



## Computation of long-term annual renewable water resources (RWR) by country (in km³/year, average)

## **Spain**

Internal RWR		
Precipitation (mm/year)	[1] 636	
Area of the country (1000 ha)	[2] 50 594	
Precipitation (km³/year)	[3] 321.8 =([1]/100000	00)x([2]x10)
Surface water: produced internally	[4] 109.5	
Groundwater: produced internally	[5] 29.9	
Overlap between surface water and groundwater	[6] 28.2 (a)	
Total internal renewable water resources	[7] 111.2 =[4]+[5]-[6]	
External RWR	Total	Accounted
Surface water		
Surface water entering the country	0.3	
Inflow not submitted to treaties		[8] 0.3
Inflow submitted to treaties		0
Inflow secured through treaties		[9] 0
Flow in border rivers	0	[10] 0
Accounted inflow		[11] 0.3 =[8]+[9]+[10]
Surface water leaving the country	34.4 (b)	
Outflow not submitted to treaties		33.4
Outflow submitted to treaties		
Outflow secured through treaties		[12] 0
Total external renewable surface water		[13] 0.3 =[11]-[12]
Groundwater		
Groundwater entering the country	0	[14] 0
Groundwater leaving the country	0	0
Total external renewable water resources		[15] 0.3 =[13]+[14]
Total Oxformation Tallot Total Total		
Total RWR		
Surface water		[16] 109.8 =[4]+[13]
Groundwater		[17] 29.9 =[5]+[14]
Overlap between surface water and groundwater		[6] 28.2 (a)
Total renewable water resources		[18] 111.5 =[16]+[17]-[6]
Dependency ratio (%)		[19] =100*([11]+[14]) /([11]+[14]+[7])
		in kelindan bin dan baray
Metadata:  (a) Overlap:nearly 100% of Groundwater (GW) recharge; most of the GW is drained by the rivers and becomes the low flow of water courses. Spain has a long coast and a Spanish source indicate that 1.7 km3/yr GW flows into the sea so the rest of the GW drained i  (b) Surface water outflow: 33.4 to Portugal, 1 to France (Garonne) (To Portugal: Minho border not counted)		

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