



Cálculo de recursos hídricos renovables (RHR) por país (en km³/año, media)

Benin

RHR INTERNOS

| | |
|--|--|
| Precipitación (mm/año) | [1] <input type="text" value="1 039"/> |
| Superficie del país (1000 ha) | [2] <input type="text" value="11 476"/> |
| Precipitación (km ³ /año) | [3] <input type="text" value="119.2"/> =([1]/1000000)x([2]x10) |
| Aqua superficial: producida internamente | [4] <input type="text" value="10"/> |
| Aqua subterránea: producida internamente | [5] <input type="text" value="1.8"/> |
| Parte comun entre aguas superficiales y subterráneas | [6] <input type="text" value="1.5"/> (a) |
| RHR internos totales | [7] <input type="text" value="10.3"/> =[4]+[5]-[6] |

RHR EXTERNOS

Natural

Contabilizadas

Aqua superficial

| | |
|--|---|
| Aqua superficial que entra al país | <input type="text" value="0"/> (b) |
| Entradas no sometidas a acuerdos | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Entradas sometidas a acuerdos | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Entradas aseguradas mediante tratados | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Aqua superficial en ríos fronterizos | <input type="text" value="32.19"/> (c) |
| Entradas contabilizadas | <input type="text" value="16.09"/> [11] <input type="text" value="16.09"/> =[8]+[9]+[10] |
| Aqua superficial que sale del país | <input type="text" value="5.8"/> (d) |
| Salidas no sometidas a acuerdos | <input type="text" value="5.8"/> |
| Salidas sometidas a acuerdos | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Salidas aseguradas mediante tratados | <input type="text" value="0"/> [12] <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Aqua superficial externa renovable total | <input type="text" value="16.09"/> [13] <input type="text" value="16.09"/> =[11]-[12] |

Aqua subterránea

| | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Aqua subterránea que entra al país | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> [14] <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Aqua subterránea que sale del país | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> [12] <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| RHR externos totales | | <input type="text" value="16.09"/> [15] <input type="text" value="16.09"/> =[13]+[14] |

RHR TOTALES

| | |
|--|---|
| Aqua superficial | <input type="text" value="26.09"/> =[4]+[13] |
| Aqua subterránea | <input type="text" value="1.8"/> =[5]+[14] |
| Parte comun entre aguas superficiales y subterráneas | <input type="text" value="1.5"/> (a) |
| RHR totales | <input type="text" value="26.39"/> =[16]+[17]-[6] |
| Tasa de dependencia (%) | <input type="text" value="60.97"/> =100*([11]+[14]) /([11]+[14]+[7]) |

Metadatos:

- (a) Nearly 100% of Groundwater recharge (4/5 of the gw resources); most of the GW is drained by the rivers (equalslow flow of water courses). Some GW escapes and flows out into the sea.
- (b) Negligeable inflow from Nigeria. In FAO (1995) the border inflows from various countries has been accounted for by mistake.
- (c) Mono comes from Togo and is only border river for Benin; Niger comes from Niger and is only border river for Benin. Niger river (29) and Mono river (3.185). Niger border with Niger, Mono border with Togo
- (d) Outflow: to Nigeria via Niger river (3.8); to Togo (2).