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Aims and Scope: Formerly Cardiff Corvey: Reading the Romantic Text (1997–2005), Romantic Textualities: Literature and Print Culture, 1780–1840 is an online journal that is committed to foregrounding innovative Romantic-studies research into bibliography, book history, intertextuality and textual studies. To this end, we publish material in a number of formats: among them, peer-reviewed articles, reports on individual/group research projects, bibliographical checklists and biographical profiles of overlooked Romantic writers. Romantic Textualities also carries reviews of books that reflect the growing academic interest in the fields of book history, print culture, intertextuality and cultural materialism, as they relate to Romantic studies.

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students), Jane Austen costume dramas, by contrasting the treatment of the notion of 'happiness' in the source text and successive film versions. By paying attention to the changing interpretations of this notion and how it is developed through plot structures, she brings to the fore the didactic aspect of the source text and its representations in our age, which is generally resistant to explicit moral instruction. More Austen follows in the closing essay, in which Peter Sabor shows how a piece of Austen juvenilia only published in 1922, the short *History of England* (written in 1791), insbired the history spoof 1066 and All That (1930) by Sellar and Yeatman.

As the editors suggest, '[f]urther studies might move beyond these textual, performative, or visual boundaries to consider in detail the use of fictional works in marketing, tourism, merchandise, and other facets of modern living' (p. 5). This collection nevertheless succeeds in introducing the state of the art in sundry specialisms relevant to the 'afterlives' of eighteenth-century fiction, while delivering fresh insights and hinting at possible further research.

> Koenraad Claes Ghent University <a href="https://doi.org/10.18573/j.2017.10162">https://doi.org/10.18573/j.2017.10162</a>

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Jakub Lipski and Jacek Mydla (eds), The Enchantress of Words, Sounds and Images: Anniversary Essays on Ann Radcliffe (1764-1823) (Bethesda, Dublin, Palo Alto: Academica Press, 2015), pp. xxi+250. 978-1-9363-2096-7; £68.95 (hb).

DESCRIBED BY THOMAS DE QUINCEY as 'the great enchantress of [her] generation', Ann Radcliffe has long been identified as the author whose work contributed more than that of any other to the popularity of Gothic prose at the end of the eighteenth century. Yet in this new collection of eleven essays Jakub Lipski and Jacek Mydla achieve much more than simply perpetuating the image of Radcliffe as the eponymous 'Enchantress' of ruined castles and persecuted heroines. Rather, they have celebrated the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of Radcliffe's birth by assembling a range of scholarship that explores why this term is so applicable to Radcliffe, and which prioritises her identity as a Romantic artist over her status as a writer of popular sensational fiction.

Focusing primarily on Radcliffe's most famous novels, the collection explores a diverse array of ideas and concepts which are all connected in some way through a shared motif of visual and/or audio imagery. In the first of four sections, 'Radcliffe and the Language of Aesthetics', three essays assess the relationship of the major novels to lyrical art forms such as poetry and music. Jakub Lipski begins with a helpful and concise overview of 'Ann Radcliffe and the sister arts ideal' that

examines connections between poetry and painting from across all of Radcliffe's narrative fiction. Raising the intriguing question of Radcliffe's 'scanty visual heritage' in terms of images or paintings inspired by her works, Lipski suggests that Radcliffe's true talent lies in 'a poetics of the in-between' that relies on a complex relationship between 'words, sounds, and images' (p. 19). In the following chapter, Alice Labourg develops conventional associations between Radcliffe and visual artists including Salvator Rosa and Domenicho Zampieri, providing a superb delineation of references to such contemporary figures in the only two novels to name specific painters, *The Mysteries of Udolpho* (1794) and *The Italian* (1797). Completing this section is a long overdue assessment of the centrality of poetry and music as verse forms within *Udolpho* by Joanna Kabot. Although Kabot's assumption that epigraphic quotations fulfil the same function as in-text poems is perhaps a little limiting, much potential for further discussion is illuminated by her assertion that such poetic inclusions operate 'as a kind of generalisation of some aspect of the presented reality' (p. 67).

Diversifying from the main theme, the next section on 'The Radcliffean Identities' commences with an examination of linguistics in *Udolpho* from Thomas Dutoit, which poses an unconventional argument supporting the presence of subliminal authorial signing throughout the text. A range of highly original ideas are presented and passionately defended, although some arguments nonetheless remain unconvincing, such as the suggestion that Radcliffe deliberately chose the names of the 'two most important servants of the novel, Annette and Old Carlo' to provide a 'cryptographic inscription' of her own name within the text (p. 85). Somewhat more convincing is Agieszka Łowczanin's reassessment of *Udolpho* as an integrally proto-feminist work coming in the wake of Mary Wollstonecraft's A Vindication of the Rights of Woman. In Udolpho, Łowczanin claims, 'the prevalent politics of the ignorance women are subject to is additionally translated into the Gothic poetics of mystery' (p. 119). Returning to the broader spectrum of Radcliffe's fiction, a survey of the development of Radcliffean villains (somewhat confusingly referred to as 'black characters') is supplied by Marek Błaszak, together with a summary of aesthetic and literary influences upon these characters.

In the book's third section, the experience of 'Re-Reading Radcliffe' is addressed, a topic implicitly interesting to all of Radcliffe's most dedicated devotees. Jacek Mydla's chapter provides a complex and original examination of Radcliffean terror. Although no definitive conclusions appear to be reached, it does provide an intriguing new perspective on one of the most unique aspects of Radcliffe's writing, her approach to and construction of a sense of mystery. Following this, Joanna Maciulewicz's analysis of *Udolpho* as an 'allegory of reading' presents a more clarified evaluation. Arguing that the 'frequent use of the motif of books' within *Udolpho* is an indication of 'Radcliffe's interest in the effects of the emerging book culture on social order' (p. 167), she assesses the novel in relation to the function of other forms of predominantly female literature including earlier novels and conduct books. Her ultimate conclusion that 'Radcliffe's fiction becomes a manual

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of social conduct comparable to [...] novels of manners' provides a stimulating new envisioning of the function of Radcliffe's work within the Gothic canon (p. 171).

Concluding the volume is a diverse range of essays grouped loosely under the title of 'Radcliffe in Context(s)'. Magdalena Ożarska provides some fascinating commentary on the process of authorial composition in Radcliffe's little-discussed travelogue, *Journey Made in the Summer of 1794*. Stepping away from Radcliffe's persona as Gothic novelist, Ożarska debates perceptions of gender derived from the text via an assessment of the extent to which Radcliffe's husband may have contributed to this work, and thus also inadvertently addresses a range of scholarly problems associated with identifying dual-authorship. Dariusz Pniewski follows this with an exploration of Polish translations of Radcliffe's Gothic fiction, thus providing a brief glimpse into an area of growing interest in the process of contemporary translation of English texts into other European languages. This spectrum of differing 'Contexts' is completed by a brief discussion of contemporary attitudes towards, and responses to, Radcliffe's Gothic prose by Wojciech Nowicki.

Drawing together an eclectic mixture of new scholarship, *The Enchantress of Words, Sounds, and Images* is an interesting and useful volume. Although in some ways it perpetuates the conventional focus upon Radcliffe's three most famous Gothic novels—*The Romance of the Forest, The Mysteries of Udolpho*, and *The Italian*—there is a substantial attempt to provide new insights into these texts. Amongst the most useful points raised is the suggestion that Radcliffe's Gothic fiction has an educational and morally informative purpose at its core, an idea that, though by no means original, is nonetheless greatly advanced by numerous chapters throughout the book (in particular, those by Łowczanin and Maciulewicz). Whilst this does mean that the contents of the book sometimes stray a little from the 'Words, Sounds, and Images' of the title, it is this very tendency to prioritise less conventional qualities of Radcliffe's works that is one of the volume's greatest strengths.

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Mary-Ann Constantine is Reader at the University of Wales Centre for Advanced Welsh and Celtic Studies. She works on Welsh and British literature of the long eighteenth century and has also written on travel writing, folk song, authenticity debates and the Romantic movement in Brittany. Her book on the Welsh stonemason poet Edward Williams, *The Truth against the World: Iolo Morganwg and Romantic Forgery*, appeared in 2007. With Dafydd Johnston, she is general editor of the multivolume *Wales and the French Revolution* series. She is currently leading an AHRC-funded research project, *Curious Travellers: Thomas Pennant and the Welsh and Scottish Tour 1760–1820*.

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Jakub Lipski is Assistant Professor in the Department of English, Kazimierz Wielki University, Bydgoszcz, Poland. Before obtaining his PhD in English literature, he studied English, Art History and Cultural Studies. He is the author of In Quest of the Self: Masquerade and Travel in the Eighteenth-Century Novel—Fielding, Smollett, Sterne (2014) and co-editor (with Jacek Mydla) of The Enchantress of Words, Sounds and Images: Anniversary Essays on Ann Radcliffe (1764–1823) (2015). He is currently working on a monograph on the correspondences between the eighteenth-century English novel and the fine arts.

Nicola Lloyd is Senior Lecturer in English Literature at Bath Spa University. She specializes in fiction of the Romantic period, with a particular focus on the Irish national tale and the interactions between Romanticism and Enlightenment. Her doctoral thesis, which she is currently preparing for publication, considered the influence of Enlightenment discourses of moral philosophy and perception on Romantic-period fiction. Nicky has published articles on the Irish novelist Lady Morgan and is one of the authors of *The Palgrave History Gothic Publishing: The Business of Gothic Fiction, 1764–1835*, due for completion in 2017. She is currently preparing a scholarly edition of Mary Julia Young's gothic–national tale *Donalda; or, the Witches of Glenshiel* (1805).

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Amy Prendergast is currently based in the School of English, Trinity College Dublin. She completed her doctoral studies there in 2012 after being awarded a four-year PRTLI Government of Ireland scholarship. She was subsequently the recipient of an Irish Research Council Postdoctoral Fellowship, which allowed her to work on her first monograph. This work, *Literary Salons across Britain and Ireland in the Long Eighteenth Century*, is forthcoming with Palgrave Macmillan.

Corrina Readioff is studying for a PhD at the University of Liverpool on the history and function of pre-chapter epigraphs in eighteenth- and nineteenth-century novels. She manages the social media pages for *Digital Defoe: Studies in Defoe and his Contemporaries* and maintains a personal blog, *The Age of Oddities: Reading the Eighteenth Century* <a href="http://ageofoddities.blogspot.co.uk">http://ageofoddities.blogspot.co.uk</a>, to encourage readers of all tastes and backgrounds to enjoy the delights of eighteenth-century literature. She has written for the *Johnsonian Newsletter* and the British Society for Eighteenth-Century Studies *Criticks* website.

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