

This white paper has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Commission Implementing Regulation 2024/2984 of 29 November 2024 implementing technical standards for the application of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to forms, formats and templates for the crypto-asset White Paper

Starknet (STRK) Token White Paper

This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.

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01	Date of notification	2025-[XX]-[XX]	YYYY-MM-DD
02	Statement in accordance with Article 6(3) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Regarding offerors: This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.	Predefined alphanumerical text

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03	Compliance statement in accordance with Article 6(6) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	This crypto-asset white paper complies with Title II of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and of the Council and, to the best of the knowledge of the management body, the information presented in the crypto-asset white paper is fair, clear and not misleading and the crypto-asset white paper makes no omission likely to affect its import.	Predefined alphanumerical text
04	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (a), (b), (c), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this crypto-asset white paper may lose its value in part or in full, may not always be transferable and may not be liquid.	Predefined alphanumerical text
05	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), point (d), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	true The utility token referred to in this white paper may not be exchangeable against the good or service promised in this white paper, especially in the case of a failure or discontinuation of the crypto-asset project.	'true' – Yes 'false' – Not applicable If Yes, Predefined alphanumerical text
06	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (e) and (f), of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper is not covered by the investor compensation schemes under Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council or the deposit guarantee schemes under Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.	Predefined alphanumerical text
SUMMARY			

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07	Warning in accordance with Article 6(7), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Warning This summary should be read as an introduction to the crypto-asset white paper. The prospective holder should base any decision to purchase this crypto-asset on the content of the crypto- asset white paper as a whole and not on the summary alone. The offer to the public of this crypto-asset does not constitute an offer or solicitation to purchase financial instruments and any such offer or solicitation can be made only by means of a prospectus or other offer documents pursuant to the applicable national law. This crypto-asset white paper does not constitute a prospectus as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council or any other offer document pursuant to Union or national law.	Predefined alphanumerical text
08	Characteristics of the crypto-asset	The Starknet (" STRK ") token is a utility token as defined by Article 3(1)(9) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 of the European Parliament and Council of 31 May 2023 on markets in crypto-assets (" MiCA ").	Free alphanumerical text
09		Not applicable.	Free alphanumerical text
10	Key information about the offer to the public or admission to trading	https://www.coingecko.com/en/coins/starknet As of 2025-09-11, 4,077,130,043 STRK are circulating on a total/maximum supply of 10,000,000,000 STRK.	Free alphanumerical text
Part A - Information about the offeror or the person seeking admission to trading			

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
A.1	Name	StarkWare Industries Ltd.	Free alphanumerical text
A.2	Legal form	Legal entity	ISO standard 20275 'Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)'
A.3	Registered address	32 Hamelacha Street Netanya, HaMerkaz (IL-M), 4250567 Israel	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.4	Head office	32 Hamelacha Street Netanya, HaMerkaz (IL-M), 4250567 Israel	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumerical text
A.5	Registration date	2017-12-17	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
A.6	Legal entity identifier	515756666	{LEI}
A.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	Not applicable	Free text
A.8	Contact telephone number	+972 36074777	Free alphanumerical text
A.9	E-mail address	info@starkware.co	Free alphanumerical text
A.10	Response time (Days)	Information not publicly available	{DURATION}
A.11	Parent company	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
A.12	Members of the management body	Eli Ben-Sasson – CEO & Co-Founder Oren Katz – Chief Operating Officer (COO) Avihu Levy – Chief Product Officer (CPO) Uri Kolodny – Co-Founder, board member Matt Huang – Board Member Harish Devarajan – Independent Board Member	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format
A.13	Business activity	StarkWare Industries Ltd. develops advanced cryptographic technologies to enhance blockchain scalability and privacy, primarily through zero-knowledge proofs. They build and maintain Layer-2 solutions like StarkNet and StarkEx that significantly increase transaction throughput and reduce costs on Ethereum. The company also manages and supports the STRK governance token, which is integral to decentralised protocol governance and staking within the StarkNet ecosystem. Additionally, StarkWare provides developer tools, smart contract frameworks, and infrastructure to enable scalable and secure decentralised applications.	Free alphanumerical text
A.14	Parent company business activity	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
A.15	Newly established	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
A.16	Financial condition for the past three years	Information not publicly available.	Free alphanumerical text
A.17	Financial condition since registration	Information not publicly available.	Free alphanumerical text

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<i>Part B - Information about the issuer, if different from the offeror or person seeking admission to trading</i>			
Not applicable			
<i>Part C- Information about the operator of the trading platform in cases where it draws up the crypto-asset white paper and information about other persons drawing the crypto-asset white paper pursuant to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114</i>			
C.1	Name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumeric text
C.2	Legal form	Legal entity	ISO standard 20275 'Financial Services – Entity Legal Forms (ELF)'
C.3	Registered address	Pikioni, 10 Flat/Office 5, 3075, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumeric text
C.4	Head office	Pikioni, 10 Flat/Office 5, 3075, Limassol, Cyprus	ISO standard 3166-1 alpha 2 country codes and codes for their subdivisions and Free alphanumeric text
C.5	Registration date	2022-08-09	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
C.6	Legal entity identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}
C.7	Another identifier required pursuant to	Company registration number: HE430310	Free text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
	applicable national law		
C.8	Parent company	Revolut Group Holdings Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
C.9	Reason for crypto-asset white paper Preparation	This crypto-asset white paper has been drawn up in accordance with the requirements of Article 4, Article 6 and Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114.	Free alphanumerical text
C.10	Members of the Management body	Mr Costas Michael (CEO) Mr Christos Drakos (CFO) Mr Ioannis Ashiotis (NED) Mr Konstantinos Adamos (NED)	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format
C.11	Operator business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a financial technology company registered as a crypto-assets services provider by the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd provides crypto-asset services across the European Union, including buying, selling, and exchange of crypto-assets. Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd has applied to the Cyprus Securities and Exchange Commission for a crypto-asset services provider (CASP) authorisation under Regulation (EU) 2023/1114. The authorisation is expected to cover the following crypto-asset services: • exchange of crypto-assets for funds • exchange of crypto-assets for crypto-assets • operation of a Trading Platform • custody and administration of	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		crypto-assets transfer of crypto-assets	
C.12	Parent company business activity	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Revolut Group Holdings Ltd, a private company limited by shares registered in England and Wales (company number: 12743269)	Free alphanumerical text
C.13	Other persons drawing up the crypto-asset white paper according to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
C.14	Reason for drawing the white paper by persons referred to in Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part D- Information about the crypto-asset project</i>			
D.1	Crypto-asset project name	Starknet (STRK)	Free alphanumerical text
D.2	Crypto-assets name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.3	Abbreviation	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
D.4	Crypto-asset project description	The STRK token is the native utility token of StarkNet. StarkWare Industries Ltd manages and supports the STRK governance token, which is integral to decentralised protocol governance and staking within the StarkNet ecosystem. Additionally, StarkWare provides developer tools, smart contract frameworks, and infrastructure to enable scalable and secure decentralised applications.	Free alphanumerical text
D.5	Details of all natural or legal persons involved in the implementation of the crypto-asset	Legal persons (roles & key details) Starknet Foundation — ecosystem	Free alphanumerical text presented in a tabular format

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	project	steward and administrator of STRK distributions (e.g., 2024 “Provisions” program); incorporated as a Cayman foundation and governed by a board. • StarkWare Industries Ltd. — core developer of Starknet, creator of the STRK supply (May 2022; minted on-chain November 30, 2022), and currently the sequencer operator. Registered office: 32 Ha'Melacha St., Netanya 4250567, Israel. Natural persons (key contributors/governance) • Founders / early technical leads (StarkWare): Prof. Eli Ben-Sasson, Uri Kolodny, Michael Riabzev, Alessandro Chiesa. • Starknet Foundation initial board (7): Andrew McLaughlin, Eli Ben-Sasson, Eric Wall, Heather Meeker, Prof. Shubhangi Saraf, Tomasz Stańczak, Uri Kolodny. • Current executive leadership (Foundation): James Strudwick (announced August 6, 2024, as incoming Executive Director/lead).	
D.6	Utility Token Classification	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
D.7	Key Features of Goods/Services for Utility Token Projects	Key features of the STRK token include: Governance Token: STRK holders can propose and vote on protocol upgrades, network parameters, and treasury management, giving them influence over	Free alphanumeric text

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		StarkNet's future development. Staking & Rewards: STRK can be staked to secure the network and earn rewards, incentivising long-term participation and decentralisation. Utility within StarkNet Ecosystem: Besides governance, STRK is used for participation in network activities like fee payments and delegation. Part of the fees collected in STRK are converted into ETH by the sequencer to cover Ethereum Layer 1 gas fees, which are then paid in ETH.	
D.8	Plans for the token	Plans for the token include using STRK as a fee token on Starknet (alongside ETH, with STRK-supporting tx versions), rolling out staking to secure and decentralise the network (permissionless staking, delegation), and using governance to steer token economics and protocol upgrades. Distribution will continue via ecosystem programs (e.g., Provisions) while the broader roadmap links STRK utility to decentralised sequencing and an open-source stack.	Free alphanumerical text
D.9	Resource allocation	STRK has a maximum supply of 10,000,000,000 STRK tokens, with a circulating supply of 4,077,130,043 STRK. The initial token allocation is as follows: 20.04% – Early Contributors (Team, Devs, etc.) 18.17% – Investors 12.93% – Grants / Development Partners 10.76% – StarkWare (Operations & Service Providers)	Free alphanumerical text

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		10.00% – Foundation Strategic Reserves 9.00% – Community Provisions (e.g. Airdrops) 9.00% – Community Rebates (Ethereum onboarding) 8.10% – Foundation Treasury / Unallocated 2.00% – Donations (Universities, NGOs, etc.)	
D.10	Planned use of collected funds or crypto-assets	Improve incentive mechanisms: Enhance validator incentives by enabling them to raise their commission rates from delegators Reduce Transaction Fees: upgrade their versions and reduce transaction fees.	Free alphanumerical text
<i>Part E - Information about the offer to the public of crypto-assets or their admission to trading</i>			
E.1	Public offering or admission to trading	ATTR	‘OTPC’ - offer to the public ‘ATTR’ - admission to trading
E.2	Reasons for public offer or admission to trading	Decentralisation and Network Security: By introducing a tradable token, StarkWare aimed to incentivise validators and participants, thereby enhancing the decentralisation and security of the StarkNet ecosystem. The launch facilitated the establishment of a staking mechanism, allowing users to secure the network and earn rewards, which is crucial for the long-term sustainability of the platform. Community Engagement and Governance: The trading of STRK tokens enabled the implementation of a decentralised governance model. Token holders gained the ability to propose and vote on protocol upgrades and network parameters, fostering a more	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		community-driven development process. Market Liquidity and Ecosystem Growth: Listing STRK on exchanges provided liquidity, allowing users to trade and invest in the token, which can attract more participants to the StarkNet ecosystem. The availability of STRK on various platforms can lead to increased adoption and integration of StarkNet's Layer-2 solutions, contributing to the overall growth of the ecosystem.	
E.3	Fundraising target	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.4	Minimum subscription goals	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.5	Maximum subscription goals	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.6	Oversubscription acceptance	false	'true'- Yes 'false' – No
E.7	Oversubscription allocation	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text
E.8	Issue price	Not applicable. STRK was not offered to the public at a fixed price; the token's market value was established upon initial exchange listing.	Amount in monetary value{DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.9	Official currency or any other crypto-assets determining the issue price	Not applicable	{CURRENCYCODE_3} or

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
			{DTI}
E.10	Subscription fee	0	Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3} Or Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.11	Offer price determination method	The offer price of the STRK token is typically determined based on a combination of market conditions, project valuation, supply and demand, investor sentiment, early-stage investor pricing, and the pricing of similar projects in the market.	Free alphanumerical text
E.12	Total number of offered/traded crypto-assets	10,000,000,000	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
E.13	Targeted holders	ALL	'RETL' – retail investors 'PROF' – professional investors 'ALL' – all types of investors
E.14	Holder restrictions	As of 2025-09-15, there are no public STRK token holders' restrictions. However, access may be restricted by exchange platforms or national laws.	Free alphanumerical text
E.15	Reimbursement notice	Not applicable	Predefined alphanumerical text
E.16	Refund mechanism	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.17	Refund timeline	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
E.18	Offer phases	Creation & minting (2022): 10 billion STRK were created by StarkWare in May 2022 and minted on-chain on 30 November 2022. Initial allocations: Tokens were reserved	Free alphanumerical text

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		for early contributors and team members, investors, StarkWare operations, and the Starknet Foundation (to fund ecosystem development). 3. Community “Provisions” programme (Round 1, February–June 2024): Over 700 million STRK were distributed to approximately 1.3 million eligible addresses, as part of a broader 1.8 billion allocation to community distributions. 4. Future community phases: Additional Provisions rounds, rebates, and targeted committee-led distributions (e.g., DeFi, gaming, ecosystem growth) are planned. 5. Staking/governance-linked issuance (planned): STRK is intended to be used for transaction fees, staking to secure the network, and protocol governance. Future minting or issuance parameters will be determined through governance.	
E.19	Early purchase discount	Early investors and contributors to the StarkNet (STRK) token did receive discounted or preferential allocation prices. However, the exact pricing details for these early purchases have not been publicly disclosed.	Free alphanumerical text
E.20	Time-limited offer	false	'true'- Yes 'false' – No
E.21	Subscription period beginning	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.22	Subscription period end	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.23	Safeguarding arrangements for offered funds/crypto- Assets	Decentralised Governance: STRK holders vote on proposals that can change network protocol and parameters. Control is spread among token holders and voting rights are commensurate with their holdings. Audited Smart Contracts: STRK smart contracts have undergone audits.	Free alphanumeric text
E.24	Payment methods for crypto-asset purchase	When purchasing crypto-assets, the available payment methods can vary depending on the platform, the nature of the offering, and the specific project's infrastructure. 1. Centralised Exchanges (CEX) Centralised exchanges are platforms where users can buy and sell crypto-assets using a variety of payment methods. Common options include: • Bank Transfers: Many exchanges support direct bank transfers (SEPA, SWIFT, etc.), allowing users to deposit fiat currency (such as GBP, EUR, or USD) to purchase crypto-assets. • Credit/Debit Cards: Some exchanges accept major credit and debit cards for instant purchases, though fees may be higher. • Other Cryptocurrencies: Users can often trade one cryptocurrency for another. • Third-Party Payment Providers: Some platforms integrate with third-party payment service providers though this is less common. 2. Decentralised Exchanges (DEX) Decentralised exchanges operate without	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		intermediaries and typically require users to connect a crypto wallet. Payment methods here are more limited: • Cryptocurrency Swaps: Users exchange one crypto-asset for another directly from their wallet. Stablecoins: Many DEXs support stablecoins (such as USDT, USDC, or DAI) as a medium of exchange.	
E.25	Value transfer methods for reimbursement	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text
E.26	Right of withdrawal	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text
E.27	Transfer of purchased crypto-assets	1. Access Your Wallet or Exchange Account • Centralised exchange: Log in to your account. • Personal wallet: Open your non-custodial wallet that holds your STRK tokens. 2. Navigate to the ‘Withdraw’ or ‘Send’ Section • On exchanges, go to the “Withdraw” or “Assets” page. • On personal wallets, select the STRK token and then tap or click “Send”. 3. Enter the Recipient’s Wallet Address • Copy and paste the correct wallet address of the recipient. • Double-check that the wallet supports STRK tokens on the correct blockchain. • Using the wrong chain or incorrect address could result in permanent loss	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		of your tokens. 4. Specify the Amount • Input the number of STRK tokens you wish to transfer. • Some platforms may require a minimum transfer amount. 5. Select the Network (if applicable) • If your STRK tokens are available on multiple networks, make sure you select the correct network that matches the recipient's wallet. 6. Review and Confirm the Transfer • Check all details: recipient address, network, and amount. • On centralised platforms, you may need to complete 2FA verification or enter a withdrawal password. 7. Pay the Network Fee • Blockchain transactions require a network fee (gas fee), paid in the native currency of the chosen network 8. Wait for Confirmation • The transaction will be processed and broadcast to the blockchain.	
E.28	Transfer time schedule	Not applicable	ISO 8601 date format (YYYY-MM-DD)
E.29	Purchaser's technical requirements	Purchaser Requirements: Digital Wallet • Blockchain Compatibility:	Free alphanumerical text

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		STRK tokens exist on the Ethereum blockchain. Purchasers must use a wallet that supports ERC-20 tokens. Wallet Setup: The wallet must be properly configured and secured with a strong password and backup recovery phrase (also known as a seed phrase). Users are responsible for safeguarding their private keys or recovery details. Gas Fees Transaction Fees: To transfer STRK tokens, you will need to pay for transaction (gas) fees on the applicable network. Variable Fees: Gas fees fluctuate depending on network congestion and transaction complexity. Ensure you have sufficient funds in your wallet to successfully complete transactions. Exchange Account (if applicable) Centralised Exchanges (CEXs): If purchasing STRK through exchanges, you must create an account. KYC Verification: Most platforms require users to complete Know Your Customer (KYC) checks to comply with regulatory standards. This may include submitting identity documents and proof of address. Internet Connection A stable internet connection is essential for	

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		using crypto wallets, performing transfers, and securely accessing CEX platforms Software and Browser Requirements • Browser Extensions: Some browser-based wallets require supported browsers like Chrome or Firefox with the appropriate extension installed. • Desktop or Mobile Apps: Some wallets require dedicated desktop or mobile apps for full functionality and token management. Security Measures • Private Key and Seed Phrase Storage: Keep your recovery phrase and private keys offline and confidential. If lost, access to your STRK tokens may be permanently unrecoverable. Two-Factor Authentication (2FA): Always enable 2FA on centralised platforms to protect against unauthorised access.	
E.30	Crypto-asset service provider (CASP) name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
E.31	CASP identifier	549300ET4IUR6RCZOL84	{LEI}
E.32	Placement form	NTAV	'WITH- with a firm commitment basis 'WOUT' - without a firm commitment basis 'NTAV' - Not applicable
E.33	Trading platforms name	Revolut Digital Assets Europe Ltd	Free alphanumerical text
E.34	Trading platforms	Not applicable	{MIC}

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING																
	Market identifier code (MIC)																		
E.35	Trading platforms access	Investors can access trading platforms where STRK native tokens are listed by creating an account on their respective platform, completing the required identity verification (KYC) processes, if applicable, and funding their accounts with supported cryptocurrencies or fiat currencies. Once registered and funded, investors can search for the STRK token trading pairs and place buy or sell orders directly through the platform's interface. Detailed guides and tutorials are generally available on the trading platform to assist investors in navigating and using their services effectively.	Free alphanumeric text																
E.36	Involved costs	<table><thead><tr><th>Platform Type</th><th>Fee Type</th><th>Cost Estimate</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td rowspan="2">Centralised Exchange (CEX)</td><td>Trading Fee</td><td>~ 0.10% – 0.25% per trade</td></tr><tr><td>Withdrawal Fee</td><td>~ 0.25 – 2 STRK, or platform-specific</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Decentralised Exchange (DEX)</td><td>Swap Fee</td><td>~ 0.30%, or platform-specific</td></tr><tr><td>Gas Fee</td><td>~ \$0.01 – \$0.05, or platform-specific</td></tr><tr><td>Fiat On-Ramp</td><td>Service/Processing Fee</td><td>~ 1% – 5%, or platform-specific</td></tr></tbody></table>	Platform Type	Fee Type	Cost Estimate	Centralised Exchange (CEX)	Trading Fee	~ 0.10% – 0.25% per trade	Withdrawal Fee	~ 0.25 – 2 STRK, or platform-specific	Decentralised Exchange (DEX)	Swap Fee	~ 0.30%, or platform-specific	Gas Fee	~ \$0.01 – \$0.05, or platform-specific	Fiat On-Ramp	Service/Processing Fee	~ 1% – 5%, or platform-specific	Free alphanumeric text
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E.37	Offer expenses	Not applicable	Free alphanumeric text and Amount in monetary value {DECIMAL-18/3}																
E.38	Conflicts of interest	No known conflicts of interest	Free alphanumeric text																

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
E.39	Applicable law	Laws of Israel	Drop-down list of applicable laws
E.40	Competent court	Courts of Tel-Aviv-Jaffa District	Drop-down list of applicable laws
<i>Part F - Information about the crypto-assets</i>			
F.1	Crypto-asset type	Utility token	Free alphanumerical text
F.2	Crypto-asset functionality	See D.8	Free alphanumerical text
F.3	Planned application of functionalities	See D.8. Timelines subject to change and development times.	Free alphanumerical text
<i>A description of the characteristics of the crypto-asset, including the data necessary for classification of the crypto-asset white paper in the register referred to in Article 109 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114, as specified in accordance with paragraph 8 of that Article</i>			
F.4	Type of crypto-asset white paper	OTHR	OTHR
F.5	The type of submission	NEWT	NEWT = New MODI = Modify EROR = Error CORR = Correction
F.6	Crypto-asset characteristics	Total/maximum supply of 10,000,000,000 tokens	Free alphanumerical text
F.7	Commercial name or trading name	See DTI in F.13	Free alphanumerical text
F.8	Website of the issuer	https://www.starknet.io/	Free alphanumerical text
F.9	Starting date of offer to the public or admission to trading	2024-02-20	YYYY-MM-DD
F.10	Publication date	2025-[XX]-[XX]	YYYY-MM-DD

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
F.11	Any other services provided by the issuer	Aside from managing the STRK Token, StarkWare have also developed StartEX which is an application-specific layer-2 scalability engine. It has been made to improve Ethereum blockchain scalability. The StarkNet Foundation also runs the Propulsion Program which covers user fees for apps on StarkNet for a period to help them launch & scale.	Free alphanumeric text
F.12	Language or languages of the crypto-asset white paper	English	Closed list of EU languages
F.13	Digital token identifier code used to uniquely identify the crypto-asset or each of the several crypto assets to which the white paper relates, where available	NLWPNNWQZ	ISO 24165 Digital Token Identifier
F.14	Functionally fungible group digital token identifier, where available	4BFL30DVF;KX2HZ9M0M	ISO 24165 FFG DTI
F.15	Voluntary data flag	false	'true' – voluntary 'false' – mandatory
F.16	Personal data flag	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
F.17	LEI eligibility	true	'true' – eligible 'false' – not eligible
F.18	Home Member State	Republic of Cyprus	Closed list of EU Member States
F.19	Host Member States	Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy,	Closed list of EU Member States

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and Sweden.	
<i>Part G - Information on the rights and obligations attached to the crypto-assets</i>			
G.1	Purchaser rights and obligations	Purchaser Rights Governance Rights: Token holders can propose, discuss, and vote on protocol changes, upgrades, and network parameters. Their voting power is proportional to the number of STRK tokens they hold or have delegated, allowing them to influence the development and management of StarkNet. Staking Rights & Rewards: Holders can stake their STRK tokens to help secure the network and, in return, earn staking rewards as incentives for participation in network consensus. Access & Utility: STRK can be used within the StarkNet ecosystem for activities such as paying transaction fees or participating in staking Obligations: Adherence to Terms: Users must comply with any terms of service, using the platform as intended. Lawful Use: All activities must comply with relevant laws, including those relating to anti-money laundering, counter-terrorism, securities, and data protection.	Free alphanumerical text
G.2	Exercise of rights and obligations	STRK Holders can vote on governance proposals through the Starknet Governance Hub. Governance on StarkNet is entirely	Free alphanumerical text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		on-chain, enabled by the newly introduced Snapshot X protocol, which uses Herodotus Storage Proofs to verify the accuracy and integrity of votes. All STRK holders can engage in StarkNet staking either by becoming a validator or a delegator. Validators are required to stake at least 20,000 STRK and run the full node validator package. Delegators have no minimum staking requirement and can stake or delegate any amount. When validators or delegators choose to unstake, their tokens enter a 21-day lock-up period during which they do not earn rewards and cannot access their funds. This lock-up helps maintain the network's security and stability. However, delegators can switch their delegated validator at any time without triggering a lock-up.	
G.3	Conditions for modifications of rights and obligations	Modifications can happen via decentralised governance proposals and votes.	Free alphanumeric text
G.4	Future public offers	Information not publicly available.	Free alphanumeric text
G.5	Issuer retained crypto-assets	6,707,000,000	Numerical {INTEGER-n}
G.6	Utility token classification	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.7	Key features of goods/services of utility tokens	See D.7.	Free alphanumeric text
G.8	Utility tokens redemption	STRK holders can use their tokens to secure the network and earn rewards, incentivising long-term participation and decentralisation. STRK holders can also propose and vote on protocol upgrades, network parameters, and	Free alphanumeric text

No	FIELD	CONTENT TO BE REPORTED	FORM AND STANDARDS TO BE USED FOR REPORTING
		treasury management.	
G.9	Non-trading request	false	'true' – sought 'false' – not sought
G.10	Crypto-assets purchase or sale modalities	STRK tokens can be purchased and sold via centralised exchanges using common trading pairs such as STRK/USDT. STRK is also available on decentralised exchanges.	Free alphanumerical text
G.11	Crypto-assets transfer restrictions	Exchange-imposed rules may restrict network transfers; users should verify guidelines before sending STRK	Free alphanumerical text
G.12	Supply adjustment protocols	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.13	Supply adjustment mechanisms	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.14	Token value protection schemes	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.15	Token value protection schemes description	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.16	Compensation schemes	false	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
G.17	Compensation schemes description	Not applicable	Free alphanumerical text
G.18	Applicable law	Laws of Israel	Drop-down list of applicable laws
G.19	Competent court	Courts of Tel-Aviv-Jaffa District	Free alphanumerical text

Part H – information on the underlying technology

H.1	Distributed ledger technology (DTL)	Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT) refers to a decentralised digital infrastructure used for recording transactions across multiple locations simultaneously. Unlike traditional, centralised databases, DLT systems operate without a central authority, relying instead on a network of independent nodes, each maintaining a synchronised copy of the ledger. Transactions are validated through consensus mechanisms, promoting transparency, security, and resistance to tampering. One of the most widely adopted forms of DLT is blockchain, which consists of sequentially linked blocks containing timestamped transaction data. Each block is cryptographically connected to the previous one, making it virtually immutable and resistant to retroactive alteration. Blockchains can also support smart contracts, self-executing agreements that automate processes and enforce rules without intermediaries, thereby increasing trust and efficiency in decentralised systems. Blockchain-based DLT enhances transparency, consumer choice, and interoperability within the broader digital economy. Users can inspect open-source blockchain code, independently verify data integrity, and choose platforms that align with their preferences. The permissionless nature of public blockchains promotes seamless integration and innovation across applications, wallets, and services.	Free alphanumerical text
H.2	Protocols and technical standards	StarkNet is a permissionless, decentralised validity rollup (ZK-Rollup) built as a Layer 2 network on Ethereum. It allows any	Free alphanumerical text

		decentralised application (dApp) to greatly scale computation while preserving Ethereum's composability and security. Starknet leverages Ethereum's consensus mechanism which is now Proof of Stake (PoS).	
H.3	Technology used	Starknet integrates cutting-edge cryptography with a purpose-built programming language. At its foundation is the STARK proof system (Scalable Transparent Arguments of Knowledge), a zero-knowledge proof technology that enables off-chain computation and verification of transactions. Built as a Layer 2 on Ethereum, this approach greatly improves the scalability and privacy of decentralised applications.	Free alphanumeric text
H.4	Consensus mechanism	Starknet leverages Ethereum's consensus mechanism which is now Proof of Stake (PoS).	Free alphanumeric text
H.5	Incentive mechanisms and applicable fees	Staking Rewards: Token holders who stake their STRK can earn rewards. Starknet leverages the STRK token to incentivise participants who sequence transactions and to support a provably fair proof-of-stake system that selects who is responsible for sequencing and submitting proofs for network blocks. Governance Rights: Token holders are incentivised to hold the STRK Token because they can use their governance rights to influence the future of the StarkNet ecosystem. Token holders can propose, discuss, and vote on protocol changes, upgrades, and network parameters. Their voting power is proportional to the number of STRK tokens they hold or have delegated, allowing them to influence the development and management of StarkNet. Applicable Fees	Free alphanumeric text

		Trading fees when trading STRK on CEXs or DEXes. Gas fees when interacting with STRK directly on the Ethereum network.	
H.6	Use of distributed ledger technology	false	'true' – Yes, DLT operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer's behalf 'false' – No, DLT not operated by the issuer or a third-party acting on the issuer's behalf
H.7	DLT functionality description	DLT is a digital system for recording transactions in which the transactions and their details are recorded in multiple places at the same time. Unlike traditional databases, distributed ledgers have no central data store or administration functionality. Instead, the ledger is decentralised, and consensus on the transactions is achieved through a process that involves multiple nodes, each maintaining its own copy of the ledger. The benefits of DLT include increased transparency, enhanced security, improved traceability, and greater efficiency of transactions.	Free alphanumerical text
H.8	Audit	true	'true' – Yes 'false' – No
H.9	Audit outcome	HashEx audit completed on April 26, 2025 on the STRK smart contracts. The audit identified no critical issues but identified 1 high and 9 medium severity issues. Code4rena audit completed on 18 June 2025 on the STRK smart contracts. The audit identified 2 high and 3 medium severity issues.	Free alphanumerical text

Part I – Information on risks			
I.1	Offer-related risks	General Risk Disclosure The offering and trading of STRK tokens involve several risks commonly associated with the broader crypto-asset market, especially within centralised exchange environments, staking mechanisms, and decentralised finance (DeFi) applications tied to the StarkNet ecosystem. Market Volatility The value of STRK may experience significant volatility due to shifts in market sentiment, macroeconomic trends, protocol updates, and activity across exchanges. Such fluctuations can lead to financial losses for holders or short-term traders and may affect the perceived value of STRK utility. Liquidity Risk There is no guarantee that STRK will maintain sufficient liquidity or consistent trading volume across supported exchanges. Liquidity constraints may arise from limited market activity, uneven token distribution, or broader market downturns, making it difficult to efficiently buy or sell STRK at stable prices. Regulatory Risk As global regulatory frameworks for crypto-assets evolve, STRK may be affected by new compliance requirements. These could impact the availability of STRK on certain exchanges, restrict marketing or token offerings in specific regions, or impose new disclosure, tax, or governance obligations. AML/KYC Compliance When purchasing or trading STRK via centralised platforms, users are generally required to complete AML and KYC verification. Failure to comply with such	Free alphanumerical text

		procedures can result in restricted access, delayed withdrawals, or account suspensions, depending on the platform and local regulations. Market Manipulation As with most tradable digital assets, STRK is exposed to potential manipulative practices such as wash trading, spoofing, or pump-and-dump schemes. These behaviours may artificially inflate or depress market prices, compromising fair price discovery and increasing volatility. Operational Risk The performance and utility of STRK depend on the reliable functioning of the network and smart contract-based platforms. Risks include smart contract bugs, network congestion, gas price spikes, or failures in off-chain infrastructure (e.g., bridges or oracles). Token Utility Risk STRK value is tied to its function in protocol governance, staking, and ecosystem coordination. If STRK fails to grow, or if adoption of its core products declines, the demand and utility of STRK may weaken. Delays in technical upgrades or reduced community engagement could also adversely affect token perception.	
I.2	Issuer-related risks	Issuer and Governance The token is not issued by a regulated financial institution and governance is community driven and changes (if applicable) depend on the core development team and protocol governance structure. Project Continuity Risk The STRK development team are responsible for maintaining the protocol and surrounding	Free alphanumerical text

		infrastructure. If funding, development activity, or user adoption materially declines, the issuer may reduce or cease operations, which could impair the token's utility and long-term viability. Brand and Ecosystem Dependency The value of the STRK token is closely connected to the reputation, adoption, and user base of the StarkNet ecosystem and affiliated products. A decline in platform usage, negative media coverage, or more competitive offerings in the exchange space may adversely impact STRK's market value and utility. Regulatory Exposure Operating across multiple jurisdictions, the STRK token is exposed to varying legal frameworks, including potential restrictions on exchange operations or token listings. Regulatory developments may require significant operational changes or affect the legal standing of STRK tokens.	
I.3	Crypto-assets-related risks	Speculative Nature STRK is a utility token whose value is derived from its role in the StarkNet Network. As with most crypto-assets, STRK is inherently speculative and subject to significant price volatility, influenced by user participation, network activity, market sentiment, and broader macroeconomic conditions. Custodial Risk STRK is a non-custodial bearer instrument, meaning users are solely responsible for safeguarding their private keys and recovery phrases. If access credentials are lost, there is no mechanism to recover tokens. This presents a high custodial risk for less	Free alphanumeric text

		experienced users or those without proper backup measures.	
I.4	Project implementation-related risks	Technical Limitations New product features, liquidity strategies, or integrations may be delayed or limited by technical hurdles, resource constraints, or unanticipated security flaws. Regulatory Developments Increasing scrutiny of centralised platforms may result in the need for protocol restructuring, jurisdictional restrictions, or more extensive reporting obligations. Third-Party Reliance The StarkNet ecosystem relies on partnerships with liquidity providers, custodians, and infrastructure partners. Disruptions to these relationships or operational failures among third parties may reduce token effectiveness or compromise platform performance.	Free alphanumerical text
I.5	Technology-related risks	Network Disruptions Issues on blockchain or the StarkNet network may impact token transfers. Network congestion, outages, or protocol-level changes could lead to delays or failures in transaction execution. Exchange Integration Risks Trading STRK on centralised exchanges (CEXs) or decentralised exchanges (DEXs) may expose users to: • Slippage, especially during periods of low liquidity or market volatility • Front-running or manipulation by automated bots on DEXs • Delisting risks, where CEXs may remove support for STRK due to strategic, technical, or regulatory	Free alphanumerical text

		reasons Custodial risk, where funds held on CEXs may be lost in the event of platform hacks, bankruptcy, or internal failure	
I.6	Mitigation measures	Exchange Availability STRK is listed on leading exchanges enhancing access and liquidity. User Engagement STRK's utility within the StarkNet ecosystem drives user engagement. Communication The STRK team publishes regular updates, supports an active user community, and shares development progress through its website and social media.	Free alphanumerical text
Part J – Information on the sustainability indicators in relation to adverse impact on the climate and other environment-related adverse impacts			
J.1	Adverse impacts on climate and other environment- related adverse impacts	Proof of Stake (PoS) is a consensus mechanism where validators are chosen to confirm transactions and secure the network based on the amount of cryptocurrency they "stake" as collateral rather than performing energy-intensive computations like Proof of Work (PoW). This PoS approach is far more energy-efficient compared to Bitcoin PoW mining.	Free alphanumerical text