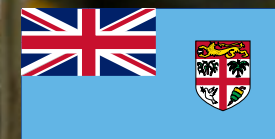




Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations

Hand-in-Hand
Initiative

Fiji



HAND-IN-HAND INITIATIVE | 2026 INVESTMENT FORUM

IMPORTANT NOTES

FAO'S HAND-IN-HAND INITIATIVE

The investment opportunities presented in this document derive from government-led investment plans developed under FAO's Hand-in-Hand (HIH) Initiative. The Initiative supports countries in identifying high-impact agrifood system investments through a combination of data-driven territorial analysis, value chain assessments, and close collaboration with national counterparts. Using the Hand-in-Hand Geospatial Platform, the Initiative integrates geospatial, biophysical, and socio-economic data to identify priority "green zones" where agricultural potential and poverty incidence overlap, creating strong opportunities for transformative investment. Based on these analyses, national governments lead the development of investment plans that identify priority value chains, key bottlenecks, and potential investments required to accelerate agrifood system transformation. These investment opportunities aim to raise incomes, improve nutrition, and empower poor and vulnerable populations, while strengthening resilience to climate change and supporting the sustainable management of natural resources. The Initiative focuses on territories where targeted investments can generate the greatest impact in reducing poverty and hunger, contributing to progress towards Sustainable Development Goals SDG1 (No Poverty), SDG2 (Zero Hunger), and SDG10 (Reduced Inequalities), while balancing economic growth, social inclusion, and environmental sustainability.

IMPORTANT CLARIFICATIONS

The opportunities presented in this document are derived from government investment plans and reflect national development priorities identified through the Hand-in-Hand Initiative. FAO provides analytical and technical support in the identification and assessment of these opportunities and facilitates engagement with potential partners. The concepts presented are indicative and require further structuring and discussion with the relevant governments and potential investors. This document therefore presents a pipeline of government-prioritized agrifood investment opportunities that have been pre-screened using FAO's Hand-in-Hand analytical tools. FAO can support interested partners by facilitating technical exchanges and follow-up discussions with relevant government counterparts.

IMPACT TAGS

Investment cases are classified across four impact areas to highlight their primary development contributions and ensure comparability across countries and value chains.

-  **Livelihoods** Income, productivity, jobs, and market access
-  **Gender & Youth** Inclusion and opportunities for women and young people
-  **Planet & Environment** Climate resilience and sustainable resource management
-  **Digital** Use of technology to improve efficiency and access

A climate-resilient Pacific hub with strong government backing and untapped agri-export potential

KEY INVESTMENT SIGNALS

POPULATION

0.9M

(MILLION)

GDP

USD 6.0B

(BILLION)

ARABLE LAND

555K ha

(THOUSAND HECTARES)

INVESTMENT CASE



STRATEGIC MARKET ACCESS

- Aviation hub with high-value diaspora export demand
- Member of WTO, IMF, WCO, and Pacific Islands Forum
- Trade agreements: MSGTA, PICTA, Interim EPA with EU
- Ports handle 300+ islands, gateway to regional markets



PRO- INVESTMENT GOVERNMENT

- Investment Act 2021 simplifies regulation, cuts red tape
- Corporate tax 25%, free profit repatriation after tax
- Standardized investor process via Investment Fiji agency
- \$200M World Bank/ADB funding for resilient infrastructure



UNTAPPED GROWTH POTENTIAL

- Tourism sector demand for fresh, branded local produce
- Low value-addition; most crops sold raw or unprocessed
- Non-sugar Agriculture Policy earmarks priority crop growth
- Yield gaps and post-harvest losses signal room to scale

FIJI: INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO



Unlocking productivity and value addition across Fiji's coconut, cocoa, pineapple, and breadfruit value chains

INVESTMENT PLAN FIJI	INVESTMENT CASE 1. COCONUT	INVESTMENT CASE 2. COCOA	INVESTMENT CASE 3. PINEAPPLE	INVESTMENT CASE 4. BREADFRUIT
IMPACT TAGS 	IMPACT TAGS 	IMPACT TAGS 	IMPACT TAGS 	IMPACT TAGS
INVESTMENT USD 65.5 million	INVESTMENT USD 18.2 million	INVESTMENT USD 15.5 million	INVESTMENT USD 29.6 million	INVESTMENT USD 2.2 million
NPV USD 58.7 million	NPV USD 20.7 million	NPV USD 10.4 million	NPV USD 24.4 million	NPV USD 3.2 million
AVG IRR 24.8%	IRR 19.7%	IRR 19.1%	IRR 30.5%	IRR 29.9%
DIRECT BENEFICIARIES 31.6 thousand	DIRECT BENEFICIARIES 25.0 thousand	DIRECT BENEFICIARIES 2.4 thousand	DIRECT BENEFICIARIES 4.0 thousand	DIRECT BENEFICIARIES 0.2 thousand
INDIRECT BENEFICIARIES 145.4 thousand	INDIRECT BENEFICIARIES 115.0 thousand	INDIRECT BENEFICIARIES 11.0 thousand	INDIRECT BENEFICIARIES 18.4 thousand	INDIRECT BENEFICIARIES 0.9 thousand
AVG PER HOUSEHOLD INCOME INCREASE +USD 1,860	PER HOUSEHOLD INCOME INCREASE +USD 830	PER HOUSEHOLD INCOME INCREASE +USD 4,330	PER HOUSEHOLD INCOME INCREASE +USD 6,110	PER HOUSEHOLD INCOME INCREASE +USD 16,185
GHG IMPACT TBD tCO2-e	GHG IMPACT TBD tCO2-e	GHG IMPACT TBD tCO2-e	GHG IMPACT TBD tCO2-e	GHG IMPACT TBD tCO2-e

1. COCONUT



From raw copra to premium coconut products for tourism and export markets

INVESTMENT PROFILE (INDICATIVE)

INVESTMENT

USD 18.2M
(MILLION)

NPV

USD 20.7M
(MILLION)

IRR

19.7%
(%)

RATIONALE

- Large, established production base across outer islands and Vanua Levu
- Growing demand for virgin oil, coconut water, and value-added products
- Strong fit with Fiji's tourism industry and premium island branding
- Existing processing hubs provide a ready foundation for scale-up

KEY BOTTLENECKS

1. Aging/senile trees; limited access to improved planting material; cyclone & pest damage
2. Inconsistent seedling supply constraining rejuvenation
3. High logistics costs; limited local processing; inconsistent raw material supply
4. Underdeveloped value-added markets; limited hotel/tourism supply
5. Price exposure; weak branding; limited buyer linkages

PROPOSED INVESTMENTS(*)

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| ▶ PPP | Rejuvenation of 6,157 ha of old coconut plantations (USD 14.9 million) |
| ▶ Public | 10 coconut nurseries (210,000 saplings/year) (USD 0.3 million) |
| ▶ PPP | 3 virgin coconut oil processing units (USD 0.9 million) |
| ▶ PPP | 2 tender coconut & coconut water processing units (USD 0.6 million) |
| ▶ Public | Soft investments (training, branding, market promotion) (USD 1.5 million) |

SUSTAINABILITY BENEFITS



DIRECT
BENEFICIARIES
25.0K
(THOUSAND)



INDIRECT
BENEFICIARIES
115.0K
(THOUSAND)



PER HOUSEHOLD
INCOME INCREASE
+830
(USD/HOUSEHOLD)



GHG IMPACT
FAO EXACT CARBON TOOL
TBD
(tCO2-e)

Note: (*) Opportunities reflect government priorities identified through the FAO Hand-in-Hand Initiative and require further structuring with relevant public and private stakeholders.

2. COCOA



Reviving Fiji's cocoa sector into a specialty, export-ready chocolate value chain

INVESTMENT PROFILE (INDICATIVE)

INVESTMENT

USD 15.5M
(MILLION)

NPV

USD 10.4M
(MILLION)

IRR

19.1%
(%)

RATIONALE

- Recovering production base with strong replanting momentum already underway
- Rising demand from hotels, duty-free shops, and specialty export markets
- Clear path from raw beans to dark chocolate, couverture, and confections
- Government-backed farmer training and market linkages already in motion

KEY BOTTLENECKS

PROPOSED INVESTMENTS(*)

1. Small production base recovering from disasters/pests; farmer hesitancy	Public Private	Rehabilitate & upgrade 600 cocoa farms (USD 4.5 million)
2. Limited availability of quality seedlings	Public	10 cocoa nurseries (100,000 saplings/year) (USD 0.1 million)
3. Weak fermentation/sun-drying practices; limited post-harvest equipment	PPP	50 community-based cocoa fermentation enterprises (USD 8.5 million)
4. Inconsistent supply from farmers to processors	PPP	5 cocoa processing units (USD 1.5 million)
5. Limited farmer skills; weak quality assurance and market outreach	Public	Soft investments (training, QA systems, promotion) (USD 0.9 million)

SUSTAINABILITY BENEFITS



DIRECT
BENEFICIARIES
2.4K
(THOUSAND)



INDIRECT
BENEFICIARIES
11.0K
(THOUSAND)



PER HOUSEHOLD
INCOME INCREASE
+4,330
(USD/HOUSEHOLD)



GHG IMPACT
FAO EXACT CARBON TOOL
TBD
(tCO2-e)

Note: (*) Opportunities reflect government priorities identified through the FAO Hand-in-Hand Initiative and require further structuring with relevant public and private stakeholders.

3. PINEAPPLE



Scaling Fiji's pineapple sector from local staple to premium export product

INVESTMENT PROFILE (INDICATIVE)

INVESTMENT

USD 29.6M
(MILLION)

NPV

USD 24.4M
(MILLION)

IRR

30.5%
(%)

RATIONALE

- Second-largest permanent crop by volume, with strong local market absorption
- Growing tourism and export demand, especially from New Zealand
- Government-backed export roadmap already opening priority markets
- Clear opportunity to build organized farm-to-export supply chains

KEY BOTTLENECKS

1. Limited quality planting material; inconsistent harvest scheduling

Public

Upgrade 250 smallholder farms to export varieties (4,000 farmers) (USD 23.4 million)

2. Difficulty ensuring year-round Grade A supply

Public

5 pineapple nurseries (615,000 suckers/year) (USD 0.4 million)

3. Limited post-harvest facilities (grading, sorting, aggregation)

PPP

5 pineapple packhouses (10 tons/day capacity) (USD 4.7 million)

4. Small/irregular export supply; weak farmer-buyer coordination

Public

Soft investments (training, GAP certification, market outreach) (USD 1.1 million)

PROPOSED INVESTMENTS(*)

SUSTAINABILITY BENEFITS



DIRECT
BENEFICIARIES
4.0K
(THOUSAND)



INDIRECT
BENEFICIARIES
18.4K
(THOUSAND)



PER HOUSEHOLD
INCOME INCREASE
+6,110
(USD/HOUSEHOLD)



GHG IMPACT
FAO EXACT CARBON TOOL
TBD
(tCO2-e)

Note: (*) Opportunities reflect government priorities identified through the FAO Hand-in-Hand Initiative and require further structuring with relevant public and private stakeholders.

4. BREADFRUIT



Turning an underused staple crop into a branded export opportunity

INVESTMENT PROFILE (INDICATIVE)

INVESTMENT

USD 2.2M
(MILLION)

NPV

USD 3.2M
(MILLION)

IRR

29.9%
(%)

RATIONALE

- Strong, steady export demand from Pacific diaspora communities in New Zealand
- Natural local substitute for imported staples like potatoes and wheat
- Currently under-commercialized, offering a first-mover market advantage
- Government already piloting orchard trials and export protocols

KEY BOTTLENECKS

1. Limited organized orchard area; dependence on scattered backyard trees

PPP

Develop 20 breadfruit orchards (200 farmers) (USD 0.5 million)

2. Limited post-harvest facilities (grading, sorting, aggregation)

PPP

5 breadfruit aggregation & export units (USD 1.5 million)

3. Difficulty meeting buyer requirements (maturity, packaging, phytosanitary/HTFA)

Public

Soft investments (training, protocol development, market outreach) (USD 0.2 million)

SUSTAINABILITY BENEFITS



DIRECT
BENEFICIARIES
0.2K
(THOUSAND)



INDIRECT
BENEFICIARIES
0.9K
(THOUSAND)



PER HOUSEHOLD
INCOME INCREASE
+16,185
(USD/HOUSEHOLD)



GHG IMPACT
FAO EXACT CARBON TOOL
TBD
(tCO2-e)

Note: (*) Opportunities reflect government priorities identified through the FAO Hand-in-Hand Initiative and require further structuring with relevant public and private stakeholders.



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*Click here to see full
Investment Note:*



*Click here to request a
bilateral meeting:*

