ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Village President and Board of Trustees Village of Creston Creston, Illinois

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Creston, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Creston, Illinois, as of April 30, 2022, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village of Creston, Illinois, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter—Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Creston, Illinois' internal
  control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Creston, Illinois' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

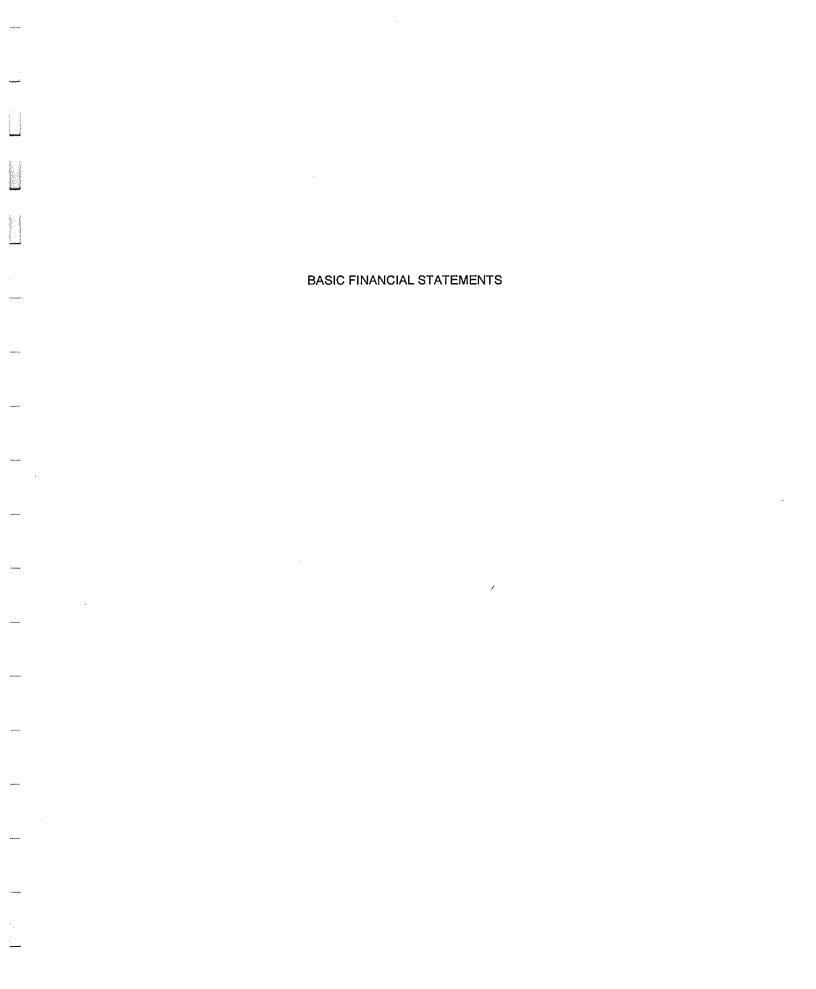
Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements – budget vs. actual are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements - budget vs. actual are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Plano, Illinois

January 20, 2023

Newhich associates . Dr.



#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### April 30, 2022

		Primary Government			nt	
	Governmental		Business-Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	1,476,986	\$	590,756	\$	2,067,742
Interfund balances		9,477		(9,477)		-
Capital assets being depreciated (net of						
accumulated depreciation)		170,691		977,289		1,147,980
Total assets	\$	1,657,154	\$	1,558,568	\$	3,215,722
LIABILITIES						
Payroll liabilities	\$	1,770	\$	593	\$	2,363
Other payables	•	58,750	*	7.940	*	66,690
Onici payabios		00,100		1,010		00,000
Total liabilities		60,520		8,533		69,053
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		170,691		977,289		1,147,980
Restricted for						
Highways and streets		82,204		-		82,204
Unrestricted		1,343,739		572,746		1,916,485
Total net position		1,596,634		1,550,035		3,146,669
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	1,657,154	\$	1,558,568	\$	3,215,722

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

			i	⊃rog	ram Revenues		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital rants and ntributions
Governmental Activities General government	\$	125,265	\$ 49,030	\$	44,023	\$	-
Highways and streets		72,761	-		-		-
Culture and recreation		3,534	 -				-
Total governmental activities		201,560	49,030		44,023		_
Business-Type Activities Utilities	warmer warmer by	253,446	245,312		-		-
Total business-type activities	-	253,446	 245,312		-		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	455,006	\$ 294,342	\$	44,023	\$	_

	Net	(Expense) Rever	nue and Change in I	Net Assets
			ry Government	
•	Gover		siness-Type	
	Act		Activities	Total
	\$	(32,212) \$	- \$	(32,212)
	•	(72,761)	•	(72,761)
		(3,534)	-	(3,534)
		(108,507)	<u></u>	(108,507)
		-	(8,134)	(8,134)
		-	(8,134)	(8,134)
	**********	(108,507)	(8,134)	(116,641)
		24 664		24 664
		24,664	-	24,664
		1,925	-	1,925
		53,431	•	53,431
		24,839	-	24,839
		1,013	-	1,013
		8,581	-	8,581
		11,180	-	11,180
		40,893 93,144	-	40,893 93,144
		ال الماري الم	_	ਹਨ, । <del>੧੫</del> _
		2,541	765	3,306
		1,345	-	1,345
		263,556	765	264,321
		-	•	-
	·	155,049	(7,369)	147,680
	<del></del>	1,441,585	1,557,404	2,998,989
	\$	1,596,634 \$	1,550,035 \$	3,146,669

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALALNCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### April 30, 2022

***************************************		General	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Due from other funds	\$	1,366,712 37,547	\$ 110,274 -	\$	1,476,986 37,547
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,404,259	\$ 110,274	\$	1,514,533
LIABILITIES					
Due to other governments Due to other funds Payroll liabilities	\$	58,750 1,770	\$ - 28,070 -	\$	58,750 28,070 1,770
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	60,520	28,070		88,590
FUND BALANCE					
FUND BALANCE Restricted Highways and streets Unrestricted		-	82,204		82,204
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCE		1,343,739 1,343,739	 82,204		1,343,739 1,425,943
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,404,259	\$ 110,274	\$	1,514,533

## RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### April 30, 2022

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	1,425,943
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		170,691
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	1,596,634

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

						Total
	C	Seneral		otor Fuel	Go	vernmental
		Fund	T:	ax Fund		Funds
REVENUES RECEIVED						
Property taxes	\$	24,664	\$	-	\$	24,664
Replacement tax		1,925		-		1,925
Sales tax		53,431		-		53,431
Local use tax		24,839		-		24,839
Telecommunications tax		11,180		-		11,180
Income tax		93,144		-		93,144
Cannabis tax		1,013		-		1,013
Video gaming tax		8,581		-		8,581
Motor fuel tax		· <b>-</b>		40,893		40,893
Investment income		2,540		1		2,541
License and permits		1,204		-		1,204
Liquor license		3,000		-		3,000
Rental income		44,826		_		44,826
Fines and fees		· <del>-</del>		_		_
ARPA grant		44,023		_		44,023
Miscellaneous		1,345		-		1,345
Total revenues received		315,715		40,894		356,609
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED						
Current						
General government		123,881		-		123,881
Highways and streets		53,321		-		53,321
Culture and recreation		3,534		-		3,534
Total expenditures disbursed		180,736				180,736
Excess of revenue over expenditures		134,979		40,894		175,873
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in		_		<del></del>		-
Operating transfers out		-		-		#
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		134,979		40,894		175,873
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1		1,208,760		41,310		1,250,070
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$	1,343,739	\$	82,204	\$	1,425,943

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	175,873
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets acquired in this fiscal year are reported as capital assets on the statement of net position and expenditures on the statement of revenues received, expenditures disbursed, and changes in fund balances		-
Depreciation on capital assets is reported as an expense in the statement of activities		(20,824)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_\$	155,049

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS ENTERPRISE FUND

#### April 30, 2022

	1 Miller Eurod
	Utility Fund
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 590,756
Total current assets	590,756
LONG-TERM ASSETS Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	977,289
Total long-term assets	977,289
Total assets	\$ 1,568,045
CURRENT LIABILITIES Payroll liabilities Due to other funds Due to developer(s)  Total current liabilities	593 9,477 7,940 18,010
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	***************************************
Total long-term liabilities	
Total liabilities	18,010
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted	977,289 572,746
Total net position	1,550,035
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 1,568,045

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS ENTERPRISE FUND

	<u> </u>	ility Fund
OPERATING REVENUES COLLECTED		
User fees	\$	93,012
Garbage/Recycling charges		41,653
Sewer charges		40,841
Administration fee		6,118
Capital Improvement fee		26,919
Landfill Host fees		36,236
Miscellaneous income		533
Total operating revenues collected		245,312
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Maintenance		8,566
Chemicals and testing supplies		23,183
Payroll expenses		27,288
Equipment		5,037
Office supplies		1,995
Utilities		115,795
Engineering		7,053
Tipping fee		-
Depreciation		63,977
Miscellaneous		552
Total operating expenses		253,446
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	***************************************	(8,134)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment income		765
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		765
Income (loss) before operating transfers		(7,369)
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (USES)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		-
Operating transfers out		
Total other financing sources (uses)		м
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(7,369)
NET POSITION, MAY 1		1,557,404
NET POSITION, APRIL 30 See accompanying notes to financial statements	\$	1,550,035

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS WATER FUND

	Ut	ility Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	245,312 (162,166) (27,288)
Net cash from operating activities		55,858
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in (out) to other funds Interfund proceeds (payments)		9,477
Net cash from noncapital financing activities		9,477
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets		(7,845)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities		(7,845)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		765
Net cash from investing activities	www.	765
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		58,255
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, MAY 1	<del></del>	532,501
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, APRIL 30	\$	590,756
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$	(8,134)
to net cash from operating activities  Depreciation		63,977
Change in assets and liabilities related to operating activities Increase in payables		15
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  See accompanying notes to financial statements		55,858

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2022

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Creston, Illinois (the Village) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units (hereinafter referred to as GAAP), except as described in Note 1(d). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the other significant accounting policies:

#### Reporting Entity

The Village is a municipal corporation governed by an elected president and a six-member board of trustees. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Village (the primary government) and its component units.

Based on the criteria of GASB Statement No 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, there are no component units for which the Village is considered to be financially accountable for.

#### b. Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to report on its financial position – modified cash basis and changes in its financial position – modified cash basis. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into the following categories; governmental and proprietary.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted or committed monies (special revenue funds), the funds committed, restricted or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds), the funds committed, restricted or assigned for the servicing of long-term debt (debt service funds) and the management of funds held in trust where the interest earnings can be used for governmental services (permanent fund). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds).

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position – modified cash basis and the statement of activities – modified cash basis) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities – modified cash basis demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village and is used to account for all financial resources of the Village unless required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for revenues derived from motor fuel taxes and expenditures for highway and street construction and maintenance.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Utility Fund accounts for the provision of water, sewer, and garbage services to the residents and businesses of the Village financed by user fees.

#### d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and the enterprise fund are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. Revenues are recorded at the time of receipt by the Village. Expenses are recorded when the funds are disbursed. Accordingly, the financial statements are not intended to present financial position and changes in financial position in conformity with GAAP. Operating revenues collected/expenditures paid include all revenues/ expenditures directly related to providing enterprise fund services. Incidental revenues/expenditures are reported as nonoperating.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the cash basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded at the time of receipt by the Village. Expenditures are recorded when the funds are disbursed. Accordingly, the financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with GAAP.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm water), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Equipment	7
Vehicles	5-7
Other improvements	10-15
Buildings	40
Road improvements	10
Infrastructure	40

#### f. Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as liabilities. The governmental fund financial statements do not report long-term liabilities because they do not require the use of current financial resources. There were no long-term liabilities recognized for governmental activities at April 30, 2022.

#### g. Fund Balance/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. None of the restricted fund balance result from enabling legislation adopted by the Village. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Village's Board, which is considered the Village's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include resolutions and ordinances approved by the Board. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Village's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance remains with the Board. Any residual fund balance is reported as unassigned.

The Village's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the Village considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

The Village has not established fund balance reserve policies for their governmental funds.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### g. Fund Balance/Net Position (continued)

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. None of the Village's net position is restricted as a result of enabling legislation adopted by the Village.

#### h. Property Taxes

The Village's property tax is levied each year, on all taxable real property located in the Village, on or before the second Tuesday in December. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the January 1 prior to levy passage. Property taxes are payable in two installments in early June and September of the year following passage of the levy. The Village receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these due dates. The Village also receives one-half the road and bridge taxes, which townships levy.

The Property Tax Extension Limitation Law imposes mandatory property tax limitations on the ability of taxing districts in Illinois to raise revenues through unlimited property tax increases. The increase in property tax extensions is limited to the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers. The amount of the limitation may be adjusted for new property added or annexed to the tax base or due to voter approved increases.

#### j. Cash and Investments

For the purpose of reporting cash and cash equivalents, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Village considers certificates of deposit with a maturity of more than three months when purchased to be investments. Investments are valued at market value.

#### 2. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

There are amounts due from the Motor Fuel Tax Fund and the Utility Fund to the General Fund for unreimbursed expenditures in the amounts of \$28,070 (MFT) and \$9,477 (Utility) that were paid out of the wrong account. These will be repaid within one year.

#### 3. LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

The Village's aggregate indebtedness is subject to a statutory limitation of 8.625% of its equalized assessed value at December 31, 2021. At April 30, 2022, the maximum allowed indebtedness of the Village is \$766,675 based on an assessed valuation of \$8,888,984. At April 30, 2022, the remaining legal debt margin of the Village was \$766,675.

#### 4. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The following information gives significant dates on the property tax calendar of the Village:

- Property tax lien date is January 1
- Property taxes are due to the County Collector in two installments, June 1 and September 1
- The annual tax levy ordinance for 2020 was passed on December 1, 2020
- Significant amounts of property taxes for 2020 were distributed to the Village during June,
   July, September, October, and November 2021
- The annual tax levy ordinance for 2021 was passed on December 7, 2021
- Significant amounts of property taxes for 2021 will be distributed to the Village during June, July, September, October, and November 2022

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Village may invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include deposits/investments insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), obligations or securities guaranteed by the United States of America, direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act, certain money market mutual funds, and the Illinois Funds (a money market fund created by the State legislature under the control of the State Treasurer that maintains a \$1 share value).

It is the policy of the Village to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Village and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio.

#### Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. At April 30, 2022 the Village has \$345,010 that is uninsured and uncollateralized, and therefore deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk. The Village has no foreign currency risk for deposits at April 30, 2022.

#### Investments

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The Village limits its exposure to credit risk by pre-qualifying all financial institutions and other intermediaries with which the Village conducts business. At April 30, 2022, the Village has investments of \$494,591 in Illinois Funds, a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) with an S&P rating of AAAm.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Village has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The Village places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Village's investments are in certificates of deposit (36%) and Illinois Funds (64%).

#### 5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Village's investment policy establishes their guidelines on interest rate risk at year end. At April 30, 2022, the Village held one certificate of deposit valued at \$276,033 with an eighteen-month original maturity at 0.75% interest rate.

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

, , ,	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
	- to Malastinis Correct				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	5,000	_	_	-	5,000
Farm Land	47,620	-		-	47,620
Capital assets being depreciated					
Equipment	112,433	-	-	-	112,433 127,529
Infrastructure Building and improvements	127,529 71,700	-	-	-	71,700
Total capital assets being	71,700				17,100
depreciated	311,662			-	311,662
Less accumulated depreciation for Equipment	59,619	14,448	_	_	74,067
Infrastructure	41,447	6,376	-	_	47,823
Building and improvements	71,700	-	-	_	71,700
Total accumulated depreciation	172,766	20,824	-	_	193,590
Water and a section					
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	138,896	(20,824)	_	_	118,072
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	100,000	(201021)			
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 191,516	\$ (20,824)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 170,692
	B i i				Ending
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
	Dalarice	moreases	Decircases	Transiero	Dalarioo
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY					
Capital assets being depreciated	007.440	7.045			204.050
Equipment and vehicles Sanitary Sewer	297,113 2,054,540	7,845	-	-	304,958 2,054,540
Total capital assets being	2,004,040				2,004,040
depreciated	2,351,653	7,845		_	2,359,498
Less accumulated depreciation for Equipment and vehicles	135,746	12,613	_	_	148,359
Sanitary Sewer	1,182,487	51,364	-	_	1,233,851
Total accumulated depreciation	1,318,233	63,977	49	-	1,382,210
·					
Total capital assets being	4.022.400	/EC 420\			977,288
depreciated, net BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY	1,033,420	(56,132)		<u> </u>	311,200
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 1,033,420	\$ (56,132)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 977,288

#### VILLAGE OF CRESTON, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions as follows:

Governmental Activities Streets and highways General government	19,440 1,384
TOTAL	\$ 20,824
Business-Type Activities Utilities	63,977
TOTAL	\$ 63,977

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss, including but not limited to, property and casualty, general and public officials' liability, and workers' compensation. The Village purchases commercial insurance. There are annual deductibles for the plans ranging from \$500 to \$1,000. The Village's policy is to record any related expenditures in the year in which they pay the deductible. The Village is not aware of any additional deductibles that may be owed as of April 30, 2022. The Village has not made any significant changes in coverage nor did claims exceed coverage in the current fiscal year or the two prior years.

#### 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Village paid Kerns Homes, LLC \$750 during the year ending April 30, 2022. Michael Kerns, Trustee, is a registered agent for Kerns Homes, LLC. The payments were for the rental of a backhoe and water main repairs and were executed as arm's length transactions. No additional amounts were due to Kerns Homes, LLC as of April 30, 2022.

The Village paid Dement Township \$878 during the year ending April 30, 2022. Penelope Payton, Village Treasurer, is the Supervisor of Dement Township. The payment was for road salt for snow removal and was executed as an arm's length transaction. No additional amounts were due to Dement Township as of April 30, 2022.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Original Ind Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
	<del></del>	Duuyet	Actual	(Onder)
REVENUES RECEIVED				
Taxes				
Property taxes	\$	21,000	\$ 24,664	\$ 3,664
Replacement tax		1,400	1,925	525
Cannabis tax		550	1,013	463
Video gaming tax		3,200	8,581	5,381
Sales tax		48,000	53,431	5,431
Local use tax		30,000	24,839	(5,161)
Telecommunications tax		5,000	11,180	6,180
Income tax		75,000	93,144	18,144
License and permits			1,204	1,204
Investment income		1,300	2,540	1,240
Liquor license		1,000	3,000	2,000
Rental income		43,415	44,826	1,411
Fines and fees		1,000	.,,	(1,000)
ARPA grant		.,,555	44,023	44,023
Miscellaneous		525	1,345	820
Total revenues receieved		231,390	315,715	84,325
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED  Current  General Government				
Salaries		55,200	43,195	(12,005)
Payroll expenses		5,000	3,474	(1,526)
Audit		6,500	6,500	(1,0
Legal fees		12,000	4,746	(7,254
Maintenance		9,000	6,683	(2,317
Mosquito control		10,000	9,199	(801)
Dues		2,500	564	(1,936)
Office supplies		3,500	2,257	(1,243)
Computer internet/software		2,500	3,540	1,040
Land planning		16,200	19,591	3,391
Property tax expense		7,800	7,717	(83)
Insurance		15,000	12,269	(2,731)
Utilities		4,500	2,720	(1,780)
Equipment		60,000	874	(59,126)
Miscellaneous		•	552	• • •
Total general government		1,625 211,325	123,881	(1,073) (87,444)
Current				
Highways and streets				
Street & sidewalk maintenance		69.000	40,156	(28,844)
Buildings & grounds maintenance		4,000	11,351	7,351
Storm water drainage		-	11,301	
Snow removal		5,000	4 04 4	(5,000)
*****		5,000	1,814	(3,186)
Total highways and streets		83,000	53,321	(29,679)

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED (continued) Current			
Culture and recreation Community Activities	3,000	3,534	534_
Total culture and recreation	3,000	3,534	534
Total expenditures disbursed	297,325	180,736	(116,589)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(65,935)	134,979	200,914
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	- -	- -	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	₩	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (65,935)	134,979	200,914
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		1,208,760	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30	<u>\$</u>	1,343,739	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS -BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

	O an <u>B</u>	Variance Over (Under)		
REVENUES RECEIVED  Motor fuel tax Investment income	\$	46,855 \$ 145	40,893 1	\$ (5,962) (144)
Total revenues received		47,000	40,894	(6,106)
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED  Current  Highways and streets		50,000	-	(50,000)
Total highways and streets		50,000	-	(50,000)
Total expenditures disbursed	<u></u>	50,000		(50,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(3,000)	40,894	43,894
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		<u></u>	<b>.</b>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(3,000)	40,894	\$ 43,894
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			41,310	•
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$	82,204	<b>z</b>

### VILLAGE OF CRESTON, ILLINOIS NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

April 30, 2022

#### 1. LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting which is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Annual appropriated budgets are adopted (at the fund level) for all of the funds on the cash basis with a line item budget by fund. The annual appropriated budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level.

The Village adopted its annual budget and appropriation ordinance for the year ended April 30, 2022 at its July 6, 2021 meeting.

The line item budget is used by management for control purposes in the day-to-day operations. The Board of Trustees may make transfers between line items while retaining the total appropriation for the fund. The Board of Trustees also may increase the appropriation amount by following the same procedures as required for the original appropriation. The amounts shown on the financial statements reflect the original and final budget as adopted by the Board of Trustees.

Budget revenues are based on estimates approved by the Board of Trustees.

ENTERPRISE FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS -BUDGET AND ACTUAL UTILITY FUND

OPERATING EXPENSES         ## Section 1         ## Section 2         ## Sect		Original and Final Budget		Actua	al	Variance Over (Under)
User fees	OPERATING REVENUES RECEIVED					
Garbage/Recycling charges         41,000         41,653         363           Sewer charges         40,700         40,841         141           Administration fee         6,100         6,118         18           Capital Improvement fee         26,700         26,919         219           Landfill Host fees         30,000         36,236         6,226           Miscellaneous income         - 533         533           Total operating revenues received         254,700         245,312         (9,388)           OPERATING EXPENSES         Walntenance         89,000         8,566         (80,434)           Chemicals and testing supplies         15,000         23,183         8,183           Payroll expenses         24,225         27,288         3,063           Uncapitalized equipment         47,000         5,037         (41,963)           Office supplies         2,500         1,995         (505)           Utilities         112,000         115,795         3,795           Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)           Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         (18,000)           Depreciation         60         552         (48)	Charges for services					
Sewer charges         40,700         40,841         141           Administration fee         6,100         6,118         18           Capital Improvement fee         26,700         26,919         219           Landfill Host fees         30,000         36,236         6,236           Miscellaneous income         -         533         533           Total operating revenues received         254,700         245,312         (9,388)           OPERATING EXPENSES         89,000         8,566         (80,434)           Maintenance         89,000         23,183         8,183           Chemicals and testing supplies         15,000         23,183         8,183           Payroll expenses         24,225         27,288         3,083           Uncapitalized equipment         47,000         5,037         (41,963)           Office supplies         12,500         1,995         (505)           Utilities         112,000         115,795         3,795           Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)           Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         63,977           Miscellaneous         500         552         (48)           Total operating ex	User fees					, , ,
Administration fee 6,100 6,118 18 Capital Improvement fee 26,700 26,919 219 Landfill Host fees 30,000 36,236 6,236 Miscellaneous income - 533 533 533						
Capital Improvement fee Landfill Host fees         30,000         36,236         6,236           Miscellaneous income         -         533         533           Total operating revenues received         254,700         245,312         (9,388)           OPERATING EXPENSES         89,000         8,566         (80,434)           Maintenance         89,000         8,566         (80,434)           Chemicals and testing supplies         15,000         23,183         8,183           Payroll expenses         24,225         27,288         3,063           Uncapitalized equipment         47,000         5,037         (41,963)           Office supplies         2,500         1,995         (505)           Utilities         112,000         115,795         3,795           Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)           Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         (18,000)           Depreciation         -         63,977         63,977         63,977           Miscellaneous         600         552         (48)           Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)		•				
Landfill Host fees Miscellaneous income         30,000         36,236         6,236           Miscellaneous income         2         533         533           Total operating revenues received         254,700         245,312         (9,388)           OPERATING EXPENSES           Maintenance         89,000         8,566         (80,434)           Chemicals and testing supplies         15,000         23,183         8,183           Payroll expenses         24,225         27,288         3,063           Uncapitalized equipment         47,000         5,037         (41,963)           Office supplies         2,500         1,995         (505)           Utilities         112,000         115,795         3,795           Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)           Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         (18,000)           Depreciation         -         63,977         63,977         63,977           Miscellaneous         600         552         (48)           Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING					•	
Miscellaneous income   - 533   533     Total operating revenues received   254,700   245,312   (9,388)     OPERATING EXPENSES	·	·				
Total operating revenues received         254,700         245,312         (9,388)           OPERATING EXPENSES         89,000         8,566         (80,434)           Chemicals and testing supplies         15,000         23,183         8,183           Payroll expenses         24,225         27,288         3,063           Uncapitalized equipment         47,000         5,037         (41,963)           Office supplies         2,550         1,995         (505)           Utilities         112,000         115,795         3,795           Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)           Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         (18,000)           Depreciation         -         63,977         63,977           Miscellaneous         600         552         (48)           Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           TOTAL nonoperating revenues (expenses)         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)		·	O	3	•	
OPERATING EXPENSES         ## Section 1.5         ##	Miscellaneous income	**************************************			533	533
Maintenance       89,000       8,566       (80,434)         Chemicals and testing supplies       15,000       23,183       8,183         Payroll expenses       24,225       27,288       3,063         Uncapitalized equipment       47,000       5,037       (41,963)         Office supplies       2,500       1,995       (505)         Utilities       112,000       115,795       3,795         Engineering       24,000       7,053       (16,947)         Tipping fee disbursements       18,000       -       (18,000)         Depreciation       -       63,977       63,977       63,977         Miscellaneous       600       552       (48)         Total operating expenses       332,325       253,446       (78,879)         OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)       (77,625)       (8,134)       69,491         NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) investment income       500       765       265         NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS       (77,125)       (7,369)       69,756         TRANSFERS       -       -       -       -         Transfers in       -       -       -       -         Transfers out       -       -       -	Total operating revenues received	254,70	0	24	5,312	(9,388)
Chemicals and testing supplies         15,000         23,183         8,183           Payroll expenses         24,225         27,288         3,063           Uncapitalized equipment         47,000         5,037         (41,963)           Office supplies         2,500         1,995         (505)           Utilities         112,000         115,795         3,795           Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)           Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         (18,000)           Depreciation         -         63,977         63,977           Miscellaneous         600         552         (48)           Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           TRANSFERS         -         -         -         -           Transfers in         -         -         -         -           Total transfers         -         -         -         -	OPERATING EXPENSES					
Payroll expenses         24,225         27,288         3,063           Uncapitalized equipment         47,000         5,037         (41,963)           Office supplies         2,500         1,995         (505)           Utilities         112,000         115,795         3,795           Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)           Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         (18,000)           Depreciation         -         63,977         63,977         63,977           Miscellaneous         600         552         (48)           Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           Transfers in         -         -         -           Transfers out         -         -         -           Total transfers         -         -         -           NET INCOME (LOSS)         \$ (77,125)         (7,369)         \$ 69,756           <	Maintenance	89,00	0		8,566	(80,434)
Uncapitalized equipment         47,000         5,037         (41,963)         Office supplies         2,500         1,995         (505)         (505)         3,795         Engineering         24,000         115,795         3,795         Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)         Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         (18,000)         Ces         63,977         63,977         63,977         63,977         63,977         Miscellaneous         600         552         (48)           Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           TRANSFERS Transfers in Transfers out         -         -         -         -           Total transfers         -         -         -         -           NET INCOME (LOSS)         \$ (77,125)         (7,369)         \$ 69,756           NET POSITION, MAY 1         1,557,404	Chemicals and testing supplies	15,00	0	2	3,183	
Office supplies         2,500         1,995         (505)           Utilities         112,000         115,795         3,795           Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)           Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         (18,000)           Depreciation         -         63,977         63,977           Miscellaneous         600         552         (48)           Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           TRANSFERS         -         -         -         -           Transfers in         -         -         -         -           Total transfers         -         -         -         -           NET INCOME (LOSS)         \$ (77,125)         (7,369)         \$ 69,756           NET POSITION, MAY 1         1,557,404		•			•	
Utilities         112,000         115,795         3,795           Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)           Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         (18,000)           Depreciation         -         63,977         63,977           Miscellaneous         600         552         (48)           Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           Transfers in         -         -         -         -           Total transfers         -         -         -         -           NET INCOME (LOSS)         \$ (77,125)         (7,369)         \$ 69,756           NET POSITION, MAY 1         1,557,404         -         -						
Engineering         24,000         7,053         (16,947)           Tipping fee disbursements         18,000         -         (18,000)           Depreciation         -         63,977         63,977           Miscellaneous         600         552         (48)           Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           TRANSFERS Transfers in Transfers out         -         -         -           Total transfers         -         -         -           NET INCOME (LOSS)         \$ (77,125)         (7,369)         \$ 69,756           NET POSITION, MAY 1         1,557,404					•	, ,
Tipping fee disbursements		,			•	•
Depreciation   - 63,977   63,977   63,977   Miscellaneous   600   552   (48)     Total operating expenses   332,325   253,446   (78,879)     OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)   (77,625)   (8,134)   69,491     NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)     500   765   265     Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)   500   765   265     NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS   (77,125)   (7,369)   69,756     TRANSFERS	• •	•			7,053	
Miscellaneous         600         552         (48)           Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           TRANSFERS		18,00	00	_	-	, , ,
Total operating expenses         332,325         253,446         (78,879)           OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           TRANSFERS		-		ь		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         (77,625)         (8,134)         69,491           NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           TRANSFERS	Miscellaneous		JU		552	(40)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income         500         765         265           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           TRANSFERS	Total operating expenses	332,32	25	25	3,446	(78,879)
Investment income         500         765         265           Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           TRANSFERS	OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(77,62	25)	(	8,134)	69,491
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)         500         765         265           NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS         (77,125)         (7,369)         69,756           TRANSFERS	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS       (77,125)       (7,369)       69,756         TRANSFERS	Investment income	50	90		765	265
TRANSFERS       7       -	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	50	90		765	265
Transfers in Transfers out         - </td <td>NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS</td> <td>(77,12</td> <td>25)</td> <td>(</td> <td>7,369)</td> <td>69,756</td>	NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(77,12	25)	(	7,369)	69,756
Transfers out         -         -         -           Total transfers         -         -         -           NET INCOME (LOSS)         \$ (77,125)         (7,369)         \$ 69,756           NET POSITION, MAY 1         1,557,404	TRANSFERS					
Transfers out         -         -         -           Total transfers         -         -         -           NET INCOME (LOSS)         \$ (77,125)         (7,369)         \$ 69,756           NET POSITION, MAY 1         1,557,404	Transfers in	-			-	-
NET INCOME (LOSS)       \$ (77,125)       (7,369)       \$ 69,756         NET POSITION, MAY 1       1,557,404		<u> </u>			-	
NET POSITION, MAY 1	Total transfers				-	<b>~</b>
	NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (77,12	25)	(	7,369)_\$	69,756
NET POSITION, APRIL 30 \$ 1.550.035	NET POSITION, MAY 1		_	1,55	7,404	
	NET POSITION, APRIL 30			\$ 1,55	0,035	

### AUDITOR'S COMMUNICATION TO THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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January 20, 2023

The Honorable President
Members of the Board of Trustees
Village of Creston
110 N. Main Street
PO Box 36
Creston, IL 60113

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

As part of our audit process we are required to have certain communications with those charged with governance at the beginning of our audit process and at the conclusion of the audit. Those communications include information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit, as well as other information required by Auditing Standards. Our communication at the beginning of our audit process was provided to you on December 9, 2021.

Auditing standards also require the communication of internal control related matters to those charged with governance. Our management letter is enclosed within this document.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Trustees and management of the Village of Creston and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely.

Market + Associates, Orc. Newkirk & Associates, Inc. By: William J. Newkirk, CPA

Shareholder

January 20, 2023

To the Honorable Village President and Board of Trustees Village of Creston, Illinois 110 N. Main Street PO Box 36 Creston, IL 60113

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Creston for the year ended April 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated December 9, 2021. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

#### Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Village are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the Village during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no significant estimates affecting the financial statements.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

During the audit, we encountered difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit with regards to verifying interfund transfers between the general account and the MFT account.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole, except for the entries on the attached schedule of adjustments.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated January 20, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Village's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Village's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

#### Other Matters

We were engaged to report on the Individual Fund Financial Statements with Appropriations, which accompany the financial statements but are not Required Supplementary Information (RSI). With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with the modified cash basis of accounting, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

#### Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Trustees and management of the Village of Creston and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Newkirk & Associates, Inc.

By: William J. Newkirk, CPA

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Shareholder

#### Village of Creston

Year End: April 30, 2022 Adjusting Journal Entries

Credi	Debit	Account No	Name	Date	Number	
-467.8		01-00-2600 GF	Accounts Payable	4/30/2022	1	
	560.00	01-00-3998 GF	Excess Revenue over Expenditures	4/30/2022	1	
-92.13		01-00-4065 GF	Miscellaneous Income	4/30/2022	1	
		udit report	To adjust fund balance to agree to prior year a			
	8,489.78	01-00-1400 GF	Due From MFT Fund	4/30/2022	2	
-8,489.7		01-00-6440 GF	Transfers	4/30/2022	2	
	10,044.87	02-03-1011 WS	General Fund - Water Department	4/30/2022	2	
-10,044.8		02-03-4301 WS	Water	4/30/2022	2	
		nts for improperly recorded	Adjust interfund balances to appropriate amou transfers and transactions			
			***************************************			
-1,924.5		01-00-4010 GF	Replacement Tax	4/30/2022	3	
	125,00	01-00-4015 GF	Video Gaming Revenue	4/30/2022	3	
	1,924.51	01-00-4035 GF	IL Fund Shares Purchased	4/30/2022	3	
-125.0		01-00-4065 GF	Miscellaneous Income	4/30/2022	3	
		account	Reclass license and CPPRT income to proper			
	7,271.40	03-05-4200 MFT	Motor Fuel Tax Allotments	4/30/2022	4	
-7,271.4		03-05-4225 MFT	Capital Program Receipt/MFT	4/30/2022	4	
		count	Reclass Rebuild IL Grant income to proper acc			
	2,058,66	01-00-1016 GF	Certificates of Deposit	4/30/2022	5	
-2,058.6		01-00-4080 GF	Interest	4/30/2022	5	
			Record CD interest			
-7,845.0		02-03-6310 WS	Water Department New Equipment	4/30/2022	6	
	7,845.00	02-04-1540 WS	Equipment	4/30/2022	6	
-63,977.4		02-04-1550 WS	Accumulated Depreciation	4/30/2022	6	
	63,977.46	02-04-6499 WS	Sewer Depreciation	4/30/2022	6	
		sals, and depreciation	To record water/sewer capital additions, dispos			

7	4/30/2022	Water Department Operator	02-03-6320 WS		-5,560.95
7	4/30/2022	Water Samples	02-03-6333 WS	5,560.95	
		To reclass Vendor payments to MGD wate salary account to the proper expense acco			
8	4/30/2022	Illinois Fund	01-00-1015 GF	1,457.37	
8	4/30/2022	Due From MFT Fund	01-00-1400 GF		-1,457.37
		PY adjusting entry for shares purchased			
9	4/30/2022	Miscellaneous Income	01-00-4065 GF	15,676.05	<del> </del>
9	4/30/2022	Transfers	01-00-6440 GF		-15,676.05
		Reclass MFT income to the proper account of MFT cash (11872)	ts and reverse duplicate entry		
10	4/30/2022	Accounts Receivable	02-03-1100 WS		-27,073.56
10	4/30/2022	Deferred Income	02-03-2500 WS	725.23	
10	4/30/2022	Water	02-03-4301 WS	27,240.23	
10	4/30/2022	Accounts Receivable	02-04-1100 WS		-891.90
		Adjust water A/R and deferred revenue to	cash basis		
11	4/30/2022	Due to MFT Fund	01-00-2606 GF		-6,099.25
11	4/30/2022	Transfers	01-00-6440 GF	6,099.25	
11	4/30/2022	Motor Fuel Fund	03-05-1018 MFT		-6,099.25
11	4/30/2022	Due to Other Funds	03-05-1551 MFT	6,099.25	

Adjust MFT cash to proper amount per transfers actually performed

The Honorable President, Members of the Board of Trustees, and Village Treasurer Village of Creston, Illinois 110 N. Main Street PO Box 36 Creston, IL 60113

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of the Village as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022, in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, we considered the Village of Creston's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below and on the following pages, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control listed on the next page to be material weaknesses.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Trustees and management of the Village of Creston and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Newkirk & Associates, Inc.

Plano, Illinois

January 20, 2023

#### MATERIAL WEAKNESSES

We consider the following deficiencies to be material weaknesses in internal control:

#### 1. Segregation of Duties

With a limited number of staff at the Village, proper segregation of duties is difficult to accomplish. A fundamental element of internal control is the segregation of certain key duties. In general, the principal incompatible duties to be segregated include:

- Custody of assets, in particular cash
- Authorization or approval of related transaction affecting those assets
- Recording or reporting of related transactions
- Execution of the transaction or transaction activity

An essential feature of segregation of duties within an organization is that no one employee has exclusive control over any transaction or group of transactions. We noted specific lack of segregation of duties listed below. This list would not be considered to be all inclusive as we did not perform a review of all control structures throughout the Village.

In regard to cash receipts, the Village Treasurer control the processes of creating water bills, collecting payments, recording deposits, taking deposits to the bank, and reconciling the bank account.

In regard to cash disbursements (including payroll) the Village Treasurer has access to check stock, records all transactions, and reconciles bank accounts. Bank account reconciliations are not reviewed.

We further noted a direct familial relationship between the clerk and treasurer beginning in 2021 which makes segregation of duties even more difficult.

As a result of the lack of segregation of duties it was specifically noted there were some errors and omissions on bank reconciliations and general ledger accounts. Specifically, some MFT expenditures were paid out of the general account. Interfund transfers were made incorrectly to correct the MFT and general account. The lack of proper accounting on the general ledger created errors in the reconciliation of both general and MFT accounts which were not corrected until the audit. There have also been vendor payments recorded in the Water operator salary account for the prior two years. We noted debit card purchases entered by journal entries didn't appear on the bills paid report to the board.

A lack of segregation of duties results in a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

With limited staff it is important that the board and other officials remain diligent in their monitoring of financial transactions. A detailed review of financial reports, budget vs. actual results, bank reconciliations, water billing adjustments, and water billing collections greatly enhances internal controls. These reviews should be performed by someone other than the employee responsible for executing and recording the transactions. In all cases, we recommend the Village reassign duties or increase approval processes in order to more fully segregate conflicting duties.

#### 2. Preparation of Financial Statements

The Village Board of Trustees and management share the ultimate responsibility for the Village's internal control system. While it is acceptable to outsource various accounting functions, the responsibility for internal control cannot be outsourced.

The Village engages us to assist in preparing its financial statements and accompanying disclosures. However, as independent auditors, we cannot be considered part of the Village's internal control system. As part of its internal control over the preparation of its financial statements, including disclosures, the Village should implement a comprehensive review procedure to ensure that the financial statements, including disclosures, are complete and accurate. Such review procedures should be performed by an individual possessing a thorough understanding of applicable accounting principles and sufficient financial reporting and accounting knowledge to the extent necessary to enable them to review the Village's financial statements and related disclosures, to provide a high level of assurance that potential omissions or other errors that are less than material, but more than inconsequential, would be identified and corrected.