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AN CONCEPTUAL STUDY ON EFFECTS OF KSHAR KARMA IN URDHVAJATRUGAT ROGA

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ABSTRACT

Kshara is one of the Ayurvedic modalities used from the ancient period for the treatment of various diseases. Acharya Sushruta who is worshipped as the "Father of Surgery" is the pioneer of Kshara Kalpana. Ksharakarma is a para surgical techniques mentioned in Ayurveda and are explained to provide complete relief in certain diseases which are not cured by herbal medicine or surgical interventions. According to Ayurved, Kshara is 'Pradhanatama' among shastra and Anushastra. It is multifunctional hence advised in several urdhwajatrugata vikaras according to stage and predominance of Doshas. Kshara application is the best one, taking into consideration of its convenience, easy adaptability, cost-effectiveness, and curative. It also has mild postoperative pain, no bleeding, minimum hospitalization and fewer chances of recurrence. This review article deals with various aspects of Kshara in Urdhvajatrugat roga.

KEYWORDS: Ksharakarma, Anushasta karma, Para surgical procedure.

INTRODUCTION

Shalakya Tantra deals with sense organs known as Gyanendriya i.e. the site of the senses namely- two ears, two eyes, one nose, one tongue and all-pervading skin. They are the site of mnifestation of the disease. Kshara karma is a popular treatment modality in Ayurveda, which has been indicated in various urdhwajatrugata vikaras like – upajihva, adhijihva, upakusha, dantavaidarbha, rohini, and many more. The shodhana, Ropana, Shoshana, and Lekhana and Tridoshaghna properties of *Kshara* have beneficial effects on diseases. Acharya Sushruta considered Kshara as 'Pradhanatama' among Shasta and Anushastra. According to Ashtanga sangraha, Kshara is 'Sarvashastra- Anushastranam varishta'. Kshara helps in the expulsion of harmfull substances from the wound. The Shodhana property of Kshara also helps in the removal of sloughs and pus. The antiseptic action of Kshara due to Ropana property helps in wound healing. Kshara karma is important among all the para surgical procedures, due to its advantage of destroying tridoshaja disorders by chedana, bhedana, and lekhana karma. Kshara karma is a type of chemical cauterization its effectiveness in destroying unhealthy tissues and promotes the healing process. So it plays an important role in treating many urdhwajatrugata vikaras.

Ksharakarma

Classification of Kshara based on

Administration	Potency
1. Paneeya Kshara (Anta: Parimaarjanam) 2. Pratisaraniya (Bahyaparimaarjanam)	 Mridu Madhyama Teekshana

Properties of Kshara

Rasa - Katu

Virya - Ushna

Varna – Shukla

Guna - Soumya, Teekshana

Doshaghna – Tridoshaghna

Karma - Dahana, Pachana, Darana, Vilayana, Shodhana, Ropana, Shoshana.

An ideal *Kshara* is appreciated for its multi-dimensional property, also known as *Kshara guna*; where as *Kshara* with *dosha* leads to side effects.

Kshara Guna: Na Ati Teekshana, Na Ati Mridu, Na Ati Shukla, Shalakshana, Picchila, Avishyandi, Shiva, Sheeghra.

Kshara Dosha: Atimridu, Atishweta, Atiushana, Atitikshana, Atipicchila, Ativisarpita, Atisandrata, Apakatvata.

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General dose of Kshara Dose of Paaneeya Kshara

i) Uttama: 1 pala (4 karsha)
 ii) Madhyama: 3/4 pala (3 karsha)
 iii) Avara: ½ pala (2karsha)

Dose of Pratisaaraneeya Kshara

Mridu: 2pala
Madhyama: 1pala
Teekshna: ½ pala

Mode of Action of Kshara

Kahara has Shodhana, Ropana, Shoshana, Stambhana, Vilayana and Lekhana properties. Shodhana property helps in the elimination or expulsion of unwanted and harmful substances from the wound. It helps in the healing of wounds due to the antiseptic action of Kshara. Shoshana property helps in drying up and absorption of mucus discharge that gets collected in ulcer beds promoting the granulation. Stambhana property helps in contraction of opposing edges of ulcer to promote heling and vilayana property cause liquefaction and dissolving of localized unhealthy tissue. Hence by all these properties of Kshara, healing becomes fast.

General indications of Pratisaaarneeya Kshara

Alkaline preparation should be externally used in diseases which affect the cavity of the mouth such as *Upajihvika*, *Adhigihvika*, *Upakusha*, *Danta vaidarbha* and in the three types of *Rohinis*. *Ashtanga sangraha* added the disease *Granthi and Vartmagata roga*.

General contra indications of Kshara

Kshara karma demands skilled handling otherwise it maylead to death. Hence, before clinical use, it is very important to know about its contraindications in Pittaprakruti, Baala, Vridha, Durbala, Moorchhita, Timira, Shiroroga, Akshipaaka.

Indications of Kshara karma in Netra, Mukha, Nasa, and Danta Roga

Kaphaja Pratishyaya, Kaphaja galganda Dantashoola Pinasa roga Dantaharsha Galashundi Dantavaidarbha Kaphaja Swarabheda Adhidanta Kaphaja jivhakantaka Krimidanta Nasarsha Dantasharkara Dantapupputa Danta Naadi Upajihva Jalarbuda Adhijihva Mukharbuda Karnasrava Karnapaka Danta Naadi Upajihva Jalarbuda Karnashotha Arma Siraiala Sirapidika Arshovartama Suskarsha

Nasarbuda
Nasagata Raktapitta
Karnanada
Krimikarna
Dantavaidarbha
Adhidanta
Krimidanta
Dantasharkara
Danta Naadi
Upajihva
Jalarbuda
Lagana

Kshara prayoga Poorvakarma

Vartamarbuda

Pakshmakopa

Upapakshamala

Anjananamika

Balasgranthi

The patient is made to sit in *Nivata pradesha* (devoid of sun light), all the necessary arrangements should be done which is told in *Agropaharaneeya Adhyaya*. Examination of the patient and *Ksharakarma pradesha* has to be done. Do *Doshanusaara poorvakarma* like In *vata dushti-Lekhana karma* (scrapping); In *pitta dusti- Gharshana karma* (scrubbing) and in *Kapha Dusti- Pracchana karma* (incision).

Pradhanakarma

Apply *Kshara* using *Shalak*a (rodlike instrument) for the duration of 100 *maatrakaala* or according to the *dosa*.

Paschatkarma

After observing samyak dogdha lakshnana (proper cauterization). Shamana prayoga is done with Amlavarga, sarpi and Madhuka. For Kshara vrana ropana, Tilakalaka, Madhuka and Ghrita have to be applied as Lepana. In the case of Heena or Adhidagdha vrana do treatment according to the Dosha.

Samyak- Heena- Atiyoga Lakshana of Ksharakarma

Samyak Dagdha Lakshana	Heena Dagdha Lakshana	Ati Dagdha lakshana
Vikaropashama, Laghava, Asrava, Pakwajambhu sankasha, Eeshat	Toda, Kandu, Jadya, Vyadhivriddhi, Durgandham	Oosha, Daha, Raga, Shopha, Jwara, Paka, Visarpa, Shiroroga,
avasannam.		Vata- pitta kopa.

DISCUSSION

Kshara is a parasurgical method of treatment which is very much effective in the management of various diseases of *urdhwajatrugata vikaras* (Karna- Nasa-Mukha roga). As Kshara is prepared from many drugs it has *Tridosha Shamaka* property. *Teekshana*

pratisarneeya kshara is better than Mridu and Madhyama Kshara. After Kshara is applied it creates chemical burn. Later it sheds off after necrosis. Simultaneously the wound of kshra Daghdha heals spontaneously as kshara possess wound healing property. The wound created by Kshara completely heals

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within 2weeks. No severe adverse effects are reported after the application of *kshara*.

CONCLUSION

Kshara karma is a strong weapon in Ayurveda which has been advocated in many urdhawavikaras. It is equally useful for physicians & surgeons. It performs multiple functions of shastra, anushastra & bheshaja. Assessment of Rogi Bala & Vyadhi Bala is very important for the proper benefits of the procedure. It is a conducive, daycare procedure and is very effective, which can be performed under local anesthesia with minimal trivial post-procedure complications which are negligible. The correct way of adopting is the procedure helpful in managing the surgical disorders with ease and comfort. Hence it needs strongly practiced and popularized in shalakya diseases.

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