent Distribution** The initial EIGEN token distribution was performed via a stakedrop based on on-chain participation, ensuring a fair allocation without a public presale or preferential allocation. **Ecosystem Partnerships** EigenLayer is engaging with ecosystem partners to deploy Actively Validated Services (AVSs), increasing utility and incentivising validator participation. **Community Engagement** The protocol maintains open communication with its community and offers technical documentation, public governance discussions, and incentivised participation for validators and developers.	Free alphanumerical text
Part J – Information on the sustainability indicators in relation to adverse impact on the climate and other environment-related adverse impacts			

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
J.1	Adverse impacts on climate and other environment- related adverse impacts	**Low Environmental Impact (PoS-Based)** EigenLayer is built entirely on the Ethereum blockchain, which operates using a Proof of Stake (PoS) consensus mechanism. Compared to Proof of Work (PoW), PoS significantly reduces energy consumption and environmental impact. As a result, the operation of the EIGEN token and EigenLayer's smart contracts consumes relatively little electricity and does not rely on energy-intensive mining processes. **Environmental Policy Status** EigenLayer has not implemented a formal sustainability strategy or climate impact policy. While it benefits from Ethereum's eco-efficient consensus, no additional carbon offsetting or environmental initiatives are currently in place.	Free alphanumerical text