T.C. MİLLÎ EĞİTİM BAKANLIĞI





MEGEP

(MESLEKÎ EĞİTİM VE ÖĞRETİM SİSTEMİNİN GÜÇLENDİRİLMESİ PROJESİ)

MAKİNE TEKNOLOJİSİ

TEKNİK YABANCI DİL (İNGİLİZCE) 1

Milli Eğitim Bakanlığı tarafından geliştirilen modüller;

- Talim ve Terbiye Kurulu Başkanlığının 02.06.2006 tarih ve 269 sayılı Kararı ile onaylanan, Mesleki ve Teknik Eğitim Okul ve Kurumlarında kademeli olarak yaygınlaştırılan 42 alan ve 192 dala ait çerçeve öğretim programlarında amaçlanan mesleki yeterlikleri kazandırmaya yönelik geliştirilmiş öğretim materyalleridir (Ders Notlarıdır).
- Modüller, bireylere mesleki yeterlik kazandırmak ve bireysel öğrenmeye rehberlik etmek amacıyla öğrenme materyali olarak hazırlanmış, denenmek ve geliştirilmek üzere Mesleki ve Teknik Eğitim Okul ve Kurumlarında uygulanmaya başlanmıştır.
- Modüller teknolojik gelişmelere paralel olarak, amaçlanan yeterliği kazandırmak koşulu ile eğitim öğretim sırasında geliştirilebilir ve yapılması önerilen değişiklikler Bakanlıkta ilgili birime bildirilir.
- Örgün ve yaygın eğitim kurumları, işletmeler ve kendi kendine mesleki yeterlik kazanmak isteyen bireyler modüllere internet üzerinden ulaşabilirler.
- Basılmış modüller, eğitim kurumlarında öğrencilere ücretsiz olarak dağıtılır.
- Modüller hiçbir şekilde ticari amaçla kullanılamaz ve ücret karşılığında satılamaz.

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EXPLANATION

KOD	222YDK013			
ALAN	Makine Teknolojisi			
DAL/MESLEK	Alan Ortak			
MODÜLÜN ADI	Teknik Yabancı Dil (İngilizce) 1			
MODÜLÜN TANIMI	Teknik alet ve cihazlar, elektrikli ev aletleri, hesap makinesi, teknik resim, temel ölçüler ve ölçü aletlerinin yabancı dille ifade edilmesi konularının verildiği derstir.			
SÜRE	40/32			
ÖN KOŞUL	10. ve 11.sınıf İngilizce derslerini başarmış olmak. (Temel seviyede İngilizce yeterliğine sahip olmak)			
YETERLİK	Teknik alet ve cihazları, elektrikli ev aletlerini yabancı dille ifade etmek			
MODÜLÜN AMACI	Genel Amaç Teknik alet ve cihazları, teknik resim temel işlem ve aletleri, dökümcülükle ilgili temel kavram ve araç-gereçleri yabancı dille ifade edebileceksiniz. Amaçlar Tekniğe uygun, teknik alet ve cihazları yabancı dille ifade edebileceksiniz. Tekniğe uygun, elektrikli ev aletlerini yabancı dille ifade edebileceksiniz. Tekniğe uygun,hesap makinesi çalışma basamaklarını yabancı dille ifade edebileceksiniz.			
EĞİTİM ÖĞRETİM ORTAMLARI VE DONANIMLARI	 Dil laboratuarı ; Kulaklık, bilgisayar ve ekipmanları, kütüphane,projeksiyon vb. Bireysel öğrenme ortamları ; İngilizce sözlük, yardımcı teknik kitaplar. İnternet ortamı, bilgi teknolojileri vb. İşletmeler ve üniversiteler 			
ÖLÇME VE DEĞERLENDİRME	 Modülün içinde yer alan her faaliyetten sonra, verilen ölçme araçlarıyla kazandığınız bilgileri ölçerek kendi kendinizi değerlendireceksiniz. Öğretmen, öğretim çalışmalarınızda kazandığınız bilgi ve becerileri, performans testinde belirtilen ölçme kriterlerine göre değerlendirecektir. Modül sonunda size ölçme aracı (uygulama, test, çoktan seçmeli vb.) uygulanarak, modül uygulamalarıyla kazandığınız yeterlik ölçülecek, modülü başarıp başaramadığınız tespit edilecektir. 			

INTRODUCTION

Sevgili Öğrenci,

Yeni teknoloji izleyebilmek için yabancı dil bilmek gereklidir. Başarılı meslek elemanları öğrendikleri yabancı dil sayesinde mesleki yayınları takip edebilirler. Böylelikle mesleklerinde daha etkili ve yararlı bireyler olurlar.

Mesleki ve teknik eğitim alanları daima gelişen ve güncellenen bilgilerle donatılmıştır. Güncel bilgilere ulaşıp onlardan faydalanabilmeyi mümkün kılmak için teknik İngilizce bilme ihtiyacı kaçınılmaz bir hal almıştır. Çünkü yayınlanan teknolojik kitaplar, makaleler, kataloglar genellikle İngilizce olarak yayınlanmaktadır. Bu materyallerden yararlanabilmek için mesleki yabancı dil yeterliklerinizi geliştirmeniz gerekir.

Unutmayın 21 yaşında çağ açıp çağ kapayan Fatih Sultan Mehmet Han 5 dil biliyordu ve fetih toplarının tasarımını da kendisi yaptı.

İşte bu modül sizlerin Teknik İngilizce seviyenizi geliştirip sizleri alanınızda daha başarılı ve güncel bilgilerle donanımlı olabilmenizi sağlamak; bireysel öğrenme ve araştırma yeterliğinizi geliştirmenize yardımcı olmak amacıyla hazırlanmıştır.

Bu modül ile kendi mesleğiniz ile ilgili terimlerin ve sözcüklerin İngilizce karşılıklarını öğrenebilecek ve dünyadaki gelişmeleri yakından izleyebileceksiniz.

LEARNING ACTIVITY-1

GOAL

Bu faaliyetle teknik alet ve cihazlarla ilgili temel kavramların İngilizce karşılıklarını yabancı dille ifade edebileceksiniz

RESEARCH

➤ Bu faaliyet öncesinde yapmanız gereken öncelikli araştırmalar şunlardır:Şimdiye kadar öğrendiğiniz teknik alet ve cihazları araştırarak hatırlamaya çalışınız.Teknik alet ve cihazları ile ilgili İngilizce kelimeleri bularak kendinize küçük bir cep sözlüğü hazırlayınız.

1. TECHNICAL OBJECTS

1.1. Name Of Objects

1.1.1.A Television, A Drill, A Telephone, A Camera, A Calculator.

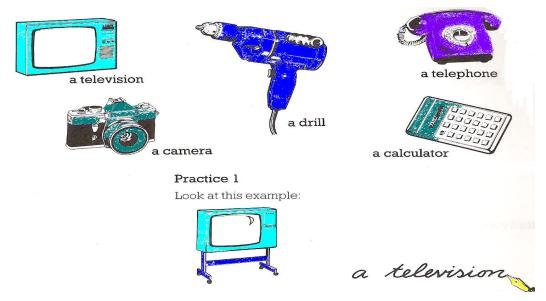


Figure 1.1: Name of some objects

1.2. What's this? What's that?



Figure 1.2: What is this?

Example 1 What are the following objects?

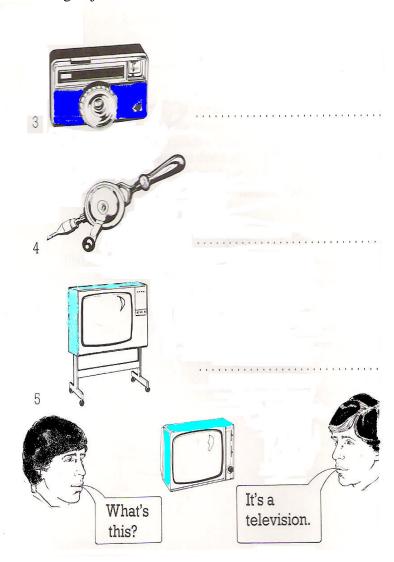


Figure 1.3: What are these objects

Example 2

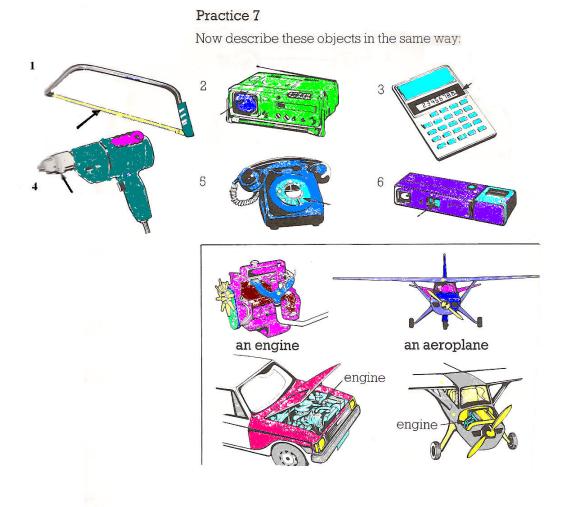


Figure 1.4: Practice

Example 3

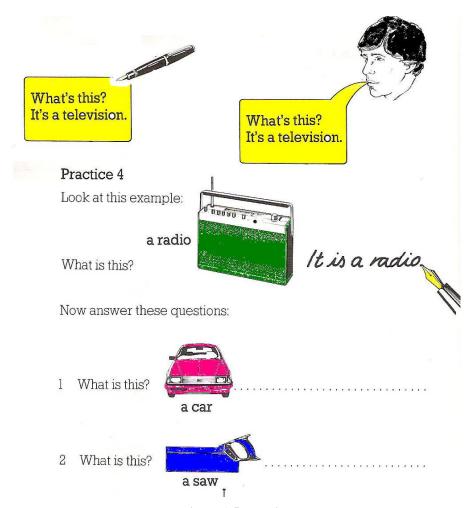
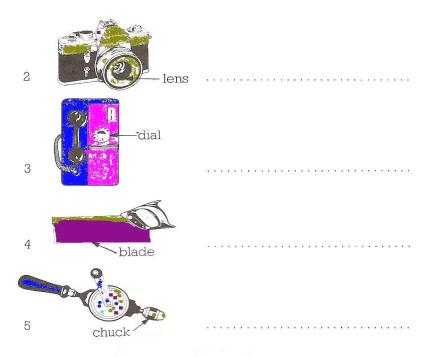


Figure 1.5:Practices

1.3. Components Of Objects

Some objects have components. When we describe that these components belong the object we use **has** for single object and **have** for objects.



Practice 6

Make sentences from this table:

A	television calculator telephone camera saw drill	has a	blade. chuck. dial. lens. screen. display.	
---	---	-------	---	--

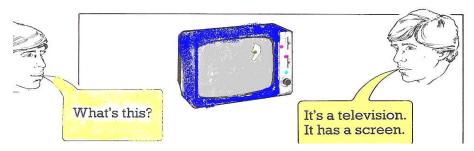
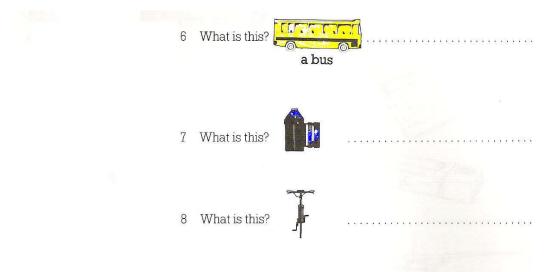
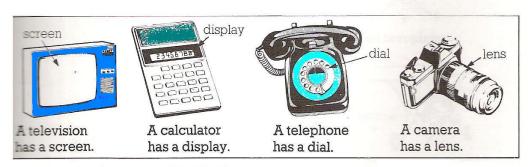


Figure 1.6:Component of an object





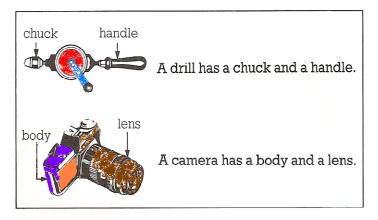
Practice 5

Look at this example:



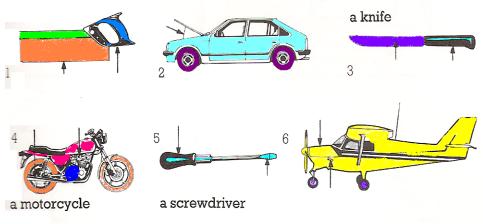
Figure 1.7: Components of an object

Example 1



Practice 10

Describe these objects:



Practice 11

Make sentences from this table:

A An	motorcycle camera saw car knife aeroplane screwdriver	has	a	body engine handle	and	a an	blade. exhaust. lens.
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Figure 1.8:Practice

Look at the examples below and describe the parts in the same way.

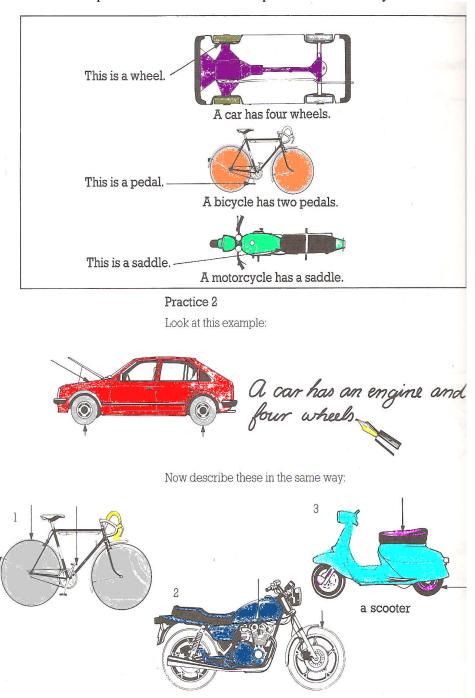


Figure 1.9:Practice

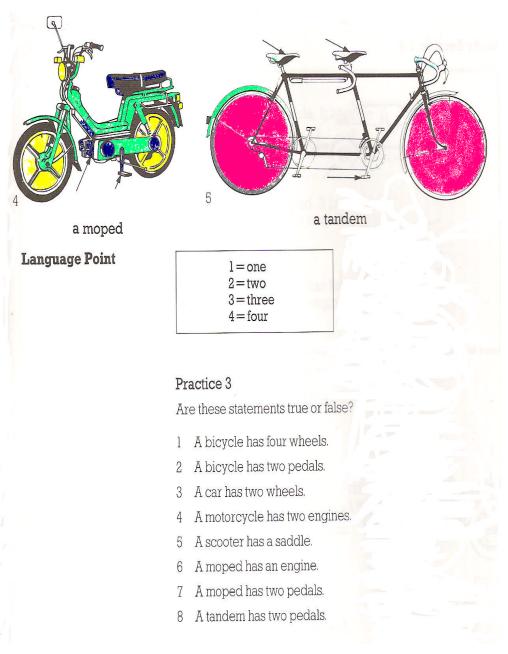


Figure 1.10: How many parts?

1.3.1. What's Your Occupation?

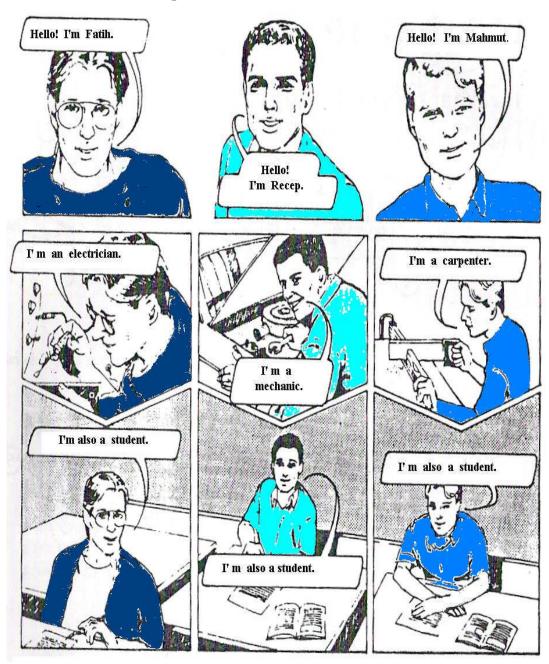
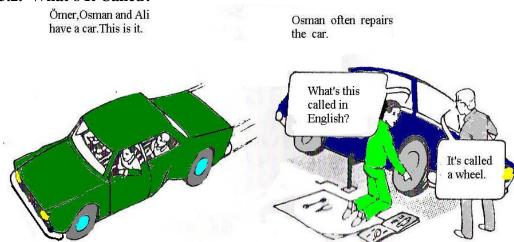


Figure 1.11: What is your profession?

1.3.2. What's It Called?



Repeat: A: What's this called in English?

B: It's called a wheel.

Complete these:

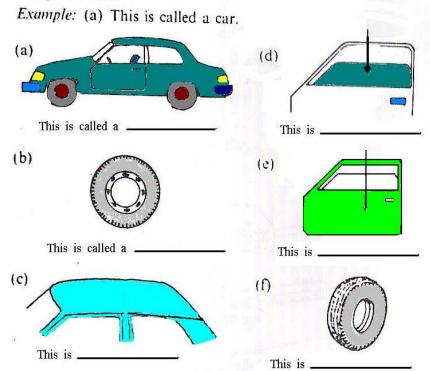
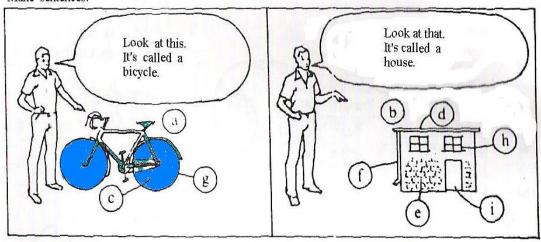


Figure 1.12: What is this called in English?

PRACTICE ACTIVITIY

Look at this. Look at that.

Make sentences:



Example: (a)Look at this. It's called a bicycle. (b)Look at that. It's called a house. (c)Look at this. It's called a wheel.

Figure 1.13: Look at this

1.3.2.1. What is Wrong?

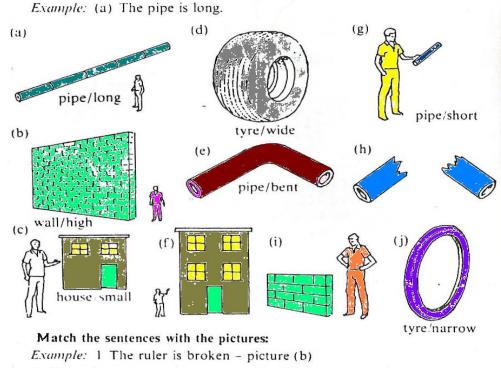
'What's wrong?'

Repeat: Ömer: What's wrong with the car? Osman:The tyre is flat.



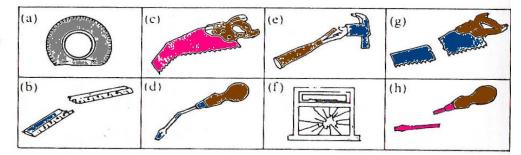
Figure 1.14: What is wrong with it?

Practice: Examine the following sentences and make questions and answers from the pictures.



- 1 The ruler is broken.
- 2 The hammer is broken.
- 3 The screwdriver is broken.
- 4 The tyre is flat.

- 5 The screwdriver is bent.
- 6 The saw is broken.
- 7 The window is broken.
- 8 The saw is bent.



Make questions and answers from the pictures in Exercise:

Example: (a) A: What's wrong with the tyre?

B: It's flat

Figure 1.15: Make sentences

1.3.2.2. Where is it?

Şükrü,Tacettin and Mustafa live together in this house.

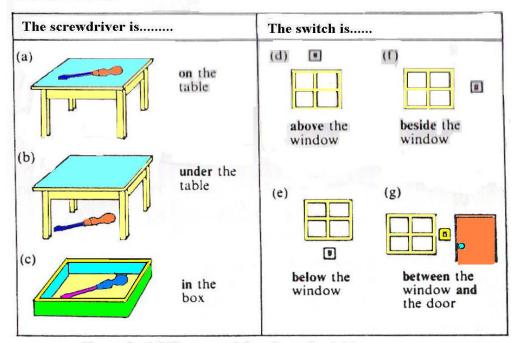


Şükrü and Tacettin often repair the house.



Repeat:A:Where's the screwdriver? B:It's on the table.

Make sentences:



Example: (a) The screwdriver is on the table.

Figure 1.16: Where is it?

Practice

Are these true or false? Correct the false sentences:

Example: (a) FALSE The screwdriver is on the shelf.

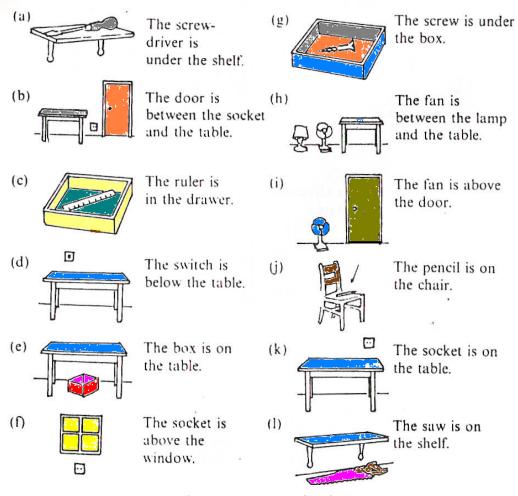


Figure 1.17: True or false?

1.3.3. What Is This Called? (c) (d) (a) setsquare / spanner / bolt / nut / nail What are these shapes? (d) (c) (a) (b) a square /a circle /a triangle /a rectangle What are these? (j)(d) (g) (a) (k) (h) (e) (b) (i) (f) (c)

well / road / bridge / wire / rope / coin / clock / truck / book / plug / blackboard

Figure 1.18: What are these tools called?

1.3.3.1. How High is it?

Ramazan is making a new door. Yusuf is helping him.



Repeat: A: How wide is the door?

B: It's one metre wide.

A: 'And how high is it?

B: It's two metres high.

Make sentences:

Example: (a) The door is one metre wide.

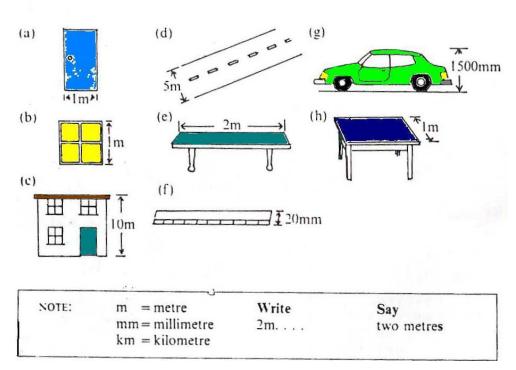
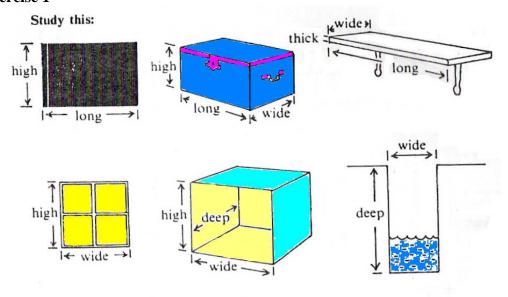


Figure 1.19: How high is it?

Exercise 1



Make questions and answers:

Example: (a) A: How long is the wall?

B: It's ten metres long.

A: And how high is it?

B: It's two metres high.

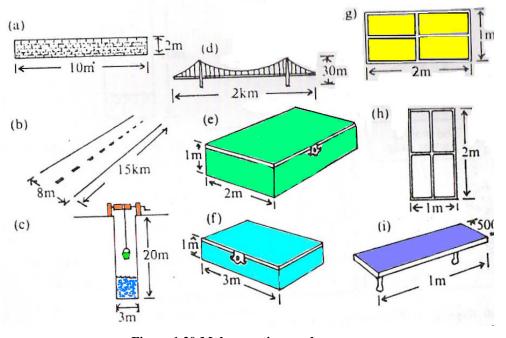
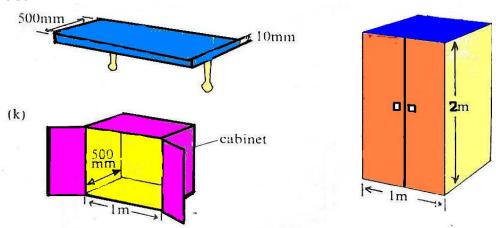


Figure 1.20:Make questions and answers

Exercise 2



Make sentences from the pictures in Exercise:

Example: (a) The wall is ten metres long and two metres high.

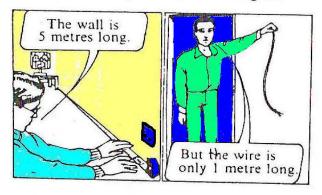
Measure these objects in your classroom and make sentences:

- (a) door
- (c) box

(e) window

- (b) ruler
- (d) blackboard
- (f) cabinet

'It's only a metre high.'



Repeat: A: The wall is 5 metres long.

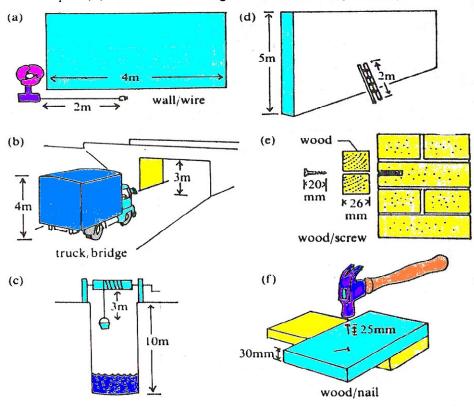
B: But the wire is only 1 metre long.

Figure 1.21:It's only a metre high.

Practice

Make sentences:

Example: (a) The wall is 4m long, but the wire is only 2m long.



Make questions and answers:

Example: (a) A: How long is the wall?

B: It's 4m long.

A: And how long is the wire?

B: It's only 2m long.

A: That's too short.

Make questions and answers:

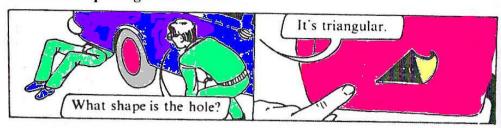
Example: (a) A: What's wrong?

B: The wall is 4m long, but the wire is only 2m long.

Figure 1.22: Make questions and answers

1.3.3.2. What Shape is it?

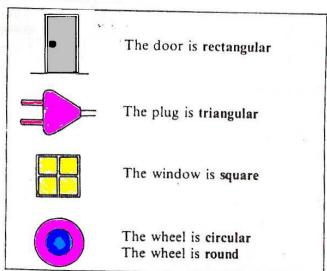
Mücahid is repairing a hole in the car.



Repeat: A: What shape is the hole?

B: It's triangular.

Read this:



Make sentences:

Example: (a) This ruler is rectangular.

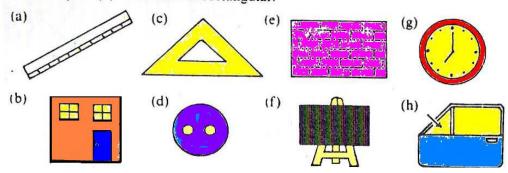


Figure 1.23: What shape is it?

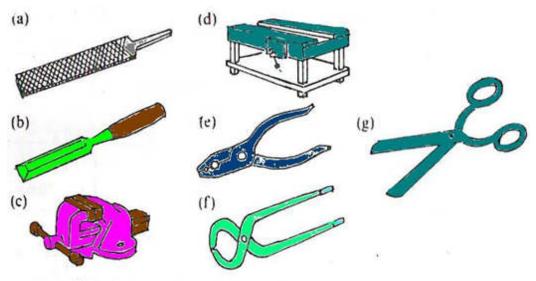
Exercise

Example: (a) Selim: What shape is the ruler? Fatih: It's a rectangular.

Describe these objects: Example:(a)The window is rectangular. It is six metres long and three metres high. (d) (a) (e) (b) saw blade. 12mm 220mm 500mm 150mm (f) (c) 500 mm 100mm 500 mm Describe objects in your classroom in the same way: (e) ruler (a) blackboard (f) clock (b) window (g) switch (c) door (h) watch (d) setsquare

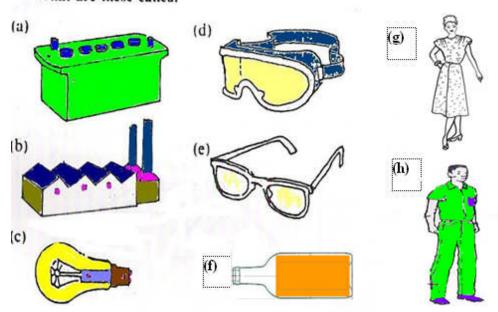
Figure 1.24:Describe these object

1.3.4. What are these tools called?



chisel / file / scissors / vice / pincers / bench / pliers

What are these called?

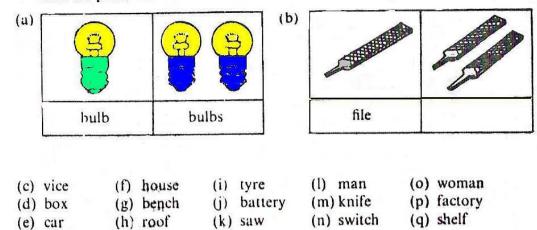


bottle / goggles / bulb / woman / glasses / man / battery / factory

Figure 1.25: What are these tools called?

Example

Give the plurals of these words:



Match words and numbers:

Example: eleven - 11

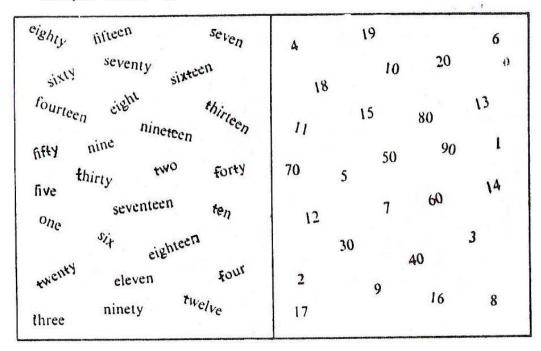
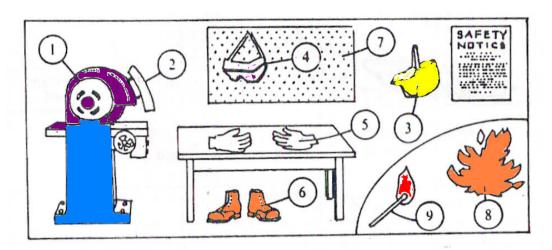


Figure 1.26:Match words and numbers

1.3.5. What Are These Objects?



fire / boot / glove / machine / guard / goggles / helmet / toolboard / match

Match words and numbers:

sixty-five eighty-seven	21	32	98
th:	87		
fifty ninety-eight	16	54	1
seventy-six forty-three	43		65

Read	out	these	num	mere:

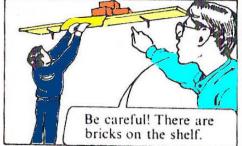
100	125	1002	10,000	1,000,000
101	238	1031	100,000	1,500,000
113	1000	1583	800,000	

Figure 1.27: What are these?

1.3.5.1. There is A Fire!

Tayyip is in the workshop. He is giving a warning.



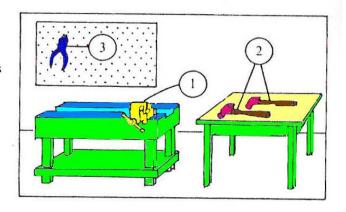


Repeat: A: Look out! There's a cable on the floor.

Be careful! There are bricks on the shelf.

Read this:

There is a vice on the bench. There are hammers on the table. There is a pair of pliers on the toolboard.



Make sentences:

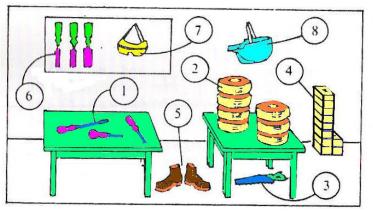


Figure 1.28: What are there in the picture?

Example:

There are screwdrivers on the bench.

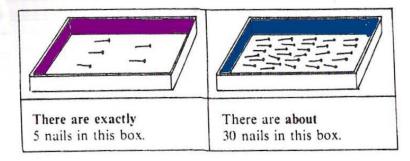
1.3.5.2. How Many Are There?



Repeat: A: How many nuts are there in the box?

B: There are about 20.





Make questions and answers:

Examples: (a) A: How many screws are there in the packet?

B: There are exactly five.

(b) A: How many matches are there in the packet?

B: There are about 50.

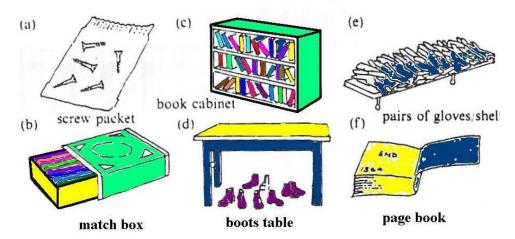
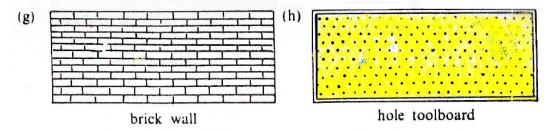


Figure 1.29: How many are there?

Example



Answer these questions:

Examples: (a) There are 80.

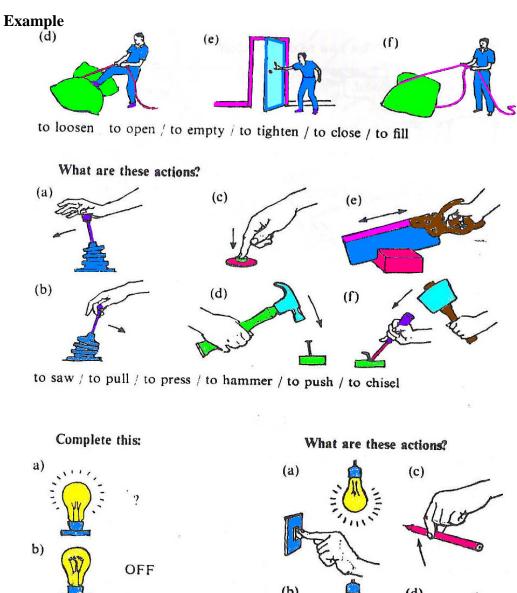
(c) There are about _____

- (a) How many pages are there in this book?
- (b) How many windows are there in your classroom?
- (c) How many windows are there in your school or college?
- (d) How many people are there in your classroom?
- (e) How many people are there in your school or college?
- (f) How many books are there in your classroom?
- (g) How many books are there in your school or college?
- (h) How many tools are there in your workshop?
- (i) How many people are there in your town or village?
- (j) How many people are there in your country?

Figure 1.30: Example

1.3.6. What Are These Called? (a) (c) (e) (b) (d) belt tank bin / pedal / lever 2 Match the pictures with the sentences: (a) (d) The tank is empty. The rope is tight. (b) (e) The door is closed. The door is open. The rope is (f) (c) loose. 6 The tank is full. What are these actions? (a) (b) (c)

Figure 1.31: Match the pictures with the sentences ont the right



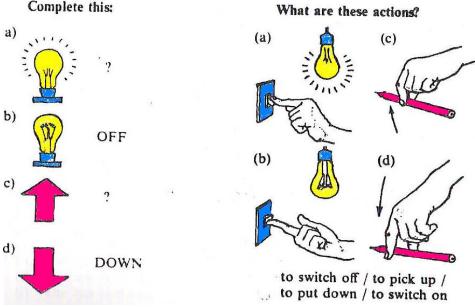
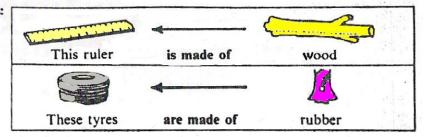


Figure 1.32: What are these action?

1.3.7. What's It Made Of?



- 3 Repeat: A: Celal, what's this wire made of?
 B: It's made of copper and plastic.
- 4 Study this:



Make questions and answers:

Example: (a) A: What's this setsquare made of?

B: It's made of plastic.

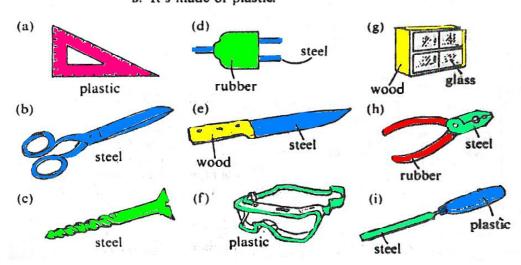


Figure 1.33: What's it made of?

PRACTICE ACTIVITY

Study this:

'Wires are normally made of copper. This means that most (= more than 50°_{o}) wires are made of copper.

Ask and answer:

Example: (a) A: What are wires made of?

B: They're normally made of copper and plastic.

(Note: if you disagree with B. say: 'I think

Example: I think they're normally made of copper and rubber.)

(a) wires

(f) bridges

(b) chisels

(g) bottles

(c) tyres

(h) files

(d) rulers

(i) pipes

(e) glasses

(i) vices

What are these objects?

- (a) This tool is normally made of plastic and steel. It has a handle and a blade.
- (b) This object is made of copper. It is long and thin.
- (c) This object is normally rectangular. It is made of glass.
- (d) This object is normally made of plastic. It is triangular.
- (e) This object is circular and is made of rubber and steel.
- (f) This tool is normally made of wood and steel. It has a handle and a head.

Choose the objects from this list:

setsquare / knife / window / hammer / pipe / tyre / scissors

Figure 1.34:Study examples and answers the questions

Practice

Make sentences

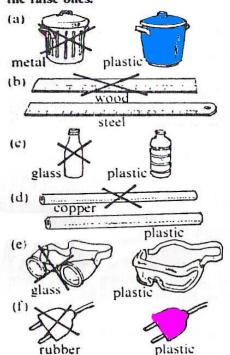
Examples:

- (a) spoon metal × Don't use the metal spoon. Use the wooden one.
- (b) GOGGLES glass X Don't use the glass goggles. Use the plastic ones.

 plastic ✓
- (a) SPOON metal × wood ✓
- (b) GOGGLES glass × plastic ✓
- (c) BIN metal × plastic ✓
- (d) RULER wood × steel ✓
- (e) BOTTLE glass × plastic ✓

- (f) PIPE copper × plastic **J**
- (g) PLUG rubber × plastic ✓
- (h) scissors plastic × metal ✓
- (i) TANK metal × plastic ✓
- 'i) NAILS iron × steel ✓

Are these true (T) or false (F)? Correct the false ones:



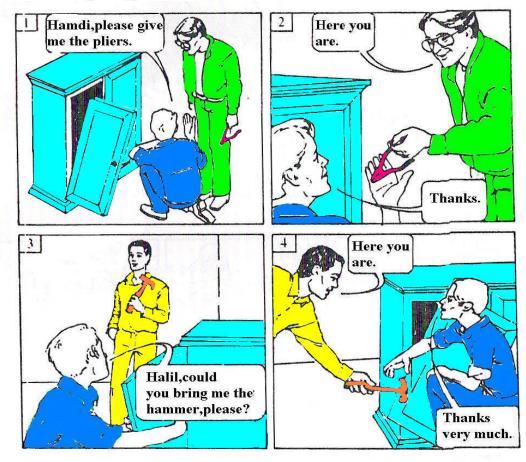
Example: (a) – TRUE. The bin on the left is made of metal and the one on the right is made of plastic. Use the plastic one.

- (b) The ruler at the top is made of wood and the one at the bottom is made of steel. Use the wooden one.
- (c) The bottle on the left is made of glass and the one on the right is made of plastic. Use the glass one.
- (d) The pipe at the top is made of copper and the one at the bottom is made of plastic. Use the plastic one.
- (e) The goggles on the left are made of plastic and the ones on the right are made of glass. Use the plastic ones.
- (f) The plug on the left is made of plastic and the one on the right is made of rubber. Use the plastic one.

Figure 1.35:Examples

1.3.8. Bring Me The Hammer

Cemal is repairing a cabinet.



Repeat: (a) Please bring me the hammer.

(b) Could you give me the pliers please.

Ask for objects in the classroom. Use 'BRING' and 'GIVE':

Example: (a) A: Could you give me the pen, please?

- B: Here you are.
- A: Thanks.
- (a) pen
- (d) ruler
- (g) bag

- (b) pencil
- (e) setsquare
- (h) chair

- (c) eraser
- (f) book
- (i) box

Figure 1.36:Bring me the hammer

Exercise 1

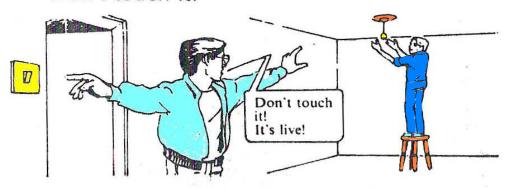
What is Bilal saying?

Example: 1 Please give me the nails, Muharrem.

2 Could you bring me the ruler, please, Hüseyin?



'Don't touch it!'



Repeat: A: Don't touch it! It's live!

Match the pictures, the warnings and the reasons:

Example: Picture 1 - (4) - (f): Don't touch the wire. It's live.

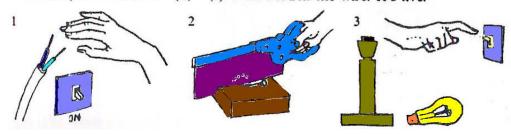
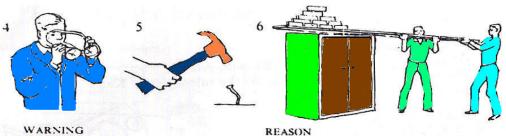


Figure 1.37: Don't touch it!

Exercise 2



- (1) Don't switch the lamp on.
- (2) Don't saw that wood.
- (3) Don't hammer that nail.
- (4) Don't touch the wire.
- (5) Don't pull these goggle; on.
- (6) Don't pull that board.
- (a) They're broken.
- (b) There's a nail in it.
- (c) There are bricks on it.
- (d) There's no bulb in it.
- (e) It's bent.
- (f) It's live.

Match the instructions with the numbers in the picture.

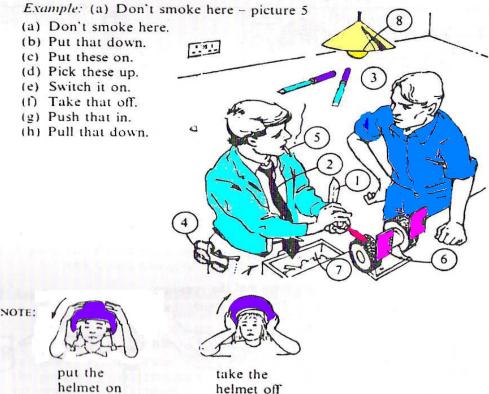
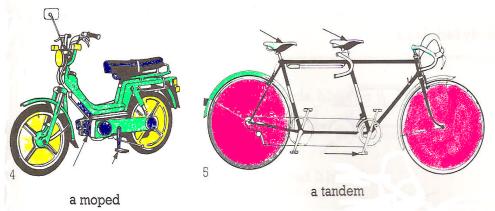


Figure 1.38:Exercise

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION



Are these statements true or false?

- 1)A bicycle has four wheels?
- 2) A bicycle has two pedals?
- 3) A car has two wheels?
- 4)A motorcycle has two engines?
- 5)A scooter has a saddle?
- 6)A moped has an engine?
- 7)A moped two pedals?
- 8)A tandem has two pedals?

CHECK LIST

Modü	ilün Adı	Teknik Yabancı Dil 1	Modül Eğitimini				
Konu		Teknik Alet ve Cihazlar	Alanın:				
		Elektrikli Ev Aletleri					
	Hesap Makinesi Adı ve Soyadı						
	AÇIKLAMA: Bu faaliyeti gerçekleştirirken aşağıdaki kontrol listesini bir arkadaşınızın						
doldu	doldurmasını isteyiniz. Sadece ilgili alanı doldurunuz.						
Aşağıda listelenen davranışların her birinin arkadaşınız tarafından yapılıp yapılmadığını gözlemleyiniz. Eğer yapıldıysa evet kutucuğunun hizasına X işareti							
					X ışareti		
Koyui	koyunuz. Yapılmadıysa hayır kutucuğunun hizasına X işareti koyunuz.						
DEĞERLENDİRME KRİTERLERİ				Evet	Hayır		
1	Teknik kelimelerle cümleler hazırladınız mı?						
2	Kullandığınız kelimeleri teknik İngilizce olarak belirlediniz mi?						
3	Gereçlerin isimlerini Teknik İngilizce olarak doğru olarak yazdınız mı?						
4	Yazdığınız kelimelerin karşılıklarını (Türkçe/İngilizce) yazılı veya sözlü ifade edebiliyor musunuz?						
5	Resimlerin anlamını İngilizce olarak yazdınız mı?						
6	Teknik İ	ngilizce olarak bir makale hazır	ladınız mı?				
7	Teknik İ	ngilizce kelimelerle cümleler ku	ırdunuz mu?				
DÜŞÜNCELER							

DEĞERLENDİRME

Cevaplarınızı cevap anahtarı ile karşılaştırınız. Doğru cevap sayınızı belirleyerek kendinizi değerlendiriniz. Yanlış cevap verdiğiniz ya da cevap verirken tereddüt yaşadığınız sorularla ilgili konuları faaliyete geri dönerek tekrar inceleyiniz

Tüm sorulara doğru cevap verdiyseniz diğer faaliyete geçiniz.

LEARNING ACTIVITIY-2

GOAL

Bu faaliyetle elektrikli ev aletleri ile ilgili temel kavramların İngilizce karşılıklarını yabancı dille ifade edebileceksiniz

RESEARCH

Bu faaliyet öncesinde yapmanız gereken öncelikli araştırmalar şunlardır: Şimdiye kadar öğrendiğiniz elektrikli ev aletlerini araştırarak hatırlamaya çalışınız. Elektrikli ev aletleri ile ilgili İngilizce kelimeleri bularak kendinize küçük bir cep sözlüğü hazırlayınız.

2. ELECTRICAL HOUSE OBJECTS

2.1. Name Of Objects a talephone a talephone blades an electric fan power cord an electric blender

Figure 2.1: Electrical devices

PRACTICE ACTIVITY

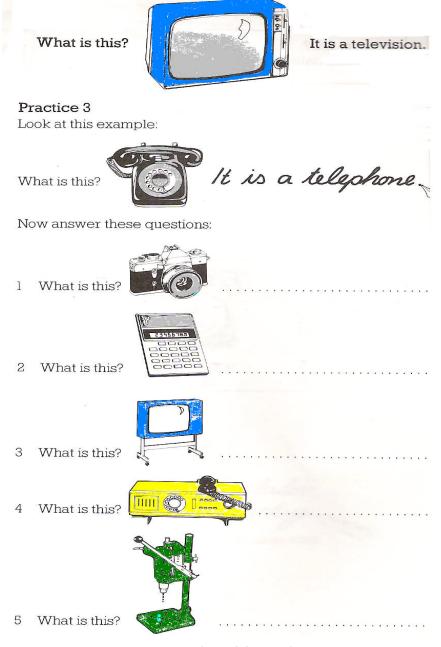


Figure 2.2: Practice

2.1.1. An Electric Drill

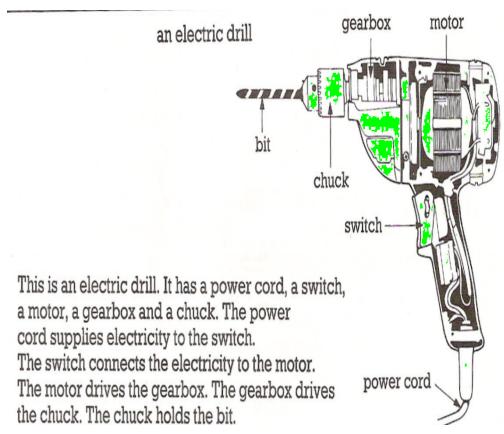
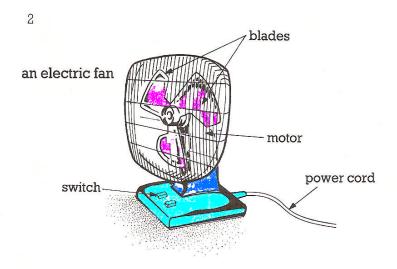
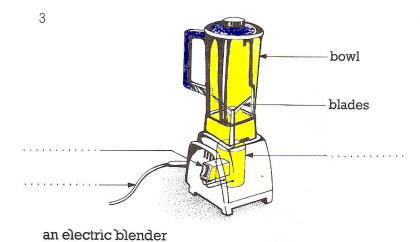


Figure 2.3: An electric drill

Exercise



This is	
	and three blades. The power
cord	The
switch	The motor
	* * * * * * * * * *



......

Figure 2.4: Exercise

PRACTICE ACTIVITY

Do the following exercises.

Language Point

one switch \Rightarrow two switches one gearbox \Rightarrow two gearboxes

Practice 2

Make ten sentences from this table:

An electric drill Circular saws An electric fan Electric blenders Saws A screwdriver	has have	(a)	power cord(s). switch(es). motor(s). gearbox(es). chuck(s). blade(s). bowl(s).
--	-------------	-----	--

Practice 3

Are these statements true or false? If they are false, write true statements.

- l In an electric drill the motor drives the gearbox.
- 2 The gearbox holds the bit.
- 3 A circular saw has a gearbox.
- 4 The gearbox drives the blade.
- 5 The blade is rectangular.
- 6 In a fan, the switch supplies electricity to the blades.
- 7 The power cord drives the motor.
- 8 In an electric blender, the motor drives the bowl.

Practice 4

Look at this example:

In an electric fan, the motor drives the blades.

Now complete these sentences:

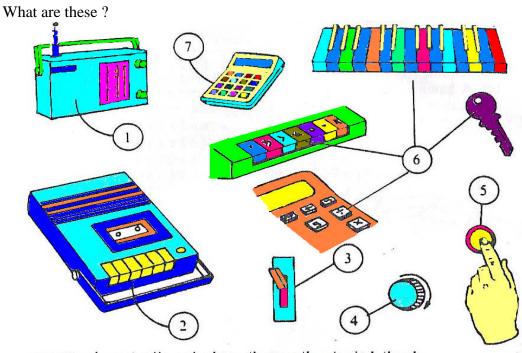
In an electric blender, the motor
 In an aeroplane, the engine
 In a moped,
 In a boat,
 In a helicopter,
 In a scooter,

Figure 2.5: Practice

2.2. What Are These Called?

Figure 2.6: What are these called?

PRACTICE ACTIVITY



cassette player/radio_calculator/button/key/switch/knob

'It has a guard.'

Mehmet is checking the fans in the house.



Figure 2.7: What is this?

Example:

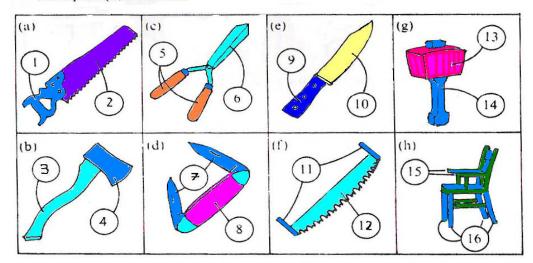
Match, and make full sentences:

Example: (a) - (3): A car has four wheels.

(a) A car has	(1) four legs.
(b) A table has	(2) two legs.
(c) A hammer has	(3) four wheels.
(d) A man has	(4) walls, windows, doors and a roof.
(e) A house has	(5) a handle and a blade.
(f) A chisel has	(6) a handle and a head.
	(7) two handles and two blades.
(h) A knife has	(8) a handle and a blade.

What are these parts called?

Example: (a): 1 handle



Match the sentences with the pictures in Exercise :

Example: 1 This tool has a blade and two handles - picture (f)

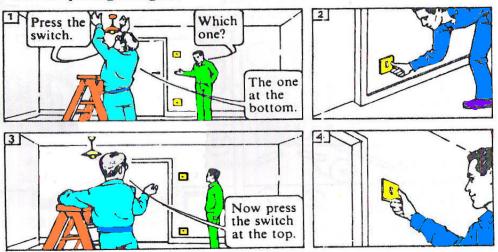
- 1 This tool has a blade and two handles.
- 2 This tool has a handle and a blade.
- 3 This tool has a head and a handle.
- 4 This object has two arms and four legs.
- 5 This tool has a handle and two blades.
- 6 This tool has two handles and two blades.

Figure 2.8: What are these parts called?

2.3. What's This? What's That?

2.3.1. The One At The Top

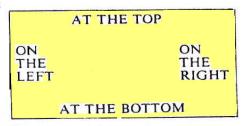
Ümit is repairing the lights.



- Repeat: A: Press the switch.
 - B: Which one?
 - A: The one at the bottom.

Now press the switch at the top.

Study this:



Match the words with the numbers:

Example: (a) on the left - picture 4

- (a) on the left of the wall
- (b) at the top of the wall
- (c) above the window
- (d) to the left of the window
- (e) on the right of the wall
- (f) to the right of the window
- (g) at the bottom of the wall
- (h) below the window

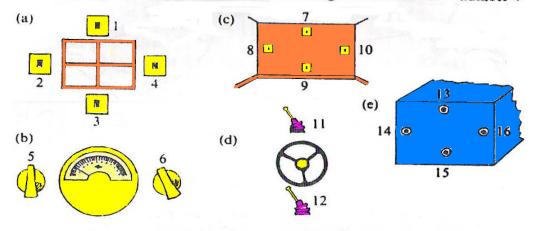
wall 2 3 5 8 6

Figure 2.9: Where is it?

Exercise 1

Match the sentences with the numbers in the pictures:

Example: (a) Please press the switch to the right of the window - number 4



- (a) There's no light in here. Please press the switch to the right of the window.
- (b) Please pull the lever below the wheel.
- (c) Could you press the ON button, please. That's the button on the right.
- (d) Turn the knob to the left of the dial.
- (e) Could you press the switch above the window, please.
- (f) Use the socket at the bottom. It has 110 volts.
- (g) Press the button at the top.
- (h) Use the socket on the left.
- (i) Could you now turn the knob to the right of the dial, please.
- (j) Now pull the lever above the wheel.
- (k) Press the switch to the left of the window.
- (l) Now please put the plug into the socket on the right.
- (m) Please use the socket at the top of the wall.
- (n) Now press the OFF button. That's the button on the left.
- (o) And now press the button at the bottom.
- (p) Please press the switch below the window.

Make dialogues:

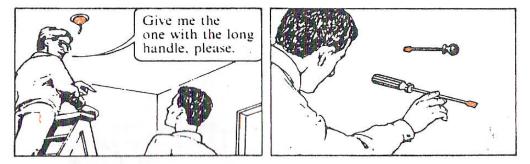
Example: A: Please press the switch.

B: Which one?

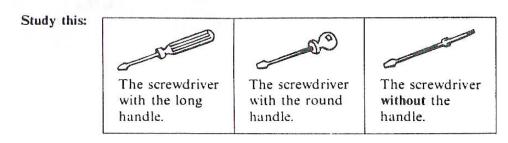
A: The one to the right of the window.

Figure 2.10: Match the sentence on the left with the pictures and make dialogues

Exercise 2



Repeat: A: Give me the one with the long handle, please.



Complete these:

Example: (a) Use the knife with the short handle.

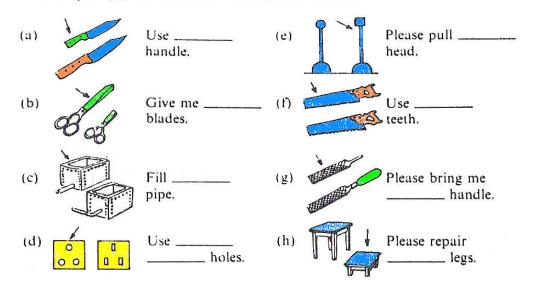


Figure 2.11: Complete the sentences

2.3.2. They Have No Covers

Abdullah is checking the fans and switches.



Repeat: A: This fan is dangerous. It has no guard.

These switches are dangerous. They have no covers.



Make questions and answers:

Example: (a) A: What's wrong with the car?

B: It has no wheels.

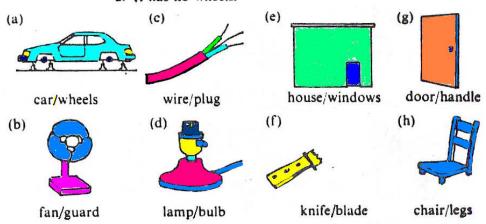
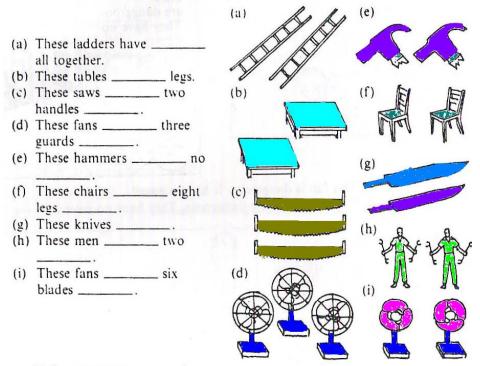


Figure 2.12: Make questions and answers

Exercise : Complete the sentences

Examples: (a) These ladders have 12 rungs all together.

(b) These tables have no legs.



Make sentences:

Examples: (a) These fans are safe. They have guards.

(b) These switches are dangerous. They have no covers.

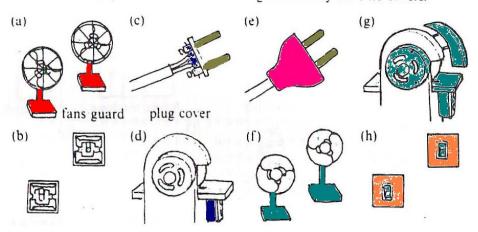


Figure 2.13:Make sentences

2.3.3. How many? Musa is buying some things in a shop.

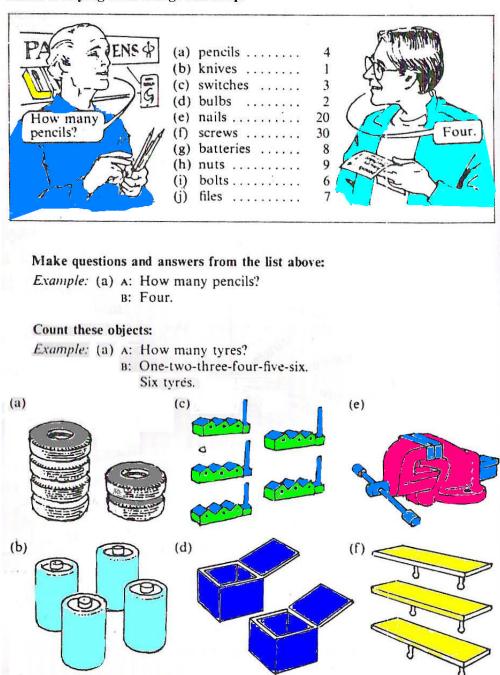
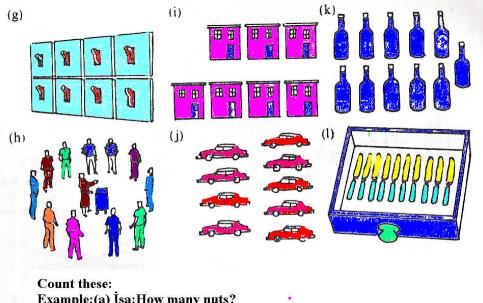


Figure 2.14: Count these objects

Exercise



Example:(a) İsa:How many nuts?
Davut:One-two-.....etc.
Fifteen nuts.

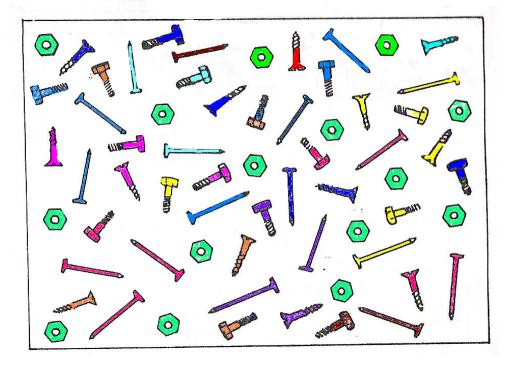
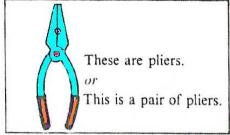


Figure 2.15:Count these

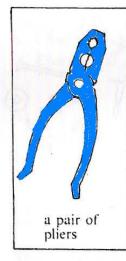
2.3.4. A Pair Of Pliers

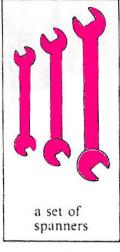




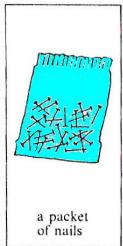
Repeat: Adem: What are these called? Halil: They're called pliers.

Make sentences:









Example: (a) These are pliers.

This is a pair of pliers.

- (a) pliers
- (e) glasses
- (i) rulers
- (m) screws

- (b) pincers
- (f) spanners
- (j) tools
- (n) nuts and bolts

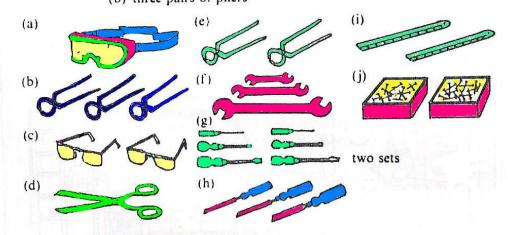
- (c) scissors
- (g) screwdrivers
- (k) matches

- (d) goggles
- (h) chisels
- (l) nails

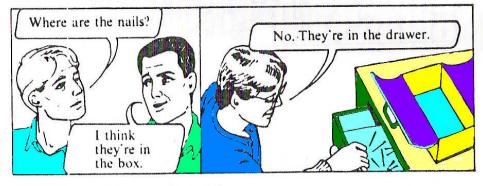
Figure 2.16: A pair of pliers

Exercise: Make a list

Examples: (a) one pair of goggles (b) three pairs of pliers



'Where are they?'



Repeat: A: Where are the nails?

B: I think they're in the box.
A: No. They're in the drawer.

Read these:

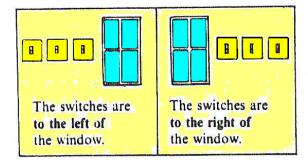
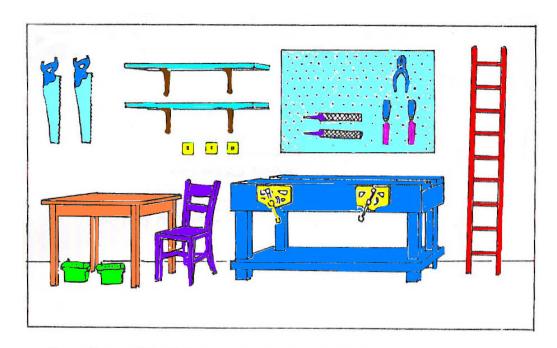


Figure 2.17: Where are they?

Exercise 2: Complete the centences



Example: (a) The chisels are to the right of the files.

- (a) _____ to the right of the files.
- (b) _____ above the chisels.
- (c) ____ under the table.
- (d) ____ on the bench.
- (e) _____ to the left of the chisels.
- (f) _____ between the table and the bench.
- (g) _____ below the shelves.
- (h) _____ to the right of the bench.
- (i) _____ to the left of the shelves.

Make questions and answers about the picture above:

Example: (a) Ali:Where are the vices.

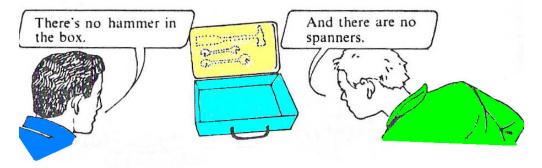
Ömer:I think they're in the boxes.

Raşit:No.They're on the bench.

- (a) vice / in box
- (b) chisel / below / saw
- (c) file / right / chisel
- (d) saw / right chisel
- (e) chair / between / bench / ladder
- (f) shelf / above / bench
- (g) box / on / bench
- (h) ladder / left / table

Figure 2.18:Make questions

2.3.5. There Are No Spanners Celal is in the workshop.



Repeat: A: There's no hammer in the box.

B: And there are no spanners.

Are these true or false? Correct the false sentences:

Example: (a) FALSE - There's NO vice on the bench.

- (a) There's a vice on the bench.
- (b) There are files on the toolboard.
- (c) There are no tyres on the table.
- (d) There are switches on the wall.
- (e) There's no battery on the table.
- (f) There's a saw under the table.

Make sentences:

Examples: (a) There are no pliers on the board.

(d) There are two pairs of pincers on the board.

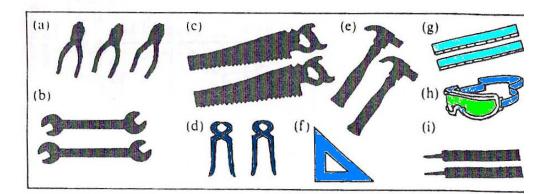
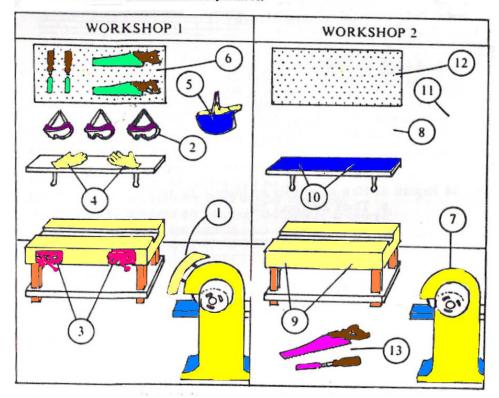


Figure 2.19: There are no spanners

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Match the sentences and the pictures:



Example: (a) There are no vices on the bench - 9

- (a) There are no vices on the bench.
- (b) There are goggles on the wall.
- (c) There's no guard on the machine.
- (d) There are vices on the bench.
- (e) There are tools on the board.
- (f) There is no helmet on the wall.
- (g) There are no goggles on the wall.
- (h) There are gloves on the shelf.
- (i) There are no tools on the board.
- (j) There's a guard on the machine.
- (k) There are tools on the floor.
- (1) There's a helmet on the wall.
- (m) There are no gloves on the shelf.

Cevaplarınızı cevap anahtarı ile karşılaştırınız.

CHECK LIST

Modü	ilün Adı	Teknik Yabancı Dil 1	Modül Eğitimini				
		Teknik Alet ve Cihazlar	Alanın:				
		Elektrikli Ev Aletleri					
		Hesap Makinesi	Adı ve Soyadı				
	AÇIKLAMA: Bu faaliyeti gerçekleştirirken aşağıdaki kontrol listesini bir arkadaşınızın						
doldu		teyiniz. Sadece ilgili alanı doldu					
Aşağıda listelenen davranışların her birinin arkadaşınız tarafından yapılıp							
	yapılmadığını gözlemleyiniz. Eğer yapıldıysa evet kutucuğunun hizasına X işareti						
koyur	ıuz. Yapılı	madıysa hayır kutucuğunun hiza	asına X işareti koyunu	Z.			
DEĞERLENDİRME KRİTERLERİ				Evet	Hayır		
	DEGERALI (DIRIVE IRRITERIDERI						
1	Teknik kelimelerle cümleler hazırladınız mı?						
2	Kullandığınız kelimeleri teknik İngilizce olarak belirlediniz						
	mi?						
3	Gereçlerin isimlerini teknik İngilizce olarak doğru olarak						
	yazdınız mı?						
4	_	nız kelimelerin karşılıklarını (Tü	irkçe/Ingilizce) yazılı				
	veya sözlü açıklayabiliyor musunuz?						
5	Resimle	rin anlamını İngilizce olarak ya	zdınız mı?				
6	Teknik İ	ngilizce olarak bir makale hazır	ladınız mı?				
7	Teknik İ	ngilizce kelimelerle cümleler ku	ırdunuz mu?				
DÜŞÜNCELER							

DEĞERLENDİRME

Cevaplarınızı cevap anahtarı ile karşılaştırınız. Doğru cevap sayınızı belirleyerek kendinizi değerlendiriniz. Yanlış cevap verdiğiniz ya da cevap verirken tereddüt yaşadığınız sorularla ilgili konuları faaliyete geri dönerek tekrar inceleyiniz.

LEARNING ACTIVITY-3

GOAL

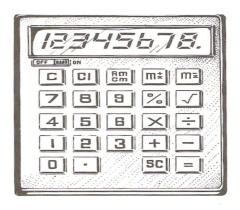
Bu faaliyetle hesap makinesi ile ilgili temel kavramların İngilizce karşılıklarını ifade edbileceksiniz.

RESEARCH

Bu faaliyet öncesinde yapmanız gereken öncelikli araştırmalar şunlardır: Şimdiye kadar öğrendiğiniz hesap makinesi ile ilgili araştırarak hatırlamaya çalışınız. Hesap makinesi ile ilgili İngilizce kelimeleri bularak kendinize küçük bir cep sözlüğü hazırlayınız.

3.CALCULATOR

3.1. Introduction



This is an electronic calculator. It has a display, an on/off switch and twenty-four keys. Other calculators have thirty-two or thirty-eight keys.

This calculator has eight digits in the display. Other calculators have ten or twelve digits in the display.

The digits in this display are liquid crystal. A liquid crystal display (or LCD) is black. Other calculators do not have liquid crystal displays. They have light emitting diode (or LED) displays. LED displays are not black. They are red or green.

To add 2.62 and 3.91

- First, switch the calculator on. Next, press the keys ② ① ⑥ and ②. Check the number in the display.
- Press the addition (+) key. Press the keys (3) (9) and (1)
- Check this number in the display.
- Press the equals ((=)) key
- Read the answer (6.53) in the display.
- Switch the calculator off.

Figure 3.1:Calculator

3.2. Working With A Calculator

Practice 1

Are these instructions correct? If they are wrong, correct them.

To add 6.24 and 11.03:

- 1 Switch the calculator off.
- 2 Press the keys (6) (2) and (4).
- 3 Check this number in the display.
- 4 Press the equals ((=)) key.
- 5 Press the keys (1) ① (3).
- 6 Check this number in the display.
- 7 Press the addition (+) key.
- 8 Read the answer (17.72) in the display.
- 9 Switch the calculator off.

Study Section 7.2



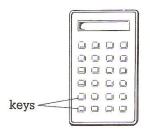
Practice 2

Write instructions for these calculations:

- 19.68 + 7.41
- $2 \quad 3.24 1.304$
- $3 32 \times 12.5$
- $4 27 \div 1.5$

Practice 3

Look at this example:



This calculator has twenty-four keys. Other calculators have thirty-two or thirty-eight keys.

Figure 3.2: Instructions

PRACTICE ACTIVITY

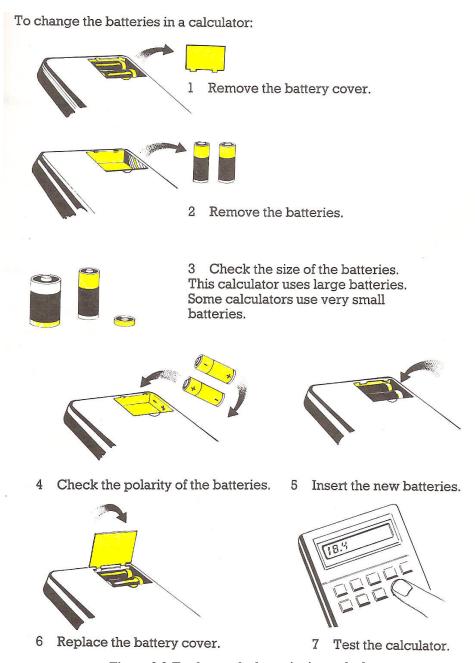


Figure 3.3:To change the batteries in a calculator

3.3. How Many Does It Have?



Repeat: A: How many keys does it have?

B: It has 23.

Make questions and answers:

Example: (a) A: How many teeth does this wheel have? B: It has 8 teeth.

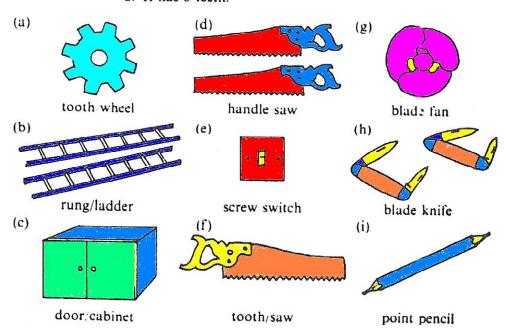


Figure 3.4: How many does it have?

PRACTICE ACTIVITY

Make questions and answers

Example: 1 A: How many switches does the cassette

player have? B: It has 3.

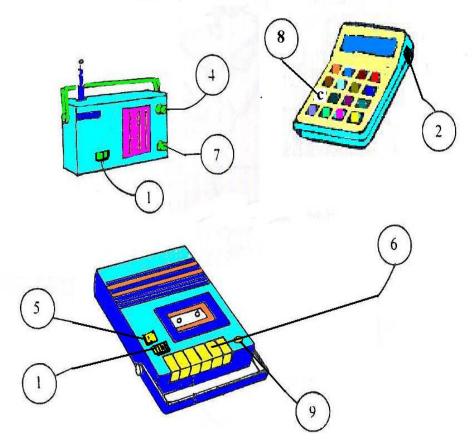


Figure 3.5: Make questions and answers

3.4. What Do You Know?

Match the words with the numbers

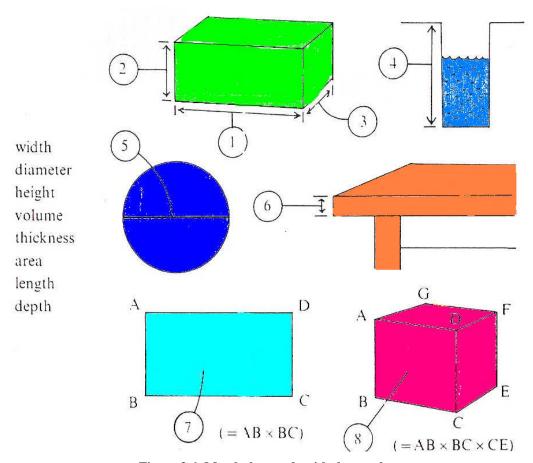


Figure 3.6: Match the words with the numbers

3.4.1. Thirteen Or Thirty?

Akif is showing Sinan how to mark out wood. Sinan makes a mistake. Akif corrects him.



Repeat: A: Mark nineteen millimetres. No. It's nineteen.

Study this:			Say these numbers like this:				ce this:
				13	thir	teen	
				30	thir	ty	
Read	l these	out:					
13	15	17	19	1	70	119	116

Figure 3.7: Say numbers

Make questions and answers *Example:* (a) A: Is it nine*teen?* B: No. It's ninety.

(a)	A:	19?		(d)	A:	80?		(g)	A:	16?	
	В:	19	90		B:	80	18	303-3010	B:	16	60
(b)	A:	50?		(e)	A:	14?		(h)	A:	30?	
	В:	50	15		B:	14	40		в:	30	13
(c)	A:	13?		(f)	A:	70?		(i)	Λ:	40?	
	B:	13	30		B:	70	17		B:	40	14

Study this:

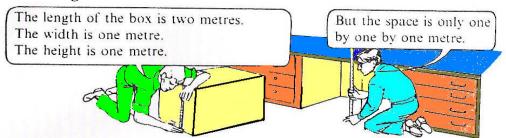
Write it like this:	Say it like this:
4.653	four thousand, six
	hundred and fifty-
	three
4.653	four point six five
	three
1.01	one point oh one
	or
	one point zero one

Read these out:

(g) 2301.5 (a) 18.05 (h) 230.15 (b) 6016 (i) 23.015 (c) 4.14 (d) 17.125 (j) 2.3015 (k) 0.23015 (e) 90.019 (1) 0.023015 (f) 80.018

Figure 3.8: Make questions and answers

3.4.2. The Length Is 1 Meter



Repeat: A: The length of the box is two metres. The width is one metre. The height is one metre.

B: But the space is only one by one by one metre.

Study this:

Write it like this:	Say it like this:
$4m \times 5m \times 6m$	four by five by six
	metres.

Read these out:

Example: (d) Two metres by three metres by four metres.

- (a) 2m
- (d) 5mm
- (g) lkm

- (b) $2m \times 3m$
- (e) $5\text{mm} \times 6\text{mm}$
- (h) $1km \times 3km$

- (c) $2m \times 3m \times 4m$
- (f) $5mm \times 6mm \times 8mm$ (i) $1km \times 2km \times 3km$

Make sentences:

Example: (a) The door is one by two metres.

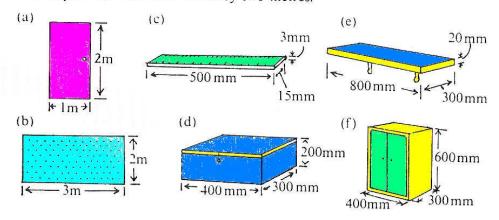
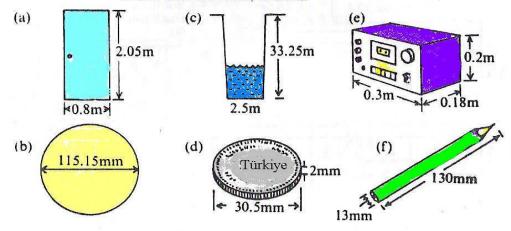


Figure 3.9: How long is it?

Make sentences

Example: (a) The height of the door is 2.05m and the width is 0.8m.



Study this:

Write it like this:	Say it like this:
20m ²	twenty square metres
60m ³	sixty cubic metres

Look at the pictures in Exercise above. Make sentences:

Example: (a) The area of the door is 2m².

- (a) area
- (d) volume
- (b) area
- (e) volume
- (c) volume
- (f) volume

Measure objects in your classroom (or guess their measurements). Make sentences:

Example: (g) The length of the room is about 12m.

The width is about 7m.

The height is about 5m.

So the volume of the room is about 420m³.

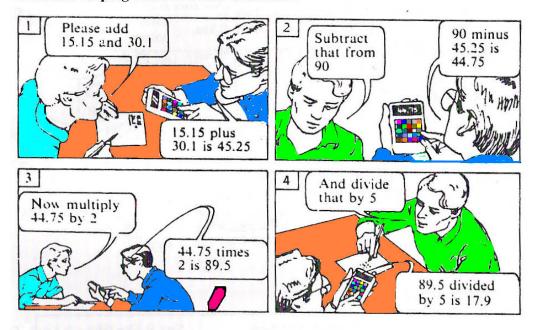
- (a) desk top
- (f) door
- (b) table top
- (g) room
- (c) blackboard
- (h) drawer (in table)
- (i) eraser
- (d) cabinet (e) window
- (j) box



Figure 3.10: Make sentences

3.4.3. Add, Subtract, Multiply, Divide

Ahmet is helping Yusuf with his calculator.



Repeat: A: Please add 15.15 and 30.1

B: 15.15 plus 30.1 is 45.25

A: Subtract that from 90

B: 90 minus 45.25 is 44.75

A: Now multiply 44.75 by 2

B: 44.75 times 2 is 89.5

A: And divide that by 5

= ?

= ?

=?

= '?

B: 89.5 divided by 5 is 17.9

Read out these sums. Give the answers:

Example: (a) 13.3 plus 60.17 is 73.3

(a)
$$13.13 + 60.17 = ?$$
 (e) $16.55 -$

(e) 16.55 - 14(b) 40.02 - 20.02=?

(f) 20.08×3

(i) 7017 – 4004 (j) 16+2.125

(c) $18.18 \div 9$ = ? (g) $15 \div 3$

(k) $5 \div 2.5$

(d) 70×4

(h) 14.14 + 3.03

=?

(1) 13.3×3

= ?

= '?

=?

Read out these problems. Solve them:

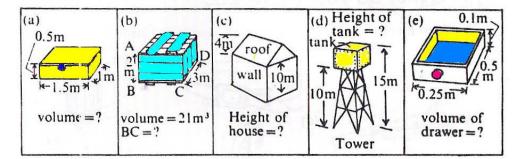
Example: (a) $98.4 \times 5 = 492$ $492 \div 12 = 41$

- (a) Multiply 98.4 by 5 and divide the answer by 12
- (b) Add 33.5 to 26.35 and subtract 45.8 from the answer
- (c) Divide 40.5 by 5, and multiply the answer by 8
- (d) Add 235.08 to 51.73, and subtract the answer from 326.2
- (e) Subtract 54.93 from 85.01. Add 2.27. Subtract the answer from 61.9

Figure 3.11: Add, subtract, multiply, divide

3.4.4. How do we calculate these? Make instructions

Example: (a) 1 Multiply 0.5 by 1.5 $(0.5 \times 1.5 = 0.75)$ 2 Now multiply 0.75 by 1 $(0.75 \times 1 = 0.75)$ 3 The volume of the box is 0.75m³



Solve this problem: How thick is the frame? Read out your calculations:

Example: (a) 1 58 × ____ = ____ 2 184- ___ = ____ 3 ___ ÷ __ = ____ 4 The thickness of the frame is _____mm

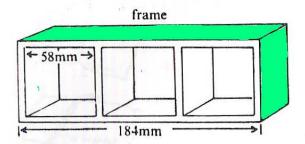
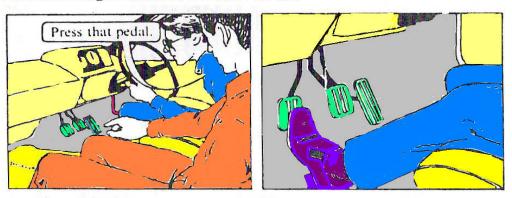


Figure 3.12: Read calculations

3.5. Press That Pedal

Esat is showing Abdullah how to drive the car.



Repeat: A: Press that pedal.

What are Fatih, Mustafa and Şükrü saying?

Examples: (a) Press the pedal.

(d) Pick the hammer up.

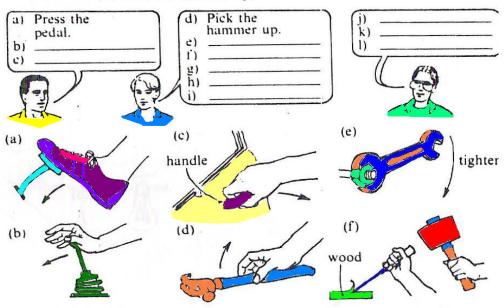
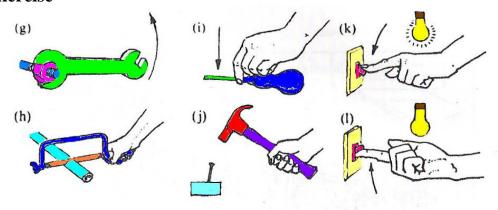


Figure 3.13: Make sentences according to the pictures

Exercise



Study this:



Match these sentences in the same way:

Example: (a) - (5): Halid: The tank is empty.
Abdulbaki: Please fill it.

- (a) The tank is empty.
- (b) The door is open.
- (c) The belt is tight.
- (d) The windows are closed.
- (e) The screws are loose.
- (f) The bin is full.
- (g) The bottles are empty.
- (h) The light is on.
- (i) The saw is on the floor.
- (j) The box is closed.

- (1) Please loosen it.
- (2) Please open them.
- (3) Please empty it.
- (4) Please pick it up.
- (5) Please fill it.
- (6) Please open it.
- (7) Please tighten them.
- (8) Please switch it off.
- (9) Please close it.
- (10) Please fill them.

Figure 3.14:Exercise

PERFORMANCE EVALUTION

This is a digit from an LED display in a calculator. It has seven segments. The segments are labelled A,B,C,D,E,F and G.

The number 8 uses seven segments. The number 3 uses five segments. It uses segments A,B,C,D, and G.

Now answer these questions:

- 1. 1. Which segments does the number 7 use?
- 2. Which segments does the number 9 use?
- 3. Which segments does the number 2 use?
- 4. Which segments does the number 5 use?
- 5. Which segments does the number 4 use?
- 6. Does the number 1 use segment A?
- 7. Does the number 6 use segment G?
- 8. Does the number 0 use segment G?
- 9. Does the number 3 use segment G?
- 10. Does the number 7 use segment F?

Cevaplarınızı cevap anahtarı ile karşılaştırınız.

PRACTISE ACTIVITY

İŞLEM BASAMAKLARI	ÖNERİLER
 ➢ Örnekteki el feneri lambasının değiştirilmesi Teknik İngilizce olarak anlatılmıştır. ➢ Bu şekilde diğer aletlerin çalışmasını yapınız. ➢ Bu şekilde diğer aletlerin çalışmasını yapınız. ☐ To change the bulb in a torch: Unscrew the retaining ring. Remove the glass. Unscrew the bulb. Screw in the new bulb. Replace the glass. Screw on the retaining ring. Test the torch. 	 Teknik sözlük kullanınız. Teknik kelime bilginizi geliştiriniz. Cümlelerinizi teknik kelimelerle oluşturunuz. Öğrendiğiniz kavramların İngilizcelerini arkadaşlarınızla karşılık konuşarak pekiştiriniz.

CHECK LIST

Modül Eğitimini

Modülün Adı Teknik Yabancı Dil 1

Konu		Teknik Alet ve Cihazlar	Alanın:			
		Elektrikli Ev Aletleri				
		Hesap Makinesi	Adı ve Soyadı			
AÇIK	LAMA: I	Bu faaliyeti gerçekleştirirken a	şağıdaki kontrol liste	sini bir ark	tadaşınızın	
doldu	rmasını ist	eyiniz. Sadece ilgili alanı doldu	runuz.			
	Aşağıda listelenen davranışların her birinin arkadaşınız tarafından yapılıp yapılmadığını gözlemleyiniz. Eğer yapıldıysa evet kutucuğunun hizasına X işareti koyunuz. Yapılmadıysa hayır kutucuğunun hizasına X işareti koyunuz.					
	DEĞERLENDİRME KRİTERLERİ Evet Hayır					
1	Teknik k	elimelerle cümleler hazırladınız	z mi?			
2		elimelerle cümleler hazırladınız ğınız kelimeleri teknik İngilizc				
	Kullandı mi?	ğınız kelimeleri teknik İngilizcin isimlerini teknik İngilizce ola	e olarak belirlediniz			
2	Kullandı mi? Gereçler yazdınız Yazdığırı	ğınız kelimeleri teknik İngilizcin isimlerini teknik İngilizce ola	e olarak belirlediniz ırak doğru olarak			
2	Kullandı mi? Gereçler yazdınız Yazdığır veya söz	ğınız kelimeleri teknik İngilizc in isimlerini teknik İngilizce ola mı? uz kelimelerin karşılıklarını (Tü	e olarak belirlediniz arak doğru olarak arkçe/İngilizce) yazılı			

DÜŞÜNCELER

DEĞERLENDİRME

Yaptığınız değerlendirme sonucunda eksikleriniz varsa öğrenme faaliyetlerini tekrarlayınız.

Teknik İngilizce kelimelerle cümleler kurdunuz mu?

Modülü tamamladınız, tebrik ederiz. Öğretmeniniz size çeşitli ölçme araçları uygulayacaktır. Öğretmeninizle iletişime geçiniz.

MODUL EVALUTION

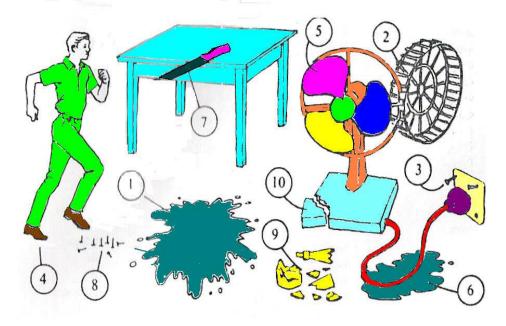
PERFORMANS TESTİ (YETERLİK ÖLÇME)

Modül ile kazandığınız yeterliği aşağıdaki kriterlere göre değerlendiriniz.

Match the warnings with the numbers in the picture:

Example:(a)Be careful!There's some water under the wire-number 6

- (a)Be careful! There's some water under the wire.
- (b)Don't run here!
- (c)Look out! There's some oil on the floor.
- (d)Don't touch the blades!
- (e)Be careful!The guard is open. Close it.
- (f) Tighten those screws. They're loose.



ANSWER KEYS

LEARNING ACTIVITY-1'S ANSWER KEY

1	T
2	T
3	T
4	${f F}$
5	T
6	T
7	T
8	F

LEARNING ACTIVITY-2'S ANSWER KEY

a	9
b	2
c	7
d	3
e	6
f	11
g	8
h	4
i	12
j	1
k	13
1	5
m	10

LEARNING ACTIVITY-3'S ANSWER KEY

1	3
2	6
3	5
4	5
5	4
6	N
7	Y
8	N
9	Y
10	N

MODUL EVALUTION'S ANSWER KEY

a	6
b	4
c	1
d	7
e	2
f	3

PROPOSED REFERENCES

- Yurt içinde ve yurt dışında yayımlanan muhtelif İngilizce dergiler. İnternette Teknik İngilizce ile ilgili siteler. Genellikle büyükşehirlerde yapılan makine fuarlarındaki tanıtım katalogları. Üniversitelerde hazırlanmış olan lisans, yüksek lisans ve doktora tezleri.

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- http://en.wikipedia.org
- > www.seslisozluk.com

TECHNICAL DICTIONARY		cut	:Kesmek
\mathbf{A}			
area	:Alan,bölge	D	
arm	:Kol	depth	:Derinlik
		diameter	:Сар
В		dry	:Kuru
_	:Temel	dull	:Kör
	:Pil, akü	electrician	:Elektrikçi
•	:Kayış	empty	:Boş
	:Sıra, bank		
	:Bükmek	\mathbf{F}	
	:Kutu	factory	:Fabrika
	:Bıçak ağzı	fan	:Pervane
	:Sürgü, civata	file	:Dosya, eğe
	:Sise	fill	:Dosya, ege :Doldurmak
	:Kırmak	fine	:İyi
	:Tuğla	fire	:Ateş
	:Köprü	flexible	:Esnek
_	Kolay kırılır, gevrek	full	:Dolu
	Kova		V2 014
bulb :	Ampul	G	
burn :	Yakmak	_	TO 1.1 101
		glass	:Bardak, gözlük, cam
\mathbf{C}		glove	:Eldiven
cabinet	•Dolon	goggles	:Kaynak gözlüğü
cable	:Dolap :Kablo	gravel	:Çakıl,çakıl döşemek
calculator	:Hesap makinesi	guard	:Koruyucu
cassette pl	_	**	
carpenter	:Yapı ustası	H	
cement	:Cimento	hammer	:Çekiç
chisel	:Keski	handle	:Sap
circle	:Daire	hard	:Sert
close	:Yakın, kapamak.	head	:Kafa,baş
closed	:Kapalı	height	:Yükseklik
coarse	:İşlenmemiş, kaba	helmet	:İş başlığı
cold	:Soğuk	hot	:Sıcak
combustib	S	_	
concrete	:Beton	I	
copper	:Bakır	iron	:Demir,ütü
cover	:Kapak, örtmek		,

K kilo knife	:Kilo :Bıçak	press pull push put down	:Basmak :Çekmek :İtmek :Yere koymak
L ladder lamp leg length lever litre loose loosen	:Merdiven :Lamba :Bacak :Uzunluk :Kol :Litre :Gevşek,bol :Gevşetmek	R radio rectangle rigid rope rubber ruler ring	:Radyo :Dikdörtgen :Katı :İp :Lastik :Cetvel :Zil çalması
M machine mechanic metal nail non-combustible nut O	:Makine :Tamirci :Metal :Çivi : Yanmaz,tutuşmaz :Civata somunu	S sack sand saw scissors scratch screw serewdriver send set square sheet	:Torba :Kum :Testere :Makas :Kazımak, çizmek :Vida :Tornavida :Göndermek :Gönye :Sac, levha
open P paint pane paper pedal petrol pick up pincers pipe plank plastic pliers plug point	:Açmak, açık :Boya :Pencere camı :Kağıt :Pedal :Benzin :Yerden almak :Kerpeten :Boru :Kalın tahta,döşemelik :Plastik :Pense :Fiş :Uç,nokta	shelf shiny socket soft spanner square steel stone straight switch switch off	:Raf :Işıldayan :Fiş :Yumuşak :Somun anahtarı :Kare :Çelik :Taş :Düz :Anahtar :Anahtarı kapatmak :Anahtarı açmak

tight	:Sıkı	volume	:Hacim
tighten	:Sıkıştırma		
tile	:Kiremit, fayans		
thin	:İnce	${f W}$:Su :Kuyu :Islak :Tekerlek
toolboard	:Takım tahtası :Sert :Kamyon :Döndürme :Üçgen	water well wet wheel	
tough truck			
turn			
triangle			
tyre	:Teker	width wire	:Genişlik :Kablo
		wood	:Tahta
${f V}$		workshop	:Atelye
vice	:Mengene		