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DEVELOPMENT AND VALIDATION OF STABILITY INDICATING RP-HPLC METHOD FOR ACOTIAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE HYDRATE IN PHARMACEUTICAL DOSAGE FORM

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ABSTRACT

A reversed-phase high performance liquid chromatographic method has been developed and validated for estimation of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate in Pharmaceutical Dosage Form. RP-HPLC method, Column used was 150 x 4.6mm C18, Hypersil BDS with mobile phase containing: Ammonium Acetate (pH 4.5, adjust with 0.1% Tri-ethyl Amine (TEA): Acetonitrile (40:60v/v). The flow rate (1.5 ml/min) and wavelength (315 nm). The retention time was found to Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate was found to be 6.697 \pm 0.01 min. Correlation co-efficient for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate was found to be 0.999. Assay result of marketed formulation was found to be in 99.6 % for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate. The proposed method was validated with respect to linearity, accuracy, precision and robustness. Percentage recovery for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate was found to be 99.6 – 100.5%. Analysis proves that the developed method was successfully applied for the analysis of pharmaceutical formulations and can be used for routine analysis of drugs in Quality Control laboratories.

KEYWORDS: Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate, HPLC, AMV, ICH, Chromatography.

INTRODUCTION

The IUPAC name of the Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate is N-{2-[Bis (1 methyl ethyl) amino] ethyl}-2-[(2-hydroxy-4,5-dimethoxybenzoyl)amino]thiazole-4-carboxamide mono hydrochloride trihydrate. With molecular formula and molecular weight.

 $C_{21}H_{30}N_4O_5S$. HCl $3H_2O$ and 541.06 g/mol respectively.

The molecular structure of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate is given in Fig.1.

Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate is used as Functional dyspepsia (FD).

However no HPLC method has been reported till date for the estimation of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate using the RP-HPLC method. The present paper describes the analytical method development and validation of estimation of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate in Pharmaceutical dosage form using RP-HPLC. The proposed method are optimized and validated as per ICH guidelines.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Materials

a) Instruments

- Analytical Weighing Balance
- Sonicator
- Micro Balance
- FT-IR spectrophotometer
- HPLC system
- Vacuum Filtration Assembly
- pH Meter
- UV Spectrophotometer
- Vacuum Oven

b) Glassware's

- Beaker
- Conical flask

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- Measuring cylinder
- Pipette
- Volumetric flask

c) Chemicals

- Standard Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate Gifted by Amneal Pharmaceutical India Pvt Limited, Ahmedabad. Gujarat,
- The commercial fixed dose **Actapro 100 mg** Tablets 10's manufactured by Lupin Pharmaceutical Ltd. And Marketed By of Sun Pharma Laboratories Ltd was procured from local market. All solvents (HPLC grade) were obtained from S.D. fine chemical.

d) Method

• RP-HPLC Chromatographic method.

Methods

Working Standard preparation

• Solution Preparation of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate: (100 $\mu g/ml$)

About 10 mg of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate API was weight and dissolve in 100 ml of Water with 15 minutes sonication.

• Sample Preparation for marketed formulation

Transferred 5 tablets in to 250mL volumetric flask and added 170-175 mL of water, sonicated for 45 minutes and then it was shaked for 30 minutes by mechanical means, tablets were checked visually if they got dispersed and then volume was made up to mark with water and mixed well. The solution was filtered through 0.45 μ PVDF filter. Further 5mL of filtrate was transferred to 100mL of volumetric flask and volume was made up to mark with water. (ACT-100ppm)

METHOD VALIDATION

Chromatographic conditions and System Suitability Parameters

Mode of chromatography: Reversed Phase

Chromatography.

Mode of Elution: Isocratic. **Flow Rate:** 1.5 ml/min.

Oven: Oven Temperature: $25^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$ C.

Detector: Type: UV detector. **Wavelength:** 315nm.

Column: 150 x 4.6mm C18, Hypersil BDS.

Sample Volume: 20µl. Run time: 10 min.

Mobile Phase: Ammonium Acetate (pH 4.5, adjust with 0.1% Tri-ethyl Amine (TEA): Acetonitrile (40:60 %v/v).

System Suitability Parameters

Table 1: System Suitability Test Parameters for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate.

Sr. No.	System suitability parameter	Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate
1	Retention time (min)	6.693
2	Resolution (R)	-
3	Theoretical plate number (N)	14364
4	Tailing factor (T)	1.0

Linearity and Range (n=3)

- ➤ The linearity of analytical method is its ability to elicit test results that are directly proportional to the concentration of analyte in sample within a given range.
- The range of analytical method is the interval between the upper and lower levels of analytes that have been demonstrated to be determined within a suitable level of precision, accuracy and linearity.
- > The linearity was determined at five levels over the range of 50-150 μg/ml for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate. Peak area of above linearity solution preparations were taken at each concentration three times. Mean Peak Area at each concentration was calculated and Graph of Mean Peak Area (y axis) versus Concentration (x-axis) was plotted.

PRECISION

Repeatability

Six replicate of 100ug/ml concentration of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate were prepared and chromatographic were recorded at the optimized condition. SD and RSD were calculated.

Intraday Precision and Interday Precision

Variations of results within the same day (intra-day), variation of results between days (inter-day) were analyzed. Intra-day precision was determined by analyzing both standard solutions for three times in the same day. Interday precision was determined by analyzing the drugs daily for three days. %RSD was calculated.

Accuracy (% Recovery)

Accuracy is the closeness of the test results obtained by the method to the true value. To study the accuracy 5 tablet powder were weighed and analysis was carried out as per assay. Recovery studies were carried out by addition of standard drug to the sample at 3 different concentration levels (80%, 100% and 120%) taking into consideration percentage purity of added bulk drug samples. These solutions were subjected to re-analysis by the proposed method and Results are calculated.

Limit of detection and Limit of quantification

The limit of detection (LOD) and the limit of quantification (LOQ) were calculated using the standard

deviation of y-intercept of calibration curve (σ) and average of slope (S) of the calibration curve.

 $LOD = 3.3 \times \sigma /s$ $LOQ = 10 \times \sigma /s$

Robustness

The robustness of the method was established by making deliberate minor variations in the following method parameter

- a) Flow rate: ±0.4 ml/min
- b) Change in the ratio of component in the mobile phase: $\pm 4\%$.

c) pH of mobile phase: ±0.4

RESULT Validation Parameter Linearity and Range

Linear correlation was obtained between peak area and concentration of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate in the range of 50-150 $\mu g/ml$. The linearity of the calibration curves was validated by the value of correlation coefficients of the regression (r).

Table 2: Linearity data for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate.

% Linearity Level	Concentration (µg/ml)	Mean area	Correlation Coefficient
50	50.0	2456353	
80	80.0	3936338	
100	100.0	4922869	0.9999
120	120.0	5907264	
150	150.0	7416583	

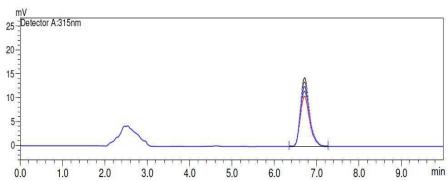


Figure 2: Overlay chromatogram Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate.

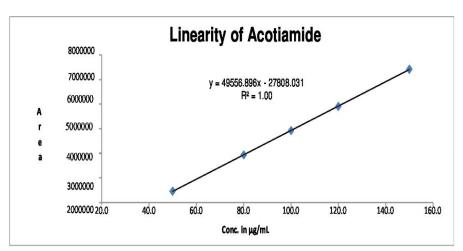


Figure 3: Calibration curve of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate.

ACCURACY

Accuracy of the method was confirmed by recovery study from marketed formulation at three level of standard addition. Percentage recovery for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate was found to be 99.6-100.5 %.

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Table 3: Recovery Data of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate.

Accuracy	Set	Amount	Amount	%	Mean	% RSD
Level %	no.	Added (mg)	Recovery (mg)	Recovery	Mean	% KSD
	1	400.00	395.87	99.0		
80	2	405.00	407.07	100.5	99.6	0.8
	3	395.00	392.40	99.3		
	1	505.00	510.43	101.1		
100	2	500.00	503.68	100.7	100.5	0.8
	3	497.50	495.27	99.6		
	1	602.50	600.66	99.7		
120	2	605.00	599.63	99.1	99.8	0.7
	3	599.00	601.90	100.5		

PRECISION

Repeatability (Method precision, n=6) Repeatability

The data for repeatability of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate is shown in Table 4.The % RSD for Repeatability data was found to be 0.3%

Table 4: Repeatability of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate.

1	yuraic.				
	Sr. no	Area	Mean	SD	% RSD
	1	4895214			
	2	4889564	4896562 14602.4		
	3	4875236		14602 4	0.3
	4	4895552		0.5	
	5	4905236			
	6	4918569			

Intraday precision

The data for intraday precision for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate is shown in Table-5. The % RSD For intraday precision was found to be 0.233%.

Table 5: Intraday precision for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate (n=3).

Sr. No.	Concentration (µg/ml)	Mean Area ± SD	% RSD
1	50	2446226±5634.5	0.23
2	100	4893755±10170.2	0.21
3	150	7372720±19477.6	0.26
	0.233		

Table 8: Change the flow rate.

1	able of Change the now rate.					
	Standard repetitions	1.3 mL/min	1.7 mL/min			
	(n=6)	ACT	ACT			
	Mean Area ± SD	5373980±26830	4447712±24372			
	% RSD	0.5	0.5			

Table 9: Change the mobile phase composition

Standard	38:62	42:58
repetitions (n=6)	ACT	ACT
Mean Area ±	4916958±20834	4918241±43185
SD		
% RSD	0.4	0.9

Interday precision

The data for Interday precision for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate is shown in Table-6. The % RSD For intraday precision was found to be 0.80%.

Table 6: Interday precision for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate (n=3).

Hy di ociii	Tydrochioride Trydrate (n=3).					
Sr. No.	Concentration (µg/ml)	Mean Area ± SD	% RSD			
1	50	2454495±17658.3	0.72			
2	100	4913262±37777.5	0.77			
3	150	7401025±68654.2	0.93			
Mean						

Limit of Detection And Limit of Quantification

The Limit of detection (LOD) and Limit of quantitation (LOQ) of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate as mention below Table -7.

Table 7: Results of LOD and LOQ.

Drug	Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate				
LOD	0.689				
LOQ	2.088				

ROBUSTNESS

Robustness

The method is found to be robust as the results were not significantly affected by slight variation in composition of mobile phase, Mobile phase pH and flow rate of the mobile phase.

Table 10: Change the mobile phase pH.

Standard	4.3	4.7
repetitions (n=6)	ACT	ACT
Mean Area ±SD	4902679±13249	4901544±16502
% RSD	0.3	0.3

System Suitability tests

Table 11: System Suitability Test Parameters Fot Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate.

Sr.No.	System suitability Parameter	ACT
1	Retention time (min)	6.693
2	Resolution (R)	-
3	Theoretical plate number (N)	4896562
4	Tailing factor (T)	1.0

Assay preparation (Marketed formulation)

Label claim: ACT-100mg.

Sample stock solution

Transferred 5 tablets in to 250mL volumetric flask and added 170-175 mL of water, sonicated for 45 minutes and then it was shaked for 30 minutes by mechanical means, tablets were checked visually if they got dispersed and then volume was made up to mark with

water and mixed well. The solution was filtered through 0.45 μ PVDF filter. Further 5mL of filtrate was transferred to 100mL of volumetric flask and volume was made up to mark with water (ACT-100mcg/ml).

Working sample preparation

Take 1ml from sample stock solution into a 10ml and make up with mobile phase. (ACT-100 mcg/ml).

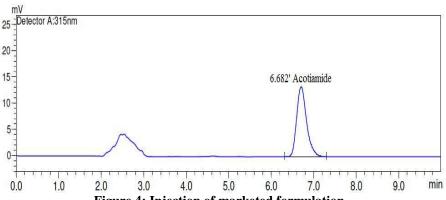


Figure 4: Injection of marketed formulation.

Peak Table

Table 12: Injection of marketed formulation

Sr. No	Peak name	Retention time	Area	Tailing factor	Theoretical Plates	Resolution time
1	Acotiamide	6.682	4876041	1.0	7785	-

Observations

In formulation sample preparation, main peak is found symmetrical and good in shape.

% Assay Results from Formulation

Table 13

L	Sr. No.	Sample name	% Assay of ACT
	1	ActaPro (Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate 100mg) Tablet	99.6%

SUMMARY OF REGRESSION PARAMETERS

Table 14: Summary of Regression Parameters for Acotiamide HCl Hydrate.

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Sr. No.	Parameters	Acotiamide HCl Hydrate	REMARK		
1	Linearity (µg/ml)	50-150 μg/ml	Linear		
2	%Recovery	99.6-100.5	Accurate		
	Precision (%RSD)	0.3%.			
3	Repeatability (n=6)		Precise		
3	Intra-day (n=3)	0.23%	(%RSD < 2)		
	Inter-day (n=3)	0.80%			
4	LOD (µg/ml)	0.689	Sensitive		
5	LOQ (µg/ml)	2.088	Sensitive		
	Specificity	Specific	Specific (No		
6			interference)		
7	Robustness	Robust	(No difference in result)		

DISCUSSION

A simple, accurate and precise RP-HPLC method for the simultaneous estimation of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate in Pharmaceutical Dosage form has been developed and validated. Ammonium Acetate (pH 4.5,

adjust with 0.1% Tri-ethyl Amine(TEM):Acetonitrile (40:60 % v/v) Separation of drugs was carried out using mobile phase at 10 min. run time and 315nm. The Rt value for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate were found to be 6.697 ± 0.01 min.

The drug response with respect to peak area was linear over the concentration range $50\text{-}150\mu\text{g/ml}$ Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate. The percentage recovery of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate was found to be 99.6-100.5%

The %RSD values for intra-day precision study and inter-day study were $\leq 2.0\%,$ confirming that the method was sufficiently precise. The limit of detection and limit of quantitation were found to be 0.689 µg/ml and $2.088\mu g/ml$ for Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate.

The %RSD values of Robustness study were $\leq 2.0\%$, confirming that the proposed method was found to be robust enough to withstand such deliberate changes and allow routine analysis of the sample. Interference studies reveals that the common excipients and other additives usually present in the dosage form did not interfere in the proposed method.

So it is concluded that the developed method is specific. The system test parameters were also performed and were found to be within acceptable criteria. The method can be successfully employed for the determination of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate in pharmaceutical dosage form.

CONCLUSION

A simple, economic, specific and robust RP-HPLC method has been developed and validated for the estimation of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate in pharmaceutical dosage form. There was no interference from any excipients in the determination of drugs in tablets which indicates the method is specific. All method validation parameters lie within its acceptance criteria as per ICH Q2(R1) guideline so we can conclude that method is Specific, Linear, Accurate and Precise. Hence it can be successfully used for the routine analysis of Acotiamide Hydrochloride Hydrate in pharmaceutical dosage form.

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