SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2010-2011

The items listed below are shaded in yellow throughout the spreadsheet's worksheets.

CHANGED ITEMS

B2	Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category reflects new reporting standards
G	Added survey question to collect the URL of school's Net Price Calculator
G4	Tuition & fees vary by instructional program changed to a Yes/No response
G4	Added percent of undergraduates who pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1
H12	Removed FFELP categories

J CIP category 27 updated to reflect mathematics and statistics

J CIP category 28 & 29 now includes Military science and military technologies

J CIP category 43 is now Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective service

A. General Information

Mailing Address: 800 Florida Avenue, NE City/State/Zip/Country: Washington, DC 20002 Phone: 202-651-5484 Fax: 202-448-7146 E-mail Address: rosanne.bangura@gallaudet.edu	Name:	Rosanne Bangura		
Mailing Address: 800 Florida Avenue, NE City/State/Zip/Country: Washington, DC 20002 Phone: 202-651-5484 Fax: 202-448-7146 E-mail Address: rosanne.bangura@qallaudet.edu	Title:	Research Associate		
City/State/Zip/Country: Washington, DC 20002 Phone: 202-651-5484 Fax: 202-448-7146 E-mail Address: rosanne.bangura@gallaudet.edu	Office:	Institutional Research		
Phone: 202-651-5484 Fax: 202-448-7146 E-mail Address: rosanne.bangura@gallaudet.edu	Mailing Address:	800 Florida Avenue, NE		
Fax: 202-448-7146 E-mail Address: rosanne.bangura@gallaudet.edu	City/State/Zip/Country:	Washington, DC 20002		
E-mail Address: rosanne.bangura@qallaudet.edu	Phone:	202-651-5484		
	Fax:	202-448-7146		
Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? Yes X	E-mail Address:	rosanne.bangura@gallaudet.edu		
X	Are your responses to the CDS p	posted for reference on your institution's Web site?	Yes	No
			X	

A0A We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.

lame of College/University:	Gallaudet University
Mailing Address:	800 Florida Ave NE
City/State/Zip/Country:	Washington, DC 20002
Street Address (if different):	
City/State/Zip/Country:	
Main Phone Number:	202-651-5000
WWW Home Page Address:	www.gallaudet.edu
Admissions Phone Number:	202-651-5750
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	800-995-0550
Admissions Office Mailing Address:	800 Florida Ave NE
City/State/Zip/Country:	Washington, DC 20002
Admissions Fax Number:	202-651-5744
Admissions E-mail Address:	admissions.office@gallaudet.edu
If there is a separate URL for your	http://admissions.gallaudet.edu/undergradapp
school's online application, please	
specify:	

If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:

A2 Source of institutional control (Check only one):

AZ	Source of institutional control (Check	Offig
A2	Public	
A2	Private (nonprofit)	X
۸2	Proprietary	

A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:

А3	Coeducational college	Х
A3	Men's college	
A3	Women's college	

A4 Academic year calendar:

Α1

A4	Semester	Χ
A4	Quarter	
A4	Trimester	
A4	4-1-4	
A4	Continuous	
A4	Differs by program (describe):	
A4	Other (describe):	

5 Degrees offered by your institution

A5	Degrees offered by your institution:	
A5	Certificate	
Α5	Diploma	
A5	Associate	
A5	Transfer Associate	
A5	Terminal Associate	
A5	Bachelor's	Х
Α5	Postbachelor's certificate	Х
A5	Master's	Х
A5	Post-master's certificate	
A5	Doctoral degree	Х
	research/scholarship	^
A5	Doctoral degree –	
	professional practice	
Α5	Doctoral degree other	Χ

CDS-A Page 2

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1 Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2010. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

B1		FULL-TIME		PART	-TIME
B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
	freshmen	91	107		
B1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	58	46	1	4
B1	All other degree-seeking	312	398	27	20
B1	Total degree-seeking	461	551	28	24
B1	All other undergraduates enrolled				
	in credit courses			11	25
B1	Total undergraduates	461	551	39	49
B1	Graduate				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	31	108	3	3
B1	All other degree-seeking	36	116	22	94
B1	All other graduates enrolled in				
	credit courses			4	16
B1	Total graduate	67	224	29	113
B1	Total all undergraduates	_	_		1,100
B1	Total all graduate				433
B1	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS			_	1,533

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2010. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic/Latino should be reported only on the Hispanic/Latino line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic/Latino multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens		57	61
B2	Hispanic/Latino		106	107
B2	Black or African American, non-Hispanic/Latino		122	128
B2	White, non-Hispanic/Latino		704	726
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic/Latino		6	6
B2	Asian, non-Hispanic/Latino		39	42
B2	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non- Hispanic/Latino		1	1
B2	Two or more races, non-Hispanic/Latino		23	23
B2	Race and/or ethnicity unknown		6	6
B2	TOTAL	0	1,064	1,100

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010

В3	Certificate/diploma	
B3	Associate degrees	
B3	Bachelor's degrees	190
B 3	Postbachelor's certificates	16
B 3	Master's degrees	116
B 3	Post-Master's certificates	
B3	Doctoral degrees –	
	research/scholarship	3
B3	Doctoral degrees – professional	
	practice	
B 3	Doctoral degrees – other	14

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2010 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2004 cohort if available. If Fall 2004 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2003 cohort.

Fall 2004 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2004. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2004.

B4		
	Initial 2004 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	227
B5	Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
В6	Final 2004 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	227
B7	Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2008):	18
B8	Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009):	39
В9	Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010):	22

B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	
		79
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2004 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	
		35%

Fall 2003 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2003. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2003.

B4	Initial 2003 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	
B5	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
В6	Final 2003 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	0
B7	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2007):	
B8	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2007 and by August 31, 2008):	
В9	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009):	
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	0
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2003 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	#DIV/0!

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2007 cohort if available. If 2007 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2006 cohort.

2007 Cohort

B12	Initial 2007 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
	Of the initial 2007 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
	following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid	
	service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable	
	exclusions:	

Common Data Set 2010-11

B14	Final 2007 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	
B12	2006 Cohort Initial 2006 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
	following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 2006 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	
	Retention Rates Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking usual cohort may be entered in Fall 2009 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may	•

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2009 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate	
	students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2009 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your	
	institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2010?	700/
		73%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2010. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	222
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	269

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	124
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	146

C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	91
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	

C 1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	107
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	No
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		X

- C2 If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2010 admissions:
- Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list
 Number accepting a place on the waiting list
 Number of wait-listed students admitted
- **C2** Is your waiting list ranked?
- **C2** If yes, do you release that information to students?
- **C2** Do you release that information to school counselors?

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

C3	riigii scricor compiction requirement	
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	V
	accepted	^
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

C4	Require	
C4	Recommend	Χ
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units Required	Units Recommended
C5	Total academic units		16
C5	English		4

C5	Mathematics	4
C5	Science	4
C5	Of these, units that must be	2
	lab	_
C5	Foreign language	
C5	Social studies	4
C5	History	4
C5	Academic electives	
C5	Computer Science	
C5	Visual/Performing Arts	
C5	Other (specify)	

Basis for Selection

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

C6	Open admission policy as described above for all students	
C6	Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
C6	selective admission for out-of-state students	
C6	selective admission to some programs	
C6	other (explain)	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	year, degree-seeking (resiman) admission decisions.				
C7		Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
C7	Academic			•	•
C7	Rigor of secondary school	Х			
	record	^			
C7	Class rank		X		
C7	Academic GPA	Х			
C7	Standardized test scores	X			
C7	Application Essay	X			
C7	Recommendation(s)	X			
C7	Nonacademic				
C7	Interview				X
C7	Extracurricular activities			X	
C7	Talent/ability			X	
C7	Character/personal qualities				X
C7	First generation		Χ		
C7	Alumni/ae relation			X	
C7	Geographical residence				X
C7	State residency				X
C7	Religious				Х
	affiliation/commitment				^
C7	Racial/ethnic status				X
C7	Volunteer work				X
C7	Work experience				X
C7	Level of applicant's interest				Х

SAT and ACT Policies

C8 Entrance exams

		Yes	No
C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test		
	scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking	X	
	applicants?		

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2012. C8A ADMISSION Consider if Require C8A Recommend Require for Some **Not Used Submitted** C8A SAT or ACT Χ C8A ACT only Χ C8A SAT only C8A SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT **C8A** SAT Subject Tests only C8B If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2012, please indicate which ONE of the following applies: (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process): **C8B** ACT with Writing Component required **C8B** ACT with Writing component recommended Χ C8B ACT with or without Writing component accepted **C8C** Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT writing component; check all that apply: C8C SAT essay ACT essay **C8C** For admission **C8C** For placement Χ **C8C** For advising **C8C** In place of an application essay C8C As a validity check on the application essay C8C No college policy as of now Χ **C8C** Not using essay component C8D In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising? C8D No Х C8E Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-C8E Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission C8F If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, C8F C8G Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests): C8G SAT C8G ACT Χ **C8G** SAT Subject Tests C8G AP

Freshman Profile

C8G Institutional Exam
C8G State Exam (specify):

C8G CLEP

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2010, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2010 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	13% Number submitting SAT scores	26
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	93% Number submitting ACT scores	185

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT Critical Reading	390	543
C9	SAT Math	400	252
	SAT Writing		
	SAT Essay		
C9	ACT Composite	15	20
C9	ACT Math	16	19
C9	ACT English	14	19
C9	ACT Writing		

C9 Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

T creent of hist time, hist year (heshinari) stadents with scores in each range.					
	SAT Critical				
	Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing		
700-800					
600-699					
500-599					
400-499					
300-399					
200-299					
Totals should = 100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math		
30-36	2.00%	3.00%	2.00%		
24-29	7.00%	7.00%	8.00%		
18-23	34.00%	22.00%	30.00%		
12-17	55.00%	61.00%	59.00%		
6-11	2.00%	7.00%	1.00%		
Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		
	700-800 600-699 500-599 400-499 300-399 200-299 Totals should = 100% 30-36 24-29 18-23 12-17 6-11 Below 6	SAT Critical Reading 700-800 600-699 500-599 400-499 300-399 Totals should = 100% ACT Composite 30-36 24-29 7.00% 18-23 34.00% 12-17 55.00% 6-11 2.00% Below 6	SAT Critical Reading SAT Math 700-800 600-699 500-599 400-499 300-399 200-299 Totals should = 100% ACT Composite ACT English 30-36 2.00% 3.00% 24-29 7.00% 7.00% 18-23 34.00% 22.00% 12-17 55.00% 6-11 2.00% 7.00% Below 6		

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	Top half +
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	bottom half = 100%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high school class	
	rank:	

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree					
grade-point averages within each			. Report informat	tion only for	
those students from whom you co		PA.			
C11 Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and					
C11 Percent who had GPA between 3.					
C11 Percent who had GPA between 3.					
C11 Percent who had GPA between 3.					
C11 Percent who had GPA between 2.					
C11 Percent who had GPA between 2.					
C11 Percent who had GPA between 1.	0 and 1.99				
C11 Percent who had GPA below 1.0					
Totals should = 100%		0.00%			
C12 Average high school GPA of all de	egree-seeking, first-tir	ne, first-year			
(freshman) students who submitte	d GPA:				
C12 Percent of total first-time, first-yea	r (freshman) students	: who			
submitted high school GPA:	i (ilesiiilali) stadelits	S WITO			
Submitted high school of A.					
Admission Policies					
C13 Application Fee					
C13	Yes	No			
C13 Does your institution have an	V				
application fee?	X				
C13 Amount of application fee:	\$50.00				
C13	Yes	No			
C13 Can it be waived for applicants		-			
with financial need?	X				
	<u> </u>				
C13 If you have an application fee and	an on-line application	n ontion			
C13 Same fee:	arr orr line application	торион,			
C13 Game icc.	X				
040					
C13 Free:					
C13 Reduced:					
	.,				
C13	Yes	No			
C13 Can on-line application fee be					
waived for applicants with	X				
financial need?					
		_			
C14 Application closing date					
C14	Yes	No			
C14 Does your institution have an		V			
application closing date?		X			
C14 Application closing date (fall):					
C14 Priority date:					
or i many date.					
C15			Yes	No	
C15 Are first-time, first-year student	s accepted for term	s other than	X	140	
oro pare macame, macyear student	s accepted for tellin	5 Juiei ulali	Λ		
C16 Notification to applicants of adr	nission decision se	nt (fill in one only)			
C16 On a rolling basis beginning]				
(date):					
040 D / L / \					
C16 By (date):					

C17 C17 C17 C17 C17	Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one onlow Must reply by (date): No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter Other: Deadline for housing deposit (MM/DD): Amount of housing deposit: Refundable if student does not enroll? Yes, in full Yes, in part No	7/18 5/29			
C18	Deferred admission				
C18	Dolon ou dumicolon		Yes	No	
	Does your institution allow students to postpone enro	Ilment after		-	
	admission?		X		
C18	If yes, maximum period of postponement:				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
C19	Early admission of high school students				
C19			Yes	No	
C19	Does your institution allow high school students to er first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or r school graduation?		Х		
	Common Application Question removed fr Early Decision and Early Action Plans Early Decision	om CDS.	(Initiated during 200	6-2007 cycle)	
C21			Yes	No	
	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an	admission plan			
	that permits students to apply and be notified of an a	dmission			
	decision well in advance of the regular notification da		X		
	students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-t	ime, first-year			
	(freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?				
	If "yes," please complete the following:				
	First or only early decision plan closing date				
	21 First or only early decision plan notification date				
	Other early decision plan closing date				
	Other early decision plan notification date For the Fall 2010 entering class:				
	Number of early decision applications received by yo	ur institution			
	Number of applicants admitted under early decision p				
	Please provide significant details about your early de		L		
	,				
C 22	Early action				
C22	Early action		Yes	No	

CDS-C Page 12

Common Data Set 2010-11

C22	Do you have a nonbinding early an notified of an admission decision was notification date but do not have to	vell in advance of	he regular		х
	If "yes," please complete the follow	ving:			<u> </u>
	Early action closing date Early action notification date				
		ive" plan under wh	iah yay limit atuda	eta fram annivina ta	othor corby planc?
	Is your early action plan a "restrict	<u> </u>	ich you ilmit studer I	nts from applying to	other early plans?
C22		No			

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
D1	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	Х	
D1	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	Х	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2010.

D2		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
D2	Men	76	53	44
D2	Women	97	58	45
D2	Total	173	111	89

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3 D3	Fall	X
D3	Winter	
D3	Spring	Χ
	Summer	

D4		Yes	No
	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?	X	
D4	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	12	

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	mandate an normal required or manierar and appropriate daminesis.					
D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript				X	
D5	College transcript(s)	X				
D5	Essay or personal statement	Х				
D5	Interview					Х
D5	Standardized test scores				X	
D5	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					Х

D6	If a minimum high school grade point average is required of	
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	2.00

D7	If a minimum college grade point average is required of	
	transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):	

CDS-D Page 14

D8	List any other application re	equirements speci	fic to transfer a	pplicants:		
D9	List application priority, clos are reviewed on a continuo	•				
D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall	6/15				X
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring					X
D9	Summer					
						1
D10				Yes	No	
D10	Does an open admission p	olicy, if reported, a	apply to			
	transfer students?					
D11	Describe additional require transcript required for stude cumulative GPA.					
	Transfer Credit Polic	ies				
D12	Report the lowest grade ea	rned for any cours	se that may be			
	transferred for credit:	·	•	C-		
D13				Number	Unit Type	
D13	Maximum number of credit transferred from a two-year		may be	unlimited		
						1
D14				Number	Unit Type	
D14	Maximum number of credit transferred from a four-yea		may be	unlimited		
				,		
D15	Minimum number of credits		ist complete at			
	your institution to earn an a	issociate degree:		unlimited		

Describe other transfer credit policies: At least half of the requirements for a major must be taken in

D16 Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at

your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:

residency.

CDS-D Page 15

120.00

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

Accelerated program	X
Cooperative education program	
Cross-registration	X
Distance learning	X
Double major	X
Dual enrollment	
English as a Second Language (ESL)	X
Exchange student program (domestic)	
External degree program	
Honors Program	X
Independent study	X
Internships	X
Liberal arts/career combination	
Student-designed major	X
Study abroad	X
Teacher certification program	X
Weekend college	
Other (specify): Experiential programs off-campus including orientation program for employers of deaf students and paraprofessional jobs on campus, programs for interpreter-assisted mainstreaming of students into area colleges such as Georgetown University, George Mason University, Catholic University, Howard University	Х
	Cooperative education program Cross-registration Distance learning Double major Dual enrollment English as a Second Language (ESL) Exchange student program (domestic) External degree program Honors Program Independent study Internships Liberal arts/career combination Student-designed major Study abroad Teacher certification program Weekend college Other (specify): Experiential programs off-campus including orientation program for employers of deaf students and paraprofessional jobs on campus, programs for interpreter-assisted mainstreaming of students into area colleges such as Georgetown University, George Mason University, Catholic University, Howard

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

E 3	Arts/fine arts	
E 3	Computer literacy	
E 3	English (including composition)	X
E3	Foreign languages	
E 3	History	
E 3	Humanities	X
E 3	Mathematics	X
E 3	Philosophy	
E 3	Sciences (biological or physical)	X
E 3	Social science	X
E 3	Other (describe): diversity	X

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

CDS-E Page 16

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2010 who fit the following categories:

F1		First-time, first-year	
		(freshman)	Undergraduates
		students	
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens from the numerator		
	and denominator)	98%	96%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities	0%	15%
F1	Percent of women who join sororities	0%	10%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing	95%	70%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	5%	30%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	2%	25%
F1	Average age of full-time students	19	22
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	19	23

F2 Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

F2	Activities offered Identify those	orogra
F2	Campus Ministries	Χ
F2	Choral groups	
F2	Concert band	
F2	Dance	Χ
F2	Drama/theater	Χ
F2	International Student	Х
	Organization	^
F2	Jazz band	
F2	Literary magazine	Χ
F2	Marching band	
F2	Model UN	
F2	Music ensembles	
F2	Musical theater	
F2	Opera	
F2	Pep band	
F2	Radio station	
F2	Student government	Χ
F2	Student newspaper	Χ
F2	Student-run film society	Χ
F2	Symphony orchestra	
F2	Television station	
F2	Yearbook	Χ

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:			
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:			
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:			

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

F4	Coed dorms	Χ
F4	Men's dorms	
F4	Women's dorms	
F4	Apartments for married students	Х
F4	Apartments for single students	
F4	Special housing for disabled students	Χ
F4	Special housing for international students	
F4	Fraternity/sorority housing	
F4	Cooperative housing	
F4	Theme housing	Χ
F4	Wellness housing	
F4	Other housing options (specify):	

CDS-F Page 18

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

	0.		11020	
G0	Please provide the URL of your insti-			
	http://admissions.gallaudet.edu/Fina			
	Provide 2011-2012 academic year	costs of attendance for	or the following catego	ories that are
	applicable to your institution.			
	Check here if your institution's 2011-	2012 academic year co	sts of attendance are n	ot available at this time
	and provide an approximate date (i.e	e., month/day) when you	ır institution's final 2011	-2012 academic year
	costs of attendance will be available	• •		
	_			
		•		
G1	Undergraduate full-time tuition, re	quired fees, room and	board List the typical t	tuition, required fees,
	and room and board for a full-time up	ndergraduate student fo	r the FULL 2011-2012	academic year (30
	semester or 45 quarter hours for inst	titutions that derive annu	al tuition by multiplying	credit hour cost by
	number of credits). A full academic y	ear refers to the period	of time generally extend	ding from September
	to June; usually equated to two sem-	esters, two trimesters, th	ree quarters, or the pe	riod covered by a four-
	one-four plan. Room and board is de	efined as double occupa	ncy and 19 meals per v	veek or the maximum
	meal plan. Required fees include on	ly charges that all full-tin	ne students must pay th	nat are not included in
	tuition (e.g., registration, health, or a	ctivity fees.) Do not inclu	ude optional fees (e.g.,	parking, laboratory
	use).			
G1		First-Year	Undergraduates	•
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS			
	Tuition:	\$11,610	\$11,610	
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		•	
	Tuition:			
	In-district			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-state (out-of-district):			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Out-of-state:			
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS			
	Tuition:	\$23,220	\$23,220	
G1	REQUIRED FEES:	\$376	\$376	
G1	ROOM AND BOARD:			
	(on-campus)	\$10,060	\$10,060	
G1	ROOM ONLY:			•
	(on-campus)	\$5,460	\$5,460	
G1	BOARD ONLY:			
	(on-campus meal plan)	\$4,600	\$4,600	
				•
G1	Comprehensive tuition and room and	d board fee (if your		
	college cannot provide separate tuiti	on and room and		
	board fees):			
				<u> </u>
G1	Other:			
	1			

CDS-G Page 19

Common Data Set 2010-11

G2		Minimum	Maximum
G2	Number of credits per term a student can take for the	10	
	stated full-time tuition	10	
G3		Yes	No
G3	Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?		Х
G4		Yes	No
G4	Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?		X
G4		%	
G4	If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?		

G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
G5	Room only			
G5	Board only			
	Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for			
	commuters not living at home):			\$9,860
G5	Transportation			
G5	Other expenses	\$4,812	\$4,374	\$4,812

G6 Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:

\$580.50

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS
In-district:

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS
In-state (out-of-district):

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS
Out-of-state:

NONRESIDENT ALIENS:

\$1,161.00

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2009-2010 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2009-2010 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

H1		2010-2011	2009-2010
		estimated	final
	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:		Х

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

H3 Federal methodology (FM) X
H3 Institutional methodology (IM)
H3 Both FM and IM

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$2,465,291	\$0
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$7,680,439	\$1,145,789
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$3,177,948	\$421,358
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$145,345	\$23,217
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$13,469,023	\$1,590,364
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$2,416,429	\$242,228
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$81,659	
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note:		
	Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$0	\$0
H1	Total Self-Help	\$2,498,088	\$242,228
H1	Other	****	•
H1	Parent Loans	\$321,932	\$126,131
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.		
H1	Athletic Awards	\$0	\$0

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2			First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2010 cohort)	196	1086	
H2	b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	176	916	
H2	c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	156	825	
H2	d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	154	812	
H2	e)	need-based scholarship or grant aid	154	808	
H2	f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	70	406	
H2	g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	80	326	
H2	h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	66	282	
H2	i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	90.0%	84.0%	
H2	j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 18,319	\$ 18,139	
H2	k)	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line e	\$ 17,358	\$ 16,537	
H2	I)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative</u> <u>loans</u>) of those in line f	\$ 2,915	\$ 3,869	
H2	m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 2,879	\$ 3,846	

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A		First-time Full-time	Full-time Undergrad	Less Than Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh.)	Undergrad
H2A	n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	23	59	
H2A	o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 7,192	\$ 7,142	
H2A	 Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant 	0	0	
H2A	 q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p 	\$ 0	\$ 0	

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: * 2010 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2098 and June 30, 2010 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010.

* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

Exclude: * those who transferred in. * money borrowed at other institutions.

H4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
		62%
H4a		
	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through	
	federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized.	
	Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE:	
	exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	61%
H5	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those	
	in line H4.	\$14.066

^{*} co-signed loans.

H5a Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans. \$12,771 Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.) H6 Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degreeseeking nonresident aliens: Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available **H6** Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Χ **H6** H6 Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available **H6** If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: 15 Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-**H6** seeking nonresident aliens: \$16,385 Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-**H6** seeking nonresident aliens: \$245,774 H7 Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit: H7 Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE H7 International Student's Financial Aid Application **H7** International Student's Certification of Finances **H7 H7** Other (specify): **Process for First-Year/Freshman Students** Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit: **H8 H8** FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form **H8 H8** CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form **H8** Noncustodial PROFILE **H8 Business/Farm Supplement H8 H8** Other (specify): H9 Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students: Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: 7/1 H9 H9 Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: **H9** No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a Χ

rolling basis):

H10	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):			
H10	a) Students notified on or about (date):			
H10		Yes	No	
H10	b) Students notified on a rolling basis:	X		
H10	If yes, starting date:	3/1		
H11	Indicate reply dates:			
H11	Students must reply by (date):	n/a		
	or within weeks of notification.			
	Types of Aid Available			
	• •	duates at vour insti	tution:	
1140	Please check off all types of aid available to undergrad	uuales al your msii	tution.	
H12	Loans			
	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DI	RECT LOAN)		
	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans			
H12	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans			
H12	Direct PLUS Loans			
1140	Foderal Davisia Leans	1	V	
	Federal Perkins Loans		X	
H12	Federal Nursing Loans			
H12	State Loans			
H12	College/university loans from institutional funds			
H12	Other (specify):	l		
1140	Cabalanahira and Cuanta			
	Scholarships and Grants			
	NEED-BASED:	I	V	
	Federal Pell		X	
H13	SEOG		X	
H13	State scholarships/grants		X	
	Private scholarships		X	
	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institu	tional funds	X	
	United Negro College Fund			
	Federal Nursing Scholarship			
H13	Other (specify):			
	Observation of the state of the			
H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Ch			
H14		Non-Need Based	Need-Based	
H14	Academics	X	X	
H14	Alumni affiliation			
H14	Art			
H14	Athletics			
H14	Job skills			
H14	ROTC	.,		
H14	Leadership	X		
H14	Minority status	X	X	
H14	Music/drama			
H14	Religious affiliation		-	
H14	State/district residency	<u> </u>	Χ	

H15

If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2010. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

11

		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
a)	Total number of instructional faculty	191	1	192
b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	73	1	74
c)	Total number who are women	127	0	127
d)	Total number who are men	64	1	65
e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	1	0	1
f)	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree			
		152	1	153

CDS-I Page 27

	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			
I 1		master's	39	0	39
I 1	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	0	0	0
	i١	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:			
I 1	1)	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	0	0	0
	i١	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in			
I 1	J)	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students			

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2010 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2010 Student to Faculty ratio	to 1	(based on	students
			and	faculty).

13 Undergraduate Class Size

13

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2010 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2010. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Cita (provide numbers)

ıs			Unidergrad	Juale Class	s size (pro	vide numb	ers)		
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	105	237	40	1				383

13	CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	8	11	1					20

CDS-I Page 28

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

- J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010
- J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture				1
J1	Natural resources/environmental science				3
J1	Architecture				4
J1	Area and ethnic studies			0.021	5
J1	Communication/journalism			0.142	9
J1	Communication technologies				10
J1	Computer and information sciences			0.032	11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12
J1	Education			0.147	13
J1	Engineering				14
J1	Engineering technologies				15
J1	Foreign languages and literature			0.037	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences			0.042	19
J1	Law/legal studies				22
J1	English			0.021	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies				24
J1	Library science				25
J1	Biological/life sciences			0.032	26
J1	Mathematics and statistics			0.058	27
J1	Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies				30
J1	Parks and recreation			0.032	31
J1	Philosophy and religious studies			0.011	38
J1	Theology and religious vocations				39
J1	Physical sciences			0.016	40
J1	Science technologies				41
J1	Psychology			0.074	42
J1	Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services				43
J1	Public administration and social services			0.037	44
J1	Social sciences			0.047	45
J1	Construction trades				46
J1	Mechanic and repair technologies				47
J1	Precision production				48
J1	Transportation and materials moving				49
J1	Visual and performing arts			0.1	50
J1	Health professions and related sciences				51
J1	Business/marketing			0.121	52
J1	History			0.032	54
J1	Other				
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	0.00%	100.20%	

CDS-J Page 29

Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian Subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both preprofessional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: The category used to report students or employees whose race and ethnicity are not known

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.