

CHAPTER IX

DUMPING AND STORAGE OF RUBBISH, JUNKED AUTOMOBILES AND JUNKED EQUIPMENT

SECTION 9.00. Definitions: For the purposes of this Chapter:

9.01. The word "rubbish" as used in this Chapter is defined to waste, refuse, and such as tin cans, used lumber, tree stumps and branches, lawn rakings, glass, waste, metal, garbage, ashes, junk, crockery and part or parts of any automobile or motor vehicle, and similar waste products and debris.

9.02. The words "junked automobile" as used in this Chapter are defined as any self-propelled vehicle which is in an inoperative condition and remains in said inoperative condition for a period of thirty (30) days, whether or not licensed pursuant to Chapter 341 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

9.03. The words "junked equipment" as used in this Chapter are defined as any equipment, articles, tools, or implements, either farm or otherwise, which are in an inoperative condition and remain in said inoperative condition for a period of thirty (30) days, or are of no or nominal value or have been discarded.

SECTION 9.10. Prohibitions and Restrictions. Except for the storage in receptacles incidental to normal residential use of property and except for premises licensed as junk dealers, junk storage and motor vehicle salvage businesses and except for tree stumps, branches and tree trunks in farm woodlots, it shall be unlawful to dump or store

rubbish, junked automobiles or junked equipment upon any property within the Town of Spring Prairie, County of Walworth and State of Wisconsin.

SECTION 9.20. Penalty. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this Chapter shall be deemed guilty of an offense, and upon conviction thereof, shall forfeit not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$250.00 and the costs of prosecution for each and every offense with each day that such offense exists, being determined a separate and distinct offense, and in default of payment thereof in the case of any individual, by imprisonment in the County Jail for Walworth County, Wisconsin, for such time, not less than five (5) days and not exceeding thirty (30) days, as the Court shall determine, unless judgment is sooner paid.