

**INITIATIVE MEASURE TO BE SUBMITTED DIRECTLY TO THE VOTERS**

The City Attorney has prepared the following title and summary of the chief purposes and points of the proposed initiative measure:

**Ballot Title**

**SHALL THE VOTERS OF THE CITY OF LYNWOOD ADOPT A MEASURE WHICH ESTABLISHES A MINIMUM WAGE FOR EMPLOYEES OF CERTAIN HEALTHCARE FACILITIES LOCATED WITHIN THE CITY OF LYNWOOD, SETS THE MINIMUM WAGE AT AN INITIAL AMOUNT OF \$25 PER HOUR, AND SUBJECTS VIOLATORS TO POTENTIAL ADMINISTRATIVE CITATION, CIVIL SUIT, OR OTHER ENFORCEMENT ACTION?**

**Summary of Proposed Measure**

If passed, the “Healthcare Workers Minimum Wage Ordinance” would require specified healthcare employers within the City of Lynwood to pay their employees no less than \$25/hour beginning 10 days after the vote is declared, and increasing yearly on January 1, 2024, by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index. “Currently, the specified employees are required to be paid the higher of the federal or state minimum wage, currently set at \$15/hour for facilities with 26 or more employees and \$14/hour for facilities of 25 employees or less.” Managerial or supervisory employees would not be a covered employee under the measure.

Covered employers would also be prohibited from paying the increased minimum wage by reducing employees’ premium pay, reducing their non-wage benefits including vacation and healthcare, reducing their hours, through layoffs, or by increasing mandatory work-related fees.

Covered employers would be required to post a notice of the current minimum wage for healthcare workers in a clearly visible space and retain payroll records for a minimum of four years.

The measure would apply to any “covered healthcare entity” which includes an acute care hospital, an acute care psychiatric hospital, the clinic of an acute care hospital or acute psychiatric hospital, a chronic dialysis clinic, a psychiatric health facility, and all facilities part of an integrated healthcare delivery system, which includes certain healthcare facilities related through either a parent/subsidiary relationship or a contractual relationship with a hospital or other facilities.

Employers may be granted a one-year waiver of the implementation of the increased minimum wage, by court order, if it proves that compliance would raise substantial doubt about the employer’s ability to continue to operate.

The measure delegates enforcement to the City to receive and investigate complaints, issue administrative citations, promulgate rules and regulations related to the measure, and take other enforcement actions as necessary. The City may also contract with the County Department of Consumer and Business Affairs to permit the County’s Wage Enforcement Program to conduct enforcement. An employee may also bring a civil lawsuit against an employer and would be entitled to attorneys’ fees and a penalty of up to \$120 per day a violation occurred if the employee prevails. Employers would be prohibited from retaliating against employees asserting their rights under the measure.

The measure would become effective 10 days after the vote is declared.

**Summary:**

A “yes” vote would require specified healthcare employers in the City of Lynwood to pay a minimum wage of \$25/hour beginning 10 days from the date the vote is declared, thereafter increasing yearly beginning on January 1, 2024.

A “no” vote would not impose a higher minimum wage on those employers, who would instead continue to be required to pay the higher of the federal and state minimum wage, which is currently \$15/hour, or \$14/hour, depending on the size of the employer, and increasing yearly.

**Noel Tapia  
City Attorney**

To the City Council of the City of Lynwood:

We, the undersigned, registered, qualified voters and residents of the City of Lynwood, California, hereby propose amendments to the Lynwood Municipal Code relating to the minimum wage for covered healthcare workers, and petition the City Council to submit the same to the voters of the City of Lynwood for their adoption or rejection at the next general election or as otherwise provided by law. The proposed amendments are set forth below and on the subsequent pages and read as follows:

Ordinance No. \_\_\_\_\_

An ordinance proposed by initiative petition to add Section 4-35 to Chapter 4 of the Lynwood Municipal Code, establishing the “Healthcare Workers Minimum Wage Ordinance.”

**THE PEOPLE OF THE CITY OF LYNWOOD**

**DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:**

**SECTION 1. Name.**

This measure shall be known as the “Healthcare Workers Minimum Wage Ordinance.”

**SECTION 2. Section 4-35, entitled HEALTHCARE WORKERS MINIMUM WAGE, is added to Chapter 4 of the Lynwood Municipal Code, to read:**

**4-35.1 Findings and Purposes.**

This Ordinance, adopted by the People of the City of Lynwood, makes the following findings and has the following purposes:

- a. The purpose of this Ordinance is to establish a minimum wage for covered

healthcare workers within the City of Lynwood.

- b. The City of Lynwood needs a sufficient healthcare workforce to ensure that healthcare facilities that provide necessary care to residents and visitors offer consistent, timely, high-quality care. Hospitals, health systems, and clinics are facing staffing shortages that could jeopardize the availability of care in our city. Healthcare job vacancies are rising as workers on the frontlines deal with the emotional, mental, and physical fallout of providing healthcare during a pandemic. Workforce shortages across industries also mean that the healthcare industry is competing with other economic sectors to fill critical non-clinical positions such as for cleaning staff, food service workers, and IT administrators. With rising housing costs, healthcare workers are being forced to live further from their places of work, increasing their stress and leading to retention challenges. While healthcare workers are experiencing unprecedentedly difficult working conditions and burnout, the healthcare industry received billions of dollars in stimulus funds during the pandemic and many CEOs were paid compensation packages in the millions. The healthcare industry needs to fairly compensate workers who are sacrificing every day to care for their patients. Raising the minimum wage will help address retention challenges and workforce shortages affecting healthcare facilities in Lynwood, and will fairly compensate healthcare

workers for their contributions and sacrifices.

#### 4-35.2 Definitions.

The following definitions shall apply to this chapter:

- a. **“City”** means the City of Lynwood.
- b. **“Covered Healthcare Facility”** means the following types of facilities, provided that they are privately owned and are located within the boundaries of the City:
  1. A licensed general acute care hospital as defined in Section 1250(a) of the California Health and Safety Code, including a distinct part of any such hospital.
  2. A clinic, as defined in Section 1206(d) of the California Health and Safety Code, that is conducted, operated, or maintained as an outpatient department of a general acute care hospital or acute psychiatric hospital.
  3. A licensed acute psychiatric hospital as defined in Section 1250(b) of the California Health and Safety Code, including a distinct part of any such hospital.
  4. A licensed chronic dialysis clinic as described in Section 1204(b)(2) of the California Health and Safety Code.
  5. A licensed psychiatric health facility as defined in Section 1250.2 of the California Health and Safety Code.
  6. All facilities that are part of an Integrated Healthcare Delivery System.
- c. **“Covered Physician Group”** means a medical group practice, including a professional medical corporation as defined in Section 2406 of the California Business and Professions Code, another form of corporation controlled by physicians and surgeons, a medical partnership, or an independent practice association, provided that the group includes a total of 10 or more physicians.
- d. **“Employee”** has the same meaning as in Section 2775 of the California Labor Code.
- e. **“Employer”** means any Person, including a corporate officer or executive, who directly or indirectly or through any other Person, including through the services of a temporary service, staffing agency, or similar entity, employs or exercises control over the wages, hours or working conditions of any Employee.
- f. **“Healthcare Worker”** means an Employee who is employed to work at or by a Covered Healthcare Facility to provide patient care, healthcare services, or services supporting the provision of healthcare. “Healthcare Worker” includes a clinician, professional, non-professional, nurse, certified nursing assistant, aide, technician, maintenance worker, janitorial or housekeeping staffperson, groundskeeper, guard, food service worker, laundry worker, pharmacist, nonmanagerial administrative worker and business office clerical worker, but does not include a manager or supervisor. A “Healthcare Worker” works at a Covered Healthcare Facility only if that individual’s primary work assignment is physically located at one or more such facilities; for example, delivery workers employed principally outside a Covered Healthcare Facility are not Healthcare Workers for purposes of this chapter unless employed by such a facility.
- g. **“Integrated Healthcare Delivery System”** means a system that includes both of the following: (1) one or more hospitals and (2) Covered Physician Groups, health care service plans, medical foundation clinics, or other facilities or entities, where the hospital or hospitals and other facilities or entities are related through:
  1. Parent/subsidiary relationships, common ownership or control, or common boards of directors and shared senior management; or
  2. A contractual relationship in which affiliated Covered Physician Groups or medical foundation clinics contract with a health care service plan, hospital or other part of the system, all operating under a common trade name; or
  3. A contractual relationship in which a nonprofit health care service plan provides medical services to enrollees in a specific geographic region of the state through an affiliated hospital system, and contracts with a single Covered Physician Group in each geographic region of the state to provide medical services to a majority of the plan’s enrollees in that region.
- h. **“Minimum Wage”** means the minimum amount that must be paid to Employees as compensation for their labor, whether the amount is fixed or ascertained by the standard of time, task, piece, commission basis, or other method of calculation. “Minimum Wage” does not include bonuses, shift differentials, premium pay, reimbursement or allowances for work-related equipment or other expenses, credits for meals or lodging, tips, gratuities, or the cost of medical, dental, retirement or similar benefits.
- i. **“Person”** means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability company, business trust, estate, trust, association, joint venture, agency, instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity, whether domestic or foreign.

#### 4-35.3 Payment of Minimum Wage to Healthcare Workers.

- a. An Employer shall ensure that each Healthcare Worker it employs, or over whom it exercises control, is paid a Minimum Wage equivalent to no less than the hourly rate set forth herein or under the authority of this chapter for hours worked within the geographic boundaries of the City.
- b. The Minimum Wage for Healthcare Workers shall be as follows:
  1. On the effective date of this chapter, the Minimum Wage shall be no less than \$25 per hour.
  2. On January 1, 2024, and annually thereafter, the Minimum Wage shall increase based on the annual increase in the cost of living, as measured by the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the Los Angeles metropolitan area (Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA), which is published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The City shall publish a bulletin announcing the adjusted rates, which shall take effect on January 1 of each year.
- c. An Employer may not fund the Minimum Wage increases required by this chapter in any of the following ways:
  1. Reducing Healthcare Workers’ premium pay rates or shift differentials;
  2. Reducing vacation, healthcare, or other non-wage benefits of any Healthcare Worker;
  3. Reducing Healthcare Workers’ hours of work;
  4. Laying off Healthcare Workers; or
  5. Increasing charges to any Healthcare Worker for parking, work-related materials or equipment.
- d. An Employer is in violation of subsection c of this section if the Minimum Wage requirements of this chapter are a motivating factor in the Employer’s decision to take any of the actions described in subsection c of this section, unless the Employer proves that it would have taken the same action at the time that it did irrespective of the operation of this chapter.

#### 4-35.4 Retaliation.

No Employer shall discharge, terminate a contract with, reduce compensation to, or otherwise discriminate against or take adverse action against any Healthcare Worker for opposing any practice proscribed by this chapter, for participating in proceedings related to this chapter, for seeking to enforce rights under this chapter by any lawful means, or for otherwise asserting rights under this chapter. Protections of this section shall apply to any Healthcare Worker who mistakenly, but in good faith, alleges noncompliance with this chapter. Taking any adverse action against a Healthcare Worker within 90 days of the Healthcare Worker’s exercise of rights protected under this chapter shall raise a rebuttable presumption of having done so in retaliation for the exercise of such rights.

#### 4-35.5 Posting and Payroll Records.

- a. Covered Healthcare Facilities shall post in a conspicuous place a notice of the current Minimum Wage for Healthcare Workers required by this chapter.
- b. Employers of Healthcare Workers shall retain payroll records pertaining to Healthcare Workers for a minimum of four years, and shall allow the City or its designee access to such records, with appropriate notice and during business hours, to monitor compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

#### 4-35.6 Enforcement and Implementation.

- a. The City shall have responsibility for enforcement of this chapter, including, at a minimum:
  1. Establishing a process for reporting complaints of violations of this chapter.
  2. Establishing and implementing processes for investigating complaints and other possible violations of this chapter. Employers and Covered Healthcare Facilities shall cooperate fully in any such investigation.
  3. Establishing and implementing an administrative citation process that may include the issuance of correction orders, a hearing and appeal process, and the imposition of administrative fines or penalties owed to the City.
  4. Taking appropriate enforcement action through the administrative citation process, civil actions, or other approaches on behalf of Healthcare Workers, collecting back wages and any other amounts owed to Healthcare Workers, and disbursing them to Healthcare Workers.
  5. Conducting any other education and enforcement activities necessary to ensure compliance with this chapter.
- b. The City is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations and issue determinations and interpretations relating to this chapter that are consistent with its purposes.
- c. The City may seek to enter into an agreement with the Department of Consumer

and Business Affairs of the County of Los Angeles to allow the County's Wage Enforcement Program to provide wage enforcement and education services necessary for enforcement of this chapter. If the City and County enter into such an agreement, it may include any services necessary to carry out the enforcement and education responsibilities and activities described in subsection a of this section or pursuant to rules and regulations relating to this chapter.

- d. A Healthcare Worker, a representative of a Healthcare Worker, the City Attorney, or another Person acting on behalf of the public as provided for under applicable state law may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against an Employer violating this chapter. If the City, a Healthcare Worker, or a representative of a Healthcare Worker prevails in the action, the Court shall impose all remedies available under the law or in equity, including injunctive or other equitable relief, reinstatement, the payment of any wages unlawfully withheld, the payment of penalties in the amount of up to \$120 to each Healthcare Worker for each day that a violation occurred or continued, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. For retaliatory action by the Employer, the Healthcare Worker shall be entitled to reinstatement and a trebling of all wages and penalties owed. Any other Person enforcing this chapter on the public's behalf, upon prevailing, shall be entitled to an award of only equitable, injunctive, and/or restitutionary relief, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

**4-35.7 No Waiver of Rights.**

Any waiver by a Healthcare Worker of any or all of the provisions of this chapter or of rights or protections afforded under the authority of this chapter shall be deemed contrary to public policy and shall be void and unenforceable.

**4-35.8 Coexistence with Other Available Relief.**

The provisions of this chapter shall not be construed as limiting any Healthcare Worker's right to obtain relief to which the Healthcare Worker may be entitled at law or in equity.

**4-35.9 One-Year Court-Granted Waiver.**

This Chapter is not intended to cause reduction in employment or work hours for Healthcare Workers. Therefore, a court may grant a one-year waiver from the Minimum Wage requirements of this chapter if an Employer can demonstrate by substantial evidence that compliance with this chapter would raise substantial doubt about the Employer's ability to continue as a going concern under generally accepted accounting standards. The evidence must include documentation of the Employer's financial condition, as well as the condition of any parent or affiliated entity, and evidence of the actual or potential direct financial impact of compliance with this chapter. A one-year waiver granted by a court pursuant to this section does not exempt an Employer from complying with any and all federal, state, or local laws and regulations, including any other applicable federal, state, or local minimum wage requirement.

**4-35.10 Conflicts.**

Nothing in this chapter shall be interpreted or applied so as to create any power or duty in conflict with any federal or state law.

**4-35.11 Severability.**

If any subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or provision of this chapter is found invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

**SECTION 3. Effective Date.**

If the City Council approves this measure, or if a majority of the voters pass this Ordinance, it shall take effect on the earliest date allowed by law.