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## EVALUATE THE EFFICACY OF MUSTADI KASHAY AND PATHYA AHAR IN THE MANAGMENT OF JWAR W.S.R TYPHOID FEVER

### Dr. Yeshwant Rajpal Patil and Vd. Priyanka Ramesh Passalwad<sup>2</sup>\*

<sup>1</sup>Guide and HOD, Dept. of Swasthavritta and Yoga, Govt. Ayurved College, Nanded. Maharashtra, India. <sup>2</sup>(PG Scholar) Dept. of Swasthyritta and Yoga Goyt. Ayurved College Nanded, Maharashtra, India.

\*Corresponding Author: Dr. Priyanka Ramesh Passalwad

(PG Scholar) Dept. of Swasthvritta and Yoga Govt. Ayurved College Nanded, Maharashtra, India.

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Acharya Charak introduces Jwar (Fever) as a disease entity causing Deha- Indriya- Manas- Santapa (increased temperature of body, impairment of sensory functions and mind) and Sarvarogaagraja (supreme of all diseases). The Prabhava (characteristic features) of Jwar has been stated as Santapa (elevated body temperature), Aruchi (loss of appetite), Agnimandya, Pipasa/Thrisna (excessive thirst). The Jwar often correlated to Typhoid fever by various authors of present era. Typhoid fever is an acute illness associated with fever that is most often caused by the salmonella typhi bacteria. Once the bacteria is ingested it quickly multiplies within the stomach liver or gall bladder and finally enters the blood stream causing symptoms like fever, headache etc. A clinical study comprising of 10 patients of either sex attending OPD clinic of GAC Nanded and presenting with clinical manifestation of typhoid confirmed by Widal test were selected for Muastadi kashay and Pathya Ahar only 10 patients completed the prescribed 15 days.

KEYWORDS: Jwar, Typhoid Fever, Musatadi Kashay (Shadang paniya /Shadang Kashaya).

#### INTRODUCTION

Jwar is the most painful among the disease. It afflicts the body, the senses and mind. It is exceedingly powerful. This enemy of human beings is invariably associated with dissolutions birth and death; it is told that one gets fever during birth and death. Today even for little elevation of body temperature we take Antipyretic medicaments or Non steroidal anti inflammatory drugs so as to overcome the fever and associated body symptoms. But, true medicine needed in common fever is a digestive and carminative formulation so as to reverse the pathophysiology which begins from the indigestion or mal functioning of digestive fire. This *Kashay* is one such formulation explained in most of the Ayurvedic Samhitas.

Efficacy of Mustadikashay with Pathya Ahar in 3) Pipasa management of Jwar.

**OBJECTIVES** 

- 1. To study *Jwar* in modern and Ayurvedic perspective.
- 2. To understand the effect of Mustadikashay and Pathya ahar in Jwar.

### Criteria for Inclusion

- 1. Subjects of age between 20 years to 50 years of age of either sex.
- 2. Subjects having history of fever.

3. Subjects having Widal test positive.

### Criteria for Exclusion

- 1. Subjects below 20 years and more than 50 years.
- 2. Fever due to secondary infection.

### **Discontinuation & Withdrawal**

- 1) Patient following the treatment very irregularly.
- 2) Patient willing to discontinue the trial.
- 3) Among these 15 patients 10 patients gave regular follow up hence those 10 patients are included for proposed study.

### ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

- Subjective parameter 1.
- Jwar 1)
- 2) Agnimandya
- 4) Aruchi

### 2. Objective Parameter

1) Blood test - Widal test

# MATERIALS AND METHODS

### **Selection of patients**

The study was Randomly selected clinical trial in which Total 10 diagnosed Typhoid positives were screened for symptoms of Jwar mentioned in Charaka Chikitsa.

www.ejpmr.com 753 **DRUG REVIEW** 

मुस्तपर्पटकोशीरचन्दनोदीच्यनागरेः!

शृतशीत जल दध्यात् पिपासाज्वरशान्तयेÆ :!. (च.चि.३/१४५) In Charak Samhita Chikitsa above Shitkashay is mentioned for Jwar above Kashay includes following ingredients.

Table No. 1: Drug Review.

Sr. No.	Ingredients	Botanical name	Part used	Quantity
1	Musta	Cyperus rotundus	Kanda	1 Karsha(12g)
2	Chandana	Santalum alba	Kanda sara	1 Karsha(12g)
3	Shunthi	Zingiber officinale	Kanda	1 Karsha(12g)
4	Udichya	Pavonia odorata	Mool	1 Karsha(12g)
5	Parpataka	Fumaria vaillantii	Samoola	1 Karsha(12g)
6	Usheera	Vetieria zizanioides	Mool	1 Karsha(12g)
7	Jala(water)			96 Karsha (1152ml)

### Method of preparation

General method of preparation of decoction is adopted. Here each ingredient is taken in equal quantity and 16<sup>th</sup> times of the total ingredient water is taken and boiled till the amount reduces to 1/8 proportion. Then it is filtered and consumed when it is lukewarm.

**Dose:** As per the general dose of *Kashaya* (96ml) it is administered. Usually it is administered in the dose of 40-60 ml. 4 times a day (6hrly).

**Method of storage:** prepare fresh daily and store in flask, for better result consume lukewarm *Kashay*.

Mode of action: The *shadanga* is given as six ingredients are included in this recipe which are having six typical characteristic action-*pachana* (digestive), *pittasaraka* (clolegogue) *mutral*(diuretic), *sheetala*(coolant), *trishna prashamana* (thirst) and *deepana* (carminative) respectively which are essential in the treatment of fever.

Pathya Ahara (Do's).

· ·	
Ahara	Langhan or Laghu Bhojan
G 1	Old <i>shali</i> rice, gruel (yavagu), barley,
Cereals	parridge (daliya)
Pulses	Green gram (mudga), masura.
	Tanduliyaka, patola, bitter gourd
Fruits &	(karavellaka), Shigru, Guduchi,
Vegetables	Jivanti, Grapes, Dalima, Kapittha,
	Pomegranate.

**Duration:** 15 days. **Follow Up:** 0 day, 15<sup>th</sup> day.

### Criteria of assessment

1) Jwar (Fever)

rever)					
Jwar Gradation	Grade				
No	1				
Occasional	2				
Daily Once	3				
Constant	4				

2)Agnimandya

Agnimandya Gradation	Grade
Feels good hunger & proper digestion	1
regularly	
Feels good hunger but irregular digestion	2
Feels less hunger & irregular digestion	3
Feels very less hunger & the very less	4
digestion	

3) Pipasa (Thirst)

Pipasa Gradation	Grade
No excessive thirst	1
Upto 1.5 times the normal	2
Upto 2 times the normal	3
Upto 2.5 times the normal	4

### 4) Aruchi

Aruchi Gradation	Grade
Normal taste in food feeling to eat	1
food in times	
Feeling to take food but not having	2
taste	
Not feeling to taste food even if	3
hunger	
Aversion to food.	4

### 5) WIDAL TEST

Widal test Gradation	Grade
+ve	1
-ve	2

### STATICAL ANALYSIS

Table 1: *Jwar* (fever) before and after study by Wilcoxon Singed Rank Test.

	Mean	S.D	S.E	W	P
B.T	3.375	0.6191	0.1548	55.00	0.0046
A.T	2.375	0.5000	0.1250		

P<0.05 significant.

www.ejpmr.com 754

Table 2: Agnimandya befor and after study by Wilcoxon Singed Rank Test.

	Mean	S.D	S.E	W	P
B.T	2.938	0.6801	0.1700	28.00	0.0177
A.T	2.333	0.9759	0.2520		

P<0.05 significant

Table 3: *Pipasa* befor and after study by Wilcoxon Singed Rank Test.

	Mean	S.D	S.E	W	P
B.T	2.750	0.6831	0.1708	55.00	0.0035
A.T	2.000	0.8452	0.2182		

P<0.05 significant

Table 4: Aruchi befor and after study by Wilcoxon Singed Rank Test.

	Mean	S.D	S.E	W	P
B.T	3.375	0.6191	0.1548	55.00	0.0035
A.T	2.600	0.8281	0.2138		

P<0.05 significant

Table 5: Widal test befor and after study by Wilcoxon Singed Rank Test.

	Mean	S.D	S.E	W	P
B.T	1.000	0.0000	0.0000	-10.00	0.0719
A.T	1.250	0.4472	0.1118		

P<0.05 Not significant

#### OBSERVATION AND DISCUSSION

#### Probable mode of action of Musatadi kashay

The mode of action of the drug can be understood on the basis of inherent of the drug. The Shadanga is given as six ingredients are included in this recipe which are having six typical characteristic actionpachana(digestive), pittasaraka (clolegogue), mutral(diuretic), sheetala(coolant), trishnaprashamana(th irst)and deepana(carminative) respectively which are essential in the treatment of fever. The treatment of ordinary fever, Langhana, Yavagu, Tikta rasa are indicated Another important property of this kashay is its Jwaraghna property. In the samprapti of Jwar Roga; the aggravated Doshas accumulate in Amashaya viciate Rasa Dhatu, propagate in whole body along with Rasa. The shunthi used in this kashay is among one of the best Ama pachan drugs. The symptoms likes Jwara, Agnimandya, Aruchi, Pipasa treated properly to using above Kashav.

### **CONCLUSION**

Conclusion of symptoms as per scoring system in patients of *jwar- Mustadi Kashay* significantly reduces symptoms of *Jwar, Agnimandya, Aruchi, Pipasa*.

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www.ejpmr.com 755