



**DIFFERENT MEDICINAL HERBS FOR PAANDU NOI (ANAEMIA) PRESCRIBED IN  
SELECTED CLASSICAL SIDDHA LITERATURE- A REVIEW**

**Dr. M. Dhanalakshmi<sup>1</sup>, Dr. G. Essakky Pandian<sup>2</sup>**

<sup>1</sup>PG Scholar, Department of PG Gunapadam, GSMC, Palayamkottai.

<sup>2</sup>H.O.D & Professor, Department of PG Gunapadam, GSMC, Palayamkottai.



**\*Corresponding Author: Dr. M. Dhanalakshmi**

PG Scholar, Department of PG Gunapadam, GSMC, Palayamkottai.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.20442532>

**How to cite this Article:** Dr. M. Dhanalakshmi<sup>1</sup>, Dr. G. Essakky Pandian<sup>2</sup> (2026). Different Medicinal Herbs For Paandu Noi (Anaemia) Prescribed In Selected Classical Siddha Literature- A Review. European Journal of Biomedical and Pharmaceutical Sciences, 13(6), 093–098.

This work is licensed under Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license.



Article Received on 29/04/2026

Article Revised on 19/05/2026

Article Published on 01/06/2026

**ABSTRACT**

Paandu noi, comparable to anaemia in modern medicine, is a clinical condition characterized by pallor and systemic weakness due to derangement of Pitha kutram. The present study aims to systematically review medicinal plants indicated for Paandu noi in classical Siddha literature and analyze them based on taste (Suvai), potency (Veeriyaam), division (Pirivu), plant parts used, and botanical family. A total of 123 plants were compiled from authenticated Siddha texts through a descriptive literature review. The findings indicate a predominance of bitter, pungent, and sweet tastes, along with hot potency and pungent division. Roots and leaves were the most frequently utilized plant parts, while major plant families included Fabaceae, Lamiaceae, and Apiaceae. The presence of bioactive phytoconstituents such as flavonoids, alkaloids, and iron-rich compounds supports their therapeutic relevance. This study provides a structured understanding of Siddha pharmacological principles and highlights the scientific basis for traditional plant-based interventions in anaemia management.

**KEYWORDS:** Siddha Medicine, Paandu Noi, Anaemia Medicinal Plants.

**INTRODUCTION**

Anaemia is a significant global public health problem, affecting about 40% of children, 37% of pregnant women, and nearly one-third of women of reproductive age. In India, the prevalence remains high, particularly among women and children, leading to impaired cognitive development, reduced work capacity, and adverse pregnancy outcomes. In the Siddha system, anaemia is described as *Paandu Noi*, characterized by pallor due to derangement of the three vital humours, predominantly *Pitham*. Classical texts attribute its causation to improper diet, lifestyle factors, and impaired nutrient assimilation. Siddha literature offers a vast repository of plant-based formulations for its management, emphasizing the role of Suvai (taste), Veeriyaam (potency), and Pirivu (functional classification) in drug selection. Despite the extensive documentation of medicinal plants, a systematic analysis integrating these pharmacological parameters remains limited. This review aims to document and analyze medicinal plants described in Siddha literature for the

management of anaemia, highlighting their therapeutic significance and research potential.

**SELECTION OF MEDICINES FOR TREATMENT**

Taste plays a vital role in the principal of treatment. Every taste is constituted by the combination of two basic elements. Three vital factors are also formed by five elements in different combination. selection of drugs for the treatment of disease is also based on the taste.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

S.NO	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	TASTE	POTENCY	DIVISION
1	Ponnakanni	<i>Alternanthera sessilis</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
2	Nayuruvi	<i>Achyranthes aspera</i>	Bitter, astringent, pungent	Hot	Pungent
3	Veliparuthi	<i>Pergularia daemia</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
4	Kaiyanthagarai	<i>Eclipta prostrate</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
5	Sangan	<i>Azima tetraacantha</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
6	Chukku	<i>Zingiber officinale</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
7	Milagu	<i>Piper nigrum</i>	Bitter, Pungent	Hot	Pungent
8	Tippuli	<i>Piper longum</i>	Pungent	Hot	Sweet
9	Mutthakkasu	<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>			
10	Chevviyam	<i>Piper nigrum</i>	Pungent, Bitter	Hot	Pungent
11	Elam	<i>Elettaria cardamomum</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
12	Tippuli moolam	<i>Piper longum</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
13	Seeragam	<i>Cuminum cyminum</i>	Pungent, Sweet	Cold	Sweet
14	Omam	<i>Tachyspermum ammi</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
15	Perungayam	<i>Ferula asafoetida</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
16	Venthayam	<i>Trigonella foenum graecum</i>	Bitter	Cold	Pungent
17	Karunjeeragam	<i>Nigella sativum</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
18	Ulli	<i>Allium sativum</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
19	Poovarasu	<i>Thespesia populnea</i>	Bitter, Astringent	Hot	Pungent
20	Kizhkkai nelli	<i>Phyllanthus amarus</i>	Astringent, Bitter, Sweet, Sore	Cold	Sweet
21	Sangankuppi	<i>Clerodendrum inerme</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
22	Vallarai	<i>Centalla asiatica</i>	Sweet, Astringent, Bitter	Cold	Sweet
23	Kanduparangi	<i>Clerodendrum serratum</i>	Bitter, Astringent	Hot	Pungent
24	Lavangam	<i>Syzygium aromaticum</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
25	Adhimaduram	<i>Glycyrrhiza glabra</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
26	Costum	<i>Costus specioses</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
27	Akkarakaram	<i>Anacyclus pyrethrum</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
28	Lavangapattai	<i>Chinnamomum verum</i>	Sweet, Pungent	Cold	Sweet
29	Kalyanapooani	<i>Benincasa hispida</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
30	Karumbu	<i>Saccharum officinarum</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
31	Kathali	<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	Sweet	Hot	Sweet
32	Vizhuthi	<i>Cadaba trifoliata</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
33	Kumari	<i>Aloe barbadensis</i>	Bitter	Cold	Sweet
34	Elumicchai	<i>Citrus limonia</i>	Sore, Pungent	Hot	Pungent
35	Avarai	<i>Cassia auriculata</i>	Astringent	Cold	Sweet
36	Seenthil	<i>Tinospora cordifolia</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
37	Chitramutti	<i>Pavonia zeylanica</i>	Astringent	Cold	Sweet
38	Vettiver	<i>Vetiveria zizanoides</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
39	Vilvam	<i>Aegle marmelos</i>	Astringent, Bitter	Cold	Pungent
40	Nelli	<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i>	Sweet, Astringent	Cold	Sweet
41	Aswaganda	<i>Withania somnifera</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
42	Nerunjil	<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>	Sweet, Astringent	Cold	Sweet
43	Nermulli	<i>Hygrophila auriculata</i>	Sweet, Little bitter	Cold	Sweet
44	Sirupeelai	<i>Aerva lanata</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
45	Vaivilangam	<i>Embelia ribes</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
46	Malaithangi	<i>Sida acuta</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
47	Kovai	<i>Coccinia grandis</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
48	Munnai	<i>Premna corymbosa</i>	Astringent, Bitter	Hot	Pungent
49	Brami	<i>Bacopa monnieri</i>	Astringent, Bitter	Hot	Pungent
50	Tekku	<i>Tectona grandis</i>			
51	Peyatthi	<i>Ficus hispida</i>	Astringent, Bitter	Hot	Pungent
52	Suriyagandhi	<i>Helianthus annus</i>	Astringent, Bitter	Hot	Pungent
53	Chennayuruvi	<i>Achyranthus aspera</i>	Bitter, Astringent, Pungent	Hot	Pungent
54	Pidangu nari	<i>Premna tomentosa</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
55	Pirappankizhangu	<i>Calamus rotung</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
56	Milagu thakkali	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet

57	Kadukkai	<i>Terminalia chebula</i>	Astringent, Sweet, Bitter Sore, Pungent	Hot	Sweet
58	Thandrikai	<i>Terminalia bellirica</i>	Astringent	Hot	Sweet
59	Thakkolam		Astringent	Hot	Pungent
60	Nilakumil	<i>Gmelina asiatica</i>	Astringent, Bitter,	Cold	Sweet
61	Lavangapathiri	<i>Chiannamomum tamala</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
62	Krosani omam	<i>Hyoscyamus niger</i>	Pungent, Little bitter	Hot	Pungent
63	Kadugurogini	<i>Picrorhiza scrophulariflora</i>	Bitter, Pungent	Hot	Pungent
64	Venmilagu	<i>Piper nigrum</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
65	Modi	<i>Piper longum</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
66	Sirunagappu	<i>Mesua nagassarium</i>	Bitter, Astringent	Cold	Pungent
67	Pericchu	<i>Phoenix sylvestris</i>	Sweet	Cold	Pungent
68	Adathodai	<i>Justicia beddomei</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
69	Santhanam	<i>Santalum album</i>	Bitter, Astringent	Hot, Cold	Sweet
70	Adhividayam	<i>Aconitum heterophyllum</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
71	Dhaniya	<i>Coriandrum sativum</i>	Pungent	Hot, Cold	Pungent
72	Nannari	<i>Hemidesmus indicus</i>	Sweet, Bitter	Cold	Sweet
73	Thutthi	<i>Abutilon indicum</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
74	Nilapanagkizhangu	<i>Curculigo orchioides</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
75	Agasakarudankizhangu	<i>Corallocarpus epigaeus</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
76	Vengayam	<i>Allium cepa</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
77	Naval	<i>Syzygium cumini</i>	Astringent	Cold	Pungent
78	Sirukeerai	<i>Amaranthus tricolor</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
79	Nilavagai	<i>Cassia senna</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
80	Sombu	<i>Pimpinella anisum</i>	Pungent, Sweet	Hot	Pungent
81	Kalarchiparuppu	<i>Caesalpinia bonduc</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
82	Thannirvittankizhangu	<i>Asparagus racemosus</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
83	Revalchinni	<i>Rheum emodi</i>	Astringent, Bitter	Hot	Pungent
84	Asamoda omam	<i>Trachyspermum roxburghianum</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
85	Kalipakku	<i>Areca catechu</i>	Astringent	Hot	Pungent
86	Surai	<i>Lagenaria siceraria</i>	Bitter	Cold	Sweet
87	Sirukurinjan	<i>Gymnema sylvestre</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
88	Usilai	<i>Albizia odoratissima</i>	Astringent	Cold	Pungent
89	Potralaikarippan	<i>Wedelia chinensis</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
90	Karunkali	<i>Acacia catechu</i>	Astringent	Cold	Bitter
91	Manjal	<i>Curcuma longa</i>	Pungent, Bitter	Hot	Pungent
92	Milagaranai	<i>Toddalia asiatica</i>	Astringent	Cold	Pungent
93	Avuri	<i>Indigofera tinctoria</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
94	Chitramutti	<i>Pavonia zeylanica</i>	Astringent	Cold	Sweet
95	Vilamicchu	<i>Plectranthus vettiveroides</i>	Bitter	Cold	Sweet
96	Poduthalai	<i>Phyla nodiflora</i>	Astringent, Bitter	Hot	Pungent
97	Sirupulladi	<i>Desmodium triflorum</i>	Pungent, Bitter	Hot	Pungent
98	Karkadagasingi	<i>Rhus succeddanea</i>	Astringent	Hot	Pungent
99	Valmilagu	<i>Piper cubeba</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
100	Karuvappattai	<i>Chinnamomum iners</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
101	Musumusukkai	<i>Mukia maderaspatana</i>	Astringent, Pungent	Hot	Pungent
103	Munthiri	<i>Anacardium occidentale</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
104	Maramanjal	<i>Coscinium fenestratum</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
105	Nerpori	<i>Oryza sativa</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
106	Vembu	<i>Azadirachita indica</i>	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
107	Thamarai	<i>Nelumbo nucifera</i>	Sweet, Astringent	Cold	Sweet
108	Pirandai	<i>Cissus quadrangularis</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
109	Nocchi	<i>Vitex negundo</i>	Bitter, Pungent, Astringent	Hot	Pungent
110	Thennai	<i>Cocos nucifera</i>	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
111	Pungu	<i>Pongamia pinnata</i>	Bitter, Astringent	Hot	Pungent
112	Maruthampattai	<i>Terminalia arjuna</i>	Astringent	Cold	Pungent
113	Kodiveli	<i>Plumbago indica</i>	Pungent	Hot	Pungent

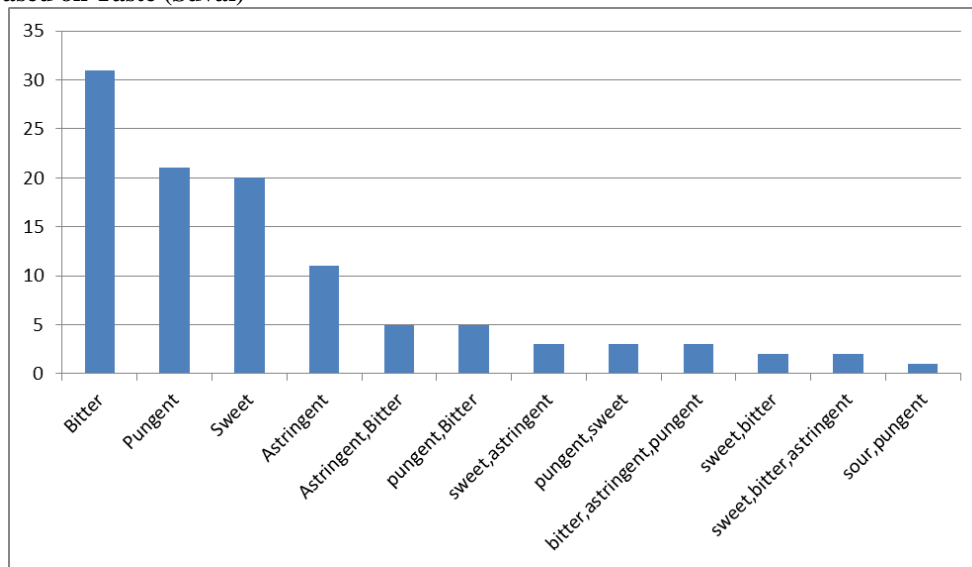
114	Agasagarudan	Corallocarpus epigaeus	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
115	Echuramuli	Aristolochia indica	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
116	Elikathilai	Merremia emerginata	Sweet	Cold	Sweet
117	Karimulli	Solanum anguivi	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
118	Kudiyotti pundu	Argemone mexicana	Bitter	Hot	Pungent
119	Chengodiveli	Plumbago rosea	Pungent	Hot	Pungent
120	Sarakkondrai	Cassia fistula	Astringent, Little Bitter	Hot	Pungent
121	Peyavarai	Cassia occidentalis	Astringent, Bitter	Hot	Pungent
122	Thalai	Pandanus odoratissimus	Astringent	Cold	Sweet
123	Thetran	Strychnos potatorum	Bitter	Hot	Pungent

**DISCUSSION**

A total of 123 medicinal plants used in the management of Paandu noi were identified and

analyzed based on taste (Suvai), potency (Veeriyam), division (Pirivu), plant parts used, and botanical family.

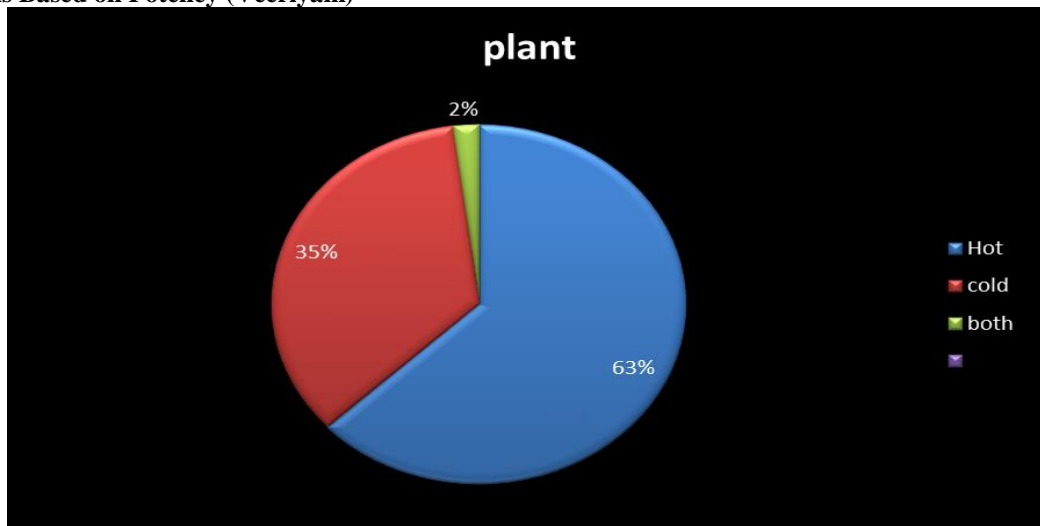
**1. Analysis Based on Taste (Suvai)**



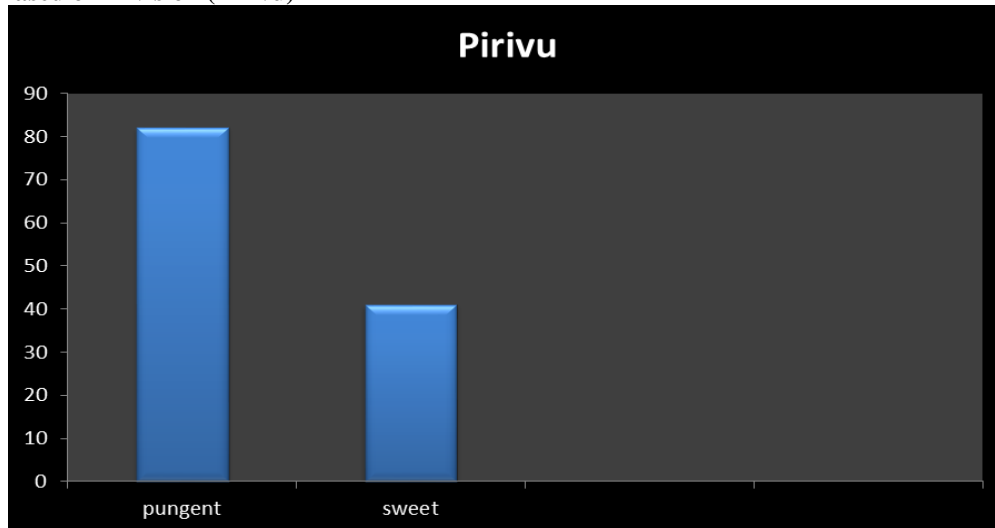
The predominance of bitter taste suggests its significant role in correcting Pitha kutram, which is primarily involved in Paandu noi. Bitter drugs are known for their detoxifying, appetite-stimulating, and blood-purifying actions. Sweet and astringent tastes

help in nourishing body tissues and improving blood quality, while pungent taste enhances digestion and metabolism. Thus, the combination of these tastes contributes to effective management of anaemia.

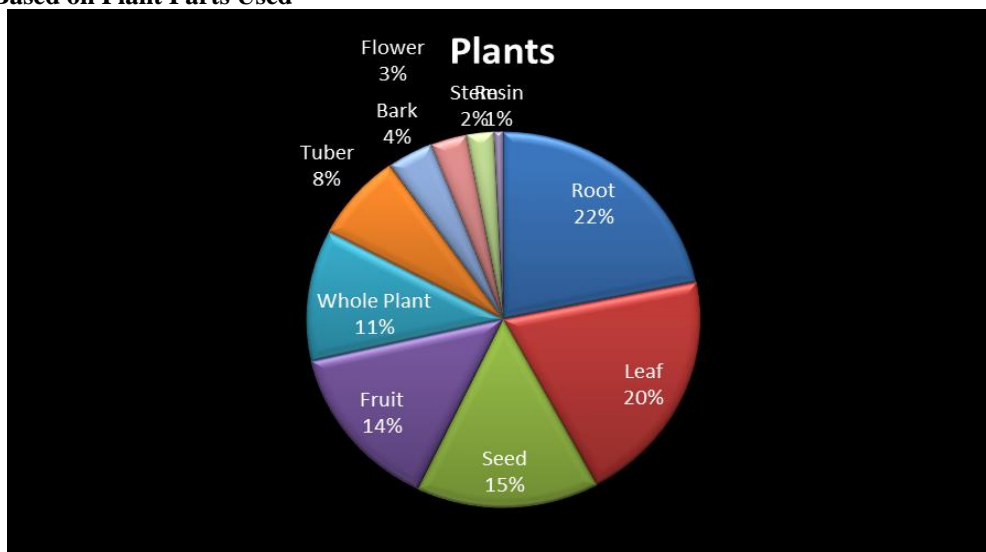
**2. Analysis Based on Potency (Veeriyam)**



### 3. Analysis Based on Division (Pirivu)



### 4. Analysis Based on Plant Parts Used



### 5. Analysis Based on Botanical Family

Fabaceae, Lamiaceae, Apiaceae, Piperaceae, Cucurbitaceae these families are well known for their rich phytochemical content, including flavonoids, alkaloids, and tannins. Their pharmacological activities such as haematinic, antioxidant, and anti-inflammatory properties support their use in the treatment of anaemia. The presence of essential phytochemicals and minerals such as iron validates the traditional use of these plants in improving haemoglobin levels and treating anaemia. These findings strongly align with Siddha principles and provide a scientific basis for their clinical application.

### CONCLUSION

The present review systematically documents medicinal plants indicated for Paandu noi and interprets them through core Siddha pharmacological principles. The observed dominance of specific tastes, potency patterns, and functional divisions reflects a targeted approach toward correcting underlying humoral imbalance and enhancing physiological functions. The frequent

utilization of nutrient-rich plant parts and the presence of diverse phytoconstituents further reinforce their therapeutic potential. This study bridges traditional knowledge with scientific understanding, offering a rational basis for the use of these plants in managing anaemia. It also provides a foundation for future pharmacological and clinical investigations to validate efficacy and safety.

### REFERENCES

1. Dr. Murugesu muthaliyar, Siddha meteria medica (Mooligai vaguppu) Volume -1, Indian Medicine and Homeopathy Department, Chennai-600106.
2. Dr. Kuppasamy mudhaliyar, pothu marutthuvam, Indian Medicine & Homeopathy Department, Chennai- 600106.
3. Dr. S. Prema MD(s), Agasthiyar Vaithya Sindhamani Venba 4000, Thamarai Library, Chennai, Second Part.
4. S. Ramachandiran, Patharthaguna Sindhamani, Thamarai Library, Chennai.

5. Vedhagiri muthaliyar, Raja Vaithya Podhini, First Part, Thamarai Library, Chennai.
6. Dr. Anaivari ananthan Ph, D, Mooligai Vilakkam, 2008.
7. C. Kannusami Pillai, Pathartha Guna Vilakkam, 1990.
8. Hakkim, P. M. Abdullah Sayupu, Agasthiyar Vaithya Sadhagam.
9. C. Kannusami pillai, Kannusami Paramparai Vaithyam.
10. DR. V. G. Santhiran, Sarabendra Vaithya Muraigal, Paandu, Kamalai sigicchai, Saraswathi mahal Library, Thanjavur, 1990.
11. Kanthasami, Athmarakcha amirtham Vaithya Sarasangiragam.
12. S. Soundara pandiyan, Vaithya satthiram.
13. S. Subramani, Pulipani marunthugal, Thamarai Library, Chennai.
14. Therayar Vagadam.
15. Gunapadam kaiyedu.
16. <https://www.who.int>
17. The Siddha Pharmacopoea of India, Publication by Ministry of health & family welfare department of ayush vol-1.