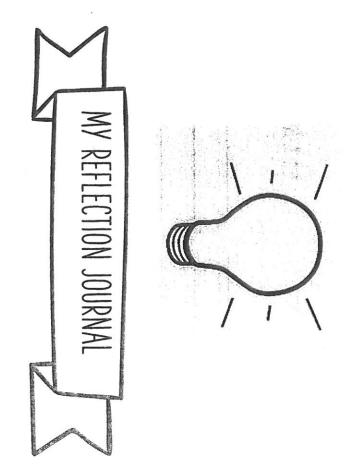


WELLNESS



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negative mood

RITY CALENDAR

events



THE IDEAL DAY



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TO DO LIST

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This Week Was:

What's boing Well?

Notes:

Week:

Wellness:	Diversity:	Leadership:	Professional Development:	How Did I Grow This Week In:	3.	2.	۲.,	3 Wir	
								3 Wins This Week	

What's Not Working?

		INDAI		THURSDAY		WEDNIESDAY		TOHOPIL	THECDAY		TITULITY	WINDAY	STARTED AT	NOKNOUL K	, <u> </u>
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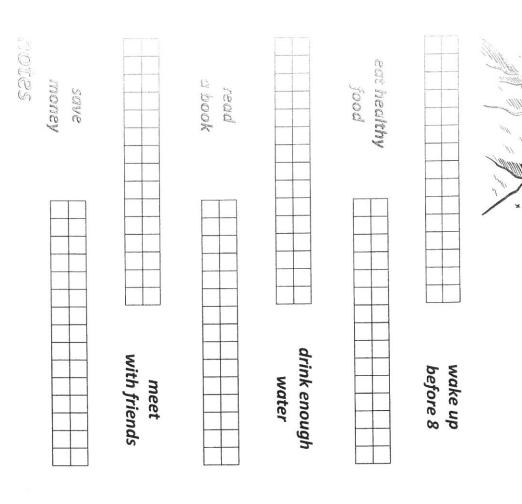
BEFORE WORKOUT MOTIVATION

AFTER.

SONGS

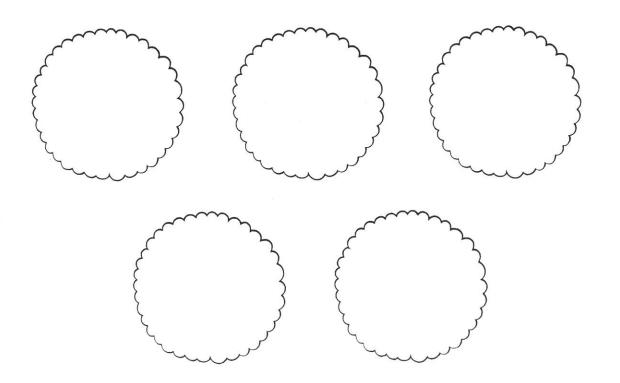


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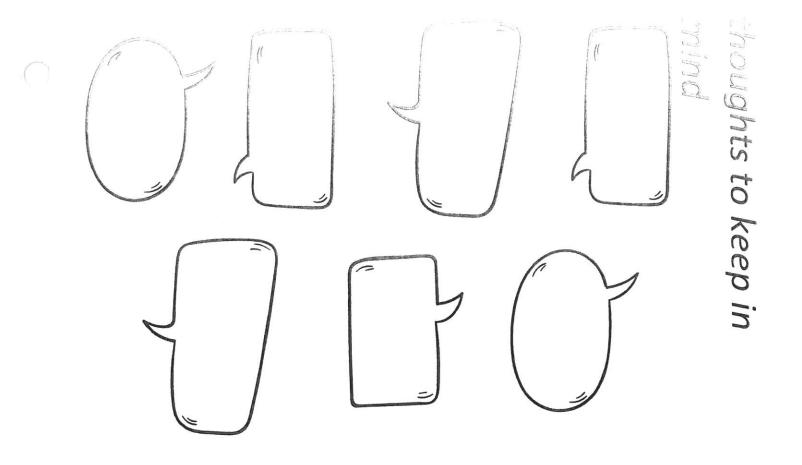


brain dump list

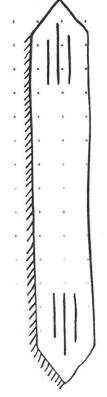
habit tracker



month in review - WORST -



gratitude log



When the Whiste Doesn't Blow Your Way

To the figures for Akross and Chrotist Library and the

Hisabeth Fewlie Meck, MD, MPH mockdoc, LLC-Healthcare Consulting & Education | Holden, Maine | mockdoc2@graat.com



Objectives/Take Aways:

- Recognize my role in stress creation. linking thoughts, behavior and emotion.
- Appraise various coping strategies for regaining control.
- Create my individualized action plan for managing stress.

Physical response to stress "Fight or Flight"

- Quick energy obtained from stores of sugars & fats
- Heart rate increases
- Digestion slows
- Skin becomes clammy
- Pupils dilate
- Muscles tighten

Response generally helpful, but not if repeated/frequent

Our thoughts influence our behavior and both are flavored by our emotion:

We stress about things that happen

We stress about things that might happen

We stress about things that don't happen

We stress about things that happened a long time ago

Stress management starts with taking responsibility for and managing thoughts, emotion and feelings: by learning how to RESPOND (adapting to the situation) as opposed to REACT (acting instinctively while feeling fearful or threatened).



Did you know?

Children laugh out loud up to 400 times a day while adults laugh 15 times per day (on average)!

He ens busiers or "coping strategies"

TT	Three Est Hotels are transfer matches	Filed add its Him. I straight to add to a status	
Have a routine	Build a few second "gap" into timeouts and stops in play (do a quick selfassessment, take a deep breath, focus on any physical tension)	Use simple bio-feedback devices to calm	Healthy diet: particularly fresh fruits & vegetables
Anticipate & prepare ("What can-I do if?")	Immediate solution ("What can I do right now to improve the situation?")	Restorative coping ("What can Fdo now that?")	Regular exercise (aerobic and strength)
Plan for the unexpected	Speak slowly	People watch for a few minutes	EAUGH
Relaxation techniques: deep breathing, visualization, prayer ("Jesus" prayer)	Relaxation techniques: deep breathing & visualization	Relaxation techniques: progressive muscle relaxation	Relaxation techniques: yoga, meditation, intentional stillness
Drink black tea (may decrease cortisol response to stress) or eat a dark chocolate	Attend to your posture	Remember the 24 hour rule: wait to deliver negative feedback	Improved time management skills
Go outdoors briefly	Adopt a quick go-to stretch	Turn your head-phones up and dance a few steps	SLEEP
Drink water	Develop your co-coaches into "rapid stress-reducers," talk face to face with a relaxed and balanced listener	differentiations and account for the factor of the factor	Schedule "me" time ora- small reward daily
Listen to nature sounds involving water (Trickle Effect)	Roll your shoulders and neck	unitriumina para di la	Adopt a hobby—preferably one that involves kinesthetic energy
Eat nuts, especially almonds; berries; complex carbs	Adopt a stuffed team mascot for quick taps (not so much for luck as for the calming effect of 'petting')	Allikumuma karakan kar	Give and receive regular physical affection with loved ones
Perform a repetitive- physical activity 10 times (jumping jack, push-up, lateral jump, squat jump) or a 20 pace power walk	Develop your own "keep cool" motor stereotype—a rhythmic, repetitive, fixed, predictable movement (such as squeezing the tips of your thumb and forefinger together)	THE SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	Power offefor a set period d'aily
Wear comfortable, soft clothes	Keep a stress ball on the	S (1977)	Journal and/or color

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Look at a cherished photo or memento	Listen to favorite music	Bring scent with you in the form of a small scented candle	A piece of sugarless gum	Bring a swatch of a fuzzy soft blanket
Bring an item from nature indoors (ocean stone, pine cone, feather)	Listen to a relaxation frack	Keep an item from nature that retains its natural scent	Dark chocolate	Pat a pet (or a substitute stuffed animal when traveling)
Choose an accessory with your favorite color (or place item in pocket)	Develop and recite a mantra	Carry a handkerchief that was worn or slept with by a loved one	Sip a cold or hot drink	Hold any comforting object
Close your eyes and picture your "happy place"	Sing or hum a favorite tune	Step outside and breathe deeply	Pack a healthy, crunchy snack (carrots, celery, trail mix)	Take a warm bath or shower
	Recite a line or two of a favorite poem		Eat a piece of fresh or dried fruit	Give yourself a hand or neck massage

Methods for mindfully de-stressing:

- Practice letting go—start with something trivial that makes you annoyed or angry and consciously choose not to become angry or upset.
- Practice deep breathing at certain intervals or with certain triggers, even during non-stressful times.
- Reframe—as you feel yourself becoming upset by something or someone, view the situation from a different angle.
- Gatalog a few key memories from childhood/your family of origin which are calming, happy and relaxing.
- Inquire to co-workers and colleagues about their techniques for staying focused under pressure. Verbalize your work and progress—everyone can relate to the topic of stress.
- 6 Start small. Try one or two techniques on situations with low levels of stress.
- Practice with family and friends. Make a game of it.
- (3) Identify one low-level stressor that occurs several times a week and target that stressor with a quick stress buster. And a new stressor after a couple of weeks and so on.
- Experiment and "test-drive" different sensory inputs—try a new one each day for a while.
- Be flexible. If one technique is not right for you, move on.

PERSONAL ACTION PLANFOR DECREASING STRESS AND A FEW

	Batoragaman	a purplistantes	Lender and	The rest office
Stressors				
My reactions				
Desired outcome	The state of the s			
Techniques I will try (including sensory experiences)				
Timeframe for testing/ implementing				

Action Planning

Is a process to field you to focus your ideas and to decide what steps you need to take to achieve goals.

Keep a to-do list

These minifaction plans will help you to organise your life effectively: update it every day.

Set up a reminder system.

Avoid procrastination

Start your plan NOW, not in 6-months. Don't spend too long time planning: this is a way of procrastinating.

Commitment

Tell friends Atelatives about your goals to provide support when the going gets tough & you'll feel embarrassed if you have to tell them you've given up! Mix with positive people who will encourage you to keep going.

Write down your plan

White down your commitments: you tend to abide more with what you've written down as written commitments require more effort to make than verbal ones.

Action Planning

Prioritise

Do urgent important tasks first not the easy ones. Efficiency & effectiveness are not the same: effective people focus on the important tasks.

Persevere

Consider potential problems & how to overcome these. Have a contingency plan if things don't work out map several paths to your goal & build flexibility into your planning.

Goals

Set clearly defined goals which are realistic & achievable.

Break tasks down into steps. Don't worry about the order at this stage. Arrange the steps in a logical order. Break down any large steps into smaller components.

Eocus on one step at a time.

Rewards

Give yourself a small treat for completing of each step: the bigger the step the bigger the reward! Bist the benefits you'll gain by reaching your goal:

Review your progress

Revise plans as appropriate.

Map several routes to your goal!

Have a contingency plan.

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