JHS- Risk Management

Jackson Health System Clinical Orientation Program





Objectives

- Explain the term Just Culture
- Describe the role of the R.M. department
- Recognize events reportable to R.M.
- Discuss who reports events, in what time frame and where (Quantros system).



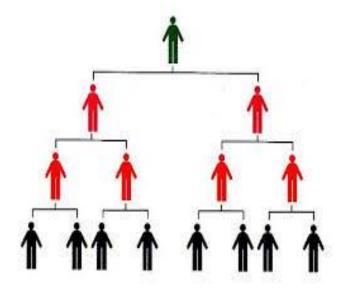
Just Culture

- Reduce harm to the next patient
- Turn adverse events into opportunities for improvement
- Allows people to acknowledge their mistakes and learn from them
- Sharing of lessons learned without fear of retribution
- Balances the need to learn from mistakes with the need to take disciplinary action



Chain of Command

 Health care professionals must communicate up through the chain of command until there is resolution of the issue





Chain of Command: Physicians

Chief Medical Officer



Chief of Service



Attending Physician



Senior/Chief Resident



Intern/Resident



Chain of Command- Nursing

Assoc. CNO Administrator in Charge (AIC) **Director Pt Care Services Associate Director Nurse Manager Associate Nurse Manager Clinical Staff Nurse Staff Nurse**



Chain of Command: Other Professionals

Administrator



Department Director



Manager/Supervisor



Health Care Professional



Risk Management Defined



 Healthcare Risk Management is the identification, analysis and evaluation of risks.



Risk Management Functions

- Maintain an incident reporting system to track events.
- Correct, reduce or eliminate risks.
- Investigate and analyze all incidents and provide recommendations and/or measures to reduce risks and injury.

Additional Roles



- Works in conjunction with Quality Management
- Helps minimize system exposure to legal and economic loss
- Reports to regulatory agencies
- Supports the disclosure of adverse events.



What is the name of our reporting system?



- ❖We are all a part of the risk team.
- Duty to report adverse events within 3 business days

Reportable Events



What are some of the events that should be reported?

- Sexual Assault Allegations
- Death in restraints must be reported to CMS.
- Equipment malfunction- must be reported to the manufacturer.



Types of Events

- Near Miss events that could have caused harm to the patient but never reached the patient.
- Adverse Incidents requires medical intervention; results in harm to the patient.



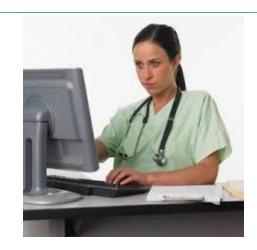
Types of Events cont'd

- Code 15 Result from medical intervention rather than patient condition.
 - The RM must report these to the state within
 15 calendar days of the event.
 - Death, brain or spinal injury, permanent disfigurement, fracture/dislocation of bones/joints, removal of surgical foreign objects, surgery- wrong pt, procedure, or site.





Documentation: Key Points



- Report: Who, what, when, where, and how
- Report any identified occurrence or potential occurrence.
- Reported by the person who was directly involved or witnessed the occurrence.
- Do not reference the incident report in the medical record



Documentation: Key Points



- Incident reports are confidential.
- Incident reports are not the place to provide an opinion.
- Access Quantros via the net portal or directly from the medical record.



Post Event Follow Up



- Investigation Questions regarding the facts.
 Medical record review.
- Review Clinical review; multidisciplinary. Result: Develop a risk reduction strategy.
- Root Cause Analysis Find real cause of an event; focus on system instead of individual. Result: Action plan for improvement.





- Must disclose any adverse incident that results in serious harm.
- Disclosure must be done asap by the attending physician.
- Disclosure is not acknowledgement of liability; cannot be used as evidence in a malpractice trial.

Sexual Misconduct

- Allegations reported immediately to RM and Supervisor.
- Police notification; If the person is a vulnerable adult or child, also notify DCF
- Licensed professionals also have results of the accusation and investigation submitted to the Department of Health (DOH).
- While there is an investigation the accused is placed on administrative leave.



Restraint/Seclusion - Reporting Death

- If the patient dies while in restraints or seclusion it must be reported. This excludes the 2-point soft restraints
- Dies within 24 hours after the pt has been removed from restraints or seclusion.
- If the patient dies within a week of use of restraints or seclusion; restraint contributed directly or indirectly to the death.



Equipment Malfunction



- Report to supervisor and biomed engineering
- Remove equipment from patient care area; quarantine
- Put it in Quantros
- If the patient is harmed put it in Quantros including the harm to the patient and how managed; notify RM



PACU – 2 Person Rule

- There must be more than one person caring for patients in PACU. Except in emergencies.
- Exempt from the 2 person rule if :
 - live observation, electronic observation





A Farewell to Falls



- Staff documents Morse Fall Score per shift
- Patients should be on fall precautions as necessary
- Bed alarms must be set if applicable
- Bed must be in the low position

A Farewell to Falls



After a Fall:

- stabilize patient & notify primary team
- Document who was notified
- Conduct a post fall assessment and document
- Complete a post fall huddle with staff
- Carry out and document post fall orders
- Document all in Quantros and notify supervisor and the RM if there is an injury

Security



Contact Security (85-6111):

- If you feel threatened or are unsure of your safety or the safety of the patients
- If someone is being disruptive
- If you ask a visitor to stop taking pictures in the patient care area and they refuse

Potential Claims of Liability



- Claims for liability are managed by claims adjusters.
- Risk Management Claims section manages medical malpractice, general liability claims for the system.
- Examples: Injury, theft, fire, vandalism, property damage, auto accident, etc.



Risk Management

Main - 305.585.2900

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Risk Manager on call 305.216.5391





Miracles made daily.

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