



Computation of long-term annual renewable water resources (RWR) by country (in km³/year, average)

Qatar

Internal RWR	
Precipitation (mm/year) Area of the country (1000 ha) Precipitation (km³/year)	[1] 74 (a) (2) 1 161 (3) (2]x10)
Surface water: produced internally	[4] 0
Groundwater: produced internally	[5] 0.056
Overlap between surface water and groundwater	[6] 0 (b)
Total internal renewable water resources	[7] 0.056 =[4]+[5]-[6]
External RWR	Total Accounted
Surface water Surface water entering the country Inflow not submitted to treaties Inflow submitted to treaties Inflow secured through treaties Flow in border rivers Accounted inflow Surface water leaving the country Outflow not submitted to treaties Outflow submitted to treaties Outflow secured through treaties Total external renewable surface water Groundwater Groundwater entering the country Groundwater leaving the country Total external renewable water resources	0 [8] 0 0 0 [9] 0 0 [10] 0 =[8]+[9]+[10] 0 0 [12] 0 0 [13] 0 =[11]-[12] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total RWR	
Surface water	[16] O =[4]+[13]
Groundwater	[17] 0.058]=[5]+[14]
Overlap between surface water and groundwater	[6] O (p)
Total renewable water resources	[18] 0.058 =[16]+[17]-[6]
Dependency ratio (%)	[19] 3.448 = 100° ([11]+[14]) /([11]+[14]+[7])
Metadata: (a) Abu Sukar,H.K.et al.2007. Agro-hydro-meteorological data book for the Stat (b) Overlap between surface water and groundwater is negligible. (c) From Saudi Arabia	te of Qatar->average (1972-2005) 80.2 mm/y. IPCC 1961-90->74 mm

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