



Cálculo de recursos hídricos renovables (RHR) por país (en km³/año, media)

Honduras

RHR INTERNOS		
Precipitación (mm/año)	[1]	1 976 (a)
Superficie del país (1000 ha)	[2]	11 249
Precipitación (km ³ /año)	[3]	222.3 =([1]/1000000)x([2]x10)
Agua superficial: producida internamente	[4]	81.57 (b)
Agua subterránea: producida internamente	[5]	39
Parte comun entre aguas superficiales y subterráneas	[6]	29.91
RHR internos totales	[7]	90.66 =[4]+[5]-[6]
RHR EXTERNOS		
	Natural	Contabilizadas
<u>Agua superficial</u>		
Agua superficial que entra al país	1.504 (c)	
Entradas no sometidas a acuerdos		[8] 1.504
Entradas sometidas a acuerdos		[9] 0
Entradas aseguradas mediante tratados		[10] 0
Agua superficial en ríos fronterizos	0	[11] 0
Entradas contabilizadas		[11] 1.504 =[8]+[9]+[10]
Agua superficial que sale del país	4.947 (d)	
Salidas no sometidas a acuerdos		[12] 5.764 (e)
Salidas sometidas a acuerdos		[12] 0
Salidas aseguradas mediante tratados		[12] 0
Agua superficial externa renovable total		[13] 1.504 =[11]-[12]
<u>Agua subterránea</u>		
Agua subterránea que entra al país	0	[14] 0
Agua subterránea que sale del país	0	[14] 0
RHR externos totales		[15] 1.504 =[13]+[14]
RHR TOTALES		
Agua superficial		[16] 83.07 =[4]+[13]
Agua subterránea		[17] 39 =[5]+[14]
Parte comun entre aguas superficiales y subterráneas		[6] 29.91
RHR totales		[18] 92.16 =[16]+[17]-[6]
Tasa de dependencia (%)		[19] 1.632 =100*([11]+[14])/([11]+[14]+[7])

Metadatos:

- (a) During year 2000 survey a national value of 1800 mm/year was given, but without a period of reference. The 1976 mm/year refers to period 1961-1990.
 (b) According to SERNA, 2003, the IRWR are 81.571, of which 70.438 in Atlantica and 11.133 in Pacifica. Also, 5.396 comes from lakes and is not added here, since it is included already.
 (c) FROM: Guatemala: 100.7*0.005 (Lempa)+1 (Motagua [border- GTM/HND])
 (d) TO: El Salvador: 0 (Goascoran [border- HND/SLV])+3.587 (Lempa); Nicaragua: 1.36 (Coco)
 (e) To Nicaragua: Coco 1.36. To El Salvador: Lempa 3.587. The Goascoran river is a border river between Honduras and El Salvador. While it originates in Honduras, it is considered that both countires contribute equally and therefore no transboundary water is counted. 52 percent of the basin is in Honduras and 48 percent in El Salvador.