HAMMOND PARK

LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT PLAN

NOVEMBER 1997

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

REFERENCE

Hammond Park Landscape Plan

Council meeting April 1997 resolved to adopt the Riverside Resevers Management Plan being a strategic policy document which required Landscape Management Plans to be prepared for the individual parks within the river corridor.

Design Services, Hamilton City Council have prepared the first of these Landscape Management Plans.

PURPOSE

The purpose of the Hammond Park Landscape Management Plan is to indicate how the strategic policies will be applied in the park. The proposed development and maintenance regimes are outlined after consultation with interested parties.

Consultation

The Plan has been prepared after review of all submissions made to the Riverside Reserves Management Plan and further consultation with those submitters with a particular interest in Hammond Park.

Landscape Management Plan

For purposes of management Hammond Park has been divided into Landscape Zones determined by particular site characteristics, issues and intended uses. Issues include erosion problems, vegetation management, relationships with adjoining neighbours and community aspirations.

The works planned for each zone to resolve these issues have determined a sequence of Implementation and Staging of Development within zones. The sequence of the works is indicated in the plan with the interrelationship between works. The Plan includes estimated costing of the works shown, both for new works and the consequential maintenance works.

Estimated Costs

The estimated costs (with the exception of the \$350,000 for the Steep Bank Walkway, which will be beyond the 20 year period) are provided for in the Approved Hamilton's Strategic Plan 1997-2017, 20 year Financial Plan. Although the beginning of works and subsequent programme may depand on the review of the Strategic Plan and public involvement in the Annual Planning process

Financial Provision in Hamilton's Strategic Plan

1997/98	Walkway – Malcolm Street (unfunded)	\$400,000
1999/00	Community Environmental Planting	\$50,000
2000/01	Community Environmental Planting	\$50,000
2000/01	Neighbour Park Development	\$60,000
2001/02	Community Environmental Planting	\$50,000
2003/04	Riverbank Stability – erosion control	\$30,000
2004/05	Walkway – Riverlea Road	\$385,000
		\$1,025,000

RECOMMENDATION

That this report be received, and

that the Hammond park Landscape Plan November 1997 be adopted, and

that staff advise all interested parties, and

that the Plan be implemented as funds are made available.

Bill Featherstone

Community Assets Manager

WAF:jf

General Manager, Community Services

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

Design Services have been retained by Community Assets Management Business Unit (CAMBU) to carry out preliminary and concept designs of areas along the river within Hamilton. The areas of interest are riverside reserves and are part of an overall strategy for development of the riverside reserves. The Landscape Management Plans were required as a result of a Council Resolution of April 1997, following acceptance of the Riverside Reserves Management Plan (Clause 2.4.3 (d) and 2.4.4 (h)).

The LMP provides further detailed information relating to the riverside reserves in particular areas. Each LMP supports the principles set out in the RRMP.

1.2 SCOPE

The scope of this report covers Hammond Park (See Plans 1-3, Appendix 6.3)

This document covers concept design of structures, preliminary design of planting and a landscape management plan.

1.3 DESIGN INPUT

Design inputs provided by CAMBU are:

- a) The Riverside Reserves Management Plan
- b) Community Consultation Submissions
- c) Site Visit Discussions

Available input provided by Design Services

- i) Base photos and Drawings
- ii) Cadastral Information

1.4 GENERAL METHODOLOGY

In determining the methodology used in the design and determination process, Systems engineering principles were applied.

The methodology was to establish a document heirarchy, carry out a requirements analysis, identify key design issues for each plan, carry out confirmation of community involvement, carry out preliminary design, report back to the community and finalise preliminary design.

The majority of the work in developing the LMP was a desktop study of the areas and the requirements from the RRMP and community input.

The key to the public involvement in this stage of the process was for the design team to report back to the community and to gain some additional feed back from the community and other interested parties.

1.4.1 DOCUMENT HIERARCHY

A document heirachy has been established in order to develop the plans in a controlled manner. The top level document is the RRMP. This is defined this as the "A" level document. Its inputs include the community submissions associated with that document. The next level document, described as a "B" level Document is the LMPs. Further Construction Level Documents (C) level documents will be required for engineering structures and other more detailed plans at a later time.

The Flow of information to establish the document heirachy and traceability is as follows:-

- a) Community consultation and strategic direction was used to establish the RRMP.
- b) The RRMP was then the agreed direction for establishment and maintenance of the Riverside reserves.
- c) LMP for a designated area can be developed.
- d) Construction and detailed design will be required for engineering structures and associated works.

1.4.2 COMMUNITY CONSULTATION

The Design team had no input to the process at the initial community consultation stage. As an independent review the design team used the existing documentation as a basis for the development of the LMP design.

A requirements analysis from the RRMP using the written submissions as supporting evidence identified key design areas. In addition to the RRMP and the submission consultation with the CAMBU team resulted in the definition of the key areas for attention during the design process. These documents provide the traceable path from design inputs to the final designs.

1.5 PURPOSE OF THE LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT PLAN

The LMP and this report will be able to be used for the development of landscape works, that is the functional layout, planting and structural facilities of the park. The engineering detail is sufficient with some additional supporting data to gain Resource and Building Consents for the engineering works within the park for the works in principle. Some additional detailed design will be required on specific structures such as the steep bank walkway and any bridges.

1.6 REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS - KEY DESIGN AREAS

The requirements analysis is used to determine the key design areas for the plans. These were determined on the basis of general issues and specific park issues.

General requirements:-

- Vegetation native plant selection
- 2. Removal of willows
- 3. Visual impacts Views
- 4. Riverbank protection

- 5. Stormwater drainage
- 6. User access
- 7. Cultural aspects

Specific requirements identified for this plan:-

- 1. Identification of vegetation areas
- 2. Walkways
- 3. Riverbank protection
- 4. Removal of Willows
- 5. Delineation of park boundaries
- 6. Identification and protection areas of historical and Maori significance
- 7. Stormwater drainage
- 8. River Safety
- 9. Steep Bank Walkway, Bridge.

2.0 CONSULTATION PROCESS & RESULTS

2.1 CONSULTATION METHODOLOGY

2.1.1 CONSULTATION PROCESS

The process of consultation was as follows:-

- a) Send out initial letter to all client notified interest groups and individuals to:
 - i) provide opportunity for further comments relevant to the specific sites being developed;
 - ii) determine level of continuing involvement required by the interested parties;
 - iii) get a feel for possible areas of conflict.
- b) Collate responses and summarise according to site or other issues raised.
- c) Develop options to meet the concerns raised and incorporate them in the draft landscape plans and the management regimes as appropriate.
- d) Parties requiring further involvement invited to presentation meetings: The Councillor workshop was notified by the client as a variation to the brief's requirements for consultation. This was held first with other staff and Tangata Whenua invited. The staff and Nga Mana Toopu were also invited to further consultation and presentation meetings. The individual interested parties, the 'green' groups, local Maori groups and one sports group were invited to the public meeting at Hamilton Gardens. A list of attendees is attached in Appendix 6.2.

The presentation included:-

- i) The draft plans and cross sections.
- ii) Introduction to the issues by P. Duncan.
- iii) Discussion of the concept and zones by A. Pearson.
- iv) Discussion of the implementation and management regimes by B. Mackay.
- v) Discussion of any structural issues by P. Duncan.

vi) Fielding questions from interested parties. Issues raised were noted.

Generally the presentation was well received.

e) Modify plans and management proposals based on consultation issues. Notify Maori representatives of exotic species to be used for river stabilisation works.

2.1.2 CONSULTATION ISSUES

Major consultation issues to arise during the process outlined were:-

- a) The level of popular misunderstanding of the process of consultation and outcomes from the previous Management Plan consultation gave rise to some debate at the public meetings. However in general careful listening to and dealing with the issues raised resulted in better understanding by submitters and consultants of the issues and better outcomes meeting client and submitters requirements in the majority of cases.
- b) Impact on cultural and historical areas: The concept plans were accepted as such by Maori consultees, but with the expectation of further consultation and archaeological work on the respective sites, prior to any works. Any planned structures and even some planting in some areas cannot be definitive as a consequence. The recommended course for future consultation was that Nga Mana Toopu (and other local Maori) be consulted and involved in any archaeological work earlier (prior to any concept planning). This would clearly identify critical sites and location of artifacts and obviate the need to modify plans later.

Specifically, Maori representatives expect to be further consulted on the detail of interpretative or commemorative features to be located close to pa sites or in relation to other identified artifacts, and of the location of paths and Totara groves in relation to these sites also.

In effect this constitutes a 'key implementation' area for Tangata Whenua, not identified in the Management Plan but implied by the Policy 3.1.2 (d) and (e): Park development cannot be sensitive to cultural sites without adequate investigation of the physical evidence.

- c) Engineering structures: Some engineering structures have been modified to more easily meet the aims of the community and the RRMP. In Particular the groyne structure was modified and it was determined only to use these structure where necessary. The proposal to link Hammond Park to the Gardens using a walkway was also revised.
- d) Removal of the willows: The meetings clearly indicated a preference for the removal of the willows as soon as possible.

2.2 SUMMARY OF SUBMISSIONS

2.2.1 ORIGINAL PUBLIC SUBMISSIONS 2.2.1.1. HAMMOND PARK ISSUES

Submission	Issue	Covered	Covered in Final Version of	Proposed Landscape Options
No.		Manage	Management Plan/Comment	
#28	Board walk in Hammond Bush	>		Incorporate in plans
#12	Non native trees on Recreation area – removal for views and security	×	(In part)	Selective removal and replanting. Limbing up trees.
#57	Fenced walkway in Hammond Bush – no bikes	>		Incorporate in structural design and proposals
	Reclaim reserve areas (and removal of animals)	`>	The second section is a second	Incorporate in plans
	Remove weeds	<i>^</i>		Incorporate in proposals
	Walkway to Balfour	×	(not in MP, but is consistent with safety	Incorporate link to Balfour Crescent
	Screening unsightly buildings	×	(In part ;to DP Review)	Incorporate in proposals as far as scope allows.
65#	Retain trees on Recreation area – don't remove or sparingly thin only.	×	(In part)	Selective removal and replanting
#11 (Many)	Retain views across Reserve	×	(In part)	Selective removal and replanting
#22	Remove willows	>		Incorporate in proposals with some replanting

Submission No.	Issue	Covered	Covered in Final Version of Management Plan/Comment	Proposed Landscape Options
	Retain views	>	(In part)	Selective removal & replanting
	Keep natives/remove exotics	>	(In part only)	Selective removal and replanting
	No jetty at Malcolm Street	>		Noted. None proposed in plans.
0.000	Security	>	(In part, Park Rangers)	Outside scope of plans.
#41	Develop Walkway – no cyclists	>		Incorporate in structural plans for walkway
	Security by fencing		(Park Rangers)	Incorporate in proposals
#44	Bikeway on East from Hungerford Terrace to Howell Avenue	>	(Not Hammond Park however)	Noted: outside scope of brief
#55	Riverpath from Hungerford Terrace/Hamilton Gardens to Riverlea Road	>		Incorporate in proposals as scope allows
#64	Walkways extensions through Hammond Park	>		Incorporate in proposals as scope allows
#20	Oppose Cycleway through Hammond Bush	>		Incorporate in walkway design
	Remove <i>Tradescantia</i> from remnant bush	<u> </u>		Incorporate in management proposals
	Replanting to protect Hammond Bush	>		Incorporate in proposals

2.2.1.2 GREEN ISSUES

Submission No.	Issues	0	Covered in M.P. Comments	Proposed Landscape Options
#20	Caution against willow removal Alternatives S. pentandra, Flax, Alnus incana		(In part)	Propose replacement with approved species and/or structures
	Control of predators & Woolly Nightshade	>	The second secon	Incorporate in proposals
	Planting themes not limiting to other factors	>		Incorporate in species selection where appropriate
	Use of local provenance's	>		Incorporate in species selection where appropriate
	Pruning rather than tree removal for views	>		Limb up trees plus some selective removal
	Control of water-skiers/wash damage to banks & aquatic habitat		→ to District Plan	Revegetate riparian zones with robust native and exotic species
	Priorities criteria suggested	>		Incorporate in priorities for sequence of implementation
#25	Pohutakawa for Riverbank	· >		Incorporate in species selection where appropriate
#32	Red gum, Jacaranda, Paulownias, Robinias on River Banks	>		Incorporate in species selection where appropriate
#36	Careful removal of willows if replaced with suitable species – native : Kahikatea, Fuchsia, Cordyline, Phormium, Kunzea, Leptospermum & Pukatea.	`	(In part)	Incorporate in proposals – selective removal & species selection

Submission	Issues		Covered in M.P.	Proposed Landscape Options
No.			Comments	
#36 cont.	Fluctuating water levels affecting stability		to District Plan	Outside scope of brief except
				selection of tolerant, stabilising
				riparian species.
	Suitable native species for birdlife.	`>		Incorporate in species selection
	of the contract of the contrac	`,		יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי
	Close ovotic woode & use of local provings and proving		начиличния в на веремения в на верем	Incompate in proposals
	Financing of Pa/Hrina (See also #51)	, >	рияния на примененти менения примененти примененти примененти примененти примененти примененти примененти приме	Incorporate in proposals
	Concern about ovola use of footnaths		\$2000 MARKET	Design cyclemes of adequate
•	Colice il about cycle use of lootpatils			width according to AAD
				יייין מרכטועוווא וט זאור
				requirements & discourage cycle
				access (Hammond Park) where not
				required by MP
	Support Gully linkages	`>		Incorporate in proposals
		,		
#42	Riverbank stability - suggest <i>Kowhai & Flax_</i> plus other natives (besides <i>Alders</i>)	>		Incorporate in proposals
	Ecotone plants – <i>Carex</i>	>		Incorporate in species selections
	River Views – promotion of parking areas & viewing corridors for vehicles. (Kowhai good species as deciduous)	>	(In part)	Incorporate in proposals
	Species – Kahikatea, Tawa, Karaka, Titoki, Nikau for Kereru,	>		Incorporate in species selection
	Miro) (for birds)			where appropriate
	Control of Possum, rabbit, mustelids, magpies, wasps (most	/		Incorporate in management
	relevant species), rats and wild or domestic cats			regimes
	Walkways/Cycleways – avoiding conflicts	`		Design cycleways of adequate
	with stability, bush, Maori, Cycles/Peds.			widths & discourage cycle access
				wriere riol required.

Submission No.	<u>Issues</u>	O	Covered in M.P. Comments	Proposed Landscape Options
09#	Willow removal supported	>		Incorporate in proposals with replacements
	Views from Roads – supported	>		Incorporate in proposals with replacements
	Rubbish dumping – not supported	^		Propose rubbish bin provision
	Nectar spp for birds & insects			Incorporate in species selection
	Predator control – rats	>		Incorporate in management
				regimes
	Bush protection – acquisition or covenants	1		Incorporate in proposals
	Deterrence of tree felling	>		Noted: selective removal of trees
····				with replacements
	Jetties for private use – concern	>		Outside scope of brief - not
				applicable to plans
	Wildlife enhancement priority should	`>		Incorporate in prosposals
	be greater		1 100	

2.2.1.3 RECREATION ISSUES

Submission No.	Issues	Covered	Covered in M.P. Comments	Proposed Landscape Options
#51	Design for prevention of Motorbike access (available from Roger Boulter)	<u> </u>		Incorporate motor bike prevention structures at walkway entries in Hammond Park
#55	Toilets location – Malcolm Street (support)	`>		Incorporate site at Hammond Park
6#	्र			3000
	 support more signage and tollets safety issues.(monitoring and maintenance of paths) 	>		Incorporate in proposals Incorporate in proposals
#10	Support access to river	>		Incorporate in proposals

2.2.1.4 MAORI ISSUES

Submission No.	Issues	Social	Covered in M.P. Comments	Proposed Landscape Options
#36	Enhancing of Pa/Urupa	>		Incorporate in proposals
	- very manufacture and a second secon		A PARTITION AND A PARTITION AN	The state of the s
#64	Concern that Totara & Pou be located so	>		Noted: incorporate in proposal plans. Recommend
	as to avoid damage to Historic/Pa sites			consultation prior to final location/installation.
#47	Support for Tangata Whenua objectives	^		Noted.
9#	Stormwater reticulation to land purification process	×	Local possibilities here.	Allow for future development in consultation with Water, Drainage & Refuse.
	Replace unwanted vegetation with natural vegetation, and diversity promotion	>	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	Incorporate in proposal
	Artistic themes depicting local Maori traditions and adding unique character.	>		Incorporate in proposal Consult prior to development of interpretative features
	Replanting native species around significant historical/cultural sites including creative signage	>		Incorporate in proposals
	Paths/walkways naming after traditional locations	>	In part. Only	Incorporate information in interpretative signage
			Reserve	
			Names affected	
	No cycleways across cultural or historic sites	\	In part 3.1.2.c,d,e	Incorporate cycleways with walkways and consult on final location close to cultural sites, prior to installation.
	Many Urupa/Pa. – protect remaining	>	3.1.2(b) (in part)	Incorporate in proposals

- Indicallingur	issues	Soke	Covered in M.P.	Proposed Landscape Options
No.		ŭ	Comments	
	Acquisition of Cultural & Historical sites of	>	3.1.3 (c)	Incorporate in proposals
	significance			
	Verbal:			Noted: consultation with local Maori prior to
	No 'pou' on specific sites	>		erection of interpretative and commemorative
	And the land control and the second control of the second control			features.

2.2.1.5 ACCESS ISSUES

	The state of the s			
Submission	Issues		Covered in M.P.	Proposed Landscape Options
No.			Comments	
#6/23	- Parking and access for disabled		Accessible where	Incorporate in walkway design
		•	access can be	
			accommodated.	

2.2.2 RIVERSIDE LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT PLANS SUBMISSIONS 2.2.2.1 HAMMOND PARK

Original SubmissionN	This Submission		Issue	Proposed Landscape Option
0,	No.			
20	101	Æ	Value of this remnant in preserving biodiversity of Intention is to meet these concerns with:	Intention is to meet these concerns with:
		ന്	whole region Micro climate and ecological conditions specific to	Revegetation using locally sourced species
			this remnant	 Provide only 1 formalised walkway through bush
		ن	Protection, restoration, long-term management of	 Education of owners and users through plans and
			Hammond Bush	interpretation signage
		Action	5	
		₹.	Buffer of vegetation around bush	
		2.	Provenance spp used	

			irocess	ii Si		of brief)
Proposed Landscape Option		Drainage to be addressed in designConsultation within process	Expect to remove willows in gradual processNot immediate removal	 Not immediate removal Consultation process to explain Council is not ignoring residents Expect to remove willows in gradual process. 	Proposal not to receive consent	Waterskiing issue outside of briefPark warden longterm (outside scope of brief)
		9 E		rd		
Issue	 Minimise disruption Educate users about special bush 	 2 sections of open and piped drain, discharge to river through outfall which requires work. Action Require input to any change to drainage system 	 Previous detailed submission Prior acceptance of his proposal to remove and prune some trees. Expected work to start in Sept. 	 Future communication only with Preston Matenga Council gave prior agreement to fell trees in Sept Residents will fell trees if Council can't Loss of views Remove all willows and half of other trees This submission should be subsequent to felling. Remaining trees require annual pruning Council ignoring residents Token removal of trees requested at least 	 Schick contractor's proposal filling and compacting of slope to remove lower terrace 	 Litter from users: propose instant fine More public awareness of waterskiing bylaw Signage to ban motorcycles & horses from park Support of Park Warden
This Submission No.		102	103	104	105	106
Original SubmissionN o.		1	12	\(\)		ı

Original SubmissionN o.	This Submission No.	Issue	Proposed Landscape Option
		5. Toilet location of interest	 Signage & toilets to be addressed in management
51	107	Prior to public consultation: 1. Involvement with the HEIRS/Riverlea project	 Discussion with HEIRS representative Alisdair Craig in staff consultation

2.3 CONSULTATION MEETING ISSUES - SUMMARY

2.3.1 COUNCILLOR'S WORKSHOP

Issue	Proposed Landscape Option or Response
Resource Consent: How long to get one from Environment Waikato?	Not envisaged as a problem. Incorpoated into implementation process.
Consultation with Tainui: Especially Sir Robert Mahuta with regard to river claim.	Consultation will be with Nga Mana Toopu as Council's contracted Maori representatives
Budgeting: Implementation determined by annual budget and resource consents.	Staging of implementation allows for the Council's budgetary processes
Overhead lines (Hamilton Gardens): Consult power company to work with them for a future upgrading	Outside scope of plan.

2.3.2 STAFF MEETING

Issue	Proposed Landscape Option or Response
Visual contact with water very important	Addressed in protection of private and public views on plans
Vistas (long stretch) of water	Addressed by planning lookout points especially in Hammond Park
Cycles: a alternate routes concurrent development of alternatives	Cycleway not allowed for in Management Plan for Hammond Park. Alternatives outside scope of brief.
Stormwater: some outlets may be obsolete no stormwater quality study yet size of treatment area required? volume output?	Development of stormwater options depends on initiatives by Water, Drainage and Refuse Unit. Plans allow for future options and management of existing stormwater outfalls.
Groynes: Doubt expressed about their necessity	Appropriate planting alternatives to groynes are integral to the plans while allowing for structures where necessary.
Recreation use: Trout fishing at Malcolm Street	Beach areas are retained open wherever possible within the stability constraints.
Vegetation removal: Concern that providing resident's views is not reason enough to remove vegetation and decrease stability	Stability and views are both addressed in proposals to selectively remove and replace Crack Willows.

2.3.3. HAMMOND PARK MEETING

Issue	Proposed Landscape Option
Habitat: require recognition of fish movement up streams will weirs remain sustainable/maintenance of silt buildup?) Waterways to be reinstated as naturally as possible)
Pest Control: possum control required continually nurse species especially to be possum tolerant) Address in Management Regimes. Control will begin prior to planting.
Toilets: at Malcolm St desired/rejected equally screening from residents view necessary further consultation over location	Possible site is shown on Hammond Park plan, but is to be subject to consultation before finalisation and construction.
Mangaonua Stream:	Outside scope of brief
Vandalism: problem at Malcolm St in summer	Possible future Ranger. Outside scope of brief except to enhance passive supervision by open views.
 supportive of fencing to reduce access into private property "no swimming" sign replacements 	Address in plans and Management Regimes. Address in Management Regime
Peacockes Road: A desire for river edge of western side to be reserved	Outside scope of brief
Play Structure: may disturb informal games which occur there	Option left open as to future play equipment. Resite swings to fit into play area without disruption.

2.3.4 NGA MANA TOOPU MEETING

VII.33	Proposed Landscape Option
A THE STATE OF THE	TODOSCH FAITASCHOT
Planting: local plant sourcing	Address in proposals
 culturally sensitive species use 	Address in proposals
■ cultural harvest of species	Outside scope of brief (future use by consultation?)
 consultation over species number /size 	Incorporated into consultation process
Archeological Sites: management report by archeologist investigation into tomo (burial/storage) planting on pa damage earthworks or burial consultation required for resource consents	Address in proposals (recommend investigation prior to works)
No sites known to be tapu (waahi tapu)	Noted
Site Visit:	
desire site visit with us	Incorporate requirement for site investigations prior to works.
Process: require establishment of a process to be followed for all riverside reserves on which work is occuring	Recommend earlier future consultation with Tangata Whenua
Tangata whenua responsibility :	
 Identification of critical sites (proven scientifically) Clarification of site issues; site investigation Detail of site: enhance/mitigate Planting consultation 	Incorporate requirement for site investigation prior to works
Identification and investigation: to take place prior to plans being contracted to be part of consents	Incorporate requirement for site investigation prior to works

lssue	Proposed Landscape Option
Future consultation: totara/pou/signage location path materials)	Incorporate requirement for site investigation prior to works
Status: Nga Mana Toopu has hapu authority/representation contracted to HCC for District Plan Review and Resource Consents only	Noted Noted
Naming: traditional naming of sites desired	Incorporate into consultation on signage and interpretation
Recommendations:	
 Further consultation prior to construction and planting — require identification and investigation 	Recommend in report and proposals
 CAMBU employ archeologists to identify sites 	To be addressed in permit and consent conditions
 Copy of plant species plans to be provided to Nga Mana Toopu prior to Incorporated into consultation process. 	Incorporated into consultation process.
The proposition of the property of the propert	

2.3.5 TE KOTUKU WHENUA MEETING

Issue	Proposed Landscape Option
Interpretation Signage: require consultation over content and positioning	Recommend in report on consultation
■ Hammond – northern pa site only (open site)	Incorporate in proposal.
Planting: species lists to be forwarded to Te Kotuku Whenua. Include bank protection/alternative willow species information	Incorporated into consultation process.
■ Height of boardwalk	Incorporate 500-700mm high boardwalk

Issue	Proposed Landscape Option
Archeologist: to investigate pa layout determine totara location consultation after report)	Requirement to investigate prior to works & consultation over interpretation.
Southern Pa: suggest burial sites located there Pa Sites more extensive than immediate locality desire site walk through with staff Rubbish disposal provision to be made	Investigation prior to implementation Noted: site investigations will identify problem areas/artifacts. Investigations proposed prior to any works. Noted: incorporate into proposals and management regimes.

3.0 LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT

3.1 GOALS

The goals for the Landscape Management Plans will directly reflect those of the Riverside Reserves Management Plan but in a more specific way or at a more detailed level. These are identified in section 3.2 below as Design Intent statements. Each of these can be related to the specific 'Objectives' of the Management Plan.

The desirable outcomes are:

- (a) Fulfillment of the Management Plan goals
- (b) A more functional and sustainable resource
- (c) Low maintenance facilities
- (d) Better public appreciation of the site history and uniqueness
- (e) Ongoing community involvement in use and management of the resource.

3.2 DESCRIPTION OF LANDSCAPE ZONES

3.2.1. HAMMOND PARK (See Appendix 6.3, Plans 1 to 7)

Zone A: Balfour Gully (from Riverlea Road to the Riverbank)

This zone is characterised by open spaces enclosed by well vegetated banks, poorly drained gully floor and moderate erosion potential especially along the river bank. It is suited to passive recreation uses. The gully is bordered by both residential and industrial areas, the latter of which has a negative visual impact on the zone. Fill at the heads of the gully has had an impact on the natural drainage and topography. Access in to the gully is steep and limited within the gully by boggy ground.

A1. Cliff Face at River:

Critical design factors: Stability, vegetation diversity, stormwater control. Design intent: Stabilise erosion areas with exotic and native planting gradually increasing the native content and controlling weeds. (See A3 for stormwater control). Control pests.

A2. Riverside Terrace:

Critical design factors: Stability, views, access control and vegetation diversity. Design intent: Construct walkway and viewing platform. Control edge stability by planting and revegetating with native shrub species between path and top of cliff. Fence edge of cliff to prevent access to erosion prone cliff areas.

A3. Valley Floor:

Critical design factors: Stormwater gully erosion from high peak flows, maintenance of boggy ground and open space use.

Design intent: Regrade to create more 'natural' open watercourse, reinforced where necessary and planted with native riparian species. In association with Water Drainage & Refuse Unit, create revegetated swampy basin and redesigned outflow to control erosion. Modify open spaces by appropriate planting and construct walkway. Provide picnic tables at river end. Provide good tractor access for mowing.

3.0 LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT

3.1 GOALS

The goals for the Landscape Management Plans will directly reflect those of the Riverside Reserves Management Plan but in a more specific way or at a more detailed level. These are identified in section 3.2 below as Design Intent statements. Each of these can be related to the specific 'Objectives' of the Management Plan.

The desirable outcomes are:

- (a) Fulfillment of the Management Plan goals
- (b) A more functional and sustainable resource
- (c) Low maintenance facilities
- (d) Better public appreciation of the site history and uniqueness
- (e) Ongoing community involvement in use and management of the resource.

3.2 DESCRIPTION OF LANDSCAPE ZONES

3.2.1. HAMMOND PARK (See Appendix 6.3, Plans 1 to 7)

Zone A: Balfour Gully (from Riverlea Road to the Riverbank)

This zone is characterised by open spaces enclosed by well vegetated banks, poorly drained gully floor and moderate erosion potential especially along the river bank. It is suited to passive recreation uses. The gully is bordered by both residential and industrial areas, the latter of which has a negative visual impact on the zone. Fill at the heads of the gully has had an impact on the natural drainage and topography. Access in to the gully is steep and limited within the gully by boggy ground.

A1. Cliff Face at River:

Critical design factors: Stability, vegetation diversity, stormwater control. Design intent: Stabilise erosion areas with exotic and native planting gradually increasing the native content and controlling weeds. (See A3 for stormwater control). Control pests.

A2. Riverside Terrace:

Critical design factors: Stability, views, access control and vegetation diversity. Design intent: Construct walkway and viewing platform. Control edge stability by planting and revegetating with native shrub species between path and top of cliff. Fence edge of cliff to prevent access to erosion prone cliff areas.

A3. Valley Floor:

Critical design factors: Stormwater gully erosion from high peak flows, maintenance of boggy ground and open space use.

Design intent: Regrade to create more 'natural' open watercourse, reinforced where necessary and planted with native riparian species. In association with Water Drainage & Refuse Unit, create revegetated swampy basin and redesigned outflow to control erosion. Modify open spaces by appropriate planting and construct walkway. Provide picnic tables at river end. Provide good tractor access for mowing.

A4. Banks:

Critical design factors: Industrial estate visibility, scale and mass of planting. Design intent: Increase native content of vegetation and plant to control weeds and screen factory buildings.

Zone B: River Terraces (from Balfour Gully to Hudson Gully.)

This zone is characterised by semi-open woodland and glades of mixed exotic native trees except for the degraded native vegetation of the cliff faces. The views to the River are limited. The erosion potential is low provided the banks remain vegetated. There is also an old pa site close to the Hudson Street gully. Access is relatively easy along the terrace and within the gully, although the gully sides are steep.

B1. River Cliff Face:

Critical design factors: Access control, weeds and biodiversity in vegetation. Design Intent: Replace exotic vegetation and weeds with native species. Fence to prevent access to steep banks. Control pest animals.

B2. Open Terrace:

Critical design factors: Access, vegetation diversity and ownership.

Design intent: Ideally purchase terrace and revegetate after removal of exotic trees and weeds. Alternatively work with residents towards cooperative means of revegetation. Fence boundaries and construct walkway.

B3. Pa Site:

Critical design factors: as for access, vegetation diversity and cultural aspects. Design intent: Retain terrace in glade of open grass/fern to avoid obscuring pa. Provide interpretive signs and access around the terrace below the pa. Fence while establishing planting and clearing. Plant Totara grove.

B4. Banks:

Critical design factors: Ownership, vegetation diversity and weeds.

Design intent: Ideally acquire as reserve and and increase species diversity. Alternatively work with landowners co-operation to increase species diversity. Fence boundaries.

B5. Gully:

Critical design factors: Access, weeds, biodiversity, stormwater.

Design intent: Set up stormwater filtering wetland in gully by modifying topography and stream design with weir. Remove exotic trees and weed species to revegetate with native forest species. Provide walkway connection to Hudson Street and Bridge Street at Riverside Terraces.

Management aspects: Modify waterway maintenance to encourage native vegetation naturalisation and wetland development. Control animal pests.

Zone C. Hammond Bush (Hudson Gully to Hammond Pa site):

This zone is characterised by the presence of swamp forest remnants and a highly sensitive environment. Clearing, drainage, uncontrolled access and weed growth are endangering its viability. It has low erosion potential. Large parts are in private ownership predominantly the upper scarp or banks.

C1. Riverside Cliff Face:

Critical design management factors: Weeds, pests and access control.

Design Management Intent: Control weeds and revegetate. Public access controlled by constructed, raised walkway and fences across bush edges. Control animal pests.

C2. Terrace:

Critical design/management factors: Pests, weeds, access, ownership and drainage. Design intent: Construct raised walkway which will control public access; fence boundaries and bush edges. Replace weeds with endemic species.

Management aspects: Work with adjacent landowners to prevent clearing and drainage. Control weeds and pests.

C3. Banks (Upper Scarp):

Critical design management factors: Weeds, clearing, and ownership.

Design Intent: Negotiate acquisition or landowner cooperation to facilitate a holistic management. Fence boundaries and bush edges. Replace weeds species with endemic species.

Management aspects: Work with adjacent landowners to prevent clearing and drainage. Control weeds and pests.

Zone D. Open Riverside Terraces (from the Pa site to the cliff at the North End.)

The zone is characterised by grassed terraces separated by vegetated banks which create a series of linear open spaces and a central flat beach with low erosion potential where the river banks are protected. The pa site and cliffs at the south end are distinctive and warrant special interpretation and protection from erosion.

D1. Riverside Cliff Face:

Critical design factors: Access control, stability, vegetation cover, weeds, and ecotone habitat.

Design intent: Revegetate with small native tree/shrub species and temporarily fence to control access.

D2. Beach & River Edge:

Critical design factors: Stability, views, vegetation diversity in selected areas, recreational use and habitat. Stormwater discharge.

Design intent: Install stabilising structures and planting. Upright willows/native trees will be used, with lower growing native species where beach access is not required. Temporary fencing to protect planting. Provide picnic tables. In association with Water, Drainage & Refuse Unit screen and extend stormwater outflow structure.

D3. Pa Site:

Critical design factors: Cultural aspects, stability and access.

Design intent: Plant banks with native species (including Totara grove) but maintain open terrace. Install interpretative signage near pa site. Remove exotic trees from site.

D4. Terrace:

Critical design factors: Access, recreation and stormwater utilities.

Design intent: Retain open spaces for passive recreation. Install walkway to top terrace and rear of pa site. Develop swampy area with native species and fence off. Provide playground equipment. Define property boundaries with bollards or planting.

D5. Banks:

Critical design factors: Views, habitat and vegetation diversity.

Design intent: Replace exotic and weed species with diverse native planting. Use some lower growing species where views are important.

D6. Geoffrey Place Reserve:

Critical design factors: Significant Oaks, stormwater drainage, open space and access.

Design intent: Retain open space and Oaks. Regrade drain, and plant banks and under Oaks with mixed exotic/native species. Install a Walkway connection. Maintenance aspects: Institute maintenance programme for Oaks.

Zone E: Steep Banks and Cliffs

This zone is characterised by heavily vegetated, steep slopes (1:1) with low erosion potential where vegetation cover is retained. The views from the top of the banks up and down the river are panoramic where vegetation has been cleared. The vegetation is both native and exotic with some problem weed species. Access is difficult.

E1. Beach and Cliffs:

Critical design factors: Access control, weeds and pests, vegetation biodiversity and stability.

Design Management intent: Fence edge of bush at base of cliffs to control inappropriate pedestrian access. Control weeds and replant native species. Control animal pests.

E2. Steep Banks:

Critical design factors: Access, weeds and pests, stability and vegetation biodiversity.

Design intent: Construct raised walkways/bridges with rails. Control problem weeds and pests. Replant with native species.

E3. Terrace Top:

Critical design factors: Weeds, views, stability, resident privacy versus public areas. Design intent: Construct walkway, where possible below ridgeline. Plant terrace with selected trees, to provide privacy, but retain openness of views with viewing platform and low groundcover species. Control weed species. Fence private boundaries where necessary.

3.3 SEQUENCE OF IMPLEMENTATION

There are two aspects to implementation. The first is the ordering of the general development of the zones over time and is dealt with here. The second is the staging of development within each zone and is covered in Section 3.4.1.

3.3.1. SEQUENCE OF ZONES

The priorities to determine any sequence of implementation should be based on:

- (a) The relative values of the resources including the magnitude and immediacy of any threats to them. These values in rough order of priority are:
- stability (if the river bank is lost, there is no possible development)
- ecological sensitivity (protecting and enhancing habitat values)
- cultural factors (historic and cultural sites protection)
- public use and access (protection, enhancement and safety issues).
- public/private views (protection and enhancement)
- (b) Achievability, i.e., overall ease of completion of the proposed programme including possible flow-on benefits or costs and available budget.

These factors are tabulated below against each zone with 1 being low priority and 5 being high priority (in addition the factors above are prioritised by multiplying each by the respective priority assigned).

Prioritising Value	Stability	Ecology	Cultural	Access & Use	Views	Cost (Budget)	Ease of Impl.	Total Priority
Zone	× 6	x 5	x 4	x 3	x 2	x 1	× 1	(from 110)
Α	3	3	3	4	3	2	2	67
В	2	3	4	4	2	2	2	63
С	2	5	2	4	2	2	2	65
D (except D3)	2	2	1	5	5	3	3	57
D3	2	2	5	5	5	3	3	73
E	2	4	1	4	3	1	1	56

The recommended order is therefore:

- 1. Zone D3
- 2. Zone A
- 3. Zone C
- 4. Zone B
- 5. Zone D (except D3)
- 6. Zone E

3.4 LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT REGIMES

3.4.1 STAGING OF DEVELOPMENT WITHIN ZONES

In general there is a logical natural and ecological phasing of development as follows:

The number of stages and timing will be particular to the zone and area as detailed in the proposed regimes which follow this section. Stages 1 – 7 constitute the Initial Implementation. Stage 8 constitutes all the ongoing management and maintenance requirements.

Stage 1: (Year 1)

- (a) Obtain required resource consents and permits for works.
- (b) Carry out weed pest and risk assessment relating to revegetation works. Begin propagation of local native species.

Stage 2: (Year 1)

Carry out all drainage, stability and erosion control works including

- (a) removal of obstructing structures and vegetation (including pruning and removal of selected willows)
- (b) installation of gabions, groynes or geotextile reinforcing of banks and retaining structures.
- (c) installation of target vegetation supportive of structural works.

Stage 3: (3 years; years 1-3)

Removal of "non-target" vegetation unnecessary for stability (i.e. exotics and weed species) on site and immediate locality (determined by weed risk assessment). Begin pest control.

Stage 4: (Year 2 or in some cases Year 1)

Install access ways including

- (a) walkway retaining structures
- (b) walkways at grade
- (c) elevated walkways and bridges
- (d) viewing platforms
- (e) fences
- (f) signage as appropriate, rubbish bins, picnic tables and seats
- (g) other facilities: playgrounds and toilets

Stage 5: (3 years; years 2 - 4)

Install dense shrub and tree vegetation as "nurse" species (shelter) and to control large weed species (by shading). Add mulch and plant secondary succession species where possible. Control pests.

Stage 6: (3-5 years; years 4-9)

Control low growing weed spp (ground smothering) and pests.

Remove non-target "stability" vegetation and exotic "nurse" species established at Stage 2 or 5 depending on stability and growth of vegetation. Install larger (climax or target) vegetation species.

Stage 7 (2 years; years 5 - 10)

Enrich ground cover layer to exclude light and prevent weed reinvasion and to enhance diversity.

Stage 8 Monitor and manage to maintain successional growth with replacements, weed control and pests.

3.4.2 HAMMOND PARK DEVELOPMENT

3.4.2.1 INITIAL IMPLEMENTATION

Zone A: Balfour Gully

A1 Cliff Face:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Begin propagation of local species.
 - (b) Stabilise erosion areas with any structures required and appropriate native/exotic species. Begin pest control.
 - (c) Control Privet, Ginger, Arum and replace with native species (mass planting).

<u>Form</u>

- (d) Control groundcover weed species
- (e) Enrich species range and plant groundcover species.

(b)	Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub
	Phormium cookianum ssp. hookeri	Shrub
	Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus	Shrub/Tree
	Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
	Fuchsia excorticata	Shrub/Tree
	Hebe stricta var. stricta	Shrub
	Coprosma lucida	Shrub
	Cortaderia fulvida	Shrub
	Sophora microphylla	Tree
	Salix 'Aokautere'	Tree
	Salix 'Moutere'	Tree
(c)	Myrsine australis	Shrub
	Knightia excelsa	Tree
	Brachyglottis repanda	Shrub
	Cyathea dealbata	Tree fern
	Cyathea cunninghamii	Tree fern
	Cyathea medullaris	Tree fern
	Cordyline banksii	Shrub
	Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa	Shrub/Tree
(e)	Rhabdothamnus solandri	Groundcover
	Leucopogon fasciculatus	Shrub
	Schefflera digitata	Shrub
	Macropiper excelsum spp. excelsum	Shrub
	Blechnum chambersii	Groundcover
	Doodia media ssp. australe	Groundcover
	Polystichum richardii	Groundcover
	Freycinetia baueriana ssp. banksii	Climber
	Machaerina sinclairii	Groundcover

A2 Riverside Terrace:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Check area for cultural artifacts before any works.
 - (b) Obtain resource consent/permits for structures. Begin propagation of local species.
 - (c) Stabilise slip areas adjacent to cliff with appropriate species. Begin pest control.
 - (d) Build viewing-platform and walkway access (with motorbike preventative design). Install signage and rubbish bins.
 - (e) Spot-spray weeds and grass on terrace prior to planting native 'nurse' species.
 - (f) Remove Privet, gorse and other shrub or climbing weeds. Plant successional species.
 - (g) Control groundcover weeds.
 - (h) Enrich species range and plant groundcover species.

		<u>Form</u>
(c)(e)	Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
	Cordyline australis	Tree
	Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus	Tree/Shrub
	Hebe stricts var. stricta	Shrub
	Coprosma robusta	Shrub
	Coprosma grandifolia	Shrub
	Cortaderia fulvida	Shrub
	Phormium cookianum ssp. hookeri	Shrub
	Leucopogon fasciculatus	Shrub
	Hoheria sexstylosa	Tree
(f)	Sophora microphylla	Tree
	Knightia excelsa	Tree
	Aristotelia serrata	Tree
	Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus	Tree/Shrub
	Mysine australis ssp ligustrifolium	Shrub
	Geniostoma rupestra ssp .ligustrifolium	Shrub
	Fuchsia excorticata	Tree/Shrub
	Schefflera digitata	Shrub
	Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa	Shrub/Tree
(h)	Hedycarya arborea	Tree
	Coprosma rhamnoides	Shrub
	Coprosma rigida	Shrub
	Cyathea medullaris	Treefern
	Cyathea dealbata	Treefern
	Melicope simplex	Shrub
	Dicksonia squarrosa	Treefern
	Dicksonia fibrosa	Treefern
	Blechnum chambersii	Groundcover
	Polystichum richardii	Groundcover
	Pellaea rotundifolia	Groundcover

A3 Valley Floor:

(i) Staging

Check area for any cultural artifacts prior to any works.

- (a) Obtain resource consents/permits for stream bed stabilisation at River edge. Begin propagation of local native species.
- (b) Realign stream and drainage swale. Create low lying wetland/bog at existing manhole locality and new outflow. Reinforce swale and stream bed with engineering and plant materials as appropriate. Begin pest control.
- (c) Build walkway alongside new stream bed and regrass base of gully. Install bridging for tractor access. Install signage.
- (d) Enhance species diversity and plant tree groupings in gully open spaces.

(ii) Species range

		<u>Form</u>
(c) Swale:	Cyathea cunninghamii	Treefern
	Dacrycarpus dacrydioides	Tree
	Cordyline australis	Tree
	Geniostoma rupestre ssp. liguistrifolium	Shrub
	Dicksonia squarrosa	Treefern
Bog:	Phormium tenax	Shrub
	Cordyline australis	Tree
	Leptospermum scoparium	Shrub
	Dacrycarpus dacrydioides	Tree
	Coprosma robusta	Shrub
	Carex secta	Groundcover
	Carex virgata	Groundcover
	Asplenium bulbiferum	Groundcover
	Streblus microphylla	Shrub/tree
	Carex dissita	Groundcover
Open Space:	Dacrycarpus dacrydioides	Tree
	Alnus cordata	Tree

A4 Banks:

(i) Staging

- (a) Begin propagation of local native species
- (b) Remove shrub weeds. Replant with native 'nurse' species. Begin pest control.
- (c) Remove exotic species especially weeds and replace with large native trees. (especially to screen industrial sites)
- (d) Construct walkway connections to Balfour and Riverlea Roads. Install signage.
- (e) Enrich species range and groundcover in understorey

		<u>rorm</u>
(b)	Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
	Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub
	Phormium cookianum	Shrub

		<u>Form</u>
(c)	Dacrydium cupressinum	Tree
	Knightia excelsa	Tree
	Podocarpus totara	Tree
	Prumnopitys taxífolia	Tree
(e)	Coprosma rotundifolia	Shrub
	Coprosma propinqua	Shrub
	Coprosma tenuicaulis	Shrub

Astelia grandis Groundcover Isolepis reticularis Groundcover Schoenus maschalinus Groundcover

Laurelia novae-zelandiae Tree Leucopogon fasciculatus Shrub

Astelia grandis Groundcover

Syzigium maire Tree

Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa Shrub/tree
Sophora microphylla Tree
Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus Shrub/tree
Myrsine australis Shrub
Cyathea medullaris Treefern
Cyathea dealbata Treefern
Schefflera digitata Shrub

Brachyglottis repanda Shrub Rhabdothamnus solandri Groundcover Doodia media ssp. australe Groundcover Blechnum chambersii Groundcover Machaerina sinclairii Groundcover Polystichum richardii Groundcover Cyathea cunninghamii Treefern Leucopogon fasciculatus Shrub

Zone B:River Terraces

B1 Cliff Face:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Remove exotic trees, shrubs and weeds unnecessary for stabilisation. Begin pest control. Begin propagation of local native species.
 - (b) Replant with appropriate nurse to suppress weeds.
 - (c) Remove remaining exotic trees and replace with native successional tree and shrub species.

Earm

- (d) Control groundcover weeds especially *Tradescantia* and Ginger.
- (e) Enrich species diversity and groundcover natives.

	<u> FUIIII</u>
(b)	Tree
	Shrub
	Shrub
	Shrub

Form Coprosma lucida Shrub Cortaderia fulvida Shrub Hebe stricta var. stricta Shrub (c) Sophora microphylla Tree Knightia excelsa Tree Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa Shrub/Tree Myrsine australis Shrub Cyathea dealbata Treefern Cyathea cunninghamii Treefern (e) Brachyglottis repanda Shrub Cordyline banksii Shrub Rhabdothamnus solandri Groundcover Schefflera digitata Shrub Leucopogon fasciculatus Shrub Macropiper excelsum ssp. excelsum Shrub Blechnum chambersii Groundcover Machaerina sinclairii Groundcover Doodia media ssp. australe Groundcover Polystichum richardii Groundcover Freycinetia baueriana ssp. banksii Groundcover

B2 Open Terraces:

(i) Staging

- (a) Check site for cultural artifacts prior to any works especially along boundary lines for fences and proposed walkway alignment.
- (b) Obtain resource consents for construction of walkway and negotiate (longterm) covenants or purchase of the privately owned terraces. Begin propagation of local native species.
- (c) Fence private boundaries and construct boardwalk (with motorbike preventative design).
- (d) Remove exotic trees and shrubs and weeds. Begin pest control.
- (e) Replant with native 'nurse' or pioneer species and mulch where possible.
- (f) Introduce secondary successional or climax species. Control groundcover weeds.
- (g) Enrich species range and plant native groundcover species.

		Form
(e)	Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
	Coprosma robusta	Shrub
	Coprosma grandifolia	Shrub
	Hoheria sexstylosa	Tree
	Cordyline australis	Tree
	Phormium cookianum spp. hookeri	Shrub
	Cortaderia fulvida	Shrub
	Leucopogon fasciculatus	Shrub
	Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub

Form (f) Geniostoma rupestre ssp. ligustrifolium Shrub Fuchsia excorticata Shrub/tree Knightia excelsa Tree Myrsine australis Shrub Schefflera digitata Shrub Sophora microphylla Tree Podocarpus totara Tree Aristotelia serrata Tree Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus Shrub/tree Dacrycarpus dacrydioides Tree Prumnopitys taxifolia Tree Pseudopanax arboreus Shrub Pseudopanax crassifolius Tree Hedycarva arborescens Tree Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa Shrub/Tree (g) Syzigium maire Tree Laurelia novae-zelandiae Tree Elaeocarpus dentatus Tree Cvathea dealbata Treefern Cyathea medullaris Treefern Dicksonia squarrosa Treefern Dicksonia fibrosa Treefern Blechnum chambersii Groundcover Polystichum richardii Groundcover Pellaea rotundifolia Groundcover Melicope simplex Shrub Coprosma rhamnoides Shrub Coprosma rigida Shrub Ripogonum scandens Climber Freycinetia baueriana ssp. banksii Climber Metrosideros fulgens Climber

B3. Pa Site:

(i) Staging

- (a) Check pa site for cultural artifacts especially where proposed walkway is to go and areas to be planted.
- (b) Obtain Historic Places Trust permission and Resource consents for walkway construction. Begin propagation of local native species.
- (c) Fence private boundaries. Construct walkway and seat(s). Temporarily fence pa site and maintain open areas in lawn.
- (d) Remove exotic trees, shrubs and weeds and spray grass in pa clearing. Begin pest control.
- (e) Establish from local seed, a mixed turf of native grasses and groundcover ferns. Establish stand of Totara nearby in consultation with local Maori. Replant native successional species where bush is to be reestablished using species specified for B2 (terraces) and B1 (gully sides/cliffs). Control groundcover weeds.

- (f) Enrich species range and plant groundcover species a specified in B2(g) and B1(e).
- (g) Remove temporary fence once planting is established and provide ongoing management and maintenance. Provide pa interpretative display signage close to path in consultation with local Maori.

		<u>Form</u>
(e) Turf	Ehrharta stipoides (Microlaena stipoides)	Groundcover
	Osplimenus imbecillus	Groundcover
	Doodia media ssp. australe	Groundcover
	Polystichum richardii	Groundcover
Other	Species specified in B2(e) & (f) & B1(b)&(c)	
(f)	Species specified in B2(g)&B1(e)	

B4 Banks:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Alert owners to significance of area. Work through consultation towards co-operative agreements (purchase, covenant or easement) to enable revegetation of the banks and gully sides.
 - (b) Check site for cultural artifacts especially along the proposed tracks and boundary lines for any proposed fencing. Begin propagation of local native species.
 - (c) Remove exotic species of trees and shrubs (especially weeds). Begin pest
 - (d) Replant with native 'nurse' and successional species. Remove groundcover weeds.
 - (e) Enrich species range and plant native groundcover species.

(d)	Leucopogon fasciculatus) especially Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides) open areas Olearia var. colorata) Phormium cookianum ssp. hookeri Aristotelia serrata Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa Myrsine australis Sophora microphylla Podocarpus totara Dacrydium cupressinum Knightia excelsa Prumnopitys taxifolia Metrosideros robusta	Form Shrub Tree Shrub Shrub Tree Shrub/Tree Shrub/Tree Shrub Tree Tree Tree Tree Tree Tree Tree Tre
	Cyathea medullaris	Treefern
	Cyathea cunninghamii Cyathea dealbata	Treefern Treefern
	Schefflera digitata	Shrub
	Brachyglottis repanda	Shrub

Form Rhodothamnus solandri Groundcover Doodia media ssp. australe Groundcover Blechnum chambersii Groundcover Machaerina sinclairii Groundcover Groundcover Polystichum richardii

B5 Gully:

- Staging: (i)
 - (a) Check area for cultural artifacts prior to any works.
 - (b) Obtain resource consents or permits for any structures. Begin propagation of local native species.
 - (c) Construct 'naturalised' rock weirs on stream to assist stabilisation and riparian revegetation and diversity.

Construct walkway and bridges to connect Riverside walkway to Hudson Street, (with motorbike prevantative design). Install signage and rubbish bins as appropriate.

Fence private boundaries where necessary.

- Remove exotic species of trees and shrubs (especially Cortaderia, Walnuts, (d) Privet and Solanum) except any trees required for stabilisation. Begin pest control.
- Replant with native 'nurse' species and successional species where (e) appropriate.
- (f) Remove groundcover weed species.
- (g) Enrich species range and plant native groundcover and riparian species.

(ii) Species Range

		<u>Form</u>
(e) Gullysides:	Species as for B4(d)	
Riparian:	Phormium tenax	Shrub
•	Hoheria sexstylosa	Tree
	Plagianthus regius	Tree
	Dianella nigra	Groundcover
	Cyathea cunninghamii	Treefern
	Dacrycarpus dacrydioides	Tree
	Cordyline australis	Tree
	Dicksonia squarrosa	Treefern
	Cortaderia fulvida	Shrub
	Hebe stricta var. stricta	Shrub
	Coprosma robusta	Shrub
(g) Gullysides:	Species as for B4(e)	
Riparian:	Astelia grandis	Groundcover
•	Elaeocarpus hookerianus	Tree

Tree

Tree

Tree

Shrub

Shrub

Groundcover

Groundcover

Geniostoma rupestre ssp.ligustrifolium

Leucopogon fasciculatus

Laurelia novae-zelandiae

Streblus microphylla

Asplenium bulbiferum

Carex dissita

Syzigium maire (wet areas)

Zone C: Hammond Bush

C1 Cliff Face:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Begin propagation of local native species.
 - (b) Remove shrub and tree weed species. Initiate pest control.
 - (c) Replant to enrich existing bush with native successional and climax species.

Form

- (d) Control groundcover weeds (especially *Tradescantia* and *Selaginella*).
- (e) Enrich groundcover planting with native species.

(ii) Species Range

		<u>1:01111</u>
(c)	Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub
	Brachyglottis repanda	Shrub
	Phormium cookianum ssp. hookerii	Shrub
	Hebe stricta var. stricta	Shrub
	Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus	Shrub/Tree
	Schefflera digitata	Shrub
	Sophora microphylla	Tree
	Coprosma lucida	Shrub
	Myrsine australis	Shrub
	Fuchsia excorticata	Tree
	Macropiper excelsum ssp.excelsum	Shrub
	Cordyline banksii	Shrub
	Knightia excelsa	Tree
	Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa	Shrub/Tree
	Cyathea cunninghamii	Treefern
	Cyathea dealbata	Treefern
	Cyathea medullaris	Treefern
(e)	Blechnum chambersii	Groundcover
	Doodia media ssp. australe	Groundcover
	Polystichum richardii	Groundcover
	Freycinetia baueriana ssp. banksii	Climber
	Rhabdothamnus solandri	Groundcover
	Machaerina sinclairii	Groundcover

C2 Riverside Terrace:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Obtain permits for structures and negotiate easements or covenants with private owners to enable co-operative management of the bush.
 - (b) Check area for proposed walkway and fences for cultural artifacts prior to any works.
 - (c) Erect raised boardwalks with motorbike access prevention. Erect post and wire fences on boundaries and edge of bush. Erect signage and install rubbish bins. Begin propagation of local species.
 - (e) Work with residents to remove any planted exotic tree and shrub species and control exotic weeds (especially Ginger, Privet, Arum, Canna and Honeysuckle). Begin pest control. To facilitate swamp conditions remove any drainage modifications previously made by residents.

- (e) Replant bush and open areas with light excluding nurse species and selected successional species.
- (f) Remove Alders when nurse species have established.
- (g) Replant swamp forest trees and shrubs in gaps.
- (h) Control groundcover weeds (including *Tradescantia, Selaginella, Lamium, Iris, Nephrolepis cordifolia*, Onionweed, *Crocosmia, Galium and Primula.*
- (j) Enrich groundcover layer of planting when weed control is effective.

Form (e) Coprosma robusta Shrub Coprosma grandifolia Shrub Cordyline australis Tree Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides Tree Aristotelia serrata Tree Fuchsia excorticata Shrub/tree Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus Shrub/tree Dacrycarpus dacrydioides Tree Hoheria sexstylosa Tree Myrsine australis Shrub Cyathea dealbata Treefern Cyathea cunninghamii Treefern Dicksonia squarrosa Treefern Pseudopanax crassifolius Tree Syzigium maire (g) Tree Laurelia novae-zelandiae Tree Hedycarya arborescens Tree Knightia excelsa Tree Schefflera digitata Shrub Geniostoma rupestre ssp. ligustrifolium Shrub Coprosma rotundifolia Shrub Leucopogon fasciculatus Shrub Astelia grandis (j) Groundcover Isolepis reticularis Groundcover Schoenus maschalinus Groundcover Metrosideros fulgens Climber Ripogonum scandens Climber Freycinetia baueriana ssp. banksii Climber Pneumatopteris pennigera Groundcover

C3 Banks (Upper Scarp):

(i) Staging

- (a) Negotiate residents' agreements to enable co-operative management of bush.
- (b) Check area of proposed fencelines for cultural artifacts prior to any works.
- (c) Post and wire fence private boundaries to prevent public access and define covenanted or easement areas. Begin propagation of local native species.
- (d) Work with residents to remove any planted exotic tree and shrub species and control exotic weeds (especially Ginger, Privet, *Solanum*). Begin pest control.
- (e) Replant bush and open areas with light-excluding 'nurse' species and successional species where possible.
- (f) Control groundcover weeds (including those identified in C2 above)

(g) Enrich species diversity and groundcover layer of planting when weed control is effective.

(ii) Species Range

		<u>Form</u>
(e)	Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
	Fuchsia excorticata	Shrub/Tree
	Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus	Shrub/Tree
	Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub
	Geniostoma rupestre ssp. ligustrifolium	Shrub
	Aristotelia serrata	Tree
	Alectryon excelsus var. excelsus	Tree
	Beilschmiedia tawa	Tree
	Podocarpus totara	Tree
	Knightia excelsa	Tree
	Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa	Shrub/tree
	Hedycarya arborea	Tree
	Prumnopitys taxifolia	Tree
	Sophora microphylla	Tree
	Dacrydium cupressinum	Tree
	Metrosideros robusta	Tree
	Cyathea medullaris	Treefern
	Cyathea dealbata	Treefern
	Cyathea cunninghamii	Treefern
	Schefflera digitata	Shrub
	Brachyglottis repanda	Shrub
	Myrsine australis	Shrub
	Doodia media ssp. australe	Groundcover
	Blechnum chambersii	Groundcover
	Machaerina sinclairii	Groundcover
	Polystichum richardii	Groundcover
	Rhabdothamnus solandri	Groundcover

Zone D: Open Riverside Terraces - Northend

D1 Cliff Face:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Obtain resource consents to remove exotic trees on river edge.
 - (b) Check area for cultural artifacts prior to any works.
 - (c) Erect temporary fence along cliff edge to control pedestrian access. Initiate pest control. Begin propagation of local native species.
 - (d) Replant bare areas on cliff with weed suppressing and stabilising shrubs and 'nurse' species.
 - (e) Remove exotic plants and weeds except Alders.
 - (f) Control groundcover weeds (especially *Selaginella* and *Tradescantia*). Remove Alders when other planting well established.
 - (h) Enrich species diversity especially groundcover layer.

		<u>Form</u>
(d)	Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
	Phormium cookianum ssp. hookeri	Shrub
	Hebe stricta var. stricta	Shrub
	Cortaderia fulvida	Shrub
	Sophora microphylla	Tree
	Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus	Shrub/Tree
	Brachyglottis repanda	Shrub
	Coprosma lucida	Shrub
(f)	Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa	Shrub/Tree
	Fuchsia excorticata	Shrub/Tree
	Schefflera digitata	Shrub
	Macropiper excelsum ssp. excelsum	Shrub
	Cordyline banksii	Shrub
	Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub
	Knightia excelsa	Tree
	Cyathea species	Treeferns
(h)	Blechnum chambersii	Groundcover
	Doodia media ssp. australe	Groundcover
	Polystichum richardii	Groundcover
	Rhabdothamnus solandri	Groundcover
	Machaerina sinclairii	Groundcover

D2 Beach:

(i) Staging

- (a) Obtain resource consents to remove Willows.
- (b) Remove and prune selected Willows. Initiate pest control. Begin propagation of appropriate species.
- (c) Install any riverbed stabilisation structures required.
- (d) Replant upright-growing willows and other stabilisation planting around installed structures.
- (e) Remove remaining Willows.
- (f) Replace with upright-growing Willows in selected locations and plant other stabilising native and exotic species leaving open access to beach. Plant river edge by wetland (See D4) with riparian species.
- (g) Erect temporary fencing with interpretative signage to discourage pedestrian access to planted areas. Install swimming warning notice, and rubbish bins.
- (h) Enhance species diversity within planted areas.

•		<u>Form</u>
(d)/(f)	Salix matsudana x alba 'Aokautere'	Tree
	Salix matsudana x alba 'Moutere'	Tree
	Phormium tenax	Shrub
	Cordyline australis	Tree
	Coprosma robusta	Shrub
(h)	Dacrycarpus dacrydioides	Tree
	Plagianthus regius	Tree
	Hoheria sexstylosa	Tree
	Coprosma propingua	Shrub
	Leptospermum scoparium	Shrub

Form Astelia grandis Groundcover Dianella nigra Groundcover Schoenoplectus validus Groundcover Carex virgata Groundcover Carex geminata agg. Groundcover Carex secta Groundcover Haloragis erecta ssp. erecta Groundcover Cyathea dealbata Treefern Dicksonia squarrosa Treefern Cyperus ustulatus (River edge by wetland) Groundcover

D3 Pa Site:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Obtain permits and resource consents for planting and works on site.
 - (b) Check whole area for cultural artifacts prior to any works.
 - (c) Temporarily fence cliff edges and banks. Initiate pest control.
 In consultation with local Maori finalise walkway location and construct it.
 Begin propagation of local native species.
 - (d) Plant banks and swale with native shrub species "nurse".
 - (e) Remove all exotic trees from banks and top of pa platform.
 - (f) In consultation with local Maori plant native tree species on banks and other areas and Totara stand in an appropriate location to mark the pa. In consultation develop interpretative signage or features.

Form

(g) Enhance species diversity especially groundcovers.

		FOITI
(d) Banks:	Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
	Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus	Shrub
	Hebe stricta var. stricta	Shrub
	Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub
	Cortaderia fulvida	Shrub
	Myrsine australis	Shrub
Swale:	Leucopogon fasciculatus	Shrub
	Coprosma lucida	Shrub
	Machaerina sinclairii	Groundcover
	Phormium cookianum ssp. hookeri	Shrub
(f)	Podocarpus totara	Tree
	Sophora microphylla	Tree
	Knightia excelsa	Tree
	Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa	Shrub/Tree
	Dacrycarpus dacrydioides	Tree
	Prumnopitys taxifolia	Tree
	Metrosideros robusta	Tree
	Cyathea medullaris	Treefern
	Cyathea cunninghamii	Treefern
	Cyathea dealbata	Treefern
(g)	Machaerina sinclairii	Groundcover
	Brachyglottis repanda	Shrub
	Rhabdothamnus solandri	Groundcover
	Schefflera digitata	Shrub

Blechnum chambersii Groundcover
Doodia media ssp. australe Groundcover

D4 Terraces:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Obtain permits for planting works on terraces.
 - (b) Check area for cultural artifacts prior to any works.
 - (c) Temporarily fence banks, scarps and wetland. Initiate pest control.
 In consultation with local Maori, finalise walkway location in proximity to and around the back of main pa terrace. Construct walkways including connecting link from Geoffrey Place steps. Begin propagation of local native species.
 - (d) Develop longterm strategy for stormwater management (in association with Water, Drainage and Refuse Unit.) Locate future toilet also in consultation with residents. Relocate swings to area marked for playground on plan.
 - (e) Control weed species (especially Ginger, Cyperus eragrostis, Tradescantia.)
 - (f) Revegetate wetland with swamp species. Plant in open spaces with groupings of exotic or native species as appropriate.

<u>Form</u>

(g) Enhance species diversity and especially groundcover species.

		1-01111
(f) Wetland	Leptospermum scoparium	Shrub
	Leucopogon fasciculatus	Shrub
	Cordyline australis	Tree
	Phormium tenax	Shrub
	Coprosma robusta	Shrub
	Coprosma grandifolia	Shrub
	Coprosma propinqua	Shrub
	Coprosma areolata	Shrub
	Coprosma tenuicaulis	Shrub
	Dacrycarpus dacrydioides	Tree
	Streblus microphylla	Shrub/Tree
	Carex virgata	Groundcover
(f) Open spaces	Nyssa sylvatica	
	Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
	Sophora microphylla	Tree
	Hoheria sexstylosa	Tree
	Podocarpus totara	Tree
	Knightia excelsa	Tree
	Dacrydium cupressinum	Tree
(g) Wetland	Syzigium maire	Tree
	Prumnopitys taxifolia	Tree
	Laurelia novae-zelandiae	Tree
	Schefflera digitata	Shrub
	Astelia grandis	Groundcover
	Freycinetia baueriana ssp. banksii	Climber
	Blechnum minus	Groundcover
	Pneumatopteris pennigera	Groundcover
	Hymenophyllum demissum	Groundcover
	Asplenium bulbiferum	Groundcover

(g) Open spaces Prumnopitys taxifolia Tree
Beilschmiedia tawa Tree
Metrosideros excelsa Tree
Coprosma rhamnoides Shrub
Coprosma rigida Shrub

Polystichum richardii Groundcover Blechnum chambersii Groundcover

D5 Banks:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Remove some exotic trees and shrubs not required for stability and exotic weed species. (Especially *Acacia, Solanum,* Privet, *Prunus & Pinus*). Initiate pest control. Begin propagation of local native species.
 - (b) Replant with light-excluding native 'nurse' shrubs and where appropriate trees.
 - (c) Remove more exotics and control groundcover weeds (Ginger, *Tradescantia*, Ivy, etc.)
 - (d) Replant with native successional trees and shrubs, retaining significant views.
 - (e) Enrich species range and plant native groundcover species when weed control is achieved.

'	O		<u>Form</u>
(b)		Aristotelia serrata	Tree
		Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
		Hebe stricta var. stricta	Shrub
		Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub
		Cortaderia fulvida	Shrub
		Leucopogon fasciculatus	Shrub
		Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus	Shrub/Tree
		Myrsine australis	Shrub
		Phormium cookianum ssp. Hookeri	Shrub
(d)		Podocarpus totara	Tree
		Sophora microphylla	Tree
		Prumnopitys taxifolia	Tree
		Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa	Shrub/Tree
		Metrosideros rubusta	Tree
		Knightia excelsa	Tree
		Alectryon excelsus var. excelsus	Tree
		Beilschmiedia tawa	Tree
		Cyathea medullaris	Treefern
		Cyathea dealbata	Treefern
		Cyathea cunninghamii	Treefern
		Fuchsia excorticata	Shrub/Tree
		Geniostoma rupestre ssp. ligustrifolium	Shrub
		Hedycarya arborea	Tree
		Dacrydium cupressinum	Tree
		Schefflera digitata	Shrub
		Brachyglottis repanda	Shrub

		<u>Form</u>
(e)	Rhabdothamnus solandri	Groundcover
	Machaerina sinclairii	Groundcover
	Doodia media ssp. australe	Groundcover
	Blechnum chambersii	Groundcover
	Polystichum richardii	Groundcover

D6 Geoffrey Place Reserve:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Regrade drain to more natural contour. Inspect oaks for possible health and safety problems. Propagate appropriate species.
 - (b) Plant drain margins with shade tolerant exotic and native riparian shrub and groundcover species.
 - (c) Construct walkway connection from road to steps, with appropriate signage.
 - (d) Prune Oaks for health and safety as necessary. Instigate long term maintenance programme on large Oak trees.

Form

Earm

(ii) Species Range

		1 9 1 1 1 1
(a)	Viburnum tinus and other species	Shrub
	Rhododendron species (Small)	Shrub
	Aucuba japonica (male only)	Shrub
	Hemerocallis species	Groundcover
	Hosta species	Groundcover
	<i>Iris</i> species	Groundcover
	Machaerina sinclairii	Groundcover
	Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub
	Dianella nigra	Groundcover
	Astelia grandis	Groundcover
	Phormium cookianum ssp. hookeri	Shrub

Zone E: Steep Banks & Cliffs

E1 Cliff Face & Edge of River:

- (i) Staging
 - (a) Control pedestrian access by fencing edge of bush at base of cliff. Begin propagation of local native species.
 - (b) Remove exotic trees and shrubs not required for stability and weeds (especially Privet, *Prunus*, Jasmine).
 - (c) Replant with stabilising and light-excluding native 'nurse' and successional species.
 - (d) Control groundcover weed species (*Tradescantia* and *Selaginella*. Remove other exotic species (Eucalyptus).
 - (e) Enhance species diversity in native trees, shrubs and groundcover.

		<u> FOIIII</u>
(c)	Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
	Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub
	Phormium cookianum ssp. hookeri	Shrub

(e)

<u>Form</u> Hebe stricta var. stricta Shrub Coprosma lucida Shrub Schefflera digitata Shrub Brachyglottis repanda Shrub Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus Shrub/Tree Myrsine australis Shrub Fuchsia excorticata Shrub/Tree Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa Shrub/Tree Sophora microphylla Tree Macropiper excelsum ssp. excelsum Shrub Cordyline banksii Shrub Knightia excelsa Tree Cyathea cunninghamii Treetern Cyathea dealbata Treefern Cvathea medullaris Treefern Blechnum chambersii Groundcover Doodia media ssp. australe Groundcover Polystichum richardii Groundcover Freycinetia baueriana ssp. banksii Climber Rhabdothamnus solandri Groundcover Machaerina sinclairii Groundcover

E2 Steep Banks:

(i) Staging

- (a) Obtain permits for walkway structures.
- (b) Fence private boundaries and work with residents to reduce dumping of garden waste. Begin propagation of local native species.
- (c) Control exotic weeds (*Prunus*, Jasmine, Privet and *Solanum*). Remove exotic trees and shrubs not required for stability.
- (d) Construct walkway and bridge structures with rails to discourage access to slopes, and motorbike preventative design at entry points.
- (e) Replant open areas with native 'nurse' species to exclude light.
- (f) Control regrowth Eucalypts and groundcover weeds (Especially Ginger, Ivy, Selaginella and Tradescantia).
- (g) Replant native tree and shrubs species.
- (h) Remove Eucalypts likely to destabilize slope in future.
- (i) Replant or enrich species diversity with native trees, shrubs and groundcover species.

Form

(e)/(g)	Aristotelia serrata	Tree
-	Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides	Tree
	Hebe stricta var. stricta	Shrub
	Olearia rani var. colorata	Shrub
	Cortaderia fulvida	Shrub
	Leucopogon fasciculatus	Shrub
	Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus	Shrub/Tree
	Myrsine australis	Shrub
	Phormium cookianum ssp. hookeri	Shrub

<u>Form</u> Geniostoma rupestre ssp. ligustrifolium (i) Shrub Alectryon excelsus var. excelsus Tree Beilschmiedia tawa Tree Podocarpus totara Tree Knightia excelsa Tree Prumnopitys taxifolia Tree Dacrydium cupressinum Tree Metrosideros robusta Tree Sophora microphylla Tree Hedvcarva arborea Tree Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa Shrub/Tree Cyathea medullaris Treefern Cyathea dealbata Treefern Cyathea cunninghamii Treefern Schefflera digitata Shrub Brachyglottis repanda Shrub Doodia media ssp. australe Groundcover Blechnum chambersii Groundcover Machaerina sinclairii Groundcover Polystichum richardii Groundcover Rhabdothamnus solandri Groundcover

E3 Top of Terrace:

(i) Staging

- (a) Fence private boundaries where necessary to reduce resident encroachment on reserve and work with residents to reduce dumping of garden waste. Begin propagation of appropriate species.
- (b) Obtain any further permits required for walkway structures.
- (c) Control exotic weeds (including Jasmine, Privet, *Fatsia*, *Solanum*). remove exotic trees and shrubs not required for stability or residential amenity.
- (d) Construct any walkway structures required at the top of the terrace with motorbike preventative design and appropriate signage.
- (e) Replant with native 'nurse' species to exclude light and to stabilise bank edges in selected areas.

Form

- (f) Control groundcover weeds (Lamium, Ivy, etc.)
- (g) Enhance diversity with native trees and groundcover species.

		
(e)	Cyathea dealbata	Treefern
	Cyathea grandifolia	Shrub
	Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus	Shrub/Tree
	Schefflera digitata	Shrub
	Geniostoma rupestre ssp. ligustrifolium	Shrub
	Streblus microphylla	Shrub/Tree
(g)	Cordyline australis	Tree
	Knightia excelsa	Tree
	Podocarpus totara	Tree
	Dacrydium cupressinum	Tree
	Hedycarya arborea	Tree
	Asplenium bulbiferum	Groundcover

Polystichum richardii Microlaena avenacea Oplismenus imbecillus Blechnum filiforme Freycinetia baueriana ssp. banksii Myrsine australis Form Groundcover Groundcover Groundcover Groundcover Climber Shrub

3.4.2.2 MANAGEMENT AND MAINTENANCE

Item	Zone	Regime	Frequency	Term	Season
)			
1. Mulching in planting areas	A2, B2, B5, C2,	Coarse grade Pine bark 50mm	Once only after	ŀ	Winter - Spring
	D4, E3	or suitable alternative	planting		
2a. Inspections for weed and pest	All zones	Check for problem weeds, dead	6 monthly	Up to 10 years	Late Spring -
control, planting maintenance and		plants, pest damage, pruning &	•	•	early Autumn
tree maintenance		replacement needs.			,
۲, 1	=	=	Aleman	10 : 2002	Harly Authors
C. T.		Military and		Jor years	
3a. Weed control (in planting areas)	₹	Removal or use systemic	6 monthly	Up to 10 years	Late Spring and
		herbicide injected or applied to			early Autumn if
		cut stumps of woody weeds.			possible
		'Knock-down' herbicide for			
		others. Avoid spraying near			
		waterways, swampy or wetland			
		areas.			
3b.	Ξ	=	Annually	10+ years	Late Spring or
* Professional and the Commission and Commission an					early Autumn
4. Fertiliser (in planting areas)	₩	'Nitrophoska Blue' at 100g/m²	Once only at		Late Spring
		on shrub planted areas or	start of second	1	
		100g/tree.	growing season		

Item	Zone	Regime	Frequency	Term	Season
5. Restaking trees	A3, B3, D2, D3, D4, E3	Replace damaged stakes and retie where ties are damaged	Annually	Up to 3 years from planting	Autumn
6a. Plant replacements	Ψ	As per the scheduled species range for each zone, generally from the successional or enrichment species unless conditions are unsuitable.	Annually	Up to 10 years	Winter
eb. "	=	=	Periodically as determined from inspections	10+ years	Winter
7a. Pruning plants for ecological reasons	IIA	Limb or trim only where necessary to allow better growth of successional species. Maintenance of full ground cover is essential.	Periodically as determined by inspections	After nurse species established	Spring
7b. Pruning plants for views	A2, A4, D2, D5, E3	=	=	=	±
7c. Pruning for health	D6	Prune large specimen trees according to good arboricultural practice	Annually as determined by inspections	1	

Item	Zone	Regime	Frequency	Tetm	Season
8a. Plant "removal" for ecological reasons	All	Poison trees in preference to felling to reduce damage to other plants and retain shade, shelter & stability benefits of plants killed. Often useful for exotic or nurse species not required in the long term.	Periodically as determined by implementat-ion programme or inspection	After nurse species have established or stability is achieved.	Autumn
8b. Plant removal for views	A2, A4, D2, D5, E3	Complete removal of trees preferred.	=	=	=
9. View protection monitoring	A2, A4, D2, D5, E3	Check for critical views, thinning or pruning options, need to replant, or additional planting for screening.	Annually	From 3 rd year after any planting	Autumn
10. Temporary fence removal	A2, A3, B3, D1, D2	Remove temporary fences	Once only at 2 nd or 3 rd yr after planting, depending on growth success	1	Winter
11. Cultural sites & signage inspection	Park entrances, benches, walkways & especially B3, D3, D2	Check condition of trees, signs or pou marking pa sites and other general park signage. Check for damage, graffiti and paint wear.	Annually	•	1
12. Walkways, retaining or bridge structures and associated furniture inspections.	A2, A3, B2, B5, C2, D3, D4, D6, E2, E3.	Check for general condition, structural integrity and need for repairs and renovation.	Annual	From 1st year after installation	•

Item	Zone	Regime	Frequency	Term	Season
13. Drainage & riverbank reinforcement	A3, B5, D2, D6	Check for erosion, integrity of	Annual	From 1st year	1
inspections		structures and reinforcing		after	
		vegetation, and need for repair		installation	
Summing To The State of		or renovation.			The state of the s
14. Access inspection	A3, B2, B5, C2,	Check for continued	Annual	=	1
	D3, E2, E3	accessibility of walkways to			
		wheelchairs, etc and pedestrian			
		access to beaches. Check for			
		damaged which could result in			
		inappropriate access to			
		walkways or planted areas,			
		especially by bikes or			
		motorbikes.			
15. Fence inspection	B2, B4, B5, C2,	Check for damage and general	Annual	=	•
	C3, D4, E3	condition.			
16. Repairs and maintenance of all	A2, A3, B2, B3,	 Replace damaged materials 	- Periodically as	From 1st year	,
structures and park furniture	B4, B5, C2, C3,	or structures	determined by	after	
	D2, D3, D4, D6,		inspections	installation	
	E1, E2, E3				
		Remove graffiti (by graffiti	- As determined		
		contractor)	by Contract	ŧ	1
			-	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	
		Repaint painted structures	- Periodically as	From 5" year	1
		or funiture	determined by	after	
The man of the supplemental and the supplementation of the supplemen			inspections.	installation	and the second of the second o

Season	ŧ	ı	
Term	From 1 ⁴ year after planting	From 1st year	after installation
Frequency	As determined by WDR Unit	As determined	from annual inspections (see Item 13)
Regime	 In coordination with Water, Drainage & Refuse Unit selectively thin & trim riparian vegetation to maintain ecological diversity 	& structural stability of drains or water courses. Replace damaged structures & reinforce newly eroded	areas. Plant appropriate species for bank stability.
Zone	A3, B5, D2, D4, D6		
ltem	17. Drainage maintenance (by drainage maintenance contractors)		

3.5 ENGINEERING PROPOSALS

3.5.1 FENCING

In order to better define the areas of the park, fencing of the private/reserve boundary or bush edge where necessary will be required. Three different styles of fencing may be used to define the reserve area. In areas of native bush a post and wire fence will generally be used. For temporary protection, a waratah and wire fence will be used as this will result in minimal disturbance to the environment. In areas where the private landholder may require more security a normal domestic style fencing will be permitted.

3.5.2 WALKWAYS

Walkways within each of the zones are designed to be consistent with the public access regime of the area.

In Hammond Park there is allowance for paved walkway, board walk and no walkway in accordance with the associated vegetation regime.

Paved walkway will be standard concrete block paving similar to the remainder of the paving through Hamilton Gardens and the CBD.

Boardwalk will be used to define the permitted access areas in the restricted vegetation area and will be a narrow board walk to restrict access to walkers and wheel chairs. Open spaces will allow rest places and prevent the tunnel effect of a board walk within the planted areas. A copy of the detail of the proposed walkway is included in the drawings.

The long term connection of the park to the Gardens is treated separately and requires a steep bank walkway again with access restricted to walkers and wheelchairs.

3.5.3 REMOVAL OF RIVERBANK VEGETATION

The removal of the willows on the riverbank is a significant issue. The willows provide shade and bank stability for the river. The willows in season restrict view to the water and can be a hazard to swimmers and those involved in water activities.

In removing the willows from the bank the stability of the bank needs to be addressed before the willows are removed. A combination of planting and engineering solutions may be used to ensure that the bank stability is maintained during the transition from cracked willows to other solutions.

Certain trees may be limbed to tidy the shape of trees within the reserve and permit better views.

The draft report recommended groyne structures to protect the riverbank from erosion during periods of high flow and during the establishment of vegetation. As a result of the public consultation most of the controversial engineering structures have been deleted from the design. The engineering structures proposed for the riverbank include groynes using gabions filled with sand and rocks and bank stabilisation using 'Environat' filled with sands from the river.

In each case the existing shape of the river bank is to be maintained as closely as possible to avoid erosion due to changes in the river bank shape. All structures will be constructed below the existing surface level and original surface reinstated.

Some parts of the willows will be allowed to remain in the water flow so that the impact on the river is gradual.

Two sections of bank failure already exist in the section and these may be protected by gabions.

Wholesale removal of vegetation and replacement with engineered structures is not appropriate as the impact of the natural river level variations will cause changes to the riverbank and will damage these structures in time.

3.5.4 STORMWATER

In the southern area of the park damage due to surface stormwater needs to be repaired. Eroded areas need to be protected with 'rip rap'. A stream design which allows for low flow and flood flow will be provided to ensure that water travels to the river with the minimum amount of damage to the environment. A cross section of the area is shown in the engineering structures drawings (Plan 8, Appendix 3.6).

The detail design will need to include pipes, rubble subsurface collection drains and the design of a energy dissipation structures at the river stream interface. These are beyond the scope of this report.

3.5.5 CONNECTION FROM HAMMOND PARK TO HAMILTON GARDENS

The connection between the two parks requires some major engineering structures for a city park. The bank shape and protection of the area known as 'Echo Bank' presents some difficulties not readily solved. It is anticipated that this connection will not be built for many years so that pedesetrians will use Cobham Drive – Howell Avenue – Geoffrey Place as the connection i the shorter term.

The original concept included plans to provide a combination of bridge, built up embankment and cutting. Following the consultation stage and a review of the contours a steep bank walkway with minor bridge structure is proposed.

The key structure is the ability to construct the walkway using manual labour and the accurate survey of the bank slope and accurate pegging of the column footings. The methodology is to cut two parallel goat tracks into the embankment and join these at 2.4 to 3 metre intervals with a concrete tie beam. Footings could be drilled using a portable post hole auger and then reinforced and filled with concrete. Steel columns are recommended for the structure. These are braced using bar stock. Allowance is made to tie the structure into the bank using "Manta ray" soil anchors. These provide additional resistance against sliding and will help to stabilise any weak soil planes. The prototype drawing is shown in the engineering details and allows for the use of a construction style power barrow as the means of moving men and equipment along the walkway during construction and maintenance (Appendix 6.3, Plan 8).

4.0 COST ESTIMATES

4.1 ESTABLISHMENT, MANAGEMENT AND MAINTENANCE COSTS

Zone	Trees/Shrubs	Groundcover	Number	Paving	Fencing	Steep	Boardwalk	Drainage &	Pest Control
****	Areas (m²)	Riparian	Spec, trees	Area (m²)	(m)	Bank	(m ²)	Gabions	
TO DO THE WOOD HIT HAND AND A STATE OF THE S		Areas (m²)	(no.)			Walkway		(m²)	
A1 Cliff	350	***	ı	ı		THE COLUMN TWO IS NOT	- Activistic Communication Com	***************************************	Print William Control
A2 Terrace	300	-	1	200	- Avenue de la companya de la compan				
A3 Valley	-	1200	20	2300	170				
A4 Banks	0009	I	1	200				TO THE TAXABLE PROPERTY OF TAX	
	(underplant)								
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Administrative Admini
B1 Cliff	1000	•							***************************************
	(underplant)								
B2 Terraces	4375	N++				The days a very many transmission and a very transmiss	400		
B3 Pa Terrace	•	625		1		THE STREET STREE	400		
B4 Banks	1200	ı	ŧ	-			TANATAMANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANA		
B5 Gully	8000	500			90		400		
		(riparian)							
C1 Cliff	009	1		**					
C2 Terrace	009	2600	-		80		009		
		(Bush)							*
C3 Banks	2000	1	-	1					
D1 Cliff	750	-	#				m be de communication de constant de const		
D2 Beach	150	009	30				The second secon	180	
D3 Pa site	1	250	25				THE PARTY OF THE P		

D4 Terraces - D5 Banks 2000 D6 Geoffrey Pl	Areas (m²)	opec. nees (no.)	Area (m ⁻)	(m)	Bank Walkway	(m ₂)	Gabions (m²)	
ey Pl.	500 (Wetland)	50	1375	06	William Property of the Control of t		The state of the s	
D6 Geoffrey Pl.	TO THE TOWN	ı	P 1444441111111111111111111111111111111		**************************************	744	The state of the s	
	150	150 (shrubs)			- DEPAY MEET	The control of the co		
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banks		ı	***************************************	70			HIVE THE PARTY OF	
					200m	A THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY		**************************************
Area 38725m ²	5375m²	285no.	4,075m²	500m @	200m	1400m²@	180m² @	-
Sub-totals @ \$10/m²	@ \$30/m²	@ \$30ea.	@ \$40/m²	\$12/lm		\$200/m²	\$100/m²	
Cost \$387,250 Sub-totals	\$162,250	\$8,550	\$163,000 (excluding elevated walkway)	\$6,000	\$350,000	\$280,000	\$18,000	\$3,000
Total Cost	\$1,378,050	150			***************************************	t-famour-t-a-	The state of the s	
Maintenance & Management	PORTUGI 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	\$70,000 p.a. for 10 yea	rears					

5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 5.1 That in future Landscape Management Planning, Tangata Whenua representatives be involved in early archaeological surveys of the areas prior to any detailed planning in order to simplify the consultation and implementation phases.
- 5.2 That previously consulted parties for the Management Plan consultation, be contacted and informed of Council's decisions in the Management Plan, specific to their submissions. This is to clarify the situation and prevent misunderstanding of the ongoing process of consultation.
- 5.3 That concerted efforts be made to:
 - identify viable and accessible local seed sources for all the local Waikato native species listed for use
 - propagate stock for riverside use from these sources only.
- 5.4 That early risk assessment of weed and pest problems be carried out and control measures be instigated. These need to target buffer areas around the particular parks to achieve
 - good public awareness of problem species
 - concerted Community and Council efforts, and
 - effective control
- 5.5 That development of Hammond Park proceed according to the Landscape Plans and the proposed sequence.
- 5.6 That implementation of Willow replacement proceeds as early as possible prior to further Riverbank areas being addressed. At Hammond and Roose Commerce Parks, this should allow the assessment of efficacy of the proposed planting versus structural options for ensuring bank and beach stability.
- 5.7 That for short-term budgetary purposes more detailed costings be prepared for the first 3 years of proposed development at Hammond Park.
- 5.8 That to ensure consistent availability of funds, the cost estimates be used for long term budget planning.
- 5.9 That discussions with Water Drainage and Refuse Unit proceed as soon as possible, on 'Grey Water' management options for Riverside areas, to ensure Resource Management Act requirements can be met in the long term.
- 5.10 Landcare be engaged to investigate long-term, effective, control measures for some of the worst problem weeds of native vegetation (in particular Tradescantia and Ginger).
- 5.11 That copies of this report and plans be made available at the Council offices to the stakeholders and they be notified of the same.

6.0 APPENDICES

APPENDIX 6.1: TOTAL RANGE OF SPECIES PROPOSED

6.1.1 NATIVE SPECIES

6.1.1.1 TREES & TREEFERNS Alectryon excelsus var. excelsus

Aristotelia serrata
Beilschmiedia tawa
Cyathea dealbata
Cyathea cunninghamii
Cyathea medullaris
Cordyline australis
Dacrycarpus dacrydioides
Dacrydium cupressinum

Dicksonia fibrosa Dicksonia squarrosa Elaeocarpus dentatus Fuchsia excorticata Hedycarya arborescens Hoheria sexstylosa Knightia excelsa

Kunzea ericoides var. ericoides Laurelia novae-zelandiae

Melicytus ramiflorus ssp. ramiflorus

Metrosideros robusta Metrosideros excelsa Plagianthus regius Podocarpus totara Prumnopitys taxifolia Sophora microphylla Streblus microphylla Syzigium maire

Brachyglottis repanda

Weinmannia racemosa var. racemosa

6.1.1.2 SHRUBS

Carpodetus serratus
Coprosma grandifolia
Coprosma rhamnoides
Coprosma robusta
Coprosma propinqua
Coprosma x kirkii
Coprosma tenuicaulis
Coprosma lucida
Coprosma rigida
Coprosma rotundifolia
Coprosma areolata
Cordyline banksii
Cortaderia fulvida

Geniostoma rupestre ssp. ligustrifolium

Hebe stricta var. stricta Leptospermum scoparium Leucopogon fasciculatus

Macropiper excelsum ssp. excelsum

Melicope simplex

Myrsine australis

Olearia rani var. colorata

Phormium cookianum ssp. hookeri

Phormium tenax

Pseudopanax arboreus

Pseudopanax crassifolius

6.1.1.3 CLIMBERS/GROUNDCOVER:

Asplenium bulbiferum

Astelia grandis

Blechnum chambersii

Blechnum filiforme

Blechnum spp. 'Black Spot'

Blechnum minus

Carex dissita

Carex geminata agg.

Carex lambertiana

Carex secta

Carex virgata

Cyperus ustulatus

Doodia media ssp. australe

Dianella nigra

Ehrharta stipoides (Microlaena stipoides)

Freycinetia baueriana ssp. banksii

Haloragis erecta ssp. erecta

Hymenophyllum demissum

Isolepis reticularis

Juncus gregiflorus

Leptospermum 'Wairere'

Libertia ixioides

Machaerina sinclairii

Metrosideros fulgens

Microlaena avenacea

Osplimenus imbecillus

Pellaea rotundifolia

Pneumatopteris pennigera

Polystichum richardii

Rhabdothamnus solandri

Ripogonum scandens

Schoenus maschalinus

Schoenoplectus validus

6.1.2 EXOTIC SPECIES

6.1.2.1 TREES Acer negundo

Alnus cordata

Fraxinus excelsior

Salix matsudana x alba 'Aokautere'

Salix matsudona x alba 'Moutere' Salix repens x purpurea 'Kumeti'

Taxodium distichum

Nyssa sylvatica

6.1.2.2 SHRUBS Aucuba japonica (male clone)

Rhododendron species

Viburnum tinus + species

6.1.2.3 GROUNDCOVER:

Correa 'Carmine bells' Helleborus species Hemerocallis cvs. Iris species Phalaris arundinacea

APPENDIX 6.2: SUBMITTERS AND ATTENDEES INVOLVED IN CONSULTATIONS

6.2.1 HAMMOND PARK

Public Consultation Meeting held Wednesday, 15 October, 5.30 p.m. at Hamilton Gardens Pavillion.

<u>Name</u> Address/Group Representing Peter Duncan Bruce MacKay Design Services staff) Anita Pearson Lucas du Chatenier 20 Silva Crescent, Hamilton Jacqui Amohanga P.O. Box 124081, Hamilton Te Kotuku Whenua Te Hou Pene P.O. Box 14081 Hamilton Te Kotuku Whenua Lindsay Cumberpatch 60 Malcolm Street Hamilton Michael Hills 98 Howell Avenue Hamilton Robert Welch 54 Malcolm Street Hamilton Evan Morgan 58 Malcolm Street Hamilton Claudia Morgan 58 Malcolm Street Hamilton Bert Robinson Hamilton Anglers Club

6.2.2 SUBMITTERS TO LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT PLAN CONSULTATION

Submission No.	Name	Address
101	Tui 2000	24 Beech Crescent
	C/- Mairi Jay	Hamilton
102	Water, Drainage & Refuse	H.C.C
	Unit, HCC, C/- Kevin McHugh	
103	G.W. Lawson	41 Malcolm Street
		Hamilton
104	Keith Shiels	47 Malcolm Street
	L.J.L. Preston	Hamilton
L. Marie Valence	c/- Preston Matenga	P.O. Box 9440, Ham.
105	L.J.L. Preston	55 Malcolm Street
THE STATE OF THE S		Hamilton
106	C. & E. Morgan	58 Malcolm Street
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O		Hamilton
107	Strategic Unit	H.C.C
	C/- Sally Davis or	
	Alisdair Craig	
112	Roads & Traffic Unit	H.C.C.
	C/- Robyn Denton	

Submission No.	Name	Address
113	Environment Waikato	PO Box 4010,
	C/- W.A. Stace,	Hamilton East.
	Senior Planner	
114	Nga Mana Toopu O Kirikiriroa	Po Box 13054, Hillcrest,
	C/- Rawiri Bidois	Hamilton

6.2.3 OTHER CONSULTEES REQUIRING CONTINUING INVOLVEMENT

Name	Address
Waikato Rowing Club C/- The Secretary Ron Jensen	P.O. Box 19141, Hamilton
Hamilton Anglers Society C/- Bert Robinson	P.O. Box 16092, Hamilton
Huakina Development Trust	P.O. Box 319
C/- Mr R. Mahuta	Pukekohe
Maruia Society C/- Tony Fraser	425 Loop Road Te Pahu Hamilton
Te Kotuku Whenua Consultants	P.O. Box 14081
C/- Te Hou Pene	Hamilton.
The Waikato Conservator,	Private Bag 3072,
Dept. of Conservation	Hamilton
River Guardians	37 Ann Street
C/- Gay Fraundorfer	Hamilton

APPENDIX 6.3: PLANS & DETAILS

Contents

Plan 1	Zone A & B
Plan 2	Zone B, C, D1 & D2
Plan 3	Zone D3, D4 & Zone E
Plan 4	Cross Sections for Zone A & B
Plan 5	Cross Sections for Zone B & C
Plan 6	Cross Sections for Zone D
Plan 7	Cross Sections for Zone D & E
Plan 8	Elevation of Steep Slope Walkway
Plan 9	Section of Steep Slope Walkway
Plan 10	Section & Elevation of Boardwalk

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EXISTING
VEGETATION TO
BE RELAINED

PROPOSED VEGETATION

NUMBERED CROSS SECTIONS AND LOCATIONS

TOP OF BANK

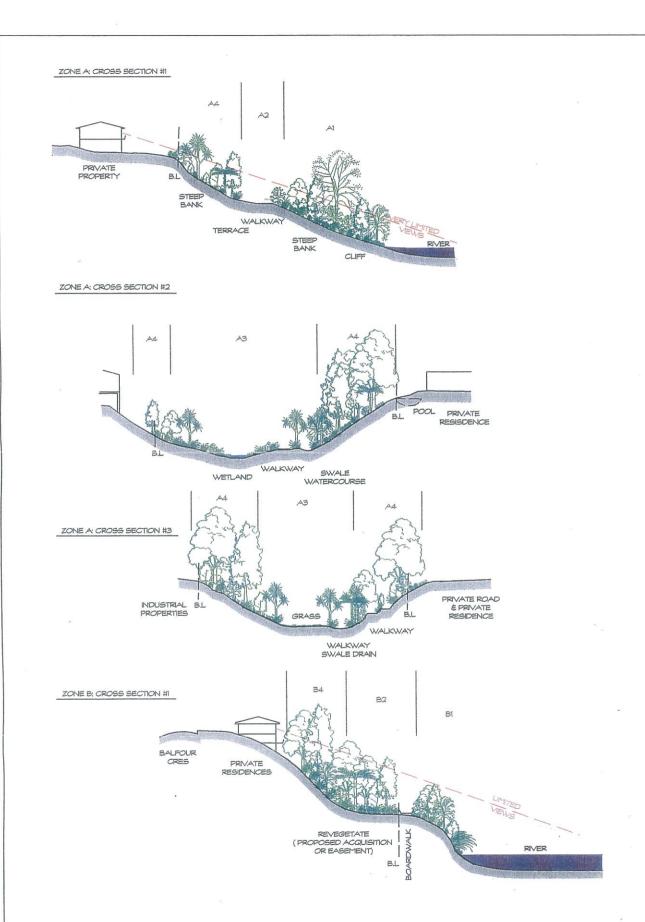
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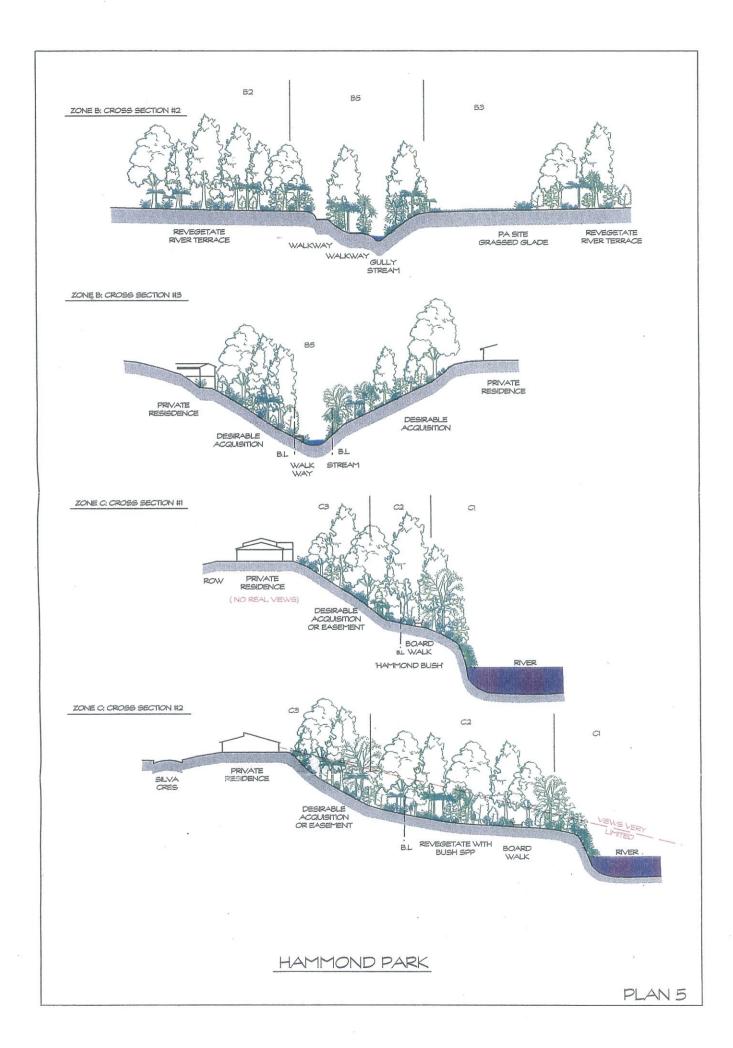
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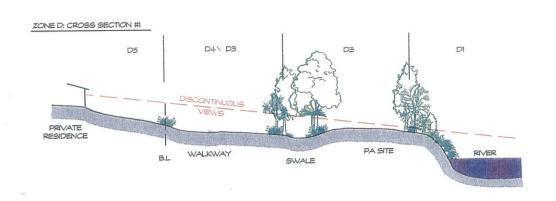
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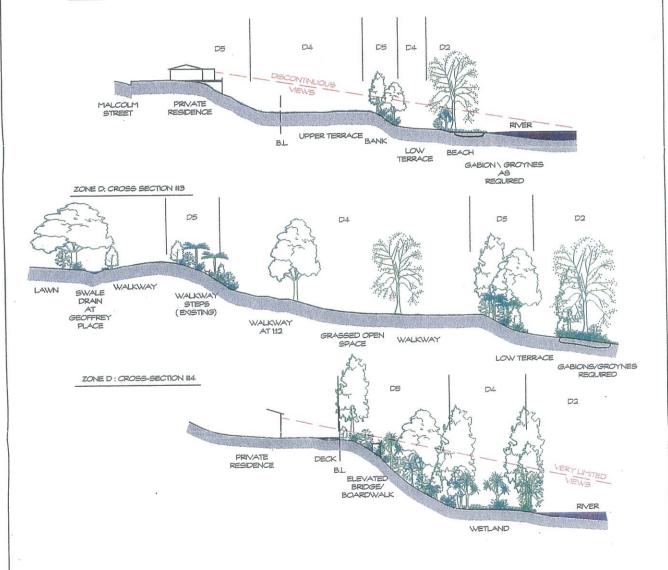
HAMMOND PARK

PLAN 4

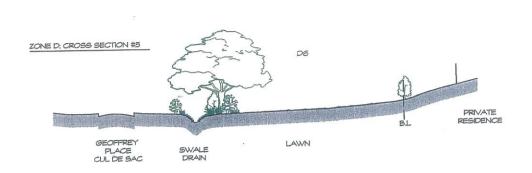


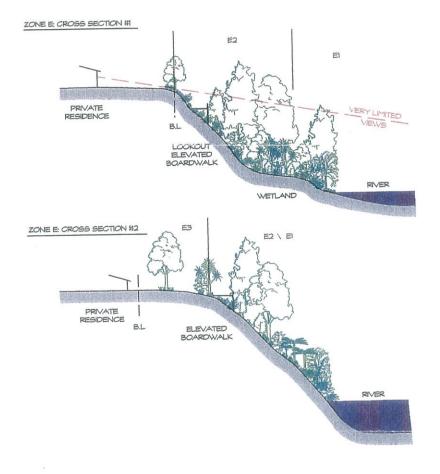


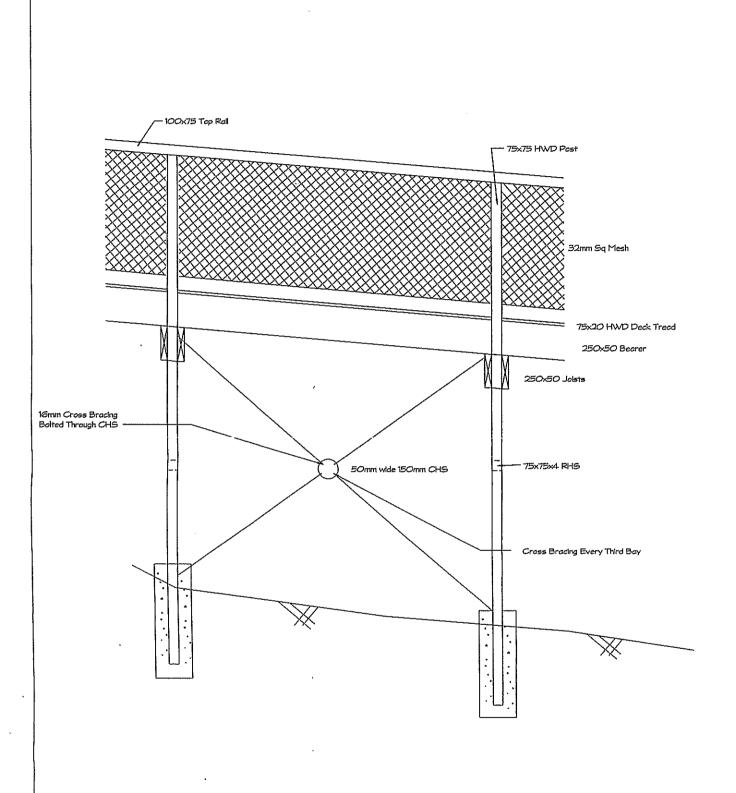
ZONE D: CROSS SECTION #2



HAMMOND PARK

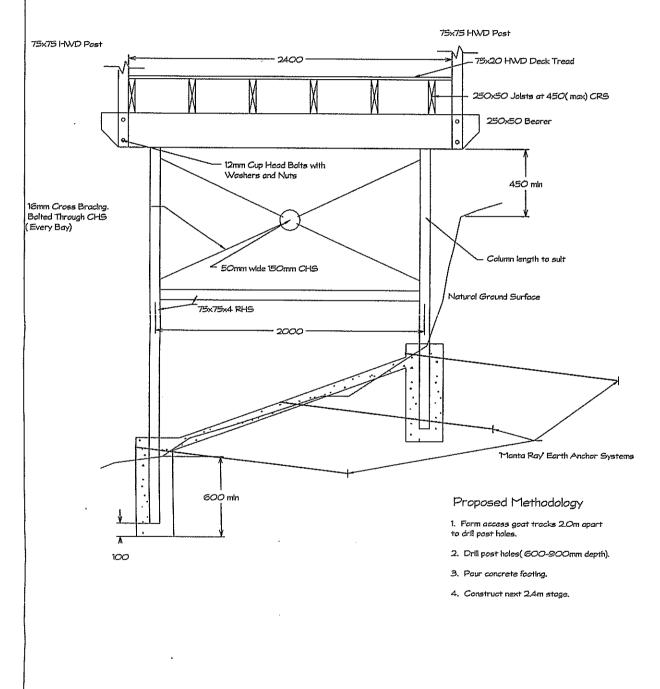






STEEP SLOPE WALKWAY

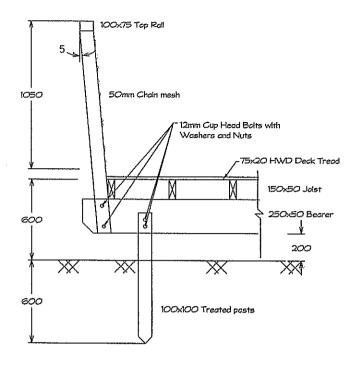
ELEVATION

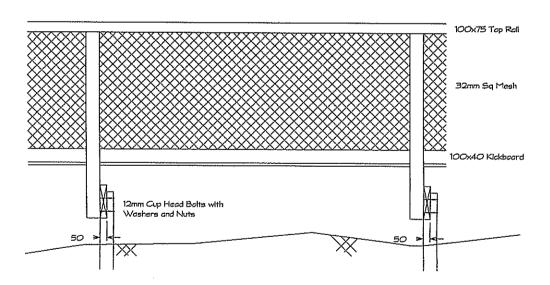


STEEP SLOPE WALKWAY

SECTION

Plan 9





PROPOSED BOARDWALK