

# Cross-Country Report for:

Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa

Report generated: 28.04.2025



This Report provides a comprehensive analysis of the imports of the good: Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa

HS Code: 1806

The analysis covers the imports of this good to the countries listed on the page 3. The report provides both country-specific and aggregated analysis.

The research is based on data sourced from the GTAIC market intelligence portal (www.gtaic.ai). The GTAIC service conducts its analyses utilizing datasets obtained under a licensing agreement with UN COMTRADE, the official export-import database at the country level, which encompasses over 200 countries.

Additional reputable data sources leveraged by the GTAIC service include:

- 1) the World Trade Organization (WTO)
- 2) the World Bank
- 3) the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)
- 4) the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD).

The GTAIC service exclusively employs the most recently published monthly trade flow data. The latest available data for the countries chosen for the analysis is indicated in the table on the page 3.

The primary objective of this market research is to identify opportunities and risks related to export/import activities, as well as trading and logistics for exporters, importers, producers, and logistics companies. The report aims to:

- 1) Identify the most promising markets\* for the good analyzed;
- 2) Highlight the most risky and declining markets;

3) Define market trends and provide short-term forecasts, including monthly price fluctuations and market size evolution in both monetary and tonnage terms;

4) Analyze the competitive landscape among suppliers, identifying both successful and underperforming countries within specific markets and globally;

- 5) Determine the fastest-growing and most promising trade routes from supplier countries to consumer countries;
- 6) Assess the potential supply size for new entrants in the most promising markets;
- 7) Present detailed supporting statistics for each market.

\*- in this context, "the market" refers to the imports of goods by the specific country. It means that goods produced and consumed domestically are not considered part of the market.

The report encompasses the countries chosen by the user. A table detailing these countries is provided on page 3. The competitive analysis covers all the countries exporting (supplying) the selected good to the selected importing countries.

GTAIC service allows its users to build any list of available importing countries importing any available goods to produce this type of research report. Number of the importing countries covered by GTAIC service is 110+, number of the goods is > 5000.



rom supplier countries to consumer countries; nising markets; The table below presents a summary of the countries analyzed in this Report. The "Last Reported Month" refers to the most recent month for which trade statistics have been reported by each respective country. Whenever the term "Last Available Period" is used throughout the Report, it denotes the period beginning in January and concluding with the month specified as the "Last Reported Month" for each country, as shown in the accompanying graph. Similarly, when the terms "LTM" or "Last Twelve Months" are used, they refer to the 12-month period preceding the month designated as the "Last Reported Month" for each country.

**Countries Analyzed** 

No.	Country	Last Reported Months
1	Belgium	Dec 2024
2	Czechia	Dec 2024
3	France	Feb 2024
4	Germany	Jan 2025
5	Italy	Dec 2024
6	Netherlands	Dec 2024
7	Poland	Jan 2025
8	Spain	Jan 2025
9	Sweden	Dec 2024
10	United Kingdom	Dec 2024

**Countries Analyzed Map** 

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# **KEY CONCLUSIONS & FINDINGS**

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#### Chocolate Market: Trends in Top-10 European Markets

The study covers Belgium, Czechia, France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Poland, Spain, Sweden, and the United Kingdom - Europe's leading chocolate-consuming economies. Collectively, these countries accounted for a significant share of global chocolate imports by value in 2023: the United Kingdom (8.87%), Germany (8.72%), France (7.76%), the Netherlands (5.08%), Poland (3.49%), Belgium (3.22%), Spain (2.39%), Italy (2.24%), Czechia (1.62%), and Sweden (1.46%).

An analysis of reported monthly data over the most recent 12-month period for each country reveals a notable divergence between import volumes and import values. While the volume of chocolate imports fluctuated only modestly - within a narrow range of -5% to +5% - the value of these imports in US dollars increased significantly, rising by between 13% and 25% across the markets. This pattern underscores the inflationary impact of cocoa bean prices on the broader chocolate supply chain.

Average import chocolate prices increased by 14-24% in the recent 12 months periods, depending on the country. A detailed analysis of the monthly average import price of chocolate across Europe's top markets reveals that most countries experienced peak pricing in September - October 2024. During this period, several markets recorded historic highs, reflecting the cumulative impact of sustained cocoa bean price surges and downstream cost pressures. Peak average import prices of chocolate per metric ton were as follows: Sweden: \$8,327 (September 2024), Italy: \$8,105 (September 2024), Czechia: \$7,760 (September 2024), Spain: \$7,030 (September 2024), Belgium: \$7,672 (October 2024), Netherlands: \$6,977 (September 2024), Poland: \$7,766 (October 2024), United Kingdom: \$8,205 (October 2024), Germany: \$8,515 (October 2024).

Since reaching these peak levels, some softening trend has emerged in most markets. Price adjustments since peak periods: Sweden: down to \$7,480 in December 2024 from \$8,327 in September (vs. \$6,596 in December 2023), Italy: down to \$7,114 in December 2024 from \$8,105 in September (vs. \$6,471 in December 2023), Czechia: down to \$6,962 in December 2024 from \$7,760 in September (vs. \$5,899 in December 2023). Spain: down to \$6,435 in January 2025 from \$7,030 in September (vs. \$5,101 in January 2024), Belgium: down to \$7,215 in December 2024 from \$7,672 in October (vs. \$5,825 in December 2023). Poland: down to \$7,336 in January 2025 from \$7,766 in October (vs. \$5,652 in January 2024), United Kingdom: down to \$7,916 in December 2024 from \$8,205 in October (vs. \$6,830 in December 2023), Germany: down to \$8,125 in January 2025 from \$8,515 in October (vs. \$6,247 in January 2024). Although prices of chocolate remain well above their levels from the previous year, the observed declines suggest some easing of inflationary pressures in the final quarter of 2024 and early 2025.

The top eight largest chocolate-exporting countries to the European markets analyzed include Belgium (20.26% of supplies in the last twelve months, LTM, based on physical volume), Germany (20.17%), Poland (9.95%), France (8.67%), the Netherlands (8.58%), Italy (7.93%), Austria (3.26%), and Switzerland (2.77%).

Belgium has experienced notable growth in its market share, increasing from 18.84% to 20.26% over the past year. This growth is a result of strong positioning in key European markets, coupled with effective response strategies to supply chain challenges. Belgium's success is underscored by a 39.4k ton increase in exports, while Germany, its main competitor, saw a 32.9k ton decrease in exports.

Germany, while remaining the second-largest exporter of chocolate, has seen a decline in market share, from 21.30% to 20.17%. This reduction in share is primarily due to a fall in exports to Poland, a traditionally strong market for German chocolate. Despite comparable pricing to Belgium, German exporters have struggled to maintain their foothold in some key markets, particularly in the face of growing competition from Belgium.



# **GLOBAL MARKET**

# Global Imports (US \$) and Shares of the Countries Analyzed (%)

The figures in this section illustrate the value of global imports of the analyzed good, expressed in US \$, along with the change (Y-o-Y growth rates) in this parameter over the last five full calendar years available. The table provides data on imports reported by each of the countries analyzed for the last full calendar year reported, including each country's share of total imports and the average growth rate (CAGR) over the period under review.

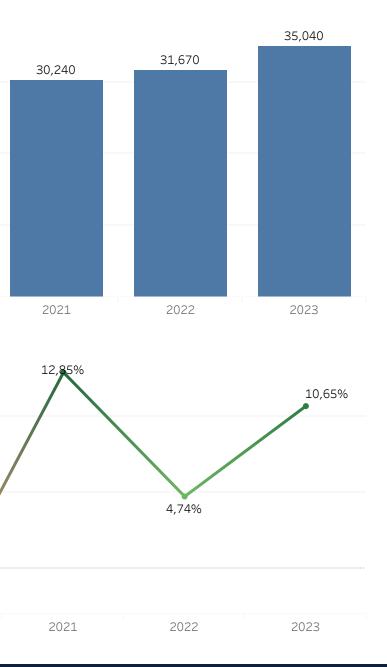
Country Analyzed	Year	Country's Share in Global Product Imports, %	5Y CAGR of Country's Product Imports in US \$, %	Global Impor	ts, B US \$
Germany	2023	8,72%	11,75%	30 30	27,380 2
United Kingdom	2023	8,87%	10,58%	Global Imports, bn USD	
France	2023	7,76%	5,58%	Global Imp	
Netherlands	2023	5,08%	7,90%	10	
Poland	2023	3,49%	11,50%		2019
Belgium	2023	3,22%	9,25%		ts Y-o-Y Growth Rate, %
Spain	2023	2,39%	12,90%	10,00% –	
Italy	2023	2,24%	6,40%	rts Growth 2,00% -	
Czechia	2023	1,62%	9,20%	Global Imports Growth Rate (USD)	1,00%
Sweden	2023	1,46%	5,04%	G	2019

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26,800

2020

-2,13% 2020

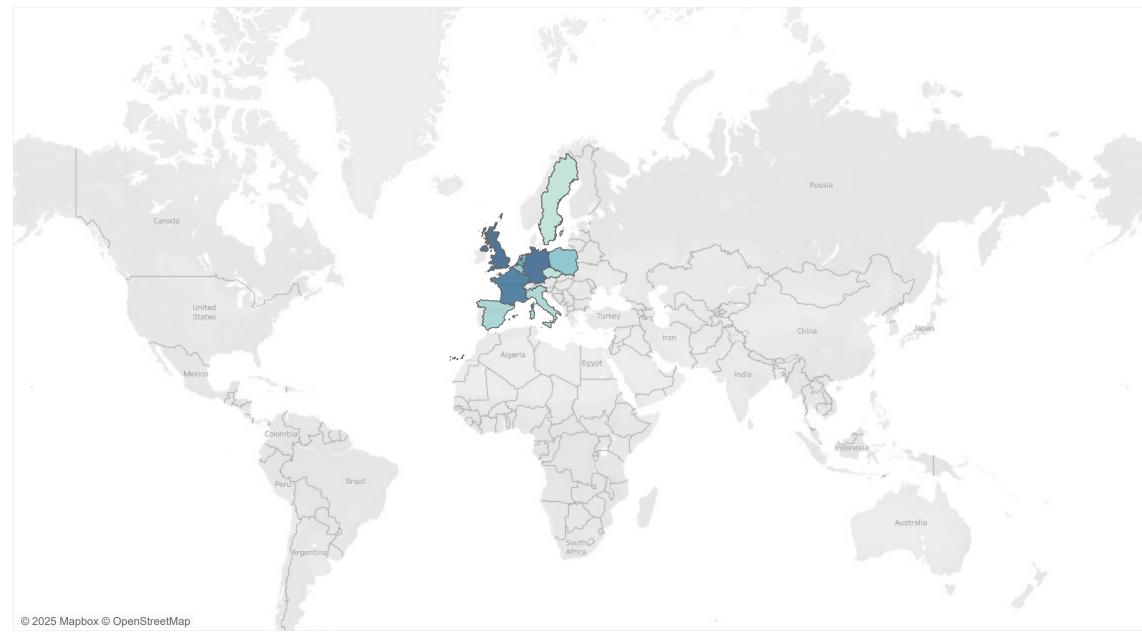


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# Global Imports (US \$)

The map in this section visualizes the import values for each of the analyzed countries in the most recent full calendar year. The intensity of the color represents the size of imports, with darker shades indicating higher import values.

#### Country's Share of Global Product Imports, Map







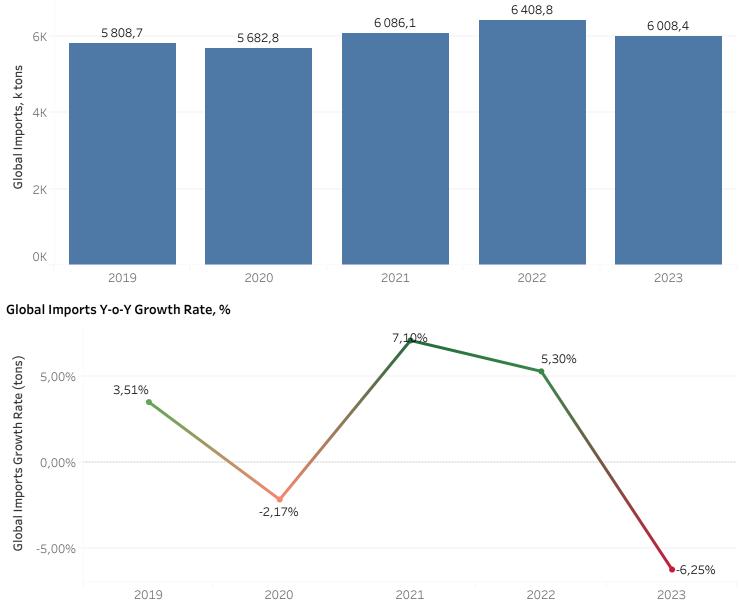


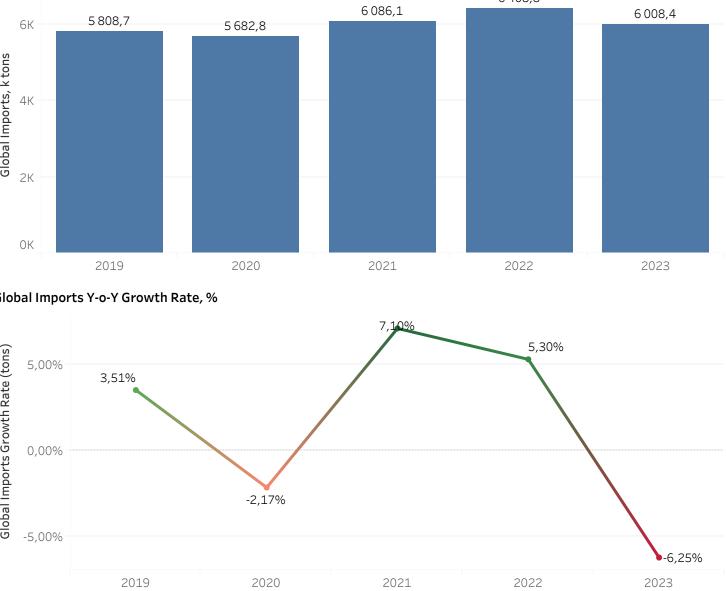
# Global Imports (tons)

The figures in this section illustrate the volume of global imports of the analyzed good, expressed in tons, along with the change (Y-o-Y growth rates) in this parameter over the last five full calendar years available. The table provides data on imports reported by each of the countries analyzed for the last full calendar year reported, including each country's share of total imports and the average growth rate (CAGR) over the period under review.

Country Analyzed	Year	5Y CAGR of Country's Product Imports in tons, %
Germany	2023	2,62%
United Kingdom	2023	3,30%
France	2023	2,21%
Netherlands	2023	3,05%
Poland	2023	0,32%
Belgium	2023	2,97%
Spain	2023	4,57%
Italy	2023	2,46%
Czechia	2023	3,07%
Sweden	2023	0,53%

#### Global Imports, k tons









# TRENDS IN LAST AVAILABLE PERIOD



# Trends in Last Available Period: US \$

This section presents the import values, expressed in US \$, reported by each country analyzed in the Last Available Period. The table provides import values for each country both in the Last Available Period and in the corresponding period from the previous year, along with the calculated growth rate of imports. The figure on the left visually highlights which countries have experienced an increase or decrease in imports, and the extent of these changes.

Growth Rate of t the Same Period		unty Analyzed (expressed	l in US \$) in the Last Available Period Compared to	Country Analyzed	Last Available Period	Product Imports in the Same Period a Year Before, M US \$	Product Imports in Last Available Period, M US \$	Product Imports Growth Rate, %
Spain	Jan 2025		27,35%	Spain	Jan 2025	64,31	81,90	27,35%
Belgium	01.2024-12.2024		24,63%	Belgium	01.2024-12.2024	1 126,65	1 404,09	24,63%
Germany	Jan 2025		24,30%	Germany	Jan 2025	292,64	363,76	24,30%
Netherlands	01.2024-12.2024		21,44%	Netherlands	01.2024-12.2024	1778,41	2 159,66	21,44%
Czechia	01.2024-12.2024		17,64%	Czechia	01.2024-12.2024	566,92	666,95	17,64%
United Kingdom	01.2024-12.2024		16,83%	United Kingdom	01.2024-12.2024	3 106,77	3 629,55	16,83%
Italy	01.2024-12.2024		16,20%	Italy	01.2024-12.2024	783,70	910,66	16,20%
France	01.2024-02.2024		14,52%	France	01.2024-02.2024	433,56	496,50	14,52%
Sweden	01.2024-12.2024		12,62%	Sweden	01.2024-12.2024	506,09	569,94	12,62%
Poland	Jan 2025 -0,62%			Poland	Jan 2025	126,76	125,97	-0,62%

(GTAIC)

# Trends in Last Available Period: tons

This section presents the import volumes, expressed in tons, reported by each country analyzed in the Last Available Period. The table provides import volumes for each country analyzed both in the Last Available Period and in the corresponding period from the previous year, along with the calculated growth rate of imports. The figure on the left visually highlights which countries have experienced an increase or decrease in imports, and the extent of these changes.

Growth Rate of t the Same Period	he Product Imports by the County Analyzed (expressed in tons) in the Last Availal a Year Before	ble Period Compared to	Country Analyzed	Last Available Period	Product Imports in the Same Period a Year Before, k tons	Product Imports in Last Available Period, k tons	Product Imports Growth Rate, %
Netherlands	01.2024-12.2024	5,49%	Netherlands	01.2024-12.2024	321,19	338,84	5,49%
France	01.2024-02.2024	2,91%	France	01.2024-02.2024	82,90	85,31	2,91%
Belgium	01.2024-12.2024	1,12%	Belgium	01.2024-12.2024	218,32	220,77	1,12%
Spain	Jan 2025	0,95%	Spain	Jan 2025	12,61	12,73	0,95%
United Kingdom	01.2024-12.2024	0,19%	United Kingdom	01.2024-12.2024	510,30	511,28	0,19%
Czechia	01.2024-12.2024 -0,1	5%	Czechia	01.2024-12.2024	102,10	101,95	-0,15%
Italy	01.2024-12.2024 -1,88%		Italy	01.2024-12.2024	132,49	130,00	-1,88%
Germany	Jan 2025 -4,41%		Germany	Jan 2025	46,84	44,78	-4,41%
Sweden	01.2024-12.2024 -4,42%		Sweden	01.2024-12.2024	84,53	80,80	-4,42%
Poland	Jan 2025 -23,44%		Poland	Jan 2025	22,43	17,17	-23,44%



# Trends in Last Available Period: Average Imports Proxy Prices

This section presents the average imports proxy prices, expressed in k US \$ per 1 ton, calculated for each country analyzed in the Last Available Period. The table provides average imports proxy prices calculated for each country analyzed both in the Last Available Period and in the corresponding period from the previous year, along with the calculated growth rates of the average imports proxy prices. The figure on the left visually highlights which countries have experienced an increase or decrease in average imports proxy prices, and the extent of these changes.

Growth Rate of the Average Imports Proxy Prices in the Counties Analyzed in the Last Available Period Compared to the Same Period a Year Before				Country Analyzed	Last Available Period	Average Imports Proxy Price in Same Period a Year Before, k US \$ per 1 ton	Average Imports Proxy Price in Last Available Period, k US \$ per 1 ton	Average Imports Proxy Price Growth Rate, %
Germany	Jan 2025		29,92%	Germany	Jan 2025	6,25	8,12	29,92%
Poland	Jan 2025		29,91%	Poland	Jan 2025	5,65	7,34	29,91%
Spain	Jan 2025		26,08%	Spain	Jan 2025	5,10	6,43	26,08%
Belgium	01.2024-12.2024		23,26%	Belgium	01.2024-12.2024	5,16	6,36	23,26%
Italy	01.2024-12.2024	18,41%		Italy	01.2024-12.2024	5,92	7,01	18,41%
Czechia	01.2024-12.2024	17,84%		Czechia	01.2024-12.2024	5,55	6,54	17,84%
Sweden	01.2024-12.2024	17,70%		Sweden	01.2024-12.2024	5,99	7,05	17,70%
United Kingdom	01.2024-12.2024	16,58%		United Kingdom	01.2024-12.2024	6,09	7,10	16,58%
Netherlands	01.2024-12.2024	14,98%		Netherlands	01.2024-12.2024	5,54	6,37	14,98%
France	01.2024-02.2024	11,28%		France	01.2024-02.2024	5,23	5,82	11,28%





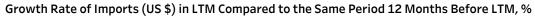
# LAST TWELVE MONTHS TRENDS

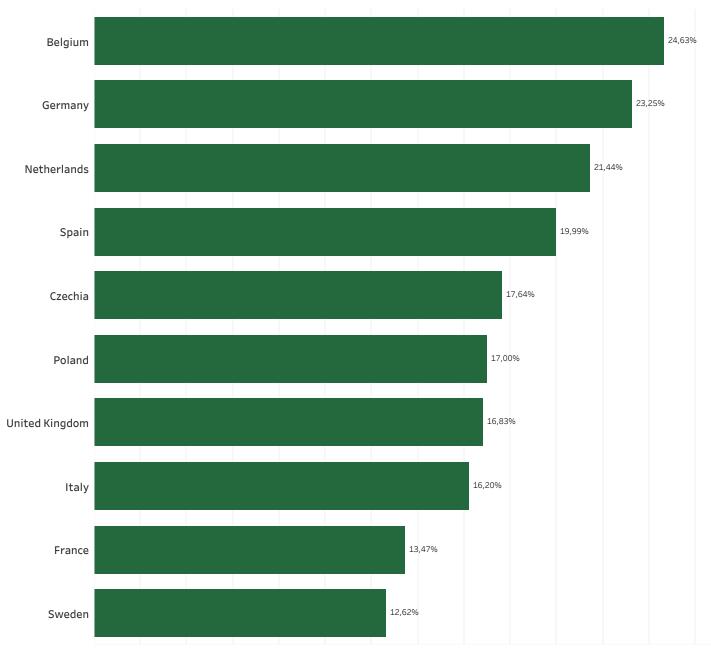
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# Last Twelve Months Trends (US \$)

This section presents the import values, expressed in US \$, reported by each country analyzed in the Last Twelve Months (LTM) Period. The table provides import values for each country analyzed both in the Last Twelve Months and in the corresponding period a year before, along with the calculated growth rate of imports. The figure on the left visually highlights which countries have experienced an increase or decrease in imports, and the extent of these changes.

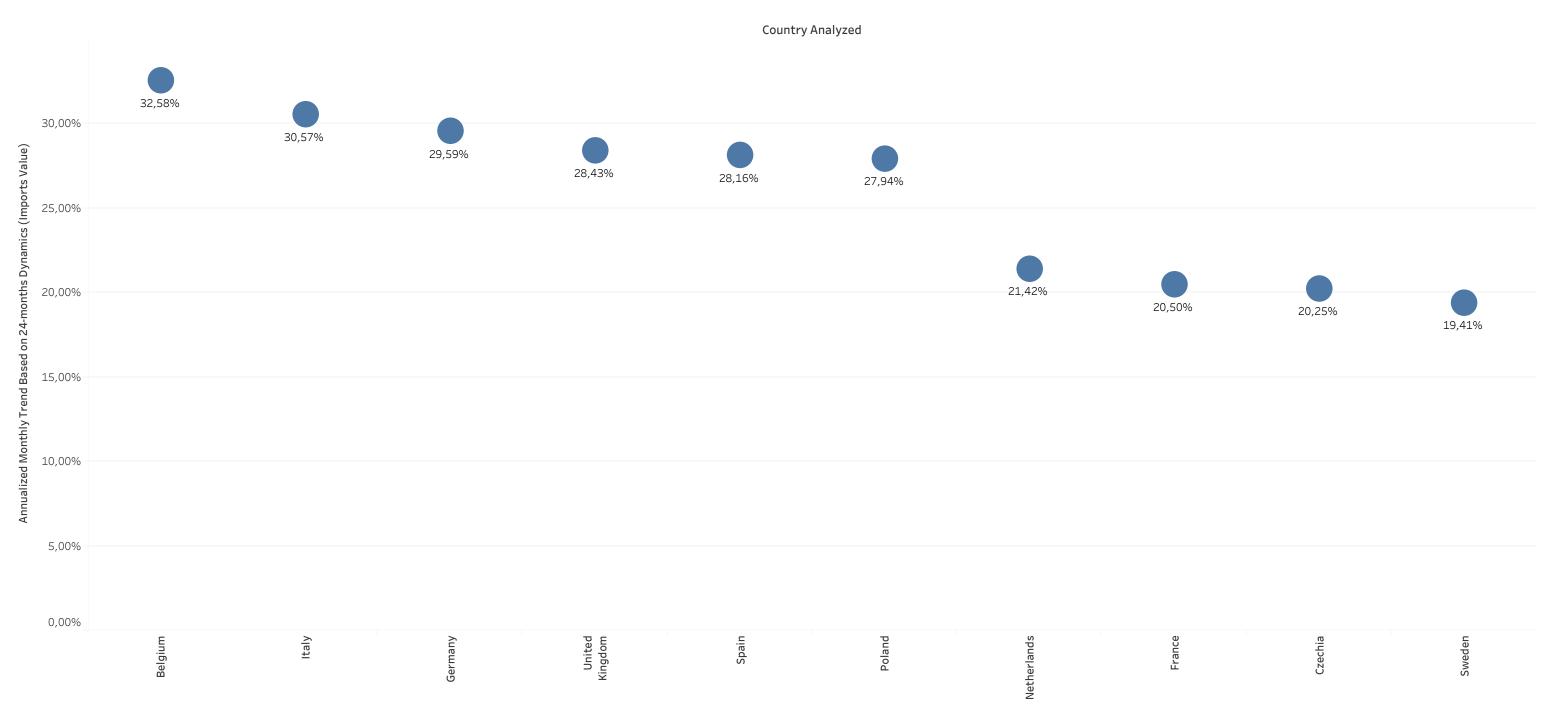
Country Analyzed	Last Twelve Months Period (LTM)	Product Imports in LTM, M US \$	Product Imports in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, M US \$	Product Imports Growth in LTM Compared to the Same Period 12 Months Before, %
Germany	02.2024 - 01.2025	3 884,32	3 151,58	23,25%
United Kingdom	01.2024 - 12.2024	3 629,55	3 106,69	16,83%
France	03.2023 - 02.2024	2 758,06	2 430,65	13,47%
Netherlands	01.2024 - 12.2024	2 159,66	1 778,38	21,44%
Poland	02.2024 - 01.2025	1 457,68	1 245,88	17,00%
Belgium	01.2024 - 12.2024	1 404,09	1 126,61	24,63%
Spain	02.2024 - 01.2025	1005,51	837,99	19,99%
Italy	01.2024 - 12.2024	910,66	783,70	16,20%
Czechia	01.2024 - 12.2024	666,95	566,94	17,64%
Sweden	01.2024 - 12.2024	569,94	506,07	12,62%







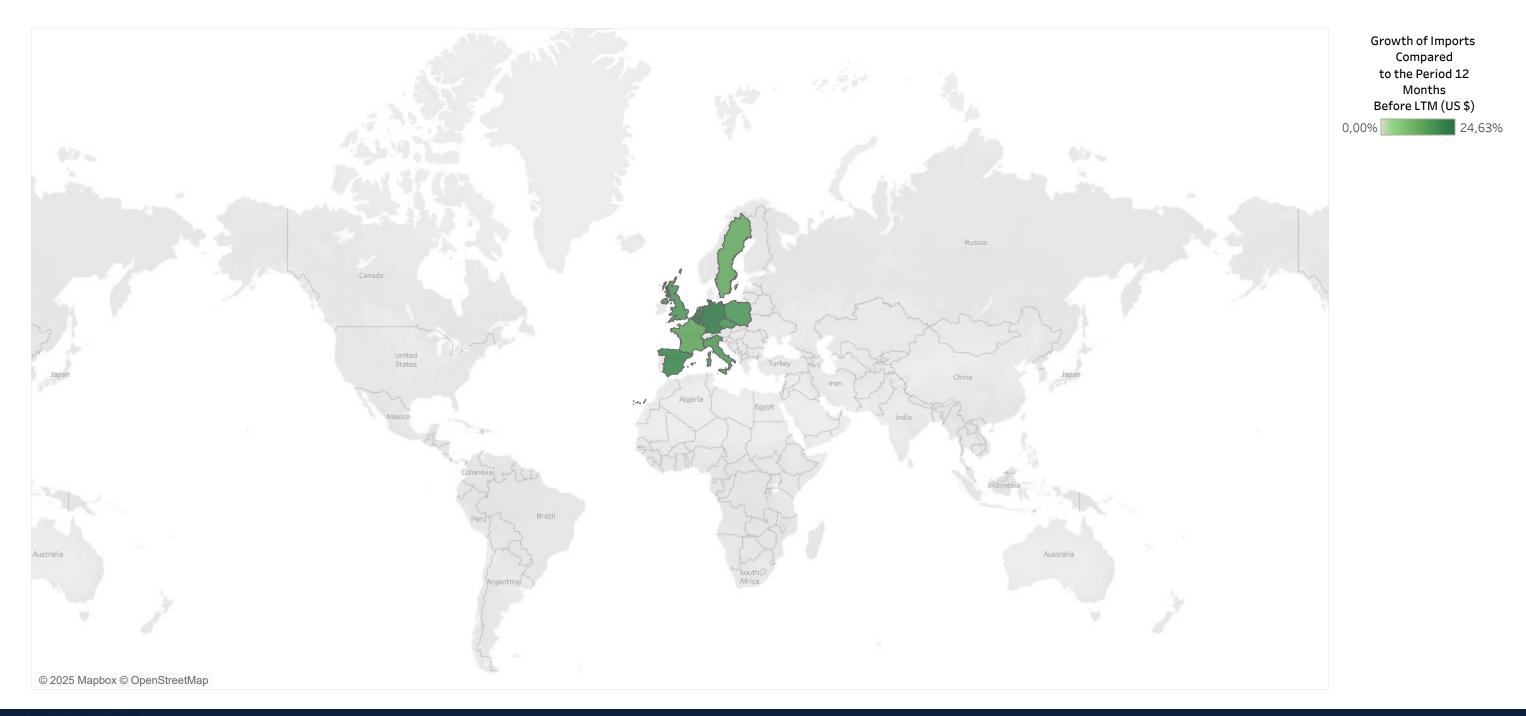
The graph in this section illustrates the projected dynamics of import value (in US \$), expressed as the annual growth rate, assuming the continuation of current trends.





### Last Twelve Months Trends: Growth of Imports Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM (US \$)

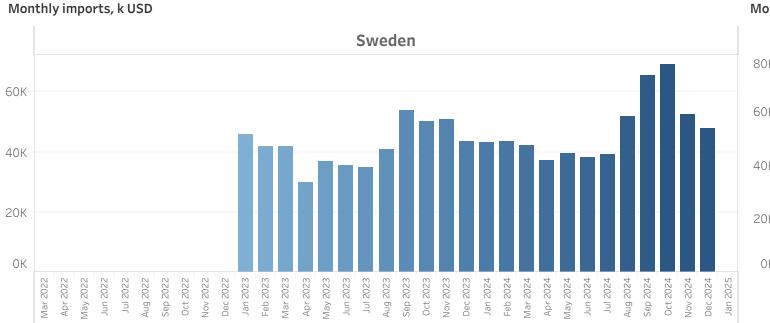
The map in this section visualizes the import value growth rates for each of the countries analyzed over the Last Twelve Months, compared to the same period 12 months before LTM. The intensity of the color denotes the magnitude of growth (represented by green) or decline (represented by red), with darker shades indicating more significant growth or a steeper decline.

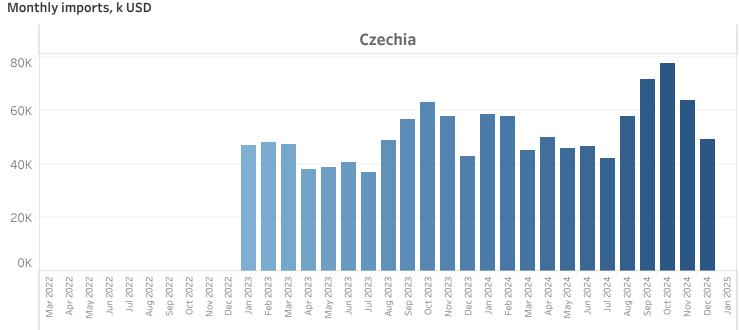




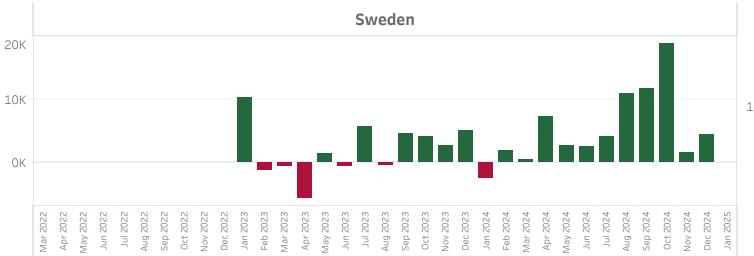


These pages provide detailed insights into the recent dynamics of imports (in US \$) reported by each of the countries analyzed in the Report. For each country analyzed, the first graph illustrates the monthly import values (expressed in US \$) over the most recent 24-month period, while the second graph depicts the year-over-year changes in monthly imports. Positive (green) values on the second chart indicate stronger import activity, suggesting robust demand for the analyzed goods, whereas negative (red) values may signal a contraction in the market.

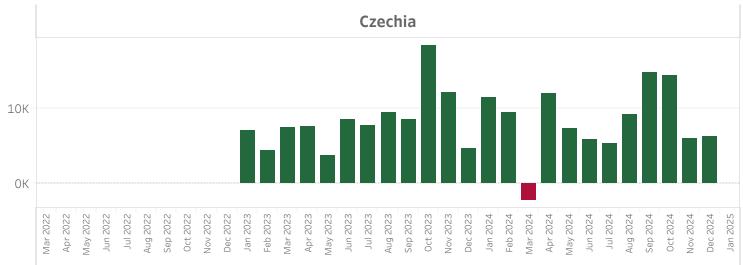




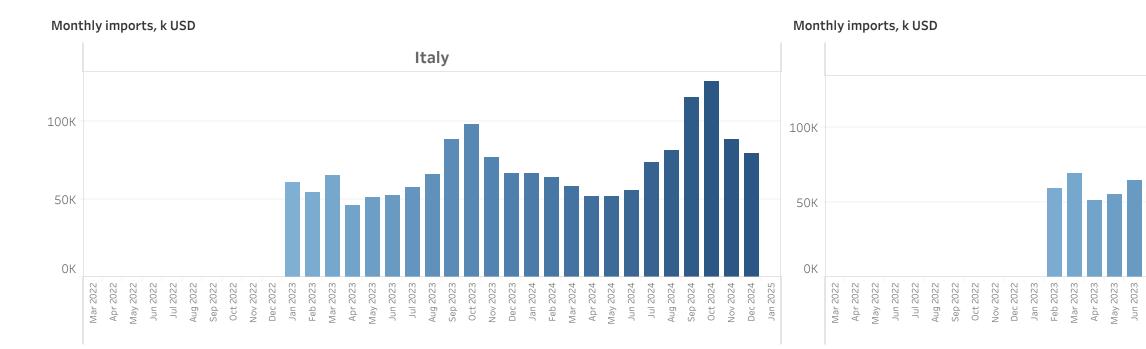
#### Monthly imports change, k USD



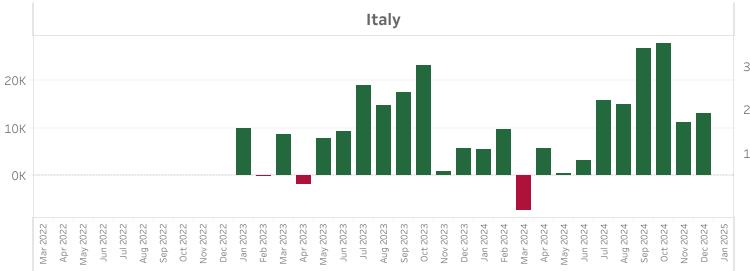
#### Monthly imports change, k USD



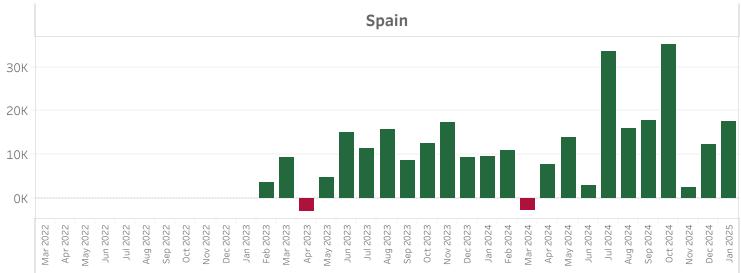
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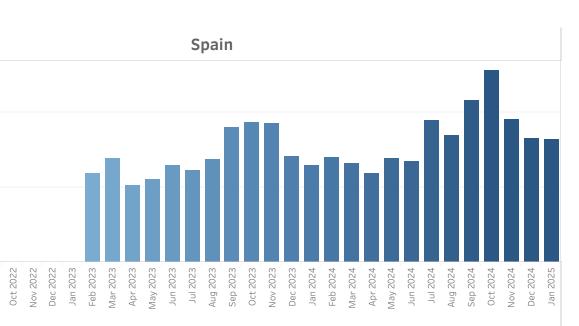


#### Monthly imports change, k USD

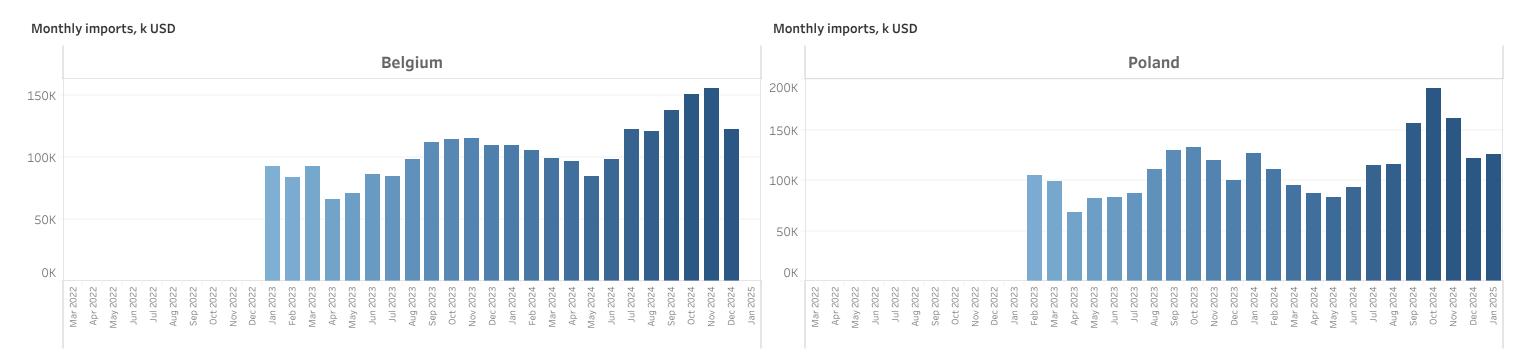


#### Monthly imports change, k USD

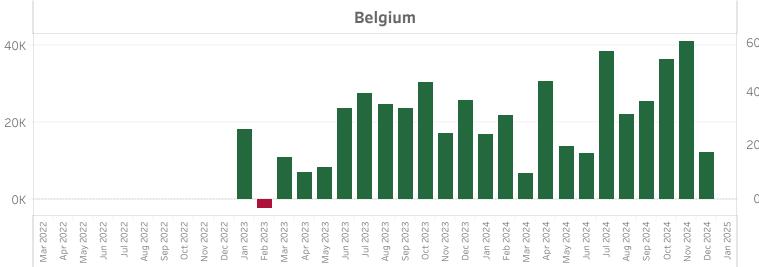


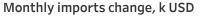


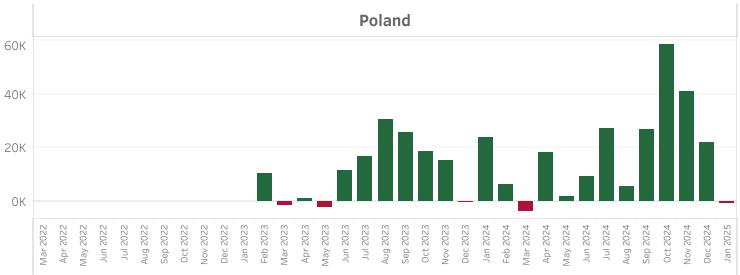
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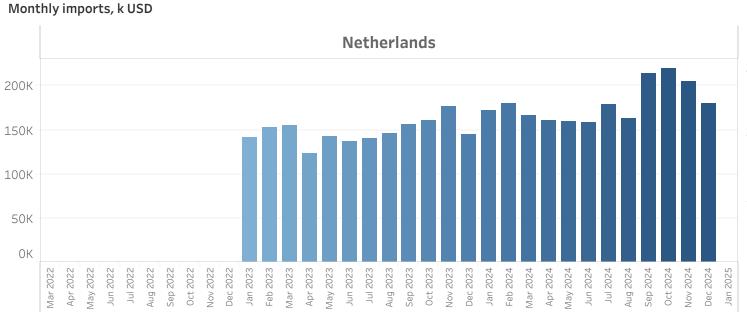
#### Monthly imports change, k USD

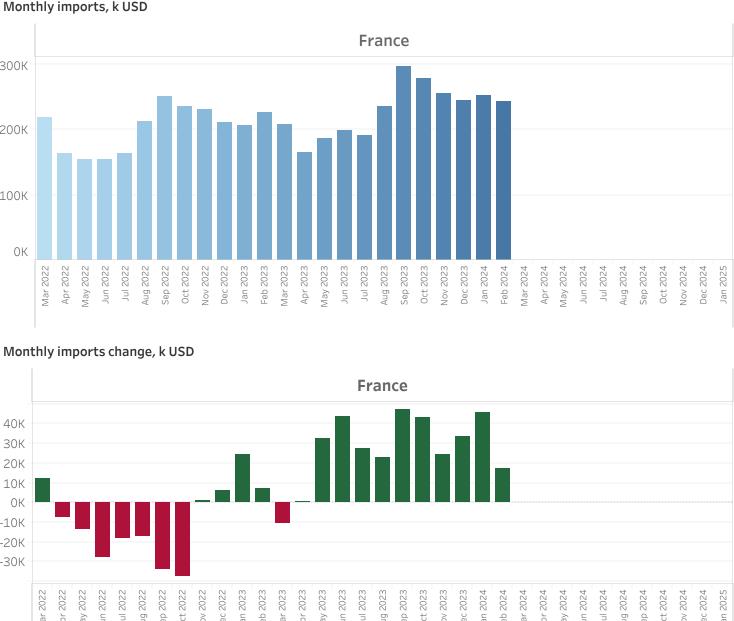




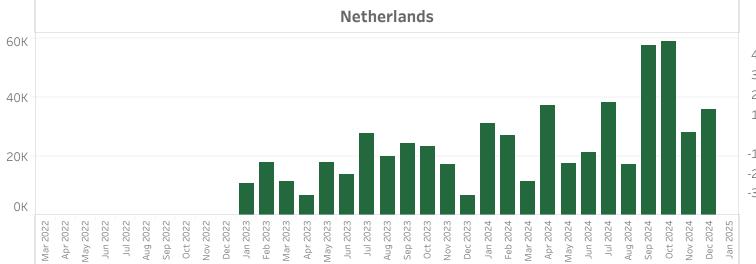


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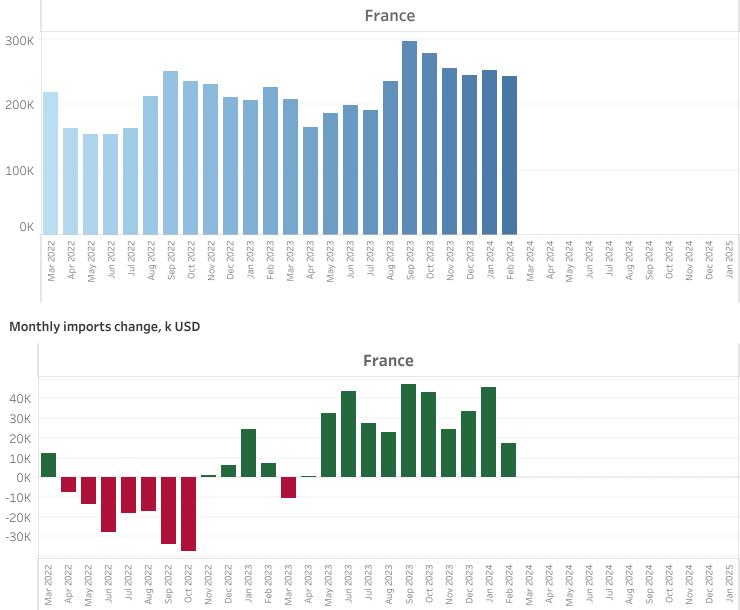




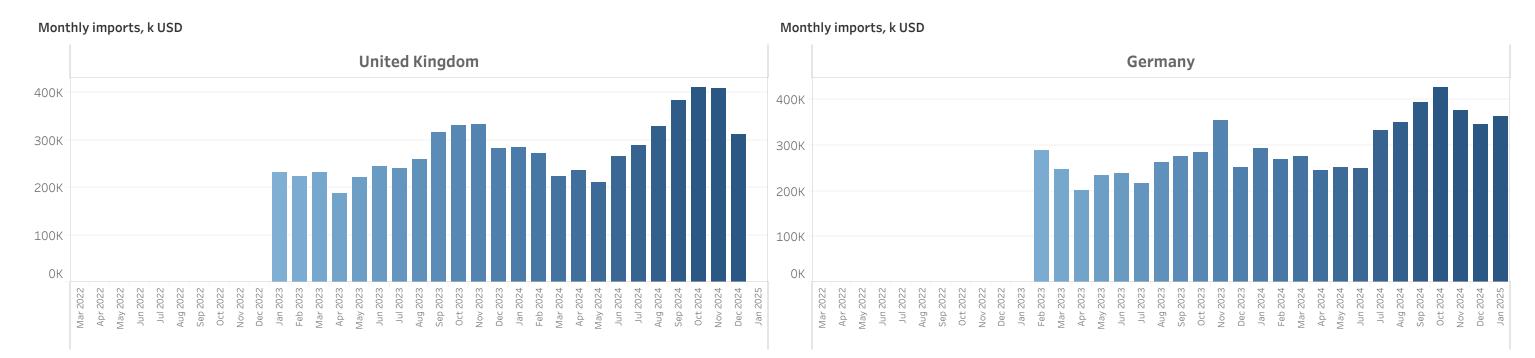
#### Monthly imports change, k USD



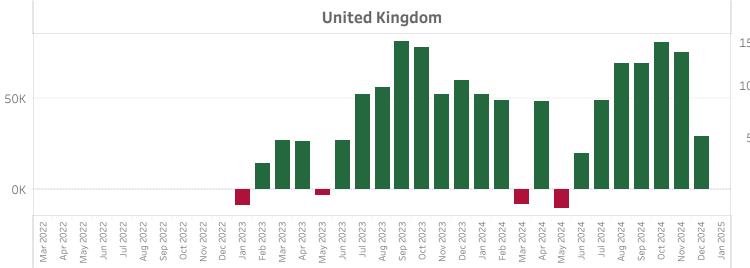
#### Monthly imports change, k USD



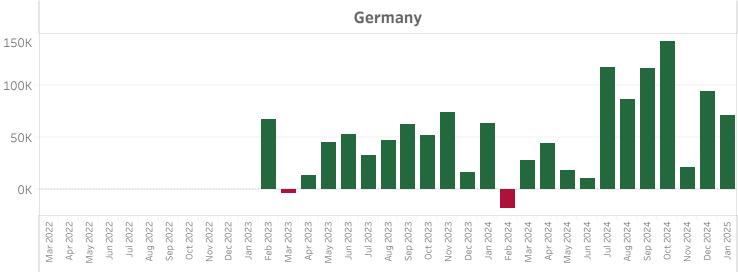
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#### Monthly imports change, k USD



#### Monthly imports change, k USD

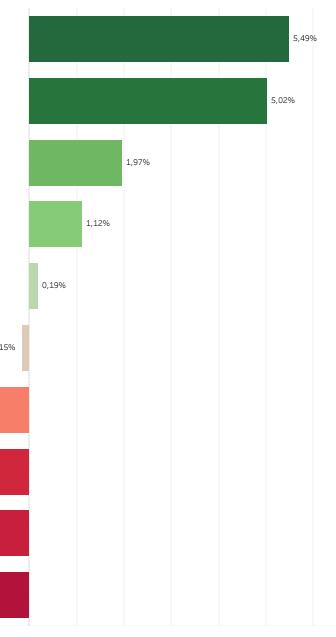


# Last Twelve Months Trends (tons)

This section presents the import volumes, expressed in tons, reported by each country analyzed in the Last Twelve Months (LTM) Period. The table provides import volumes for each country analyzed both in the Last Twelve Months and in the period 12 months before LTM, along with the calculated growth rate of imports. The figure on the left visually highlights which countries have experienced an increase or decrease in imports, and the extent of these changes.

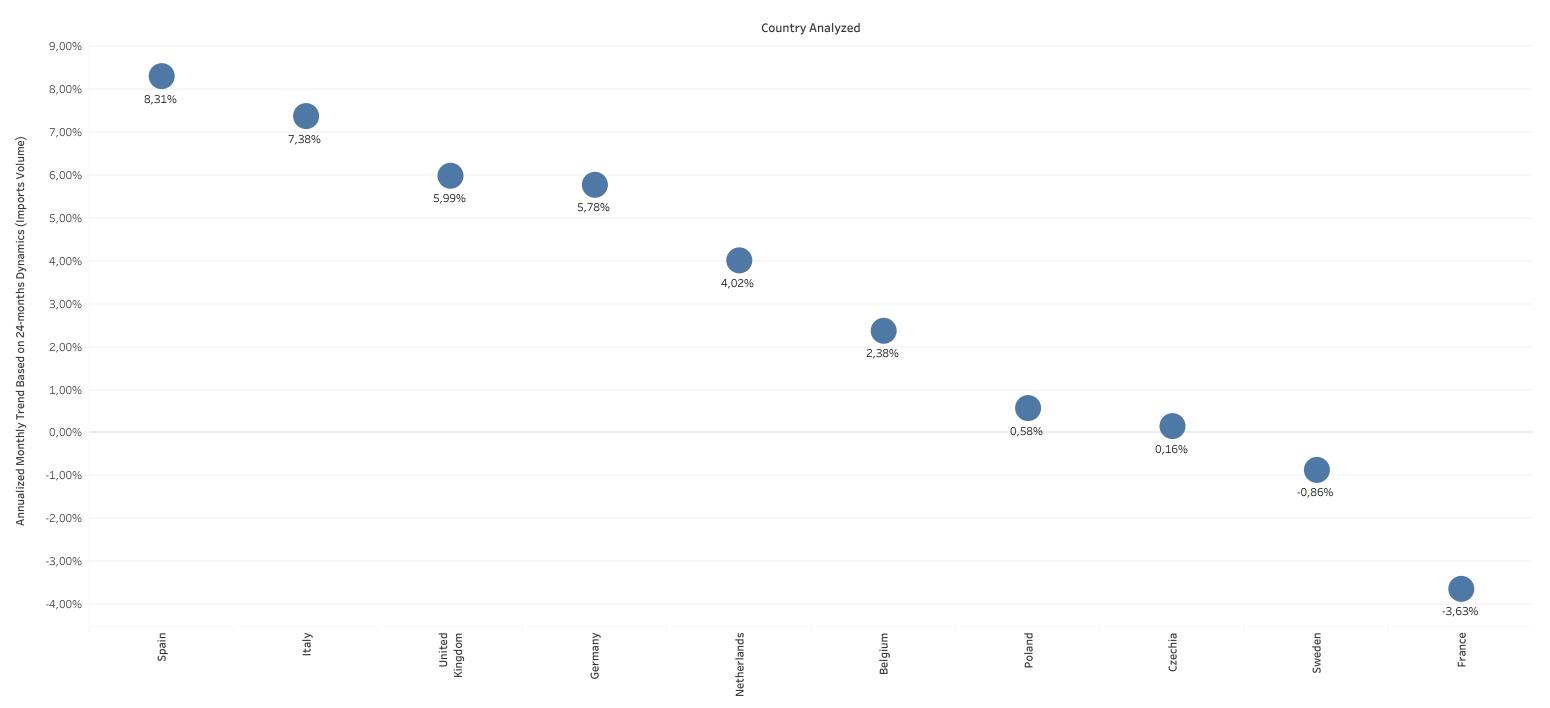
			Due due to local esta in the	Dur dast kommeter Consuth im	Growth Rate of Impo	rts (tons) in LTM	Compared	d to the S	ame Peri	iod 12
Country Analyzed	Last Twelve Months Period (LTM)	Product Imports in LTM, k tons	Product Imports in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, k tons	Product Imports Growth in LTM Compared to the Same Period 12 Months Before, %	Netherlands					
Germany	02.2024 - 01.2025	550,68	540,04	1,97%	Spain					
United Kingdom	01.2024 - 12.2024	511,28	510,31	0,19%	Germany					
France	03.2023 - 02.2024	504,92	529,66	-4,67%	Belgium					
Netherlands	01.2024 - 12.2024	338,84	321,20	5,49%	United Kingdom					
Poland	02.2024 - 01.2025	221,83	234,47	-5,39%	Czechia					-0,159
Belgium	01.2024 - 12.2024	220,77	218,33	1,12%						
Spain	02.2024 - 01.2025	168,40	160,35	5,02%	Italy			-1,88%		
Italy	01.2024 - 12.2024	130,00	132,49	-1,88%	Sweden	-4,42%				
Czechia	01.2024 - 12.2024	101,95	102,10	-0,15%	France	-4,67%				
Sweden	01.2024 - 12.2024	80,80	84,54	-4,42%	Poland	-5,39%				





#### 12 Months Before LTM, %

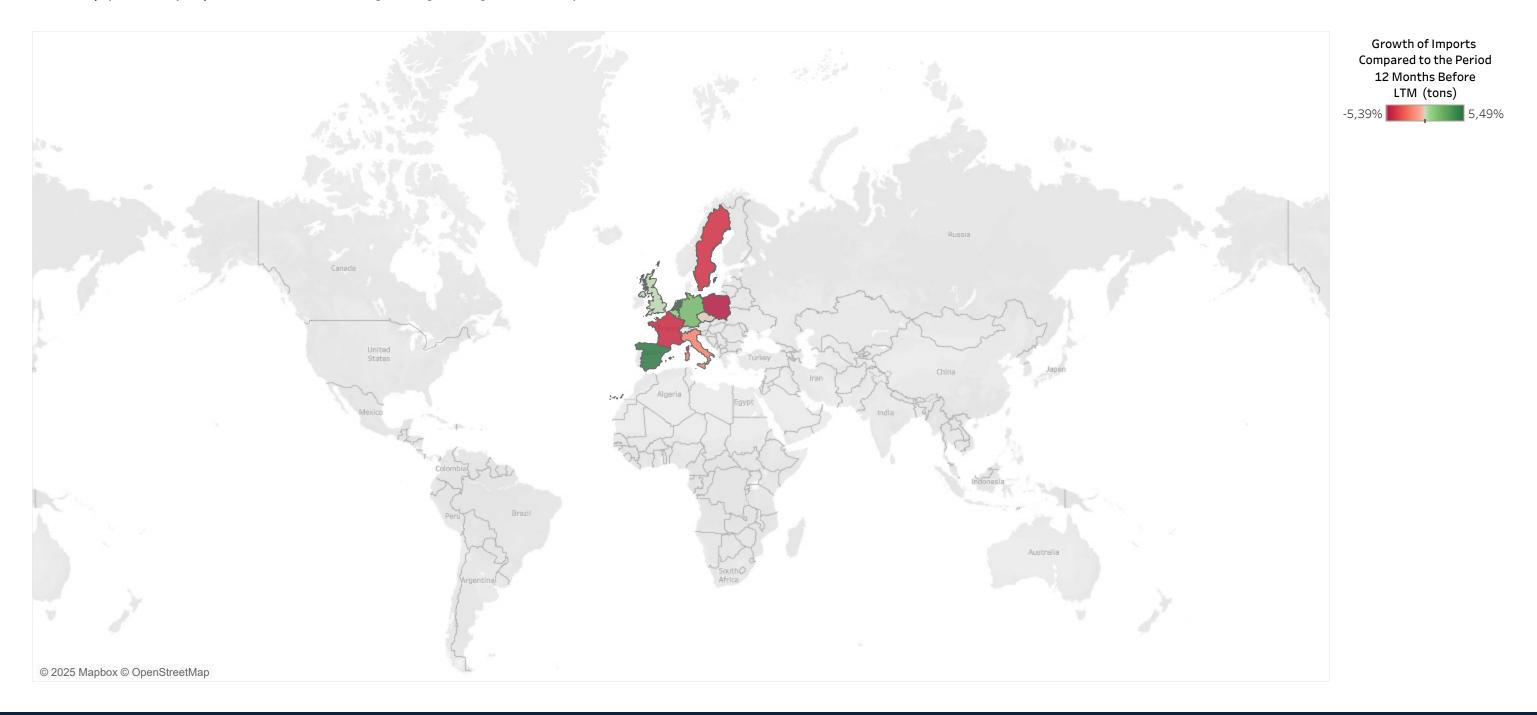
The graph in this section illustrates the projected dynamics of import volume (in tons), expressed as the annual growth rate, assuming the continuation of current trends.





### Last Twelve Months Trends: Growth of Imports Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM (tons)

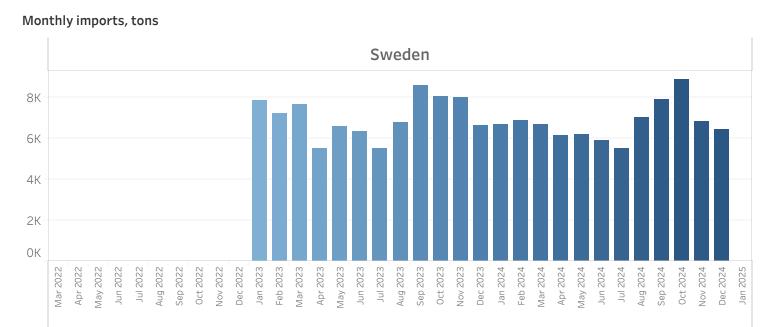
The map in this section visualizes the import volume growth rates for each of the countries analyzed over the Last Twelve Months, compared to the period 12 months before LTM. The intensity of the color denotes the magnitude of growth (represented by green) or decline (represented by red), with darker shades indicating more significant growth or a steeper decline.

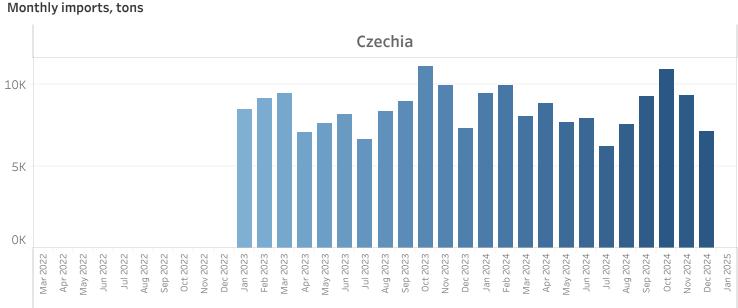




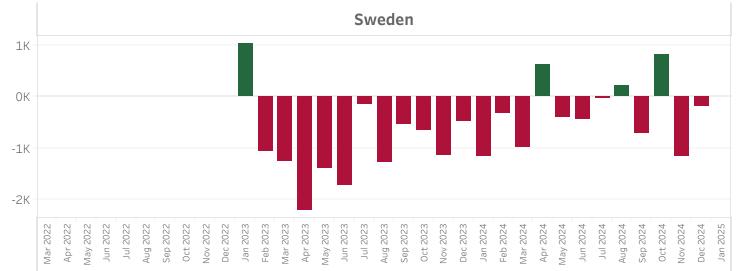


These pages provide detailed insights into the recent dynamics of imports (in tons) reported by each of the countries analyzed in the Report. For each country analyzed, the first graph illustrates the monthly import volumes over the most recent 24-month period, while the second graph depicts the year-over-year changes in monthly imports. Positive (green) values on the second chart indicate stronger import activity, suggesting robust demand for the analyzed goods, whereas negative (red) values may signal a contraction in the market.

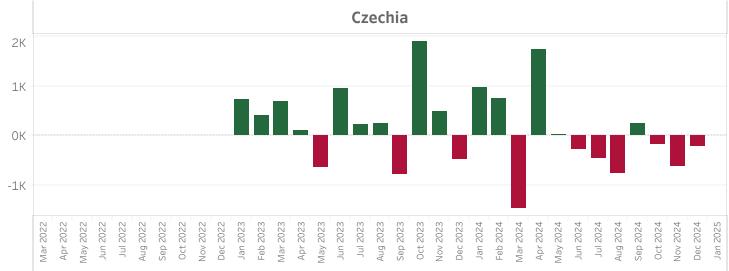




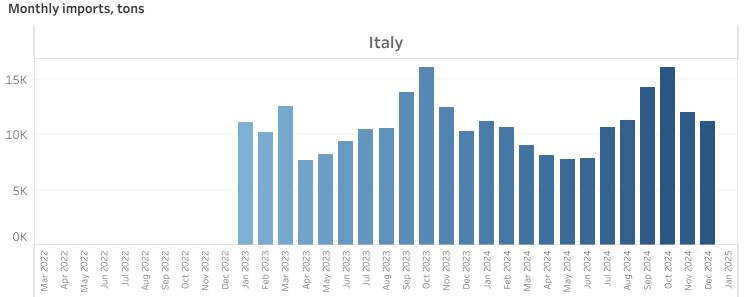
#### Monthly imports change, tons

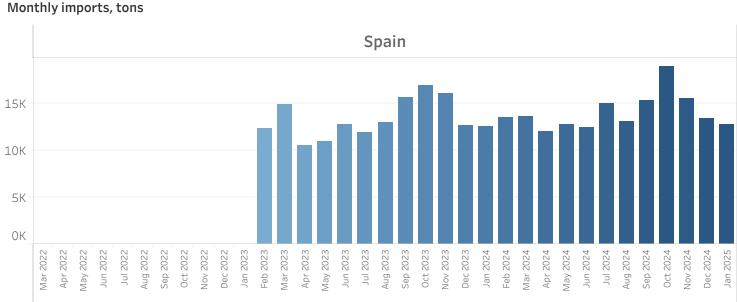


#### Monthly imports change, tons



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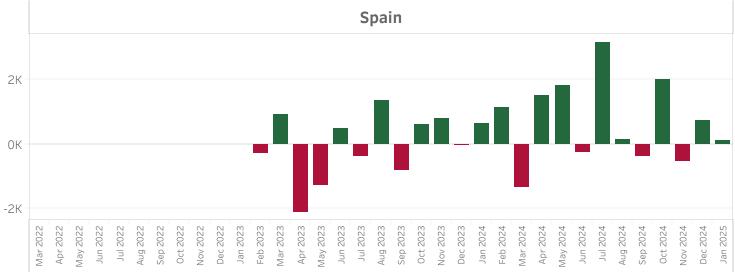




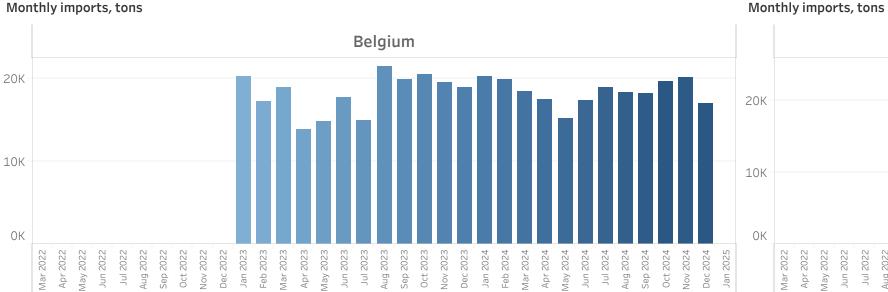
#### Monthly imports change, tons

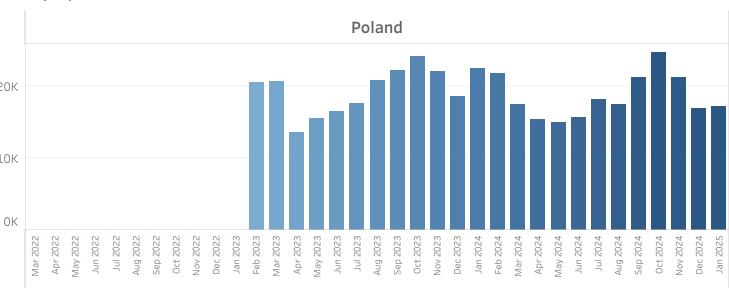
# Italy Italy 2K Jul 2022 0K Jul 2022 1 Jul 2023 1 Jul 2023 2 Jul 2023 3 Jul 2024 3 Jul 2024 3 Jul 2024 3 Jul 2025 4 Jul 2024 3 Jul 2024 4 Jul 2024 3 Jul 2024 4 Jul 2025</t

#### Monthly imports change, tons

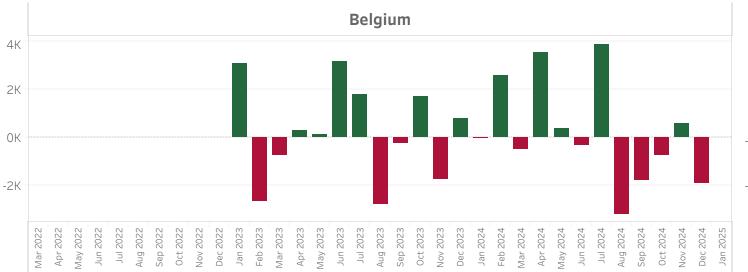


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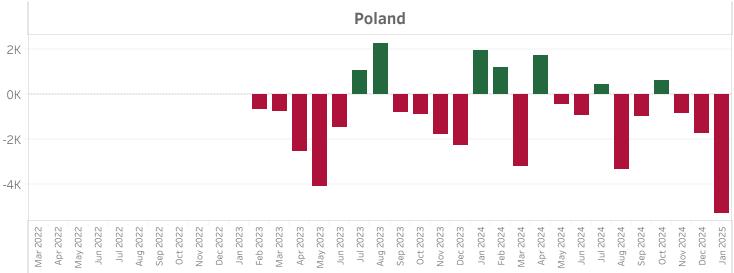




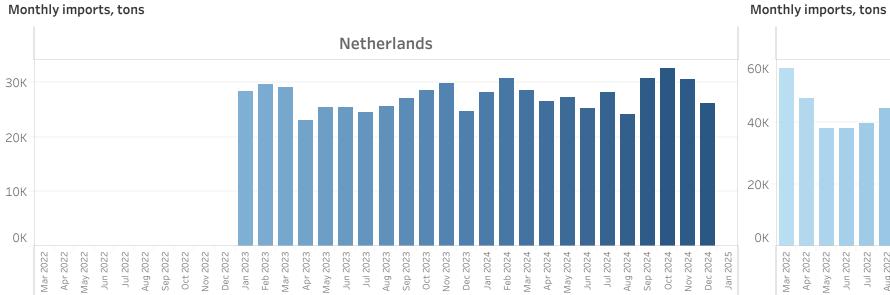
#### Monthly imports change, tons

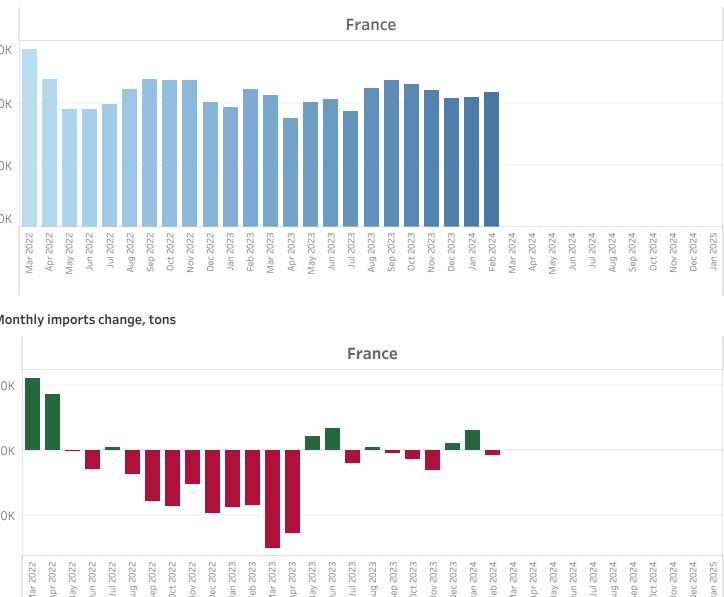


#### Monthly imports change, tons

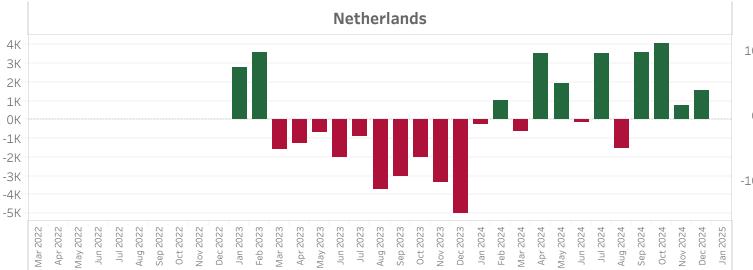


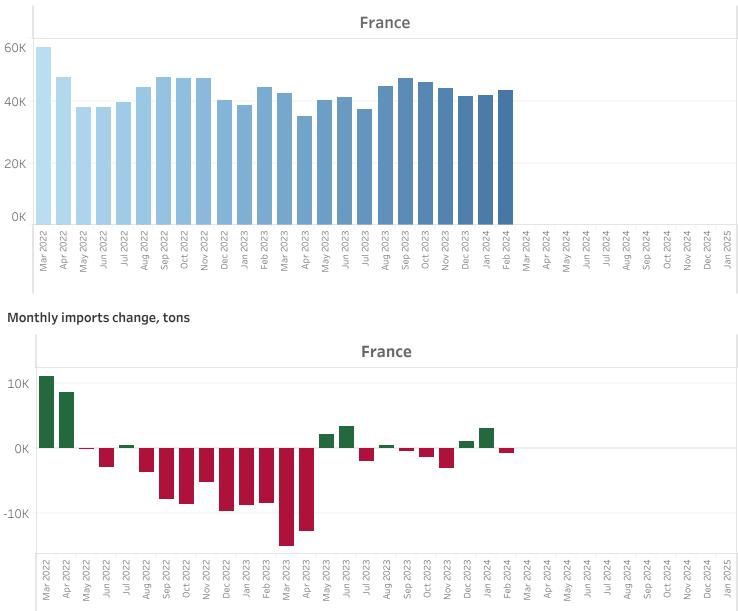
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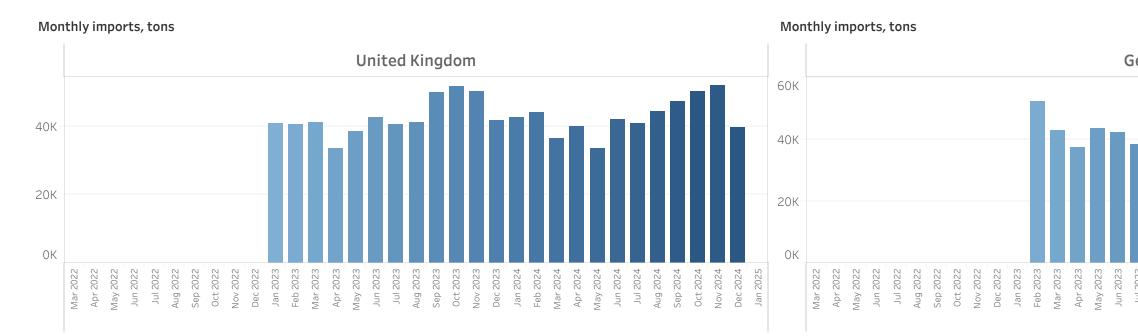


#### Monthly imports change, tons

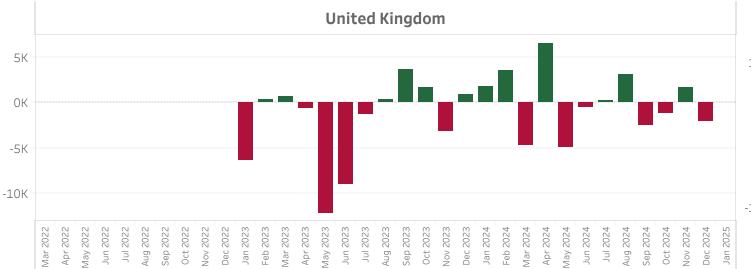




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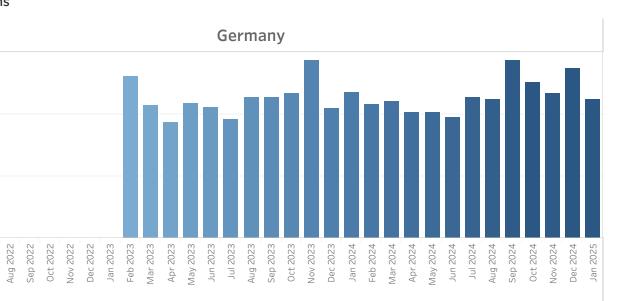


#### Monthly imports change, tons



#### Monthly imports change, tons







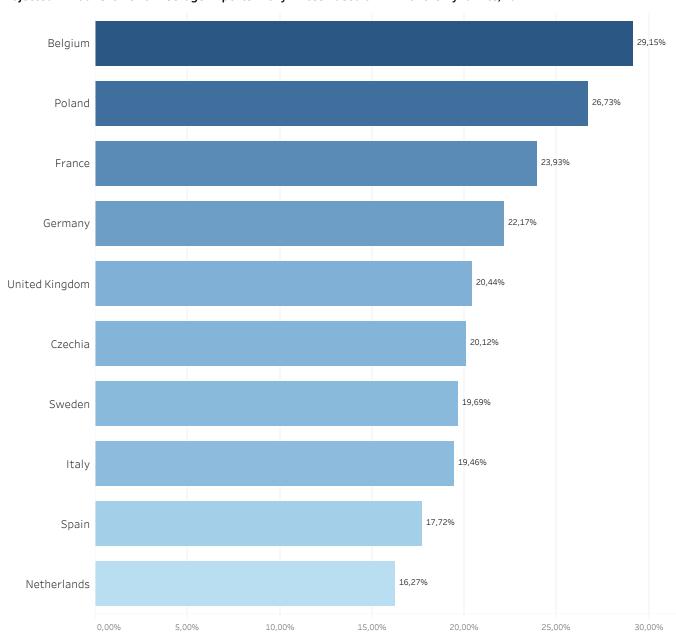
# PRICES TRENDS

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# Average Imports Proxy Prices Trends

This section presents the average imports proxy prices, expressed in k US \$ per 1 ton, calculated for each country analyzed in the the period of Last Twelve Months, and their change compared to the period 12 months before LTM. The graph on the right illustrates the projected dynamics of average imports proxy prices, expressed as the annual growth rate, assuming the continuation of current trends.

Country Analyzed	Last Twelve Months Period (LTM)	Average Imports Proxy Price Growth in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	
United Kingdom	01.2024 - 12.2024	16,60%	7,10
Sweden	01.2024 - 12.2024	17,82%	7,05
Germany	02.2024 - 01.2025	20,86%	7,05
Italy	01.2024 - 12.2024	18,43%	7,01
Poland	02.2024 - 01.2025	23,67%	6,57
Czechia	01.2024 - 12.2024	17,82%	6,54
Netherlands	01.2024 - 12.2024	15,11%	6,37
Belgium	01.2024 - 12.2024	23,24%	6,36
Spain	02.2024 - 01.2025	14,26%	5,97
France	03.2023 - 02.2024	19,03%	5,46

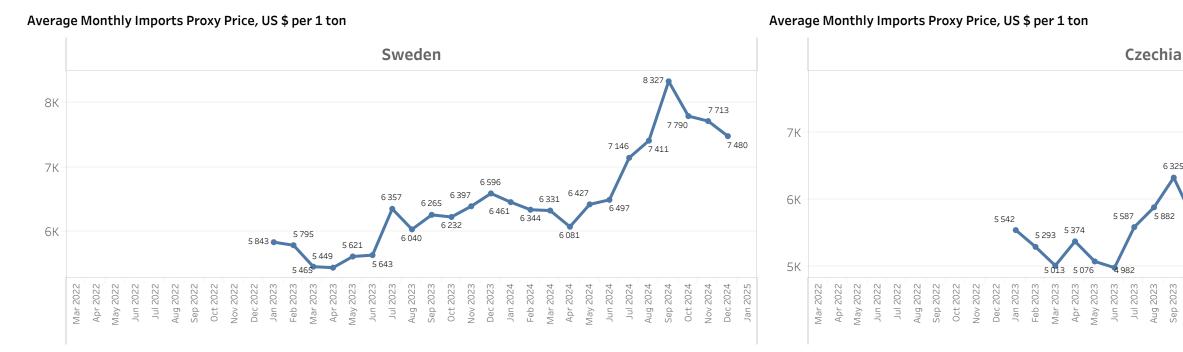




#### Projected Annual Growth of Average Imports Proxy Prices Based on 24 Months Dynamics, %

# Average Imports Proxy Prices Trends: Country-Specific Monthly Data

These pages provide detailed insights into the recent dynamics of average imports proxy prices calculated for each of the countries analyzed in the Report in the most recent 24-months period.

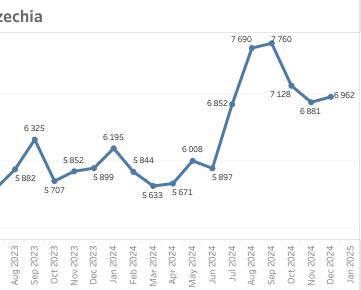


#### Average Monthly Imports Proxy Price, US \$ per 1 ton

#### Average Monthly Imports Proxy Price, US \$ per 1 ton

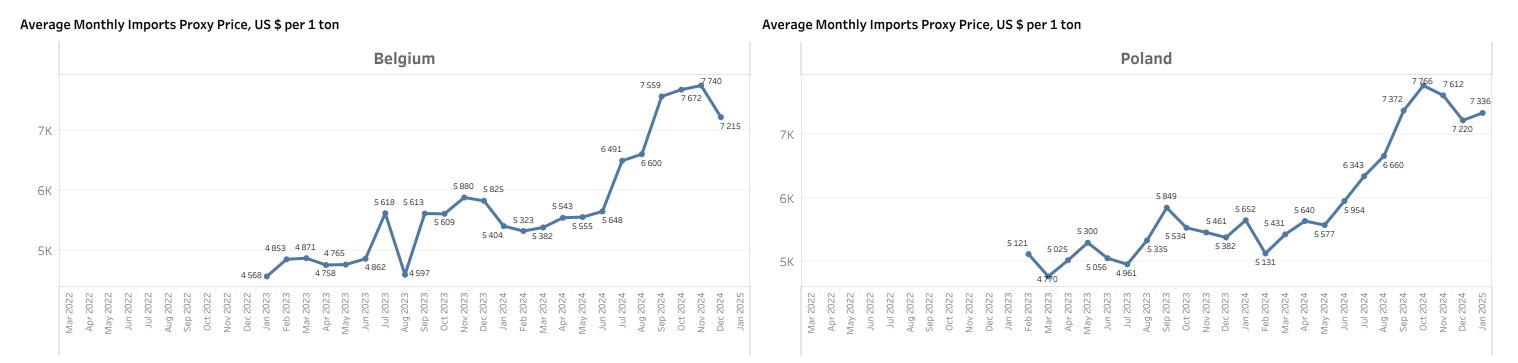






# Average Imports Proxy Prices Trends: Country-Specific Monthly Data

These pages provide detailed insights into the recent dynamics of average imports proxy prices calculated for each of the countries analyzed in the Report in the most recent 24-months period.



#### Average Monthly Imports Proxy Price, US \$ per 1 ton

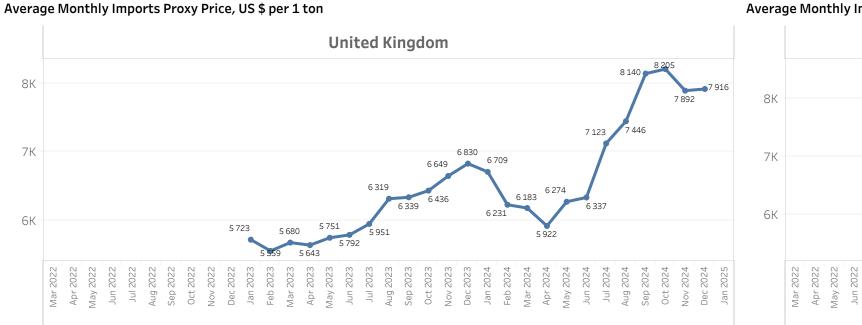


#### Average Monthly Imports Proxy Price, US \$ per 1 ton



# Average Imports Proxy Prices Trends: Country-Specific Monthly Data

These pages provide detailed insights into the recent dynamics of average imports proxy prices calculated for each of the countries analyzed in the Report in the most recent 24-months period.



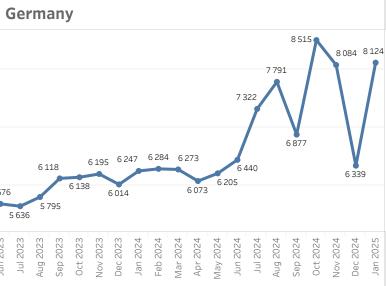
#### Average Monthly Imports Proxy Price, US \$ per 1 ton

Jul 20

Sep 20

Aug 20





5 7 5 9

Mar

Apr 2

5 51

Jan 20

Feb 20

0ct 20 Nov 20 Dec 20

5 676

5 636

Jul 2

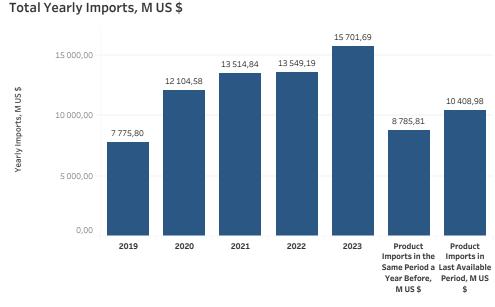


# **COMPETITION AND SUPPLIERS**

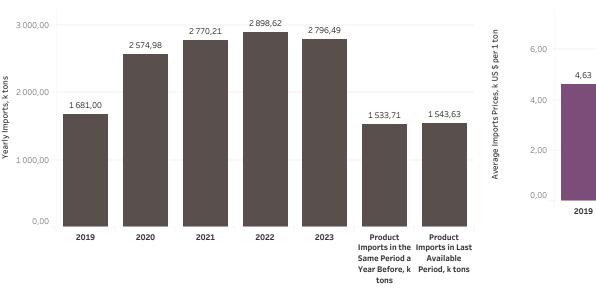
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## Total Yearly Data on Imports by the Countries Analyzed

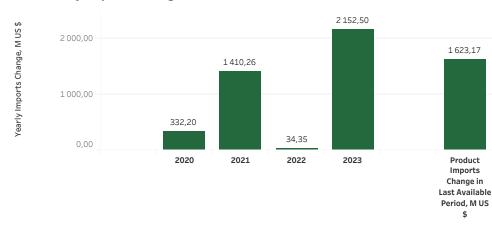
This page provides detailed insights into the yearly dynamics of cumulative imports reported by each of the Countries Analyzed in the Report. The first two graphs illustrate the total yearly import values (expressed in M US \$ and in k tons respectively) over the most recent 5 full calendar years plus the most recent available period (the sum of imports reported by each of the Country Analyzed in the Last Available Period). The third graph illustrates the calculated average imports prices over the same period. Additionally, the graphs below illustrate y-o-y changes of each respective indicator described above.



### Total Yearly Imports, k tons

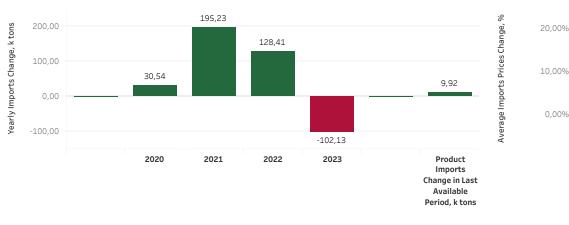


### Total Yearly Imports Change, M US \$

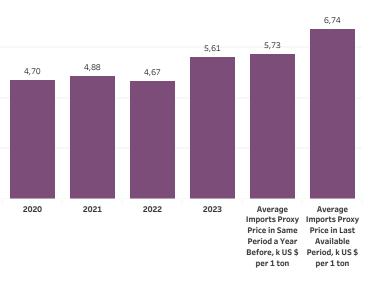


### Total Yearly Imports Change, k tons

### Total Average Imports Prices Change, %

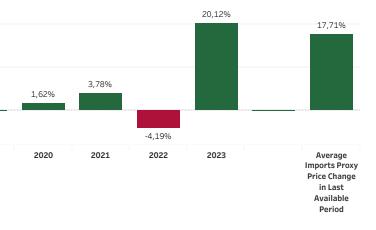






Total Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton





## Largest Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months: US \$

This section presents an overview of the largest supplying countries (exporters) of the analyzed good to the countries analyzed (importers), based on Last Twelve Months (LTM) data reported by the countries analyzed. The table lists all supplying countries, along with the total exports value (expressed in US \$) supplied by each supplying country to the countries analyzed, as well as the respective shares of each supplying country in total supplies of the good to the countries analyzed. Additionally, the tree map diagram provides a visual representation of the market shares of largest supplying countries in the countries analyzed.

Top 20 Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months

Largest Supplying Countries of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months, Based on Imports in US \$

			Imports In US \$		
Supplying Country	Supplies of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months, M US \$	Share in the Total Supplies of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the Twelve Months, %	Germany 20,34%	Poland 10,74%	Italy 9,08%
Total	18 446,42				
Germany	3 751,98	20,34%			
Belgium	3 473,43	18,83%			
Poland	1981,00	10,74%			
Italy	1 675,28	9,08%			
Netherlands	1 412,55	7,66%			
France	1 331,51	7,22%	Other 19,02%		
Switzerland	710,63	3,85%			
Austria	600,83	3,26%			_
United Kingdom	482,34	2,61%		Netherlands 7,66%	France 7,22%
Spain	443,34	2,40%			
Ireland	321,96	1,75%			
Côte d'Ivoire	226,25	1,23%			
Slovakia	221,12	1,20%	Belgium		
Czechia	168,77	0,91%	18,83%		
Bulgaria	160,95	0,87%			
Denmark	147,59	0,80%			
Lithuania	142,74	0,77%		Switzerland	Austria
USA	134,85	0,73%		3,85%	3,26%
Croatia	133,47	0,72%			
Hungary	125,78	0,68%			

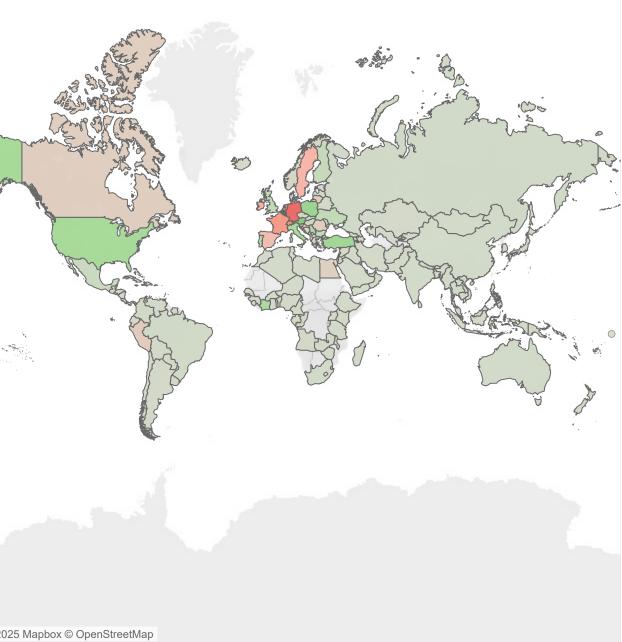




## Largest Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed: Competition Shifts in the Last Twelve Months (US \$)

This section provides an illustration of competitive shifts in the markets of the Countries Analyzed, focusing on changes in the mix of Supplying Countries during the Last Twelve Months (LTM) period. The accompanying table lists all the Supplying Countries, along with the total import value (in US\$) reported by all the Countries Analyzed, as well as the respective shares of total imports for each Supplying Country in both the LTM and the 12 months preceding the LTM. Additionally, a map visually represents these shifts in the shares of the Supplying Countries, with shades of green indicating countries with increasing shares and shades of red representing those with declining shares.

Supplying Country	Supplies of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months, M US \$	Share in the Total Supplies of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the Twelve Months, %	Share in the Total Supplies to the Countries Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	
Total	18 446,42			
Germany	3 751,98	20,34%	21,36%	
Belgium	3 473,43	18,83%	17,09%	5
Poland	1981,00	10,74%	10,46%	Son of
Italy	1675,28	9,08%	8,93%	A.
Netherlands	1412,55	7,66%	8,41%	
France	1331,51	7,22%	7,72%	
Switzerland	710,63	3,85%	4,43%	
Austria	600,83	3,26%	2,76%	
United Kingdom	482,34	2,61%	2,56%	
Spain	443,34	2,40%	2,53%	
Ireland	321,96	1,75%	1,95%	
Côte d'Ivoire	226,25	1,23%	1,08%	
Slovakia	221,12	1,20%	1,19%	
Czechia	168,77	0,91%	0,94%	
Bulgaria	160,95	0,87%	0,82%	
Denmark	147,59	0,80%	0,80%	
Lithuania	142,74	0,77%	0,84%	
USA	134,85	0,73%	0,57%	
Croatia	133,47	0,72%	0,88%	
Hungary	125,78	0,68%	0,66%	C



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Change in the share of total imports, in percentage points

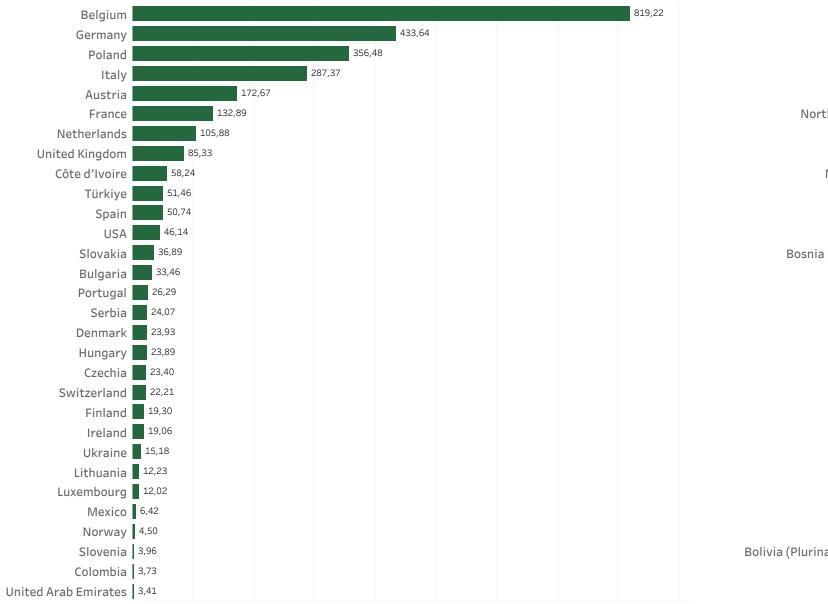
-1,02%

1,74%

### Largest Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months: Absolute Changes in Supplies Value (US \$)

This section examines the value of supplies (in US \$) from by each supplying country to the countries analyzed over the Last Twelve Months (LTM) period, as reported by the countries analyzed, and compares it to the value reported for the corresponding period 12 months before LTM. The supplying countries are classified into two categories: those that increased their supplies in absolute terms and those that decreased their supplies. These countries are then ranked based on the net absolute change in supplies, from the highest increase (or decrease) to the lowest.

### Top 30 Supplying Countries with an Absolute Growth of Supplies to the Countries Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, M US \$



### Top 30 Supplying Countries with an Absolute Decline of Supplies to the Countries Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, M US \$

-9,79

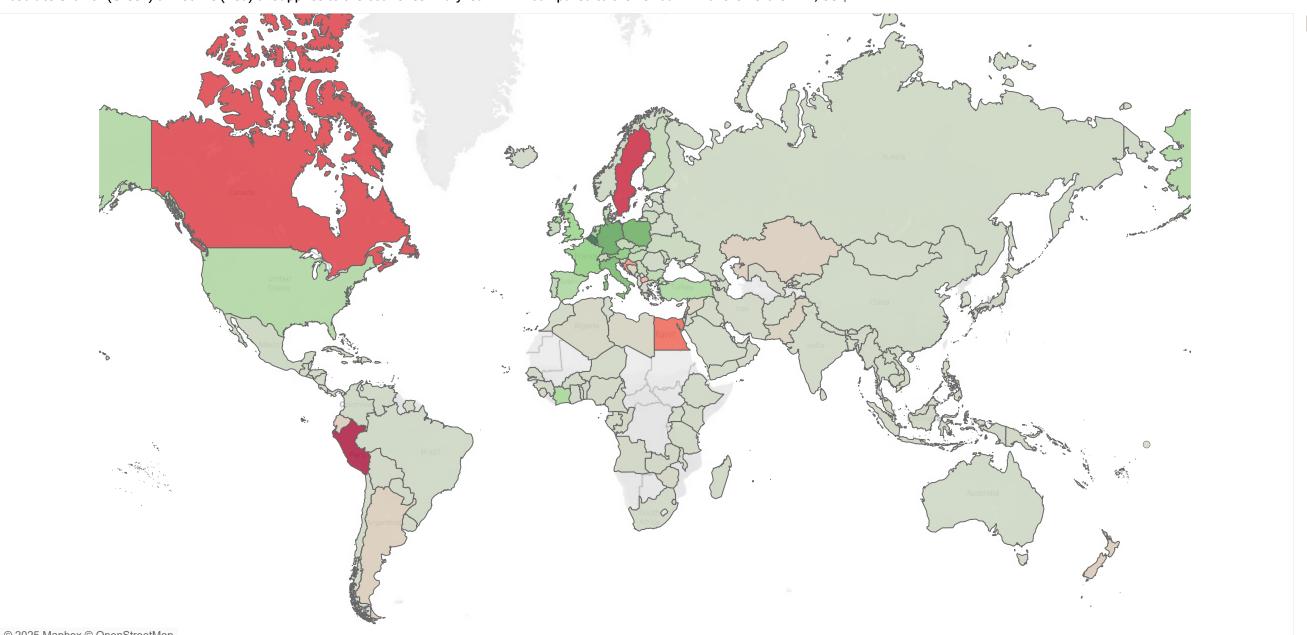




### -4.85 -2,67 -0,95 -0,47 -0,27 -0,26 -0,23 -0,21 -0,16 -0,12 -0,12 -0,09 -0,09 -0,08 -0,07 -0,06 -0,06 -0,05 -0,04 -0,02 -0,02 -0,02 -0,01 -0,01 -0,01 -0,01 -0,01

### Largest Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months: Absolute Changes in Supplies Value (US \$)

The map in this section visualizes the supplies value absolute change for each of the identified supplying country to the countries analyzed over LTM, compared to the period 12 months before LTM. The intensity of the color denotes the magnitude of growth (represented by green) or decline (represented by red), with darker shades indicating more significant growth or a steeper decline.



Absolute Growth (Green) or Decline (Red) of Supplies to the Countries Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, US \$

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### Absolute Growth or Decline of Supplies, M US \$

-9,79	819,22

### Change of Market Shares of Supplying Countries in Total Product Imports of the Countries Analyzed: US \$

The tables in this section present the structure of import values (expressed in US \$) for each country analyzed, broken down by the largest supplying countries during the Last Twelve Months (LTM) period, as well as the period 12 months before LTM. Figures in red indicate the supplying countries whose market share of in the country analyzed has decreased, while figures in green highlight those whose share has increased.

Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Germany	Belgium	23,50%	21,09%	United Kingdom	Germany	23,19%	23,28%	France	Germany	24,93%	23,10%
	Poland	16,00%	16,60%		Poland	14,54%	13,91%		Belgium	24,69%	23,97%
	Netherlands	11,59%	12,61%		Belgium	13,08%	10,82%		Italy	14,67%	15,57%
	Switzerland	10,97%	12,62%		Italy France	9,35%	9,11% 10,59%		Netherlands	7,09%	9,42%
	Italy	9,45%	8,22%		Ireland	8,00%	8,84%		Poland	5,95%	5,75%
	Austria	7,54%	7,05%		Others	7,99%	8,97%		Spain	5,40%	5,62%
	France	3,60%	4,37%		Netherlands	6,43%	6,54%		United Kingdom	5,40%	4,94%
	Others	3,09%	3,62%		Switzerland	3,33%	3,32%		Côte d'Ivoire	5,15%	4,69%
	Spain	2,08%	2,56%		Spain	1,63%	2,13%		Others	3,58%	3,43%
		,	· · · ·		Lithuania	1,62%	1,89%			,	
	United Kingdom	1,67%	1,46%		Austria	1,60%	0,61%		Switzerland	3,15%	3,51%

Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Netherlands	Belgium	41,27%	38,64%	Poland	Germany	39,96%	45,90%	Belgium	Netherlands	20,17%	21,82%
	Germany	21,55%	22,02%		Others	13,52%	13,06%		Germany	20,16%	22,75%
					Italy	9,61%	7,94%		France	19,26%	17,89%
	Others	10,96%	10,38%		Belgium	8,74%	8,24%		Poland	13,55%	11,89%
	United Kingdom	7,92%	8,77%		France	7,25%	6,64%		Italy	8,36%	7,96%
	Poland	7,91%	8,14%		Côte d'Ivoire	5,00%	3,72%		Others	7,79%	10,95%
	France	5,20%	6,87%		Austria	4,79%	3,43%		Spain	3,86%	2,36%
					Czechia	4,55%	4,04%		United Kingdom	3,09%	2,54%
	Italy	3,45%	3,75%		Netherlands	3,86%	4,34%		Serbia	2,26%	0,72%
	USA	1,73%	1,43%		Slovakia	2,72%	2,69%		Slovakia	1,50%	1,12%



The tables in this section present the structure of import values (expressed in US \$) for each country analyzed, broken down by the largest supplying countries during the Last Twelve Months (LTM) period, as well as the period 12 months before LTM. Figures in red indicate the supplying countries whose market share of in the country analyzed has decreased, while figures in green highlight those whose share has increased.

Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Spain	Germany	23,19%	25,56%	Italy	Germany	38,75%	41,30%	Czechia	Germany	27,58%	28,70%
	France	20,35%	21,41%		Belgium	16,98%	11,97%		Poland	16,23%	15,08%
					-				Belgium	12,02%	10,44%
	Italy	16,30%	17,21%		France	11,06%	12,36%		Slovakia	7,82%	8,74%
	Belgium	10,44%	10,04%		Poland	10,24%	10,56%		Others	7,39%	7,42%
	Netherlands	6,75%	7,09%		Others	6,64%	6,74%		Austria	7,26%	7,45%
									Italy	6,56%	8,26%
	Others	6,74%	6,33%		Netherlands	5,86%	5,97%		France	4,63%	3,36%
	Portugal	6,24%	4,44%		Spain	5,18%	4,71%		Hungary	3,88%	3,80%
	Austria	5,25%	3,88%		Austria	2,95%	3,45%		Netherlands	2,75%	3,18%
	Austria	5,2570	5,0070		Austria	2,3370	5,75%		Bulgaria	2,09%	1,66%
	Poland	4,74%	4,05%		Switzerland	2,33%	2,93%		Switzerland	1,79%	1,91%

Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Sweden	Germany	21,35%	22,43%
	Finland	10,70%	8,83%
	Poland	10,04%	9,62%
	Netherlands	9,58%	10,47%
	Belgium	8,14%	8,62%
	Denmark	8,05%	8,43%
	Others	6,67%	6,28%
	France	5,61%	5,98%
	Norway	4,86%	4,89%
	Lithuania	4,51%	4,41%
	Italy	4,35%	4,16%
	Slovakia	2,49%	2,17%
	Spain	2,14%	2,09%
	Hungary	1,50%	1,63%



## Largest Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months: tons

This section presents an overview of the largest supplying countries (exporters) of the analyzed good to the countries analyzed (importers), based on Last Twelve Months (LTM) data reported by the countries analyzed. The table lists all supplying countries, along with the total exports volume (expressed in tons) supplied by each supplying country to the countries analyzed, as well as the respective shares of each supplying country in total supplies of the good to the countries analyzed. Additionally, the tree map diagram provides a visual representation of the market shares of largest supplying countries in the countries analyzed.

### Top 20 Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months

### Largest Supplying Countries of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months, Based on Imports in tons

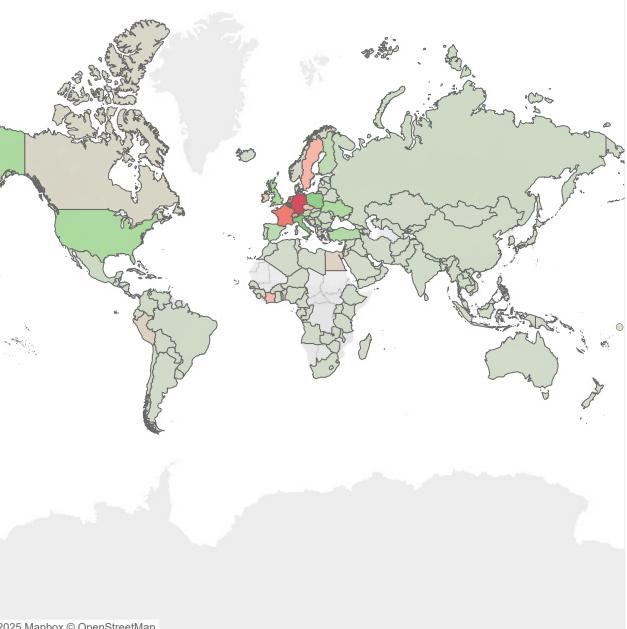
Supplying Country	Supplies of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months, tons	Share in the Total Supplies of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the Twelve Months, %	Belgium 20,26%	Poland 9,95%	France 8,67%			
Total	2 829 475,02							
Belgium	573 358,78	20,26%						
Germany	570 703,38	20,17%						
Poland	281 401,44	9,95%						
France	245 229,79	8,67%						
Netherlands	242 721,09	8,58%		-				
Italy	224 333,60	7,93%	Germany 20,17%					
Austria	92 209,11	3,26%						
Spain	83 675,12	2,96%			Italy			
Switzerland	78 466,85	2,77%		8,58%	7,93%			
United Kingdom	70 169,33	2,48%						
Côte d'Ivoire	46 789,58	1,65%						
Ireland	43 311,31	1,53%						
Slovakia	32 193,47	1,14%						
Czechia	24 019,55	0,85%	Other 18,42%					
Bulgaria	23 747,12	0,84%						
Hungary	20 721,23	0,73%						
Lithuania	20 112,01	0,71%		Austria	Cwitzerland			
Denmark	15 441,82	0,55%		Austria 3,26%	Switzerland 2,77%			
USA	14 112,50	0,50%						
Croatia	12 573,22	0,44%						



## Largest Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed: Competition Shifts in the Last Twelve Months (tons)

This section provides an illustration of competitive shifts in the markets of the Countries Analyzed, focusing on changes in the mix of Supplying Countries during the Last Twelve Months (LTM) period. The accompanying table lists all Supplying Countries, along with the total import value (in tons) reported by all the Countries Analyzed, as well as the respective shares of total imports for each Supplying Country in both the LTM and the 12 months preceding the LTM. Additionally, a map visually represents these shifts in the shares of the Supplying Countries, with shades of green indicating countries with increasing shares and shades of red representing those with declining shares.

Supplying Country	Total Imports by the Countries in LTM, kg	Share in the Total Supplies of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the Twelve Months, %	Share in the Total Supplies to the Countries Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Total	2 829 475 017		
Belgium	573 358 778	20,26%	18,84%
Germany	570 703 378	20,17%	21,30%
Poland	281 401 437	9,95%	9,62%
France	245 229 792	8,67%	9,35%
Netherlands	242 721 085	8,58%	9,15%
Italy	224 333 603	7,93%	7,45%
Austria	92 209 115	3,26%	3,19%
Spain	83 675 120	2,96%	2,89%
Switzerland	78 466 847	2,77%	3,10%
United Kingdom	70 169 327	2,48%	2,35%
Côte d'Ivoire	46 789 583	1,65%	1,77%
Ireland	43 311 306	1,53%	1,59%
Slovakia	32 193 470	1,14%	1,15%
Czechia	24 019 549	0,85%	0,95%
Bulgaria	23 747 122	0,84%	0,81%
Hungary	20 721 230	0,73%	0,69%
Lithuania	20 112 009	0,71%	0,72%
Denmark	15 441 818	0,55%	0,55%
USA	14 112 501	0,50%	0,38%
Croatia	12 573 218	0,44%	0,43%



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Change in the share of total imports, in percentage points

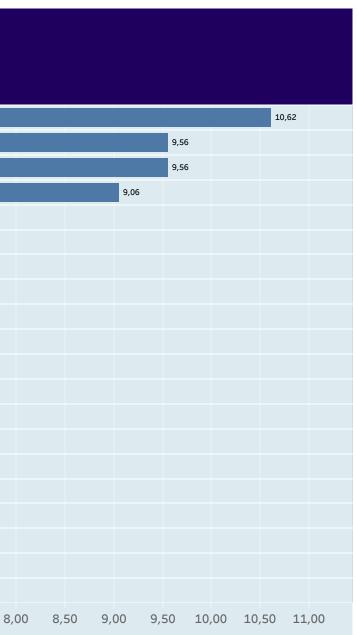
-1,13% 1,42% This section presents the calculated average proxy prices of each supplying country, based on the total imports values (expressed in US \$) and imports volumes (expressed in tons) reported by the countries analyzed in the Last Twelve Months Period.

Top 20 Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months

	Supplies of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the LTM, kg	Supplies of the Good Analyzed to the Countries Analyzed in the LTM, US \$
	12 573 218,12	133 470 008,59
	15 441 818,02	147 592 365,92
	14 112 500,83	134 852 245,46
erland	78 466 847,11	710 633 437,24
	224 333 602,75	1 675 281 982,37
and	43 311 306,10	321 960 588,03
huania	20 112 009,41	142 736 839,99
and	281 401 437,08	1 980 996 179,82
zechia	24 019 549,28	168 769 162,45
nited Kingdom	70 169 327,33	482 336 087,17
ovakia	32 193 470,29	221 118 840,88
lgaria	23 747 122,23	160 953 983,88
rmany	570 703 378,33	3 751 984 846,11
stria	92 209 114,74	600 828 241,51
ungary	20 721 230,29	125 783 106,71
elgium	573 358 777,89	3 473 431 544,10
etherlands	242 721 085,44	1 412 546 444,36
rance	245 229 791,97	1 331 505 904,32
ain	83 675 120,11	443 343 631,89
òte d'Ivoire	46 789 583,20	226 245 587,01

Average Imports Proxy Prices in the LTM, k US \$ per 1 ton

(GTAIC)



### Largest Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months: Absolute Changes in Supplies Volume (tons)

This section examines the volume of supplies (expressed in tons) by each supplying country to the countries analyzed over the Last Twelve Months (LTM) period, as reported by the countries analyzed, and compares it to the volume reported for the corresponding period 12 months before the LTM. The supplying countries are classified into two categories: those that increased their supplies in absolute terms and those that decreased their supplies. These countries are then ranked based on the net absolute change in supplies, from the highest increase (or decrease) to the lowest.

### Top 30 Supplying Countries with an Absolute Growth of Supplies to the Countries Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, tons

Belgium					39 434,85	Germany
Italy		13 264,0	7			France
Poland		8 925,69				Netherlands
United Kingdom	3 565,16					Switzerland
USA	3 267,95					Sweden
Ukraine	3 118,43					Côte d'Ivoire
Türkiye	2 779,66					Czechia
Austria	1848,12					Ireland
Spain	1817,11					Egypt
Finland	1611,13					Peru
Serbia	1 485,48					Canada
Luxembourg	1 354,51					Norway
Hungary	1 115,24					Slovakia
Portugal	1 089,87					Lithuania
Bulgaria	673,54					Denmark
Mexico	523,67					Malaysia
Croatia	490,66					Lebanon
<b>Russian Federation</b>	359,81					Kazakhstan
Slovenia	304,65					Rep. of Moldova
Romania	294,71					Pakistan
Colombia	280,13					New Zealand
China	267,99					Bosnia Herzegovina
Latvia	226,13					Montenegro
United Arab Emirates	210,45					Libya
Brazil	209,55					Ecuador
Greece	204,25					Syria
Thailand	182,87					Iceland
Estonia	156,10					Armenia
Panama	149,04					Zimbabwe
North Macedonia	148,59					Uzbekistan

### Top 30 Supplying Countries with an Absolute Decline of Supplies to the Countries Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, tons

-32 906,88

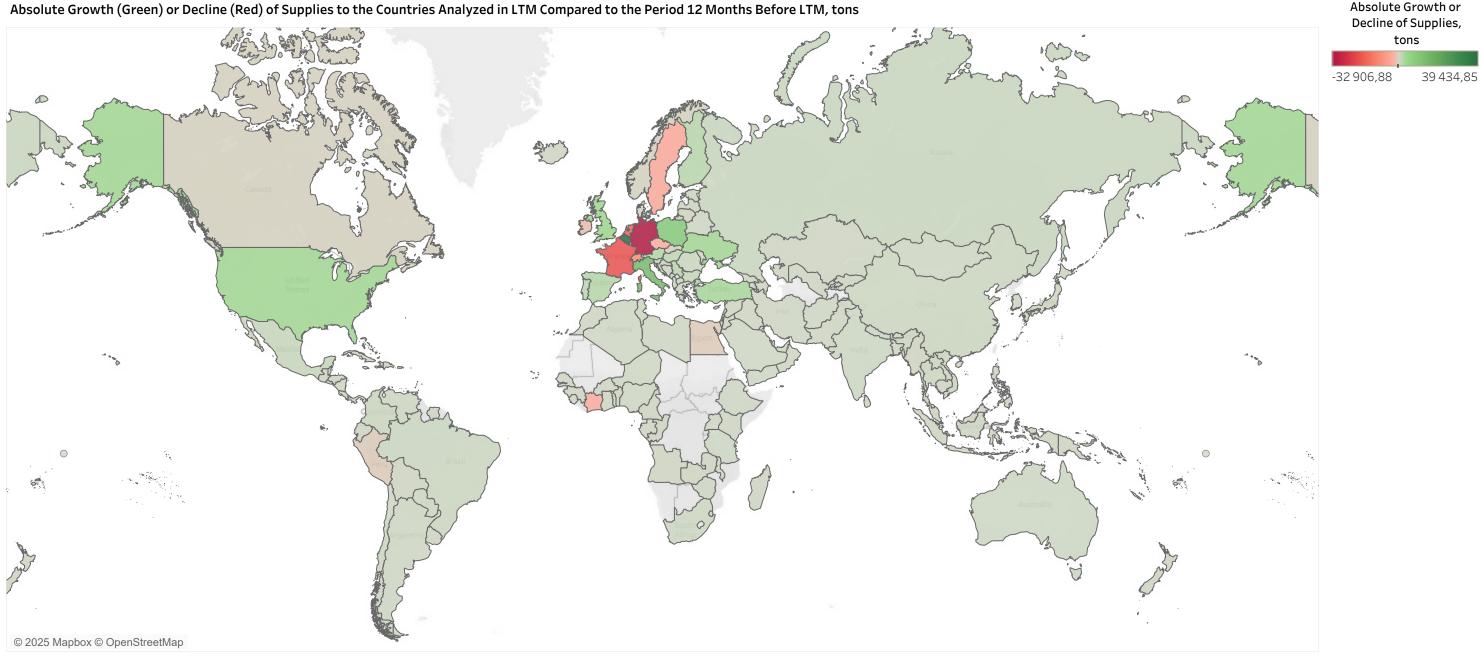




19 627,63				
	-16 581,94			
		-9 492,5	5	
			-3 885,	.19
			-3 40	9,76
			-2 9	35,65
				-1 802,04
				-897,59
				-872,31
				-434,73
				-333,19
				-286,56
				-265,45
				-226,43
				-179,36
				-67,17
				-55,52
				-50,04
				-34,46
				-23,56
				-20,98
				-18,47
				-18,00
				-17,31
				-16,60
				-11,30
				-7,16
				-5,75
				-4,50

### Largest Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed in the Last Twelve Months: Absolute Changes in Supplies Volume (tons)

The map in this section visualizes the supplies volume absolute change for each of the identified supplying country to the countries analyzed over LTM, compared to the period 12 months before LTM. The intensity of the color denotes the magnitude of growth (represented by green) or decline (represented by red), with darker shades indicating more significant growth or a steeper decline.





## Change of Market Shares of Supplying Countries in Total Product Imports of the Countries Analyzed: tons

The tables in this section present the structure of import volumes (expressed in tons) for each country analyzed, broken down by their largest supplying countries during the Last Twelve Months (LTM) period, as well as the period 12 months before LTM. Figures in red indicate the supplying countries whose share of total imports to the country analyzed has decreased, while figures in green highlight those whose share has increased.

Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Germany	Belgium	27,58%	24,89%	United Kingdom	Germany	23,50%	23,58%	France	Belgium	27,56%	26,00%
	Netherlands	15,64%	16,21%		Poland	16,19%	16,24%		Germany	24,48%	24,66%
		12,99%	13,10%		France	11,27%	12,92%		Italy	12,25%	11,81%
	Poland	12,99%	13,10%		Belgium	11,16%	10,07%		Côte d'Ivoire	7,17%	6,94%
	Others	11,80%	11,89%		Others	7,75%	7,95%			· ·	,
	Italy	8,83%	7,69%		Ireland	7,55%	8,03%		Spain	6,54%	6,31%
	icary	0,00 /0	7,0070		Netherlands	7,54%	7,29%		Netherlands	6,37%	9,78%
	Switzerland	8,66%	9,76%		Italy	7,26%	6,79%		United Kingdom	5,62%	5,18%
	Austria	7,38%	8,14%		Switzerland	2,78%	2,70%		-		
					Spain	1,78%	2,09%		Poland	5,15%	4,55%
	France	4,36%	5,41%		Austria	1,68%	0,68%		Others	3,28%	3,03%
	Spain	2,76%	2,91%		Lithuania	1,54%	1,66%		Switzerland	1,58%	1,75%

Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Netherlands	Belgium	42,35%	42,01%	Poland	Germany	39,51%	42,34%	Belgium	France	22,14%	22,79%
					France	9,61%	9,19%				
	Germany	20,28%	20,42%		Italy	8,43%	7,26%		Germany	20,28%	23,58%
	Others	10,29%	8,74%		Others	8,34%	7,61%		Netherlands	20,11%	18,92%
					Belgium	7,69%	7,47%				
	Poland	9,77%	9,51%		Austria	5,20%	4,26%		Poland	12,06%	11,22%
					Czechia	5,12%	5,47%				
	France	6,57%	8,37%		Netherlands	4,26%	4,21%		Others	9,78%	9,69%
	United Kingdom	6,18%	6,34%		Côte d'Ivoire	3,78%	4,91%		Italy	8,19%	7,91%
	onited Kingdom	0,1070	0,3470		Slovakia	2,97%	3,35%		italy	0,1570	7,5170
	Italy	3,02%	3,07%		Ukraine	2,05%	1,07%		Spain	4,06%	2,97%
					Latvia	1,52%	1,35%				
	Sweden	1,55%	1,55%		Bulgaria	1,52%	1,50%		United Kingdom	3,38%	2,92%



## Change of Market Shares of Supplying Countries in Total Product Imports of the Countries Analyzed: tons

The tables in this section present the structure of import volumes (expressed in tons) for each country analyzed, broken down by their largest supplying countries during the Last Twelve Months (LTM) period, as well as the period 12 months before LTM. Figures in red indicate the supplying countries whose share of total imports to the country analyzed has decreased, while figures in green highlight those whose share has increased.

Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Spain	France	26,04%	25,86%	Italy	Germany	35,35%	39,31%	Czechia	Germany	24,41%	24,26%
	Germany	23,30%	26,53%		Belgium	17,91%	14,67%		Poland	16,22%	16,25%
	Belgium	13,54%	12,42%		France	11,39%	13,18%		Belgium	12,22%	11,29%
	Beigium	13,3470	12,4270		France	11,35%	15,1070		Austria	9,42%	10,32%
	Italy	12,08%	11,98%		Poland	8,45%	7,50%		Slovakia	8,02%	10,02%
	Netherlands	6,60%	6,07%		Netherlands	7,91%	7,28%		Others	6,50%	5,73%
		-,				.,	.,		Italy	5,81%	5,81%
	Others	5,54%	5,09%		Others	7,61%	6,36%		France	5,59%	4,84%
	Austria	4,93%	4,87%		Spain	6,12%	5,48%		Hungary	4,42%	4,00%
	Portugal	4,74%	4,34%		Austria	3,36%	3,58%		Netherlands	3,25%	3,30%
	Portugal	4,/4%0	4,34%		Austria	3,30%	3,38%		Spain	2,07%	2,22%
	Poland	3,23%	2,84%		Switzerland	1,91%	2,63%		Bulgaria	2,06%	1,96%

Country Analyzed	Supplying Country	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in LTM, %	Supplying Country's Share in Total Imports the Country Analyzed in the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Sweden	Germany	19,53%	20,04%
	Finland	11,63%	9,46%
	Poland	10,40%	10,29%
	Netherlands	9,06%	10,47%
	France	8,37%	9,03%
	Belgium	7,68%	8,38%
	Others	6,03%	5,69%
	Denmark	6,02%	6,16%
	Lithuania	5,24%	5,33%
	Norway	4,60%	4,94%
	Italy	4,22%	3,69%
	Slovakia	2,47%	1,97%
	Hungary	2,39%	2,53%
	Spain	2,37%	2,01%



The subsequent sections of the report focus on specific markets (out of the countries analyzed) that have either experienced the highest growth rates in imports during the LTM period (or, for certain product markets, exhibited the slowest rates of decline), and countries that have experienced the most significant declines in imports. The initial part of the analysis is based on changes in import values, expressed in US \$. The countries falling into both categories, based on import value changes, are presented in the accompanying tables.

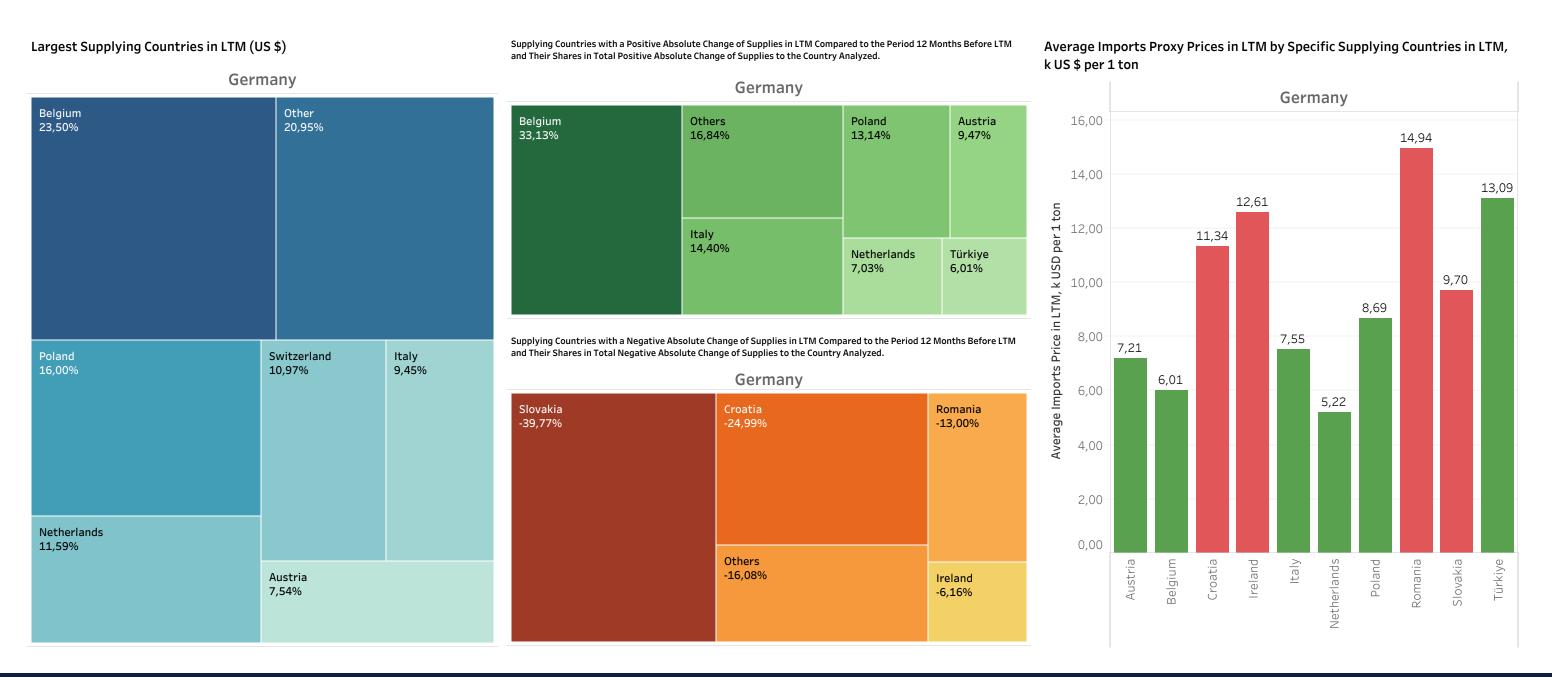
### Fastest Growing / Slowest Declining Markets

Most Declining Markets

Country Analyzed	LTM Period	Absolute Change of Imports in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, US \$	Imports in LTM, US \$	Product Imports Growth in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	LTM Period	Absolute Change of Imports in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, US \$	Imports in LTM, US \$	Product Imports Growth in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Germany	02.2024 - 01.2025	732 687 625	3 884 320 156	23,25%	Sweden	01.2024 - 12.2024	63 846 312	569 937 376	12,62%
United Kingdom	01.2024 - 12.2024	522 776 395	3 629 551 133	16,83%	Czechia	01.2024 - 12.2024	100 029 334	666 947 642	17,64%
Netherlands	01.2024 - 12.2024	381 252 733	2 159 664 156	21,44%	Italy	01.2024 - 12.2024	126 954 456	910 658 437	16,20%
France	03.2023 - 02.2024	327 438 197	2 758 062 139	13,47%	Spain	02.2024 - 01.2025	167 531 376	1 005 510 510	19,99%
Belgium	01.2024 - 12.2024	277 444 170	1 404 089 462	24,63%	Poland	02.2024 - 01.2025	211 796 809	1 457 675 203	17,00%
Poland	02.2024 - 01.2025	211 796 809	1 457 675 203	17,00%	Belgium	01.2024 - 12.2024	277 444 170	1 404 089 462	24,63%
Spain	02.2024 - 01.2025	167 531 376	1 005 510 510	19,99%	France	03.2023 - 02.2024	327 438 197	2 758 062 139	13,47%
Italy	01.2024 - 12.2024	126 954 456	910 658 437	16,20%	Netherlands	01.2024 - 12.2024	381 252 733	2 159 664 156	21,44%
Czechia	01.2024 - 12.2024	100 029 334	666 947 642	17,64%	United Kingdom	01.2024 - 12.2024	522 776 395	3 629 551 133	16,83%
Sweden	01.2024 - 12.2024	63 846 312	569 937 376	12,62%	Germany	02.2024 - 01.2025	732 687 625	3 884 320 156	23,25%

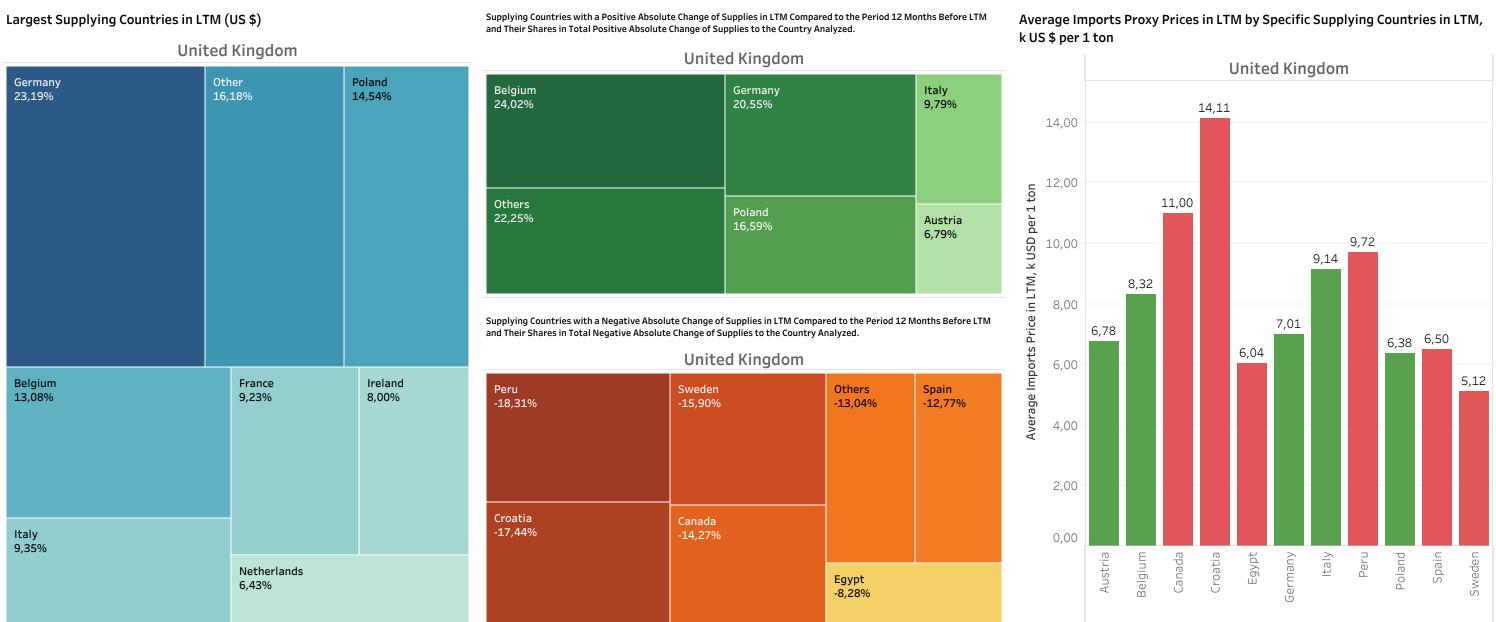


This section provides a detailed analysis of the changes in the mix of supplying countries for each of the countries analyzed that have experienced the highest increases (or the smallest declines) in imports values (expressed in US \$) during the LTM period. The first graph (on the left) illustrates the distribution of supplying countries in the LTM period. The two central graphs display the supplying countries that have increased (top graph) or decreased their supplies (bottom graph) to the analyzed country, reflecting the shares of the supplying countries in total absolute positive or negative change of imports. The graph on the right compares the average imports proxy prices from these supplying countries, offering insights into whether any price advantages exist among the supplying countries contributing to the changes in import levels.



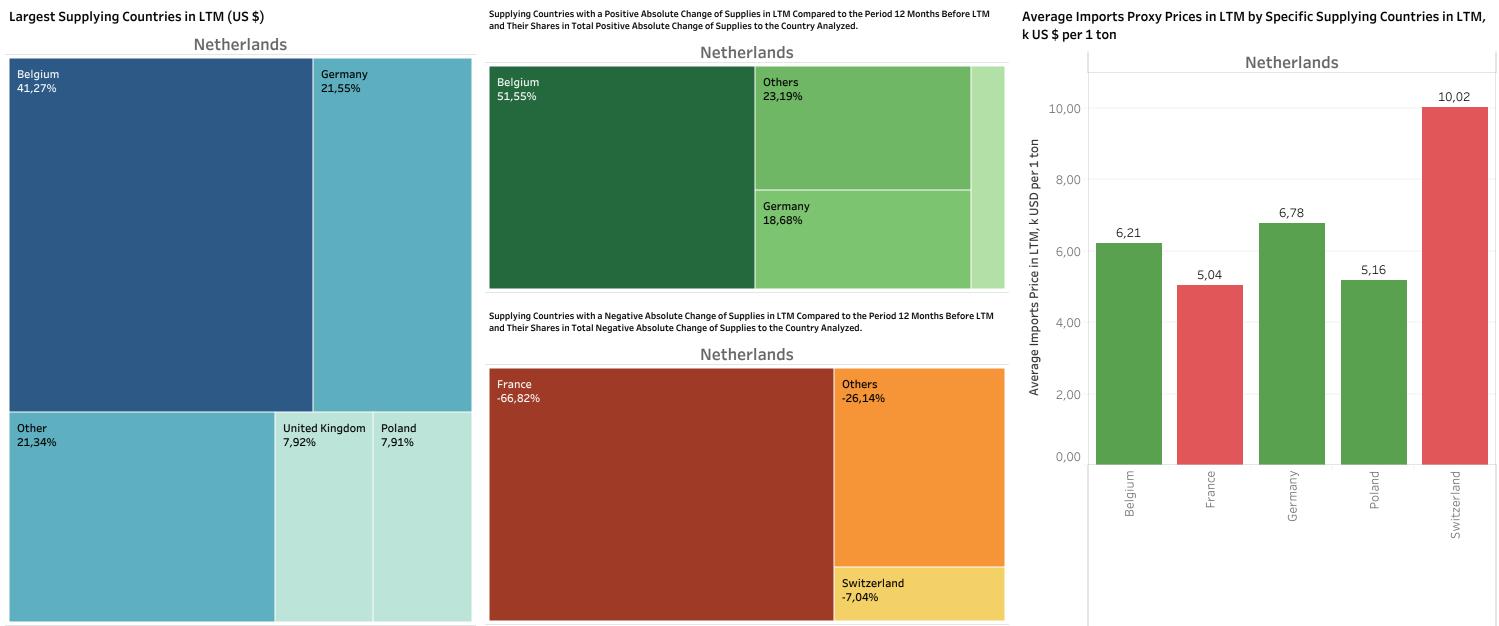
GTAIC

This section provides a detailed analysis of the changes in the mix of supplying countries for each of the countries analyzed that have experienced the highest increases (or the smallest declines) in imports values (expressed in US \$) during the LTM period. The first graph (on the left) illustrates the distribution of supplying countries in the LTM period. The two central graphs display the supplying countries that have increased (top graph) or decreased their supplies (bottom graph) to the analyzed country, reflecting the shares of the supplying countries in total absolute positive or negative change of imports. The graph on the right compares the average imports proxy prices from these supplying countries, offering insights into whether any price advantages exist among the supplying countries contributing to the changes in import levels.



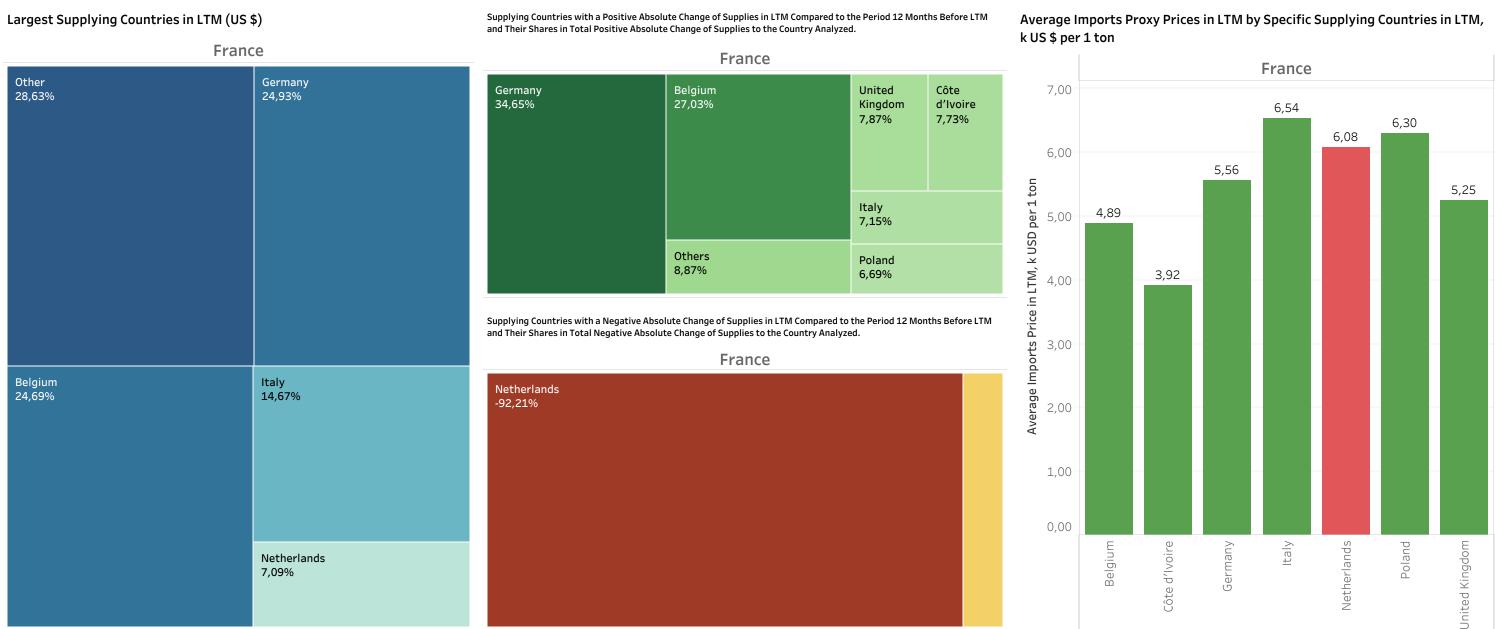


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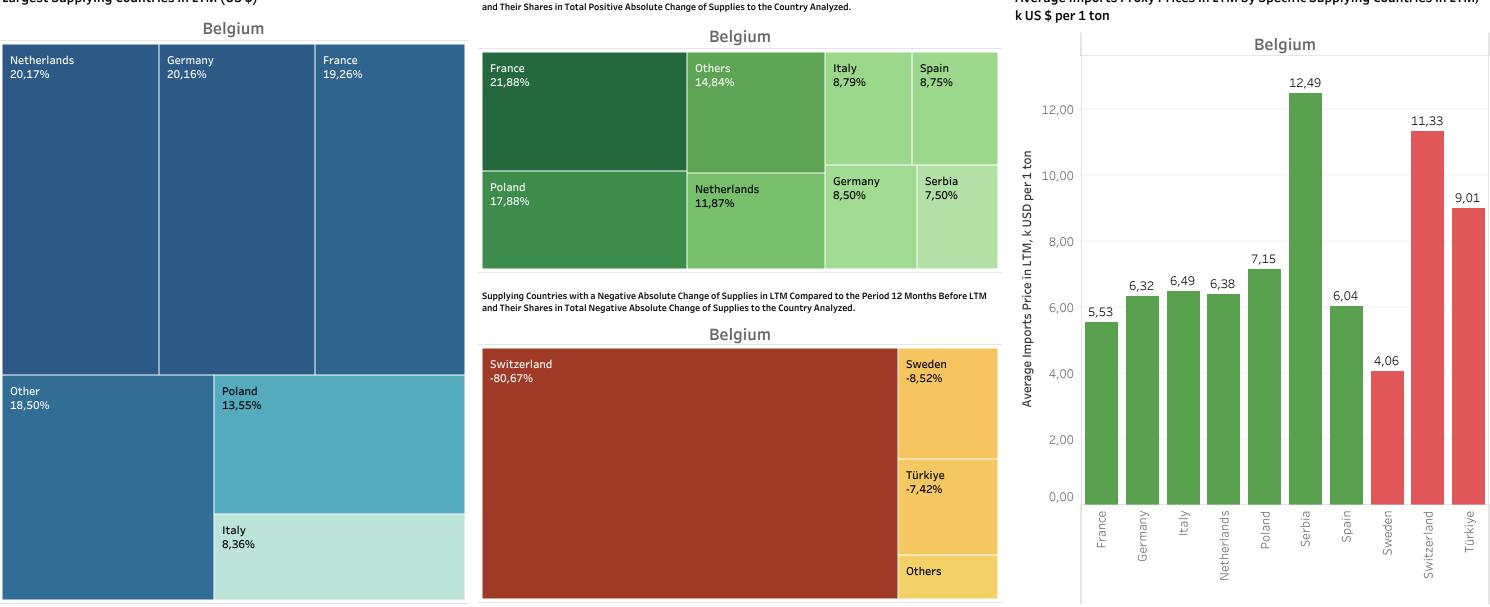
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Supplying Countries with a Positive Absolute Change of Supplies in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM

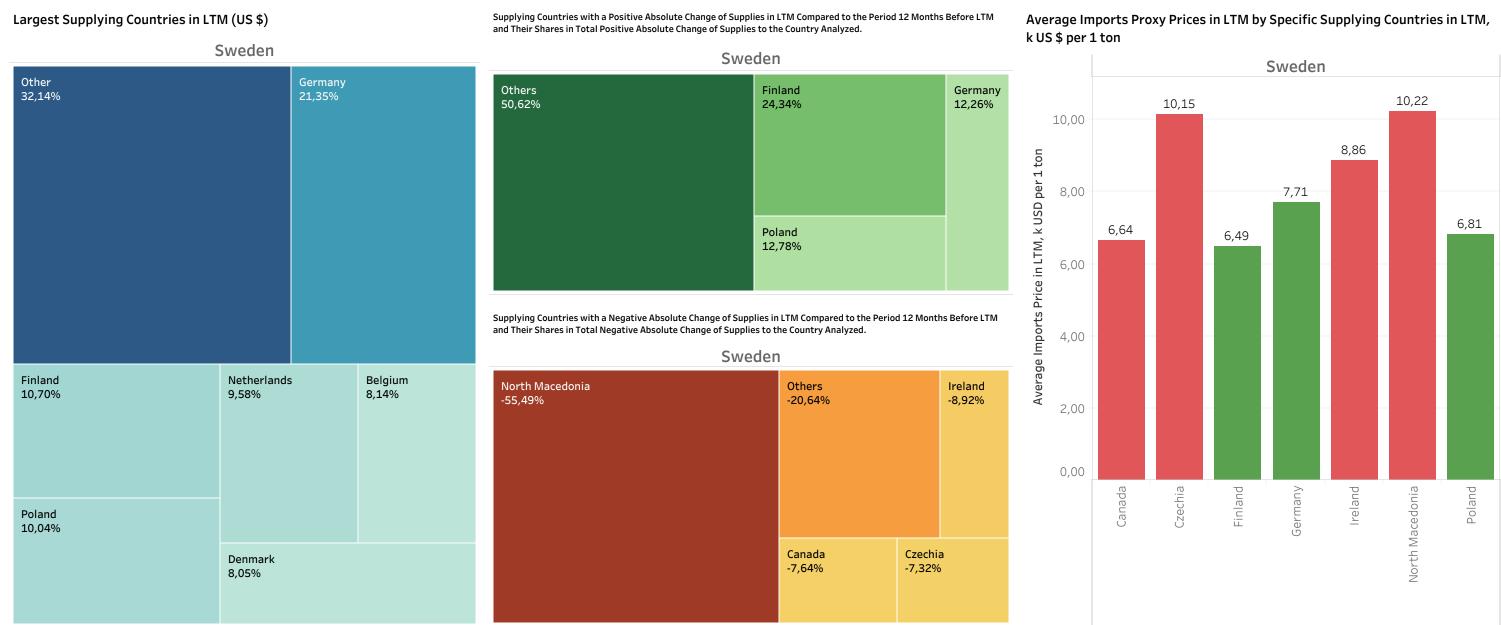


Largest Supplying Countries in LTM (US \$)

**GTAIC** 

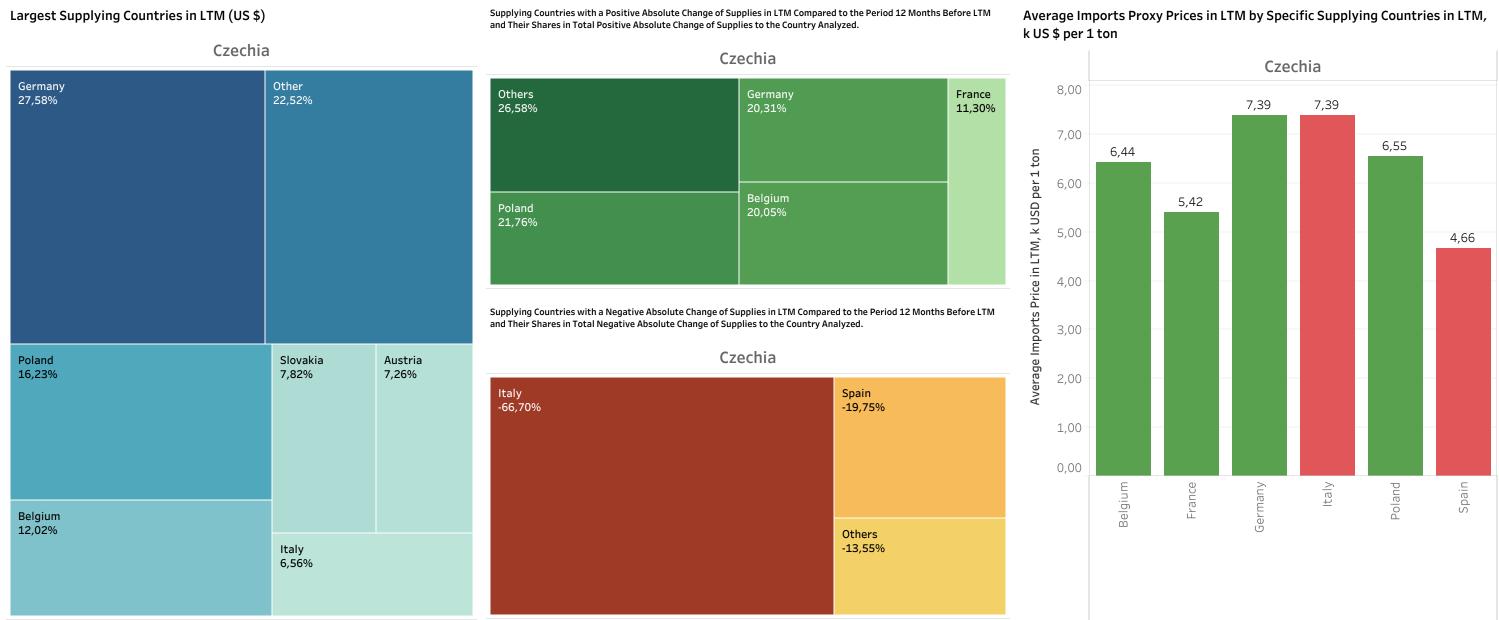
### Average Imports Proxy Prices in LTM by Specific Supplying Countries in LTM,

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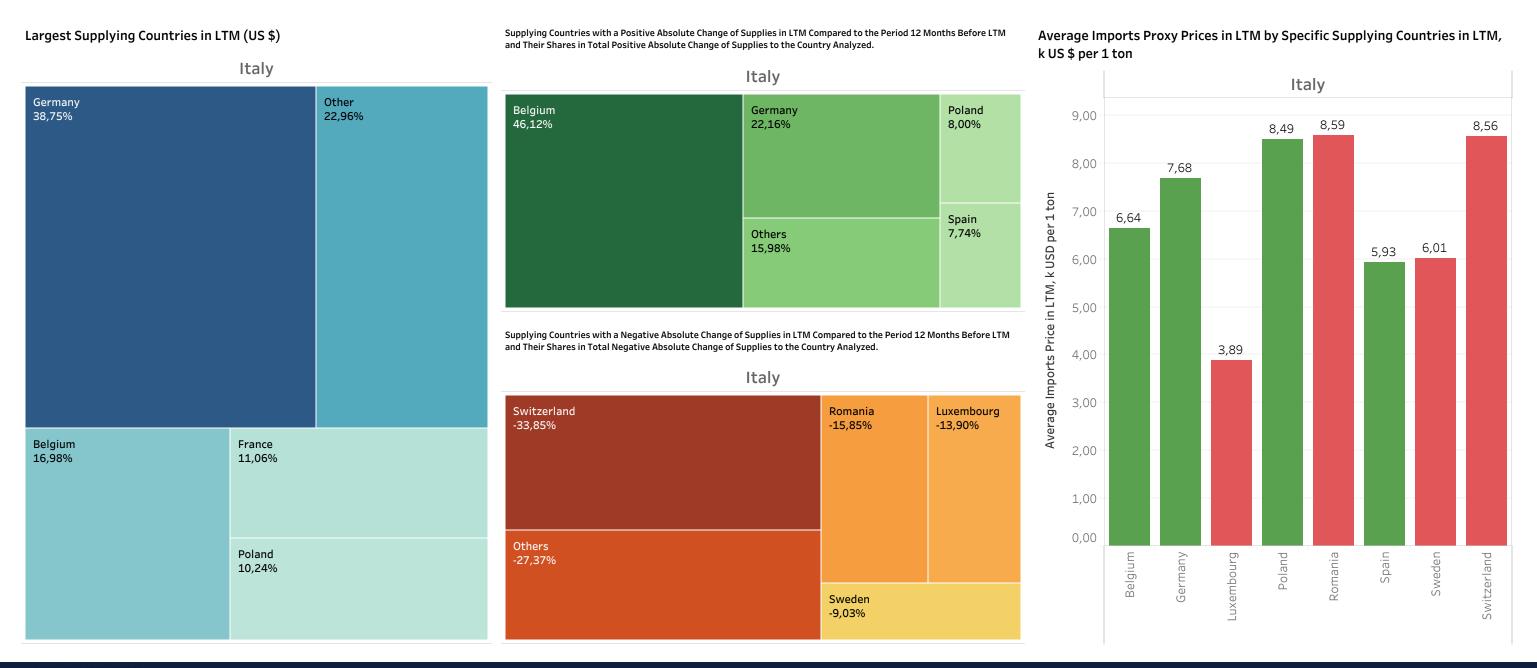
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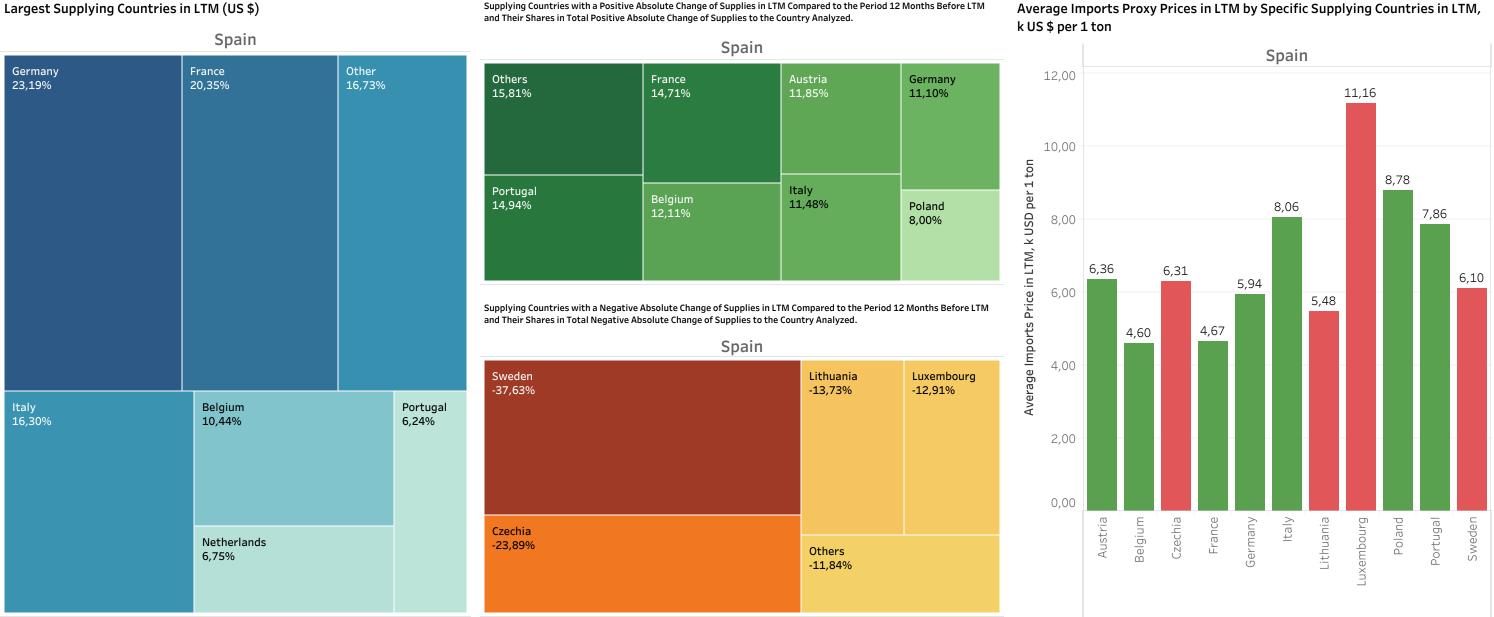


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**GTAIC** 

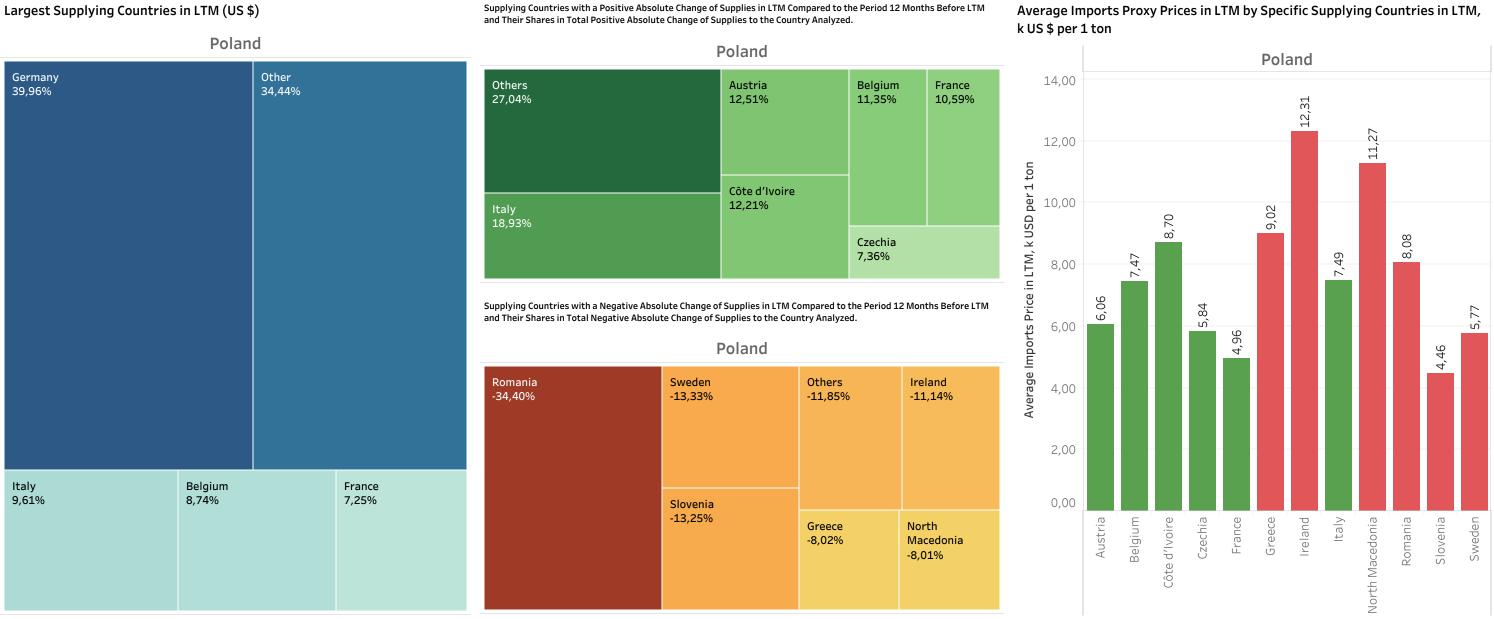
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# Most Growing and Most Declining Markets by Imports Volume Change (tons)

This is the next part of the analysis of the markets (out of the countries analyzed) that have either experienced the highest growth rates in imports during the LTM period (or, for certain product markets, exhibited the slowest rates of decline), and countries that have experienced the most significant declines in imports. It is now based on changes in imports volumes, expressed in tons. The countries falling into both categories, based on imports volumes changes, are presented in the accompanying tables.

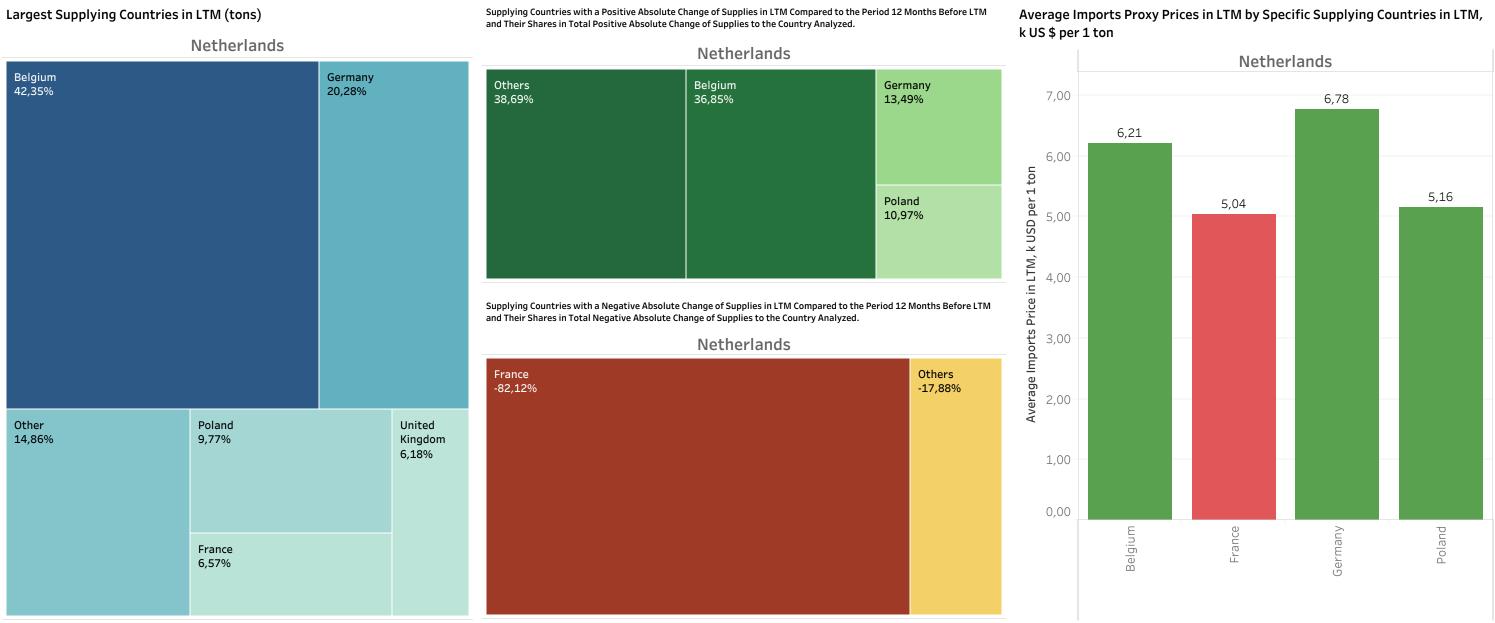
### Fastest Growing / Slowest Declining Markets

**Declining Markets** 

Country Analyzed	LTM Period	Absolute Change of Imports in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, kg	Imports in LTM, kg	Product Imports Growth in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %	Country Analyzed	LTM Period	Absolute Change of Imports in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, kg	Imports in LTM, kg	Product Imports Growth in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, %
Netherlands	01.2024 - 12.2024	17 644 010	338 836 522	5,49%	France	03.2023 - 02.2024	-24 733 401	504 923 025	-4,67%
Germany	02.2024 - 01.2025	10 660 865	550 678 571	1,97%	Poland	02.2024 - 01.2025	-12 649 037	221 834 697	-5,39%
Spain	02.2024 - 01.2025	8 048 897	168 401 445	5,02%	Sweden	01.2024 - 12.2024	-3 735 584	80 799 291	-4,42%
Belgium	01.2024 - 12.2024	2 451 923	220 773 533	1,12%	Italy	01.2024 - 12.2024	-2 491 241	129 997 697	-1,88%
United Kingdom	01.2024 - 12.2024	980 209	511 284 209	0,19%	Czechia	01.2024 - 12.2024	-156 348	101 946 027	-0,15%
Czechia	01.2024 - 12.2024	-156 348	101 946 027	-0,15%	United Kingdom	01.2024 - 12.2024	980 209	511 284 209	0,19%
Italy	01.2024 - 12.2024	-2 491 241	129 997 697	-1,88%	Belgium	01.2024 - 12.2024	2 451 923	220 773 533	1,12%
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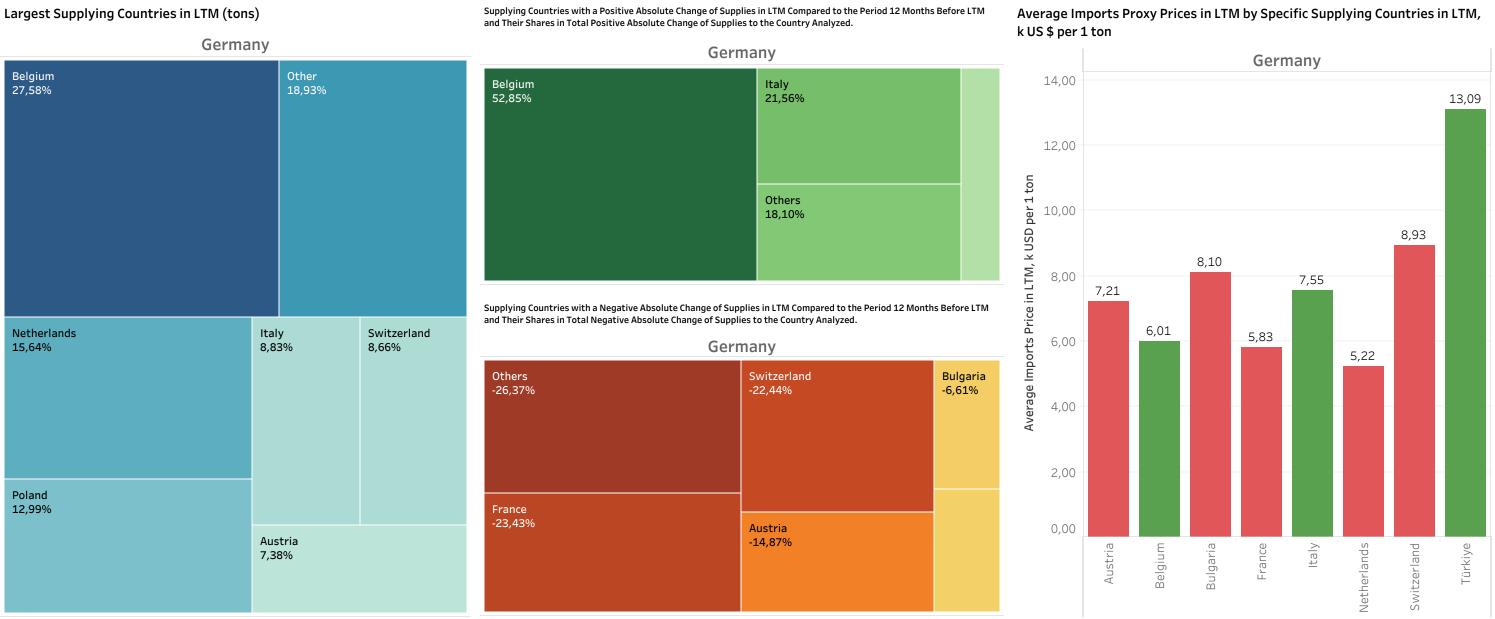


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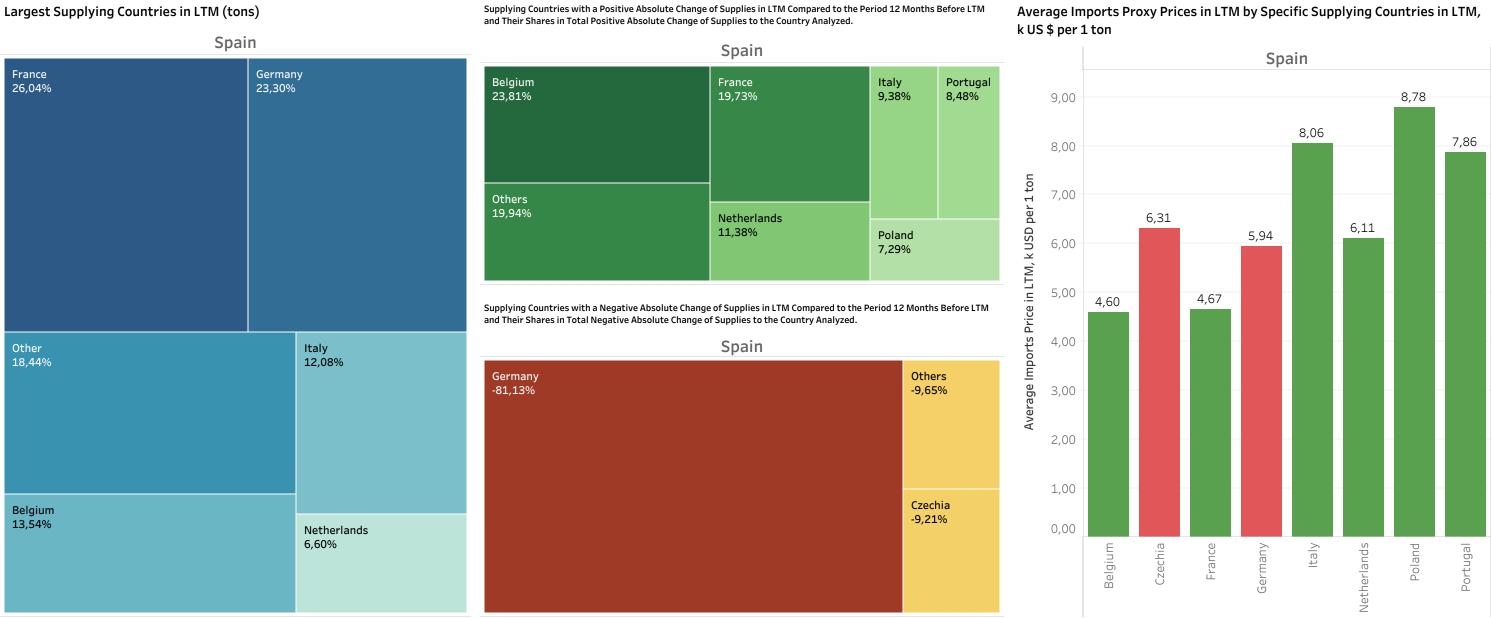
## GTAIC

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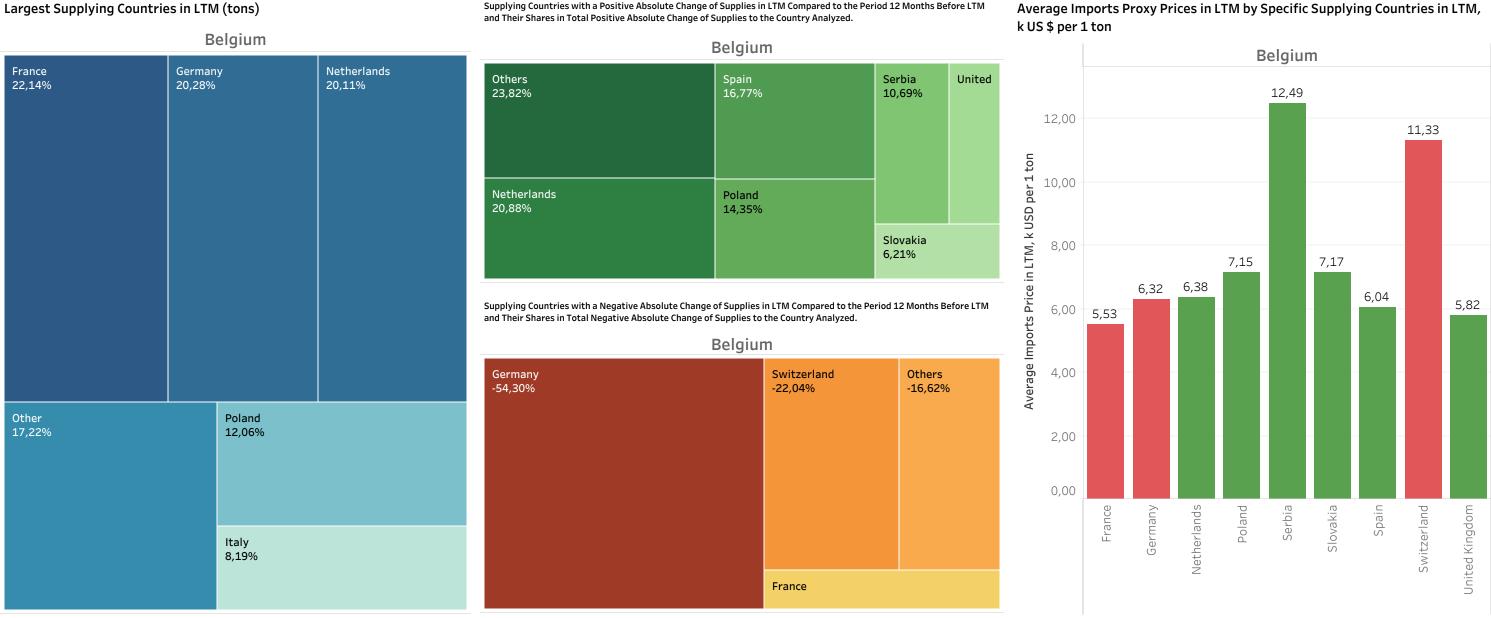


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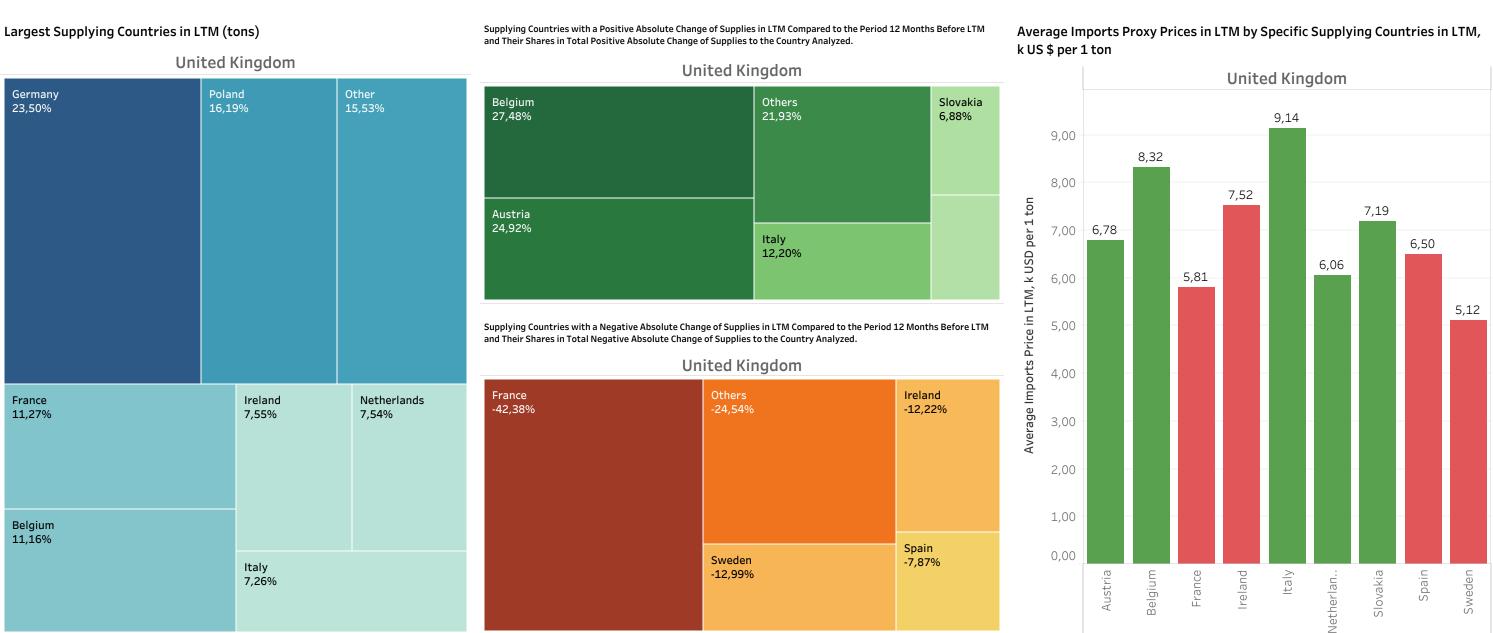


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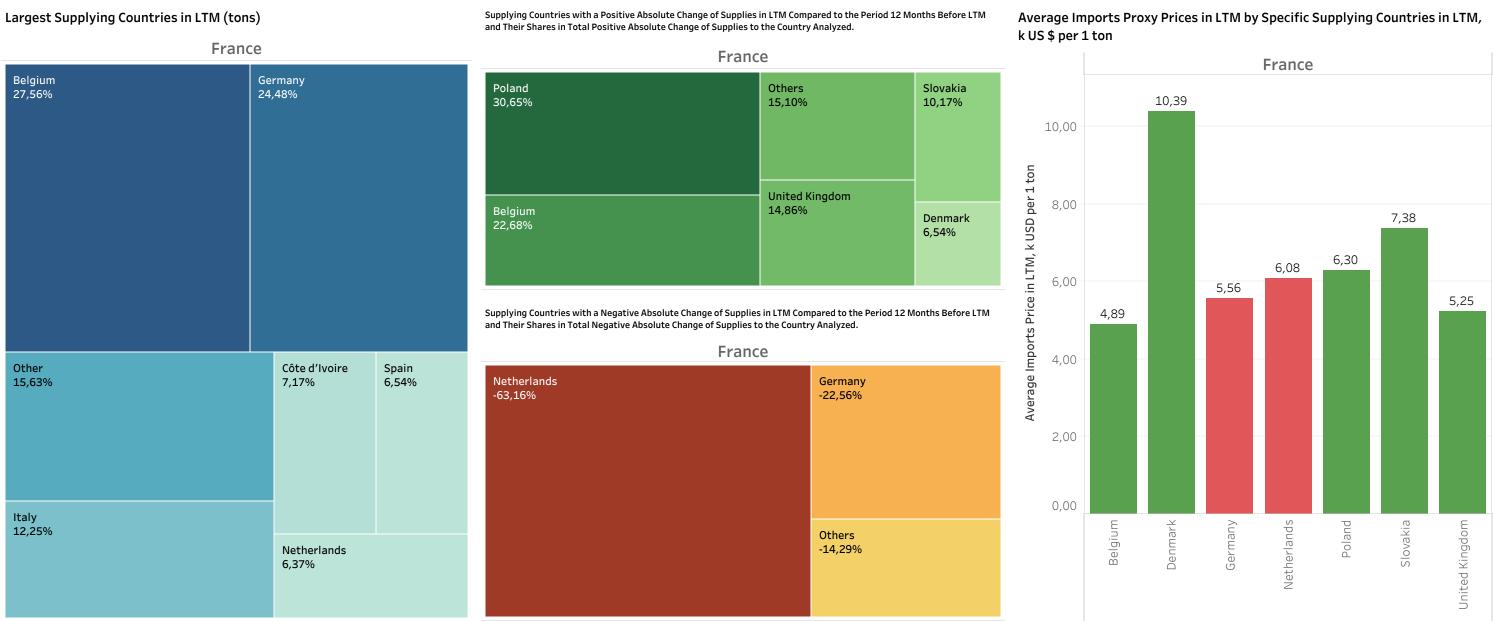


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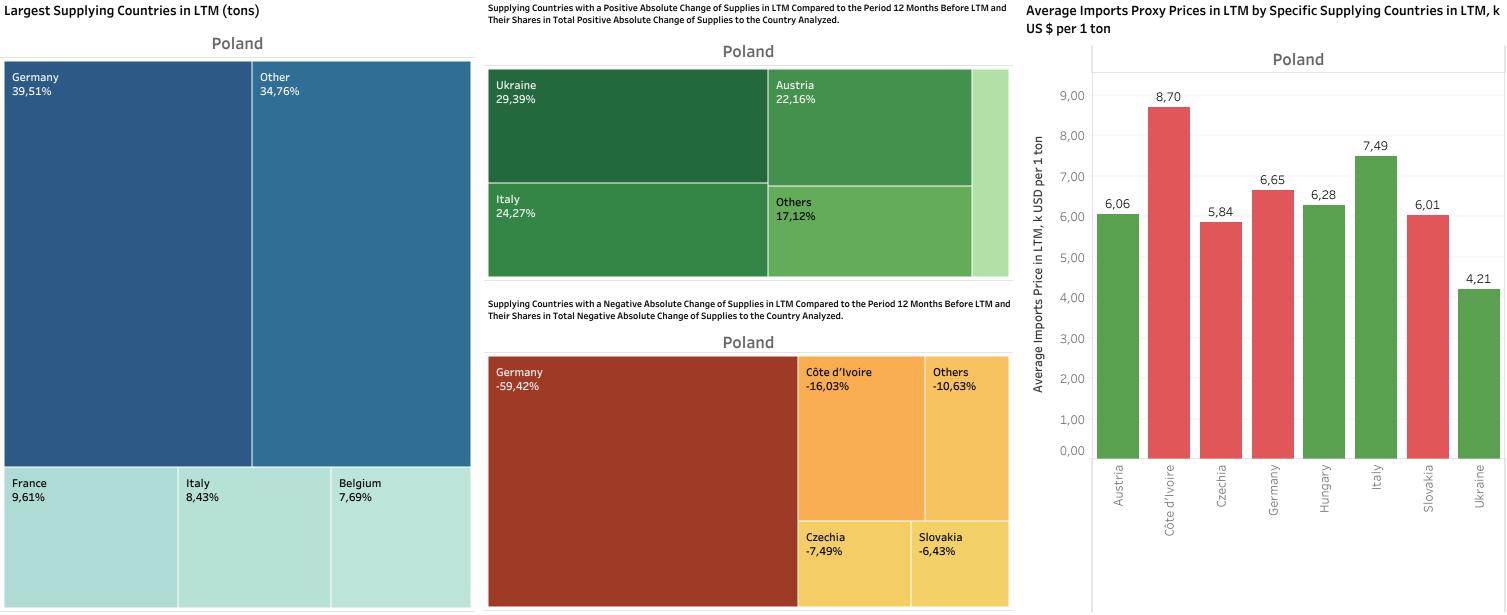
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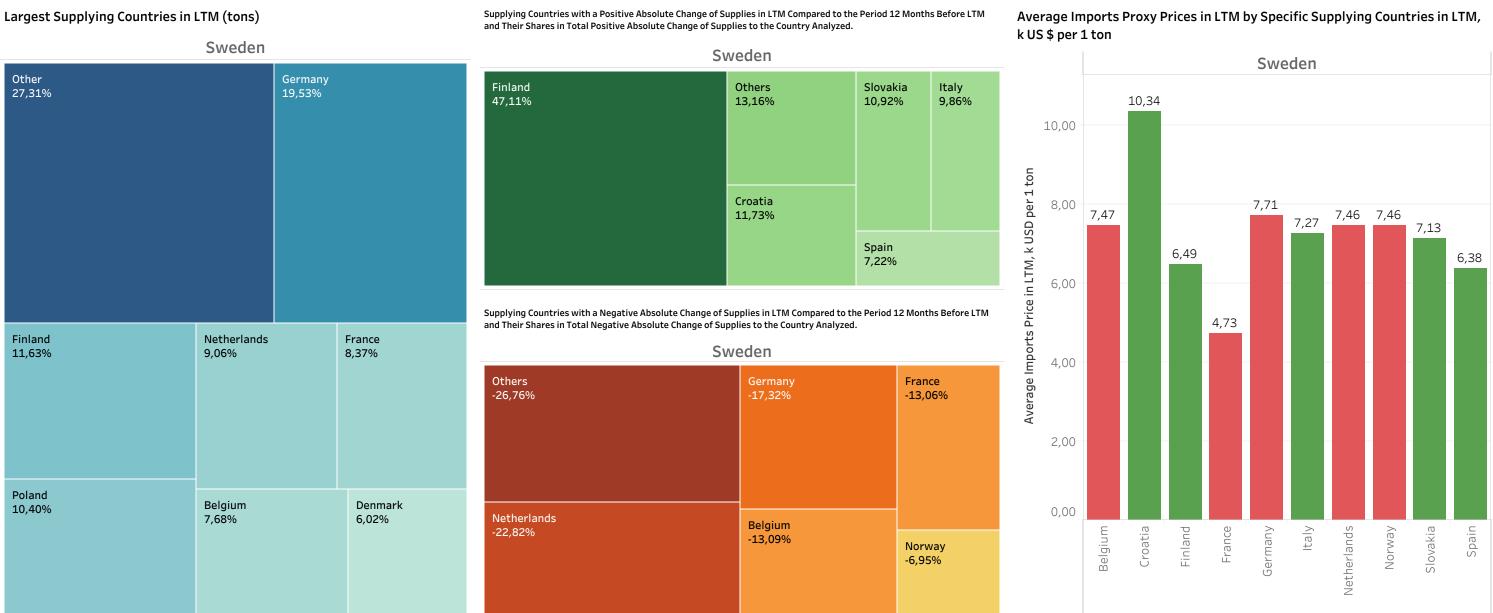


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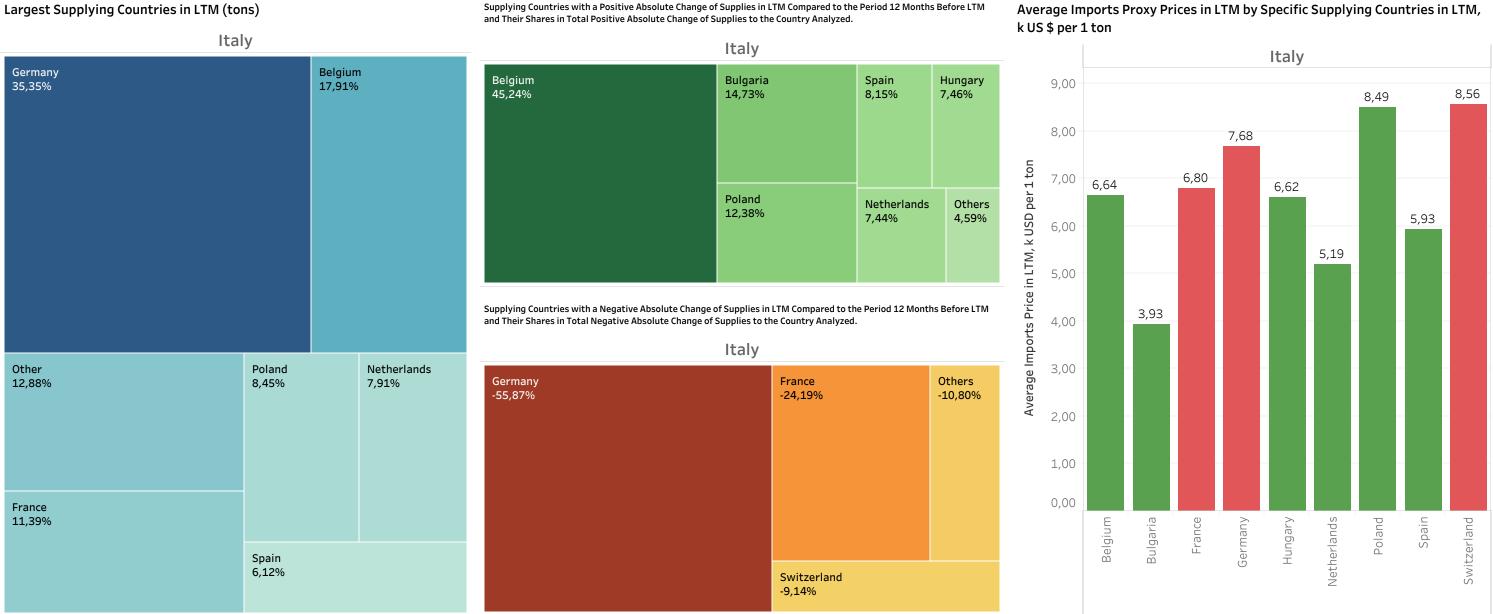


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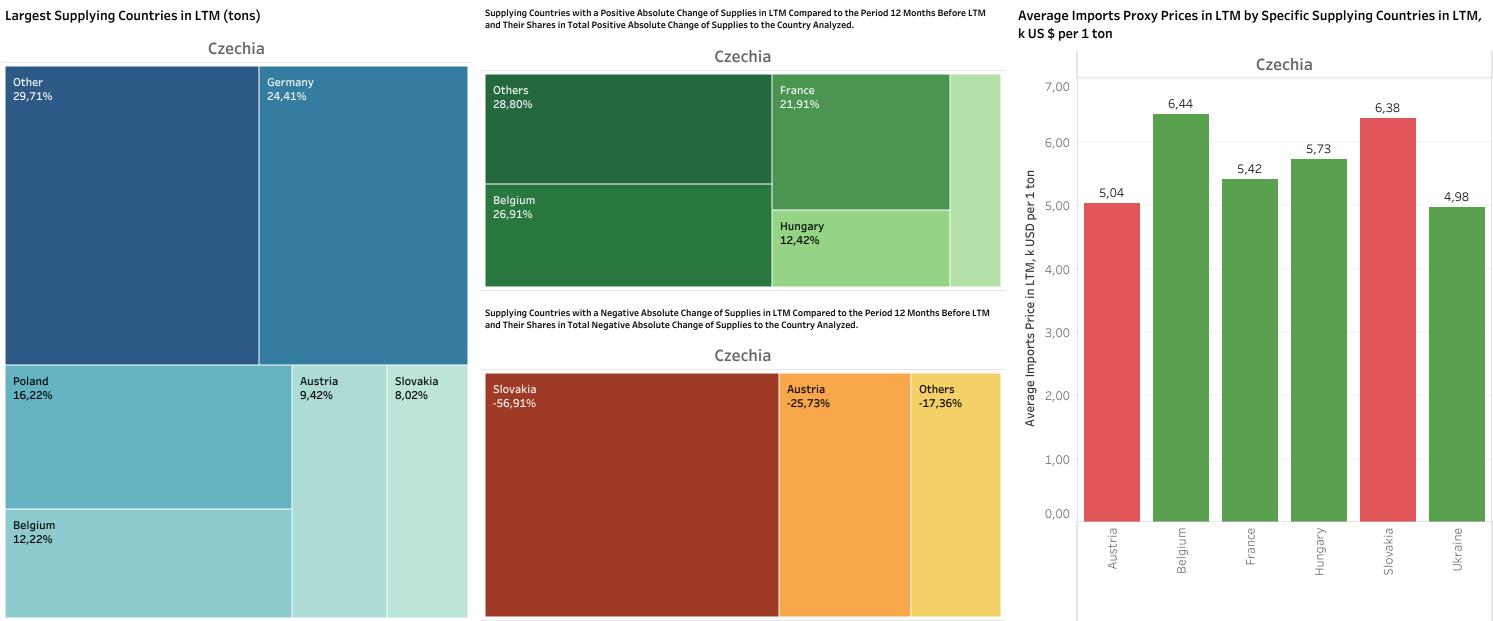


GTAIC

### Average Imports Proxy Prices in LTM by Specific Supplying Countries in LTM,

# Supplying Countries to the Most Declining Markets: Country-Specific Data (tons)

This section provides a detailed analysis of the changes in the mix of supplying countries for each of the countries analyzed that have experienced the highest decreases in imports volumes (expressed in tons) during the LTM period. The first graph (on the left) illustrates the distribution of the supplying countries in the LTM period. The two central graphs display the supplying countries that have increased (top graph) or decreased their supplies (bottom graph) to the country analyzed, reflecting the shares of the supplying countries in total positive or negative change of imports. The graph on the right compares the average imports proxy prices from these supplying countries, offering insights into whether any price advantages exist among the supplying countries contributing to the changes in import levels.





# Competition Winners and Losers Among Supplying Countries: US \$

The subsequent sections of the Report focus on key supplying countries (exporters) that have experienced the most significant increases or decreases in their supplies to the countries analyzed during the LTM period. The first part of the analysis is based on supply values, expressed in US \$. Both groups of supplying countries are presented in the tables below.

The table on the left lists the supplying countries with the highest positive change in supplies during the LTM period, as reported by the countries analyzed (total imports by all countries analyzed in their LTM periods, along with the positive change compared to the same period 12 months before LTM, are indicated).

The table on the right lists the supplying countries with the highest negative change in supplies during the LTM period, as reported by the countries analyzed (total imports by all countries analyzed in their LTM periods, along with the negative change compared to the period 12 months before LTM, are indicated).

Top 10 Supplying Countries with the Highest Total Positive Change of Supplies Reported by the Countries Analyzed in LTM (by imports value in US \$)

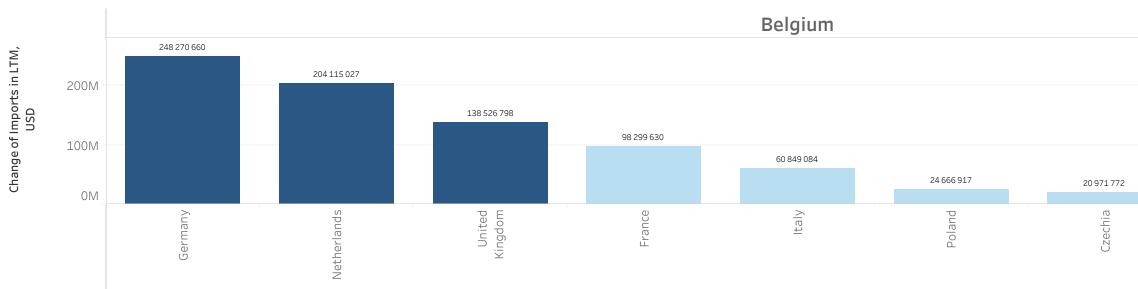
Top 10 Supplying Countries with the Highest Total Negative Change of Supplies Reported by the Countries Analyzed in LTM (by imports value in US \$)

Supplying Country	Total Absolute Change of Supplies in LTM as Reported by the Countries Analyzed Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, US \$	Total Supplies in LTM as Reported by the Countries Analyzed, US \$	Supplying Country	Total Absolute Change of Supplies in LTM as Reported by the Countries Analyzed Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, US \$	Total Supplies in LTM as Countries Analyz
elgium	819 220 811	3 473 431 544	Peru	-9 794 014	1 359 8:
Germany	433 642 275	3 751 984 846	Sweden	-8 131 440	117 781 9
Poland	356 482 300	1 980 996 180	Canada	-6 740 145	7 993 43
Italy	287 371 992	1 675 281 982	Egypt	-4 852 349	11 795 62
Austria	172 667 961	600 828 242	Croatia	-2 667 362	133 470 0
France	132 891 720	1 331 505 904	North Macedonia	-949 460	9 122 63
Netherlands	105 881 196	1 412 546 444	Lebanon	-466 282	726 604
United Kingdom	85 329 057	482 336 087	Ecuador	-268 090	741 279
Côte d'Ivoire	58 237 493	226 245 587	New Zealand	-258 365	564 168
Türkiye	51 459 162	94 332 498	Argentina	-226 322	1 694 606

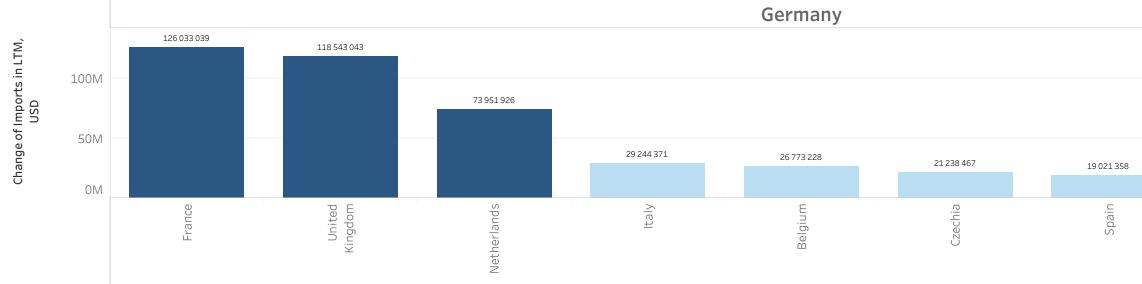


## Supplying Countries Winning Competition in the Markets of the Countries Analyzed: US \$

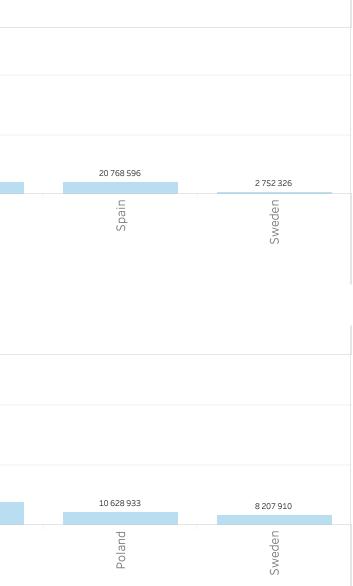
This section analyzes the top five supplying countries, identified as having the highest total positive absolute change in supplies (expressed in US \$) during the LTM period, as reported by the countries analyzed. The accompanying graphs are designed to show, in detail, which specific countries analyzed have increased their imports from these top suppliers (represented by blue elements indicating positive changes) and which have decreased their imports (represented by red elements showing negative changes). The comparison is made between the LTM period and the period 12 months before LTM, offering insights into supply trends and shifts in trade dynamics.



Absolute Change of Supplies to the Specific Counties Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, US \$

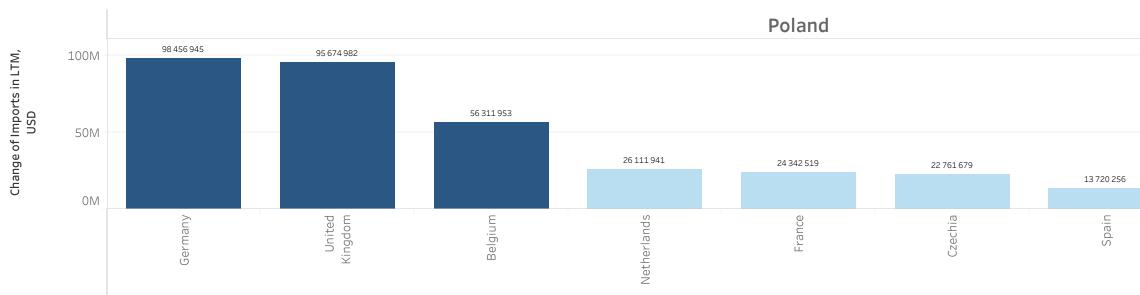






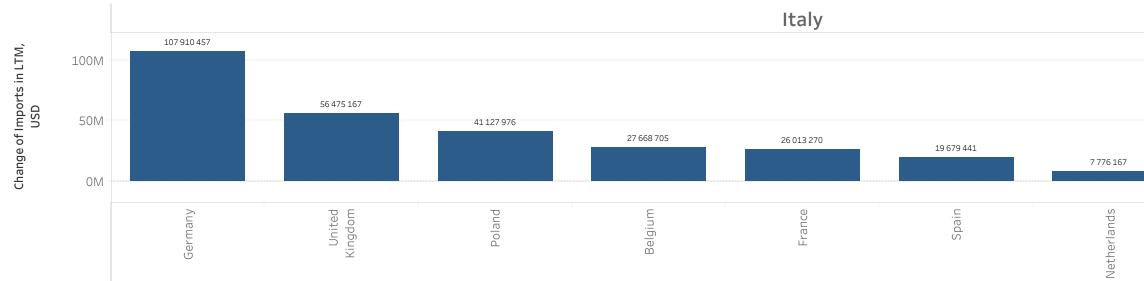
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Absolute Change of Supplies to the Specific Counties Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, US \$

### Absolute Change of Supplies to the Specific Counties Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, US \$

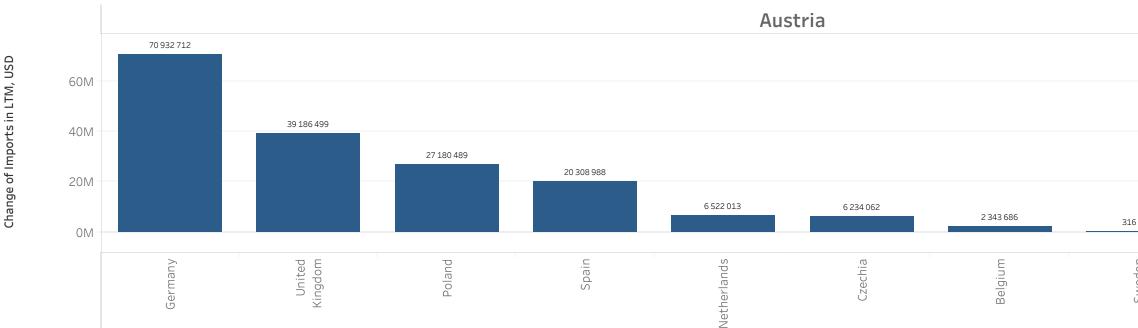


(GTAIC)



## Supplying Countries Winning Competition in the Markets of the Countries Analyzed: US \$

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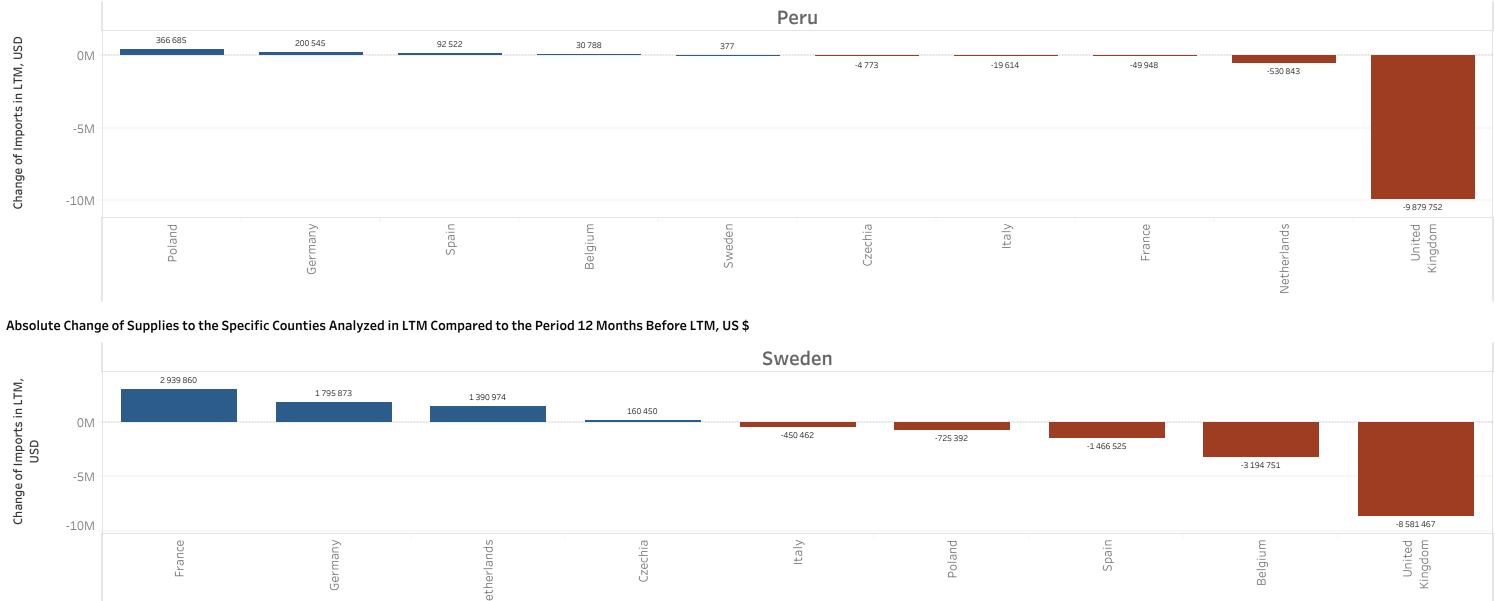


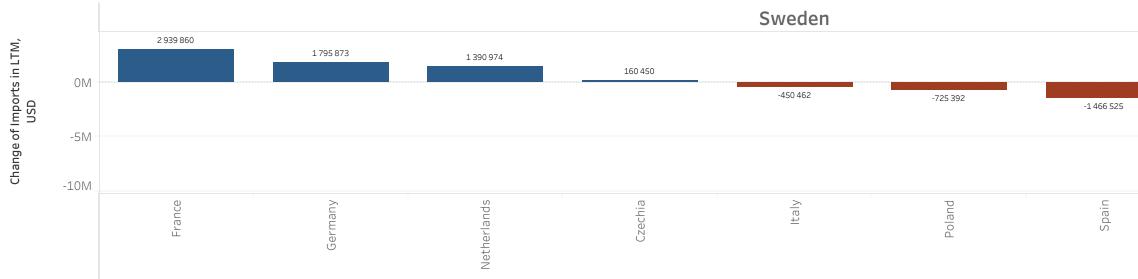


475		
	-157 227	-199 737
Neden	France	Italy

## Supplying Countries Losing Competition in the Markets of the Countries Analyzed: US \$

This section analyzes the top five supplying countries, identified as having the highest negative change in supplies (expressed in US \$) during the LTM period, as reported by the countries analyzed. The accompanying graphs are designed to show, in detail, which specific countries analyzed have increased their imports from these top suppliers (represented by blue elements indicating positive changes) and which have decreased their imports (represented by red elements showing negative changes). The comparison is made between the LTM period and the period 12 months before LTM, offering insights into supply trends and shifts in trade dynamics.

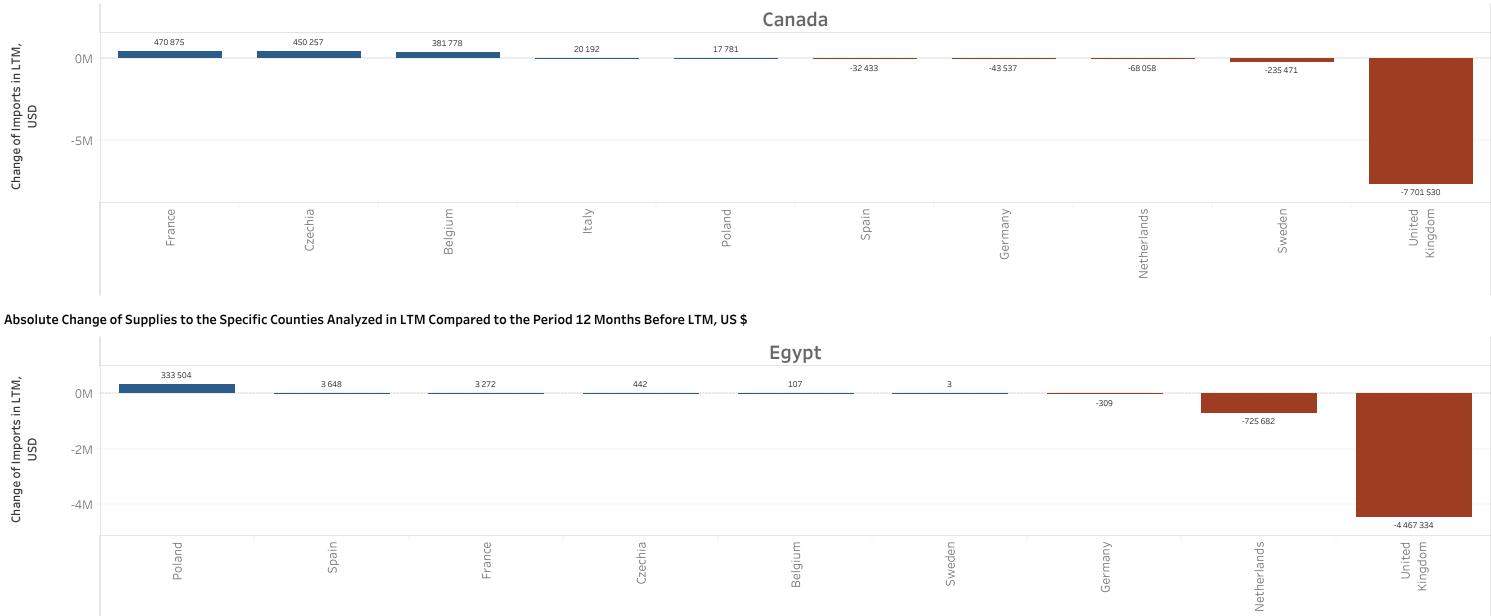


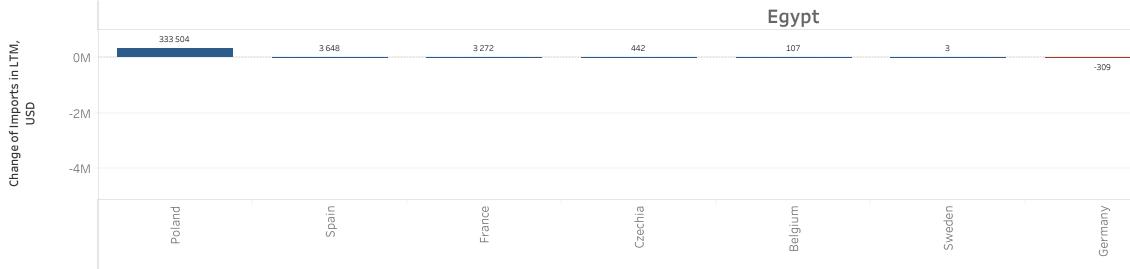




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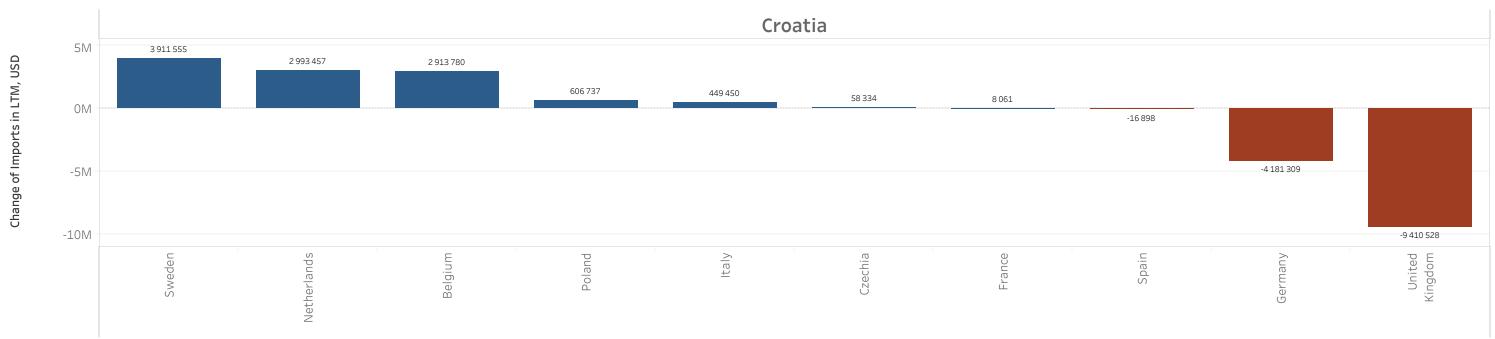






## Supplying Countries Losing Competition in the Markets of the Countries Analyzed: US \$

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## Competition Winners and Losers Among Supplying Countries: tons

This is the second part of the analysis of key supplying countries (exporters) that have experienced the most significant increases in their supplies to the countries analyzed during the LTM period and it is now based on supply volumes, expressed in tons. Both groups of supplying countries are presented in the tables below.

The table on the left lists the supplying countries with the highest positive change in imports during the LTM period, as reported by the countries analyzed (total imports by all the countries analyzed in their LTM periods, along with the positive change compared to the period 12 months before LTM, are indicated).

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Top 10 Supplying Countries with the Highest Total Positive Change of Supplies Reported by the Countries Analyzed in LTM (by imports volume in tons)

Top 10 Supplying Countries with the Highest Total Negative Change of Supplies Reported by the Countries Analyzed in LTM (by imports volume in tons)

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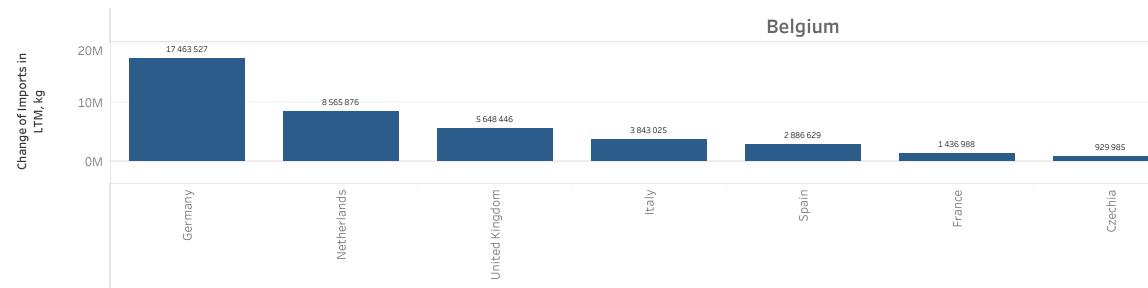
Supplying CountryTotal Absolute Change of Supplies in LTM as Reported by the Countries Analyzed Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, kgTotal Supplies in LTM as Reported by the Countries Analyzed, kgSupplying Countries GermanyBelgium39 434 846573 358 778GermanyG				
Italy13 264 072224 333 603FrancePoland8 925 690281 401 437NetherlandsUnited Kingdom3 565 15570 169 327switzerlandUSA3 267 94914 112 501swedenUkraine3 118 4298 142 606Côte d'IvoireTurkiye2 779 6589 942 427CaechiaAustria1848 1179 220 9115IrelandSpain1817 11583 675 120Egypt	Supplying Country	Reported by the Countries Analyzed Compared to		Supplying Country
NumberNumberPoland8 925 690281 401 437NetherlandsUnited Kingdom3 565 15570 169 327SwitzerlandUSA3 267 949141 12 501SwedenUkraine3 118 4298 142 606Côte d'IvoireTirkiye2 779 6589 942 427CzechiaAustria1 848 1179 2 209 115IrelandSpain1 817 1158 3 675 120Egypt	Belgium	39 434 846	573 358 778	Germany
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USA 3267 949 14112 501 Sweden Ukraine 3118 429 8142 606 Côte d'Ivoire Türkiye 2779 658 9942 427 Czechia Austria 1848 117 92 209 115 Ireland Spain 1817 115 83 675 120 Egypt	Poland	8 925 690	281 401 437	Netherlands
Ukraine3118 4298142 606Côte d'IvoireTürkiye2779 6589 942 427CzechiaAustria1 848 1179 2 209 115IrelandSpain1 817 11583 675 120Egypt	United Kingdom	3 565 155	70 169 327	Switzerland
Türkiye2 779 6589 942 427CzechiaAustria1 848 11792 209 115IrelandSpain1 817 11583 675 120Egypt	USA	3 267 949	14 112 501	Sweden
Austria     1848 117     92 209 115     Ireland       Spain     1817 115     83 675 120     Egypt	Ukraine	3 118 429	8 142 606	Côte d'Ivoire
Spain     1817 115     83 675 120     Egypt	Türkiye	2 779 658	9 942 427	Czechia
	Austria	1 848 117	92 209 115	Ireland
Finland     1 611 131     11 626 074     Peru	Spain	1 817 115	83 675 120	Egypt
	Finland	1 611 131	11 626 074	Peru



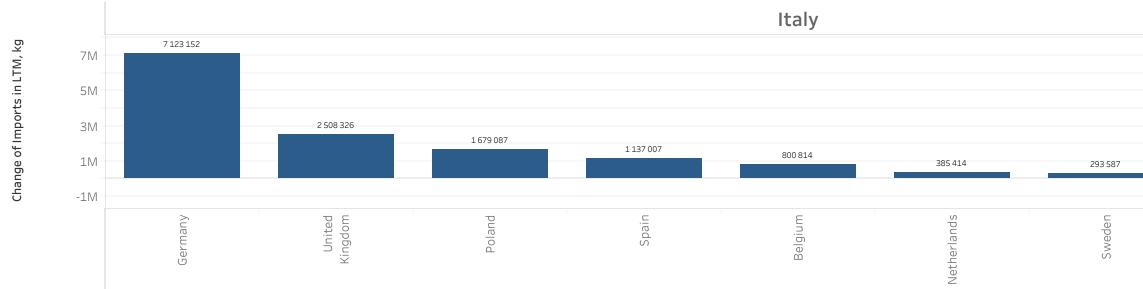
eported eriod 12	Total Supplies in LTM as Reported by the Countries Analyzed, kg
	570 703 378
	245 229 792
	242 721 085
	78 466 847
	21 365 686
	46 789 583
	24 019 549
	43 311 306
	1 950 460
	111 158

## Supplying Countries Winning Competition in the Markets of the Countries Analyzed: tons

This section analyzes the top five supplying countries, identified as having the highest total positive absolute change in supplies (expressed in tons) during the LTM period, as reported by the countries analyzed. The accompanying graphs are designed to show, in detail, which specific countries analyzed have increased their imports from these top suppliers (represented by blue elements indicating positive changes) and which have decreased their imports (represented by red elements showing negative changes). The comparison is made between the LTM period and the period 12 months before LTM, offering insights into supply trends and shifts in trade dynamics.



Absolute Change of Supplies to the Specific Counties Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, tons

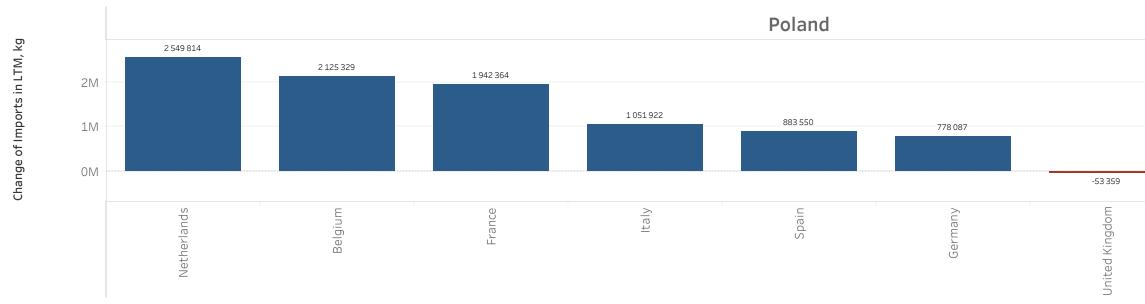




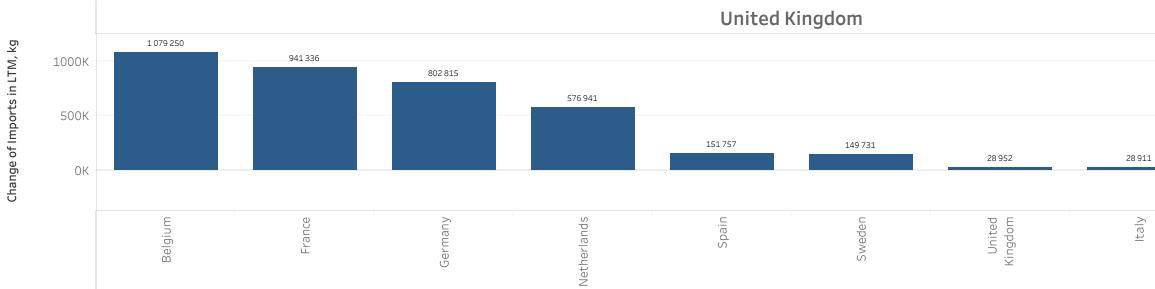


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Absolute Change of Supplies to the Specific Counties Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, tons

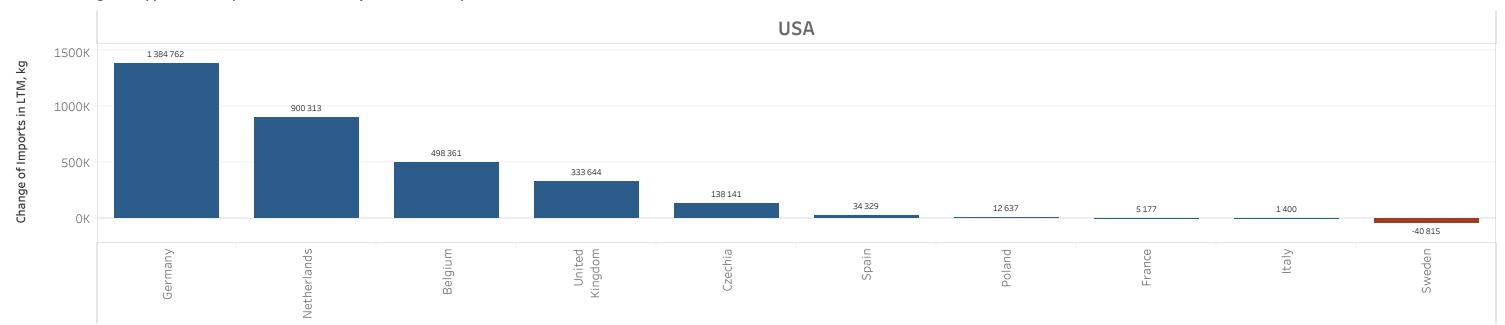






## Supplying Countries Winning Competition in the Markets of the Countries Analyzed: tons

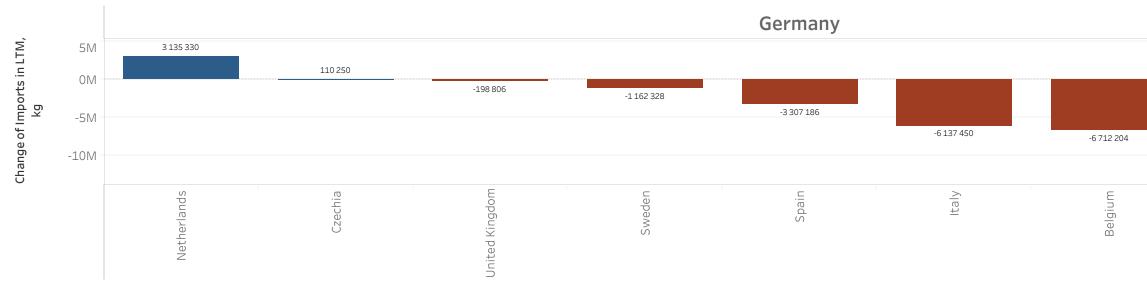
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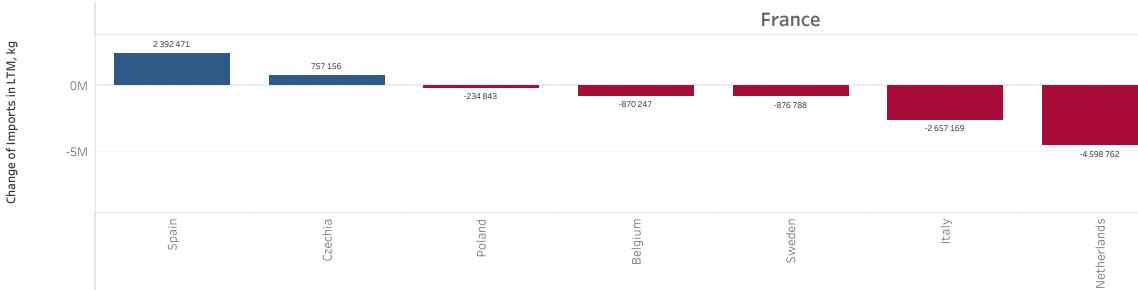


## Supplying Countries Losing Competition in the Markets of the Countries Analyzed: tons

This section analyzes the top five supplying countries, identified as having the highest negative change in supplies (expressed in tons) during the LTM period, as reported by the countries analyzed. The accompanying graphs are designed to show, in detail, which specific countries analyzed have increased their imports from these top suppliers (represented by blue elements indicating positive changes) and which have decreased their imports (represented by red elements showing negative changes). The comparison is made between the LTM period and the period 12 months before LTM, offering insights into supply trends and shifts in trade dynamics.



### Absolute Change of Supplies to the Specific Counties Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, tons

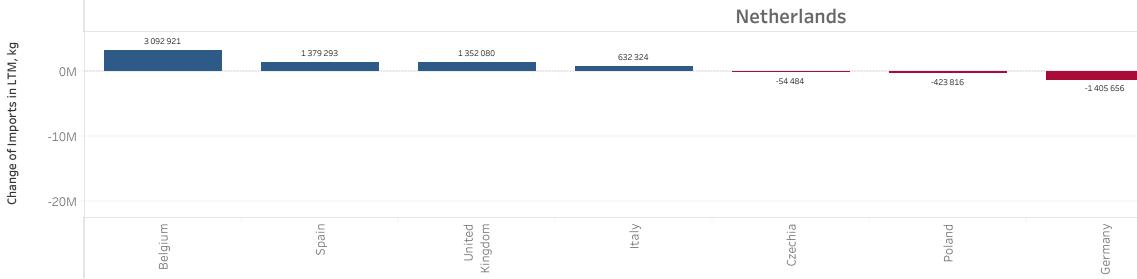




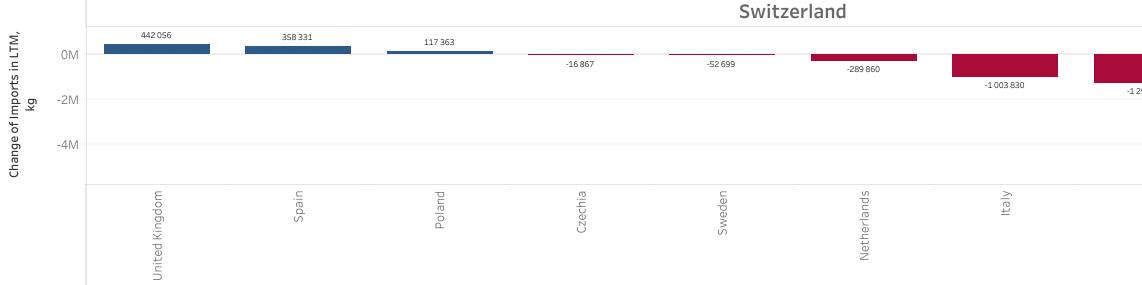


## Supplying Countries Losing Competition in the Markets of the Countries Analyzed: tons

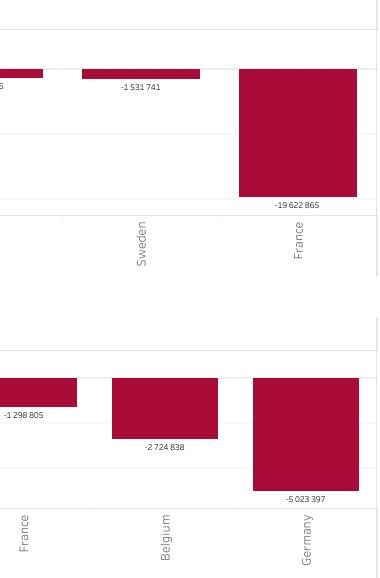
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Absolute Change of Supplies to the Specific Counties Analyzed in LTM Compared to the Period 12 Months Before LTM, tons

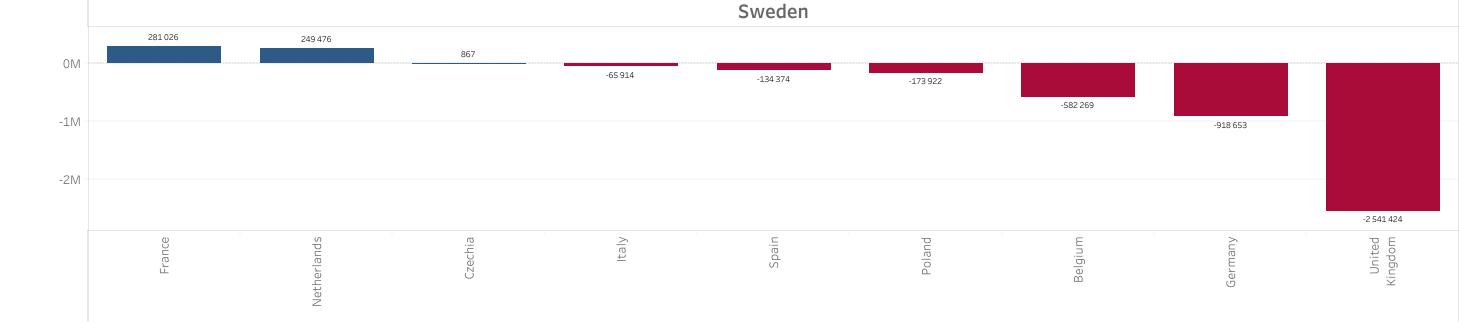






## Supplying Countries Losing Competition in the Markets of the Countries Analyzed: tons

This section analyzes the top five supplying countries, identified as having the highest negative change in supplies (expressed in tons) during the LTM period, as reported by the countries analyzed. The accompanying graphs are designed to show, in detail, which specific countries analyzed have increased their imports from these top suppliers (represented by blue elements indicating positive changes) and which have decreased their imports (represented by red elements showing negative changes). The comparison is made between the LTM period and the period 12 months before LTM, offering insights into supply trends and shifts in trade dynamics.







# Top-Ranked Supplying Countries to the Countries Analyzed

This section of the Report presents the top five highest-ranked supplying countries to each of the country analyzed. The methodology for ranking the supplying countries is as follows: the top 10 largest supplying countries from the last full calendar year reported to each country are ranked based on four components: 1) share of imports in the LTM period, 2) proxy price in the LTM period, 3) change in imports in US \$ terms during the LTM period, and 4) change in imports in volume terms during the LTM period. Each component is assigned a score ranging from 1 to 10, with 10 being the highest. The aggregated score is calculated by summing the rankings for each component. In the case of ties in the total score, the ranking for the first component (share of imports in LTM) takes precedence.

Country Analyzed	No.1 Ranked Supplying Country	Supplies to the Country Analyzed in LTM, US \$	No.2 Ranked Supplying Country	Supplies to the Country Analyzed in LTM, US \$	No.3 Ranked Supplying Country	Supplies to the Country Analyzed in LTM, US \$	No.4 Ranked Supplying Country	Supplies to the Country Analyzed in LTM, US \$	No.5 Ranked Supplying Country	Supplies to the Country Analyzed in LTM, US \$
United Kingdom	Poland	527 847 323,11	Belgium	474 569 349,92	Germany	841 661 156,38	Netherlands	233 514 456,67	Italy	339 434 765,13
Germany	Belgium	912 995 372,13	Italy	366 995 276,22	Poland	621 539 543,53	Netherlands	450 010 769,85	Austria	293 003 269,95
France	Belgium	681 011 412,94	Germany	687 565 984,68	United Kingdom	148 820 024,30	Poland	164 010 386,98	Côte d'Ivoire	142 078 886,25
Netherlands	Belgium	891 336 778,66	Germany	465 513 507,79	Poland	170 869 864,46	United Kingdom	171 143 877,65	Austria	21 204 834,40
Poland	Italy	140 107 606,00	France	105 688 536,00	Austria	69 879 726,00	Belgium	127 366 432,00	Czechia	66 347 182,00
Belgium	Netherlands	283 193 540,13	France	270 443 733,02	Poland	190 278 535,95	Spain	54 186 324,88	Germany	283 042 948,04
Spain	France	204 602 248,08	Belgium	104 934 675,22	Portugal	62 787 786,01	Italy	163 884 159,67	Germany	233 187 379,46
Italy	Belgium	154 654 633,51	Spain	47 132 926,23	Netherlands	53 346 885,12	Poland	93 285 516,11	Germany	352 917 661,50
Czechia	Belgium	80 176 641,00	France	30 873 321,00	Germany	183 926 265,00	Poland	108 252 156,00	Austria	48 448 793,00
Sweden	Finland	60 990 637,03	Poland	57 238 585,29	Lithuania	25 713 699,70	Italy	24 804 140,26	Germany	121 701 664,26



This section of the Report presents the ranking of all the countries analyzed (importers) allowing to identify the most promising markets for the supplies of the good analyzed. Seven ranking components have been used: 1. Long-term trends of Global Demand for Imports 2. Strength of the Demand for Imports in the selected country 3. Macroeconomic risks for Imports in the selected country 4. Market entry barriers and domestic competition pressures for imports of the good 5. Long-term trends of Country Market 6. Short-term trends of Country Market, US\$-terms 7. Short-term trends of Country Market, volumes and proxy prices. Each component includes 4-6 specific parameters. All parameters are evaluated on a scale from 0 to 6, with 0 being the lowest/less favorable value or characteristic. A Final Score is a total country's score that includes scores of each specific ranking component. Each component is evaluated on a scale from 0 to 2, with 0 being the lowest score. The highest possible Final country's score is 14 points (up to 2 points for each of 7 ranking components). Final country's rank is a sum of points gained for each ranking component. It ranges from 0 to 14 points. A Final score describes the level of attractiveness of the selected country as the market for the supplies of the selected good.

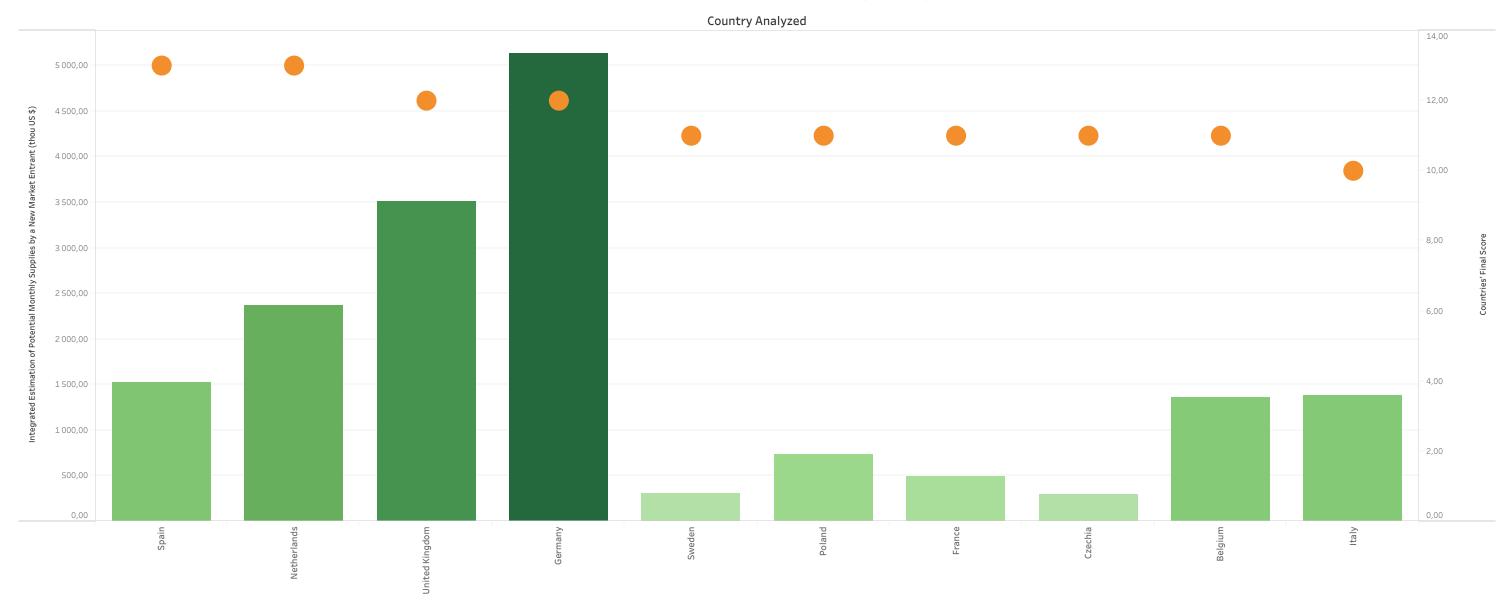
Country's Final Score on Export Potential Estimation		Country's Score: Long-term Trends of Country Market		Country's Score: Short-term Trends of Country Market, US \$		Country's Score: Short-term Trends of Country Market, tons and average prices	
Country Analyzed	Country's Final Score (out of 14 points)	Country Analyzed	Country's Score: Long-term Trends of Country Market (out of 30 points)	Country Analyzed	Country's Score: Short-term Trends of Country Market in Value Terms (out of 18 points)	Country Analyzed	Country's Score: Short-term Trends of Country Market in Volume Terms & Prices (out of 30 points)
Spain	13,00	Spain	28,00	Spain	12,00	Spain	25,00
Netherlands	13,00	Netherlands	27,00	Netherlands	12,00	Netherlands	28,00
United Kingdom	12,00	United Kingdom	28,00	United Kingdom	12,00	United Kingdom	17,00
Germany	12,00	Germany	25,00	Germany	12,00	Germany	20,00
Sweden	11,00	Sweden	21,00	Sweden	12,00	Sweden	12,00
Poland	11,00	Poland	25,00	Poland	12,00	Poland	12,00
France	11,00	France	23,00	France	12,00	France	15,00
Czechia	11,00	Czechia	23,00	Czechia	12,00	Czechia	12,00
Belgium	11,00	Belgium	28,00	Belgium	12,00	Belgium	14,00
Italy	10,00	Italy	15,00	Italy	12,00	Italy	18,00



## Most Promising Markets for Exporting the Good Analyzed out of the Countries Analyzed

This figure below visualizes (i) the Final scores describing the attractiveness of the countries analyzed as promising export destinations, and (ii) the Integrated Estimation of the Potential Monthly Supplies to the respective markets by a New Market Entrant, expressed in US \$. The Integrated estimation of the potential monthly supplies is calculated based on two components. Component 1: the anticipated average monthly market growth, derived from the trend observed over the past 24 months on assumption is that the identified trend will remain unchanged, and the calculated average monthly increase is applied to actual data on the volume of average monthly import supplies over the last 12 months, along with the corresponding average price. Component 2 signifies the extra potential supply linked to the potential strong competitive advantage of the new market entrant. Its calculation is based on the factual parameters of supplying countries that have experienced the highest growth in their supplies to the chosen country over the past 12 months.

### Countries' Final Scores on Export Potential Estimation and Integrated Estimation of Potential Monthly Supplies by a New Market Entrant (thou US \$).





This section of the Report provides an additional analysis of the most promising destinations for supplies of the good analyzed. To this end, a Relativity Score has been calculated for each country analyzed, representing the average of a country's Final Score and the Integrated Estimation of Potential Monthly Supplies by a New Market Entrant. Both components are indexed such that the country with the highest value is assigned an index of 100. The results of the Relativity Score are presented in the table on the left. Additionally, the table on the right ranks the supplying countries based on a scoring system, where each time a supplying country is identified as the number 1 supplier to the respective importing country, it receives 5 points; number 2 – 4 points; number 3 – 3 points; number 4 – 2 points; and number 5 – 1 point. The total points accumulated by each supplying country are provided in the table (Final Supplier's Score), along with the total value of imports reported by all the countries analyzed in the last full calendar year reported. It also contains data onand the number of countries to which the respective supplying country exported the good analyzed.

## Calculation of a Relativity Score for the Countries Analyzed – Identification of the Most Promising Export Markets for the Good Analyzed

**Ranking of Supplying Countries** 

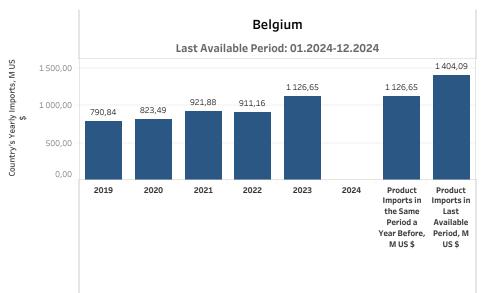
Country Analyzed	Country's Relatively Score (Out of 10 points)	Country's Final Score (out of 14 points)	Integrated Estimation of Potential Monthly Supplies by a New Market Entrant (thou US \$)	Supplying Country	Final Supplier's Score
Germany	9,62	12,00	5 130,13	Belgium	35
,	·	,	·	Poland	24
United Kingdom	8,04	12,00	3 511,32	Germany	18
j		,		France	17
Netherlands	7,30	13,00	2 364,78	Italy	14
Wethenands	7,00	13,00	2001,70	Netherlands	12
Spain	6,48	13,00	1 523,48	Spain	6
Span	0,40	13,00	1020,10	Austria	6
Belgium	5,56	11,00	1362,42	United Kingdom	5
Beigium	3,30	11,00	1302,42	Finland	5
Italy	5,19	10,00	1 383,32	Portugal	3
Italy	3,13	10,00	1 303,32	Lithuania	3
Poland	4 95	4,95 11,00 733,11	733 11	Czechia	1
Polaliu	4,55		/ 33,11	Côte d'Ivoire	1
France	4,71	11,00	489,75	Angola	0
France				Andorra	0
Sweden	4,53	11,00	303,88	Algeria	0
Sweden				Albania	0
Crechia	4.54	11.00	200.00	Africa, not elsewhere speci	0
Czechia	4,51	11,00	290,80	Afghanistan	0



3 473 431 54491 980 996 18093 751 984 84691 331 505 90491 675 281 98291 412 546 4449443 343 6329600 828 24210482 336 0871079 679 4871072 035 44110142 736 84010168 769 1629226 245 587912231967374 5656756 53871 338 333259 7015	Exports in LTM, USD	Total Number of Analyzed Countries With Which Trade Flows were Registered in LTM
3 751 984 84691 331 505 90491 675 281 98291 412 546 4449443 343 6329600 828 24210482 336 0871079 679 4871072 035 44110142 736 84010168 769 1629226 245 587912231967374 5656756 53871 338 3332	3 473 431 544	9
1 331 505 90491 675 281 98291 412 546 4449443 343 6329600 828 24210482 336 0871079 679 4871072 035 44110142 736 84010168 769 1629226 245 587912231967374 5656756 53871 338 3332	1 980 996 180	9
1 675 281 98291 412 546 4449443 343 6329600 828 24210482 336 0871079 679 4871072 035 44110142 736 84010168 769 1629226 245 587912231967374 5656756 53871 338 3332	3 751 984 846	9
1 412 546 444   9     443 343 632   9     600 828 242   10     482 336 087   10     79 679 487   10     72 035 441   10     142 736 840   10     168 769 162   9     226 245 587   9     122   3     1967   3     74 565   6     756 538   7     1338 333   2	1 331 505 904	9
443 343 632   9     600 828 242   10     482 336 087   10     79 679 487   10     72 035 441   10     142 736 840   10     168 769 162   9     226 245 587   9     122   3     1967   3     74 565   6     756 538   7     1338 333   2	1 675 281 982	9
600 828 24210482 336 0871079 679 4871072 035 44110142 736 84010168 769 1629226 245 587912231967374 5656756 53871338 3332	1 412 546 444	9
482 336 0871079 679 4871072 035 44110142 736 84010168 769 1629226 245 587912231967374 5656756 53871 338 3332	443 343 632	9
79 679 4871072 035 44110142 736 84010168 769 1629226 245 587912231967374 5656756 53871 338 3332	600 828 242	10
72 035 441   10     142 736 840   10     168 769 162   9     226 245 587   9     122   3     1967   3     74 565   6     756 538   7     1338 333   2	482 336 087	10
142 736 840 10   168 769 162 9   226 245 587 9   122 3   1967 3   74 565 6   756 538 7   1 338 333 2	79 679 487	10
168 769 162 9   226 245 587 9   122 3   1967 3   74 565 6   756 538 7   1 338 333 2	72 035 441	10
226 245 587 9   122 3   1967 3   74 565 6   756 538 7   1 338 333 2	142 736 840	10
122 3   1967 3   74565 6   756538 7   1338333 2	168 769 162	9
1967 3   74565 6   756538 7   1338333 2	226 245 587	9
74 565 6   756 538 7   1 338 333 2	122	3
756 538 7   1 338 333 2	1967	3
1 338 333 2	74 565	6
	756 538	7
59 701 5	1 338 333	2
	59 701	5



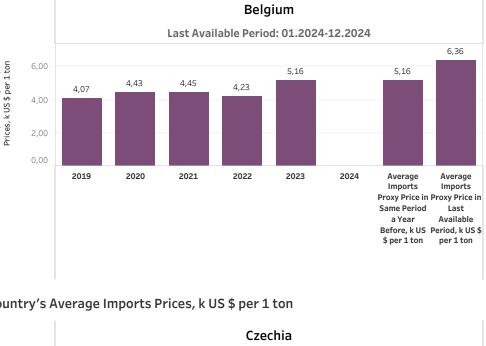
These pages provide detailed insights into the yearly dynamics of imports reported by each of the countries analyzed in the Report. For each country analyzed, the first graph illustrates the yearly import values (expressed in M US \$) over the most recent 5-year period, the second graph illustrates the yearly import volumes (expressed in k tons) over the most recent 5-year period, the third graph illustrates the yearly prices trend (expressed in k US \$ per 1 ton) over the most recent 5-year period.



Belgium Last Available Period: 01.2024-12.2024 220,77 218,32 215,54 218,32 207,07 ountry's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton 194,22 185,98 200,00 100,00 0.00 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Product Product Imports in Imports in the Same Last Period a Year Available Before, k Period, k tons tons

### Country's Yearly Imports, k tons

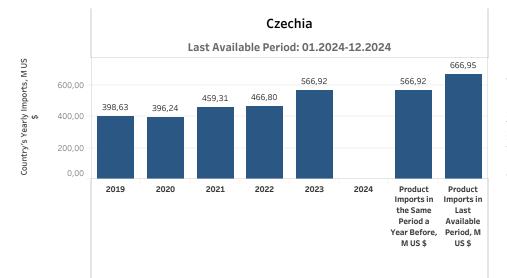
### Country's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton



### Country's Yearly Imports, M US \$

GTAIC

Country's Yearly Imports, M US \$

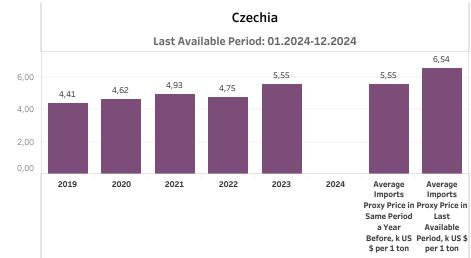


### Country's Yearly Imports, k tons

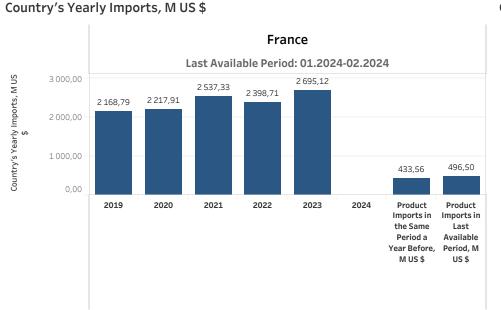
### Czechia Last Available Period: 01.2024-12.2024 102,10 102,10 101,95 98.21 93,16 100,00-90,47 85,73 50,00 0.00 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Product Product Imports in Imports in the Same Last Available Period a Year Before, k Period, k tons tons

### Country's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton

untry's Average Impor Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton



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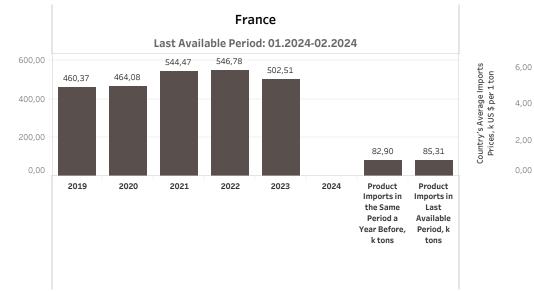


Country's Yearly Imports, k tons

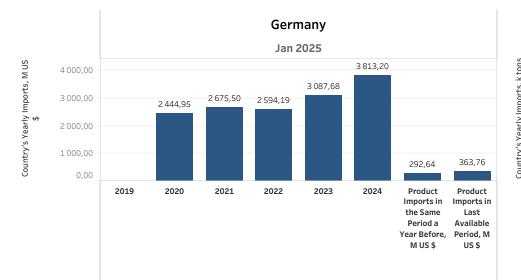


4,71

2019



### Country's Yearly Imports, M US \$



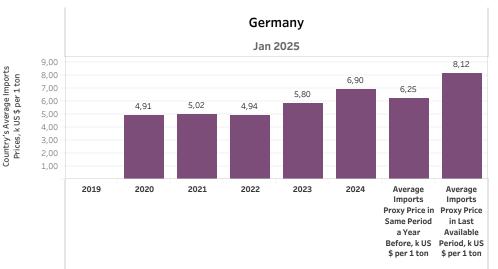
### Country's Yearly Imports, k tons

### Germany Jan 2025 600,00 552,75 532,54 532,79 525,45 498,43 400,00 200,00 46.84 44,78 0.00 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Product Product Imports in Imports in the Same Last Period a Available Year Before, Period, k

k tons

tons

### Country's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton



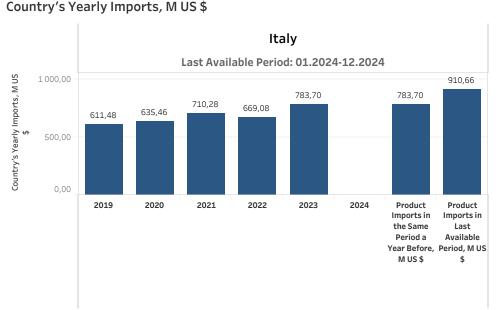
### GTAIC

### France Last Available Period: 01.2024-02.2024 5,82 5 36 5,23 4,78 4,66 4.39 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Average Average Imports Imports Proxy Price in Proxy Price Same Period in Last Available a Year Before, k US Period, k US \$ per1ton \$ per1ton

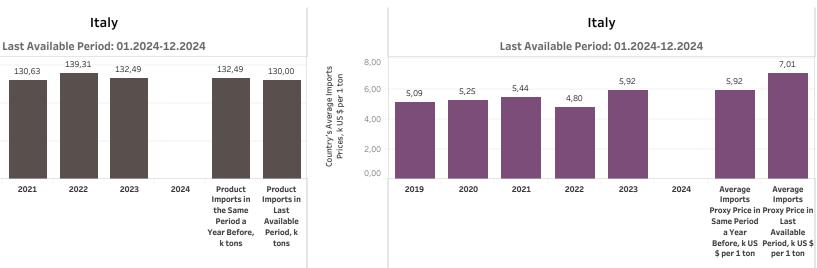
### Country's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton

### 94

These pages provide detailed insights into the yearly dynamics of imports reported by each of the countries analyzed in the Report. For each country analyzed, the first graph illustrates the yearly import values (expressed in M US \$) over the most recent 5-year period, the second graph illustrates the yearly import volumes (expressed in k tons) over the most recent 5-year period, the third graph illustrates the yearly prices trend (expressed in k US \$ per 1 ton) over the most recent 5-year period.



Country's Yearly Imports, k tons



### 150,00 139,31 130,63 121,15 120.21 100,00 50,00 0.00

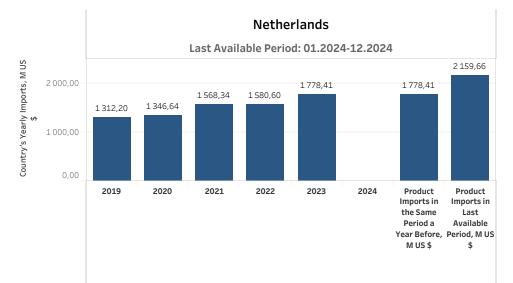
2021

2022



### Country's Yearly Imports, M US \$

GTAIC

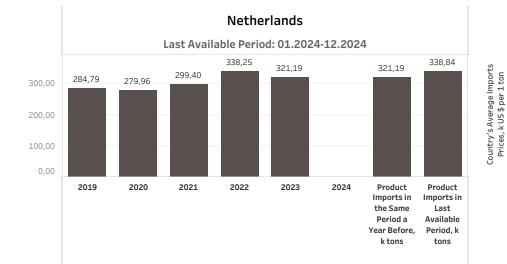


### Country's Yearly Imports, k tons

2019

2020

### Country's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton





6,00

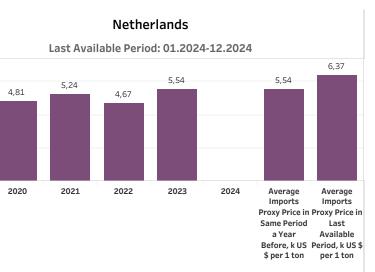
4,00

2,00 -

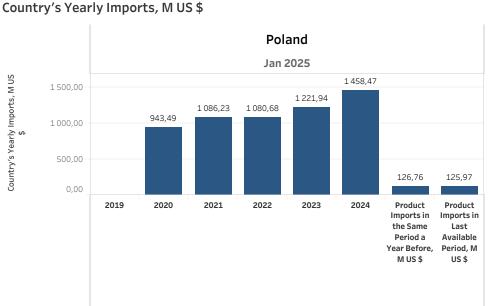
0.00

4,61

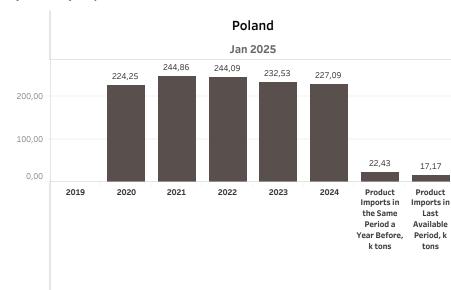
### Country's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton



These pages provide detailed insights into the yearly dynamics of imports reported by each of the countries analyzed in the Report. For each country analyzed, the first graph illustrates the yearly import values (expressed in M US \$) over the most recent 5-year period, the second graph illustrates the yearly import volumes (expressed in k tons) over the most recent 5-year period, the third graph illustrates the yearly prices trend (expressed in k US \$ per 1 ton) over the most recent 5-year period.

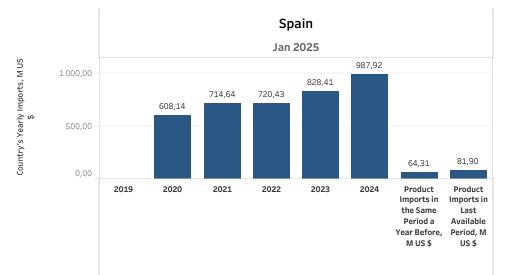


Country's Yearly Imports, k tons

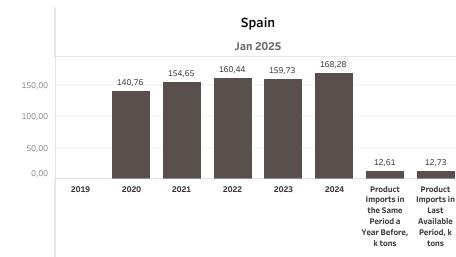




GTAIC



Country's Yearly Imports, k tons



8,00

6,00

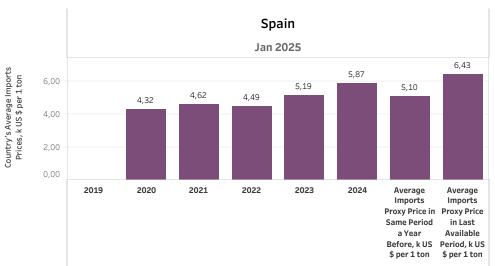
4,00

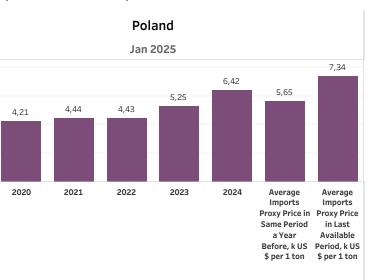
2,00

0,00

2019

Country's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton

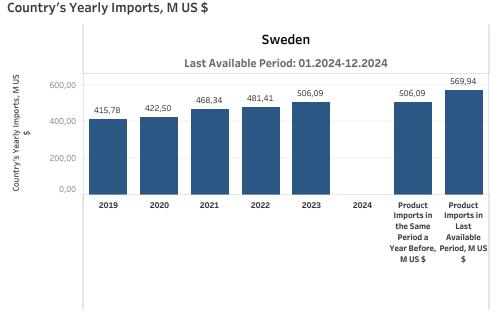




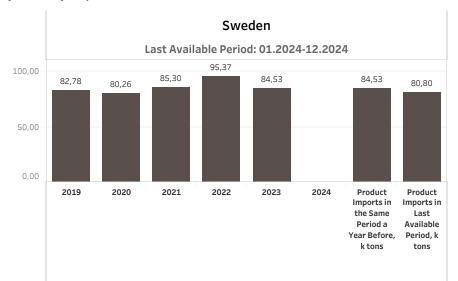
### Country's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton



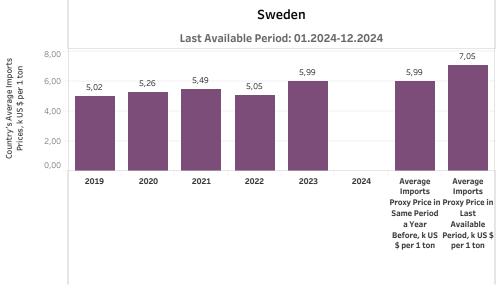
These pages provide detailed insights into the yearly dynamics of imports reported by each of the countries analyzed in the Report. For each country analyzed, the first graph illustrates the yearly import values (expressed in M US \$) over the most recent 5-year period, the second graph illustrates the yearly import volumes (expressed in k tons) over the most recent 5-year period, the third graph illustrates the yearly prices trend (expressed in k US \$ per 1 ton) over the most recent 5-year period.



Country's Yearly Imports, k tons

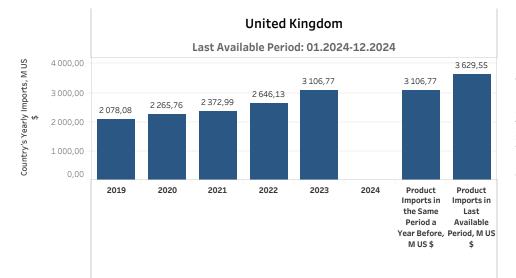


### Country's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton



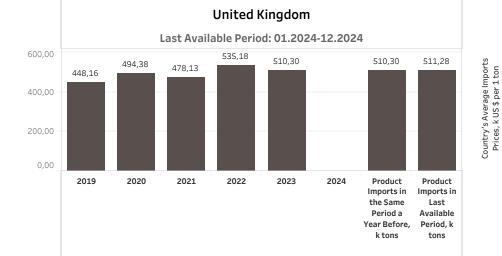
### Country's Yearly Imports, M US \$

GTAIC



### Country's Yearly Imports, k tons

### Country's Average Imports Prices, k US \$ per 1 ton



0.00 2019

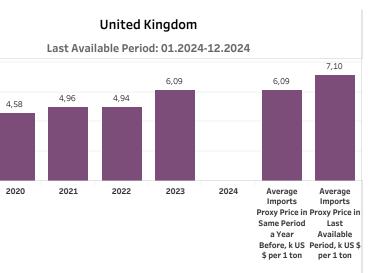
4 64

8.00

6,00

4,00

2,00



# **CONTACTS & FEEDBACK**

We encourage you to stay with us, as we continue to develop and add new features to GTAIC. Market forecasts, global value chains research, deeper country insights, and other features are coming soon.

If you have any ideas on the scope of the report or any comment on the service, please let us know by e-mailing to sales@gtaic.ai. We are open for any comments, good or bad, since we believe any feedback will help us develop and bring more value to our clients.

Connect with us

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