

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
AND
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
IIFL FINANCE LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS
IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)





सत्यमेव जयते

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS

Office of the Registrar of Companies
Everest, 100 Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India, 400002

Certificate of Incorporation pursuant to change of name
[Pursuant to rule 29 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014]

Corporate Identification Number (CIN): L74999MH1995PLC093797

I hereby certify that the name of the company has been changed from IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED to IIFL FINANCE LIMITED with effect from the date of this certificate and that the company is limited by shares.

Company was originally incorporated with the name PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED.

Given under my hand at Mumbai this Twenty fourth day of May two thousand nineteen.



V T SAJEEVAN

Registrar of Companies
RoC - Mumbai

Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V,, Plot No.B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate,
Thane, Maharashtra, India, 400604





सत्यमेव जयते

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS

Registrar of companies, Mumbai
Everest, 100 Marine Drive, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India, 400002

Corporate Identity Number: L67100MH1995PLC093797

SECTION 13(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Certificate of Registration of the Special Resolution Confirming Alteration of Object Clause(s)

The shareholders of M/s IIFL FINANCE LIMITED having passed Special Resolution in the Annual/Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 13-05-2019 altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects and complied with the Section 13(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

I hereby certify that the said Special Resolution together with the copy of the Memorandum of Association as altered has this day been registered.

Given under my hand at Mumbai this Twenty eighth day of May Two thousand nineteen.

DS Ministry of
Corporate
Affairs 23

URMILA PUNJA PARMAR

Registrar of Companies

RoC - Mumbai

Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V,, Plot No.B-23, Thane Industrial
Area, Wagle Estate, Thane, Maharashtra, India, 400604



भारत सरकार-कॉर्पोरेट कार्य मंत्रालय
कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालय, महाराष्ट्र, मुंबई

नाम परिवर्तन के पश्चात नया निगमन प्रमाण-पत्र

कॉर्पोरेट पहचान संख्या : L74999MH1995PLC093797

मैसर्स INDIA INFOLINE LIMITED

के मामले में, मैं एतद्वारा सत्यापित करता हूँ कि मैसर्स
INDIA INFOLINE LIMITED

जो मूल रूप में दिनांक अठारह अक्टूबर उन्नीस सौ पचानवे को कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 1) के अंतर्गत मैसर्स
PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED

के रूप में निगमित की गई थी, ने कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 21 की शर्तों के अनुसार विधिवत आवश्यक विनिश्चय पारित करके तथा लिखित रूप में यह सूचित करके की उसे भारत का अनुमोदन, कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 21 के साथ पठित, भारत सरकार, कम्पनी कार्य विभाग, नई दिल्ली की अधिसूचना संसा का नि 507 (अ) दिनांक 24.6.1985 एस् आर एन B95973657 दिनांक 18/02/2014 के द्वारा प्राप्त हो गया है, उक्त कम्पनी का नाम आज परिवर्तित रूप में मैसर्स
IIFL Holdings Limited

हो गया है और यह प्रमाण-पत्र, कथित अधिनियम की धारा 23(1) के अनुसरण में जारी किया जाता है।

यह प्रमाण-पत्र मुंबई में आज दिनांक अठारह फरवरी दो हजार चौदह को जारी किया जाता है।

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA - MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS
Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai

Fresh Certificate of Incorporation Consequent upon Change of Name

Corporate Identity Number : L74999MH1995PLC093797

In the matter of M/s INDIA INFOLINE LIMITED

I hereby certify that INDIA INFOLINE LIMITED which was originally incorporated on Eighteenth day of October Nineteen Hundred Ninety Five under the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) as PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED having duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto under Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956, read with Government of India, Department of Company Affairs, New Delhi, Notification No. G.S.R 507 (E) dated 24/06/1985 vide SRN B95973657 dated 18/02/2014 the name of the said company is this day changed to IIFL Holdings Limited and this Certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given at Mumbai this Eighteenth day of February Two Thousand Fourteen.



Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार, महाराष्ट्र, मुंबई

*Note: The corresponding form has been approved by SUDHAKAR TULASHIRAM BHOYE, Assistant Registrar of Companies and this certificate has been digitally signed by the Registrar through a system generated digital signature under rule 5(2) of the Companies (Electronic Filing and Authentication of Documents) Rules, 2006.

The digitally signed certificate can be verified at the Ministry website (www.mca.gov.in).

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय अभिलेख में उपलब्ध पत्राचार का पता :

Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

IIFL Holdings Limited

IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V., Plot No.B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate,

Thane - 400604,

Maharashtra, INDIA



भारत सरकार-कॉर्पोरेट कार्य मंत्रालय
कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालय, महाराष्ट्र, मुंबई

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 18 (1) (ख)

उद्देश्य-खंडों में परिवर्तन की पुष्टि हेतु विशेष विनिश्चय के पंजीकरण का प्रमाण-पत्र

कॉर्पोरेट पहचान संख्या : L74999MH1995PLC093797

मेसर्स. INDIA INFOLINE LIMITED

के अंशधारकों के दिनांक 25/01/2008 को आयोजित की गई वार्षिक / असाधारण बैठक में एक विशेष विनिश्चय पारित करके कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 1) की धारा 18 (1) का अनुपालन करते हुए अपने संगम-ज्ञापन के प्रावधानों में परिवर्तन कर लिया है।

मैं, एतावत सत्यापित करता हूँ कि उक्त विशेष विनिश्चय की प्रतिलिपि, यथा परिवर्तित संगम-ज्ञापन के साथ, आण प्रसिद्ध कर दी गई है।

ये हस्ताक्षर द्वारा मुंबई में यह प्रमाण-पत्र, आषट दिनांक ग्यारह फरवरी दो हजार आठ को जारी किया जाता है।

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA - MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS
Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai

SECTION 18(1)(A) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

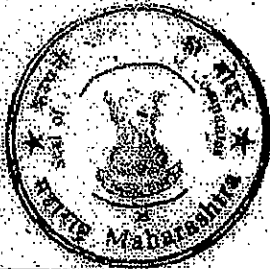
Certificate of Registration of the Special Resolution Confirming Alteration of Object Clause(s)

Corporate Identity Number : L74999MH1995PLC093797

The share holders of M/s INDIA INFOLINE LIMITED having passed Special Resolution in the Annual/Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 25/01/2008 altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects and complied with the Section (18)(1) of the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956).

I hereby certify that the said Special Resolution together with the copy of the Memorandum of Association as altered has this day been registered.

Given under my hand at Mumbai this Eleventh day of February Two Thousand Eight.



(SURYANARAYANA REDDY KOVVURI)

सहायक कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार / Assistant Registrar of Companies

महाराष्ट्र, मुंबई
Maharashtra, Mumbai

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय अधिलेख में उपलब्ध पत्राचार का पता :
Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

INDIA INFOLINE LIMITED
75, NERLON COMPLEX, OFF WESTERN EXPRESS HIGHWAY, GOREGAON (EAST),
MUMBAI - 400 063 - 400 063,
Maharashtra, INDIA

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COMPANY AFFAIRS**

Maharashtra, Mumbai
Everest, 100, Marine Road, , Mumbai - 400002, Maharashtra, INDIA

Corporate Identity Number : L74999MH1995PLC093797

**SECTION 18(1)(A) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956
Certificate of Registration of the Special Resolution Confirming Alteration
of Object Clause(s)**

The share holders of M/s INDIA INFOLINE LIMITED having passed Special Resolution in the Annual/Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 08/08/2006 altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects and complied with the Section (18)(1) of the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956).

I hereby certify that the said Special Resolution together with the copy of the Memorandum of Association as altered has this day been registered.

Given under my hand at Mumbai this TWENTY FOURTH day of AUGUST TWO THOUSAND SIX.



Dy. 
Registrar of Companies
Maharashtra, Mumbai

No. 11- 93797

**FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME.**

IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, MAHARASHTRA,
MUMBAI.

In the matter of INDIA INFOLINE.COM LIMITED

I hereby approve and signify in writing under Section 21
of the Companies Act, 1956 (Act of 1956) read with the
Government of India, Department of Company Affairs,
Notification No. G.S.R. 507E dated the 24th June 1985 the
change of name of the Company.

from INDIA INFOLINE.COM LIMITED
to INDIA INFOLINE LIMITED

and I hereby certify that INDIA INFOLINE.COM LIMITED

which was originally incorporated on 18th
day of October 1995 under the Companies Act, 1956 and under the name
PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED having
duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of section 21/22(1)
(a)/22(1) (b) of the Companies Act, 1956 the name of the said
Company is this day changed to
INDIA INFOLINE LIMITED

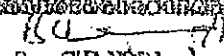
and this

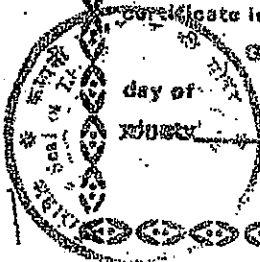
certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act/

Given under my hand at MUMBAI this 23rd

day of March 2001

~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~


DY. B. CHANORA)
Registrar of Companies
Maharashtra, Mumbai.



No. 11- 93797

**FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME**

IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, MAHARASHTRA,
MUMBAI.

In the matter of PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES LIMITED

I hereby approve and signify in writing under Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 (Act of 1956) read with the Government of India, Department of Company Affairs, Notification No. G.S.R. 507E dated the 24th June 1985 the change of name of the Company.

from PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES LIMITED,

to INDIA INFOLINE.COM LIMITED.

and I hereby certify that PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES LIMITED,

which was originally incorporated on EIGHTEENTH
day of OCT 1995
under the Companies Act, 1956 and under the name
PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED, having

duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of section 21/22 of the Companies Act, 1956 the name of the said Company is this day changed to
INDIA INFOLINE.COM LIMITED.

and this

certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act/

Given under my hand at MUMBAI this TWENTYTHIRD

day of MAY
1995 THOUSAND

(D. VIJAYA BHASKAR
BY Registrar of Companies
Maharashtra, Mumbai.



No. 11 : 93797

**CERTIFICATE OF CHANGE OF NAME
UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956.**

In the matter of PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES PRIVATE
LIMITED.

I do hereby certify that pursuant to the provisions of section 23 of
Companies Act, 1956 and the Special Resolution passed under
Sec. 31/44 of the Companies Act by the Company at its Annual/
Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 15/02/2000

the name of "PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES PRIVATE
LIMITED.

has this day been changed to "PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES
LIMITED.

and that the said company has been duly incorporated as a company
under the provisions of the said Act.

Day of this TWENTY EIGHTH day of APRIL
~~X~~ two thousand and ninety TWO THOUSAND

(D. VIJAYA BHASKAR)
DY. Assit/Addl/Registrar of Companies
Maharashtra, Mumbai.



No. 11-93797

(Section 18(1) of the Companies Act, 1956)

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF
SPECIAL RESOLUTION PASSED FOR
ALTERATION OF OBJECTS

M/s. PROBITY RESEARCH & SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED.

having by Special Resolution passed on 16/07/1999

altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association
with respect to its objects, and a copy of the said resolution
having been filed with this office on 10/10/1999

I hereby certify that the Special Resolution passed on 16/07/1999
together with the printed copy of the Memorandum of
Association, as altered, has this days been registered.

Given under my hand at MUMBAI

this TWENTYFOURTH day of OCTOBER

~~ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY~~ TWO THOUSAND



B. Chandra
(B. CHANDRA)

BY. ASST/ADDL/REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES,
MAHARASHTRA, MUMBAI.



प्राकृत्य० आर्डि० आर०
Form I. R.

Handwritten signature/initials

निगमन का प्रमाण-पत्र
CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

ता० की सं०
No. 11-93197 of Date 1995

मैं एतद्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि आज

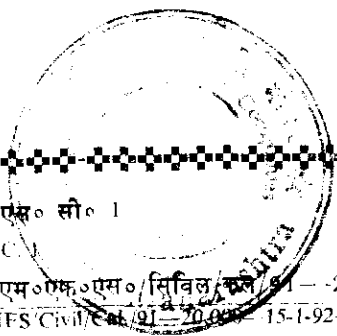
कम्पनी अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का सं० 1) के अधीन निगमित की गई है और वह कम्पनी परिसीमित है।

I hereby certify that PROPERTY RESEARCH & SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 (No. I of 1956) and that the Company is limited.

मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज ता० को दिया गया।

Given under my hand at BOMBAY this EIGHTH day of OCTOBER One thousand nine hundred and NINETEEN



2
(Y.M. DEOLKAR)
कम्पनियों का रजिस्ट्रार

ADDL. Registrar of Companies

Handwritten signature

जे० एम० सी० 1

L. S. C. 1

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
IIFL FINANCE LIMITED #

I. The name of the Company is **IIFL FINANCE LIMITED.#**

Name clause changed from 'IIFL Holdings Limited' to 'IIFL Finance Limited' pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019.

II. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the **State of Maharashtra.**

III. The objects for which the Company is established are:

(A). THE MAIN OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:-

1. *To carry on the business of borrowing/lending money by way of pledge, mortgage, hypothecation, charge or otherwise with or without any securities to any person, individual, body-corporate, firm, organization, authority but the company shall not carry on banking business within the meaning of Banking Regulations Act, 1949.

2. *To solicit and procure insurance business as Corporate Agent and to undertake such other activities as are incidental or ancillary thereto.

2A. * To carry on the activities as investment company and to buy, sell, trade, invest, deal or to do broking in shares, stocks, debentures, bonds, derivatives, commodities, obligations, bills, securities, movable and immovable property and other investments.”

***Replaced pursuant to the composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019**

(B). THE OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE MAIN OBJECTS:

3. To carry on the business of advisor and/or consultant to the industry, business, government and non government institutions, corporates. Financial institutions, individuals or any other bodies on subject or matters related to capital market, business information. investment information, portfolio management, organisational behaviour, merchant banking, business management, statistical of data on industries, economy, corporates within and outside India, administration, costing financial management and marketing activities).

3A. #To constitute, set up, establish and manage any trust/undertakings for venture capital and to subscribe, act, undertake, manage, execute, exercise all Powers of Trustee, executors, administrators, receivers, attorneys, nominees, representatives and agents and to manage funds of all kinds of trusts and to aid, counsel, assist,

finance, protect, promote, and render periodic advice on investment, finance, taxation and to channelise, apply or invest funds from time to time in various forms of investments including shares, debentures, loans, convertibles or otherwise, any other type of instruments and to undertake and execute agencies and trusts of all kinds and to exercise all powers of custody and trust corporation anywhere in India or any part of the world.

3B. #To establish with the object of financing industrial enterprises, ventures in India or any part of the world by lending or granting by way of loans, advances, grants, deposits, hire purchases, leasing finance or any other form with or without interest and / or without security or participation in the capital of industrial enterprises.

3C. #To issue, implement, undertake, offer, distribute, or otherwise promote and operate the payment systems issuing pre-paid payment instruments to individuals/organizations including but not limited to issue a pre-paid cash wallet, mobile phone based pre-paid payment instruments, prepaid card and/or cash card to consumers, subject to requisite regulatory approvals.

3D. #To carry on the business of manpower recruitment and placement, human resource consultancy and training of personnel for the purposes of the main objects of the company.

#inserted pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019

4. To carry on the business of financiers and for that purpose lend or invest money with any person and negotiate loans in any form or manner and to draw, accept, endorse, discount, but, sell and in bills of exchange, hundies, promissory notes and such other negotiable instruments and securities and also to issue on commission, to subscribe for underwrite, take, acquire and hold, buy, sell, exchange and deal in shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, debenture stock of corporations or companies, obligations or securities of any government or public authority supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, whether in India or elsewhere and also to invest in immovable properties, real estates, agricultural lands.

5. To manage investment in shares, stocks, securities, finance and real estate, and to receive money on deposit at interest or otherwise for fixed periods, subject to provisions of Section 58A and directives of RBI and to lend money on any terms that may be thought fit and particularly to customers or other persons or corporations having dealings with the Company. The Company shall not carry on any business of banking as defined by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, or any Statutory modification thereof.

*** Inserted vide Special Resolution passed in the Extra-ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 16th July, 1999.**

6. To act, as investors, guarantors, underwriters, financiers and to lend, or deal with the money either with or without interest or security, including in current or deposit account with any Bank or Banks, other person or persons upon such terms, conditions and manner as may from time to time be determined and to receive money on deposit or loan upon such terms and conditions as the Company may approve. Provided Company shall not do any banking business as defined under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

7. To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money from any Bank or Banks or any other person or persons for the purpose of the Company's business in such manner and on such terms and with such rights, powers and privileges as the Company may think fit and particularly by issue of or upon bonds, debentures, bills of exchange, promissory notes or other obligation or securities of the Company and with a view there to hypothecate and/or in any way incumbrance or create lease on the under- taking and all or any of the immovable and movable properties, present or future and all or any of the uncalled capital for the time being of the Company and to purchase, redeem or pay off any such securities subject to Provisions to Section 58-A and direc- tives of Reserve Bank of India.

*8.To promote, sponsor, incorporate, acquire public and private limited companies in India and abroad and to invest and deal in shares, debentures, bonds, warrants and such other financial instruments of such companies and to undertake new ventures through such companies.”

*** Amended vide Special Resolution passed through Postal Ballot on January 25, 2008.**

9. To amalgamate, enter into any partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, cooperation, joint venture or reciprocal concession, or for limiting completion, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carrying on or engage in any business or transaction, which the Company is authorized to carry on or engage in or which the Company is authorized to carry on or engage in or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith and to give or accept by way of consideration for any of the acts, or things, aforesaid or property acquired, any share, debentures, debenture-stock or securities, that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture-stock or securities so received.

*10.To acquire by amalgamation, purchase, takeover, or otherwise the whole or part of the assets, liabilities and undertaking in India or elsewhere of any other company, body corporate, firm, association or individuals, carrying on, proposing to carry on or possessed of the property suitable for the purpose of the Company or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith.

*** Inserted vide Special Resolution passed through Postal Ballot on August 8, 2006.**

11. To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage, dispose off, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the undertaking property, investments and rights of the Company.

12. To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patent, trade-mark, brevets d'invention licenses, concessions, protections, rights, privilege, and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited rights to any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company or may appear likely to be advantageous or useful to the Company and to use, exercise, develop or grant license, privileges in that respect or otherwise turn to account the property, right or information so acquired and to assist, encourage, and spend money in making experiments, tests, improvements of any invention patent and right which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.

13. To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions; clubs, societies, funds, trusts, and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the Company or the departments or the connections of such persons or subject to the provisions of Companies Act to subscribe or guarantee money for any charitable, national, religious, benevolent, general or useful object or fund;

14. or for any purpose which may likely, directly or indirectly, further the objects of Company or the interest of its members or business.

14. To distribute among the members of the Company bonus shares (including fractional share certificates) out of profits, accumulated profits, of funds and resources of the Company in any manner permissible under Law.

15. To allot shares in this Company to be considered as fully or partly paid-up in payment or consideration of any service or property of whatever description which the Company may acquire.

16. To amalgamate with any company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company or any other Company subject to the Provisions of Section 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956.

17. To open branches in India and elsewhere and to get the company recognized in any foreign country and adopt such means of making known to the public the business or the products of the Company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press by circulars and publications of books and periodicals.

18. To employ experts to investigate and examine into the conditions, prospects, value, character and circumstances of any business concerns and undertaking and generally of any assets, property or rights.

19. To remunerate any person or company for service rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of shares in the Company's Capital or any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities of the Company or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the acquisition of property by the Company, or the conduct of its business.

20. To enter into any arrangement with any Government or authority supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, or any person or Company that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them and to obtain from any such Government Authority, person or company any rights, privileges, Charters, contracts, licenses and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply therewith.

21. To apply for, promote and obtain any Act, charter privilege concession, licence, authorization, if any, of and/or from any Government, State or Municipality, provisional order or license or any authority, for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect or for extending any of the powers of the Company, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem expedient and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated, directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.

22. To establish, provide, maintain and conduct, or otherwise subsidize research laboratories and experimental work-shops for scientific and technical research and to undertake and carry out all scientific and technical researches, experiments, and tests of all kinds and to promote studies and research both scientific and technical investigations and invention by providing subsidising, endowing or assisting laboratories, workshops, libraries, lectures, meetings and conferences and by providing for the remuneration of scientific or technical professor or teachers and by providing for the award of exhibitions, scholarships, prizes and grants to students or otherwise, and generally to encourage, promote and reward studies, researches, investigations, experiments, tests and inventions of any kind that may be considered likely to assist any of the business, which the Company is authorized to carry on.

23. To make donations to such persons or institutions and in such cases and either of cash or any other assets as may be thought directly or indirectly conducive to any of the Company's objects or otherwise expedient and in particular to remunerate any person or corporation introducing business to this company, and also to- subscribe, contribute or otherwise, assist or guarantee money for charitable, scientific, religious, or benevolent national, public or other institutions, objects or for any exhibition or for any public, objects and to establish and support or aid in the establishment and support or associations, institutions, funds and conveniences for the benefit of the employees or

ex-employees (including Directors) of the Company or its predecessors in business or of persons having dealings with the Company or the dependents, relatives or connected with such persons and in particular friendly or other benefit societies to grant pensions, allowances, gratuities and bonuses either by way of annual payments or a lump sum and to make payments towards insurance and to form and contribute to provident and benefit funds for such persons.

24. To pay for any right or property acquired by the Company and to remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing of shares in the Company's capital or any debentures, debenture-stock, or other securities of the Company or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the acquisition of property by the Company or the conduct of its business whether by cash payment or by the allotment of shares, debentures, or other securities of the Company, credited as paid up in full or in part of or otherwise.

25. To adopt such means of means of making known the business of the Company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interests, by publication of books and periodicals, and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.

26. To borrow or raise moneys on loans or receive deposits for the purpose of company by promissory notes, bills of exchange, hundies and other negotiable, transferable instruments or by mortgage, charge, hypothecation or pledge or by debentures, or by debenture-stock, perpetual or otherwise including debenture or debenture-stock, perpetual or otherwise including debentures or debenture-stock convertible into shares of this Company charged upon by or any of the Company's property and assets both present and future movable and immovable including its uncalled capital upon such terms as the Company may deem expedient or in such other manner with or without security as may be deemed expedient or to take money on deposit or otherwise (merely for the purpose of financing the business of the company), and to lend money to customers and others having dealings with the Company, to guarantee performance of contracts, agreements by any such persons and including all 'deeds, writing and assurances for any of the aforesaid purposes or to arrange bank guarantee for the customers with or without security on commission or otherwise except that the company shall not carry on the business of banking as defined by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, subject to the provision of section 58A of the Companies Act, and directives of Reserve Bank of India.

27. To invest or deal with the funds of the Company in such manner and upon such securities as shall from time to time be thought necessary for the benefit of the Company and to create any reserve fund, sinking fund, insurance fund, depreciation fund or provident fund thereout.

28. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, to distribute, among the members in specie any property of the Company, or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the Company in the event of winding up.

29. To insure the whole or any part of the property of the Company either fully or partially to protect and indemnify the Company from liability or loss in any respect either fully or partially and also to insure and to protect and indemnify any part or portion thereof either on mutual principle or otherwise.

30. To pay out of the funds of the Company all costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company.

31. To provide for the welfare of employees or ex-employees (including Directors and Ex-Directors) of the Company and the wives and families or the dependants or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of dwelling house or quarters to grant money pensions, gratuities, allowances, bonuses, profit sharing bonuses or benefits or any other payments by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident fund, institutions, funds, profits sharing or other schemes or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards place of instructions and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries,, medical and other attendance or assistance as the Company shall think fit.

32. To guarantee the payment of money, unsecured or secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, debentures, debenture-stocks, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations and other securities of any Company or of any authority, Central, State, Municipal, local or otherwise or of any person whomsoever whether incorporated or not and generally to transact all kinds of guarantee business, to guarantee the issue of or the payment of interest on the shares, debentures, debenture-stock or other securities or obligation of any company or association and to pay or provide for brokerage, commission and underwriting in respect of any such issue, and to transact all kinds of trust and agency business, in which the Company is authorized to carry on business .

32A.# To do all other forms of business which Government of India or Reserve Bank of India may specify as a form of business in which it is lawful for the non banking financing company to engage in, subject to requisite permission of the regulatory authorities.

32B.# To carry on any other business (whether similar to any of the abovementioned business or not) which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above mentioned business calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of any of the company's business, property or rights.

32C. #To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the promotion or advancement of the business of the Company.”

#inserted pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019

(C). OTHER OBJECTS:

33. To manage, land, building and other properties, whether belonging to the Company or not, and to collect rents and income, and to supply tenants and occupiers and others refreshments, attendance, light, waiting rooms, reading rooms, meeting rooms, electric conveniences and other advantages.

34. To carry on business as producers, manufacturers, processors, converters, refiners, makers, bottlers, stockiest, dealers, importers, exporters, traders, retailers, agents, buyers or sellers of oxygen, acetylene, ammonia, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, hydrogen, helium and other types and kinds of gases required for or used in industries agriculture, clinics, hospitals, refrigeration aviation, transport vehicles, space rockets and crafts, communication objects and media power plants, domestic or public lighting, heating, cooling or cooking purposes, lighters, plants producing water, chemicals or fuels, pesticide, defence establishments, horticulture, forest or plant protection and growth and other allied purposes and to service, repair, manufacture, market or deal in machinery, plants, spares, cylinders, containers, gadgets, appliance, and accessories, required for, working on, using or producing any of such gases and products.

35. To produce, manufacture, purchase, refine, prepare, process, import, export, sell and generally deal in cement, portland cement, alumina cement, lime and limestone and by products thereof, cement-pipes sheets and other building materials, refractories and bricks.

36. To manufacture, process, import, export, buy, sell and deal in vanaspati oils, dehydrated vegetable oils, oils made or processed from seeds, cotton seeds, coconuts, products of plantations, horticulture, agriculture and forest produce and oil cakes, and soaps and lubricants made from such oils or as by-products thereof.

37. To carry on business as timber merchants, mill proprietors and timber growers and to buy, sell, grow, prepare for market, manipulate, import, export and deal in timber, teak, ply-wood, fire wood and wood of all kinds and to manufacture and deal in articles of all kinds in the manufacture of which timber, ply-wood or other wood is used and to buy, clear, plant and work timber estates.

38. To produce, manufacture, refine, prepare, process, purchase, sell, import, export or generally deal in bricks, sand, stone, marble tiles, refractories china wares, sanitary materials, pipes, tubes, tubular structures, cement, sheets, roofings, door closers, building or decorative materials made of cement stone, clay.

39. To manufacture, produce buy, sell, import, export, stock and deal in machine tool, grinding machine, automatic lathes, drilling machines, planing machines, planogrinders, machinery of every description, precision tools, cutting and small tools electric motors, electrical equipments, electric meters, cables, wires, switch-gears, flames and drip proof motors, electric fans, regulators of all types electric kilowatt hour meters, magnets, industrial jewels, ammeters, voltmeters, and other types of measuring instruments, electrical or non-electric die castings, hoists elevators, gears trolleys and coaches, air compressors screws, nut and bolts, transformers of all types, circuit breakers, welders, refrigerators, switches, electric transmission towers, poles, tubes, insulating materials, conductors, fuse and fuse wires, adopter, domestic washing machines, television and wireless apparatus including radio receivers and transmitters, micro wave components radar equipments, valves, resistors, electronic instruments, conductors magnetic materials, transistors and allied items, sewing machines, watches and clocks, tape-recorders, household appliances and components parts thereof.

40. To carry on business as producers, growers, manufacturers, fabricators, processors, converters, refiners, makers, stockists, agents, importers, exporters, traders, retailers, suppliers, buyers, sellers, merchants, distributors, and concessionaries of and dealers in rubber plantations and plants producing elastic or adhesive substance, natural or synthetic rubber, elastomers, adhesives, wax, rubber latex, plastics, P.V.C. and other synthetic resins, compounds, latexes or formulations including reclaimed from scrap materials and containers, packages, goods, parts, accessories, machineries and other materials and items made partly or full of any of the products mentioned herein and used in or required for industries, transport vehicles, railways, air crafts, space crafts and rockets sports, education house-hold, decorative, furnishing, scientific, commercial, electrical, medical agricultural or plantation purposes or for extraction, transport or distribution of mineral, mineral oils, water and chemicals.

41. To carry on the business of manufacturers, fabricators, processors, producers, growers, makers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, suppliers, stockists, agents, merchants, distributors and concessionaries of and dealers in commodities of all or any of the following kinds :-a. Ammonium sulphate, nitrate (double salt), ammonium nitrate, calcium ammonium nitrate (nitroline stone), an ammonium chloride, super phosphate, urea and other types of fertilisers of synthetic or natural origin-containing nitrogen, phosphores or other compounds, soda ash, pesticides D.D.T. seeds, processed seeds, concentrate for cattle or poultry feed.

42. To carry on the business of manufacturers, producers, processors, growers, makers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, suppliers, stockists, agents, merchants, dealers in;- a. Drugs, medicines, chemicals, mixtures, powder, tablets, capsules, injections, oils, compounds, cements, paints, creams, scents, soaps, lotions, toilet goods, pigments, all kinds of pharmaceutical, cosmetic and medical preparations required or used for beauty aid or personal hygiene or in allopathic, ayurvedic, unani or nature cure methods or

systems of. treatments, bandages, cotton, gauzes, curtches, stretches, and all kinds of anatomical, orthopaedic and surgical appliances and stores.

43. To carry on the business of manufacturers, producers, fabricators of: a. Boots, shoes and footwear of all kinds made of leather, rubber, canvas, plastic or any other synthetic or natural product, waterproof cloth or compound, leather, hides, skins, rexine, rubber, plastic or synthetic cloth, compound of granules, lasts, boot trees, buckles, legging, gaiters, heels, laces, boot polishes, protectors, accessories and fittings, used in or required for footweares.

44. To carry on the business of manufacturers, producers, buyers, sellers of; a. Writing pen, pencils, fountain pen, ball point pen, sign pen, colour pencils, tubes and tablets, pins, erasers, ink, clips, rulers, paper pulp, news- print, board, envelopes, cards, dies, letterheads, forms, files, stamps, books, bags, cases, covers, racks, cabinets, numerical printers, adhesive tapes gums, duplicators, typewriters, computers, calculators, accounting and inter-communication machines, and all kinds of office, domestic, industrial and educational stationery equipments appliances, furniture, instruments, gadgets devices and stores.

45. To carry on business of manufacturers, producers, buyers, sellers of : a. Petrochemicals, calcium carbide, styrene, buta-niene, ethylene, ethyl alcohol, hydrocarbon petro-leum fractions and other systems, chemicals and chemicals substances - basic, Intermediate or otherwise.

46. To carry on business as manufacturers, producers, dealers, traders, importers, exporters, stockists, distributors or agents of GLS lamps electric bulbs, miniature bulbs, tube lights, flood lights, flash lights, mercury vapour bulbs, and other type or types of bulbs, lamps or tubes required or used for lighting or for industrial, domestic, electronics, transport vehicles or commercial purpose and glass shells, fitting, tubes, filaments, tungsten and molybdenum wires, caps and other materials, machines, accessories and spares required or used for manufacture of bulbs, lamps or tubes.

47. To manufacture export, import, buy, sell and deal in containers, cans, boxes, drums, cylinders, bottle tops, crown corks, packages, packing materials, bags, pressed metawares, utensils, cutlery, table wares and articles made alt of tin, metal aluminium plates, sheets, glass, fibre, paper, board, cloth, Hessian leather, plates, sheets, glass, fibre, paper, board, cloth, hessian, timber or plywood and to deal in tinplates, wire, aluminium sheets and to undertake either on own account or on commission basis or otherwise printing, painting, designing, enamelling, electroplating, engraving or otherwise decorating the aforesaid products or any of such products or article.

48. To carry on business as manufacturers, processors, refiners, converters, producers, exporters, importers, traders, sellers agents or merchants in various kinds and forms precipitated and/or activated calcium carbonate, hydrared lime and other allied products made or manufactured partly or fully from calcium carbonate, hydrated lime,

lime stone or lime, calcium carbide and other products, chemicals or gases made from or based on one or more of the products mentioned herein.

49. To carry on business as producers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, distributors, stockists, agents and brokers of coal, coke, charcoal petroleum coke, copper, iron ore, bauxite, kyanite, fire clay, china clay, salt, sodium, chloride, calcium phosphate, nickel, beryllium, uranium, zinc, lead, asbestos, tin alumina, mercury, silicon, sulphur, graphite, brass, aluminium, silica sand, bentonite, quartz, dextrine, magnesite dolomite, ferroalloys, corundum, manganese, mica, and other precious, semi precious or commercial minerals, and stones and to act as metal founders, manufacturers, agents and dealers of metals, sheets, wires, rods, squares, plates, metal foils, pipes, tubes, ingots, billets, circles, parts, coils, utensils, ornaments, decorative and art materials and jewellery, made wholly or partly from any one or more of the metals and materials mentioned herein.

50. To manufacture, export, import buy, sell and deal in voltaic battery 'cells, power pack or storage batteries and battery containers and battery eliminators of different types required for or used in domestic household, industrial, commercial, agricultural, mining, hospital, surgical, or scientific appliances, machinery, apparatus or accessories tramways, automobile and other vehicles, air crafts, boats, ships defence establishments army, navy and air force, for wireless, radios, torches, toys, electronic equipments or otherwise and also to carry on business as manufacturers of and dealers in torches, toys, personal aids, and other appliances working on such batteries and such items and goods, which may be used full, akin or otherwise connected with any one or more of the aforesaid items or products.

51. To carry on business as manufacturers, producers or growers of dealers in, exporters, importers, stockists, agents, distributors, of ice, ice-candy, icecream and other ice products, carbonated aerated or mineral waters, fruit juice, wines, liquors and other alcoholic, non-alcoholic or synthetic drink, dairy products, fresh dehydrated preserved or processed vegetables, fruits, oils, seeds, and other farm, agricultural or food products and provide for cold storage or preservation of such products, medicines and merchandise for own business or for hire by others and to own establish, purchase, take on lease rent or hire, build, construct, develop or otherwise acquire and arrange land, building, coldstorage, space or ware-houses, godowns, containers, shops, show-rooms, workshops, vehicles, plants, machinery, equipment, apparatus, appliances, stores or services required in connection with or in relation to cold storage or any of the business or objects mentioned herein.

52. To carry on business as agents, brokers, distributors, traders, stockists, buyers, sellers, dealers, importers, exporters, whole-sellers, retailers, preservers, processors, refiners, producers and manufacturers of sugar, sugar candy, gur, molasses, sweets, sweet meats, synthetic sweetening agents and materials, toffee, lozengers, chocolates and products made partly or wholly of sugar or any sweet product.

53. To own, purchase, take on lease, hire or exchange or otherwise acquire any estate, land, tea garden, orchards, groves, plantations and farms and to carry on business as cultivators, growers, producers, planters, manufacturers, buyers, sellers, dealers, importers, exporters, agents, brokers, traders or stockists of tea, coffee, cocoa, cinchona, rubber, bamboo, timber, fruits, vegetables, coconut, spices, cardamom, jute, hemp, cotton, sugarcane, linseed, oil-seeds, wheat and other grains and any kind of horticulture, agricultural, food or beverage product or products.

54. To carry on business of manufacturers, weavers, ginners, processors of cotton, wool, wool waste, synthetic yarn, yarn waste staple fibre and bleachers, packers and Cloth and synthetic cloth and such other material as the Company.

55. To carry on business as manufacturers, producers, dealers, importers, exporters, stockists, agents, brokers, traders, retailers of all kinds of paper and packages, board, sheets, packing materials, stationery, goods and articles made fully or partly of paper for domestic, household, educational, commercial, industrial, Government or public use.

56. To carry on business as manufacturers, fabricators, producers, importers, exporters, dealers, agents, stockists, retailers, traders or brokers of foundry equipments, mould boxes, ingot mould, material handling equipments, tools, gadgets, accessories, spares, chemicals, raw materials, fuel, stores, parts apparatus and goods used in or required by the foundries and producers of steel or metal.

57. To carrying on business as manufacturers, processors, re-rollers, refiners, smelters, converters, producers, exporters, importers, traders, distributors, stockists, buyers, sellers, agents or merchants in all kinds and forms of steel including factories, shops, show rooms, office rights or agencies, re-mild, high carbon, spring, high speed, tool alloy, stainless and special steels, iron, metals and alloys, ingots, billets, bars, joists, rods, squares, structurals, tubes, poles, pipes, sheets, castings, wires, rails, rolling materials, rollers, other materials made wholly or partly of iron, steel, alloys and metals required in or used for industrial, agricultural, transport, commercial, domestic, building power transmission and/or construction purposes.

58. To carry on business as agents, importers, exporters, dealers, traders, stockists, brokers, buyers, sellers, repairers, assemblers of hires of plants, machinery, equipments, machinery tools apparatus component parts, fittings, implements, accessories or raw materials required by industries, workshops, transporters, railways or for agricultural, plantations, handling, excavation domestic, fabrication or irrigation purposes and to acquire, construct, hire decorate, maintain or own land, workshops, factories, shops, show rooms, office, rights or agencies, required for or in connection with any business.

59. To carry on business as manufacturers, dealers, importers, exporters, stockists, agents, contractors, distributors, buyers, or sellers of paper and packages, boxes, wrappers, tapes, films sheets, laminates and other packaging

materials made of paper card-board, corrugated sheets, cloth, hessian, timber, teak, plywood, metal, plastic, P.V.C. or other synthetic chemical, fibrous or natural products and to own, acquire take on lease, rent, hire purchase, build, construct, develop or arrange land, building, godown, shops, plant, machinery, equipments, stores or stocks, or services required in connection with or in relation to any of the foregoing business.

60. To carry on business as producers, distributors, importers, exporters, exhibitors and financiers of cinematograph films and to manufacture own, acquire, provide, secure, arrange or deal in films and photographic, sound recording, musical, lighting appliances, instruments, equipments and machines and to construct, establish own, hire on otherwise acquire and to manage, let out for rent, fee, monetary gain or otherwise studios, laboratories, theaters, buildings halls open air theatres, bars, restaurants and other buildings, or work required for the purposes of production, distribution or exhibition of the films operas, stageplays, dances, operattas, burlesques, vaudville revues, ballets, pantomimes, spectacular pieces, promenande concert, circus or other performance and entertainments, and to act as dealers, importers, exporters of musical instruments and records tapes, cinema and film projectors and cameras wigs and other products or materials related or connected with the aforesaid objects and business; and to acquire exclusive or limited rights to any play, story, script, musical songs and lyric, book article or any technique by producing, purchasing or otherwise acquiring and to use exercise developer exploit or turn to account such rights for the business of the Company; and to act as agents for training, relating arranging, and supplying artists, stars, art directors, scripts or story-writers, technicians extras and other personnel required by the Company or other for film, cinema or show business.

61. To carry on business as dealers, in importers, exporters, stockists or distributors of razors safety razor's blades saging sets, lotions, creams, soaps, soap-sticks or other materials and utilities.

62. To carry on business as advisers and/or consultants matters and problems relating to the industries, administration, management, organization, accountancy, costing, financial, marketing, import, export, commercial or economic activities, labour statistical organisation, methods, quality control and data processing, technical "Know-how", operation, manufacture, production, storage, distribution, sale and purchase of goods property and other activities of and in relation to any business, trade, commerce, industry, mine, agriculture, housing or real. Estate and upon the means, methods, and procedure for the establishment, construction, development, improvement and expansion of business, trade commerce, industry, agriculture, buildings, real estates, plant or machineries and all systems, methods, techniques, processes, principals in relation to the foregoing and to carry on business of rendering services on any one or more of aforesaid matters to any

person, firm, company, trust, association institution, society, body corporate, government or government department, public or local authority or any other organization whatsoever, to act as intermediaries in the Introduction of collaborators, sellers, purchasers, partners, tenants, agents, consumers, and employees but as do not fall with in the scope of the office of the managing agents or secretaries and treasurers of a company as defined under the Companies Act, 1956.

63. To carry on research and developments work for industrial, agricultural and minerals, productiviting and methods of production into matters and problems relating to accountancy, business managements, distribution, marketing and selling and to collect, analyse, examine, prepare, formulate, publish, distribute and circulate date statistics, reports, journals, books, magazines, news papers literature and information relating to any type of business trade, industry, sports, education, society, cinema or real estates and to promote or propose such methods, procedures and measures as may be considered desirable or beneficial for all or any of the objects of the company and for extending, developing and/or improving type of business, trade, estate, industry, comiperce, organisation, methods, techniques, technical know how, patents, trade makers and procedures to consider and evaluate problems relating to adminstration, management, manufacture, production, storage, distribution, finance marketing and sale and/or relating to the rendering of any service.

64. To carry on business as manufacturers, fabricators, producers, dealers, distributors, stockists, buyers, sellers, repairers, cleaners, stores, importers, exporters or agents of motor cars, trucks, lorries and carriages, motor cycles, scooters, bicycles, tractors earth moving equipments, trailers another vehicles, agricultural implements, pumps and machineries, and spare parts, engines motors, accessories, components tools, batteries, glass panels and sheets, appara-tus, fittings, furnishing materials, tyres, tubes, paints, lubricants, fuel, oils, gas or other materials used or required for such vehicles, implement or machines and tolet out, hire or finance on hire-purchase system or otherwise automobile and other vehicles, implements, machines and any of the aforementioned products or things.

65. To carry on business as transorters of goods, passenger, livestock and materials by road, rail, water-ways, sea or air and to own, purchase take or give on lease, charter or hire or otherwise run, use or acquire, transport vehicles, craft, ships and carriers of all kinds required for the transport business and to act as forwarding agents, ware-house-man and booking agents.

66. To undertake, carryout, promote and sponsor rural development including any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare of or the uplift of the public in any rural area or other and to incur any expenditure on any programme of rural development subject to the provisions of Companies Act 1956 or any other

low or growth of national economy or to promote Research and development and execute and promote any object of charitable or philanthropic nature either directly or through an agency or in any other legal manner and to assist execution and promotion thereof either directly or through an independent agency or in any other manner.

67. To acquire by purchase lease, exchange, hire or otherwise develop or operate land, buildings and hereditaments of any tenure or description Including agricultural land, mines, quarries, tea or coffee gardens, farms gardens, orchardsss, groves plantations and any estate or Interest therein, and any right over or connected with land and buildings so situated and develop or to turn the same to account as may seem expedient and In particular by preparing building sites and by constructing reconstructing, altering. Improving, decorating, furnishing and maintaining hotels, rooms, flats, houses, restaurants, markets, shops, workshops, mills, factories, warehouses cold storages, wharves, godowns, offices, hostels, gardens, swimming pools, playgrounds buildings, works and conveniences or all kinds and by leasing, hiring or disposing or the same.

68. To carry on the business of manufacturers, fabricators producers, growers, makers, importers, exporters, buyers sellers suppliers, stockists, agents, merchants, distributors and concessionaries of and dealers in commodities of all or any of the following kinds:-a.) Flour, cakes, pastry, cornflakes, bread, biscuits, chocolate, confectionery, sweets, fruit drops, sugar, glucose, chewing gums, milk, cream, butter, ghee, cheese and other diary products, pickles, jams. Jellies, sausages, cider, poultry and eggs, pulses, spices, oils, power and condensed milk, honey, vegetables, coffee, tea, cocoa and all kinds of materials required or used for preparation of food articles.

*69.To engage or undertake software and internet based services, data processing, IT enabled services, software development services, selling advertisement space on the site, web consulting and related services including web designing and web maintenance, software product development and marketing, software supply services, computer consultancy services, e-commerce of all types including electronic financial intermediation business and e-broking, market research, business and management consultancy.

*70.To undertake, conduct, study, carry on, help, promote any kind of research, probe, investigation, survey, developmental work on economy, industries, corporates, business houses, agricultural and mineral, financial institutions, foreign financial institutions, capital market on matters related to investment decisions primary equity market, secondary equity market, debentures, bond, ventures,

capital funding proposals, competitive analysis, preparation of corporate/industry profile etc. and trade/invest in researched securities.

*** Inserted vide Special Resolution passed through Postal Ballot on August 8, 2006.**

IV. The Liability of the members is limited.

#V. "The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is #Rs. 971,05,00,000 (Rupees Nine Hundred and Seventy One Crore Five Lakh only) divided into 235,52,50,000 (Two Hundred and Thirty Five Crore Fifty Two Lakh Fifty Thousand only) equity shares of Rs. 2 (Rupees Two) each and 50,00,00,000 (Fifty Crore only) preference shares of Rs. 10 each with such rights, privileges and conditions attached thereto as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company has and shall have always have the power to divide or to consolidate the share capital from time to time into several classes and to increase or reduce its capital from time to time and to vary, modify or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions attached to any class of shares in such manner as may for the time being be provided by the regulations of the Company."

*** Amended vide Ordinary Resolution passed in the Annual General Meeting of the Company Held on July 7, 2008.**

**** "The Authorised Capital increased from Rs. 1,000,000,000 to Rs. 1,200,000,000 pursuant to the order dated April 27, 2012 issued by the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay in terms of section 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956 with respect to merger of India Infoline Marketing Services Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary with India Infoline Limited"**

***** The Authorised capital was changed pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019**

The Authorised capital was changed pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019 and effecting part V of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement with respect to merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company w.e.f. March 30, 2020.

We, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, Addresses, and Occupation of	No. of Equity Shares Taken subscriber	Signature Subscriber	Signature, Name, Address, Description Occupation of Witness
<p>NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN</p> <p>S/o Bhanwarlal Jain 208, Shyamkamal 'C Bldg., Agarwal Market, Vile Parle (East), Bombay – 400 057</p> <p>Reserarch Analyst</p>	100	Sd/-	<p>WITNESS TO BOTH :</p> <p>RAMESH CHANDRA JAIN R.B.JAIN & ASSOCIATES 108, SHYAMKAMAL `C` BLDG., AGARWAL MARKET</p>
<p>MANSUKH JAIN</p> <p>S/o Bhanwarlal Jain 208, Shyamkamal 'C Bldg., Agarwal Market, Vile Parle (East), Bombay – 400 057</p> <p>CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT</p>	100	Sd/-	<p>CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT</p>

Total 200

Bombay, Dated this 30th day of September, 1995

Note: *The Name changed from 'IIFL Holdings Limited' to 'IIFL Finance Limited' pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLE OF ASSOCIATION
OF
***IIFL FINANCE LIMITED**

1. The regulations contained in Table "F" in the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply to this Company, but the regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance of the Members thereof and their representatives shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company with reference to the repeal or alteration of, or addition to, its Articles by special resolution, as prescribed by the said Companies Act, 2013, be such as are contained in these Articles, unless the same are repugnant or contrary to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, rules made there under or any amendment or notification thereto.
- Table F not to apply but Company to be governed by these articles

INTERPRETATION

2. In the interpretation of these Articles, unless repugnant to the subject of context –
- *‘The Company’ or ‘This Company’ means IIFL Finance Limited. ‘The Company’ or ‘this Company’
- “1956 Act" means the Companies Act, 1956 to the extent not repealed or the provisions of which have not ceased to be effective. ‘1956 Act’
- “Act” or "2013 Act" means the Companies Act, 2013, including the rules made thereunder and any amendments thereto or re-enactments thereof from time to time. ‘Act’
- ‘These Articles’ means the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company or the Articles of Association as altered from time to time by Special Resolution. ‘These Articles’
- #“Affiliate” means, in relation to any Person, any entity Controlled, directly or indirectly, by that Person, any entity that Controls, directly or indirectly, that Person, or any entity under common Control with that Person or, in the case of a natural Person, any relative (as such term is defined in the Act) of such Person. For the purpose of this definition:
- ‘Affiliate’
- (i) A holding or subsidiary company of any entity shall be deemed to be an Affiliate of that entity;
- and
- (ii) The Company shall be deemed not to be an Affiliate of the Investor;

‘Alter’ and ‘Alteration’ shall include the making of addition and deletions, omissions, insertions and substitutions	‘Alter’
‘Auditors -’ means and includes those persons appointed as such for the time being by the Company.	‘Auditors and Agent’
‘Beneficial owner’ means the beneficial owner as defined in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.	Beneficial owner
‘Board’ or ‘Board of Directors’ means the Board of Directors of the Company, and shall include a Committee thereof.	‘Board’ or ‘Board of Directors’
‘Capital’ / Paid up Share Capital means such aggregate amount of money credited as paid up as is equivalent to the amount received as paid up in respect of shares issued and also includes any amount credited as paid up in respect of shares of the company, but does not include any other amount received in respect of such shares, by whatever name called.	‘Capital’ / ‘paid up Share Capital’
#“Control” means (including with correlative meaning, the terms Controlled by and under common Control with) the acquisition or control of more than 50% (Fifty Percent) of the voting rights or of the issued share capital of a Person or the right to appoint and/or remove all or the majority of the members of the board or other governing body of a Person, the power to direct or cause the direction of the management, and exercise significant influence on the management or policies of a Person, whether obtained directly or indirectly, and whether obtained by ownership of share capital, the possession of voting rights, through Contract or otherwise;	‘Control’
‘Debenture’ includes Debenture stock, bonds or any other instruments of a Company evidencing a debt, whether constituting a charge on the asset of the Company or not;	‘Debenture’
‘Depositories Act’ means The Depositories Act, 1996 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.	Depositories Act
‘Depository’ means a Depository as defined under clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act.	Depository
‘Director(s)’ means a Director appointed to the Board of the Company.	‘Directors’
‘Dividend’ includes any Interim Dividend.	‘Dividend’
#“ESG” means environmental, social and governance matters;	‘ESG’
#“ESG Action Plan” means an environmental, social and governance action plan in the Agreed Form defining actions, responsibilities, budgets, deliverables, compliance indicators, and a timeframe for the measures required to remedy the known non-compliances with the ESG Requirements in the business activities of the Company, including the establishment of an appropriate ESG Management System, as may be amended with the approval of the Investor from time to time;	‘ESG Action Plan’

#“ESG Policy” means the policy framed by the ESG Committee of the Company on ESG related matters;	‘ESG Policy’
#“ESG Management System” means the part of the overall management system of the Group dedicated to the systematic and structured improvement of environmental, social and governance performance, targeted to identify and manage ESG risks and opportunities in both the Group’s activities and in the loan and investment appraisal and management processes, integrated in the Group’s organisational structure, planning activities, responsibilities, practices, procedures, processes and resources, which meets the ESG Requirements; and is satisfactory to the Investor;	‘ESG Management System’
#“ESG Requirements” means, to the extent applicable to any Group Company, the requirements set out in the ESG Policy;	‘ESG Requirements’
‘Extraordinary General Meeting’ means a General Meeting (other than an Annual General Meeting) of the Members duly called and constituted and any adjourned holding thereof.	‘Extraordinary General Meeting’
“Financial Statements” shall have the same meaning as prescribed under the Act	“Financial Statements”
‘General Meeting’ means a Meeting of Members.	‘General Meeting’
#“Group” means all the Group Companies;	‘Group’
#“Group Company” means the Company and any company which is at any time a Subsidiary of the Company;	‘Group Company’
“Independent Director” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the Act.	‘Independent Director’
‘Instrument of Proxy’ means an instrument whereby any person is authorized to vote for a Member at a General Meeting or Poll in accordance with provisions of the Act.	‘Instrument of Proxy’
#“Investor” means CDC Group plc and its successors and assigns;	‘Investor’
#“Investor Director” has the meaning attributed to it in Article 145A below;	‘Investor Director’
‘In Writing’ and ‘Written’ means written or printed or partly written and partly printed or lithographed or type written or other substituted for writing, and any other form of electronic transmission.	‘In writing’ and ‘Written’
‘Legal Representative’ means a person who in law represents the estate of a deceased or incompetent Member.	‘Legal Representative’
‘Meeting’ includes a meeting of any class of Members or of debenture holders.	‘Meeting’

#The above definitions were inserted pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019 and effecting part V of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement with respect to merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company w.e.f. March 30, 2020.

<p>‘Member’ means the duly registered holder, from time to time, of the Shares of the Company and includes the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association as also one whose name is entered as Beneficial Owner in the records of the Depository, but does not include a bearer of a Share warrant;</p>	<p>‘Member’</p>
<p>‘Month’ means a calendar month as per Gregorian Calendar.</p>	<p>‘Month’</p>
<p>‘National Company Law Tribunal’ means the tribunal constituted in accordance with the provisions of the Act.</p>	<p>‘Tribunal’</p>
<p>‘Office’ means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company and with respect to the keeping and inspection of registers and returns and other matters mentioned in the Act and includes any other place or places specified by way of a special resolution under the provisions of Act.</p>	<p>‘Office’</p>
<p>‘Ordinary Resolution’ and ‘Special Resolution’ mean an Ordinary Resolution and a Special Resolution of the Company respectively passed in accordance with section 114 of the Act.</p>	<p>‘Ordinary and Special Resolution’</p>
<p>‘Paid-up’ or ‘Capital Paid-up’ includes capital credited as paid- up.</p>	<p>‘Paid-up’</p>
<p>‘Persons’ includes companies, bodies corporate, corporations, associations whether incorporated or not, firms and individuals.</p>	<p>‘Persons’</p>
<p>‘Register of Members’ means the Register of Members / Beneficial owners to be kept pursuant to the Act.</p>	<p>‘Register of Members’ of</p>
<p>“Relative” shall have the same meaning as prescribed under the Act;</p>	<p>‘Relative’</p>
<p>“Rules” means the Rules framed under the Act.</p>	<p>‘Rules’</p>
<p>‘The Registrar’ means the Registrar of Companies of the State in which the registered office of the Company is for the time being situated.</p>	<p>‘The Registrar’</p>
<p>‘Seal’ means the common seal for the time being of the Company or any other method of authentication of documents, as specified under the Act or amendment thereto.</p>	<p>‘Seal’</p>
<p>‘SEBI’ shall mean the Securities and Exchange Board of India established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.</p>	<p>‘SEBI’</p>
<p>‘Security’ or ‘Securities’ shall have the meaning ascribed to it under sub-section (h) of section 2 of the Securities Contract Regulation Act, 1956.</p>	<p>‘Security /Securities’</p>
<p>‘Share’ means a share in the share capital of the Company and includes stock except where a distinction between stock and share is expressed or implied.</p>	<p>‘Share’</p>
<p>“Financial Year means the financial year of the Company, being April 1 of the current year to March 31 of the succeeding year;</p>	<p>“Financial Year”</p>
<p>“Year” means a calendar year from January to December.</p>	<p>“Year”</p>
<p>‘These presents’ means and includes the Memorandum and the Articles of Association from time to time in force.</p>	<p>‘These presents’</p>

In these Articles unless the context otherwise requires:

- a) Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender and vice versa.
- b) Words importing the singular shall where the context admits or requires include the plural, and vice versa.
- (c) The headings, titles, marginal notes and catch lines herein are used for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the construction of these Article presents.
- (d) Unless the context thereof otherwise requires, reference to any statute, rules, ordinances or other law shall be deemed to include any amendment, replacement or modification thereof.
- (e) Reference to days, months and years are to Gregorian days, months and calendar years respectively.
- (f) The words "include" and "including" are to be construed without limitation.
- (g) Unless the context thereof otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force.

Where the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 have not been notified or are otherwise not in force, the corresponding provisions of the 1956 Act shall apply.

- 3. Subject to the foregoing, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall, unless the context otherwise requires have the same meaning as in the Act or the Depositories Act. 'Other Expression'
- 4.
 - 1) The Company shall have a Registered Office to which all communications and notices may be addressed. Registered Office of the Company
 - 2) A separate and specific notice of every change therein, shall be given within 15 days after the date of the change to the Registrar, in such manner as may be prescribed under the Act.
 - 3) Except on the authority of a special resolution passed by the Company, the Registered Office of the Company shall not be removed outside the local limits of the city of Mumbai.
- 5. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Sections 12 and 60 of the Act as regards the publication of its name and of its authorised, subscribed and paid-up capital. Publication by Company of name and authorised, subscribed and paid-up capital

CAPITAL AND INCREASE AND REDUCTION OF CAPITAL

6. (1) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be as specified in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company. Division of Capital
- (2) The Company shall be entitled to issue, offer and allot fresh and further shares, Debentures and other Securities in dematerialized form pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions under the Depositories Act and it shall also be entitled to dematerialise its existing shares, Debentures and other Securities, subject to the provisions of the Act. In this connection, the Company shall comply with all the applicable provisions of the Depositories Act.
7. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles the shares in the capital of the Company for the time being (including any shares forming part of any increased capital of the Company) shall be under the control of the Board who may allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 54 of the Act) at a discount or as may be prescribed under the act and at such times as it may from time to time think fit and proper and, with the consent of the general meeting, give to any person the option to call for or be allotted any class of shares of the Company either at par or at a premium or, subject as aforesaid at a discount, such option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as the Board thinks fit. Share under the control of the Board
8. In addition to and without derogating from the powers for that purpose conferred on the Board under Article 7, the Company in general meeting may determine that any share (whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) shall be offered to such persons (whether Members or not) in such proportions and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to compliance with the provisions of the Section 53 of the Act) at a discount, as such general meeting shall determine and with full power to give any person (whether a Member or not) the option to call for or be allotted any class of shares of the Company either at a premium or at par, or (subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 54 of the Act) at a discount, such option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as may be directed by such general meeting or the Company in general meeting may make any other provisions, whatsoever for the issue, allotment or disposal of any shares. Power of Company in General Meeting to issue Shares.
9. The Company by a Resolution in general meeting may from time to time, increase its share capital by the creation of further shares, such increases to be of such aggregate amount and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the further shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall direct, and if no direction be given as Board shall determine; and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified or differential right to dividends and in distribution of assets of the Company, and with a right of voting at general meetings of the Company. Increase in capital

10. 1. Where at any time, it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the Company by issue of further shares, then, such further shares shall be offered to- Further issue of capital.

- (a) the persons who, at the date of the offer, are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the capital paid-up in those shares at that date;
- (b) the offer aforesaid shall be made by notice dispatched through registered post or speed post or through electronic mode or such other means as may be permitted, to all the existing shareholders at least three days before the opening of the issue, specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time, not being less than fifteen days but not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer, within which the offer if not accepted, will be deemed to have declined;
- (c) the offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to them in favour of any other person and the Notice referred to in sub clause (b) hereof shall contain a statement of this right.

PROVIDED THAT the Directors may decline, without assigning any reason to allot any shares to any person in whose favour any Member may renounce the shares offered to him.

- (d) after the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or on the receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company and is not dis-advantageous to the shareholders. Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (a) of this articles, the further shares aforesaid may be offered in any manner whatsoever and to any person or persons, whether or not such person or persons include persons who, at the date of the offer, are holders of the equity shares of the Company, if such offer is authorised by the Special Resolution of the Company in general meeting or where no such Special Resolution is passed, if the votes cast (whether on a show of hands or on a poll as the case may be) in favour of the proposal contained in the resolution moved in the general meeting (including the casting vote, if any, of the Chairman) by the Members who, being entitled to do so, vote in person, or where proxies are allowed, by proxy, exceed the votes, if any, cast against the proposal by Members, so entitled and voting and the Central Government is satisfied, on an application made by the Board of Directors in this behalf that the proposal is most beneficial to the Company.
- (e) employees under a scheme of employees' stock option, subject to Special Resolution passed by Company in general meeting and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed;

- (f) to any persons, if it is authorised by a Special Resolution, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a), clause (b), clause (c), clause (d) either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the price of such shares is determined by the valuation report of a registered valuer subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.
2. Nothing in clause (d) of Article 10 hereof shall be deemed;
- (i) To extend the time within which the offer should be accepted; or
- (ii) To authorise any person to exercise the right of renunciation for a second time on the ground that the person in whose favour the renunciation was first made has declined to take the shares comprised in the renunciation.
3. Nothing in this Article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the Company caused by the exercise of an option attached to the debentures issued or loans raised by the Company in subsection 3 of Section 62 of the Act:
11. Subject to the provisions of Section 55 the Act and the Rules made pursuant thereto and this Article, the Company shall have the power to issue preference shares, either at premium or at par which are or, at the option of the Company, are liable to be redeemed and the resolution authorising such issue shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption. Redeemable Preference Shares.
12. On the issue of redeemable preference shares under the provisions of Article 11 hereof, the following provisions shall take effect: Provisions applicable in case of Redeemable Preference Shares
- (a) No such shares shall be redeemed except out of the profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purpose of redemption;
- (b) No such shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid;
- (c) The premium, if any payable on redemption shall be provided for out of the profits of the Company or out of the Company's Security Premium Account, before the shares are redeemed, and

- (d) Where any such shares are redeemed otherwise than out of the proceeds of a fresh issue, there shall, out of profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend, be transferred to a reserve fund, to be called “the Capital Redemption Reserve Account”, a sum equal to the nominal amount of the shares to be redeemed, and the provisions of the Act relating to the reduction of the share capital of a Company shall, except as provided under Section 55 of the Act, apply as if the Capital Redemption Reserve Account were paid-up share capital of the Company.
 - (e) Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Act, the redemption of preference shares hereunder may be effected in accordance with the terms and conditions of their issue and in the absence of any specific terms and conditions in that behalf, in such manner as the Directors may think fit. The reduction of Preference Shares under the provisions by the Company shall not be taken as reducing the amount of its Authorized Share Capital.
13. Subject to the provisions of the Act the Company shall have the power to issue cumulative convertible preference shares to which the following provisions shall apply: Cumulative
Convertible
Preference Shares
- (a) The dividend payable on the said shares shall be payable on a preferential basis and shall be at such rate as may be prescribed or permitted under the applicable rules and regulations prevailing at the relevant time.
 - (b) The dividend shall be cumulative and arrears shall be payable to the shareholders registered with the Company on the date fixed for determining to whom the dividend then declared is paid.
 - (c) All such shares shall be converted into equity shares as per the Companies Act, 2013 and necessary regulations as may be amended from time to time and decided by the Board subject to any applicable regulations or sanctions that may be in force at the time. Upon conversion into equity shares the right to receive arrears of dividend, if any, on the preference shares upto the date of conversion shall devolve on the holder of the equity shares registered with the Company on the date prescribed in the declaration of the said dividend.
 - (d) Such conversion shall be deemed to be redemption of the preference shares out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares.
14. (1) The Company shall not have the power to buy its own shares, unless the consequent reduction of capital is effected and sanctioned in accordance with Article 16 and in accordance with Section 66 or section 242 or other applicable provisions (if any) of the Act. Restrictions on
purchase by
Company of its
own shares.

- (2) Except to the extent permitted by Section 67 or other applicable provisions (if any) of the Act, the Company shall not give whether directly or indirectly and whether by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for the purchase of, or in connection with the purchase or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any shares in the Company.
- (3) Nothing in this Article shall affect the right of the Company to redeem any redeemable preference shares issued under these Articles or under Section 55 or other relevant provisions (if any) of the Act.
15. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of Section 68, 69 and 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the Company may purchase its own shares or other securities. Buy Back of Shares
16. The Company may subject to the provisions of Sections 52, 55 and 66 and other applicable provisions (if any) of the Act, from time to time by Special Resolution reduce its capital and any capital redemption reserve account or any share premium account in any manner for the time being authorised by law, and in particular, capital may be paid off on the footing that it may be called up again or otherwise. This Article is not to derogate from any power that the Company would have, if it were omitted. Reduction of Capital
- Nothing in this Article shall apply to Buy-Back of its own securities by the Company under Section 68 of the Act.
17. Subject to the provisions of Section 61 of the Act, the Company in general meeting may, from time to time: Consolidation and Division of Capital
- (a) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amounts than its existing shares;
- (b) sub-divide its shares, or any of them into shares of smaller amount so however, that in the sub-division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived;
- (c) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled. A cancellation of shares in pursuance of this sub-clause shall not be deemed to be reduction of share capital within the meaning of the Act.

18. If and whenever as the result of issue of new shares or of any consolidation or sub-division of shares, any share are held by Members in fractions, the Board shall, subject to the provisions of the Act, and the articles and to the directions of the Company in general meeting, if any, sell those shares which Members hold in fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable and shall pay and distribute to and amongst the Members entitled to such shares in due proportions the net proceeds of the sale thereof. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale the Board may authorise any person to transfer and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings with reference to the sale. Sale of Fractional Shares
19. (a) Whenever the capital, by reason of the issue of preference shares or otherwise, is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may, subject to the provisions of Section 48 of the Act and whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied, be modified, commuted, affected or abrogated, or dealt with by agreement between the Company and any person purporting to contract on behalf of that class provided such agreement is ratified in writing by holders of atleast three-fourths in normal value of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the issued shares of that class. Modification of rights
- Provided that if variation by one class of shareholders affects the rights of any other class of shareholders, the consent of three- fourths of such other class of shareholders shall also be obtained and the provisions of this section shall apply to such variation.
- (b) To every such separate meeting all the provisions of these Articles relating to meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third of the issued shares of the class in question. This Article is not by implication to curtail or derogate from any power the Company would have if this article were omitted.
- (c) The rights conferred upon the holders of shares of any class, issued with preferred or other rights, shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.
20. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have power to issue or re-issue equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Rules made thereunder. Power to issue equity shares with differential voting rights
21. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of the issue of the shares of that class be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith. Issue of shares on pari passu basis.

SHARES AND CERTIFICATES

22. The Company shall cause to be kept a register and index of Members, debenture holders and other security holders (if any) in the form and manner provided under Section 88 of the Act and Rules made pursuant thereto and also a Register of Renewed and Duplicate Certificates. It shall give inspection of the Registers, Indexes, returns and copies of certificates and other documents referred to in Section 94 of the Act and furnish a copy thereof as provided in the said Section. The Company may keep in any State or Country outside India a "foreign register" of Members or debenture holders, other security holders resident in that State or Country. The provisions of Section 88 of the Act shall apply thereto. Register and Index of Members.
23. Subject to the provisions of these Articles, any application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company followed by an allotment of shares within the meaning of these articles, and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is on the Register of Members shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be a Member. Acceptance of shares.
24. The money (if any), which the Board of Directors shall on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise, in respect of any shares allotted by it, shall immediately on the insertion of the name of the allottee in the Register of Members as the holder of such shares become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly. Deposits and calls etc. to be debt payable immediately.
25. Every Member, or his heirs, executors, legal representative administrators, shall pay to the Company the proportion of the capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts at such time or times and in such manner, as the Board of Directors shall, from time to time in accordance with the Company's Articles require or fix for the payment thereof. Liability of Members.
26. (a) Subject to the applicable provisions of Section 56 of the Act, and in case of fresh issue of shares subject to applicable provisions of Section 29 of the Act, the Company shall, within prescribed time, under the applicable law, keep ready for delivery, the Certificates of all shares, the debentures and debenture stock allotted or transferred, within two months after the allotment of any of its shares, debentures or debenture stock, or after the application for the registration of the transfer or transmission of any such shares, debentures or debenture stock, the Certificates of all shares, debentures, and or debenture stock, as the case may. Share Certificate

- (b) The certificates of title to shares shall be issued under the Seal of the Company which shall be affixed in the presence of and signed by (i) two directors duly authorized by the Board of Directors of the company for the purpose or the committee of the Board, if so authorized by the Board; and(ii) the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose; provided that at least one of the aforesaid two Directors shall be a person other than the Managing Director or a Whole-time Director. A Director may sign a share certificate by affixing his signature thereon by means of any machine, equipment or other mechanical means, such as engraving in metal or lithography, but not by means of rubber stamp and shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of shares in respect of which it is issued and amount paid-up thereon.
- Provided always that, notwithstanding anything contained in this Article, the certificates of title to shares may be executed and issued in accordance with such other provisions of the Act or the Rules made thereunder, as may be in force for the time being and from time to time.
- (c) Every Member shall be entitled, without payment, to one certificate of title to shares for all the shares of each class registered in his name. If the Board so approves, and upon payment of such fee, if any, per certificate as the Board may from time to time determine in respect of each class of shares, a Member shall be entitled to more than one certificate for shares of each class. Every certificate of title to shares shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of the shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid thereon.
- Provided that no share certificate(s) shall be issued in respect of shares held in dematerialisation form.
- (d) Any two or more joint allottees of a share, shall for the purpose of this Article, be treated as a single Member, and the certificate of any share which may be the subject of joint ownership, may be delivered to anyone of such joint owners on behalf of all of them.
- (e) Every person subscribing to securities offered by the Company shall have the option to receive security certificates or to hold the securities with a Depository. Such a person who is the beneficial owner of the securities can at any time opt out of a depository, if permitted by law, in respect of any security in the manner provided by the Depositories Act, and the Company shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed issue to the beneficial owner the required certificates of the securities.
- (f) If a person opts to hold his security with a depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the security, on receipt of the information, the depository shall enter in its records the name of the allottee as the beneficial owner of the security.

27. A certificate may be renewed or a duplicate of a certificate may be issued by the Company if such certificate (a) is proved to have been lost or destroyed or (b) having been defaced or mutilated or torn is surrendered to the Company. The Company shall comply with the rules as may be prescribed regarding the manner of issue or renewal of a certificate or issue of a duplicate thereof, the form of a certificate (original or renewed) or of a duplicate thereof, the particulars to be entered in the Register of Members or in the Register of Renewed or Duplicate Certificates, the form of such registers, the fee on payment of which, the terms and conditions, if any, (including terms and conditions as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Company in investigating evidence) on which a certificate may be renewed or a duplicate thereof may be issued. Renewal of Certificate
28. If any share stands in the name of two or more persons, the person first named in the Register of Members, shall as regards receipt of dividends or bonus or service of notice and /or any other matter connected with the Company, except voting at meetings and the transfer of the shares, be deemed the sole holder thereof, but the joint holders of a share shall be, severally as well as jointly, liable for the payment of all installments and calls due in respect of such share, and for all incidents thereof according to these articles or Company's Articles. The First Named Joint Holders deemed Sole Holder.
29. No notice of any trust, express, implied or constructive, shall be entered on the Register of Members. The Company shall not (except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or by the Act required) be bound to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, interest in share future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or (except only as in by these presents otherwise expressly provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right to the entirety thereof in accordance with these presents in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof; or the beneficial owner thereof as per records of Depositories held pursuant to the Depositories Act but the Board shall be at liberty at its sole discretion, to register any share in the joint names of any two or more persons or the survivors or survivor of them. Company not bound to recognise any interest in share other than that of registered holder.
30. The Company shall not give whether directly or indirectly, by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for or in connection with the purchase or subscription of any shares in the Company or in its holding Company, save as provided by Section 67 of the Act. Funds of Company not to be applied in purchasing of or lending on shares of the Company
31. In making allotment of any share Capital of the Company, the Company shall comply with Section 39 and 40 of the Act. Restriction on Allotment
32. (1) Whenever the Company makes any allotment of its shares or securities, it shall within thirty days thereafter: Return as to Allotment

- (a) file with the Registrar a return of the allotments in the form and manner as stated in the Rules to Chapter III of the Act, stating the number and nominal amount of the shares / securities comprised in the allotment, the names, addresses and occupations of the allottees and the amount, if any, paid or due and payable on each share;
 - (b) in the case of shares (not being bonus shares) allotted as fully or partly paid up otherwise than in cash, produce for the inspection and examination of the Registrar, a contract in writing constituting the title of the allottee to the allotment, together with any contract of sale, or a contract for services or other consideration in respect of which that allotment was made, such contract being duly stamped, and filed with the Registrar copies verified in the prescribed manner of all such contracts and a return stating the number and nominal amount of shares so allotted, the extent to which they are to be treated as paid up, and the consideration for which they have been allotted; and
 - (c) file with the Registrar in the form and manner as stated in the Rules to Chapter III of the Act, a return stating the number and nominal amount of bonus shares comprised in the allotment and the names, addresses and occupations of the allottees and a copy of the resolution authorising the issue of such shares; (ii) in the case of issue of shares at a discount, a copy of the resolution passed by the Company authorising such issue together with a copy of the Order of the Court sanctioning the issue and where the maximum rate of discount exceeds ten per cent, a copy of the Order of the Central Government permitting the issue at the higher percentage.
- (2) Where a contract such as mentioned in clause (b) of sub-clause (1) is not reduced to writing, the Company shall, within thirty days after the allotment, file with the Registrar in the form and manner as stated in the Rules to Chapter III of the Act, the prescribed particulars of the Contract stamped with the same stamp duty as would have been payable if the contract had been reduced to writing.
- (3) Nothing in this article shall apply to the issue and allotment by the Company of shares which under the provisions of these Articles were forfeited for non-payment of calls.

COMMISSION, UNDERWRITING AND BROKERAGE

33. The Company may, subject to the provisions of Section 40 and other applicable provisions if any of the Act, at any time pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) or in consideration of his procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any Securities of the Company. Commission may be paid.
34. The Company may pay a reasonable sum for brokerage on any issue of shares and debentures. Brokerage may be paid

CALLS

35. The Board may, from time to time, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by circular resolution) make such call (in accordance with Section 49 of the Act) as it may think fit upon the Members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times. Board may make calls on shares.
36. Where any calls for further share capital are made on shares, such calls shall be made on a uniform basis on all shares falling under the same class. For the purpose of this Articles, shares of the same nominal value on which different amount have been paid up, shall not be deemed to fall under the same class. Calls on shares of the same class to be made on uniform Basis.
37. The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times:

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.
38. Fifteen days' notice of every call payable otherwise than on allotment shall be given by the Company specifying the time and place of payment, and to whom such call shall be paid. Provided that the Board may, at its discretion, revoke the call or postpone it. Notice of calls.
39. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising such call was passed at the meeting of the Board of Directors, and may be made payable by the Members whose names appear in the register of Members on a subsequent date to be fixed by the Board. Calls to date from Resolution.
40. The Board of Directors may, from time to time, at its discretion, extend the time for the payment of any call, and may extend such time as to all or any of the Members, who from residence at a distance or other cause, the Board of Directors may deem fairly entitled to such extension; but no Member shall be entitled to such extension save as a matter of grace and favour. Directors may extend Time.
41. If any Member fails to pay a call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same from the day appointed for the payment there of to the time of actual payment at such rate as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board and nothing in this Article shall render it compulsory upon the Board of Directors to demand or recover any interest from any such Member. Call to carry interest after due date.

42. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, on the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any Member or his representatives for the recovery of any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered appears entered on the Register of Members as the holder or one of the holders at or subsequently to the date at which the money sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due, of the shares, in respect of which such money is sought to be recovered; that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book; and that notice of such call was duly given to the member or his representatives in pursuance of the Act and these presents. The provision of Section 71 apply to such resolution.

Proof on trial in suit for Money due on Shares.

43. The Board may, if they think fit, subject to the provisions of section 50 of the Act, agree to and receive from any Member willing to advance whole or any part of the moneys due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called for, and upon the amount so paid or satisfied in advance or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company may pay interest as may be prescribed under the Act or at such rates, as the Member paying such sum in advance and the Directors agree upon provided that money paid in advance of calls shall not confer a right to participate in profits or dividends. The Directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving to the Member one months' notice in writing.

Payments in advance of call may carry interest.

The Members shall not be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment, become presently payable.

The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to the calls on debentures of the Company.

FORFEITURE, SURRENDER AND LIEN

44. If any Member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call in respect of any share on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Board may, at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid or a judgment or a Decree in respect thereof, remains unsatisfied in whole or in part, serve a notice on such Member or on the person (if any) entitled to the share by transmission requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued and all reasonable expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

If call or instalment not paid notice may be given.

45. The notice shall name a day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) and a place or places on and at which such money, including the call instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid, is to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non payment on or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment was payable, will be liable to be forfeited. Form of Notice.
46. If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before all the calls or instalments and interests and expenses due in respect thereof are paid, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonus declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before forfeiture. On default of payment, shares to be forfeited.
47. When any share shall have been so forfeited notice of the resolution shall be given to the Member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members provided however that the failure to give the notice of the share having been forfeited will not in any way invalidate the forfeiture. Notice after Forfeiture.
48. Any shares so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and the Board may sell, reallocate or otherwise dispose of the same in such manner as it thinks fit. Forfeited Shares to become property of the Company and may be disposed of etc.
49. The Board may, at any time before any share so forfeited shall have been sold, reallocated or otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture thereof as a matter of grace and favour but not as of right, upon such terms and conditions, as it may think fit. Power to Annul Forfeiture
50. Any Member whose shares shall have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at such rate not exceeding fifteen percent per annum as the Board may determine and the Board may endorse the payment of such moneys or any part thereof if it thinks fit, but shall not be under any obligation so to do. Arrears to be paid notwithstanding Forfeiture.
51. The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in and also of all claims and demands against the Company, in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share except only such of those rights as are by these Articles expressly saved. Effect of Forfeiture.
52. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of the said debt, liabilities or engagements and the residue (if any) be paid to such Member, his heirs, executors, administrators or assigns. Proceeds how to be Applied.

53. A certificate in writing signed by two Directors and counter-signed by the Managing Director or the Secretary of the Company that the call in respect of a share was made and notice thereof was given, and the default in payment of the call was made and that the forfeiture was made by a resolution of the Board to that effect, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact stated therein as against all persons entitled to such share. Certificate of Forfeiture.
54. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, allotment or other disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and the person to whom such share is sold, allotted or disposed of may be registered as the holder of the share. Any such purchaser or allottee shall not (unless by express agreement to the contrary) be liable to pay any calls, amounts, instalments, interest and expenses owing to the Company prior to such purchases or allotment, nor shall he be entitled (unless by express agreement to the contrary) to any of the dividends, interest or bonuses accrued or which might have accrued upon the share before the time of completing such purchase or before such allotment. Such purchaser or allottee shall not be bound to see to the publication of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings with reference to the forfeiture, sale, allotment or disposal of the share. Title of Purchaser and Allottee
55. Neither a judgement nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereof nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any Member in respect of any shares either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as herein provided. Partial payment not to Preclude Forfeiture.
56. The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply to the case of non-payment of any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified. The provisions of these Articles as to Forfeiture shall apply to the case of non-payment of any sum
57. The Board may at any time, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept the surrender of any share from or by any Member desirous of surrendering the same on such terms as the Board may think fit. Board may accept surrender of Shares.

58. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares/debentures (other than fully paid-up shares/debentures) registered in the name of each Member (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares/debentures and no equitable interest in any share shall be created except upon the footing and condition that Article 30 hereof is to have full effect and such lien shall extend to all dividends/interests and bonuses from time to time declared in respect of such shares/debentures. Unless otherwise agreed the registration of transfer of shares/ debentures shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any, on such shares/debentures. The Board may at any time declare any shares/debentures wholly or in part to be exempt from the provisions of this Article.
- No member shall exercise any voting right in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid, or in regard to which the Company has exercised any right of lien.
59. For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Board may sell the share subject thereto in such manner as it thinks fit, but no sale shall be made until such time fixed as aforesaid shall have arrived and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such Member, his heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives, as the case may be, and default shall have been made by him or them in payment, fulfillment or discharge of such debts, liabilities or engagements for seven days after the date of such notice.
- To give effect to any such sale the Board may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof and purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
60. The net proceeds of any such sale, after payment of cost of such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards satisfaction of the said debts, liabilities or engagements, and the residue, if any shall be paid to such Member, his heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives as the case may be.
61. Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers hereinbefore given, the Board of Directors may appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the register in respect of the shares sold, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings, nor to the application of the purchase money and after his name has been entered in the Register to Members in respect of such shares the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person, and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.

Company's Lien on Shares/ Debentures

Enforcing Lien by Sale.

Application of Proceeds of Sale.

Validity of Sales in exercise of Lien and after Forfeiture.

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| 62. | Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Article , the certificate or certificates originally issued in respect of the relative shares (unless the same shall voluntarily or on demand by the Company, have been previously surrendered to the Company by the defaulting Member) stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect and the Board of Directors may issue a new certificate or certificates for such shares distinguishing it or them in such manner as it may think fit from the certificate or certificates previously issued in respect of the said shares. | Board of Directors may issue new certificate |
| 63. | Any money due from the Company to a Member may, without the consent and notwithstanding the objection of such Member, be applied by the Company in or towards the payment of any money due, from him to the Company for calls or otherwise. | Money due from the Company may be set off against Money due to the Company |

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

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| 64. | The Company shall keep a book to be called the Register of Transfers and therein shall be fairly and distinctly entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share. | Register of Transfer. |
| 65. | Subject to the provision of the Act, and these Articles, no transfer of shares in, or debentures of the Company shall be registered, unless a proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and in the form as prescribed under the rules made under sub-section (1) of section 56 of the Act and has been delivered to the Company alongwith the certificate relating to the shares or debentures or if no such certificate is in existence, along with the letter of allotment of the shares or debentures. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such shares until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in the respect thereof. Shares for different classes shall not be included in the same instrument of transfer. | Execution of Transfer etc. |
| 66. | In the case of transfer of shares or other marketable securities where the Company has not issued any certificates and where such shares or securities are being held in an electronic and fungible form, the provisions of the Depositories Act shall apply. | Transfer of Securities held in dematerialized form |
| 67. | The instrument of transfer of any share or debenture shall be in writing and all the provisions of Section 56 of the Act and any statutory modification thereof for the time being shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfers of shares and of the registration thereof. However the provisions relating to instrument of transfer shall not apply to the shares/debentures of the Company which have been dematerialised. | Form of Transfer. |
| | Provided that in respect of shares held in dematerialised form, the Depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purposes of effecting transfer of ownership of shares on behalf of the Beneficial Owner. | |
| 68. | No fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, transmission, Probate, Succession Certificate and Letters of Administration, Certificate of Death or Marriage, Power of Attorney or similar other document. | |

69. (1) The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by Section 58 of the Act, and Section 22A of Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 at its own, absolute and uncontrolled discretion and by giving reason(s), decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of any shares, or interest of a Member in, or debentures in the Company to any person of whom it does not approve and in particular, if any arrangement or contract between two or more persons in respect of transfer of securities is found not enforceable may so decline in any case in which the Company has a lien upon the shares or any of them. The registration of a transfer shall be conclusive evidence of the approval by the Board of the transferee but so far only as regards the share or shares in respect of which the transfer is so registered and not further or otherwise and not so as to debar the Board from declining to register any subsequent or other transfer or other shares applied for in the name of such transferee.
- (2) Registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being, either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever, except a lien on shares.
- If the Board refuses to register a transfer of any shares, it shall within thirty days from the date on which the instrument of transfer, or the instrument of such transmission, as the case may be was delivered to the Company, send notice of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person, giving reasons for such refusal of transfer or such transmission, as the case may be.
70. No shares shall in any circumstances be allotted or transferred to any minor, insolvent or person of unsound mind. No Allotment / Transfer to a person of Unsound Mind.
71. (1) An application for the registration of transfer of shares may be made either by the transferor or by the transferee. Transfer of Shares.
- (2) Where the application is made by the transferor and relates to partly paid shares, the transfer shall not be registered unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee and the transferee makes no objection to the transfer within two weeks from the receipt of the notice.
- (3) For the purpose of clause (2) hereof notice to the transferee shall be deemed to have been duly given if it is dispatched by prepaid registered post to the transferee at the address given in the instrument of transfer and shall be deemed to have been duly delivered at the time at which it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post.

- (4) If the Company refuses to register the transfer of any share or transmission of right therein, the Company shall within thirty days from the date on which the instrument of transfer, or the intimation of transmission as the case may be, was delivered to the Company, send notice of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation of such transmission as the case may be.
- (5) Nothing in these Articles shall prejudice any power of the Company to register as shareholder any person to whom the right to any shares of the Company has been transmitted by operation of law.
72. The instrument of transfer shall after registration be retained by the Company and shall remain in its custody. All instruments of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall on demand be returned to the persons depositing the same. Transfer to be left at Office as Evidence of title given.
73. All instruments of transfer which are registered shall be retained by the Company, but any instrument of transfer which the Board declines to register shall on demand be returned to the person depositing the same. The Board may cause to be destroyed all transfer deeds lying with the Company after such period as may be prescribed. When Transfer to be retained.
74. The Board may after giving not less than seven days previous notice by advertisement in some newspaper circulating in Mumbai as required by Section 91 of the Act, close the Register of transfer and Register of Members or the Register of Debenture Holders for any period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate, 45 (forty-five) days in each year, but not exceeding 30 days at any one time. Register of transfer
75. In the case of death of any one or more of the persons named in the Register of Members as joint shareholders of any share, the survivor(s) shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in such shares, but nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estates of a joint shareholder from any liability to the Company on shares held by him jointly with any other person. Death of one or more joint holders of shares.
76. The heir, executor or administrator of a deceased shareholder shall be the only person recognised by the Company as having any title to his shares and the Company shall not be bound to recognise such heir, executor or administrator unless shall have first obtained probate or letters of administration or succession certificate. Title to shares of Deceased Holder.

77. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy or insolvency of any Member, or by any lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these presents, may with the consent of the Board (Which it shall not be under any obligation to give) upon producing such evidence as the Board thinks sufficient, either be registered himself as the holder of the share or elect to have some person nominated by him, and approved by the Board, registered as such holder provided nevertheless, that if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify the election by executing to his nominee an instrument of transfer of the share in accordance with the provisions herein contained and until he does so he shall not be freed from any liability in respect of the share. Transmission of shares
78. The Board shall, subject to the provisions of Article 65 hereof, have the same right to refuse to register a person entitled by transmission to any share, or his nominee, as if he were the transferee named in any ordinary transfer presented for registration. Board may refuse to Transmit.
79. Every transmission of shares shall be verified in such manner as the Board may require and, if the Board so desires, be accompanied by such evidence as may be thought necessary and the Company may refuse to register any such transmission until the same be so verified or requisite evidence produced or until or unless an indemnity be given to the Company with regard to such registration which the Board at its absolute discretion shall consider sufficient, provided nevertheless, that there shall not be any obligation on the Company or the Board to accept any indemnity. Board may require Evidence of Transmission.
80. A transfer of a share in the Company of a deceased Member thereof made by his legal representative shall, although the legal representative is not himself a Member be as valid as if he had been a Member at the time of the execution of the instrument of transfer. Transfer by legal representative.
81. The certification by the Company of any instrument of transfer of shares in or debentures of the Company, shall be taken as representation by the Company to any person acting on the faith of the certification that there have been produced to the Company such documents as on the face of them show a prima facie title to the shares or debentures in the transferor named in the instrument of transfer, but not as a representation that the transferor has any title to the shares or debentures. Certificate of Transfer.

82. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatsoever in The Company consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer or not liable for transmission of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent disregard of a legal owner thereof as shown or appearing in the Register of Members to notice the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or prohibiting interest to or in the same shares, notwithstanding that the Company may Registration of have had notice of such equitable right, title or interest, or notice a transfer. prohibiting registration of such transfer and may have entered such notice or referred thereto in any book of the Company, and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or to give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some books of the Company but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto if the Board shall so think fit.

JOINT HOLDERS

83. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may refuse to transfer a share or shares in the joint names of more than three persons. Board power to refuse for Transfer.
84. Where more than one person is registered as the holder of any share the person first named in the Register of Members as one of the joint holders of a share shall be deemed the sole holder for matters connected with the Company subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles.
- (a) The joint holders of any share shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share. Joint and several liabilities for all payments in respect of shares.
- (b) On the death of any such joint holder the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the share but the Board may require such evidence of death as it may deem fit and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint holder any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person. Title of survivors.
Nothing shall release the estate of the deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.
- (c) Any one of several persons who is registered as joint holder of any share may give effectual receipts for all dividends and payments on account of dividends in respect of such share. Effectual receipts.

- (d) Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Delivery of Members as one of the joint holders of any share shall be entitled certificate and to delivery of the certificates relating to such share or to receive giving on notice documents (which expression shall be deemed to include all to first named documents referred to in these Articles) from the Company and holder any document served on or sent to such person shall be deemed service on all the joint holders.
- (e) Any one or two or more joint holders may vote at any meeting Vote of joint holders. either personally or by attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he was solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney then that one of such persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the Register of Members in respect of such shares thereof but the others of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting; provided always personally shall be entitled to vote in preference to a joint holder present by attorney or by proxy although the name of such joint holder present by an attorney or proxy stands first or higher (as the case may be) in the register in respect of such shares. Several executors or administrators of a deceased Member in whose (deceased Member's) sole name any share stands shall, for the purpose of this Article be deemed joint holders.

**DECLARATION BY PERSON NOT HOLDING BENEFICIAL INTEREST
IN ANY SHARE**

85. (a) Notwithstanding anything herein contained, a person whose name is at any time entered in the Register of Members of the Company as the holder of a share in the Company, but who does not hold the beneficial interest in such share shall, within such time and in such form as may be prescribed, make a declaration to the Company specifying the name and other particulars of the person or persons who hold the beneficial interest in such share in such manner as may be provided in Section 89 of the Act.
- (b) A person who holds or acquires a beneficial interest in a share or a class of shares of the Company shall, within the time prescribed after his becoming such beneficial owner, make a declaration to the Company specifying the nature of his interest, particulars of the person in whose name the shares stand in the Register of members of the Company and such other particulars as may be prescribed as provided in Section 89 of the Act;
- (c) Whenever there is a change in the beneficial interest in share referred to above, the beneficial owner shall, within the time prescribed from the date of such change make a declaration to the Company in such form and containing such particulars as may be prescribed as provided in Section 89 of the Act;

(d) Where any declaration referred to above is made to the Company, the Company shall make a note of such declaration in the Register of Members and file within 30 days from the date of receipt of the declaration by it, a return in the prescribed form with the Registrar with regard to such declaration along with such fees or additional fees as may be prescribed.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK

86. The Board may, subject to Section 61 of the Act and with the sanction of a general meeting, convert any paid up share into stock and or any stock into paid up shares. When any shares shall have been converted into stock the several holders of such stock may henceforth, transfer their respective interest therein or any part of such interest in the same manner as and subject to the same Articles, under which fully paid up shares in the capital of the Company may be transferred or as near thereto as circumstances will admit, but the Board may from time to time, as it thinks fit, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable and direct that fractions of rupee shall not be dealt with. With power nevertheless at their discretion to waive such rules in any particular case.

Conversion of Shares into stock or reconversion.

87. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, participation in profits, voting at meetings of the Company, and other matters, as if they hold the shares for which the stock arose but no such privilege or advantage shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

Rights of stock-holders.

Such of the Articles of the Company (other than those relating to share warrants) as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "share holder" in these Articles shall include "stock" and "stock holder" respectively.

COPIES OF MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES TO BE SENT TO MEMBERS

88. The Company shall, on being so required by a Member, send to them within seven days of the requirement and subject to the payment such fees as may be prescribed under the Act, a copy each of the following documents as in force for the time being. - (a) the Memorandum, (b) the Articles, and (c) any other agreement and every resolution referred to in Section 17 of the Act, if and in so far as they have not been embodied in the Memorandum or Articles.

Copies of Memorandum and Articles to be sent.

Where an alteration is made in the Memorandum or Articles of the Company, or in any other agreement or any resolution referred to in Section 17 of the Act, every copy of the Memorandum, Articles, agreement or resolution issued after the date of the alteration shall be in accordance with the alteration.

Alteration of Memorandum or Articles etc., to be noted in every copy

BORROWING POWERS

89. Subject to the provisions of the Sections 179 and 180 of the Act, the Board may, from time to time at its discretion accept deposits from Members or from the public, either in advance of calls or otherwise and generally raise or borrow or secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company. Provided, however, where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed (apart from temporary loans in the ordinary course of business) exceed the aggregate of the paid –up capital of the Company and its free reserves, the Board shall not borrow such money’s without the consent of the Member in General Meeting. Power to borrow.
90. Subject to the provisions of the previous Article the payment or repayment of moneys borrowed as aforesaid may be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may think fit and in particular by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by a circular resolution) including by the issue of debentures or debenture-stock of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future), including its uncalled capital for the time being, and debenture-stock and other securities may be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. Payment or repayment of moneys borrowed.
91. Any issue of debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities shall be governed by Section 71 of the Act. This Article and Article 89 shall be subject to the said provisions. In the case of the Company giving a charge on any of its property, the provisions of Sections 2(16), 77 to 87 of the Act shall apply thereto. Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination, and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares and attending (but not voting) at general meetings, appointment of Directors and otherwise. Debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in General Meeting. Terms of issue of debentures.
92. The Board shall cause a proper Register to be kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 85 of the Act of the mortgages, debentures and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company, and shall cause the requirement of Sections 71, 77 and 79 to 85 (both inclusive) of the Act in that behalf to be duly complied with, so far as they fall to be complied with by the Board. Register of Mortgages etc. to be kept.
93. The Company shall, if at any time issues debentures, keep a Register and Index of debenture holders in accordance with Section 88 of the Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any State or country outside India a branch Register of Debenture holders resident in that state or country. Register and index of Debenture holders.

SHARE WARRANTS

94. The Company may issue share warrants subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act and accordingly the Board may in its discretion, with respect to any share which is fully paid up on an application in writing signed by the person registered as holder of the share, and authenticated by such evidence (if any) as the Board may from time to time require as to the identity of the persons signing the application, and on receiving the certificate (if any) of the share and the amount of the stamp duty on the warrant and such fee as the Board may from time to time require, issue a share warrant. Power to issue share warrants.
95. (a) The bearer of a share warrant may at any time deposit the warrant at the office of the Company and, so long as the warrant remains so deposited, the depositor shall have the same right of signing a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company and of attending and voting and exercising the other privileges of a Member at any meeting held after the expiry of two clear days from the time of deposit, as if his name were inserted in the Register of Members as the holder of the share included in the deposited warrant. Deposit of share warrant.
- (b) Not more than one person shall be recognised as depositor of the share warrant.
- (c) The Company shall, on two days' written notice return the deposited share warrant to the depositor
96. (a) Subject as herein otherwise expressly provided, no person shall, as bearer of a share warrant, sign a requisition for calling meeting of the Company, or to attend or vote or exercise any other privileges of a Member at a meeting of the Company, or be entitled to receive any notices from the Company. Privileges and disabilities of the holders of share warrants.
- (b) The bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled in all other respects to the same privileges and advantages as if he were named in the Register of Members, as the holder of the share included in the warrant, and he shall be a Member of the Company.
97. The Board may from time to time make rules as to the terms on which (if it shall think fit) a new share warrant or coupon may be issued by way of renewal in case of defacement, or loss or destruction. Issue of new share warrant or coupon

MEETING OF MEMBERS / GENERAL MEETINGS

98. (a) Subject to Section 96 of the Act, the Company shall in each year hold in addition to any other meetings a general meeting as its annual general meeting and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it, and not more than fifteen months shall lapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next, subject however to the right of the Registrar under the Act to extend the time within which any annual general meeting may be held. Annual General Meeting

- (b) Every annual general meeting shall be called for at a time during business hours i.e. between 9:00 am and 6:00pm on any day that is not a national holiday and shall be held either at registered office of the Company or at some other place within the city or town or village in which the registered office of the Company is situated.
99. The Company shall in accordance with Section 92 of the Act, within sixty days from the day on which the annual general meeting is held, prepare and file with the Registrar a return in the form MGT-7 along with MGT-8 of the Act or as near as thereto as the circumstances shall admit and containing the particulars specified Form MGT-7 along with MGT-8. Annual Return
100. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting and they shall on requisition of such number of Members holding in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of such of the paid up capital of the Company as at the date of deposit of the requisition and in compliance with Section 100 of the Act, forthwith proceed to convene Extraordinary General Meeting. Calling of Extraordinary General Meetings.
101. Notwithstanding anything contrary contained in these Articles, of the Company may provide Video Conference facility and/ or other permissible electronic or virtual facilities for communication to enable the Shareholders of the Company to participate in General Meetings of the Company. Such participation by the Shareholders at General Meetings of the Company through Video Conference facility and/or use of other permissible electronic or virtual facilities for communication shall be governed by such legal or regulatory provisions as applicable to the Company for the time being in force. Participation through Electronic Mode.
102. (1) A general meeting of the Company shall be called by giving not less than clear twenty-one days notice in writing or in electronic mode and by giving a shorter notice if consent is accorded thereto in writing or by electronic mode by 95% of the Members entitled to vote thereat. Subject to the provisions of section 101 of the Act, and other applicable provisions of the Act every notice of a meeting shall specify the place, date, and the day and hour of the meeting and shall contain a statement of the business to be transacted thereat. Further, the notice shall, in accordance with Section 105 of the Act, contain intimation about voting by proxy and that a proxy shall be entitled to attend and vote in a general meeting however, only on a poll. Notice of every meeting of the Company shall be given to every Director and member of the Company, to any person entitled to shares in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member and to such other persons who are entitled to receive such notice in accordance with the Act. Unless otherwise provided under the Act, the notice may be given by electronic means. Notice of the meeting shall be given as provided in Section 101 of the Act and where any special business is to be transacted at the meeting, an explanatory statement shall be annexed to the notice as required under Section 102 the Act. Length of notice for calling meeting.

<p>All business to be transacted at an annual general meeting with the exception of business relating to (i) the consideration of the financial statements and the reports of the Board of Directors and auditors, (ii) the declaration of the dividend, (iii) the appointment of directors in place of those retiring, (iv) the appointment of and the fixing of remuneration of auditors, and all, business to be transacted at any other meetings of the Company shall be deemed 'Special'.</p>	<p>Special Business</p>
<p>103. Where any items of business to be transacted at any meeting of the Company are deemed to be special as aforesaid, there shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting an explanatory statement setting out all material facts concerning each item of business including in particular the nature and extent of the interest if any, of every Director, Managing Director, Key Managerial Person or their relatives and specifying where any item of business consists of the approval of any document the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.</p>	<p>Explanatory statement to be annexed to notice.</p>
<p>PROVIDED that where any such item of special business to be transacted at the meeting of the Company relates to or affects any other company, the extent of shareholding interest in that other company of every Director of the Company shall also be set out in the statement, if the extent of such shareholding interest is not less than 2 percent of the paid-up share capital of that other company.</p>	
<p>104. No general meeting, annual or extraordinary shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transact any business which has not been specifically mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.</p>	<p>Meeting not competent to discuss or transact any business not mentioned in notice.</p>
<p>105. Quorum for a General Meeting of the Company shall be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) five Members personally present if the number of Members as on the date of meeting is not more than one thousand; (ii) fifteen Members personally present if the number of Members as on the date of meeting is more than one thousand but up to five thousand; (iii) thirty Members personally present if the number of Members as on the date of the meeting exceeds five thousand; 	<p>Quorum.</p>
<p>106. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless the requisite quorum shall be present at the commencement of the business. A body corporate being a Member shall be deemed to be personally present if represented in accordance with section 113 of the Act.</p>	<p>Presence of Quorum.</p>

107. If within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting a quorum is not present the meeting, if called upon the requisition of Members shall stand dissolved, but in any other case, it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or if that day is a public holiday until the next succeeding day in the next week which is not a public holiday, or to such other date, day, time and place as the Board may determine. If Quorum not present, meeting when to be dissolved and when to be adjourned.
108. If at the adjourned meeting, a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Members present shall be a quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.
- In case of such an adjourned meeting or of a change of day, time or place of meeting, the Company shall give not less than three days notice to the Members either individually or by publishing an advertisement in the newspapers (one in English and one in vernacular language) which is in circulation at the place where the registered office of the Company is situated.
109. A resolution shall for all purpose be treated as having been passed on the date on which it was in fact passed and shall be deemed to have been passed on any earlier date. Resolution passed at adjourned meeting.
110. (a) The Chairman of the General Meeting may adjourn the Meeting from time to time and from place to place but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. Power to adjourn General Meeting.
- (b) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an Original Meeting.
- (c) Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment of or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting.
111. The Chairman of the Board and in his absence the Vice Chairman or a Director who has been longest in office, or the Managing Director if any of the Board shall, if willing, preside as Chairman at every general meeting, annual or extra-ordinary. If there be no such Chairman or Vice Chairman, or a Director who has been longest in office, Managing Director or if at any meeting neither of them shall be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting or being present declines to take the chair, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairman and in default of their taking the chair in doing so the Members present shall choose one of the Directors to be chairman and if no Director present be willing to take the Chair shall, on a show of hands elect one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting. If a poll is demanded on the election of the Chairman it shall be taken forthwith in accordance with the provisions of the Act and these Articles, and the chairman elected on a show of hands shall exercise all the powers of the Chairman under the said provisions. If some other person is elected Chairman of General Meeting.

Chairman as a result of the poll, he shall be the Chairman for the rest of the meeting.

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| 112. | No business shall be discussed at any general meeting except the election of a Chairman while the Chair is vacant. | Business confined to election of Chairman while chair vacant. |
| 113. | No resolution submitted to a meeting, unless proposed by the chairman of the meeting, shall be discussed nor put to vote until the same has been proposed by a Member present and entitled to vote at such meeting and seconded by another Member present and entitled to vote at such meeting. | Resolution must be proposed and seconded. |
| 114. | At any general meeting, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is demanded as provided in these Articles or the voting is carried out electronically. | How motion to be decided at meetings. |
| 115. | A declaration by the Chairman that on a show of hands, a resolution has or has not been carried, or has been carried either unanimously or by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the books containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes cast in favour of or against such resolution. | Declaration of Chairman to be conclusive. |
| 116. | The accidental omission to give notice to or the non-receipt of the notice by any member, or other person to whom it should be given, shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting. | Omission to give notice not to invalidate proceedings |
| 117. | Notice of resolutions received from members and the resolutions proposed shall be dealt with as provided in Section 111 of the Act and the Rules made pursuant thereto. | Members Resolution |
| | Where, by any provision contained in the Act or in the Articles of a Company, special notice is required of any resolution, notice of the intention to move such resolution shall be given to the Company by such number of members holding not less than one per cent of total voting power or holding shares on which such aggregate sum not exceeding five lakh rupees, as may be prescribed, has been paid-up and the Company shall give its members notice of the resolution in such manner as may be prescribed under the Act | |
| 118. | (1) Before or on the declaration of the result of the voting on any resolution on a show of hand, poll may be ordered to be taken by the chairman of the meeting of his own motion and shall be ordered to be taken by him on a demand made in that behalf by any Member or Members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company which confer a power to vote on the resolution not being less than one tenth of the total voting power in respect of the resolution, or on which an aggregate sum of not less than five lakh rupees has been paid up. | Demand for Poll |

- (2) The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.
119. Any poll duly demanded on the election may of a Chairman of a meeting or on any question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time not exceeding 48 hours from the time when the demand was made, as the chairman of the meeting may direct. Time of taking poll.
120. Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint a scrutinizer to scrutinise the votes given on the poll and to report thereon to him. The Chairman shall have power, at any time, before the result of the poll is declared to remove a scrutineer from office and to fill vacancies in the office of scrutineer arising from such removal or from any other cause. of the two scrutineers so to be appointed, one shall always be a Member (not being an officer or employee of the Company) present at the meeting provided such a Member is available and is willing to be appointed. Scrutinizers at Poll.
121. The demand for a poll except on the question of the election of Chairman or of an adjournment, shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded. Business may proceed notwithstanding demand for poll.
122. In the case of equality of votes the Chairman shall, both on a show of hands and on poll, have second or casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a Member. Chairman's casting Vote.
123. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the chairman of the meeting shall have power to regulate the manner in which a poll shall be taken. Manner of taking poll and result thereof.
- (b) The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the decision of the meeting on the resolution on which the poll was taken.

VOTE OF MEMBERS

124. No Member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy at any General Meeting or Meeting of a class of shareholders either upon a show of hands or upon a poll or electronically in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has, and has exercised, any right of lien. Members call in arrears not to vote.
125. Subject to the provisions of these Articles and without prejudice to any special privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class of shares for the time being forming part of the capital of the Company, every Member not disqualified by the last preceding Article shall be entitled to be present, and to speak and vote at such meeting, and Number of votes to which Member entitled.

on a show of hands every Member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll (including e-voting) the voting right of every Member present in person or by proxy shall be in proportion to his share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company. Provided, however, if any preference share holder be present at any meeting of the Company, save as provided in clause (b) of sub-section (2) of Section 47, he shall have a right to vote only on resolutions placed before the meeting which directly affect the rights attached to his preferences shares.

Provided that the proportion of the voting rights of equity shareholders to the voting rights of the preference shareholders shall be in the same proportion as the paid-up capital in respect of the equity shares bears to the paid-up capital in respect of the preference shares:

Provided further that where the dividend in respect of a class of preference shares has not been paid for a period of two years or more, such class of preference shareholders shall have a right to vote on all the resolutions placed before the company.

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| 126. | On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company, Member entitled to more than one vote, or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him as the case may be, need not, if he votes using all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses. | Casting of votes by a Member entitled to more than one vote. |
| 127. | Without prejudice to this Articles a Member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or legal guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy. If any Member be a minor, the vote in respect of his share or share shall be by his guardian, or any one of his guardians, if more than one, to be selected in case of dispute by the Chairman of the meeting. | How Members non competent and minors may vote. |
| 128. | If there be joint registered holders of any shares, any one of such persons may vote at any meeting or may appoint another person (whether a Member or not) as his proxy in respect of such shares, as if he were solely entitled thereto, but the proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting and, if more than one of such joint holders be present at the meeting, that one of the said persons so present whose name stands higher on the Register shall alone be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several executors or administrators of deceased Member in whose name shares stand shall for the purpose of this Article be deemed joint holders thereof | Votes of Joint Members. |
| 129. | Subject to the provisions of these Articles, votes may be given either personally or by an attorney or by proxy. A body corporate being a Member may vote either by a proxy or by a representative duly authorised in accordance with Section 113 of the Act and such representative shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as that body corporate could exercise it if it were an individual Member. | Voting in persons or by proxy. |

130. No member shall be entitled in respect of any shares registered in his name to be present or to exercise any voting right on any question at any general meeting or be reckoned in a quorum whilst any call or other sum presently payable to the Company in respect of such shares, remains unpaid. Restrictions on Voting
131. Any person entitled under these Articles to transfer any share may vote at any General Meeting in respect therefore in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares provided that, at least forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the directors of his right to transfer such shares and give such indemnity (if any) as the Directors may require, or the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof. Votes in respect of shares of deceased and insolvent Member.
132. Every proxy (whether a Member or not) shall be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney, or if such appointer is a corporation, under the common seal of such corporation, or be signed by an officer or any attorney duly authorised by it, and any committee or guardian may appoint such proxy. The proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting. Appointment of proxy.
133. An instrument of proxy may appoint a proxy either for the purpose of a particular meeting specified in the instrument and any adjournment thereof, or it may appoint for the purpose of every meeting of the Company, or of every meeting to be held before a date specified in the instrument and every adjournment of any such meeting. Proxy either for specified meetings or for a period.
134. A Member present by proxy shall be entitled to vote only on a poll. Provided that a person appointed as proxy shall act on behalf of such member or number of members not exceeding fifty and such number of shares as may be prescribed under the Act. Further, a person can be appointed as a Proxy for only one Member in case the shareholding of that Member exceeds ten percent of the total share capital of the Company. Proxy to vote only on poll.
135. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power of attorney shall be deposited at the Registered Office not later than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposed to vote and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution. Deposit of instruments of appointment of proxy.
136. Every instrument of proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise shall as nearly as circumstances will admit be in any of the forms or to the effect following, or be in the form as may be prescribed under the Chapter VII of the Act. Form of Proxy.
137. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal, or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which such proxy was signed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death or insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the Registered Office before the Validity of votes given by proxy notwithstanding death of Member.

commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

138. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote except at any meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote whether given personally or by proxy not disallowed at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever. Time for objection of votes.
139. 1 The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll. Chairman of the meeting to be the judge of validity of any vote.
140. 1 (a) The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of every General Meeting of any class of Shareholders or Creditors, and every Resolution passed by postal ballot and every meeting of Board and Committee of the Board to be kept as provided in Section 118 of the Act. Such minutes shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein and the presumptions to be drawn as provided in Section 118 of the Act shall apply thereto. Minutes of General Meeting and inspection thereof by Members.
- (b) Each page of every such book shall be initialed or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting in such book shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the same meeting within the aforesaid period of thirty days or, in the event of the death or inability of that Chairman within that period, by a Director duly authorised by the Board for the purpose.
- (c) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.
- (d) All appointments of officers made at any meeting aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting.
- (e) Nothing herein contained shall require or be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting (1) is or could reasonably be regarded a defamatory of any person or (2) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings, or (3) is detrimental to the interests of the Company. The Chairman of the meeting shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the aforesaid grounds.
- (f) Any such minutes shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.
- (g) The book containing the minutes of proceedings of General Meetings shall be kept at the office of the Company and shall be open between 11.00 a.m. and 1.00 p.m. (provided the office shall otherwise be open for normal business), to the inspection of any Member without charge. Inspection of minutes.

Any member shall be entitled to be furnished within 7 (seven) days after he has made a request in that behalf to the Company, with a copy of any such minutes on payment of Rupees 10 (Rupees Ten) or such higher amount as may be prescribed under the Act, for each page or part of any page.

Provided that a member who has made a request for provision of soft copy in respect of minutes of any previous general meetings held during a period immediately preceding three financial years shall be entitled to be furnished, with the same free of cost.

DIRECTORS

141. Until otherwise determined by a general meeting of the Company and subject to the provision of Section 149 and Section 151 of the Act, the number of directors shall not be less than three or more than fifteen. Subject to the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the Company, in General Meeting, may by ordinary resolution, increase or reduce the number of its Directors within the said limits and the Company may appoint more than 15 Directors after passing a Special Resolution. Number of Directors.

142. The following persons are the present Directors of the Company. Present Directors.

Sr. No	Name	Designation of Director
1	Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	Chairman
2	Venkataraman Rajamani	Managing Director
3	Nilesh Shivji Vikamsey	Independent Director
4	Kranti Sinha	Independent Director
5	Arun Kumar Purwar	Independent Director
6	Geeta Mathur	Independent Director
7	Chandran Ratnaswami	Non-Executive Director
8	S. Narayan	Independent Director

143. Subject to the provisions of Sections 152, 161, 162, and 169 of the Act and subject to these Articles, the Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint one or more person as a Director to be a Managing Director and/or whole-time or part-time Director(s) of the Company for such term (not exceeding five years at a time) as they may think fit, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the Power of Directors to Appoint additional Directors and to fill casual vacancies.

maximum number fixed.

144. Whenever the Company enters into an agreement or contract with the Central or State Government, a local authority, bank or financial institution, or any person or persons, (hereinafter referred to as "the appointer") for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security or for underwriting shares or debentures or other securities of the Company, the Board shall have, subject to the provisions of Section 152 of the Act, the power to agree that such appointer shall have if and to the extent provided by the terms of such agreement or contract, the right to appoint or nominate, by a notice in writing addressed to the Company, one or more Directors on the Board, for such period and upon such conditions as may be mentioned in the agreement or contract and that such Director or Directors may not be liable to retire by rotation nor be required to hold any qualification shares. The Board may also agree that any such Director or Directors may be removed from time to time by the appointer entitled to appoint or nominate them and the appointer may appoint another or others in his or their place and also fill any vacancy which may occur as a result of any Director or Directors ceasing to hold that office for any reason whatsoever. The Directors appointed or nominated under this Article shall be entitled to exercise and enjoy all or any of the rights and privileges exercised and enjoyed by other Directors.

Nominee
Directors.

If the Nominee Director/s is an officer of any of the financial institution(s) the sitting fees in relation to such nominee Directors shall accrue to such financial institution(s) and the same accordingly be paid by the Company to them. The Financial Institution(s) shall be entitled to depute observer to attend the meetings of the Board or any other Committee constituted by the Board.

The Nominee Director/s shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, be at liberty to disclose any information obtained by him/them to the Financial Institution appointing him/them as such Director/s.

145. If it is provided by the trust deed securing or otherwise in connection with any issue of debentures of the Company, that any person or persons shall have power to nominate a Director of the Company, then in the case of any and every such issue of debentures, the person or persons having such power may exercise such power from time to time and appoint a Director accordingly. Any Director so appointed is herein referred to as Debenture Director. A Debenture Director may be removed from office at any time by the person or persons in whom for the time being is vested the power under which he was appointed and another director may be appointed in his place. A debenture Director shall not be bound to hold any qualification shares. A Debenture Director shall not be liable to retire by rotation

Debenture
Directors.

- **145 A. Until such time that the Investor or his affiliates continue to beneficially own 8% of the equity share capital of the Company, the Investor may nominate 1 (One) director (Investor Director), who shall not be liable to retire by rotation. No Person, other than the Investor, shall have the power or right to remove and replace the Investor Director, unless such Investor Director has been removed due to any illegal/ immoral act, fraud or dishonesty. To the extent permissible the Act, the appointment of the Investor Director shall be by direct nomination by the Investor and any appointment or removal, unless the contrary intention appears, shall take effect from the date it is notified to the Company in writing. If the Act does not permit the Person nominated by the Investor to be appointed as a director or additional director of the Company merely by nomination by the Investor, the Board shall ensure that the Board forthwith (and in any event within 2 (Two) days of such nomination or at the next Board meeting, whichever is earlier) appoints such Person as a director or additional director, as the case may be, of the Company and further ensure that, unless the Investor changes or withdraws such nomination, such Person shall also be elected as a director of the Company at the next general meeting of the shareholders of the Company. Investor Director
- **145 B. If the Investor ceases to hold 8% of the equity share capital of the Company, but holds at least 5% of the equity share capital of the Company, the Investor may, at any time, nominate an individual as an observer ("**Observer**") to the Board of the Company. Such Observer, subject to applicable laws shall have the right to attend any and all meetings of the Board and of all committees of the Board. Observer
- **145 C. Subject to the applicable law, the Observer shall have the right to receive all information, notices and materials as shall be provided to the directors. Right of Observer
- **145 D. Subject to 145B above, the Investor Director shall be entitled to be a member of, or at the option of the Investor, an invitee on all the committees of the Board including the remuneration committee, ESG Committee and audit committee, each of which will remain constituted at all times. Investor Director appointment in Committee's
146. The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time, to appoint any person or persons other than a person/persons who fails to get appointed as a director in a general meeting to be an Additional Director or additional Directors, provided that such additional Director or Directors shall hold office only upto the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company; provided further that the number of Directors and additional Directors together shall not exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by these Articles. Additional Directors

***The above articles were inserted pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019 and effecting*

part V of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement with respect to merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company w.e.f. March 30, 2020.

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| 147. | If the office of any Director other than Independent Director appointed by the Company in General Meeting is vacated before his term of office will expire in the normal course, the Board may, fill the resulting casual vacancy at a Meeting of the Board. Any person so appointed shall hold office only upto the date upto which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have filled office if it had not been vacated as aforesaid. | Casual vacancies |
| 148. | The Board may appoint an alternate Director to act for a Director during his absence who shall hold the office for a period not longer than that permissible to the Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office if and when the Director in whose place he has been appointed returns to India The proviso to Sub-clause (2) of Section 161 shall apply to such appointment. | Alternate Director |
| 149. | A director need not hold any qualification shares. | Qualification of Directors. |
| 150. | <p>(1) Subject to the provision of the Act, a Managing Director or a whole time director or part-time director (subject to Sections 197 and 198 and other applicable provisions of the Act and these Articles and of any contract between him and the Company) who is in the whole-time employment of the Company may be paid remuneration either by way of a monthly payment or at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or partly by one way and partly by the other.</p> <p>(2) Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Director, who is neither in the whole-time employment nor a Managing Director, may be paid remuneration –</p> <p>(i) by way of monthly, quarterly or annual payment with the approval of the Central Government, or</p> <p>(ii) by way of commission if the Company by a ordinary resolution authorises such payments.</p> <p>(3) The fee payable to a Director for attending a meeting of the Board or Committee thereof shall be the maximum sitting fee as may be prescribed under Sections 197 and 198 of the Act as applied to the Company at any given time.</p> | Remuneration of Directors. |

(4) If any Director be called upon to perform extra services or special exertions or efforts (which expression shall include work done by a Director as Member of any committee formed by the Directors), the Board may arrange with such Directors for such special remuneration for such extra services or special exertions either by a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Board and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for his remuneration above provided in accordance with proviso to sub-section 4 of section 197 of the Act.

151. The Board may allow and pay to any Director reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Board, committee meeting and other meetings in addition to his fees for attending such meetings, or work as specified, and the Company may from time to time fix the remuneration to be paid to any member or members of their body constituting a Committee appointed by the Board in terms of these Articles and may pay the same. Reimbursement of Expenses
152. The Board on behalf of the Company may pay a gratuity or pension or allowance on retirement to any Director who has held any office or place of profit salaried or otherwise, with the Company, or to his widow or dependants and may make contributions to any fund such as a provident fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such gratuity, pension or allowance. Payment of pension etc. to Director who holds salaried office etc. with the Company.
153. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board, but if and so long as the number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act or by these Articles for a meeting of the Board, the continuing Directors or Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that fixed for the quorum or for summoning a general meeting of the Company but for no other purpose. Directors may act notwithstanding vacancy.
154. (1) Every Director or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly concerned or interested in any contract or arrangement, or proposed contract or arrangement, entered into or to be entered into, by or on behalf of the Company shall disclose the nature of his concern or interest at a first meeting of the Board of Directors in which he participates as a Director and thereafter at the first board meeting in every financial year or wherever there is a change in the disclosure already made then at the first board meeting held after such change disclose his concern or change. Disclosure of interest of Directors.
- (2) (a) In the case of a proposed contract or arrangement the disclosure required to be made by a Director under clause (1) shall be made at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration or if a Director was not, at the date of that meeting concerned or interested in the proposed contract or arrangement, at the first meeting of the Board held after he becomes so concerned or interested.

- (b) In the case of any other contract or arrangement, the required disclosure shall be made at the first meeting of the Board held after the Director becomes concerned or interested in the contract or arrangement.
 - (3) (a) For the purpose of clauses (1) and (2) hereof, a general notice given to the Board by a Director to the effect that he is a director or a Member of a specified body corporate or is a Member of a specified firm and is to be regarded as concerned or interested in any contract or arrangement which may, after the date of the notice, be entered into with that body corporate or firm, shall be deemed to be a sufficient disclosure of concern or interest in relation to any contract or arrangement so made.
 - (b) No such general notice and no renewal thereof shall be effective unless either it is given at a meeting of the Board, or the Director concerned takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the first meeting of the Board after it is given.
 - (c) Nothing in this Article shall apply to any contract or arrangement entered into between two companies when any of the Directors of the Company or two of them together holds or hold not more than two percent of the paid up share capital in the other Company.
155. No Director of the Company shall, as Director, take any part in the discussion of or vote on any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into by or on behalf of the Company if he is in any way whether directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in the contract or arrangement, nor shall his presence count for the purpose of forming quorum at the time of any such discussion or vote and if he does vote his vote shall be void, provided however, that a Director may vote on any contract of indemnity against any loss which the Directors or any one or more of them may suffer by reason of becoming of sureties or surety for the Company. Interested Director not to participate or vote on Board's proceedings.
156. A Director of the Company or his relative, a firm in which such a Director or relative is partner, any other partner in such firm or a private Company of which the Director is a Member or Director shall not enter into any contract with the Company, except to the extent and subject to the provisions of the Act. Board's sanction to be required for certain contracts in which particular Director is interested.

RETIREMENT AND ROTATION OF DIRECTOR

157. (1) Not less than two-thirds of the total number of Directors shall be persons whose period of office is liable to determination by retirement of Directors by rotation; and save as otherwise expressly provided by the Act, be appointed by the Company in General Meeting. At every annual general meeting, one third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office. The provisions in respect of retirement of Directors by rotation shall not be Retirement of Directors by rotation.

applicable to the appointment of Independent Directors.

- (2) The Directors to retire by rotation at every annual general meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment but as between persons who become Directors on the same day, those who are to retire shall, in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot.
 - (3) At the annual general meeting at which a Director retires as aforesaid the Company may fill up the vacancy by appointing the retiring Director who shall be eligible for re-appointment or some other person thereto.
 - (4) If the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and the meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week at the same time and place or if that is a National holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a National holiday at same time and place. If at the adjourned meeting also the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been reappointed at the adjourned meeting unless:
 - (i) at the meeting or at the previous meeting, a resolution for the reappointment of such Director has been put to the vote and lost;
 - (ii) the retiring Director has by a notice in writing addressed to the Comp any or its Board of Directors, expressed his unwillingness to be reappointed;
 - (iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment;
 - (iv) a resolution, whether special or ordinary, is required for his appointment by virtue of any of the provisions of the Act; or
 - (v) The provision to Section 162 of the Act is applicable to the case.
158. (1) No motion at any general meeting of the Company shall be made for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors of the Company by a single resolution unless a resolution that it shall be so made has been first agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it. Appointment of Director to be voted individually.
- (2) A resolution moved in contravention of clause (1) shall be void whether or not objection was taken at the time of it being so moved.
 - (3) For the purpose of this clause a motion for approving a person's appointment or for nominating a person for appointment shall be treated as a motion for his appointment.
159. (1) A person who is not a retiring Director shall, subject to the provisions of the Act, be eligible for appointment to the office of Director at any general meeting if he or some Member intending to propose him has not less than fourteen days before the meeting, left at the office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand

signifying his candidature for the office of Director or the intention of such Member to propose him as a candidate for that office, as the case may be, along with a deposit of one lakh rupees or such other sum as may be prescribed under the Act which shall be refunded to such person or, as the case may be, to such Member, if the person succeeds in getting elected as a director or gets more than twenty-five per cent of total valid votes cast either on show of hands or on poll on such resolution..

- (2) The Company shall inform its Members of the candidature of a person for the office of Director or the intention of Member to propose such person as a candidate for that office, by serving individual notice on the Members not less than seven days before the meeting.

Provided that it shall not be necessary for the Company to serve individual notices upon the Members as aforesaid if the Company advertises such candidature or intention not less than seven days before the meeting in at least two newspapers circulating in the place where the Registered Office of the Company is located, of which one is published in the English language and the other in the Marathi language.

- (3) Every person proposed as a candidate for the office of Director shall sign and file with the Company his consent to act as a director if appointed and every person other than a Director re-appointed after retirement by rotation shall not act as a Director of the Company unless he has within 30 days of his appointment, signed and filed with the Registrar, his consent in writing to act as such Director.

160. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by addressing it to the Board of Directors of the Company and delivering such notice to the Secretary or leaving the same at the Registered office of the Company, and thereupon his office shall be vacated. Resignation of Director.

Provided that a Director shall also forward a copy of his resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation to the Registrar within thirty days of resignation in such manner as may be prescribed. The resignation of a Director shall take effect from the date on which the notice is received by the company or the date, if any, specified by the director in the notice, whichever is later

161. The Company shall keep at its registered office a register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their Shareholding containing the particulars as required by Section 170 of the Act, and shall send the Registrar a return in prescribed form containing the particulars specified in the said register and shall notify to the Registrar any change among its Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their Shareholding or any of the particulars contained in the register as required by Section 170 of the Act. Register of Directors and notification of change to Registrar.

REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

162. (1) The Company subject to the provisions of Section 169 and other applicable provisions Act, may by ordinary resolution remove a Director not being a Nominee Director or a Debenture Director and not being a Director appointed by the Central Government in pursuance of the Act before the expiry of his period of office. Removal of Directors.
- (2) Special notice shall be required of any resolution to remove a director under this Article or to appoint somebody instead of a director so removed at the meeting at which he is removed.
- (3) On receipt of notice of a resolution to remove a Director under this Article, the Company shall forthwith send a copy thereof to the Director concerned and the Director shall be entitled to be heard on the resolution at the meeting.
- (4) Where notice is given of a resolution to remove a Director under this Article and the Director concerned makes with respect thereto representations in writing to the Company (not exceeding a reasonable length) and requests their notification to Members of the Company, the Company shall unless the representations are received by it too late for it to do so -
- (a) in any notice of the resolution given to the Members of the Company, state the fact of the representations having been made, and
- (b) send a copy of the representations to every Member of the Company to whom notice of the meeting is sent (whether before or after receipt of the representation by the Company) and if a copy of the representation is not sent as aforesaid because they were received too late or because of the Company's default, the Director may (without prejudice to his right to be heard orally) require that the representation shall be read out at the meeting, provided that copies of the representations need not be sent out and the representations need not be read out at the meeting if, on the application either of the Company or of any other person who claims to be aggrieved, a court of competent jurisdiction is satisfied that the rights conferred by this sub-clause are being abused to secure needless publicity for defamatory matter.
- (5). A vacancy created by the removal of a Director under this Article may if he had been appointed by the Company in general meeting or by the Board under Article 146 hereof, be filled by the appointment of another Director in his stead by the meeting at which he is removed provided special notice of the intended appointment has been given. A director so appointed shall hold office until the date upto which his predecessor would have held office if he had not been removed as aforesaid.
- (6) If the vacancy is not filled up under clause (5) hereof it may be filled as a casual vacancy in accordance with the provisions, so far as they may be applicable to Article 148 hereof and all the provisions of

that Article, shall apply accordingly. Provided that the Director who is removed from office under this Article shall not be reappointed as a Director by the Board of Directors.

- (7) Nothing in this Article shall be taken-
- (a) as depriving a person removed there under of any compensation or damages payable to him in respect of any appointment terminating with that as Director, or
 - (b) as derogating from any power to remove a Director which may exist apart from this Article.
163. (a) The Board of Directors may meet together for the conduct of Proceedings of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings and Directors. proceedings as it may think fit.
- (b) A meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held at least four such meetings in every year. Not more than one hundred and twenty days shall elapse between two consecutive meetings of the Board. Notice of every meeting shall be given to every Director as provided in Section 173 of the Act.
- (c) The Chairperson or any one Director with the previous consent of the chairperson may, or the company secretary or some other person upon the request of a Director on the direction of the chairperson shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.
- (d) Notice of every meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be given in writing to every Director for the time being in India, and at his usual address in India to every other director.
164. Notwithstanding anything contrary contained in the Articles of Association, the Director(s) may participate in Meetings of the Board and Committees thereof, through Video Conference facility and/ or other permissible electronic or virtual facilities for communication. Such participation by the Director(s) at Meetings of the Board and Committees thereof, through Video Conference facility and/or use of other permissible electronic or virtual facilities for communication shall be governed by such legal or regulatory provisions as applicable to the Company for the time being in force. Participation through Electronic Mode.
165. (a) Subject to Section 174 of the Act, the quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one third of the total strength of the Board (any fraction contained in the one third being rounded off as one) or two directors whichever is higher; provided that where at any meeting the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two thirds of the total strength, the number of remaining directors, that is to say the number of the directors who are not interested and are present at the meeting, being not less than two shall be quorum during such time. The provisions of Section 174 of the Act shall apply where a meeting is adjourned for want of a quorum. The attendance at the meeting of the Board shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. Quorum for Meetings

Provided further that a Director participating in a Meeting through use of Video Conference or any other permissible electronic mode of communication shall be counted for the purpose of quorum, notwithstanding anything contrary contained in Articles of Association.

- (b) For the purpose of Clause (a)-
 - (i) 'Total Strength' means the total strength of the Board of Directors of the Company as determined in pursuance of the Act, after deducting therefrom the number of directors, if any, whose places may be vacant at the time, and
 - (ii) 'Interested Directors' means any Director whose presence cannot by reason of Article 165 hereof or any other provision in the Act, count for the purpose of forming a quorum at a meeting of the Board, at the time of discussion or vote on any matter.

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| 166. | Subject to the provisions of the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. | Decision
Questions. | of |
| 167. | In case there is no permanent chairman is appointed, the Board may elect a Chairman of their meeting and determine the period for which he is to hold office, but if no such Chairman is elected or if at any meeting, the Chairman is not present within thirty minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of the Directors to be Chairman of the Meeting. | Board may appoint
Chairman. | |
| 168. | A meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions which by or under the Act or the Articles are for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally. | Power of Board
meeting. | |
| 169. | Subject to the restrictions contained in section 175, 179 and Rules prescribed of the Act, the Board may delegate any of its powers to a Committee of the Board consisting of such number or number of its body or any other person as it thinks fit and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such Committee. Any such Committee of the Board so formed, shall in the exercise of the power so delegated confirm to any Articles that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such Committee of the Board in conformity with such Articles and in fulfillment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board. | Delegation
Power
Committee | of
to |
| **169A. | The Company shall constitute a committee of the Board to formulate the ESG Policy, supervise the ESG Management System and to monitor the Company's overall compliance with the ESG Requirements and the ESG Action Plan (ESG Committee). | ESG Committee | |
| **169B. | The ESG Committee shall comprise of a minimum of 2 (Two) directors and a maximum of 4 (Four) directors, including the Investor Director. | Constitution of ESG
Committee | |

****169C.** The ESG Committee shall have the ability to co-opt or invite persons (including persons who are not directors of the Company) to provide expertise, if required. The members of the ESG Committee shall be appointed with the Consent of the Investor.

****169D.** The ESG Committee will reach decisions by a majority vote.

***The above articles were inserted pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019 and effecting part V of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement with respect to merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company w.e.f. March 30, 2020.*

170. The meeting and proceedings of any such Committee of the Board consisting of two or more persons shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meeting and proceedings of the Board, so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations; made by the Board under the last preceding Article. Meeting of the committee how to be Governed.

171. All acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a committee of the Board or by any person acting as a director shall notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such directors or committee or person acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were or was disqualified or had vacated office, or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director and had not vacated office or his appointment had not been terminated. Provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to acts done by a director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have terminated. Acts of Board or Committee valid Notwithstanding defective Appointment.

172. (1) No resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the Board or by a Committee thereof by circulation unless the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors or to all the Members of the Committee, as the case may be at their addresses registered with the Company in India by hand delivery or by post or courier or through electronic means. Resolution by Circular

Provided that, where not less than one-third of the total number of directors of the company for the time being require that any resolution under circulation must be decided at a meeting, the chairperson shall put the resolution to be decided at a meeting of the Board.

(2) A resolution passed by circular without a meeting of the Board or of a Committee of the Board shall subject to the provision of sub-clause (1) hereof be as valid and effectual as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Board or of the committee duly called and held.

173. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles the Board of Directors of the Company shall be entitled to exercise all such powers and to do all such acts and things as the Company is authorised to exercise and do. General powers of the board.

Provided that the Board shall not exercise any power or do any act or thing which is directed or required, whether by the Act or any other act or by the Memorandum of Association of the Company or these Articles or otherwise, to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting.

Provided further that in exercising any such power or doing any such act or thing the Board shall be subject to the provisions contained in this behalf in the Act or in any other act or in the Memorandum of Association or in any regulations not inconsistent therewith and duly made thereunder including Articles made by the Company in general meeting.

- (2) No regulation made by the Company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

174. The Board shall not, except with the consent of the Company in general meeting:

- (a) Sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the Company or where the Company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole or substantially the whole of any such undertakings.
- (b) Invest otherwise in trust securities the amount of compensation received by it as a result of any merger or amalgamation.
- (c) Borrow moneys where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) will exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves that is to say reserves not set apart for any specific purpose provided further that the powers specified in Section 180 of the Act, shall subject to these Articles be exercised only at meeting of the Board unless the same be delegated to the extent stated or
- (d) contribute to bona fide charitable and other funds, any amounts the aggregate of which will in any financial year, exceed five percent of its average net profits during the three financial years immediately preceding.
- (e) to remit, or give time for the repayment of, any debt due from a director.

175. If the Directors or any of them or any other persons shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Board may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity against any loss which the Directors or any one or more of them may suffer by reason of becoming or being sureties or surety for the Company. Execution indemnity of
176. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by Article 174 and the other powers conferred by these Articles and Section 179 of the Act, so as not in any way to limit or restrict those powers, but subject however to the provisions of the Act, it is hereby expressly declared that the Board shall have the following powers: Certain powers of the Board.
- (1) To pay the costs, charges and expenses incurred preliminary incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company.
 - (2) Subject to the provisions of the Act, to purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property movable or immovable, right or privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms and conditions as it may think fit, and in any such purchase or other acquisition to accept such title as the Board may believe or may be advised to be reasonably satisfactory.
 - (3) At its discretion and subject to the provisions of the Act, to pay for any property, right or privileges, acquired by or for services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the Company and any such shares may be issued either as fully paid up or with such amount credited as fully paid up thereon as may be agreed upon and any such bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company including its uncalled capital or not so charged.
 - (4) To secure the fulfillment of any contracts, agreements or engagements entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such other manner as it may think fit.
 - (5) To appoint and at its discretion, remove or suspend, such manager, secretaries, officers, clerks, agents and employees, for permanent, temporary or special services as it may from time to time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties and fix their salaries, employments or remuneration and to require security in such instances and of such amounts as it may think fit.
 - (6) To accept from any Member, subject to the provisions of the Act a surrender of his share or any part thereof on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed.

- (7) To appoint any person or persons (whether incorporated or not) to accept and hold in trust for the Company any property belonging to the Company, or in which it is interested, or for any other purpose, and to execute and do all such deeds and things as may be required in relation to any such trust and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.
- (8) To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due or any claims or demand by or against the Company, and to refer any difference to arbitration and observe the terms of any awards made therein either according to Indian law or according to foreign law and either in India or abroad and observe and perform or challenge an award made therein.
- (9) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company or any differences to arbitration, and observe and perform the awards, except by an order of a court to the contrary.
- (10) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents.
- (11) To make and give receipts releases and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.
- (12) To open and operate Bank Accounts to determine from time to time who shall be entitled to sign, on the Company's behalf, bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, hundis, bills of exchange, negotiable instruments, leases and related documents, dividend warrants, releases, contracts and documents and to discount, endorse or co-accept bills and to give the necessary authority for such purpose.
- (13) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles from time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company in or outside India in such manner as it may think fit, and in particular to appoint any person to be the attorneys or agents of the Company with such person (including the power to sub delegate) and upon such terms as may be thought fit.
- (14) Subject to the provision of the Act and these Articles to invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose thereof in or upon such security (not being shares in this Company) or without security and in such manner as it may think fit, and from time to time to vary or realise such investments. Save as provided in the Act all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name.

- (15) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur, any personal liability for the benefit of the Company such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as it thinks fit and any such mortgages may contain a power of sale and such other powers, covenants and provisions as shall be agreed upon.
- (16) To distribute by way of bonus amongst the staff of the Company a share or shares in the profits of the Company, and to give to any director, officer or other person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction and to charge such bonus or commission as a part of working expenses of the Company.
- (17) To provide for the Welfare of employees or ex-employees of the Company and the wives and families or the dependants or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwellings or chawls or by grants of money, pensions, gratuity, annuities, allowances, bonuses or other payments or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to, provident fund and other associations, institutions, fund of trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instruction or recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Board shall think fit.
- (18) To subscribe, incur, expenditure or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable benevolent, religious, scientific, national, political or any other institutions or subjects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company, either by reason of locality of operation or of public and general utility or otherwise.
- (19) Before recommending any dividend, to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it may think proper for depreciation or to a depreciation fund or to an insurance fund or as a reserve fund or sinking fund or any special fund to

meet contingencies to repay debentures or for debenture - stock or for special dividends or for equalising dividends or for repairing, improving extending and maintaining any of the property of the Company and for such other purposes (including the purpose referred to in the last two preceding clauses) as the Board of Directors may in its absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company, and subject to the Act to invest the several sums so set aside or so much thereof as is required to be invested upon such investments (other than shares of this Company) as it may think fit and from time to time to deal with and vary such investments and dispose of and apply and expend all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, In such manner and for such purposes as the Board of Directors, in its absolute discretion thinks conducive to the interests of the Company, notwithstanding that the matters to which the Board of Directors applies or upon which it expends the same or any part thereof may be matters to or upon which the capital moneys of the Company might rightly be applied or expended, and to divide the general reserve fund into such special funds as the Board may decide to transfer the whole or any portion of a reserve fund or division of a reserve fund to another reserve fund and with full power to employ the assets constituting all or any of the above funds including the depreciation fund, in the business of the Company or in the purchase or repayment of debentures or debenture-stock and that without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets and without being bound to pay interest on the same, with power however to the Board of Directors at its discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds interest at such rates as the Board of Directors may think proper.

- (20) To pay and charge to the capital account of the Company any commission or interest lawfully payable there out under the provision of Sections 40 of the Act and of the provisions contained in these presents.
- (21) From time to time to make, vary and repeal bye-laws for regulation of the business of the Company, its officers and servants;
- (22) To redeem redeemable preference shares;
- (23) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purpose of the Company to enter into all such negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts and execute and do all such acts, deeds, and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as it may consider expedient for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purposes of the Company;

- (24) To undertake any branch or kind of business which the Company is expressly or by implication authorised to undertake at such time or times as it shall think fit; and to keep in abeyance any such branch or kind of business even though it may have been actually commenced or not, so long as the Board may deem it expedient not to commence or proceed with such branch or kind of business.

MANAGING DIRECTORS / WHOLE TIME DIRECTORS

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| 177. | Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board of Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be Managing Directors or Managing Directors or whole-time Director or whole-time Directors of the Company for a term not exceeding five years at a time for which he or they is or are to hold such office and may from time to time remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places. | Board may appoint Managing Directors. |
| 178. | Subject to the provisions of these Articles a Managing Director or the Whole-time Director shall be liable to retire by rotation save and except as may be decided by the Board. | Retirement by Rotation |
| 179. | Subject to the Section 197 and 198 of the Act and these Articles and of any contract between him and the Company, the remuneration of Managing Director or Whole-time Director or part time director shall be determined and fixed from time to time, by the Board/committee, subject to the approval of the Company in General Meeting by way of a fixed salary or variable salary or commission on profits of the Company, and or perquisites or by any or all of those modes. | Remuneration of Managing Directors. |
| 180. | Subject to the provisions of the act and to the restrictions contained in these Articles the Board may, from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director/Whole time Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable by the Board under these Articles as it may think fit and may confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as it thinks expedient and it may confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of or in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Board in that behalf, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers. | Directors may confer power on Managing Director. |
| 181. | Subject to provisions contained in the Act, the Company may make payment to a Managing Director/Whole time Director by way of compensation for loss of office or as compensation for retirement from such office or in connection with such loss or retirement from office except in cases specified in Sections 191 and 202 and such payment shall be subject to the limit specified in Sections 191 and 202 of the Act. | Compensation for loss of office. |

182. The Company shall not appoint or employ or continue the employment of any person as its Managing Director or Whole-time Director who:
- Certain persons not to be appointed Managing Directors.
- (a) is an undischarged insolvent or has at any time been adjudged an insolvent;
 - (b) suspends or has at any time suspended, payment to his creditors or makes or has at any time made composition with them; or
 - (c) is or has at any time been, convicted by a court of an offence involving moral turpitude.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY OR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

183. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act,—
- i. A Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer or any other Key Managerial Personnel may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;
 - ii. A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

184. 1. Subject to Section 203 of the Act and any other applicable provisions of the Act, the Company shall appoint by means of resolution of the Board, the following Key managerial Personnel:
- (a) Managing Director, or Chief Executive Officer or Manager and in their absence; a whole-time Director;
 - (b) Company Secretary; and
 - (c) Chief Financial Officer.
2. Every whole-time key managerial personnel of a company shall be appointed by means of a resolution of the Board containing the terms and conditions of the appointment including the remuneration.
3. A whole-time Key Managerial Personnel shall not hold office in more than one company except in its subsidiary company at the same time.

Provided that nothing contained in this Article shall disentitle a Key Managerial Personnel from being a director of any company with the permission of the Board.

Provided also that the Company may appoint or employ a person as its Managing Director, if he is the Managing Director or Manager of one, and of not more than one, other company and such appointment or employment is made or approved by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board with the consent of all the Directors present at the meeting and of which meeting, and of the resolution to be moved thereat, specific notice has been given to all the Directors then in India.

If the office of any whole-time Key Managerial Personnel is vacated, the resulting vacancy shall be filled-up by the Board at a meeting of the Board within a period of six months from the date of such vacancy.

THE SEAL

185. The Board of Directors may provide a Common Seal for the purpose of the Company, and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof, and shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal for the time being and the Seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Board or a Committee of the Board previously given. Every deed or other instrument to which the Seal of the Company is required to be affixed shall, unless the same is executed by a duly constituted attorney of the Company be signed at least by one Director and of the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and those one directors and the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the Company is so affixed in their presence. Provided nevertheless that certificates of shares or debentures may be sealed and signed in the manner and in conformity with the provisions of Section 46 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under..
- The Seal its Custody and use.
186. The Company may, subject to the provisions of the Act, have for use in any territory, district or place not situated in the union of India an official seal which shall be a facsimile of the Common Seal of the Company with the addition on its face of the name of the territory, district or place where it is to be used.
- Foreign Seal.
187. The following provisions shall apply on the Company having a foreign seal under the preceding Article :-
- Provision applicable to Foreign Seal
- (i) The Company shall, by a document under its common seal, Authorise any person appointed for the purpose in that territory, district or place to affix the official seal to any deed or other documents to which the Company is a party in that territory, district or place.

- (ii) The authority of any agent under the preceding clause shall, as between the Company and any person dealing with the agent continue during the period if any mentioned in the document conferring the authority, or if no period is therein mentioned, until notice of the revocation or determination of the agent's authority has been given to the person dealing with him.
- (iii) The person affixing any such official seal, shall certify on the deed or document to which such a seal is affixed, the date on which and the place at which, such seal is affixed.
- (iv) A deed or other document to which an official seal is duly affixed shall bind the Company as if it had been sealed with the common seal of the Company.

MINUTES

188. The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of every General Meeting and of all proceedings of every meeting of its Board of Directors or of every committee of the Board to be kept in the manner required by the Act and the provisions of the Act will apply accordingly. Minutes

DIVIDENDS

189. The profits of the Company which it shall from time to time determine, subject to the provisions of the Act, to divide in respect of any year or other period, shall be applied first in paying the fixed preferential dividend on the capital paid up on the preference shares if any and secondly in paying a dividend declared for such year or other period on the capital paid up on the equity shares. Division of profits.
190. No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as capital paid up on the share. Amount paid in advance of calls not to be treated as paid up capital.
191. All dividend shall be apportioned and paid proportionate to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, such share rank for dividend accordingly. Apportionment of Dividends.
192. The Company in general meeting may subject to the provisions of the Act declare a dividend to be paid to the Members according to their rights and interests in the profits and may fix the time for payment. Declaration of Dividends.
193. No larger dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Board but the Company in general meeting may declare a smaller dividend. Restrictions on amount of

		dividend.
194.	(1) No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company arrived at as laid down in the Act.	Dividend out of profits only.
	(2) The declaration of the Board as to the amount of the net profits of the Company shall be conclusive.	What is to be deemed net profits.
195.	The Board of Directors may from time to time pay to the Members such interim dividends as in its judgement the position of the Company justifies.	Interim Dividends.
196.	The Board may retain any dividends payable on shares on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards the satisfaction of the debts. Liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.	Debts may be deducted.
197.	Any general meeting declaring a dividend may make a call on the Members of such amount as the meeting fixes but so that the call on each Member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him and so that the call may be made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may if so arranged between the Company and the Member be set off against the call.	Dividend and call together.
198.	Any general meeting declaring a dividend or bonus may resolve that such dividend be paid wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets, partly or fully paid up shares, or debentures or debenture stock of the Company or in any one or more of such ways and Board shall give effect to the same and the Board may settle any difficulty in doing so in such manner as it may deem expedient.	Dividend how paid.
199.	A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.	Effect of Transfer.
200.	The Board may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under Article 75 and 76 entitled to become a Member or which any person under that Article is entitled to transfer until such person shall become a Member in respect of such shares or shall duly transfer the same.	Retention in certain cases.
201.	No Member shall be entitled to receive payment of any interest on dividend in respect of his own share or shares whilst any money may be due or owing from him to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever either alone or jointly with any other person or persons and the Board may deduct from the interest or dividend payable to any shareholder all sums of money so due, from him to the Company.	No Member to receive interest or dividend whilst indebted to the Company and Company's right to Reimbursement thereout.
202.	Any dividend payable in cash may be paid by electronic credit or by cheque or warrant sent through the post/speed post/registered post/courier directed to the registered address of the shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend or in case of joint shareholders to the registered address of that one whose name stands first on the Register of Members in respect of the joint shareholding, or to such persons and to such address as the shareholder or the joint shareholders may in writing direct and the Company shall not be	Payment by post/speed post/registered post/courier

responsible or liable for any cheque or warrant lost in transit or for any dividend lost to the Member or person entitled thereto by the forged endorsement of any cheque or warrant or the fraudulent recovery thereof by any other means. The Company may, if it thinks fit, call upon the shareholders when applying for dividends or bonus to produce their share certificates at the registered office or other place where the payment of dividend is to be made.

203. The Company shall pay dividend or send the warrant in respect thereof to the shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend within thirty days from the date of the declaration of the dividend unless : Dividend to be paid within thirty days.

- (a) the dividend could not be paid by reason of the operation of any law or
- (b) a shareholder has given directions to the Company regarding the payment of dividend and these directions cannot be complied with, or
- (c) there is a dispute, regarding the right to receive the dividend, or
- (d) the dividend has been lawfully adjusted by the Company against any sum due to it from the shareholder, or
- (e) for any other reason, the failure to pay the dividend or to post the warrant within the period aforesaid was not due to any default on the part of the Company.

204. Where the Company has declared a dividend but which has not been paid or claimed within 30 days from the date of declaration to any shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend, the Company shall within 7 days from the date of expiry of the said period of 30 days, open a special account in that behalf in any scheduled bank as the unpaid dividend account of the Company and transfer to the said account, the total amount of dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed.

Any money transferred to the said unpaid dividend account of the Company, which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer, shall be transferred by the Company to the Fund established under 205C (1) of the Act by the Central Government. No unclaimed or unpaid dividend shall be forfeited by the Board.

205. [1] The Company in General Meeting may, upon recommendation of the Board, Capitalisation resolve;

- [a] that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution; or any part of the amount standing to the credit of any capital reserve, or securities premium account or or any other reserve not created out of profits earned by the Company; and

- [b] that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in Clause [2] amongst the members who would have been entitled thereof, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.
- [2] The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash, but shall be applied, subject to the provisions contained in Clause [3], either in or towards;
- [i] paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
 - [ii] paying up in full, unissued shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid up to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid; or
 - [iii] partly in the way specified in the Sub-clause [i] and partly in that specified in Sub-clause [ii]
- [3] A share premium account, free reserves and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this Article only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid-up bonus shares.
- [4] The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this article.
- [1] Whenever a resolution as mentioned in the preceding Article shall have been passed, the Board shall;
- [a] make all appropriations and applications of the reserves and/or undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares and
 - [b] generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
- [2] The Board shall have full power:
- [a] to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and also
 - [b] to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them

Powers of the Board on Capitalisation

respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or [as the case may require] for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the amounts, resolved to be capitalized, of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares.

- [3] [3] Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all the members.

ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

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| 206. | The Company shall prepare and keep proper books of account with respect to: | Books of Account to be kept. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which receipts and expenditure take place; (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company; and (c) the assets and liabilities of the Company. | |
| 207. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Books of account shall be kept at the Registered Office of the Company or at such other place in India as the Board of Directors may decide and when the Board of Directors so decide, the Company shall within seven days of the decision, file with the Registrar a notice in writing giving the full address of that other place. (2) The books of account shall be open to inspection by any Director during business hours. | Books where to be kept and inspection. |
| 208. | The Board of Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and place and under what conditions or regulations the documents of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of Member, and no Member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Board of Directors or by a resolution of the Company in general meeting. | Inspection by Members. |
| 209. | The Board of Directors shall from time to time, in accordance with the Act, cause to be prepared and to be placed before the Company in general meeting, such Financial Statement including Consolidated Financial Statements and reports as are required by the Act. | Statement of Accounts to be furnished to General Meeting. |
| 210. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) A copy of every such Financial Statement so audited (including the auditor's report and every other document required by the Act to be annexed or attached to the balance sheet) shall at least twenty one | Financial Statement to each |

days before the meeting at which the same are to be laid before the Member. Members be sent to the Members of the Company, to the trustees for the holders of Debentures and to all persons entitled to receive notice of general meetings of the Company.

- (2) If and as long as the Company's shares are listed on a recognised stock exchange and subject to the provisions of Section 136 of the Act, it shall be sufficient compliance with clause (1) of this Article if the copies of documents referred to in clause (1) are made available for inspection at the Company's registered office during working hours for a period of twenty-one days before the date the meeting and a statement containing the salient features of such documents in the prescribed form or copies may deem fit, is or are sent, not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting, to every Member of the Company and to every trustee for the holders of any debentures issued by the Company.

211. (1) Once at least in every year the accounts of the Company shall be examined by one or more auditors who shall report to the shareholders as to whether the Balance sheet reflects a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at that date and profit and loss account discloses a true and fair view of the profit and loss incurred by the Company during the year under review. Accounts to be audited.
- (2) The appointment, remuneration, rights, powers and duties of the Company's auditors shall be regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (3) Every balance sheet and profit and loss account of the Company when audited and adopted by the Company at an annual general meeting, shall be conclusive, provided that such balance sheet and profit and loss account and Board's Report may be amended at any time with the consent of the Company accorded by a special resolution.

ANNUAL RETURNS

212. The Company shall make and file the requisite Annual Returns in accordance with the provisions of Sections 92 of the Act.

DOCUMENTS AND NOTICES

213. (1) A document or notice may be served by the Company on any Member thereof either personally or by sending it by post/registered post/speed post/courier to him to his registered address or if he has no registered address, in India, the address if any within India supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notices to him. Service of the documents on Members by Company.
- (2) Where a document or notice is sent by post/registered post/speed post/courier.
- (a) Service thereof shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing preparing and posting a letter containing the document

or the notice, provided that where a Member has intimated to the Company in advance that documents or notices should be sent to him under a certificate of posting or by registered post with or without acknowledgement due and has deposited with the Company a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of doing so, service of the document or notice shall not be deemed to be effected unless it is sent in the manner intimated by the Member; and

- (b) Such service shall be deemed to have been effected -
 - (i) in the case of notice of a meeting at the expiration of forty eight hours after the letter containing the same is posted; and
 - (ii) in any other case, at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.
- (3) A document or notice may be served by the Company on the joint holders of a share by serving it on the joint holder named first in the Register of Members in respect of the share.
- (4) A document or notice may be served by the Company on the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of the Member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or assignees of the insolvent or by any like description, at the address, if any, in India supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled or until such address has been so supplied by serving the document or notice in any manner in which it might have been served if the death or insolvency had not occurred.
- (5) A certificate in writing signed by the manager, Secretary or other officer or employee of the Company that the notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence thereof.
- (6) The signature to any document or notice to be given by the Company may be written on printed or lithographed.

- 214. A document may be served on the Company or an officer thereof by sending it to Company or the officer at the registered office of the Company by post under a certificate of posting or by registered post or by leaving it at its registered office. Service of documents on Company.
- 215. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a document or proceeding requiring authentication by the Company may be signed by a Director, Managing Director, the Manager, the Secretary, or other authorised officer of the Company and need not be under the common seal of the Company. Authentication of documents and proceedings.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

216. Subject to the provisions of the Act, every Director, Manager any other officer or any person (whether officer of the Company or not) employed by the Company, or as an Auditor, or servant of the Company shall be indemnified by the Company and it shall be the duty of the Board to pay out of the funds of the Company all costs, charges, losses and expenses which any such officer or servant may incur or become liable to by reason of any contract entered into or act or thing done by him as such officer or servant or in any way in the discharges of his duties including expenses, and in particular and so as not limit the generality of the foregoing provisions, against all liabilities incurred by him as such Director, Manager, officer or servant in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 633 of the Act in which relief is granted by the court. Company may indemnify.
217. Subject to the provision of Section 201 of the Act no Director, Manager or other officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects of any other Director or Officer or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity or for any loss or expense happening to the Company through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Board for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy or insolvency or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be deposited or for any loss occasioned by error of judgement, omission, default or oversight, on his part, or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto unless the same happens through his own dishonesty. Liability of officers.
218. The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its present and/or former Directors and key Managerial Personnel for indemnifying all or any of them against any liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable but have acted honestly and reasonably. Insurance

WINDING UP

219. If the Company shall be wound up, and the assets available for distribution among the Members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be the losses shall be borne by the Members in proportion to the capital paid up on which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively and if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the Members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid at the commencement of the winding up the excess shall be distributed amongst the Members in proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of winding up on the shares held by them respectively. But this Article is without prejudice to the rights of the holders of shares issued upon special terms and conditions. Distribution of Assets.

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| 220. | No Member or other person (not being a Director) shall be entitled to visit or inspect any property or premises or works of the Company without the permission of the Board or to require discovery of or any information regarding any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade, secret process or any business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Board it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose. | Restriction on Right to Inspect |
| 221. | Every Director, Manager, Auditor, Treasurer, Trustee, Member of a committee, agent, officer, servant, accountant or other person employed in the business of the Company shall, when required, sign a declaration pledging himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company with the customers and the state of accounts with individuals and in matters relating thereto, and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties, except when required so to do by the Board or by any meeting of the shareholder if any or by a Court of Law, or by the person to whom the matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained. | Secrecy undertaking. |
| 222. | Each Member of the Company, present and future, is to be deemed to join the Company with full knowledge of all contents of these presents. | Members knowledge Implied. |

GENERAL POWERS

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| 223. | Wherever in the Act, the Rules or other applicable laws, it has been provided that the Company shall have any right privilege or authority or that the Company could carry out any transaction only if the Company is so authorized by its Articles, then and in that case, these Articles authorize and empower the Company to have such rights, privileges or authorities and to carry out such transaction as have been permitted by the Act, without there being any specific Article in that behalf herein provided. | General Powers |
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We, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Articles of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, Addresses, Description and Occupation of Subscribers	Signature of Subscriber	Signature, Name, Address, Description and Occupation of Witness
<p>NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN</p> <p>S/o Bhanwarlal Jain 208, Shyamkamal 'C Bldg., Agarwal Market, Vile Parle (East), Bombay – 400 057</p> <p>Research Analyst</p> <p>MANSUKH JAIN S/o Bhanwarlal Jain 208, Shyamkamal 'C Bldg., Agarwal Market, Vile Parle (East), Bombay – 400 057</p> <p>CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT</p>	<p>Sd/-</p> <p>Sd/-</p>	<p>WITNESS TO BOTH :</p> <p>RAMESH CHANDRA JAIN S/o. BHANWARLAL JAIN R.B.JAIN & ASSOCIATES 108, SHYAMKAMAL 'C' BLDG., AGARWAL MARKET VILE PARLE (E), BOMBAY 400 057</p> <p>CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT</p>

Bombay, Dated this 30th day of September, 1995

IN THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL

MUMBAI BENCH

CP (CAA) No. 4710 OF 2018

CONNECTED WITH

CA (CAA) No. 1148 OF 2018

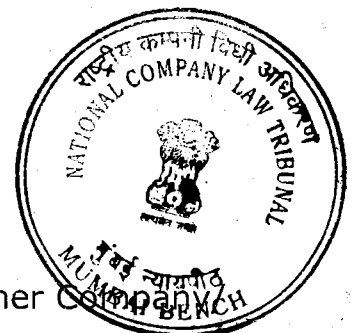
IN THE MATTER OF SECTIONS 230
TO 232 AND OTHER APPLICABLE
PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES
ACT 2013

AND

IN THE MATTER OF COMPOSITE
SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT
AMONGST (i) IIFL HOLDINGS
LIMITED; (ii) INDIA INFOLINE
MEDIA & RESEARCH SERVICES
LIMITED; (iii) IIFL SECURITIES
LIMITED; (iv) IIFL WEALTH
MANAGEMENT LIMITED; (v) INDIA
INFOLINE FINANCE LIMITED; AND
(vi) IIFL DISTRIBUTION SERVICES
LIMITED AND THEIR RESPECTIVE
SHAREHOLDERS

1. IIFL Holdings Limited, a)
company incorporated)
under the Companies Act)
1956 having Company)
Identification Number:)
L74999MH1995PLC093797,)
and having its registered)
office at IIFL House, Sun)
Infotech Park, Road No.)
16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane)

...First Petitioner



Industrial Area, Wagle
Estate, Thane 400604 India

Demerged Company/
Transferee Company 1

2. India Infoline Media &
Research Services Limited,
a company incorporated
under the Companies Act
1956 having Company
Identification Number:
U93090MH2006PLC165592,
and having its registered
office at IIFL House, Sun
Infotech Park, Road No.
16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane
Industrial Area, Wagle
Estate, Thane, Maharashtra
400604 India

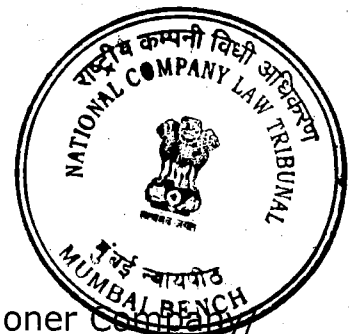
...Second Petitioner
Company/ Transferor
Company 1

3. IIFL Securities Limited, a
company incorporated
under the Companies Act
1956 having Company
Identification Number:
U99999MH1996PLC132983,
and having its registered
office at IIFL House, Sun
Infotech Park, Road No.
16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane
Industrial Area, Wagle
Estate, Thane, Maharashtra
400604 India

...Third Petitioner Company/
Resulting Company 1

4. IIFL Wealth Management
Limited, a company
incorporated under the

...Fourth Petitioner Company/
Resulting Company 2/



Companies Act 1956 having
Company Identification
Number:)
U74140MH2008PLC177884,)
and having its registered)
office at IIFL Centre,)
Kamala City, Senapati)
Bapat Marg, Lower Parel,)
Mumbai City, Maharashtra)
400013 India)
)

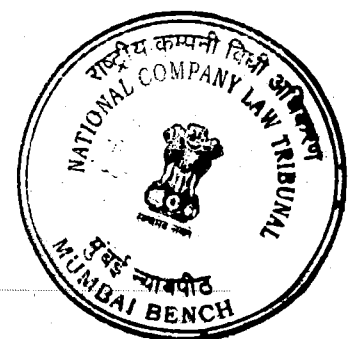
Transferor Company 3

...Fifth Petitioner Company/
Transferor Company 2

5. India Infoline Finance
Limited, a company
incorporated under the)
Companies Act 1956 having)
Company Identification)
Number:)
U67120MH2004PLC147365,)
and having its registered)
office at 12A-10, 13th Floor,)
Parinee Crescenzo, G Block,)
C-38&39, Bandra Kurla)
Complex, Bandra-East,)
Mumbai City, Maharashtra)
400051 India)

...Sixth Petitioner Company/
Transferee Company 2

6. IIFL Distribution Services
Limited, a company
incorporated under the
Companies Act 1956 having
Company Identification
Number:
U45201MH1995PLC228043,
and having its registered
office at IIFL Centre,



Kamala City, Senapati
Bapat Marg, Lower Parel,
Mumbai City, Maharashtra
400013 India

Order delivered on:07.03.2019

Coram: HON'BLE BHASKARA PANTULA MOHAN, MEMBER (J)
HON'BLE V. NALLASENAPATHY, MEMBER (T)

Senior Counsel Mr. Janak Dwarkadas, Counsel Mr. Zal Andhyarujina, Mr Peshwan Jehangir, MsPriyanka Desai, Mr Sanket Shah, Mr Aman Yagnik and Ms Sraddha Kedai/b Khaitan & Co, Advocates for the Petitioner Companies

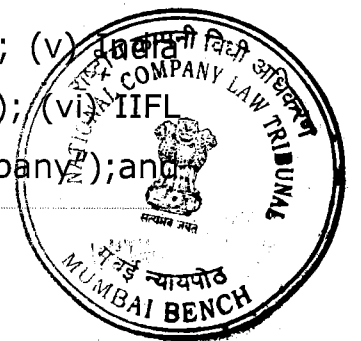
For the Regional Director:

Ms. Rupa Sutar, Assistant Director for the Regional Director

Per: Bhaskara Pantula Mohan, Member (J)

ORDER

1. Heard the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies. No objector has come before the Tribunal to oppose the Petitions and nor has any party controverted any averments made in the Petitions.
2. The sanction of this Tribunal is sought under Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, and other applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013, to a composite scheme of arrangement amongst (i) IIFL Holdings Limited ("First Petitioner Company"); (ii) India Infoline Media & Research Services Limited ("Second Petitioner Company"); (iii) IIFL Securities Limited ("Third Petitioner Company"); (iv) IIFL Wealth Management Limited ("Fourth Petitioner Company"); (v) India Infoline Finance Limited ("Fifth Petitioner Company"); (vi) IIFL Distribution Services Limited ("Sixth Petitioner Company"); and



their respective shareholders ("Scheme"). The First Petitioner Company, Second Petitioner Company, Third Petitioner Company, Fourth Petitioner Company, Fifth Petitioner Company and the Sixth Petitioner Company are collectively referred to as "Petitioner Companies".

3. The Petitioner Companies have approved the said Scheme by passing respective Board Resolutions and thereafter they have approached this Tribunal by the captioned Petition for sanction of the Scheme.
4. The First Petitioner Company is *inter alia* engaged in the securities business, wealth business and loan and mortgage business carried on through its subsidiaries.
5. The Second Petitioner Company is *inter alia* engaged in the business of online distribution of media content. It is also focused on research which provides media content advisory support to the broking, commodities, mutual fund and portfolio management services business.
6. The Third Petitioner Company is *inter alia* engaged in the business of offering Securities broking, depository participant, portfolio management, distribution of mutual funds, bonds and other financial products.
7. The Fourth Petitioner Company is *inter alia* engaged in the business of providing portfolio management and advisory services and acts as the wealth manager to high net worth individuals and corporate clients. It also carries on all kinds of distribution services for units of mutual funds, shares, stocks, debentures, bonds, government securities, insurance products, national savings certificates and such other financial, investment, personal loans, home loans products, securities and debt instruments.

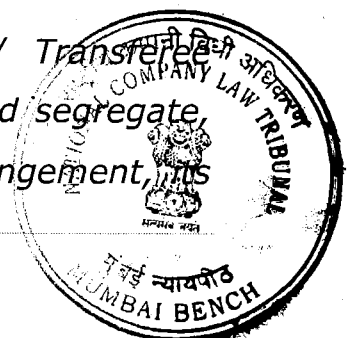


8. The Fifth Petitioner Company is *inter alia* engaged in the business of offering a broad suite of financial products such as mortgage loan, gold loan, loan against securities, commercial vehicle loan, loans to small and medium enterprise and healthcare finance to retail and corporate clients. It is also engaged in housing finance and microfinance business through its subsidiaries.
9. The Sixth Petitioner Company is *inter alia* engaged in the business of distribution of mutual funds and in providing manpower services to its associate companies.
10. The Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the rationale of the Scheme as under:

(i) *Over the course of time, the Demerged Company/ Transferee Company 1 has grown into a diversified financial conglomerate with interests in loans & mortgages, wealth management services, distribution of financial products and capital market services. Each of the core businesses have acquired critical mass, requiring flexibility and independence to grow faster in the fast-changing technology and innovation driven environment.*

(ii) *Each core business has a differentiated strategy, different industry specific risks and operate inter alia under different market dynamics and growth trajectory. The nature and competition involved in each of the businesses is distinct from others and consequently each business or undertaking is capable of attracting a different set of investors, strategic partners, lenders and other stakeholders.*

(iii) *Accordingly, the Demerged Company/ Transferee Company 1 proposes to re-organize and segregate, by way of a composite scheme of arrangement,*



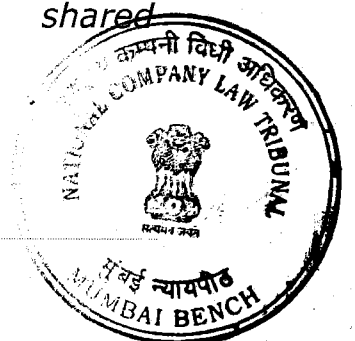
businesses and undertakings into three different listed verticals dealing in loans & mortgages business, wealth management services and capital market business. These listed entities will be subject to public, media, analysts and regulatory review. A clean corporate structure with no cross holdings will ensure transparency, accountability, highest standards of corporate governance and compliance. It also enhances operational flexibility and helps quick response to competitive or environmental challenges.

(iv) The proposed reorganisation pursuant to this Scheme is expected, inter alia, to result in the following benefits:

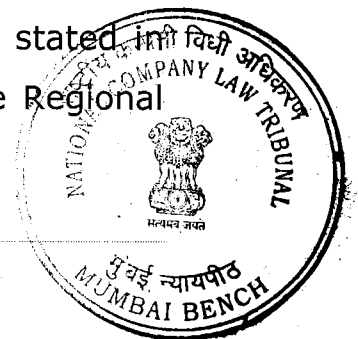
a) unlocking of value and create enhanced value for shareholders and allow a focused strategy in operations, which would be in the best interest of all the stakeholders; and

b) creation of listed entities specializing in loans & mortgages business, wealth management services and capital market business with ability to achieve valuation based on respective risk-return profile and cash flows, attracting the right investors and thus enhancing flexibility in accessing capital.

(v) Further, each listed company can separately attract and motivate its key people with stock options such that their rewards are strongly correlated with their own business's performance and connect to the IIFL Group's philosophy of 'owner mindset', which believes in shared ownership and shared accountability by all team members."

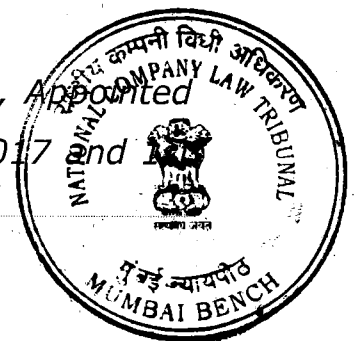


11. The Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies further submits that the Petition had been filed in consonance with the Order dated 22nd October 2018 passed by this Hon'ble Tribunal in Company Application No.1148 of 2018.
12. The Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies states that the Petitioner Companies have complied with all requirements as per the directions of this Hon'ble Tribunal and have filed necessary Affidavits of compliance before this Tribunal. Moreover, the Petitioner Companies, through its Counsels undertake to comply with all statutory requirements, if any, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under whichever is applicable. The said undertaking given by the Petitioner Companies is accepted.
13. The Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies states that the shares of the First Petitioner Company are listed on BSE Limited and NSE Limited. The shares of the Second Petitioner Company, Third Petitioner Company, Fourth Petitioner Company, Fifth Petitioner Company and Sixth Petitioner Company are not listed on BSE Limited and NSE.
14. The Official Liquidator has filed its report dated 12th February 2019 with this Tribunal, submitting that on a perusal of the Chartered Accountant's report and specifically the questionnaire relating to the same and the Petition, the affairs of the Second Petitioner Company and the Fifth Petitioner Company, being the Transferor Companies have been conducted in a proper manner. Therefore, his representation may be taken on record by this Tribunal.
15. The Regional Director has filed its Report on 28th February 2019 ("Report") praying that the Hon'ble Tribunal may pass such orders as it thinks fit, save and except as stated in paragraph IV. In paragraph IV of the said Report, the Regional Director has stated that: -



"IV. The observations of the Regional Director on the proposed Scheme to be considered by the Hon'ble NCLT are as under:-

- a) The Petitioners under provisions of section 230(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 have to serve notices to concerned authorities which are likely to be affected by Amalgamation. Further, the approval of the scheme by this Hon'ble Tribunal may not deter such authorities to deal with any of the issues arising after giving effect to the scheme. The decision of such Authorities is binding on the Petitioner Company(s).
- b) It is observed that the Petitioner companies have not submitted a Chairman's Report, admitted copy of the Petition, and Minutes of Order for admission of the Petition. In this regard, the Petitioner has to submit the same for the record of Regional Director.
- c) The Hon'ble NCLT may kindly direct to the Petitioners to file an undertaking to the extent that the Scheme enclosed to the Company Applications and the scheme enclosed to the Company Petition are one & same and there is no discrepancy or deviation.
- d) In compliance of AS-14 (IND AS-103), the Petitioner Companies shall pass such accounting entries which are necessary in connection with the scheme to comply with other applicable Accounting Standards such as AS-5 (IND AS-8) etc.
- e) As per Definition of the Scheme, Appointed Date means the 1st day of April, 2017

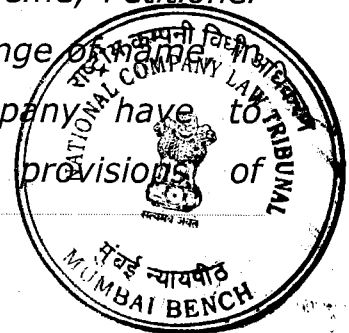


day of April, 2018 or such other date as may be approved by the NCLT or such other competent authority as may be applicable. In this regard, it is submitted that Section 232(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 states that the scheme under this section shall clearly indicate an appointed date from which it shall be effective and the scheme shall be deemed to be effective from such date and not at a date subsequent to the appointed date. However, this aspect may be decided by the Hon'ble Tribunal taking into account its inherent powers.

f) Petitioner Company have to undertake to comply with section 232(3)(i) of Companies Act, 2013, where the transferor company is dissolved, the fee, if any, paid by the transferor company on its authorised capital shall be set-off against any fees payable by the transferee company on its authorised capital subsequent to the amalgamation and therefore, petitioners to affirm that they comply the provisions of the section.

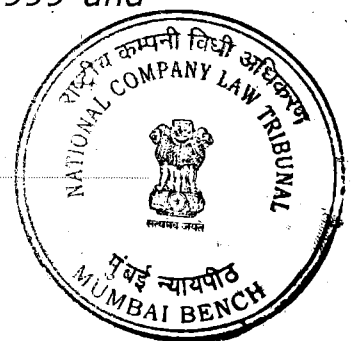
g) As per clause 17.4, 25.4, 32.5 of the scheme, Petitioner Companies are issuing employee stock option to their exiting employees, in this regards, Petitioner Company have to undertake to comply with provisions of Companies Act, 2013 read with rules and other applicable act.

h) As per clause 38 of the scheme, Petitioner Company has proposed for change of name in this regards, Petitioner Company have to undertake to comply with provisions of



Companies Act, 2013 read with rules and other applicable act.

- i) *As per clause 39 of the scheme, Petitioner Company has proposed for change of Charter document of transferee company - 1, in this regards, Petitioner Company have to undertake to comply with provisions of Companies Act, 2013 read with rules and other applicable act.*
- j) *As per clause 48 & 49 of the scheme, Petitioner Company has proposed for reduction and cancellation of equity share capital 1, in this regards, Petitioner Company have to undertake to comply with provisions of Companies Act, 2013 read with rules and other applicable act.*
- k) *As per clause 48 & 49 of the scheme, BSE vide its observation letter dated 14 September 2018 and NSE vide its observation letter dated 11 September 2018 and 27 September 2018 has been pointed out certain observations, in this regards, Petitioner Company have to undertake to do due requirement of observations in aforementioned clause, before sanctioning the scheme by the Tribunal.*
- l) *It is observed that pursuant to Clause 19.1, Clause 27.1 and 34.1 of the Scheme, equity shares will be issued to shareholders including foreign shareholders. Accordingly, the respective issuer companies to undertake that they will comply with applicable provisions of Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and other applicable regulations.*



m) *It is observed that the India Infoline Finance Limited (IIFL Finance), NBFC registered with RBI is merging into IIFL Holdings Limited (IIFL Holdings). Accordingly, IIFL Finance and IIFL Holdings undertakes to comply with rules, regulations and licensing requirements as prescribed or directed by RBI to carry out the business of an NBFC.*

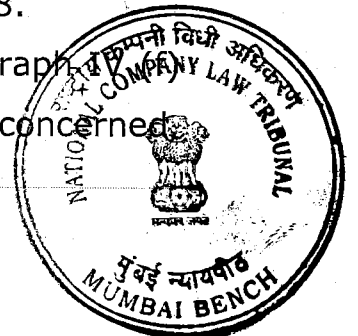
n) *It is observed that an inquiry notice had been issued by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai to IIFL Holdings Limited, response to the same has been filed by IIFL Holdings Limited and the matter is pending. In this regard, the Petitioner undertakes to complete the inquiry initiated by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai."*

16. In response to the above observations of the Regional Director, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies states as follows:

a) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (a) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the Petitioner Companies have served notices to the authorities which are likely to be affected by the Compromise or Amalgamation or Arrangement in accordance with Section 230(5) of the Companies Act, 2013. An affidavit to this effect has been filed by the Petitioner Companies with the Hon'ble Tribunal on 5th December 2018. Further, Petitioner Companies undertake that the sanctioning of the Scheme shall not deter the authorities from raising any issues in accordance with Applicable Law and the decision of such authorities shall be binding on the Petitioner Companies to the extent permitted under law.



- b) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (b) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the Petitioner Companies have submitted the Chairman's Report, admitted copy of the Petition and Minutes of order for admission of the Petition with the office of the Regional Director on 28th February 2019.
- c) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (c) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the Petitioner Companies confirm that the Scheme enclosed with the Company Application and the Company Petition are one and the same and that there is no deviation.
- d) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (d) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the Petitioner Companies undertake to pass such accounting entries which are necessary in connection with the Scheme to comply with such accounting standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 as may be applicable to the Petitioner Companies (including Ind AS 103 and Ind AS-8).
- e) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (e) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the Appointed Date for Part II of the Scheme shall be 1st April 2017 and for all other parts of the Scheme shall be 1st April 2018.
- f) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (f) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned,



the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the fees payable by the Transferee Company 1 on clubbing of authorized share capital of the Transferor Company 1 and Transferor Company 2 be set off against the fees already paid by the Transferor Company 1 and Transferor Company 2 for its authorized share capital in accordance with the provisions of Section 232(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013.

g) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (g) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the equity shareholders of the Resulting Company 1, the Resulting Company 2 and the Transferee Company 1 have at their meeting on 12th December 2018 approved the Scheme which includes approval to employee stock option scheme consequential to the approval of the Scheme. Thus, issuance of employee stock options, on the Scheme becoming effective, has been duly approved by the shareholders of the Resulting Company 1, the Resulting Company 2 and the Transferee Company 1. Resulting Company 1, the Resulting Company 2 and the Transferee Company 1 undertakes to comply with the other procedural requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and other laws including filing of the requisite forms with the Registrar of Companies.

h) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (h) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the equity shareholders of the Transferee Company 1 have at their meeting on 12th December 2018 approved the Scheme



includes change of name of the Transferee Company 1. Thus, the change of name of the Transferee Company 1, on the Scheme becoming effective, has been duly approved by the shareholders of the Transferee Company 1. The Transferee Company 1 undertakes to comply with the other procedural requirements of Section 13 of the Companies Act, 2013 including filing of the requisite forms with the Registrar of Companies.

- i) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (i) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the equity shareholders of the Transferee Company have at their meeting on 12th December 2018 approved the Scheme which includes change in the Memorandum of Association of the Transferee Company 1. Thus, the change in the Memorandum of Association of the Transferee Company 1, on the Scheme becoming effective, has been duly approved by the shareholders of the Transferee Company 1. The Transferee Company 1 undertakes to comply with the other procedural requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 including filing of the requisite forms with the Registrar of Companies.
- j) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (j) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the equity shareholders of the Resulting Company 1 and Resulting Company 2 have at their meeting on 12th December 2018 approved the Scheme which includes reduction of their capital. Thus, the reduction of capital of the Resulting Company 1 and the Resulting Company 2, on the Scheme becoming effective, has been duly approved



by the shareholders of the Resulting Company 1 and the Resulting Company 2 respectively. The Resulting Company 1 and the Resulting Company 2 undertake to comply with the other procedural requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 including filing of the requisite forms with the Registrar of Companies.

- k) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (k) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the Petitioner Companies have duly complied with the observations made by BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited vide their observations letters dated 14th September 2018 and 11th September 2018 respectively.
- l) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (l) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the Resulting Company 1, the Resulting Company 2 and the Transferee Company 1 undertake to comply with the applicable provisions of Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and other applicable regulations.
- m) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (m) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the Transferee Company 1 shall comply with the rules, regulations and licensing requirements as prescribed or directed by RBI to carry out the business of an NBFC.
- n) As far as the observations made in paragraph IV (n) of the Report of the Regional Director is concerned, the Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submits that the Transferee Company



complete the inquiry initiated by the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai.

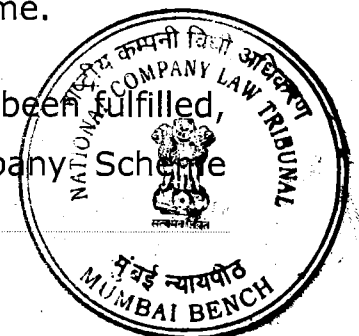
17. The Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Company has brought to our attention that by a letter dated 27th February 2019 received by the First Petitioner Company at 7:47 p.m. on 27th February, 2019 from the National Stock Exchange of India Limited wherein, the National Stock Exchange of India Limited has directed the First Petitioner Company to bring to our attention that SEBI has by its letter dated 26th February 2019 directed that:

"The Company is advised that the Enquiry Proceedings against India Infoline Commodities Limited which have been initiated in respect of NSEL Payout Default and India Infoline Commodities Limited is an entity which is under same management / control as IIFL Holdings Limited and IIFL Wealth Management Limited is adequately brought to the notice of NCLT."

The Learned Counsel for the Petitioner Companies submit that the First Petitioner Company has duly filed an affidavit dated 28th February 2019 in compliance with the said letter and has clarified that India Infoline Commodities Limited is not a party to the instant Scheme and as such the sanction of the Scheme shall not in any manner prevent India Infoline Commodities Limited from compliance with the SEBI Order dated 22nd February 2019 or seeking further legal remedies against the said order or prevent any regulatory authority from taking any steps or actions as per applicable law.

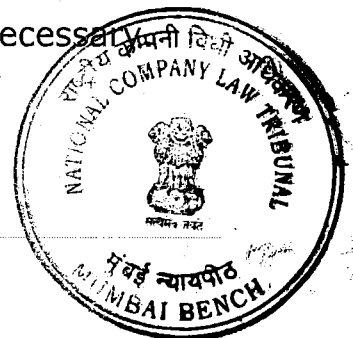
18. From the material on record, the Scheme annexed as Exhibit A-1 to Company Scheme Petition No. 4710 of 2018 appears to be fair and reasonable and is not violative of any provisions of law and is not contrary to public policy. None of the parties concerned have come forward to oppose the Scheme.

19. Since all the requisite statutory compliances have been fulfilled, the Scheme annexed as Exhibit A-1 to Company Scheme



Petition No. 4710 of 2018 is sanctioned and Company Scheme Petition No. 3607 of 2018 is made absolute in terms of the prayer clauses 40 (a) to 40 (l) in the said Company Scheme Petition.

20. The Petitioner Companies is directed to file a copy of this Order along with a copy of the Scheme with the concerned Registrar of Companies, electronically along with E-Form INC-28, in addition to physical copy within 30 days from the date of issuance of the Order by the Registry.
21. The Petitioner Companies are to lodge a copy of this order and the Scheme duly certified by the Deputy Director, National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, with the concerned Superintendent of Stamps, for adjudication of stamp duty payable, if any, on the same within 60 days from the date of receipt of the certified copy of the Order.
22. The Petitioner Companies are to pay costs of Rs.25,000/- each to the Regional Director, Western Region, Mumbai. The costs are to be paid within four weeks from the date of the receipt of the duly Certified Copy of this Order.
23. The Second Petitioner Company and the Fifth Petitioner Company, being the Transferor Companies, to pay costs of Rs.25,000/- each to the Official Liquidator. Costs to be paid within four weeks from the date of the receipt of the duly Certified Copy of this order.
24. All concerned regulatory authorities to act on a copy of this Order along with Scheme duly certified by the Deputy Director, National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench.
25. Any person interested is at liberty to apply to the Tribunal in the above matters for any directions that may be necessary.



26. Any concerned Authorities are at liberty to approach this Tribunal for any further clarification after sanctioning of the Scheme.
27. The Scheme is sanctioned, and the appointed date of the Scheme is fixed as 1st April 2017 for Part II of the Scheme and 1st April 2018 for all other parts of the Scheme.

SD/-

V Nallasenapathy
MohanMember (T)

SD/-

Bhaskara Pantula
Member (J)

/nm/

Certified True Copy
Date of Application 08.03.2019
Number of Pages 19
Fee Paid Rs. 45
Applicant called for collection copy on 15.03.2019
Copy prepared on 15.03.2019
Copy Issued on 15.03.2019

B. A. Patil
Dy.
Assistant Registrar
National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench

