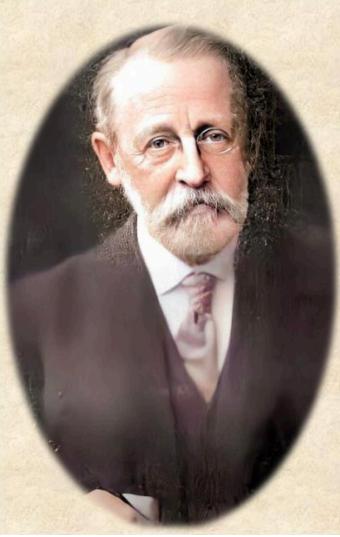
Rossiter Worthington Raymond (1840-1918)



Among those who attended the first meeting a man whose support the originators felt was needed to give gravitas to the organization, Rossiter Raymond, 31-year-old Professor of Ore Deposits at Lafayette College, which in 1868 had conferred on him an honorary doctorate. He was editor of the E&MJ, which was the media arm of A.I.M.E. until 1877. His New York City office became the unofficial center for the mining engineering fraternity.

At the February 1919 A.I.M.E. Annual Meeting, the Institute paid honor to the memory of Raymond, "who was for 47 years the guiding genius of the Institute." Henry Sturgis Drinker, the President of Lehigh University, described him as "one of the most remarkable cases of versatility that our country has ever seen—sailor, soldier, engineer, lawyer, orator, editor, novelist, story-teller, poet, biblical critic, theologian, teacher, chess-player—he was superior in each capacity. What he did, he always did well."

In 1920 A.I.M.E. published a 95-page "memorial," which contained a "brief biography" four pages in length.

He was President 1872 to 1875 and Secretary 1884 to 1912.

An American Institute of Mining Engineers.

The great development of the mines and metallingical works of this country during the last few years, accompanied as it has been with the investment of enormons sams of money in parchasing lands and in the erection of improvements, requires that advantage should be taken of the accumulated knowledge of engineers, superintendents and others, in mastering the problems which are constantly presenting themselves for our action. Among these may be mentioned, the consideration of more economical systems of mining in our coal and metalliferous mines; improved methods of transportation above and below ground; nawatering and ventilating mines; the mechanical preparation of coal and other minerals; the various metallurgical processes; and, in fact, every question tending to the attainment of the two great objects :

1st. The more economical production of the useful minerals and metals.

2d. The greater safety and welfare of those employed in these industries.

In European countries, where the arts of mining and metallurgy have long been the subject of the most careful study, no means have been found so effectual in attaining the end above proposed, as the free interchange of experience among those actually engaged in these industries; and this object has been accomplished mainly through the medium of "Institutes," " Associations," or " Societies," composed of those engaged in these occupations, and by the periodical publication of "essays" or "papers" communicated to such societies by their members.

It must be evident to all practical men that the interchange of the varied experience of those engaged in such occupations in this country, could not fail to advance very materially the desired objects; it is therefore propose | to establish an American Institute of Mining Engineers, which will hold its meetings periodically in the great mining and metallurgical centres, where works of interest, such as mines, machine shops, furnaces and other metallurgical works, can be inspected, and the miners can exchange their views and consult for mutual advantage upon the difficulties encountered by each. These "Transactions" or "Proceedings" would form, when published, a valuable and greatly needed addition to our professional literature. It is proposed that a meeting of those sympathizing with these objects shall be called for the purpose of organizing such an association, the time and place of meeting being Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, and the month, April or

Any one who may have devoted himself to a particular anbject connected with either mining or metallurgy, and who may be possessed of new facts in reference to it, would greatly aid in furthering the objects of the proposed association by preparing a paper giving the result of his experience, to be communicated at the first meeting. It is expected that the desire for the advancement of professional knowledge, combined with the attractions of a visit to the most beautiful of our coal fields—the Wyoming Valley—will insure a large attendance from all parts of the country.

"A circular...has been prepared and signed by Messrs. Eckley B. Coxe, of Jeddo, and R. P. Rothwell and Martin Coryell, of Wilkes-Barre, three mining engineers whose reputation is a guaranty that the proposition they have issued is intended in good faith to promote the interests of their profession, and not, like some others of the kind, to favor the schemes of adventurers, or foist insignificance into notoriety.

We sincerely hope that this movement may be successful. It certainly promises to supply a great want of American engineering."

-- Rossiter Raymond, E&MJ, Feb 7, 1871

