Session: 2021-2022



Chemistry_XII | Sample Mock Paper Class 12th SA2(Paper_4)

Name: Date: 15-03-2022

Time: 120 Mins M.M.: 35

General Instructions:

1. Question 1 to 3 Short answer type (SA1) questions of 2 Mark each.

2. Question 4 to 11 Short answer type (SA2) questions of 3 Mark each.

3. Question 12 Long answer type (LA) questions of 5 Mark each.

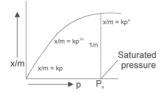
- Q1 Illustrate the following name reactions giving a chemical equations in each case:
 - (a) Clemmensen reaction
- (b) Cannizzaro's reaction
- Q2 (a) Write down the IUPAC name of the following complex. $[Cr(en)_3]Cl_3$.
- 2

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- (b) Write the formula for the following complex. Potassium trioxalato chromate (III)
- The values of $Λ_m^\circ$ for NH₄Cl, NaOH and NaCl at infinite dilution are respectively 129.8, 248.1 and 126.4 ohm⁻¹ cm² mol⁻¹. Calculate $Λ_m^\circ$ of NH₄OH.
- Q4 Give the structures of A, B and C in the following reactions:
 - (a) $CH_3Br \xrightarrow{KCN} A \xrightarrow{LiAIH_4} B \xrightarrow{HNO_2} C$
 - (b) $CH_3COOH \xrightarrow{NH_3} A \xrightarrow{Br_2 + KOH} B \xrightarrow{CHCI_3 + NaOH} C$
- O5 Silver is electrodeposited on a metallic vessel of surface area 900 cm² by passing a current of 0.5 ampere for 2 hours. Calculate the thickness of the silver deposited. Given the density of silver as 10.50 g/cc (Atomic mass of Ag = 108 u).
- Q6 Discuss the effect of pressure and temperature on the adsorption of gases on solids.



- Q7 Explain the following:
 - (a) A dark blue precipitate is formed when sodium hydroxide solution is added to copper sulphate solution. The precipitate darkens on heating.
 - (b) Cuprous chloride is insoluble in water and dilute HCI but dissolves in concentrated HCI.
 - (c) CuS is not precipitated by passing H₂S through copper sulphate solution containing KCN.
 - (d) Silver nitrate solution is kept in dark coloured bottles.
- Q8 Assign reason for each of the following:
 - (a) Ce³⁺ can be easily oxidised to Ce⁴⁺.
 - (b) E° for Mn³⁺/Mn²⁺ couple is more positive than for Fe³⁺/Fe²⁺ couple.
 - (c) $Lu (OH)_3$ is a weaker base than $La (OH)_3$.
- Q9 Complete the given reactions:

(a)
$$\xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_3\text{CO)}_2\text{O}} A \xrightarrow{\text{Br}_2} B \xrightarrow{\text{H}^+, \text{H}_2\text{O}} C$$
 (b) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{C}} \text{CH}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{NH}_2\text{OH}} D \xrightarrow{\text{LiAIH}_4} E$

- Q10 Give the structures of A, B and C in the following reaction:
 - (a) $CH_3COOH \xrightarrow{NH_3} A \xrightarrow{NaOBr} B \xrightarrow{NaNO_2/HCI} C$
 - (b) $C_6H_5NO_2 \xrightarrow{Fe/HCI} A \xrightarrow{HNO_3} B \xrightarrow{C_6H_5OH} C$
- A first order reaction takes 30 minutes for 50% completion. Calculate the time required for 90% completion of this reaction. (log 2 = 0.2010)
- Q12 Identify A and E in the following series of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_{3} + \text{CrO}_{3} + (\text{CH}_{3}\text{CO})_{2}\text{O} \xrightarrow{273 - 283 \text{ K}} & A \\ \downarrow \text{KMnO}_{4}, \text{KOH heat} & B \\ D & \downarrow \text{Conc. NaOH} \\ E & & \text{NaOOC} & + C \\ \end{array}$$

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