

SESONE

| CAS number: | 136-78-7 |
|---------------------|---|
| Synonyms: | Crag [®] Herbicide-1, 2,4-DES sodium, |
| | 2,4-dichlorophenoxyethyl hydrogen sulfate salt, disul- sodium, sodium-2(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)ethyl sulphate |
| Chemical formula: | C ₈ H ₇ Cl ₂ NaO ₅ S |
| Structural formula: | - |
| Workplace expos | sure standard (amended) |
| | |
| TWA: | - |
| TWA: STEL: | _ |
| | _ |
| STEL: | |

IDLH: -

Sampling and analysis: N/A.

Recommendation and basis for workplace exposure standard

This chemical has been nominated for removal from the Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants (WES) due to a lack of evidence that it is used or generated in Australian workplaces or that it presents a potential for legacy exposure. Therefore, a TWA is not recommended.

Discussion and conclusions

Sesone was a commercially used herbicide of which, commercial production has been discontinued. There is lack of evidence that this chemical is used or generated in Australian workplaces or that it presents a potential for legacy exposure.

No human toxicological data and very limited animal data are available. Oral LD₅₀ values for rats ranged from 730 to 1,500 mg/kg, with death caused by respiratory paralysis. No adverse effects are noted in a two-year feeding study in rats (dose 0.02% of diet) or one year feeding study in dogs (dose 0.036% of diet) (ACGIH, 2018).

This chemical has been nominated for removal from the WES list. A TWA is not recommended.

Recommendation for notations

Not classified as a carcinogen according to the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Not classified as a skin sensitiser or respiratory sensitiser according to the GHS.

There are insufficient data to recommend a skin notation.



APPENDIX

Primary sources with reports

| Source | Year set | Standard | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| SWA | 1991 | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ | | |
| | | | | |
| ACGIH | 2001 | TLV-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ | | |
| workers. Summary of d | TLV-TWA recommended to minimise irritation to skin, eyes and gastrointestinal system in exposed workers. Summary of data: | | | |
| No hu Animal data: | man data ava | ailable. | | |
| | | g/kg (rats, oral); death caused by respiratory paralysis, impact to liver her information | | |
| • 1–10% | 6 solutions ca | aused irritation to rabbit skin and eyes; ≥5% caused dermal necrosis | | |
| liver in | 60 mg/100 g (0.06%) fed to rats (2 yr duration) caused gastrointestinal irritation and minor liver injury; 20 mg/100 g (0.02%) no adverse effects; 36 mg/100 g (0.036%) tolerated by dogs (1 yr duration); no signs of tumourigenicity. | | | |
| | | D. TLV-TWA assigned based on no adverse effects reported from field ommend Skin or SEN notations or a TLV-STEL. | | |
| DFG | NA | NA | | |
| No report. | | | | |
| SCOEL | NA | NA | | |
| No report. | | | | |
| OARS/AIHA | NA | NA | | |
| No report. | | | | |
| HCOTN | NA | NA | | |
| No report. | | | | |

Secondary source reports relied upon

| Source | | Year | Additional information |
|----------|---|------|---|
| ECHA | ✓ | 2019 | No additional information. |
| US NIOSH | ✓ | 1994 | REL 10 mg/m³ (total dust), 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust) Reported low toxicity to mammals, no further information No acute inhalation data available; IDLH estimated based on LD₅₀: 730 mg/kg (rat, oral). |



Carcinogenicity — non-threshold based genotoxic carcinogens

| Is the chemical mutagenic? | Insufficient data |
|--|-------------------|
| Is the chemical carcinogenic with a mutagenic mechanism of action? | Insufficient data |

Insufficient data are available to determine if the chemical is a non-threshold based genotoxic carcinogen.

Notations

| Source | Notations |
|----------|----------------------|
| SWA | - |
| HCIS | - |
| NICNAS | NA |
| EU Annex | NA |
| ECHA | NA |
| ACGIH | Carcinogenicity – A4 |
| DFG | NA |
| SCOEL | NA |
| HCOTN | NA |
| IARC | NA |
| US NIOSH | NA |

NA = not applicable (a recommendation has not been made by this Agency); — = the Agency has assessed available data for this chemical but has not recommended any notations

Skin notation assessment

Insufficient data to assign a skin notation.

IDLH

| Is there a suitab | le IDLH value a | vailable? | Yes |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----|
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----|

Additional information

| Molecular weight: | 309.10 |
|---|---|
| Conversion factors at 25°C and 101.3 kPa: | 1 ppm = Number mg/m ³ ; 1 mg/m ³ = Number ppm |
| This chemical is used as a pesticide: | \checkmark |
| This chemical is a biological product: | |
| This chemical is a by-product of a process: | |



| Molecular weight: | 309.10 | | | |
|---|--|-------|--|--|
| Conversion factors at 25°C and 101.3 kPa: | 1 ppm = Number mg/m³; 1 mg/m³ = Number ppm | | | |
| This chemical is used as a pesticide: | ✓ | | | |
| A biological exposure index has been recommended by these agencies: | | □ DFG | | |

Workplace exposure standard history

| Year | Standard |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Click here to enter year | |
| | |

References

American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH[®]) (2018) TLVs[®] and BEIs[®] with 7th Edition Documentation, CD-ROM, Single User Version. Copyright 2018. Reprinted with permission. See the *TLVs[®]* and *BEIs[®]* Guidelines section on the ACGIH website.

European Chemicals Agency Regulation (ECHA) (2019) Disul - Infocard.

US National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) (1994) Immediately dangerous to life or health concentrations – Crag® herbicide.