ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT

December 31, 2019



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DECEMBER 31, 2019

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Independent accountants' review report

To the Town Board

Town of Cooperstown

Manitowoc County, Wisconsin

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Cooperstown, Manitowoc County, Wisconsin (the "Town") as of December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of entity management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

ACCOUNTANTS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

ACCOUNTANTS' CONCLUSION

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER

As described in Note 1.B., during 2019, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result, the Town established a custodial fund for taxes and specials collected for other governments. In prior years, these amounts were reported in the general fund. Our conclusions are not modified with respect to this matter.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The results of our review of the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The accompanying supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the review procedures applied in our review of the basic financial statements. We are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the supplementary information. We have not audited the supplementary information and do not express an opinion on such information.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin February 25, 2020

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	282,634
Receivables		400 70 4
Taxes and special charges Accounts		188,794 1,256
Inventories		4,702
Capital assets, nondepreciable		55,774
Capital assets, depreciable		697,001
Total assets	<u>v ———</u>	1,230,161
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		41,978
Accrued and other current liabilities		3,176
Accrued interest payable		177
Long-term obligations Due within one year		7,503
Due in more than one year		30,665
	**	
Total liabilities	-	83,499
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		301,501
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		681,255
Unrestricted		163,906
Total net position	¢	845,161
Total fiet position		101,040

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 "SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

				Program	Reven	ues	Re ^v Ch	: (Expense) venue and nanges in et Position
Functions/Programs	E			arges for ervices	Operating or Grants and Contributions			Totals
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General government Public safety Public works Conservation and development Interest and fiscal charges	\$	47,908 111,625 339,213 484 540	\$	90 8,320 49,062 350	\$	1,200 4,444 194,818	\$	(46,618) (98,861) (95,333) (134) (540)
Total governmental activities	\$	499,770	_\$	57,822	_\$	200,462	3	(241,486)
	Tax F	ral revenues ses Property taxes Other taxes ar deral and stat	nd franc		contrib	utions		290,729 7,393
	r Inte	not restricted erest and invescellaneous	to spec	ific functions		utions	·	51,047 743 4,626
	Total	general reve	nues					359,738
	Char	ge in net po	sition					118,252
	Net _I	oosition - Jar	nuary 1					726,909
	Net	oosition - De	cembe	r 31			\$	845,161

BALANCE SHEET
GENERAL FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables Taxes and special charges Accounts Inventories	\$	282,634 188,794 1,256 4,702
Total assets	_\$	477,386
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Accounts payable Accrued and other current liabilities	\$	41,978 3,176
Total liabilities		45,154
Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year	ij .	301,501
Fund balance Nonspendable Committed Unassigned	_	4,702 117,770 8,259
Total fund balance	7	130,731
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	477,386
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
Total fund balance as shown above	\$	130,731
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.		752,775
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Notes payable Accrued interest on long-term obligations	,	(38,168) (177)
Net position of governmental activities as reported on the statement of net position (see page 3)	_\$	845,161

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits Public charges for services Intergovernmental charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 298,122 251,509 10,285 165 5,000 44,152 9,289
Total revenues	618,522
EXPENDITURES	
Current General government Public safety Public works Conservation and development Debt service Principal Interest and fiscal charges Capital outlay	91,072 111,625 253,443 484 1,832 363 184,440
Total expenditures	643,259
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(24,737)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Long-term debt issued	40,000
Net change in fund balance	15,263
Fund balance - January 1	115,468
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 130,731

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		
Net change in fund balance as shown on previous page	\$	15,263
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital assets reported as capital outlay in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Net book value of disposals		184,440 (42,606) (500)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Long-term debt issued Principal repaid		(40,000) 1,832
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Accrued interest on long-term debt	e 	(177)
Change in net position of governmental activities as reported in the statement of activities (see page 4)	\$	118,252

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

		Bud	get				Final	riance Budget - ositive
		Priginal		Final		Actual	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES	<i>t</i>	200 720	+	200 720	4	200.422	<i>t</i>	7.202
Taxes	\$	290,729 248,694	\$	290,729 249,894	\$	298,122 251,509	\$	7,393 1,615
Intergovernmental Licenses and permits		5,650		249,694 9,150		10,285		1,135
Fines and forfeits		3,030		3,130		165		1,133
Public charges for services		3,500		3,500		5,000		1,500
Intergovernmental charges for services		15,000		31,800		44,152		12,352
Miscellaneous		400		400		9,289		8,889
Wilderfulleous		100		100		3,203	-	0,005
Total revenues		563,973		585,473		618,522		33,049
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		93,500		92,799		91,072		1,727
Public safety		109,500		113,000		111,625		1,375
Public works		277,973		254,778		253,443		1,335
Conservation and development		3,000		3,000		484		2,516
Debt service								
Principal		**		1,832		1,832		
Interest and fiscal charges		100.000		363		363		7.50
Capital outlay		100,000	_	185,200		184,440		760
Total expenditures		583,973		650,972		643,259	5	7,713
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(20,000)		(65,499)	-	(24,737)	7	40,762
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Long-term debt issued			-	40,000		40,000		
Net change in fund balance		(20,000)		(25,499)		15,263		40,762
Fund balance - January 1		115,468	-	115,468		115,468		-
Fund balance - December 31	\$	95,468	\$	89,969	_\$_	130,731	_\$	40,762

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

	Custodial Fund
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 676,693
LIABILITIES Due to other governments	\$ 676,693
NET POSITION Fiduciary net position - held for others	\$ -

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

		Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS Property taxes and special charges collected	\$	1,316,070
DEDUCTIONS Payments to other taxing jurisdictions	8	1,316,070
Change in net position	ş	<u> =</u>
Net position - December 31	\$	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Town of Cooperstown, Manitowoc County, Wisconsin (the "Town"), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Town are described below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five member board. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the Town (the primary government) and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Town. The Town has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards established in GASB Statement No. 61.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported. The Town has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for the general fund.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund

This is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

The Town also reports the following fiduciary fund:

Custodial Fund

The custodial fund accounts for property taxes and specials collected on behalf of other governments. These amounts were recorded in the general fund in prior years. Due to the implementation of GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, they are now recorded in a custodial fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

2. Property Taxes and Special Charges/Receivable

Property taxes and special charges consist of taxes on real estate and personal property and user charges assessed against Town properties. They are levied during December of the prior year and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes and special charges are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by January 31 are purchased by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Town. Special charges not paid by January 31 are held in trust by the County and remitted to the Town, including interest, when collected by the County.

In addition to its levy, the Town also levies and collects taxes for the Denmark School District, Mishicot School District, Reedsville School District, Manitowoc County, Northeast Wisconsin Technical College and the Lakeshore Technical College.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements.

4. Inventories

Inventories are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$2,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of a year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 40
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	7
Infrastructure	15 - 30

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- ▶ Restricted fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- ► Committed fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the Town Board. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the Town Board using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of Town management. The Town Board has not authorized an employee to assign fund balance.
- ▶ Unassigned fund balance. Amounts that are available for any purpose.

The Town has not adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. When a policy does not specify the spend-down policy, GASB Statement No. 54 indicates that restricted funds would be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets. Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- ▶ Restricted net position. Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There is no restricted net position on December 31, 2019.
- ▶ Unrestricted net position. Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

E. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

A. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- Prior to December, the Town Clerk submits to the Town Board a proposed operating budget for the calendar year
 commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of
 financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
 Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by
 Town Board action.
- 2. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- 3. During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

- 4. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each activity or department of the Town. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by management and are subsequently authorized by the Town Board.
- 5. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the Town to record commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services.

The Town did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS

The following expenditure accounts of the governmental fund had actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2019 as follows:

	Exce	155
Funds	Expend	itures
General		7.
General Government		
Financial Administration	\$	119

The excess expenditures were funded with favorable variances in other appropriated accounts.

C. PROPERTY TAX LEVY LIMIT

Wisconsin state statutes provide for a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties. For the 2019 and 2020 budget years, Wisconsin Statutes limit the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the change in the Town's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the Town for the 2019 budget was 1.20%. The actual limit for the Town for the 2020 budget was 0.68%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, Wisconsin statutes allow the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Town maintains various cash and investment accounts which are displayed on the financial statements as "Cash and investments".

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

The carrying amount of the Town's cash and investments totaled \$959,327 on December 31, 2019 as summarized below:

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Deposits with financial institutions	Ψ	959,190
	\$	959,327
Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:		
Government-wide statement of net position Cash and investments Fiduciary fund statement of net position	\$	282,634
Custodial fund		676,693
	\$	959,327

Fair Value Measurements

Petty cash and cash on hand

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Town currently has no investments that are subject to fair value measurement.

Deposits and investments of the Town are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the Town's deposits and the related risks.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The Town does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Deposits with credit unions are insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) in the amount of \$250,000 per credit union member. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

As of December 31, 2019, \$307,203 of the Town's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. The entire amount was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent but not in the Town's name.

B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

		eginning Balance	Increases		D.	0.000.00		Ending
Governmental activities:	Dalatice			increases		Decreases		Balance
Capital assets, nondepreciable:								
Land	\$	55,774	\$	-	\$	22	\$	55,774
Construction in progress		13,671		91,191		104,862	,	E
Total capital assets, nondepreciable		69,445	_	91,191		104,862	-	55,774
Capital assets, depreciable:								
Buildings and improvements		71,504		9,400		1(=)		80,904
Machinery and equipment		350,262		45,500		10,000		385,762
Vehicles		20,211		2		(<u>~</u>)		20,211
Infrastructure		768,188		143,211		(E		911,399
Subtotals		1,210,165		198,111		10,000		1,398,276
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		41,759		1,640		122		43,399
Machinery and equipment		310,869		5,156		9,500		306,525
Vehicles		20,211		12		(2		20,211
Infrastructure		295,330		35,810		(5)		331,140
Subtotals		668,169		42,606		9,500		701,275
Total capital assets, depreciable, net	-	541,996		155,505		500		697,001
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	611,441	_\$_	246,696	<u>\$</u>	105,362		752,775
Less: Capital related debt								(38,168)
Less: Capital related accounts payable								(33,352)
Net investment in capital assets							_\$_	681,255

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 2,336
Public works	 40,270
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 42,606

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

C. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Beginning					E	nding	Due	e Within
	Balance	Is	sued	R	etired	B	alance	Or	ne Year
Governmental activities:								0.	
Direct borrowings									
General obligation notes	\$	\$	40,000		1,832	\$	38,168	_\$	7,503

The Town's outstanding general obligation notes from direct borrowings of \$38,168 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts shall at the option of the lender, without notice, mature and become immediately payable.

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$363.

General Obligation Debt

General obligation direct borrowings outstanding on December 31, 2019 totaled \$38,168 and were comprised of the following issues:

	Date of	Final	Interest	Original		Original Ba	
	lssue	Maturity	Rates	Inde	btedness_	12	2/31/19
General obligation notes	8/14/19	8/1/24	3.55%	\$	40,000	_\$	38,168

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$38,168 on December 31, 2019 are detailed below:

	Governmental Activities									
Year Ended	Direc	Direct borrowings - General Obligation Notes								
December 31,		Principal	Interest							
2020	\$	7,503	\$	1,277						
2021		7,781		999						
2022		8,065		715						
2023		8,359		421						
2024		6,460		117						
	\$	38,168	\$	3,529						

For governmental activities, the other long-term liabilities are generally funded by the general fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 "SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

D. LEGAL MARGIN FOR NEW DEBT

The Town's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2019 was \$6,002,342 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the Town	\$ 120,810,200
Statutory limitation percentage	 (x) 5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the	
Wisconsin Statutes	6,040,510
Net outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation	 38,168
Legal margin for new debt	\$ 6,002,342

E. FUND EQUITY

Nonspendable Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of the governmental fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At December 31, 2019, nonspendable fund balance was as follows:

General Fund Nonspendable Inventory

\$ 4,702

Committed Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of government fund balances are committed by Town Board action. At December 31, 2019, General Fund balance was committed as follows:

General Fund Committed for	
General public building	\$ 500
General government outlay	565
Highway and street outlay	20,000
Highway equipment outlay	12,300
Highway building outlay	870
Subsequent years' budget	 83,535
Total committed fund balance	\$ 117,770

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019
"SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT"

NOTE 4: OTHER INFORMATION

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Town completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage.

B. CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Town is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

C. UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Town is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted.

GENERAL FUND
DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budget			A !		Variance Final Budget - Positive		
-		Original		Final		Actual	(Ne	gative)
Taxes General property Forest crop/MFL taxes Interest on taxes	\$	290,729	\$	290,729 	\$	290,729 7,306 87	\$	7,306 87
Total taxes		290,729		290,729		298,122		7,393
Intergovernmental State State shared taxes		49,864		49,864		49,864		-
Fire insurance dues		4,200		4,200		4,444		244
Tax exempt computer aid Transportation Municipal service aid		147,712		147,712		18 147,712 349		18 - 349
Forest crop aid						206		206
Payment in lieu of taxes Election		600		600 1,200		610 1,200		10
Recycling County		6,000		6,000		6,938		938
Bridge aid	8	40,318		40,318		40,168		(150)
Total intergovernmental	-	248,694		249,894		251,509		1,615
Licenses and permits Licenses Business and occupational Dog		650 1,000		650 1,000		738 917		88 (83)
Permits Building Zoning Other		4,000		7,500		8,155 350 125		655 350 125
Total licenses and permits		5,650		9,150		10,285		1,135
Fines and forfeits Court fines and penalties			-			165_		165
Public charges for services General government Highway		2		020		90 1,710		90 1,710
Garbage and recycling		3,500		3,500	70	3,200		(300)
Total public charges for services		3,500	\4	3,500		5,000		1,500
Intergovernmental charges for services Highway		15,000	_	31,800	_	44,152	***	12,352
Miscellaneous Interest on investments Donations		400		400		743 1,840		343 1,840
Sale of Property and equipment Other		(5 (5)		7E)		5,700 1,006		5,700 1,006
Other Total miscellaneous	_	400	л 	400		9,289		1,006 8,889
Total revenues	\$	563,973	\$	585,473	_\$_	618,522	\$	33,049

GENERAL FUND
DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	D	.		Variance Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
	Original	dget Final	Actual		
General government					
Town board	\$ 23,000	\$ 21,000	\$ 20,657	\$ 343	
Legal	5,000	1,800	1,709	91	
General administration	27,000	23,720	23,097	623	
Financial administration	24,000	16,200	16,319	(119)	
Town hall	2,000	9,419	9,168	251	
Elections		2,660	2,209	451	
Assessor	12.500	6,800	6,800	07	
Insurance and bonds	12,500 93,500	11,200	11,113	87	
Total general government	93,500	92,799	91,072	1,727	
Public safety					
Constable	1,500	1,500	1,185	315	
Inspection	2,000	5,000	4,030	970	
Fire department	90,000	90,400	90,342	58	
Rescue squad	16,000	16,100	16,068	32	
Total public safety	109,500	113,000	111,625	1,375	
Public works					
Salaries and wages	ם	69,355	69,294	61	
Street maintenance	222,973	131,918	131,532	386	
Street lighting	3,000	3,000	2,523	477	
Garbage collection	32,000	32,000	31,631	369	
Recycling	20,000	18,500	18,458	42	
Weed and nuisance control	(4)	5	5		
Total public works	277,973	254,778	253,443	1,335	
Conservation and development					
Planning commission	3,000	3,000	484	2,516	
Capital outlay					
General government	-	9,400	9,400	341	
Public works	100,000	175,800	175,040	760	
Total capital outlay	100,000	185,200	184,440	760	
Debt service					
Principal		1,832	1,832		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	363	363	(#)	
Total debt service		2,195	2,195		
T ()				4 	
Total expenditures	\$ 583,973	\$ 650,972	\$ 643,259	\$ 7,713	

