









Environmental Product Declaration











General information

Programme informati	on
Programme	The International EPD® System
Address	EPD International AB Box 210 60 SE-100 31 Stockholm Sweden
Website	www.environdec.com
E-mail	info@environdec.com

Accountabilities for PCR	LCA and independent, third-party verification
Product Category Rules (PCR)	CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR) Product Category Rules (PCR): Construction products, 2019:14, version 1.3.4, UN CPC 42911 - Sinks, washbasins, baths and other sanitary ware and parts thereof, of iron, steel, copper or aluminium. PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. Chair of the PCR review: Claudia A. Peña. The review panel may be contacted via info@environdec.com.
Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)	LCA accountability: Ida Leiviskä, Analyst. Organization: Ecobio Oy.
Third-party verification	Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006, via: ☑ EPD verification by individual verifier Third-party verifier: Kripanshi Gupta Approved by: The International EPD® System
Procedure for follow-up of data during	EPD validity involves third party verifier: ☐ Yes ☒ No

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.







Company Information	on
Owner of the EPD	Oras Group
Contact	Phone: +358 2 83 161 Email: info@orasgroup.com www.orasgroup.com
Description of the organisation	Oras Group is a significant European provider of sanitary fittings: the market leader in the Nordics and a leading company in Continental Europe. The company's mission is to create the smartest and most sustainable water experiences for everyone, and its vision is to become the Perfect Flow Company. The Group has two strong brands, Oras and Hansa. Oras Group is owned by Oras Invest, a family company, and an industrial owner. The domicile of Oras Ltd, the parent company of the Group, is located in Rauma, Finland, and the Group has three manufacturing sites: Kralovice (Czech Republic), Olesno (Poland) and Rauma (Finland). Additionally, some products within the product group are assembled in China. The Group operates with its own staff in 15 markets. Oras Group's net sales were 200,2 million euros in 2024 and at the end of the period the company employed 1109 people.
Product-related or management system-related certifications	Designation according to standards EN 1112
Management system related certifications	ISO 9001:2015 ISO14001:2015 ISO 45001: 2018 ISO 50001:2018
Name and location of production sites	Oras Group Olesno production site Ul. Leśna 2, PL 46-300 Olesno, Poland Oras Group Kralovice production site Zatecka 888, CZ 33141 Kralovice, Czech Republic

Product information	Product information												
Product name	Shower panels												
Product group identification	Wall mounted shower panels according to EN 1111 and EN 15091												
Product group description	Oras Group products are manufactured in our own European factories by focusing into sustainable energy sources, highly efficient processes and minimized material usage and waste. Includes features to use water flow limitation to ensure sustainable product life cycle with efficient use of energy. The threshold value for the share of brass in product declaration is 0-38 %.												
UN CPC code	42911 - Sinks, washbasins, baths and other sanitary ware and parts thereof, of iron, steel, copper or aluminium												
Geographical scope	Europe												

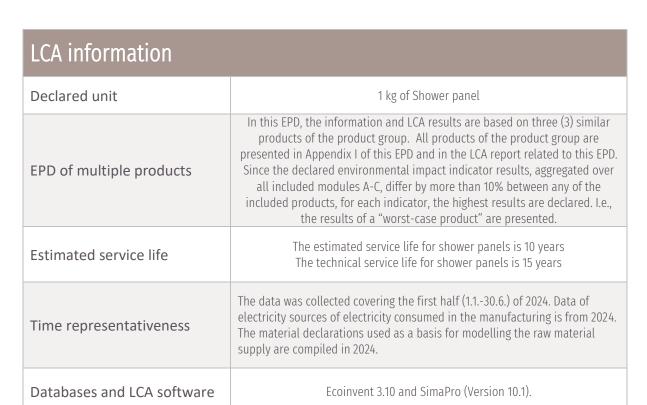






Description of system

boundaries



Cradle to gate with options, modules C1–C4,

module D and with optional modules (A1–A3 + C + D and additional modules).

The additional modules are A4, B6 and B7.



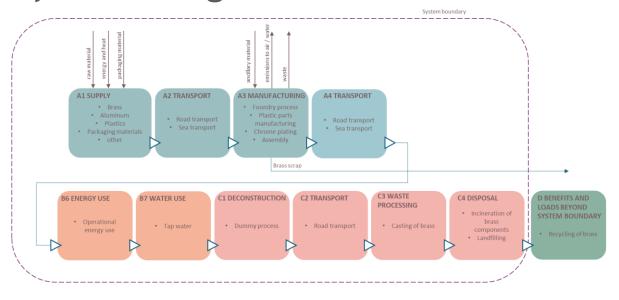








System diagram



LCA practitioner	Ecobio Oy, www.ecobio.fi
Allocation	The allocation of energy and material flows is determined based on the production volumes of the main products, as well as any co-products and other products manufactured within the same facilities.
Allocation	Co-product allocation was applied for the brass scrap that is produced from the foundry process. Economic co-product allocation was applied based on the hierarchy presented for co-product allocation on the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019.
	The Polish residual electricity mix contains biomass 7,0 %, solar 4,5 %, wind 10,7 %, hydropower 1,5 %, coal 55,2 %, lignite 12,3 %, natural gas 6,7 % and 1,9 % oil. GWP-GHG impact of the used electricity mix is 186,70 g CO ₂ -eq/kWh.*
Electricity used in module A3	The Czech residual electricity mix contains biomass 3,4 %, solar 1,5 %, hydropower 0,6 %, nuclear 40,9 %, coal 47,5 %, oil 0,1 %, gas 5,8 % and unspecified fossils 0,1 %. GWP-GHG impact of the used electricity mix is 777,6 g CO ₂ -eq/kWh.*
Information about scenarios and additional technical information	The scenario for operational water use is described in chapter "Additional Information".
Cut-off rule	1% cut-off rule was applied for input flows in the inventory. Environmental impacts of infrastructure, facilities (capital goods) required for and during production, transportation of employees required for and during production are excluded along the whole life cycle.

^{*} The information provided regarding electricity production is based on data from a specific collection period described on page 4. As such, it may not reflect the current electricity mix or greenhouse gas impact.









Modules declared

geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG indicator) and data variation:

	Pro	oduct sta	age		ruction cess ige	Use stage							ı	End of li	ife stage	j	Resource recovery stage
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential
Module	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	В2	В3	В4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Modules declared	Х	Х	Х	Х	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Geography	EU27/ CN	EU27/ CN	EU27/ CN	EU27							EU27	EU27	EU27	EU27	EU27	EU27	EU27
Specific data used			43 %			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – products	<10 %					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – sites	(Only one	produc	tion site)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-









Modules explained

LCA Modules	
A1 Raw material supply	C1 De-construction
This module contains the supply of raw materials including brass, aluminium, stainless steel, plastics and other materials in smaller quantities.	This module is assumed to not cause environmental impacts as the de-construction of overhead shower can be done with manual labour and does not require external energy sources.
A2 Transportation	C2 Transport
This module contains the transportation of raw materials and prefabricated components from suppliers to Oras Group's production facilities. Transportation takes place by road and sea.	This module contains the transportation of product for waste processing to nearest waste processing facility. Transportation is done by road, and the distance is assumed to be 50 km.
A3 Manufacturing	C3 Waste processing
This module contains the relevant production processes for shower panels. The most relevant is aluminium components which are purchased from supplier. Treatment of waste and wastewater are also included. The used electricity mix for manufacturing stage is stated on chapter "LCA Information".	This module contains the waste processing related to material recycling of brass, stainless steel and ABS. It is assumed that 90 % of the brass is headed for material recycling process, which includes casting of brass into brass ingots. It is also assumed that 90 % of steel, 95 % of aluminium is headed to material recycling and 73 % of ABS is incinerated for energy recovery.
A4 Transport	C4 Disposal
This module contains the transportation of the final product to warehouses and rom the warehouse to the consumer.	This module contains final disposal of materials that are not headed for material or energy recovery. 40 % of brass is assumed to be headed for incineration without energy recovery. Other components in smaller quantities are assumed to be headed to landfill.
B6 Operational energy use	D Benefits and loads beyond system boundary
This module contains the energy generation related to the use of shower panel. The scenario for operational energy use is described more precisely on chapter "Additional Information".	This module contains the benefits related to material recycling of brass, aluminium and steel. Brass is recycled through casting process, and it is assumed to substitute virgin brass production from the market
B7 Operational water use	
This module contains the production and wastewater treatment of tap water related to the use of shower panel. The scenario for operational water use is described more precisely on chapter "Additional Information".	









Content information

The content declaration lists the lowest amounts of recycled and biogenic content in the products and packaging, the most hazardous substances in any of the products, and the average content for all other components.

	,			<u>'</u>	
Product components	Weight, kg	Post-consumer material, weight-%		material, of product	Biogenic material, kg C/declared unit
1,2-Dimethoxyethane	0,0001	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	0,0357	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Aluminium*	0,4610	19,8 %		0,0 %	0,0
Aluminum Oxide	0,0003	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Brass	0,3322	71,9 %		0,0 %	0,0
Bronze	0,0002	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Copper	0,0027	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Ethylene Propylene Diene Monomer	0,0017	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Glue	0,0000	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Grease	0,0001	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Lithium	0,0002	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Manganese dioxide	0,0014	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Nickel	0,0002	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Organic electrolyte	0,0002	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Polyamide	0,0001	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Polybutylene Terephthalate	0,0004	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Polyoxymethylene	0,0167	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Polypropene	0,0023	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Polysulfone	0,0026	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Polyvinyl Chloride	0,0384	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Silicone	0,0579	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Softpex	0,0196	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Stainless steel	0,0234	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Thermoplastic Elastomer	0,0027	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
Tin	0,0000	0,0 %		0,0 %	0,0
TOTAL	1,0000	19,8 %		0,0 %	0,0
Packaging materials	Weight, kg	Weight-% (versus the product)		Biogenic mate kg C/declared	
Corrugated board	0,1917		19,2 %		0,0821
Paper	0,049		0,5 %		0,0193
Polyamide	0,0008		0,1 %		0,0
Polyester	0,0005		0,0 %		0,0
Polyethylene	0,0098		1,0 %		0,0
Sharp tear	0,00002		0,0 %		0,0
Cellulose	0,0002		0,0 %		0,0000920
TOTAL	0,257		20,8 %		0,102

^{*}Aluminum data is gathered from Hydro CIRCAL, Hydro REDUXA & Primary aluminium ingot, extrusion ingot and sheet ingot. EPD (S-P-07379).

The products do not contain substances which exceed the limits for registration with the European Chemicals Agency regarding the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization".







Environmental Information

Note: Environmental information for module B6 has been calculated with reference electricity consumption of 1 kWh and a reference water flow of 1 l/min. More details about the scenarios are presented in Additional Environmental Information.

The estimated impact results are only relative statements, which do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins and/or risks.

Balancing for biogenic CO₂ associated with packaging is done in modules A1-A3 instead of A5. The results of modules A1-A3 shall not be used without considering the results of module C1-C4.

Potential environmental impact – mandatory indicators according to EN 15804 and EF 3.1

	Results per 1 kg of shower panel													
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	А3	Tot. A1-A3	A4	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
GWP-fossil	kg CO2 eq.	4,92E+00	4,30E-01	1,48E+00	6,83E+00	4,96E-02	7,97E+01	7,26E+00	0,00E+00	1,20E-02	7,53E-02	4,98E-03	-5,30E-01	
GWP- biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	-2,45E-01	6,73E-05	2,79E-01	3,46E-02	8,80E-06	2,00E-01	8,61E-01	0,00E+00	2,20E-06	5,43E-03	5,39E-06	-5,94E-04	
GWP - luluc	kg CO2 eq.	2,84E-02	1,77E-04	8,15E-04	2,94E-02	1,62E-05	1,84E-01	1,21E-02	0,00E+00	3,79E-06	1,29E-05	2,37E-06	-3,03E-03	
GWP - total	kg CO2 eq.	4,70E+00	4,30E-01	1,76E+00	6,90E+00	4,96E-02	8,01E+01	8,14E+00	0,00E+00	1,20E-02	8,07E-02	4,99E-03	-5,34E-01	
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	7,55E-08	6,88E-09	2,04E-08	1,03E-07	9,85E-10	2,16E-06	9,83E-08	0,00E+00	2,40E-10	1,08E-10	8,67E-11	-1,80E-09	
AP	mol H+ eq.	1,52E-01	6,69E-03	6,50E-03	1,66E-01	1,55E-04	2,70E-01	4,23E-02	0,00E+00	3,59E-05	7,50E-05	2,42E-05	-1,91E-02	
EP- freshwater	kg P eq.	3,53E-03	2,62E-06	8,73E-05	3,62E-03	3,81E-07	3,59E-03	1,45E-02	0,00E+00	9,04E-08	5,57E-07	5,64E-08	-4,38E-04	
EP-marine	kg N eq.	8,13E-03	1,74E-03	1,65E-03	1,15E-02	5,16E-05	4,77E-02	2,35E-01	0,00E+00	1,19E-05	2,23E-05	9,49E-06	-9,33E-04	
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	1,14E-01	1,93E-02	2,12E-02	1,55E-01	5,68E-04	5,31E-01	1,08E-01	0,00E+00	1,31E-04	2,09E-04	1,00E-04	-1,35E-02	
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	3,29E-02	5,60E-03	4,90E-03	4,34E-02	2,43E-04	2,11E-01	2,63E-02	0,00E+00	5,67E-05	5,82E-05	3,40E-05	-3,82E-03	
ADP- minerals& metals*	kg Sb eq.	2,10E-03	9,09E-07	3,70E-06	2,10E-03	1,58E-07	1,61E-04	4,06E-05	0,00E+00	3,81E-08	2,91E-07	1,14E-08	-2,61E-04	
ADP-fossil*	MJ	6,96E+01	5,68E+00	1,08E+02	1,84E+02	6,96E-01	1,45E+03	1,16E+02	0,00E+00	1,68E-01	1,21E-01	1,35E-02	- 7,86E+00	
WDP <mark>*</mark>	m3	3,20E+00	2,47E-02	1,18E+00	4,41E+00	3,88E-03	2,80E+01	-7,71E+00	0,00E+00	9,45E-04	3,35E-03	-4,31E-03	-3,29E-01	

Acronyms

GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

^{*} Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.







Potential environmental impact – additional mandatory and voluntary indicators based on EF 3.1

		Results per 1 kg of shower panel												
Indicator	Unit	Unit A1 A2 A3 Tot. A4 B6 B7 C1 C2 C3 C4 D										D		
GWP-GHG1	kg CO2 eq.	5,07E+00	4,31E-01	1,74E+00	7,24E+00	4,97E-02	8,03E+01	8,17E+00	0,00E+00	1,21E-02	8,04E-02	5,02E-03	-5,35E-01	

Use of resources

					Res	sults per ´	l kg of sh	ower pan	el				
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	А3	Tot. A1-A3	A4	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	8,49E+00	6,59E-02	1,24E+01	2,10E+01	1,18E-02	3,01E+02	1,99E+01	0,00E+00	3,23E-03	2,28E-02	1,43E-03	-8,57E-01
PERM	MJ	1,43E-01	0,00E+00	-1,43E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	MJ	8,54E+00	6,59E-02	1,23E+01	2,10E+01	1,18E-02	3,01E+02	1,99E+01	0,00E+00	3,23E-03	2,28E-02	1,43E-03	-8,57E-01
PENRE	MJ	3,35E+01	5,68E+00	1,09E+02	1,48E+02	6,96E-01	1,45E+03	1,16E+02	0,00E+00	1,68E-01	3,45E-01	4,38E-01	- 3,45E+00
PENRM	MJ.	3,20E+00	0,00E+00	-1,62E+00	1,58E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-1,16E+00	-4,26E-01	0,00E+00
PENRT	MJ	3,67E+01	5,68E+00	1,07E+02	1,50E+02	6,96E-01	1,45E+03	1,16E+02	0,00E+00	1,68E-01	-6,15E-01	1,36E-02	- 3,45E+00
SM	kg	1,78E-01	2,53E-03	3,72E-03	1,84E-01	3,19E-04	2,13E-01	2,90E-01	0,00E+00	7,34E-05	2,36E-04	5,26E-06	-1,23E-02
RSF	MJ	8,28E-03	2,09E-05	3,27E-05	8,34E-03	4,02E-06	2,33E-03	3,37E-04	0,00E+00	7,45E-07	1,80E-05	7,68E-08	-6,87E-05
NRSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW	m3	6,32E-02	6,06E-04	2,77E-02	9,16E-02	9,55E-05	7,15E-01	-1,73E-01	0,00E+00	2,34E-05	8,43E-05	-9,83E-05	-1,03E-02
		se of renewa											

Acronyms

resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy re-sources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

* Calculation option A from PCR 2019:14 Construction products v1.3.4 has been followed in the calculation of the primary energy use indicators. The values in the above table are stemming from the background processes and not from the inventory of the product itself.

¹ The indicator includes all greenhouse gases included in GWP-total but excludes biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. This indicator is thus almost equal to the GWP indicator originally defined in EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.









Waste production and output flows

Note: Environmental information for module B6 has been calculated with reference electricity consumption of 1 kWh and a reference water flow of 1 l/min. More details about the scenarios are presented in Additional Environmental Information.

Waste production

		Results per 1 kg of shower panel												
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	Tot. A1-A3	A4	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	8,59E-01	8,05E-03	2,21E-01	1,09E+00	1,00E-03	2,69E+00	6,69E-01	0,00E+00	2,19E-04	1,78E-03	2,21E-04	-8,77E-02	
Non- hazardous waste disposed	kg	4,78E+01	1,42E-01	4,01E+00	5,19E+01	2,12E-02	1,62E+02	1,30E+04	0,00E+00	5,15E-03	8,29E-02	4,61E-01	- 5,84E+00	
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	3,65E-03	1,11E-06	1,53E-03	5,17E-03	2,22E-07	5,56E-03	5,85E-04	0,00E+00	6,41E-08	4,44E-07	6,61E-09	-4,35E-04	

Output flows

	Results per 1 kg of shower panel												
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	А3	Tot. A1-A3	A4	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Material for recycling	kg	1,47E-02	2,87E-04	2,21E-02	3,71E-02	5,22E-06	5,42E-02	1,64E-02	0,00E+00	1,29E-06	7,28E-01	2,22E-07	-5,88E-04
Materials for energy recovery	kg	1,38E-05	2,48E-07	6,76E-07	1,47E-05	4,41E-08	1,96E-05	5,96E-06	0,00E+00	3,75E-09	2,19E-08	9,55E-10	-1,68E-06
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	1,66E-02	5,17E-04	2,18E-02	3,90E-02	1,18E-04	3,56E+00	3,74E-01	0,00E+00	3,65E-05	2,75E-04	5,75E-05	-1,60E-03
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	1,25E-01	7,31E-04	3,61E+00	3,73E+00	1,72E-04	9,79E+00	3,35E-02	0,00E+00	2,06E-04	2,92E-05	4,80E-06	-2,84E-03

Information on biogenic carbon content

Results per declared unit						
BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT	Unit	QUANTITY				
Biogenic carbon content in product	kg C	0,0000				
Biogenic carbon content in packaging	kg C	0,102				

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO₂.







Additional information

Module B6 includes **operational energy use**. The shower panels use either grid electricity or battery as electricity source. After comparing these two sources of electricity, grid electricity was chosen to be used as a worst case result. The scenario for module B6 is calculated with a reference flow of 1 kWh in a year for 10 years of use which means 10 kWh for a 10-year-estimated service life. This reference scenario has been selected to enable product-specific scaling of the results. B6 module includes also domestic water heating.

The scenario for modules B6 and B7 is based on Unified Water Label (UWL), which is a product label developed by European bathroom industry to demonstrate water and energy efficiency of bathroom products. The technical criteria of UWL correlates with existing European and National standards while establishing harmonized calculation criteria for bathroom products. The following parameters were applied when developing the scenario related to operational water use.

Parameter	Amount	Unit
Reference flow	1	l/min
Use cycles per day	1	use cycles/day
Length of use cycle	7	min
Use cycles per year	365	days
Cold water temperature	15	0C
Hot water temperature	38	0C
Heat coefficient of water	4,18	kJ/kgK
Density of water	0,981	kg/l
Length of the use stage	10	years

Module B7 accounts for the water consumption during the use phase of the product. In this EPD, water use has been calculated based on a reference flow rate of 1 litre per minute (1 l/min). This reference scenario has been selected to enable product-specific scaling of the results. A typical flow for showers is approximately 8 l/min. Domestic water heating is calculated based on the water consumption.

Differences versus previous versions

This is the first version of the EPD so there are no differences versus previous versions of the EPD.









References

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Included products

6662F-106 Oras Electra Eco Shower panel, 6 V 6661F Oras Electra Shower panel, 6 V 6661FTX Oras Electra Shower panel, 12 V 6661S Oras Electra Shower panel, 6 V 6661STX Oras Electra Shower panel, 12 V 6662F Oras Electra Shower panel, 6 V 6662FTW Oras Electra Shower panel, 12 V 6662FTX Oras Electra Shower panel, 12 V Oras Electra Shower panel, 6 V 6662S Oras Electra Shower panel, 12 V 6662STX Oras Electra Shower panel, 6 V 6664F Oras Electra Shower panel, 12 V 6664FTW Oras Electra Shower panel, 12 V 6664FTX 6664FTX-109 Oras Electra Eco Shower panel, 12 V 6664S Oras Electra Shower panel, 6 V Oras Electra Shower panel, 12 V 6664STX 7433 Oras Nova Shower panel 7434 Oras Nova Shower panel

