ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2015

TOWN OF COOPERSTOWN MANITOWOC COUNTY, WISCONSIN December 31, 2015

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT

To the Town Board Town of Cooperstown Manitowoc County, Wisconsin

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Town of Cooperstown, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of the management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Accountants' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The results of our review of the financial statements are not affected by this missing information.



Supplementary Information

Our review was made primarily for the purpose of expressing a conclusion that there are no material modifications that should be made to the financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the inquiry and analytical procedures applied in the review of the financial statements, and we did not become aware of any material modifications that should be made to such information.

Summarized Comparative Information

We previously reviewed Town of Cooperstown, Wisconsin's 2014 financial statements and in our conclusion dated March 2, 2015, stated that based on our review, we were not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the 2014 financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, for it to be consistent with the reviewed financial statements from which it has been derived.

Certified Public Accountants Green Bay, Wisconsin

March 3, 2016



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

With Summarized Financial Information as of December 31, 2014 "See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

	Governmental Activities			Activities
		2015		2014
ASSETS				-
Cash and investments	\$	778,950	\$	788,126
Receivables				
Taxes		1,332,286		1,272,368
Other		2,473		87
Inventory		2,510		576
Capital assets, nondepreciable				
Land		55,774		55,774
Construction in progress		-		3,141
Capital assets, depreciable				
Buildings and improvements		67,739		67,739
Machinery and equipment		348,462		341,999
Vehicles		20,211		20,211
Infrastructure		559,863		559,863
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(539,424)		(492,656)
TOTAL ASSETS		2,628,844		2,617,228
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		6,948		8,264
Payroll liabilities		3,021		2,272
Due to other governments		1,711,206		1,714,142
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>1,721,175</u>		1,724,678
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property taxes		282,078		280,879
NET POSITION				
Investment in capital assets		512,625		556,071
Unrestricted		112,966		55,600
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	625,591	\$	611,671

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

With Summarized Financial Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2014 "See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

		Program Revenues					N	let (Expense Changes in		9
			Operating	,	Cap	ital				
		Charges for	Grants an	d	Grant	s and		Governmen	tal A	ctivities
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contribution	ns	Contrib	utions		2015		2014
Governmental Activities					_		_			
General government	\$ 77,230	•			\$	-	\$	(76,181)	\$	(80,856)
Public safety	97,499	4,725	3,5			-		(89,184)		(86,202)
Public works	353,223	42,331	155,6	02		-		(155,290)		(35,423)
Health and human services	-	-	-			-		-		(360)
Conservation and										
development	942					-		(942)		(2,322)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 528,894	\$ 48,105	\$ 159,1	92	\$	-	_	(321,597)		(205,163)
	General reve Property ta Other taxes	xes, levied for	general purp	ose	es			280,879 1,343		278,137 1,505
	State and f	ederal aids no	t restricted to					.,		.,
	specific f	unctions						50,624		51,595
	Interest an	d investment e	arnings					328		114
	Miscellane	ous						2,343		2,746
	Total gene	ral revenues						335,517		334,097
	Change in ne	et position						13,920		128,934
	Net position	- January 1						611,671		482,737
	Net position	- December 31					<u>\$</u>	625,591	\$	611,671

Balance Sheet - General Fund December 31, 2015

With Summarized Financial Information as of December 31, 2014 "See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

		2015		2014
ASSETS		_		
Cash and investments	\$	778,950	\$	788,126
Accounts receivable		2,473		87
Taxes receivable		1,332,286		1,272,368
Inventory		2,510		576
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,116,219	\$	2,061,157
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities	•			
Accounts payable	\$	6,948	\$	8,264
Payroll liabilities		3,021		2,272
Due to other governments		1,711,206		1,714,142
Total Liabilities		1,721,175		1,724,678
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property taxes		282,078		280,879
		•		······································
Fund Balance				
Nonspendable for inventory		2,510		576
Assigned for subsequent years' expenditures		19,735		19,861
Assigned for subsequent year's budget		47,956		14,285
Unassigned		42,765		20,878
Total Fund Balance		112,966		55,600
TOTAL LIABILITIES DECERDED INCLOVES				
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	æ	2 116 210	œ	2.064.457
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	Ψ_	2,116,219	<u> </u>	2,001,157
Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position				
Total Fund Balance as shown above	\$	112,966	\$	55,600
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are				
different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and				
therefore are not reported in the funds.		512,625		556,071
more, of and that raparties in the relies.		0.2,020		
Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the				
Statement of Net Position (see page 3)	<u>\$</u>	625,591	\$	611,671

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015
With Summarized Financial Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2014
"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

				2015	2014
Revenues			_		
Taxes			\$	282,222	\$ 279,420
Intergovernmental				209,816	224,006
Licenses and permits				6,549	6,398
Fines, forfeits and penalties				285	290
Public charges for services				11,868	6,684
Intergovernmental charges for services				31,746	19,865
Miscellaneous				328	436_
Total Revenues				542,814	 537,099
Expenditures					
General government				76,390	80,612
Public safety				97,499	94,078
Public works				304,335	190,878
Health and human services				-	360
Conservation and development				942	2,322
Capital outlay				6,282	164,964
Total Expenditures			_	485,448	 533,214
Net Change in Fund Balance				57,366	3,885
Fund Balance - January 1				55,600	 51,715
Fund Balance - December 31			<u>\$</u>	112,966	\$ 55,600
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities					
Net Change in Fund Balance as shown above			\$	57,366	\$ 3,885
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ar different because:	е				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:					
Capital assets reported as capital outlay in the governmental	•				
fund statements	\$	3,322			
Less current year depreciation		(46,768)		(43,446)	125,049
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the					
Statement of Activities (see page 4)			<u>\$</u>	13,920	\$ 128,934

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015
"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Revenues							<u> </u>
Taxes	\$	280,879	\$	280,879	\$ 282,222	\$	1,343
Intergovernmental		204,069		207,659	209,816		2,157
Licenses and permits		3,650		3,650	6,549		2,899
Fines, forfeits and penalties		-		-	285		285
Public charges for services		1,000		1,000	11,868		10,868
Intergovernmental charges for services		10,000		20,000	31,746		11,746
Miscellaneous		350		350	328		(22)
Total Revenues		499,948		513,538	542,814		29,276
Expenditures							
General government		82,500		82,500	76,390		6,110
Public safety		95,133		98,723	97,499		1,224
Public works		324,100		334,100	304,335		29,765
Conservation and development		2,500		2,500	942		1,558
Capital outlay		10,000		10,000	6,282		3,718
Total Expenditures		514,233		527,823	485,448		42,375
Net Change in Fund Balance		(14,285)		(14,285)	57,366		71,651
Fund Balance - January 1		55,600		55,600	55,600		
Fund Balance - December 31	<u>\$</u>	41,315	\$	41,315	\$ 112,966	\$	71,651

MANITOWOC COUNTY, WISCONSIN
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015
"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Cooperstown, Manitowoc County, Wisconsin ("the Town"), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Town are described below:

1. Reporting Entity

The Town of Cooperstown is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five member board. In accordance with GAAP, the financial statements are required to include the Town (the primary government) and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Town. The Town has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the financial statements in accordance with standards established by GASB Statement No. 61.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. Governmental activities are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The Town reports no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Governmental funds include the general fund. The major individual governmental fund is reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

GENERAL FUND

This is the Town's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

MANITOWOC COUNTY, WISCONSIN
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015
"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

4. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

a. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at cost or amortized cost, which approximates market.

b. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$2,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Infrastructure assets acquired or constructed prior to January 1, 2004 are not included in the financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Assets	
Buildings and improvements	25 - 40
Machinery and equipment	10 - 15
Vehicles	7
Infrastructure	15 - 30

c. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town currently does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

MANITOWOC COUNTY, WISCONSIN
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015
"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category, property taxes. This amount will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the subsequent year for which it was levied.

d. Fund Equity

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the Board. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the Board using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of Town management. The Town Board has not authorized an employee to assign fund balance.
- Unassigned fund balance Amounts that are available for any purpose.

The Town has not adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. When a policy does not specify the spend-down policy, GASB Statement No. 54 indicates that restricted funds would be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted net position Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There is no restricted net position on December 31, 2015.

MANITOWOC COUNTY, WISCONSIN
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015
"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

 Unrestricted net position - Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

6. Summarized Comparative Information

The financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total, but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to December, the Town Clerk submits to the Town Board a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by Town Board action.
- 2. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- 3. During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund.
- 4. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each activity or department of the Town. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by management and are subsequently authorized by the Town Board.
- 5. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the Town to record commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services.

MANITOWOC COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2015

"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

1. Cash and Investments

The Town maintains various cash and investment accounts that are displayed in the financial statements as "Cash and investments."

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

The carrying amount of the Town's cash and investments totaled \$778,950 on December 31, 2015 and consisted entirely of deposits with financial institutions.

Deposits and investments of the Town are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the specific risks and the Town's policy related to the risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The Town does not have an additional custodial credit risk policy.

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available.

On December 31, 2015, \$133,240 of the Town's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. The \$133,240 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent but not in the Town's name.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December of the prior year and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by January 31 are purchased by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Town.

MANITOWOC COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes and also levies and collects taxes for the Denmark School District, Mishicot School District, Reedsville School District, Manitowoc County, Northeast Wisconsin Technical College, Lakeshore Technical College and the State of Wisconsin.

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	Decreas	200		Ending
Governmental activities:	<u> </u>	<u>Dalarice</u>		increases	Decreas	ses		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	55,774	\$	-	\$	_	\$	55,774
Construction in progress	·	3,141	•		• 3	3,141	•	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		58,915		-		3,141		55,774
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements		67,739		. .	_	-		67,739
Machinery and equipment		341,999		6,463		-		348,462
Vehicles		20,211		-		-		20,211
Infrastructure		559,863		-				559,863
Subtotals		989,812		6,463		-		996,275
Less accumulated depreciation		492,656		46,768		-		539,424
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		497,156		(40,305)		-		456,851
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	556,071	\$	(40,305)	\$ 3	3,141	•	512,625
Less related long-term debt outstanding								-
Investment in capital assets								512,625
Depreciation expense was charged to funct	ions	of the Tow	n as	s follows:				
Governmental activities General government						\$		840
Public works								45,928
Total depreciation expense - governmenta	l acti	vities						46,768

4. Long-term Obligations

The Town had no long-term debt during the year ended December 31, 2015.

MANITOWOC COUNTY, WISCONSIN
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015
"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Legal Margin for New Debt

The Town's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2015 was \$5.088.410 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the County	\$ 101,768,200
Statutory limitation percentage	(x) 5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the	
Wisconsin Statutes	5,088,410
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation	-
Legal Margin for New Debt	\$ 5,088,410

5. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, portions of the general fund balance have been assigned to represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. At December 31, 2015, fund balance assigned was as follows:

Subsequent years' expenditures		
General public building	\$	500
General government outlay		565
Highway equipment outlay		17,800
Highway building outlay		870
Total	\$	19,735
Subsequent year's budget	_\$	47,956

NOTE D - OTHER INFORMATION

1. Risk Management

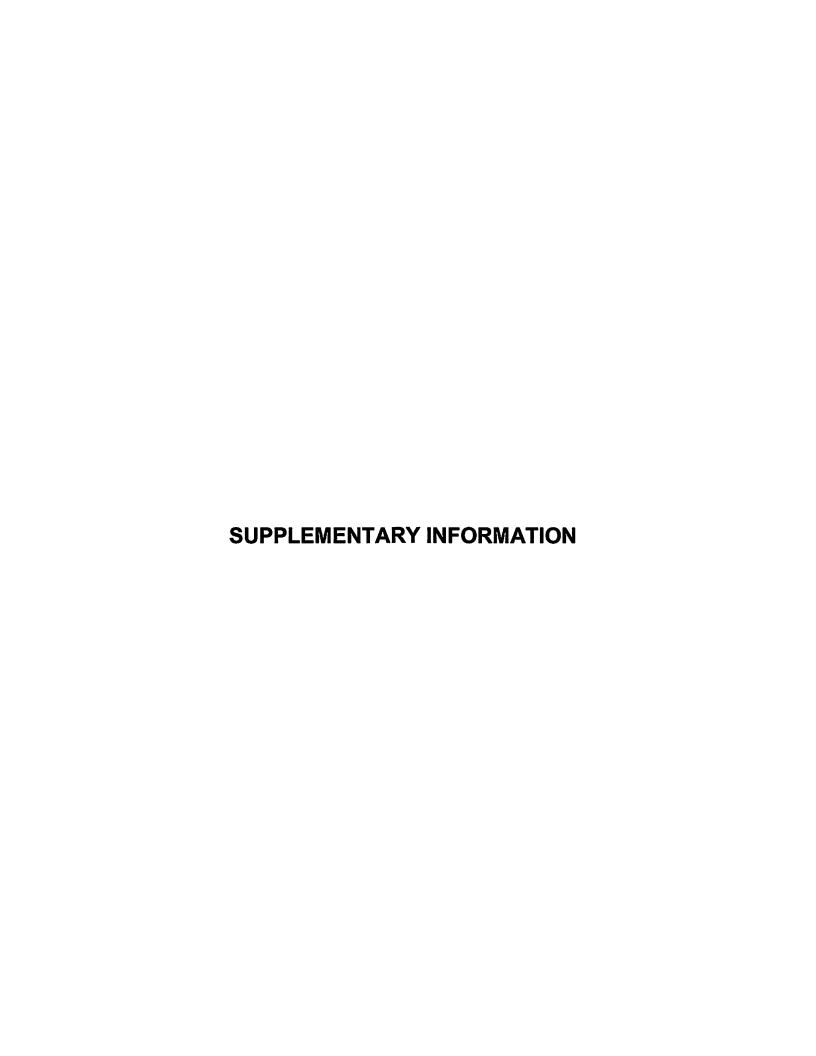
The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Town completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage.

2. Property Tax Levy Limit

Wisconsin state statues provide for a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties. For the 2014 and 2015 budget years, Wisconsin statutes limit the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the percentage change in the Town's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the Town for the 2015 budget was 0.99%. The actual limit for the Town for the 2016 budget was 0.43%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, Wisconsin statutes allow the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

3. Contingencies

From time to time, the Town is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position or results of operations.



Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

With Summarized Financial Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2014
"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

				Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)	2014
Taxes				(**************************************	
Property taxes	\$ 280,879	\$ 280,879	\$ 280,879	\$ -	\$ 278,137
Managed forest lands	-	-	1,288	1,288	1,249
Interest and penalties on taxes	-	-	55	55	34
Total Taxes	280,879	280,879	282,222	1,343	279,420
Intergovernmental					
State					
Shared taxes	49,395	49,395	49,395	-	49,395
Fire insurance	400.450	3,590	3,590	-	3,648
Transportation aid	136,150	136,150	136,150	-	130,894
Other transportation aid Computer aid	-	-	12	- 12	26,239 11
Payment for municipal services	-	<u>-</u>	416	416	425
Forest crop aid	_	_	193	193	173
Payment in lieu of taxes	500	500	608	108	602
Severance/yield/withdrawal aid	-	-	-	-	989
Recycling	5,000	5,000	6,935	1,935	6,934
County	0,000	5,555	-,	.,000	3,00
Bridge aid	13,024	13,024	12,517	(507)	4,696
Total Intergovernmental	204,069	207,659	209,816	2,157	224,006
Licenses and Permits	050	0.50	750	400	700
Business and occupational licenses	650	650	756	106	780
Dog licenses		- 0.000	1,303	1,303	1,605
Building permits	3,000	3,000	4,440	1,440	3,938
Other permits	3,650	3,650	50 6,549	2,899	75 6,398
Total Licenses and Permits	3,000	3,000	0,049	2,099	0,390
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties					
Fines		<u> </u>	285	285	290
Public Charges for Services			4 000	4 000	700
General government	-	-	1,283	1,283	782
Highway	1,000	1,000	5,852 4,733	5,852 3,733	3,123 2,779
Garbage and recycling	1,000	1,000	11,868	10,868	6,684
Total Public Charges for Services	1,000_	1,000	11,000	10,000	0,004
Intergovernmental Charges for Services					
Highways and streets	10,000	20,000	31,746	11,746	19,865
Miscellaneous					
Interest	350	350	328	(22)	
Donations		-	-	- /00\	100
Total Miscellaneous	350	350	328	(22)	436
Total Revenues	\$ 499,948	\$ 513,538	\$ 542,814	\$ 29,276	\$ 537.099

MANITOWOC COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Expenditures General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

With Summarized Financial Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2014
"See Independent Accountants' Review Report"

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	2014
General Government			7 101001	(regulito)	2011
Town board	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,485	\$ (485) \$	\$ 17,654
General administration	24,000	24,000	21,628	2,372	24,901
Financial administration	22,000	22,000	21,947	53	21,915
Legal	5,000	4,690	473	4,217	2,924
Town hall	2,000	2,000	1,067	933	1,115
Property and liability insurance	11,500	11,810	12,790	(980)	11,403
Other general government	-	-	· -	`- ′	700
Total General Government	82,500	82,500	76,390	6,110	80,612
Public Safety					
Constable	1,500	1,500	1,061	439	1,570
Inspection	2,000	2,000	1,215	785	1,300
Fire department	77,071	80,661	80,661	-	77,018
Rescue squad	14,562	14,562	14,562	•	14,190
Total Public Safety	95,133	98,723	97,499	1,224	94,078
Public Works					
Salaries and wages	76,100	76,100	76,115	(15)	71,344
Street maintenance	195,000	205,000	183,155	21,845	71,253
Street lighting	3,000	3,000	2,696	304	2,691
Garbage collection	30,000	30,000	25,879	4,121	28,492
Recycling	20,000	20,000	16,465	3,535	17,091
Weed and nuisance control			25	(25)	7_
Total Public Works	324,100	334,100	304,335	29,765	190,878
Health and Human Services					
Public Health	_	-	-	-	360
. dono i lodini					
Conservation and Development					
Planning commission	2,500	2,500	942	1,558	2,322
•		·			
Capital Outlay	40.000	40.000	0.000	0.746	404.004
Public works	10,000	10,000	6,282	3,718	164,964
Total Expenditures	\$ 514,233	\$ 527,823	\$ 485,448	\$ 42,375	\$ 533,214