#### PFOS chemicals – DECISION FOR CONSULATION

[For incorporation in] Industrial Chemicals Environmental Management Register

#### Schedule 7 – Relevant industrial chemicals that are likely to cause serious or irreversible harm to the environment with no essential uses

# **Relevant industrial chemical** Class name: Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS), including any of its branched isomers, its salts, perfluorooctane sulfonyl fluoride, and any substance containing a linear or branched perfluorooctane sulfonyl moiety and capable of degrading to PFOS (linear or branched). Risk management measures including prohibitions and restrictions (a) This entry comes into effect on 1 July 2025. (b) The import, manufacture and use of the chemical (whether on its own or in mixtures) are prohibited except: (i) in circumstances where the chemical is present as unintentional trace contamination at the following levels (to be reviewed by the department by 1 July 2027): (a) a level equal to or below 0.025 mg/kg for PFOS and its salts; or (b) a level equal to or below 1 mg/kg for any individual PFOS-related compound or a combination of PFOS-related compounds; or (c) a level equal to or below 0.8 mg/kg for PFOS and its salts present in fire-fighting foam for liquid fuel vapour suppression and liquid fuel fire (Class B fires) already installed in systems, including both mobile and fixed systems); or (ii) for research or laboratory purposes; or (iii) if a hazardous waste import permit authorises the import of the chemical. (c) The import, manufacture and use of an article containing the chemical are prohibited except: (i) in circumstances where the chemical is present in the article as unintentional trace contamination at the following levels (to be reviewed by the department by 1 July 2027): (a) a level equal to or below 0.025 mg/kg for PFOS and its salts; or (b) a level equal to or below 1 mg/kg for any individual PFOS-related compound or a combination of PFOS-related compounds; or (ii) for research or laboratory purposes; or (iii) if a hazardous waste import permit authorises the import of the article; or (iv) in circumstances in which the article is already in use on or before 1 July 2025. (d) The export of the chemical (whether on its own or in mixtures), or an article containing the chemical, is prohibited except: (i) for the chemical – in circumstances where the chemical is present as unintentional trace contamination at the following levels (to be reviewed

- by the department by 1 July 2027):
  - (a) a level equal to or below 0.025 mg/kg for PFOS and its salts; or
  - (b) a level equal to or below 1 mg/kg for any individual PFOS-related compound or a combination of PFOS-related compounds; or
- (ii) for the article in circumstances where the chemical is present in the article as unintentional trace contamination at the following levels (to be reviewed by the department by 1 July 2027):
  - (a) a level equal to or below 0.025 mg/kg for PFOS and its salts; or
  - (b) a level equal to or below 1 mg/kg for any individual PFOS-related compound or a combination of PFOS-related compounds; or
- (iii) if a hazardous waste export permit authorises the export of the chemical or the article.
- (e) Producers and holders of waste must undertake all reasonably practicable measures to avoid contamination of non-PFOS waste with this chemical and must not dilute PFOS waste with non-PFOS waste to lower the PFOS concentration below relevant waste handling and disposal thresholds.
- (f) Waste consisting of, containing or contaminated by the chemical at a concentration that is equal to, or greater than, 1 mg/kg for PFOS and its salts and 40 mg/kg for the sum of PFOS-related compounds must be either:

- (i) treated in such a way as to ensure that the chemical is destroyed or irreversibly transformed so that the remaining waste and environmental releases do not contain chemicals that exhibit Schedule 6 or Schedule 7 risk characteristics, or
- (ii) stored or disposed of in an environmentally sound manner as authorised under a law of the Commonwealth or a law of a State, where treatment in accordance with subparagraph (i) is not the environmentally preferable option.
- (g) Waste containing or contaminated by the chemical at a concentration of less than 1 mg/kg for PFOS and its salts and 40 mg/kg for the sum of PFOS-related compounds must be managed or disposed of in an environmentally sound manner as authorised under a law of the Commonwealth or a law of a State.
- (h) Disposal of waste must not lead to recovery, recycling, reclamation or re-use of the chemical on its own, subject to paragraph (i).
- (i) In carrying out disposal, the chemical may be isolated from the waste, provided that the chemical is subsequently disposed of in accordance with paragraphs (f) and (g).
- (j) If an activity in relation to the chemical, or an article containing the chemical, is not permitted under paragraph (b), (c) or (d), a holder of a stockpile of the chemical must:
  - (i) notify the relevant agency responsible for environmental protection of the nature and size of the stockpile; and
  - (ii) manage that stockpile as waste in accordance with paragraphs (f) and (g); and
  - (iii) comply with all relevant laws that apply in the relevant jurisdiction.
- (k) The IChEMS Minimum Standards must be complied with.

#### PFOS chemicals - DECISION FOR CONSULATION

[For incorporation in] Industrial Chemicals Environmental Management Register

#### Terms defined in the Register instrument

The following terms are to be defined in the Register:

article has the same meaning as in the Industrial Chemicals Act 2019.

disposal has the same meaning as in the Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989.

Note:——Other grammatical forms of "disposal" (such as "disposed of") have a corresponding meaning (see section 18A of the Acts Interpretation Act 1901).

environmental release means any introduction of pollutants into the environment as a result of any human activity, whether deliberate or accidental, routine or nonroutine.

hazardous waste export permit means an export permit within the meaning of the Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989.

hazardous waste import permit means an import permit within the meaning of the Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989.

*IChEMS Minimum Standards* means the IChEMS Minimum Standards agreed to by Commonwealth, State and Territory environmental regulators as published by the [Environment] Department and as existing from time to time.

industrial use has the same meaning as in the Industrial Chemicals Act 2019.

manufacture has the same meaning as in the Industrial Chemicals Act 2019.

relevant agency includes:

- (a) a department, agency or authority of the Commonwealth; and
- (b) a State government body.

Schedule 6 risk characteristics has the same meaning as in the Industrial Chemicals Environmental Management (Register) Principles 2022.

Schedule 7 risk characteristics has the same meaning as in the Industrial Chemicals Environmental Management (Register) Principles 2022.

stockpile of a relevant industrial chemical means an accumulation of substances, mixtures or articles that contains, or consists of, the chemical.

unintentional trace contamination means circumstances where a chemical is present unintentionally and unavoidably below a set level at which the chemical cannot be meaningfully used.

use has the same meaning as in the Industrial Chemicals Act 2019.

waste has the same meaning as in the Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989.

## Terms defined in the Industrial Chemicals Environmental Management (Register) Act 2021

end use for an industrial chemical has the same meaning as in the Industrial Chemicals Act.

**Environment Department** means the Department administered by the Minister administering this Act.

relevant industrial chemical means:

- (a) a particular industrial chemical; or
- (b) a particular class of industrial chemicals.

State includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory.

## Terms defined in the Industrial Chemicals Act 2019

article means an object that:

- (a) is produced for use for a particular purpose, being a purpose that requires that the object have a particular shape, surface or design; and
- (b) is formed to that shape, surface or design during production; and
- (c) undergoes no change of chemical composition when used for that purpose except as an intrinsic aspect of that use;

but does not include an object of a kind prescribed by the rules for the purposes of this definition.

end use for an industrial chemical, means a purpose to which the industrial chemical can be applied.

industrial use means a use other than (or in addition to) one of the following uses:

- (a) use as an agricultural chemical product (within the meaning of the Agvet Code) or in the preparation of such a product;
- (b) use as a veterinary chemical product (within the meaning of the Agvet Code) or in the preparation of such a product;
- (c) use as a substance or mixture of substances mentioned in paragraph 5(4)(a) of the Agvet Code (which deals with substances or mixtures of substances prepared by a pharmacist or veterinary surgeon) or in the preparation of such a substance or mixture of substances;
- (d) use as a therapeutic good (within the meaning of the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989) or in the preparation of such a good;
- (e) use as food intended for consumption by humans or in the preparation of such food;
- (f) use as feed intended for consumption by animals or in the preparation of such feed;
- (g) any use prescribed by the rules for the purposes of this paragraph.

manufacture an industrial chemical means do any of the following:

- (a) produce the industrial chemical in the course of a chemical reaction;
- (b) extract the industrial chemical from a natural environment, with or without chemical change;
- (c) extract the industrial chemical from a UVCB substance;
- (d) produce or extract the industrial chemical in circumstances prescribed by the rules for the purposes of this paragraph;

but does not include producing or extracting the industrial chemical as described in paragraphs (a), (b) or (c) in circumstances prescribed by the rules for the purposes of this definition.

use, for an industrial chemical, includes any of the following activities involving the industrial chemical:

- (a) processing;
- (b) formulating;
- (c) storing;
- (d) transporting;
- (e) filling into containers;
- (f) transferring from a container to another container;
- (g) handling;
- (h) mixing;
- (i) sampling and testing;
- (j) producing an article;
- (k) releasing into the environment (with or without prior treatment);
- (I) activities relating to an end use for the industrial chemical;
- (m) any other activity prescribed by the rules for the purposes of this paragraph;

but does not include an activity prescribed by the rules for the purposes of this definition.

## Terms defined in the Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989

 $\textbf{\textit{Disposal}} \text{ means an operation specified in Annex IV to the } \underline{\textbf{Basel Convention}}.$ 

hazardous waste export permit means a permit under section 17 (Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989) permitting the export of hazardous waste.

hazardous waste import permit means a permit under section 17 (Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989) permitting the import of hazardous waste.

## PFOS chemicals – DECISION FOR CONSULATION

[For incorporation in] Industrial Chemicals Environmental Management Register

	Waste	means	a substance	or ob	iect that
--	-------	-------	-------------	-------	-----------

- (a) is proposed to be disposed of; or
- (b) is disposed of; or
- (c) is required by a law of the Commonwealth, a State or a Territory to be disposed of.