

SUBMISSION

Public consultation on the prohibition on the use of engineered stone

Instructions

To complete this online submission:

- Download and save this submission document to your computer.
- Use the saved version to enter your responses under each question below. These
 questions are from the <u>public consultation on the prohibition on the use of engineered</u>
 stone.
- Once you have completed your submission, save it and upload it using the upload your submission link on the <u>Engage submission form</u>.

Submissions will be accepted until 11.59 pm on 2 April 2023.

Additional documentation

Up to three additional documents can also be uploaded when you submit your response. Relevant documents to upload could include cover letters or reports with data and evidence supporting your views.

Help

If you are experiencing difficulties making your submission online, please contact us at occhygiene@swa.gov.au.

Respondents may choose how their submission is published on the Safe Work Australia website by choosing from the following options:

- submission published
- submission published anonymously
- submission not published

For further information on the publication of submissions on Engage, please refer to the <u>Safe Work Australia Privacy Policy</u> and the <u>Engagement HQ privacy policy</u>.

Please note the following are unlikely to be published:

Public comment response form - Public consultation on prohibition on the use of engineered stone

- submissions containing defamatory material, and
- submissions containing views or information identifying parties involved in hearings or inquests which are currently in progress.

Your details

(Please leave blank if you wish to remain anonymous)

1. Name or organisation

Precision cabinet Makers.

2. Email used to log into Engage

Consultation questions

1. Do you support a prohibition on the use of engineered stone? Please support your response with reasons and evidence.

No, Silica is a product that is all around us. Once in place it is not a hazard and only a hazard will manufacturing. If the correct process are followed then the risks are reduced to almost nil.

2. If yes, do you support a prohibition on the use of all engineered stone irrespective of its crystalline silica content? Please support your response with reasons and evidence.

Click or tap here to enter text.

3. If no, do you support a prohibition of engineered stone that contains more than certain percentage of crystalline silica? If yes, at what percentage of crystalline silica should a prohibition be set? Please support your response with reasons and evidence.

I believe that we can still have this fantastic product with increased regulations. Most companies ae doing the right thing and have well below the regulated silca exposures. Its time the government looks to those not doing the right thing. If something must change then I also support a reduced silica content to reduce risk even more.

4. How many businesses work with engineered stone only?

For these businesses, please provide where possible:

- a) the number of sole traders and small businesses (1-20 employees), medium businesses (21-200 employees), large businesses (>200 employees)
- b) the number of workers in these businesses, by business size
- c) the average annual revenue, by business size
- d) the proportion of business activity with engineered stone containing 40% or more crystalline silica content, by business size
- e) the proportion of business activity with engineered stone containing less than 40% crystalline silica content, by business size.

Please use the table below to enter this information.

Business type		Sole traders and small business	Medium business	Large business
Business working with engineered stone only	Number of businesses		1	
	Number of people employed		40	
	total annual revenue (approximate, rounded to nearest \$10,000)		8,700,000	
	Proportion of business activity involving ES with ≥ 40% silica		4 staff	
	Proportion of business activity involving ES with <40% silica			

Click or tap to enter text.

5. How many businesses work with both engineered stone and non-engineered stone products?

For these businesses, please provide where possible:

- a) the number of sole traders and small businesses (1-20 employees), medium businesses (21-200 employees), large businesses (>200 employees)
- b) the number of workers in these businesses, by business size
- c) the average annual revenue, by business size
- d) the proportion of their business activity with non-engineered stone products, by business size
- e) the proportion of their business activity with engineered stone containing 40% or more crystalline silica content, by business size
- f) the proportion of their business activity with engineered stone containing less than 40% crystalline silica content.

Please use the table below to enter this information.

Business type	Description	Sole traders and small business	Medium business	Large business
	Number of businesses			
Business working with both engineered stone and non- engineered stone products	Number of people employed			
	Average yearly revenue (approximate, rounded to nearest \$1000)			
	Proportion of business activity involving ES with ≥ 40% silica			
	Proportion of business activity involving ES with <40% silica			
	Proportion of business activity involving non-engineered stone products			

Click or tap here to enter text.

6. Do you have any data or information on the risks to workers from the other non-crystalline silica elements of engineered stone? Are these risks increased in engineered stone of less than 40% crystalline silica content?

No data regarding the above.

- 7. In relation to Option 3, do you have:
 - a) any information on the additional benefits of a licensing scheme over the enhanced regulation agreed by WHS ministers (Option 5a) that would already apply to engineered stone products containing less than 40% crystalline silica content?
 - b) feedback on the implementation of concurrent licensing schemes for both prohibited engineered stone and non-prohibited engineered stone?

A licensing scheme will certainly help to clean up the industry. There is still too many back yard guys not using the correct manufacturing methods. One method to manage is that you cant purchase the product unless you are a licensed fabricator. The responsibility is then on the suppliers of the stone.

8. Are the assumptions and scenarios described for Option 6 in the Decision RIS accurate and appropriate? If not, why? Please provide additional information to support the impact analysis.

Click or tap here to enter text.

9. Are there any other options or issues you think should be considered for a prohibition on the use of engineered stone?

Click or tap here to enter text.

10. Should there be a transitional period for a prohibition on engineered stone? If so, should it apply to all options and how long should it be?

No, most of the larger companies are already working to produce a product with lower then 40% silica. This should be effective as soon as possible along with the license scheme.

11. Do you have any evidence or data on the number of cases of the other silica-related diseases (such as lung cancer, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, kidney disease, autoimmune disease) attributed to exposure to crystalline silica from engineered stone?

Click or tap here to enter text.

12. Do you have any additional evidence or information on the impacts of silicosis or silicarelated diseases?

For example, the direct impacts on the affected worker from the disease, the impacts on the mental health of affected workers and their families, the healthcare costs to the affected worker, loss of income for affected workers and their families, the costs to the health, workers' compensation and social support systems.

Click or tap here to enter text.