



EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF PHARMACEUTICAL AND MEDICAL RESEARCH

www.ejpmr.com

Review Article
ISSN 2394-3211

EJPMR

APPLIED APPROACH OF VIRECHANA KARMA

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Article Received on 25/04/2017

Article Revised on 15/05/2017

Article Accepted on 04/06/2017

ABSTRACT

Virechana is one of the Panchakarma by the virtue of which Doshas are expelled through Adhobhaga i.e. Guda. It helps in alleviating three Doshas, specifically aims at the elimination of excessive Pitta Dosha not only Aamashya and Pakwashaya but from the whole body. It is regarded as one of the best among all the therapeutic measure for Pitta. It is the process of elimination of Mala either in Pakwa or in Apakwa Avastha but along with excess fluid portions. It is widely used as Shodhana therapy in practice. It is less stressful procedure, less possibility of complications and more acceptable to all classes of patients. It is indicated for multiple conditions like Pitta Pradhana Vyadhi's (Pandu, Kamala), Rakta Pradoshaja Vyadhi (Kustha, Visarpa, Raktapitta, Gudapaka), Amlapitta, Meha, Amavata, Hridayaroga, Tamak Shwasa, Pakshaghata, Sthaulya, Apasmara, Urdhwaga Raktapitta, Chardi.

KEYWORDS: Virechana Karma, Shodhan therapy, Purgative.

INTRODUCTION

Virechana Karma is the act of expelling Doshas through Adhobhaga i.e. Guda. [1] The Doshas even from the Amashaya are taken to the Pakwashaya and they are removed through Gudamarga. It is the process of elimination of Mala either in Pakwa or in Apakwa Avastha but along with excess fluid portions. It is widely used as Shodhana therapy in practice. It is less stressful procedure, less possibility of complications and more acceptable to all classes of patients. It is considered the best treatment for morbid and increased Pitta Doshas. [2-3]

Virechana is even a treatment for Pitta Samsargaja Doshas, Kapha Samsrista Doshas and also for Pitta Sthanagata Kapha. It is worth mentioning that Virecana, unlike the modern purgatives, is not merely an act to open the bowel, but is a complete therapeutic measure which has systemic as well as local effects. Virechana, removes aggravated Pitta and clears all channels of body, Jatharagni gets kindled and lightness sets in. [4]

Virechana drugs are having Ushna, Sukshma, Vikashi, Teekshna, Vyavayi and Adhobhag Prabhava properties. These drugs consist of Prithvi and Jala Mahabhootas which are heavy in nature and thus help in expulsion of Dosha from Adhobhaga. They gets absorbed and due to Virya. It reaches to the Hridaya then the Dhamanies and therafter it reaches to macro and micro-channels of the body. Ushna Guna has Agneya property and hence Vishyandana occurs. Hence it facilitates movement of

morbid *Doshas* towards *Kostha*. Due to *Tikshna Guna*, *Doshas* are breaks up in larger to smaller molecules that help in quick excretion. *Sukshma Guna* due to its *Anupravanabhava* will open micro channels and makes the *Doshas* to move towards *Kostha*. Due to *Vyavayi Guna* this drugs spreads quickly throughout the body and starts their action before its digestion. *Vikasi Guna* of drugs loosens the *Dhatu Bandhana*. It creates the *Dhatu Shaithilyata*. Hence drugs initiate their action without being digested. From all these properties *Doshas* are driven to *Kostha*.^[5]

MODE OF ACTION [6]

Local action: Locally mild inflammation occurs which is transient due to *Ushna* and *Tikshna* properties of drugs which irritate the intestinal mucosa. Hence hyperaemia results due to arteriolar and capillary dilatation and also exudation of protein substances which helps in dilution of toxins.

Action on nerves: Here the defecation centre is irritated in Medulla oblongata. The vagus nerve stimulates pancreas, liver to produce secretions. Bile is secreted due to contraction of gall bladder and also due to irritant and vagal stimulation, Brunner's glands are stimulated which secretes mucus. Due to increased peristalsis, lumbosacral lumbar plexus are irritated, ileo- caecal and anal sphincters are relaxed & these secretions are excreted out.

Faecal matter, when it reaches the intestine, stimulates local nerve plexuses and then enforced peristalsis further helps in expelling contents of intestines towards rectum & finally to anal canal. When these voluntary or involuntary act of defaecation starts, finally results in evacuation of bowels.

Elimination of *Pitta:* Potent stimulus for causing the gall bladder contraction is from cholecystokinin hormone. This causes increased secretion of digestive enzymes from pancreas. The stimulation for this hormone is the presence of fatty food in duodenum and gall bladder is also stimulated by acetylcholine secreting nerve fibres from both vagi & intestinal enteric nervous system. Due to the relaxant action of sphincter of oddi, bile enters into duodenum. This bile contains bile acids, bile pigments, cholesterol, lecithin, water, sodium, potassium, bicarbonate ions which are eliminated out can be called as *Pitta*.

MECHANISM OF ACTION[7]

All the purgatives increase the water content of faeces by:

- A hydrophilic or osmotic action, retaining water & electrolytes in the intestinal lumen – increase volume of colonic content and make it easily propelled.
- 2. Acting on intestinal mucosa to decrease net absorption of water and electrolyte, intestinal transit is enhanced indirectly by the fluid bulk.
- Increasing propulsive activity as primary actionallowing less time for absorption of salt and water as a secondary effect.

The irritant action of the drugs causes inflammation in the small & large intestine and since the mucosa is extensively irritated, secretion rate is enhanced & motility of the intestinal wall usually increases. As a result, large quantities of fluid are propelled by propulsive movements and results in formation of loose stools.

INDICATION OF VIRECHANA KARMA^[8]

- 1. Pitta Pradhana Vyadhi's Pandu, Kamala.
- 2. Rakta Pradoshaja Vyadhi Kustha, Visarpa, Raktapitta, Gudapaka.
- 3. Diseases in extreme need to eliminate doshas *Gara Visha, Krimi Kostha and Udavarta*.
- 4. Diseases having *Viparita Gati* like *Urdhwaga Raktapitta* and *Chardi*
- 5. Diseases in which there will be excessive vitiation of *Doshas, Tridosha Prakopa* and also those diseases requiring *Ubhaya Bhaga Shodhana Kustha*.
- 6. Diseases wherein *Pitta* has its location *Hridroga* Sadhaka *Pitta*, *Jwara- Pachaka Pitta*, *Kamala-Ranjaka pitta*..

CONTRAINDICATIONS OF VIRECHANA KARMA^[9]

- 1. Incapable of tolerating the stress produced during *Virechana Langhita, Durbalendriya*.
- 2. Ashukari Roga Hridroga, Kshata Ksheena.
- 3. Sama Avasthas.
- 4. Local problem Kshata Guda.
- 5. Altered or disturbed mental conditions *Bhayabheeta*, *Kamadi*, *Vyaghra*.
- 6. Certain altered physiques Atisthula, Atikrisha.
- 7. Weak physical conditions Bala, Vriddha.
- 7. Adhomarga Pathology Atisara, Adhoga Raktapitta.

MECHANISM OF VIRECHANA KARMA

In Amlapitta - Amashaya is the specific seat of Pitta and Kapha. Though Virechana is a specific therapy for Pitta Dosha, it may also be used for eliminating Kapha Dosha. The Aashaya involved in this disease are Aamashaya and upper end of Pakvashaya. The Dosha involved is mainly Pitta, which includes the Pachaka Pitta of Amashaya and Achcha Pitta of Pittashaya and the Dushya are Rasa and Rakta. Virechana may be able to expel the excessive Dravata of Pitta and Pitta present in rest of Avayavas. Rasa Dushti can be corrected by this process. After the process of Virechana, the Agni, digestive power is increased so it is beneficial for further digestion. There is reduction in severity of symptoms like Daha, Shula, Amlodgara, Chhardi, Avipaka which helps in further Shamana therapy. [10]

In Amavata - After Langhana, Swedana and Tikta, Katu, Deepana Dravyas, Doshas attain Niramavastha and may require elimination from the body by Shodhana. Production of Ama is the result of Avarana of Pitta Sthana by Kledaka Kapha, thus hampering the digestive activity of the Pachaka Pitta. Virechana removes the Avarana produced by Kledaka Kapha and most suited therapy for the Sthanika Dosha Pitta. It helps to normalize the Pratiloma Gati of Vata, which produces symptoms like Anaha, Vibandha, Antrakujana, Kukshishula etc. It has direct effect on Agnisthana and hampered Mandagni is one of the initiating factors in Amavata. It pacifies the vitiated Kapha and Vata Dosha and has the quality of Srotovishodhana. [11]

In *Hridaya Roga - Hridaya* is the specific seat of *Sadhak Pitta* and *Avalambak Kapha. Virechana* drugs gets absorbed and due to *Virya*, it reaches to the *Hridaya* than the *Dhamanis* and thereafter reaches to *Sthula* and *Anu Srotas* i.e. macro and micro channels of the body. [12]

In Hypertension – Essential hypertension is *Vata Pitta Pradhan Tridroshaj Vyadhi* and *Rasa-Rakta dushya* are main culprits and *Raja, Tama* are also involved. *Virechana Karma* is major therapy stated for eliminating vitiated *Pitta Dosha* and also capable of mitigating of *Vata Dosha*. It eliminates *Kapha Dosha* either associated with *Pitta Dosha* or situated in *Pitta sthana*. It has been advised in all *Dhatu Dustijanya Vikara* viz. *Rasaj, Raktaja Vikara*. It helps to improve intellectual and

mental status. It provides strength to the body by increasing strength *Indriyas* and stabilizing all *Dhatus*. Also, it helps in potentiating *Jathragani* and decelerating aging process. During *Virechana* process, the inflammation of intestinal mucosa leads to hyperemia and exudation resulting into increased passage of protein-rich fluids through vessel walls to intestinal lumen. Increase in fluid volume also results in the dilution of toxic material. Evacuation of the fluid from *Rasa-Rakta* by *Virechana* is the direct process that leads to decrease in fluid volume. [13]

In Madhumeha - The main Dushya involved in the pathogenesis are Rasa, Meda, Mamsa and Kleda, They are closely related with each other because of their same qualities and etiological factors. The treatment principles are also more or less same. Vamana Karma and Virechana are very useful in Rasa and Meda Dushti. Madhumeha, the Kapha and Pitta are vitiated excessively and they remain lying in the lower part of the body. The Virechana has the quality to eliminate both Pitta and Kapha, also it is the best Shodhana therapy for the elimination of *Dosha* lying in the lower parts of the body. By the elimination of *Kapha* and *Pitta* removes the obstructions (Avarana) caused by them to the path of *Vata*. Same time the elimination of *Kapha* also alleviates the vitiated Kapha Vargiya Dushyas. In this way, the Virechana therapy reduced the vitiation of Tridosha and the Dushyas.[14]

In Pakshaghata — In Pakshaghata the main Dosha involved is Vata. The natural abode of Vata is Pakvashaya. In Pakvashaya Gata Vata, Virechan is indicated. In Pakshaghata Sira Snayu Vishosha has been described as a symptom. Sira and Kandara are the Upadhatus of Rakta. Hence in this disease Rakta Dhatu involvement is also seen. Pitta being Mala of Rakta, its involvement may also occur. In Raktaja and Pittaja Vikara, Virechan is the treatment of choice. Kaphandubandhit and Pittanubandhit Pakshaghata have been described in text. This can be compared with Kaphavritta and Pittavritta Vata respectively. In treatment of both these conditions Virechan is beneficial. [15]

In Sthaulya - Virechana is not only effective to eliminate Pitta Dosha but also effective for Kapha, Meda and Vata. It helps to remove Vayu Avarana thus helps in correcting Agni-vaigunya which corrects Meda Dhatu Agni and the proper amount of Meda Dhatu is formed. It helps in flushing excessive Ambu Dhatu which is a content of Meda Dhatu. It proves to be much beneficial in alleviating Pitta prominent symptoms of Sthaulya like – excessive hunger (Ati-kshudha), excessive thirst (Ati-pipasa), excessive sweating (Swedadhikya) and foetid odour (Daurgandhya). Moreover, it corrects the Medodhatvagni. Therefore, the formation of Uttardhatu is increased, while the formation of Medodhatu is decreased. Thus, symptoms of Sthaulya are subsided. [16]

In *Tamak Shwasa* – *Virechana* is very useful in *Tamaka Shvasa*, particularly when it is combined with *Vatahara* and *Kaphahara* drugs. In *Tamaka Shvasa Kapha* obstructs the passage of *Vata* and the obstructed *Vata* traverses in reverse direction. In such conditions the drug and food which are *Ushna* and *Vatanulomana* in nature having *Kapha* and *Vata* alleviating property are helpful in relieving the *Shwasa*. *Virechana* drugs have the quality of *Kaphaghna* and *Vatanulomana* proves beneficial in the condition of *Shwasa* and also corrects the direction of *Vata* to set it on normal course. [17]

In Vicharchika - Vicharchika being Kapha dominant even has features of Tridoshas which can be appreciated by presence of Kandu, Strava, Pidika and Shyavata. The Dushyas are Twak, Rakta, Mamsa and Lasika. Virechana has actions on all types of *Pitta* and even eliminates Kapha to some extent which helps in reduction of Shyavata and Kandu. A large amount of fluid in the body is eliminated in the process of Virechana along with Pitta, reduces the Strava present in Vicharchika. The Bhrajaka Pitta will also be corrected & hence Pidika subsides. Daha, Paka which are due to predominance of Pitta and Rakta even gets subsided. Vedana or Ruja even found as associated symptom is reduced since Vata is controlled and regulated. Parushya which is due to Swedavaha Sroto Dusthi is corrected, since Pitta and Sweda has got Ashrayashrayi Bhava. [18]

CONCLUSION

Virechana Karma is safe and effective treatment modality for *Pitta* disorders and can be effectively used among all classes of patients. It pacifies *Tridosha* specially *Pitta Dosha* and thus effective in multiple conditions. It is an effort to make a concept regarding mechanism of *Virechana Karma* in various disorders.

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