



Computation of long-term annual renewable water resources (RWR) by country (in km<sup>3</sup>/year, average)

**Azerbaijan**

Internal RWR		
Precipitation (mm/year)	[1]	447
Area of the country (1000 ha)	[2]	8 660
Precipitation (km <sup>3</sup> /year)	[3]	38.71 $=([1]/1000000) \times ([2] \times 10)$
Surface water: produced internally	[4]	5.955
Groundwater: produced internally	[5]	6.51
Overlap between surface water and groundwater	[6]	4.35 (a)
<b>Total internal renewable water resources</b>	[7]	8.115 $=([4]+[5]-[6])$
External RWR		
	Total	Accounted
<u>Surface water</u>		
Surface water entering the country	19.76 (b)	
Inflow not submitted to treaties		[8] 25.38
Inflow submitted to treaties		0
Inflow secured through treaties		[9] 0
Flow in border rivers	2.36	[10] 1.18
Accounted inflow		[11] 26.56 $=([8]+[9]+[10])$
Surface water leaving the country		
Outflow not submitted to treaties		
Outflow submitted to treaties		
Outflow secured through treaties		[12] 0
Total external renewable surface water		[13] 26.56 $=([11]-[12])$
<u>Groundwater</u>		
Groundwater entering the country	0	[14] 0
Groundwater leaving the country		
<b>Total external renewable water resources</b>		[15] 26.56 $=([13]+[14])$
Total RWR		
Surface water		[16] 32.52 $=([4]+[13])$
Groundwater		[17] 6.51 $=([5]+[14])$
Overlap between surface water and groundwater		[6] 4.35 (a)
<b>Total renewable water resources</b>		[18] 34.68 $=([16]+[17]-[6])$
Dependency ratio (%)		[19] 76.6 $=100 \times ([11]+[14]) / ([11]+[14]+[7])$

Metadata:

(a) Overlap between surface water and groundwater is less than 100%; not all the groundwater is drained by the rivers.

(b) From Georgia 11.91; from Armenia 5.97 (Araks 5.62 + Agstay 0.35); from the Islamic Republic of Iran 7.50 - 5.97 (Araks, but removing 5.97 that already entered from Armenia to avoid double-counting).