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ANALYTICAL STUDY OF BHIRINGRAJADI TAILA: AN AYURVEDIC FORMULATION

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ABSTRACT

This study focuses on *Bhiringrajadi Taila*, an Ayurvedic oil-based formulation used for *Nasya* therapy in treating *Timira*, a *Vata*-dominant eye disorder. The research aims to analyze its physical and organoleptic properties, pH, heavy metal content, and microbiological safety. By evaluating these parameters, the study seeks to ensure the formulation's quality, safety, and therapeutic effectiveness for addressing *Urdhvajatrugatarogas*, particularly Timira. The findings will contribute to understanding *Bhiringrajadi Taila*'s potential in clinical Ayurvedic practice.

KEYWORDS: Ayurveda, Bhiringrajadi Taila, Timira, Physiochemical analysis.

INTRODUCTION

Rasashastra and Bhaishajya Kalpana are branches of Ayurveda that focus on various aspects of Ayurvedic medicine, including purification, preparation, dosage, indications. Snehakalpana refers pharmaceutical process used to create oleaginous (oilbased) medicaments by combining substances like Kalka, Kwatha, and Drava dravyas in specific proportions. These mixtures undergo a unique heating process for a precise duration to meet certain pharmaceutical criteria essential for therapeutic purposes. This method enhances the solubility of active principles in forms such as Kalka, Churna, etc., within substances like Sneha, Takra, and Kanji. Ayurvedic texts describe four main types of Sneha.[1] Ghrita, Taila, Vasa, and Majja. Taila preparations, for instance, involve boiling oil with prescribed Kashaya and Kalka drugs according to a specific formula, where the proportion is typically one part of Kalka, four parts of Sneha, and sixteen parts of *Drava dravyas*.

Bhiringrajadi Taila (Chakradutta Netraroga chikitsa 59/180) has been selected for Nasya purpose. Nasya is directly indicated for Timira Roga by Acharya

Charaka. [2] Nasa is a gateway of drug administration in case of *Urdhvajatrugatarogas* as *Nasya* treatment modality work on *Chakshurindriya*. *Timira* is a *Vata Nanatmajvyadhi* so *Vata* is causative factor to manifest the *Timira*. [3] *Sneha* is the best drug to pacify the vitiated *Vata Dosha*.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

- 1. To analyse the physical or the organoleptic character of drug.
- 2. To find out the pH, heavy metal content and microbiological study of *Bhiringrajadi Taila*

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Collection of Drug: The Raw drugs were collected from the Midback Private Limited Pharmacy, Saharanpur.

Identification and Authentication

The raw drugs were identified and authenticated by Dravyaguna Department of Gurukul Campus Haridwar Uttarakhand Ayurved University and the voucher of the specimen was kept in the department. The final drug was prepared in Midback Private Limited Pharmacy, Saharanpur.

Table No. 1: Ingredients and composition of Bhiringrajadi Taila. [4]

Drug	Botnical Name	Family Name	Dosha Shamakta	Karma
Bhiringraja	Eclipta alba	Asteraceae	Kapha-Vata Shamak	Chakshusya, Balaya, Rasayna
Yasthimadhu	Glycyrrhiza glabra	Fabaceae	Vata-pita Shamak	Chakshushya, Dahashamaka, Vedanasthapana, Medhya,Mridurechana,

				Jeevaniya, Rasayana, Balya
Tila Taila	Sasamum indicum	Pedaliaceae	Vata Shamaka	Balya, Sthairyakara, Brimhana, Deepana, Shula prashamana, Bastikarmartha- Pathya.



BHIRINGRAJA



YASTIMADHU



TILA TAILA

Method of Preperation^[5]

The *Bhiringrajadi Taila* was prepared by classical method of *Tailapaka*.

For Tailapaka

- 1. *Tila Taila* 3lit
- 2. Bhiringraj Rasa 12 kg
- 3. Yastimadhu Kalka 270gm.
- Preparation of *Bhiringaraj Rasa*: Fresh juice obtained from macerated whole plant of *E. alba* was considered as *Bhiringaraj Rasa*.
- Preparation of *Kalka*: Each *Kalka Dravya* was taken in a vessel and mixed, followed by addition of sufficient amount of water until a uniform paste was obtained.
- Murchita Tila Taila was indirectly heated on a mild flame with Bhiringa Rasa and Yastimadhu Kalka. Mixture was stirred intermittently till it became slimy.
- The mixture was kept standing overnight. Next day, the heating was continued till the mixture attained *Sneha Siddhi Lakshana*.
- Finally, the mixture was filtered when hot through muslin cloth and stored in bottle containers until use.





Preparation Bhiringaraja Rasa.



Table No. 2: Pharmacodynamics of Bhiringrajadi Taila.

DRUG	RASA	Guna	Virya	Vipaka	Part Used	Ratio
Bhiringraja	Katu Tikta	Ruksha, Laghu	Ushna	Katu	Panchanga & seed	1
Yasthimadhu	Madhur	Guru snigdha	Sheeta	Madhur	Root	0.09
Tila Taila	Madhur	Guru, Snigdha	Ushna	Madhur	Seed	4

Table No. 3: **Organoleptic** **Parameters** of

PROPERTIES

Bhiringrajadi Taila.

Properties	Bhiringrajadi Taila
Colour	Light Brown
Odour	Characteristic
Texture	Viscous
Taste	-

PHYSIOCHEMICAL OF Bhiringrajadi Taila

Various tests for physical and chemical parameters of Bhiringrajadi Taila was carried out such as acid value, specific gravity, refractive index, peroxide value, saponification value, iodine value, mineral oil.

Table No. 4: Physiochemical Parameters of Bhiringrajadi Taila.

Test Parameters	Result
Specific gravity at 40 degree C	0.762
Refractive index at 40 degree C	1.4646
Acid Value	1.08
Peroxide value	2.20
Saponification value	196.22
Iodine value	103.01
Mineral oil	Absent

MICROBIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

Bhiringrajadi Taila was evaluated for the total fungal count and total bacterial count.

Table No. 5: Microbiological limit test of Bhiringrajadi Taila.

Microorganism	Result
Total Bacterial Count (cfu/ml)	<10
Yeast and Mould count (cfu/ml)	<10
E. coli	Absent
S. aureus	Absent
P. aeruginosa	Absent
Salmonella sp.	Absent

AFLATOXINS

Table no. 6: Aflatoxins in Bhiringrajadi Taila.

B1 (ppb)	Complies
B1+B2+G1+G2 (ppb)	Complies

HEAVY METAL IN BHIRINGRAJADI TAILA

Heavy metals such as lead (Pb), cadmium (Cd), mercury (Hg), and arsenic (As) were detected using spectrometery. Every heavy metal in Taila is within the normal range.

Table No. 7: Heavy Metals in Bhiringrajadi Taila.

Total Heavy metal (mg/kg)	Result
Lead (Pb) ppm	1.42
Cadmium (Cd) ppm	0.05
Arsenic (As) ppm	< 0.50
Mercury (Hg) ppm	< 0.13



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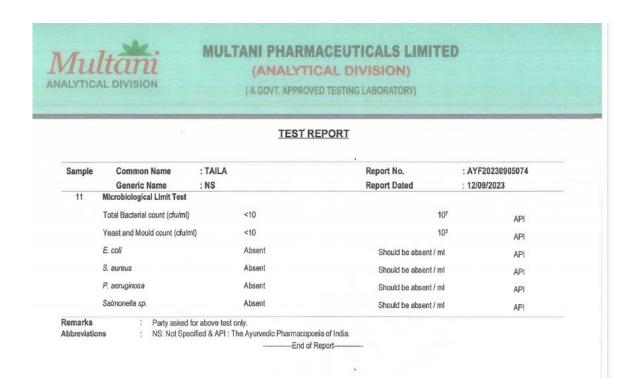
(A GOVT. APPROVED TESTING LABORATORY)

TEST REPORT

Sample	Common	Name	: TAILA			Report No.		: AYF20230905074	
	Generic Name		: NS			Report Dated		: 12/09/2023	
Batch/Lot No. Pack Size		Pack Size	ck Size Mfg. Date		Exp. Date	Ba	atch Size	Sample Quantity	
NS		NS	NS		NS	NS	3	100 ml	
Condition	(If provided)	:NS			Sample refe	erence : N	IS		
Sample M	anufactured By	:NS				Mfg. License No.	. of Customer	: NS	
Sample S	upplied By	: NS							
	ubmitted By Address of Custo		Parul Rawat, P	G.College Rishikul	Haridwar U.K				
Sample re	ceived on/	: 05/09/2023	3 Analy	sis started on	: 05/09/202	3 Analysi	s completed on	: 12/09/2023	
Reference	to Protocol	: The Ayurve	edic Pharmaco	poeia of India.					
S. No.	Test Parameter	rs		Results			ications	Method Reference	
						Minimum	Maximu		
01	Description			Medicated oil, I colour with charact	ight brown in eristic odour.			Visual	
02	Specific gravity	at 40°C		0.762		0.760	0.771	API	
03	Refractive index	at 40°C		1.4646		1.4646	1.4659	API	
04	Acid value			1.08			3.0	API	
05	Peroxide value			2.20			6.0	API	
06	Saponification v	alue		196.22		. 188	200	API	
07	Iodine value			103.01		88	106	API	
08	Mineral Oil			Absent		Should b	oe absent	API	
09	Aflatoxins								
	B1 (ppb)			Complies			2	API	
	B1+B2+G1+G2	(ppb)		Complies			5	API	
10	Heavy Metals								
	Lead (Pb) ppm			1.42			10.0	API	
	Cadmium (Cd) p	opm		0.05			0.3	API	
	Arsenic (As) ppr	n		<0.50			3.0	API	
	Mercury (Hg) pp	m		<0.13			1.0	API	

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RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The pharmacological assessment of the medication was prepared on the final form of drug i.e. *Bhiringrajadi Taila*. The prepared drug's chemical and physical properties are the subjects of the analytical evaluation. The readings were within the normal range as specified by the WHO standards for herbal preparation. It was determined that *Bhiringrajadi Taila* was safe to use based on the analysis above.

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