

December 13, 2017

To the City Council City of Calais, Maine

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calais, Maine for the year ended June 30, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our meeting with the Mayor on June 1, 2017. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibilities under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance

As stated in our engagement letter dated May 31, 2017, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Calais, Maine's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Calais, Maine's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also, in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Calais, Maine's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the City of Calais, Maine's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on the City of Calais, Maine's compliance with those requirements.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Calais, Maine are described in the notes to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2017. We noted no transactions entered into by the City of Calais, Maine during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were management's estimate of depreciation expense, which is based on estimated useful lives of assets and the net pension liability, which is based on actuarial reports. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop depreciation expense and the net pension liability in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements, some of which were material to the financial statements. See attached adjusting journal entries.

The attached report entitled "Passed Adjusting Journal Entries" lists the uncorrected misstatements of the financial statements. Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the attached management representation letter dated December 13, 2017, which was signed by management.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City of Calais, Maine's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City of Calais, Maine's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of City contributions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

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We were engaged to report on the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, School Committee, and management of the City of Calais, Maine and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Rungen Kusten Ouellette

City of Calais Adjusting Journal Entries - City 6/30/2017

		_	Debit	Credit
1	7-7700-00	Grant Revenue	227,537.10	
_	7-7206-00	Sewer AR MMBB 340k	,	227,537.10
		gainst revenue as receivable was recorded in PY.		,
2	8-8220-00	Ambulance Fees Current		40,443.01
	8-8225-00	Ambulance Fees Past Due		30,718.30
	8-8275-00	Ambulance Allowance for Bad Debt		35,423.55
	8-8500-00	Uncollectible Allowance	35,423.55	
	8-8500-00	Ambulance Revenue Commercial	71,161.31	
	To adjust AR to actual and allowar	nce to a properly calculated amount.		
3	6-8500-00	Ambulance Contractual Allowance		1,696.24
	6-8220-00	Ambulance Fees Current	7,205.53	·
	6-8225-00	Ambulance Fees Past Due		5,509.29
	To adjust AR to actual.			
4	E0670-4512	Additional local appropriation	50,000.00	
	1-1220-00	A/R School - Due City		50,000.00
	To adjust due to School to include	CIP appropriation not paid as of June 30, 2017.		
5	7-7320-00	Sewer Construction in Progress	18,482.77	
	7-7700-00	Grant Revenue		18,482.77
	To recognize draw that was not ad	lded to CIP.		
6	7-7468-00	Sewer BP Manning Street		25,845.25
	7-7320-00	Sewer Constructino In Progress	25,845.25	
	To move current CIP out of the bon	nd payable account for Manning Street.		
7	7-7320-00	Sewer Constrcution in Progress	22,693.00	
	7-7625-00	Invested in Fixed Assets		22,693.00
	To move CIP for Poole Street out of	f fund balance.		
8	7-7320-00	Sewer Constrcution in Progress	11,773.43	
	7-7625-00	Invested in Fixed Assets		11,773.43
	To move CIP for Temperance street	t out of fund balance.		
9	4-1110-00	Revolving Loan Investments	226.01	
	4-1210-00	Loans Receivable RLF		6,560.61
	4-1215-00	Allowance for Bad Debt RLF		8,414.92
	4-2050-01	Due to/from General Fund	5,895.84	
	4-7000-00	Fund Balance	8,853.68	
	To adjust Uptown Loan Fund to ac	tual.		
10	3-1110-00	Econ Dev Loan Investments	9,208.25	
	3-1210-00	Loans Receivable UDAG		42,775.81
	3-1215-00	Allowance for Bad Debt EDLF	28,874.15	
	3-2000-00	Accounts Payable EDLF	8,668.15	
	3-2050-01	Due to/from General Fund		1,924.92
	3-7000-00	Fund Balance		2,049.82

11	2-0420-00	DTOF-GF Poor		1,875.00			
	2-0435-00			•			
	To move expenditures recorded in account 1-4745-00 to trust fund.						
	,	ŕ					
12	1-2310-00	MMA Health Insurance		60,281.93			
	0160-5202	HLTH/DENT/IP	2,652.42				
	0130-5202	HLTH/DENT/IP	1,181.53				
	0140-5202	HLTH/DENT/IP	2,652.40				
	0210-5202	HLTH/DENT/IP	1,181.53				
	0220-5202	HLTH/DENT/IP	2,652.40				
	0310-5202	HLTH/DENT/IP	11,067.76				
	0320-5202	HLTH/DENT/IP	11,031.59				
	0410-5202	HLTH/DENT/IP	14,142.14				
	8000-5202	HLTH/DENT/IP	11,067.76				
	0230-5202	HLTH/DENT/IP	2,652.40				
	To bring health insurance liabili	ty to actual as of 6/30/2017.					
13	R-0100-0316	Miscellaneous Income	5,389.66				
	1830-00	Special Gas Account		5,389.66			
	To flush old receivable balances	out of inventory.					
14	8-8610-00	Ambulance Invested in Capital	32,586.25				
	8-8320-00	Accumulated Depreciation		32,586.25			
	To bring ambulance accumulate	ed depreciation to actual.					
15	7-7312-00	Sewer Infrastucture	87,036.65				
	7-7320-00	Sewer Construction in Progress		87,036.65			
	To align PY CIP and infrastructure with 2017 audited amounts.						
16	7-7312-00	Sewer Infrastructure	1,646,219.00				
	7-7320-00	Sewer Construction in Progress		1,646,219.00			
	To close completed projects out	of CIP for FY 2017.					
17	7-7350-00	Sewer-Plant Accum Dep		566,710.00			
	7-7625-00	Invested in Fixed Assets	566,710.00				
	To recognize current depreciation	on in sewer fund.					
40	7 4700 00	1404/TB 11		2.050.00			
18	7-4780-00	WWTP Upgrade (Sewer Fund)	2.050.00	2,850.00			
	7-4794-00	New Cemetary Lots	2,850.00				
	To correct closing entry that wa	s postea to tne wrong line.					
10	P0100 0316	2016 Taylor	F4 000 00				
19	R0100-0216	2016 Taxes	54,900.00	E4 000 00			
	1-2910-00	Deferred property taxes		54,900.00			
	To adjust deferred property taxe	ביז נט עכנעעו.					

City of Calais Adjusting Journal Entries - School Department 6/30/2017

		_	Debit	Credit
1	1000-0000-0000-10110-000	CashCash Receipts/Transfers (City)	50,000.00	
•	1000-0000-0000-12100-000	Accounts Receivable	30,000.00	50,000.00
	To move amount owed from City out of			30,000.00
		, , ,		
2	1000-0000-0000-20100-000	Accounts Payable	15,000.00	
	1000-0000-0000-25600-000	DTF		15,000.00
	6000-0000-0000-25100-000	DTF	15,000.00	
	6000-0000-0000-12200-000	Accounts Receivable - Due from State		15,000.00
	To remove receivable and payable book	ed between general fund and school lunch fund.		
3	1000-0000-0000-21900-000	FEDFUNDHI	9.49	
3	1000-0000-0000-21900-000	MSRS Retirement	9.49 11,277.34	
	1000-0000-0000-22400-000	MSRS Basic	11,277.34	1,327.99
	1000-0000-0000-22410-000	MSRS Supplemental		613.49
	1000-0000-0000-22420-000	MSRS Dependent		122.68
	1000-0000-0000-22450-000	MSRS Federally Funded		5,684.89
	1000-0000-0000-22430-000	Federal Withholding		39.16
	1000-0000-0000-23110-000	Social Security		451.68
	1000-0000-0000-23120-000	Medicare	3,661.00	431.00
	1000-0000-0000-23130-000	State Withholding	61.46	
	1000-0000-0000-23131-000	Treasurer, State of Maine	01.10	1,146.00
	1000-0000-0000-23210-000	State Unemployment		14,584.16
	1000-0000-0000-23430-000	Department of Human Services	1,146.00	11,551.15
	1000-0000-0000-23450-000	Calais Education Association	_,	50.00
	1000-0000-0000-23460-000	Capital Guardian Trust		100.00
	1000-0000-0000-23470-000	Northeast Delta Dental		25.31
	1000-0000-0000-23560-000	Allegiant Care		102.51
	1000-0000-0000-23565-000	Lincoln Investment Planning	100.00	
	1000-0000-0000-23570-000	403b ASP	100.00	
	1000-0000-0000-25990-000	Payroll Adjustment		216.49
	1000-1200-1000-52010-300	Teacher benefits	8,109.07	
	To remove payroll liability accounts that	have been on balance sheet for many years.		
4	2190-0000-0000-20100-000	Accounts payable dormant private	5,825.26	
7	2190-0000-0000-25100-000	DTF	3,023.20	5,825.26
	1000-0000-0000-25219-000	DTF	5,825.26	3,023.20
	1000-0000-0000-20100-000	Accounts payable	3,023.20	5,825.26
	To move payables to correct fund.	, toobulits payable		3,023.20
5	6000-0000-0000-11710-000	Inventory	3,673.81	
	6000-0000-3100-56300-900	School Lunch Fund		3,673.81
	To adjust school lunch inventory to actu	al.		
6	1000-0000-0000-30100-000	Undesignated fund balance	7,884.02	
-	1000-0000-0000-29000-000	Accrued payroll	.,	7,884.02
	2300-0000-0000-29000-000	Accrued payroll	1,023.29	1,001.02
	2300-0000-0000-30100-000	Undesignated fund balance	_,0_0.20	1,023.29
	To adjust teacher summer salary accrua	-		_,
	. I may act to action out in the total y decide			

City of Calais Passed Adjusting Journal Entries 6/30/2017

			Debit	Credit
101	N/A (no account number)	Accrued Interest	•	7,119.28
	N/A (no account number)	Net Position - Entity Wide	7,119.28	
	To bring accrued interest to actu			



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December 13, 2017

Runyon Kersteen Ouellette 20 Long Creek Drive South Portland, Maine 04106

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the City of Calais, Maine, which comprise the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, for the purpose of expressing opinions as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement. An omission or misstatement that is monetarily small in amount could be considered material as a result of qualitative factors.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of December 13, 2017, the following representations made to you during your audit.

Financial Statements

- We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated May 31, 2017, including our responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP and for preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with the applicable criteria.
- The financial statements referred to above are fairly presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and include all properly classified funds and other financial information of the primary government and all component units required by generally accepted accounting principles to be included in the financial reporting entity.
- 3) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 4) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- Significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- Related party relationships and transactions, including revenues, expenditures/expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP.
- 7) Adjustments or disclosures have been made for all events, including instances of noncompliance, subsequent to the date of the financial statements that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements or in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.
- 8) We are in agreement with the adjusting journal entries you have proposed, and they have been posted to the accounts
- 9) The effects of the uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements as whole for each opinion unit. A list of uncorrected misstatements is attached to the representation letter.
- The effects of all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the City is contingently liable, if any, have been properly recorded or disclosed.

Information Provided

- 12) We have provided you with:
 - a) Access to all information, of which we are aware, that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, such as records, documentation, and other matters and all audit or relevant monitoring reports, if any, received from funding sources.
 - Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
 - Unrestricted access to persons within the City from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
 - d) Minutes of the meetings of the City Council and School Board or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.
- All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

- 14) We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 15) We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud that affects the City and involves:
 - a) Management,
 - b) Employees who have significant roles in internal control, or
 - c) Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the City's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, regulators, or others.
- 17) We have no knowledge of instances of noncompliance or suspected noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements, or abuse, whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.
- We have disclosed to you all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- 19) We have disclosed to you the identity of the City's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.

Government - specific

- 20) There have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with, or deficiencies in, financial reporting practices.
- 21) We have taken timely and appropriate steps to remedy fraud, noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, or abuse that you have reported to us.
- 22) We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.
- 23) We have identified to you any previous audits, attestation engagements, and other studies related to the audit objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- 24) We have provided our views on reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as our planned corrective actions, for the report.
- 25) The City has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, liabilities, or equity.
- 26) We are responsible for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to us, including tax or debt limits and debt contracts; and legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.

- 27) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances, that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws and regulations that we believe have a material effect on the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives, and any other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance.
- We have identified and disclosed to you all instances, which have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of noncompliance with provisions of contracts and grant agreements that we believe have a material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 29) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of abuse that could be quantitatively or qualitatively material to the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 30) There are no violations or possible violations of budget ordinances, laws and regulations (including those pertaining to adopting, approving, and amending budgets), provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements, or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, or for reporting on noncompliance.
- As part of your audit, you assisted with preparation of the financial statements and related notes and schedule of expenditures of federal awards. We acknowledge our responsibility as it relates to those nonaudit services, including that we assume all management responsibilities; oversee the services by designating an individual, preferably within senior management, who possesses suitable skill, knowledge, or experience; evaluate the adequacy and results of the services performed; and accept responsibility for the results of the services. We have reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements and related notes and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
- 32) The City has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 33) The City has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 34) The financial statements include all component units as well as joint ventures with an equity interest, and properly disclose all other joint ventures and other related organizations.
- 35) The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34.

- 36) All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASB Statement Nos. 34 and 37 for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are particularly important to financial statement users.
- 37) Components of net position (net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted), and classifications of fund balance (nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned) are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 38) Investments, derivative instruments, and land and other real estate held by endowments are properly valued.
- 39) Provisions for uncollectible receivables have been properly identified and recorded.
- 40) Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 41) Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund principal.
- Interfund, internal, and intra-entity activity and balances have been appropriately classified and reported.
- 43) Deposits and investment securities and derivative instruments are properly classified as to risk and are properly disclosed.
- 44) Capital assets, including infrastructure and intangible assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and, if applicable, depreciated.
- We have appropriately disclosed the City's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available and have determined that net position is properly recognized under the policy.
- We are following our established accounting policy regarding which resources (that is, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned) are considered to be spent first for expenditures for which more than one resource classification is available. That policy determines the fund balance classifications for financial reporting purposes.
- 47) We acknowledge our responsibility for the required supplementary information (RSI). The RSI is measured and presented within prescribed guidelines and the methods of measurement and presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period. We have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the RSI.

- 48) With respect to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, combining and individual fund financial statements and statistical section:
 - a) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, combining and individual fund financial statements and statistical section in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and we believe the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, combining and individual fund financial statements and statistical section, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The methods of measurement and presentation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, combining and individual fund financial statements and statistical section have not changed from those used in prior period, and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the supplementary information.
 - b) If the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, combining and individual fund financial statements and statistical section are not presented with the audited financial statements, we will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the supplementary information no later than the date we issue the supplementary information and the auditor's report thereon.
- 49) With respect to federal award programs:
 - a) We are responsible for understanding and complying with and have complied with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), including requirements relating to preparation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
 - b) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) and related notes in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, and we believe the SEFA, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. The methods of measurement or presentation of the SEFA have not changed from those used in the prior period and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the SEFA.
 - c) If the SEFA is not presented with the audited financial statements, we will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the SEFA no later than the date we issue the SEFA and the auditor's report thereon.

- d) We have identified and disclosed to you all of our government programs and related activities subject to the Uniform Guidance compliance audit, and have included in the SEFA, expenditures made during the audit period for all awards provided by federal agencies in the form of federal awards, federal cost-reimbursement contracts, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations, and other direct assistance.
- e) We are responsible for understanding and complying with, and have complied with, the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of federal awards related to each of our federal programs and have identified and disclosed to you the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of federal awards that are considered to have a direct and material effect on each major program.
- f) We are responsible for establishing and maintaining, and have established and maintained, effective internal control over compliance for federal programs that provides reasonable assurance that we are managing our federal awards in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of federal awards that could have a material effect on our federal programs. We believe the internal control system is adequate and is functioning as intended.
- g) We have made available to you all federal awards (including amendments, if any) and any other correspondence with federal agencies or pass-through entities relevant to federal programs and related activities.
- We have received no requests from a federal agency to audit one or more specific programs as a major program.
- i) We have complied with the direct and material compliance requirements (except for noncompliance disclosed to you), including when applicable, those set forth in the OIMB Compliance Supplement, relating to federal awards and have identified and disclosed to you all amounts questioned and all known noncompliance with the direct and material compliance requirements of federal awards or confirm that there were no amounts questioned and no known noncompliance with the direct and material compliance requirements of federal awards.
- j) We have disclosed any communications from federal awarding agencies and passthrough entities concerning possible noncompliance with the direct and material compliance requirements, including communications received from the end of the period covered by the compliance audit to the date of the auditor's report.

- We have disclosed to you the findings received and related corrective actions taken for previous audits, attestation engagements, and internal or external monitoring that directly relate to the objectives of the compliance audit, including findings received and corrective actions taken from the end of the period covered by the compliance audit to the date of the auditor's report.
- Amounts claimed or used for matching were determined in accordance with relevant guidelines in OMB's Uniform Guidance (2 CFR part 200, subpart E) and OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, if applicable.
- We have disclosed to you our interpretation of compliance requirements that may have varying interpretations.
- We have made available to you all documentation related to compliance with the direct and material compliance requirements, including information related to federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements.
- We have disclosed to you the nature of any subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period affecting noncompliance during the reporting period.
- p) There are no such known instances of noncompliance with direct and material compliance requirements that occurred subsequent to the period covered by the auditor's report.
- q) No changes have been made in internal control over compliance or other factors that might significantly affect internal control, including any corrective action we have taken regarding significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance, subsequent to the period covered by the auditor's report.
- r) Federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements are supported by the books and records from which the financial statements have been prepared.
- s) The copies of federal program financial reports provided you are true copies of the reports submitted, or electronically transmitted, to the respective federal agency or pass-through entity, as applicable.
- t) We have charged costs to federal awards in accordance with applicable cost principles.

- We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the summary schedule of prior audit findings to include all findings required to be included by the Uniform Guidance, and we have provided you with all information on the status of the follow-up on prior audit findings by federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, including all management decisions.
- We are responsible for and have ensured the reporting package does not contain protected personally identifiable information.
- We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the auditee section of the Data Collection Form as required by the Uniform Guidance.
- We are responsible for taking corrective action on each audit finding of the compliance audit and have developed a corrective action plan that meets the requirements of the Uniform Guidance.

Signed/

Clanad



December 13, 2017

To the Management of the City of Calais, Maine, and Calais School Department:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calais, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City of Calais, Maine's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calais, Maine's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calais, Maine's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control (2017-001 through 2017-004) to be significant deficiencies.

During our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The attached schedule summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding these matters. They have been identified in the schedule of comments and responses.

We wish to express our appreciation for the cooperation and assistance we received from the officials and employees of the City of Calais, Maine during the course of our audit.

City of Calais, Maine Page 2

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed them with various City and School personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

The City of Calais, Maine's responses to the significant deficiencies and other comments identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of comments and responses. The City of Calais, Maine's responses were not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Council, School Committee, and others within the City of Calais, Maine, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rungen Kusten Owellette

Sincerely,

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Schedule of Comments and Responses June 30, 2017

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2017-001 - Preparation of Financial Statements (City)

Auditing standards require external auditors to determine whether or not client personnel designated as having responsibility over the financial reporting process possess the expertise to identify all financial reporting matters in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles without the reliance on external auditors. This means that these individuals would need to have the knowledge of all the various financial statement disclosure requirements in addition to an understanding of fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements. From a practical standpoint, the costs of maintaining the expertise in-house to meet these requirements often exceed the benefit. As a result, it is common practice for governmental entities to rely on assistance from their auditing firm to assist in the preparation of the financial statements and the related disclosures. When the auditing firm prepares the financial statements, the City must assign a competent management level individual to oversee this service. Additionally, management must review, approve, and accept responsibility for the financial statements and related notes.

Unfortunately, when this approach is taken, the City is considered to have a control deficiency in the design of internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and as a result, we are required to report this as such in this letter.

Management's response/corrective action plan: The City continues to use auditor financial schedules to assist in the preparation of the audit, as it is not cost effective to have this expertise in-house. Management and the School Department continue to need some assistance when analyzing equity of the various funds, but will continue its efforts to minimize auditor assistance. Management is making sure that finance personnel attend adequate training. Management will also consider the feasibility of implementing cross-training of all functions amongst the limited number of admin staff.

<u>2017-002 – Material Audit Adjusting Journal Entries (City)</u>

The general ledger includes activity and balances of the City's asset, liability, revenue, and expenditure/expense accounts. Many of these accounts required audit adjustments at year-end, including ambulance receivables, capital assets, and various revenue and expenditure/expense accounts. Both individually and in the aggregate, these entries were material to the financial statements. Whenever the auditor is required to propose a material amount of entries, the risk of material misstatement due to fraud or error increases significantly.

In order to maintain an accurate accounting of all accounts on the general ledger and provide accurate financial reports during the year, we recommend that City employees reconcile the ending balances of each general ledger account on a monthly basis. We suggest that management establish a checklist of required monthly and year-end adjustments to ensure that general ledger accounts are being reconciled in a timely manner. Additionally, we suggest that the proprietary funds be maintained on a full accrual basis as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Schedule of Comments and Responses, Continued June 30, 2017

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

We believe that the following procedures should be performed on a monthly basis:

- Reconciliation of the detailed listing of ambulance accounts receivable to the general ledger balances
- Review of direct fund balance posts and properly classify these entries out of fund balance.

Management's response/corrective action plan: Management, in conjunction with City finance staff, has created a checklist of the various general ledger accounts that require reconciliation on a monthly and/or annual basis as well as a checklist for the journal entries required annually. Currently, the number of accounts on the General Ledger are numerous and time-consuming to be reconcile monthly. Finance staff will attempt to reconcile the accounts at least quarterly. Management will continue to send finance staff to appropriate trainings as necessary and promote cross-training where needed.

<u>2017-003 – Account Structure of the City General Ledger (City)</u>

The current account structure that is being utilized within the City's accounting system is not reflective of the reporting objectives of management. Currently, nearly all of the individual nonmajor governmental funds (special revenue and capital project funds), which ideally should be reported separately, are recorded as single account lines in the general fund assets and liabilities. The effect of utilizing single lines for account purposes is that there are no revenue or expenditure accounts for any of the nonmajor governmental funds. This makes financial reporting for individual funds difficult, as all of the activity within these funds needs to be manually adjusted for financial statement preparation. We believe that management should update its account structure so that every fund that either is required to be reported separately, or that management wishes to report separately, has its own unique fund number within the accounting system.

Additionally, within the proprietary funds (Ambulance and Sewer), revenues are reported as liability and fund balance accounts rather than revenue accounts. These accounts will not close to fund balance without a manual adjusting journal entry posted at the end of the year. We suggest that all revenues recorded within the liability and fund balance accounts be reclassified as revenue accounts so the accounting system can properly close at year-end.

Management's response/corrective action plan: Management has considered the feasibility and efficiency of implementing a revised account structure that would reflect each fund separately with its own unique fund number. Management, with the assistance of finance staff, has revised the account structure effective July 1, 2017 to move revenues off of the Balance Sheet for the proprietary funds. New funds or accounts will be set up as a unique fund so that going forward, these types of accounts are easier to track and report on.

2017-004 – Budget Errors (City)

As part of the budget process, the City is required to pass a balanced budget that assesses to taxpayers the total appropriations less any non-property tax revenues. During the fiscal year 2017, we discovered that the City did not take into account the School Department's use of fund balance, a non-property tax revenue, and subsequently overstated the School Department net appropriation by \$226,143. We suggest that management take care in preparation of future budgets to avoid over stating the yearly property tax commitment.

<u>Management's response/corrective action plan:</u> The budget error was brought to the attention of Management during the audit of the FY16 financial statements. The budget for FY17 was already completed and a similar error had been made. The budget for FY18 has omitted the use of fund balance by the School.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Schedule of Comments and Responses, Continued June 30, 2017

OTHER COMMENTS

Segregation of Duties (City)

Segregation of duties involves the assignment of responsibilities in such a way that different employees handle different parts of the same transaction. Anyone who records transactions or has access to assets ordinarily is in a position to perpetrate errors or irregularities. Appropriate segregation of duties helps to detect errors in a timely manner and deter improper activities. For example, having an employee with no cash receipts or disbursements responsibility perform the bank reconciliation is considerably more effective in meeting the applicable specific internal accounting control objectives than having the reconciliation performed by an employee with such responsibility. Similarly, internal accounting control is enhanced when the employee who handles the accounting for an asset, such as cash, is denied access to the asset.

During the audit process, we noted that the City Finance Director has signing authority on the City's bank accounts. We would recommend that signing authority for bank accounts be limited to individuals who do not perform bank reconciliations or have access to the general ledger.

<u>Management's response/corrective action plan:</u> Appropriate segregation of duties is impossible due to the limited number of employees on staff. Bank reconciliations will be reviewed by the City Manager. In practice, the Finance Director never signs City General Fund or Payroll checks unless the other two signors are out of town.

Journal Entries (City and School)

During our review of journal entries, we noted a lack of an approval process. The City and the School Department should consider implementing a system in which journal entries are prepared, and posted by different individuals, or else have approvals documented by a signature of an approving officer. In addition, journal entries over a certain dollar amount, including interfund transfers, should be approved by the City Manager (City) or Superintendent (School) and documented by a signature.

<u>Management's response/corrective action plan</u>: Management now reviews and signs off on all journal entries recommended by the Finance Director. Journal entries are also available for inspection by any member of the City Council at any time.

Activity Funds - High School and Middle School Receipts

During our review of the cash receipting process for the High School and Middle School Activity Funds, we noted that in four of the forty receipts tested, the deposit was not made within ten days of collecting the funds. Whenever cash is held on hand for extended periods of time it becomes more susceptible to theft or misuse. Additionally, we discovered one instance where a copy of the deposit slip was not retained. We recommended that the School Department establish a policy regarding the timing of deposits for the activity funds and ensure that copies of deposit slips are retained for every deposit.

<u>Management's response/corrective action plan:</u> The Superintendent will meet with the building administrator to review management response. The building administrator will meet with the high/middle school bookkeeper and review the internal system write up to assure the procedures are followed. It will also be noted that all deposits are to be made within 10 days.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Schedule of Comments and Responses, Continued June 30, 2017

Activity Funds - St Croix Regional Tech Center (SRTC) Receipts

During our review of the cash receipting process for the SRTC Activity Fund, we noted that in three of the twelve receipts tested, the required deposit worksheet was not completed. Since the worksheet was not completed, we were unable to determine if funds were posted to the proper activity fund. Additionally, we found one instance where management held a deposit for longer than ten days. We suggest that management review the activity fund receipting policies with the activity fund director and ensure that the deposit summary form is completed for each deposit and that deposits are made within ten days of receiving the funds.

<u>Management's response/corrective action plan:</u> The Superintendent will meet with the SRTC administrator to review management response. The SRTC administrator will meet with SRTC school bookkeeper and review the internal system write up to assure the procedures are followed. It will also be noted that all deposits are to be made within 10 days.

School Lunch Receipts

During our review of the controls over the school lunch program's cash receipts, we found that the School Department does not have a process to track daily sales. The School Department relies on the deposit information provided by the school lunch director and is unable to reconcile deposits to actual sales transactions. By not tracking individual cash sales, management is increasing the risk of funds being lost or stolen without detection by the control system. We believe that controls can be improved by implementing a point of sale system or by using electronic cash registers. Either of these systems will improve controls as management will be able to reconcile receipts reported by the school lunch director to the original source documentation, such as a register tape.

<u>Management's response/corrective action plan:</u> The school department will look at the cost of implementing either a point of sale system or electronic cash register.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE

Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Annual Financial Report For the year ended June 30, 2017

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CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Annual Financial Report For the year ended June 30, 2017

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Independent Auditor's Report

City Council City of Calais, Maine

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calais, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Calais, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calais, Maine, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of City contributions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Calais, Maine's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rungen Kusten Owellette

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Calais, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Calais, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 13, 2017 South Portland, Maine

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is a narrative of the City of Calais's fiscal activity for the year ending June 30, 2017. The financial statements are presented in a manner that fairly represents the City's present financial position in respect to all funds and accounts. Included is all the information to accurately understand the City's financial position, and the data is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

The report includes funds and accounts that the City of Calais is required, either by legal or fiduciary duty, to maintain in the operation of all services. The use of the additional financial statements is encouraged to more fully understand the report.

The financial information of the City includes all City departments. All City departments include municipal departments (Public Works, Police, Fire, Ambulance, Administration, Library, Recreation, Sewer, and Water) and the School Department. The School Department and all other municipal departments combined are what comprise the City. The financial statements and notes include the municipal and school departments as one total. The combination of these gives the true financial status of the City of Calais.

THE COMMUNITY

The City of Calais is a border community located on the St. Croix River in Washington County, Maine, the sixth busiest port on the U.S.-Canada border. The government of the City of Calais consists of a six-member City Council and Mayor, elected at large, and a Manager system governed by a City Charter. The City was incorporated in 1851.

Calais has physical boundaries with the municipalities of Robbinston and the unorganized plantation of Baring, as well as strong physical and economic connections with St. Stephen, N.B. over the international bridge. After the opening of the new international bridge, located at the City's Industrial Park, in November 2009, truck traffic in the downtown area has decreased significantly.

The City of Calais has a wealth of historic and archaeological resources as a result of its location at the head of the tide of the St. Croix River. The City is investing in the Waterfront Park as part of its downtown revitalization efforts. The Waterfront Walkway is part of the East Coast Greenway stretching from Key West, Florida to Calais, Maine. In 2012, the City received the Maine Downtown Network Designation from the Downtown Revitalization Coalition for continuing efforts for economic development in our downtown.

Calais has a wide variety of facilities and services provided by the public and private sectors. This is the heritage of a once much larger City as well as a strong spirit of volunteerism and cooperation among citizens. It is also the result of prudent investments that will continue with the priorities the City has set, and with the capital improvement plan.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City administration is responsible for the accounting structure of the community. This structure includes the establishment of financial controls that protect the City from loss and misuse. All accounting information is maintained and reported using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Further, the administration performs constant review of all services to promote and assure optimum utilization of resources to provide the services requested by the community. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurances that these objectives are attained. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of any control should not exceed the benefit likely to be derived; (2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires judgments by management.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following is a summary of the financial highlights of the City for the fiscal year:

- The balance of the City's cash and investment assets as of June 30, 2017 was \$2,254,626 (combined governmental activities and business-type activities).
- The City's long-term debt increased by \$26,221, for a balance of \$8,933,496 (combined governmental activities and business-type activities).
- The City's net position increased by a total of \$796,233 (combined governmental activities and business-type activities).
- Fund balance as reported in the City's fund financial statements increased by \$140,430 to a total of \$4,309,951.
- On a budgetary basis, the City's and School Department's revenues and other financing sources exceeded its expenditures and other financing uses by \$90,304 and \$138,416, respectively.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are prepared and are part of the City's annual audit. The MD&A serves as a subjective explanation by the City of the data contained in the audit. The three areas that the financial statements are broken into include: 1. government-wide financial statements, 2. fund financial statements, and 3. notes to the basic financial statements. Subjective analyses of the statements are also made and other supplementary information to better explain the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are a total overview of the City's financial status. They include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and activities in a manner similar to private sector accounting. The purpose is to show City finance's in a format that is familiar to the common person.

The statement of net position is used to express the financial data required for the government-wide financials. This shows the total assets which include land, buildings, inventory, and other capital assets, and deferred outflows of resources. These are then reduced by the liabilities, which include total bonds and leases due over their entire lives, and deferred inflows of resources. The result is the net position of the City.

Government-wide statements distinguish business-type activities from governmental activities. Business-type activities are those that are funded through user fees or user-based revenue; no tax dollars being the key distinction from governmental activities. It then follows that governmental activities are those that are primarily funded through taxes and governmental fees. The business-type activities in Calais include ambulance, sewer, and water department operations.

Fund Financial Statements

The City segregates accounts into funds, which are presented in the fund financial statements. Each fund is presented separately in order to accurately report specific account activities. The determination of funds is based upon accounting standards and legal requirements. The City presents two major funds: the General Fund (City only) and the School Department Operations (School General Fund). All other governmental funds (special revenue, capital project, and permanent funds) are presented together in the aggregate.

General Fund

The general fund covers essentially the same data as included in the government-wide statements. The difference is that fund financials focus on yearly inflows and outflows to determine a specific year's accessible resources. Capital assets and depreciation are not included because they do not exemplify a specific year's transactions.

A budgetary comparison statement is provided to show budgeted amounts as compared to the actual activity. This information is useful to determine future budgets and community planning.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its ambulance, sewer, and water department operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the City in a trustee capacity or agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these funds to finance its operations. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-25 of this report.

Other Governmental Funds

Other Governmental Funds are comprised of special revenue funds, permanent funds, and capital project funds. These funds were each individually determined to be non-major and are required to be categorized and grouped into other governmental funds. Separate schedules are provided in the other supplemental information.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements are included in the audit to give specific comment to certain areas. These are a crucial part of the audit and are closely monitored by City administration. The reason they are monitored is that they provide additional insight into activities of the City. These can show areas of strength and weakness for continued success and improvement. The notes to the basic financial statements are included on pages 26-44.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 45-47.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$23,869,744 as of June 30, 2017.

A portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and improvements, vehicles, and furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be use to liquidate these liabilities.

The City's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition, and payment of debt, the acquisition, and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position at June 30, 2017

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2017 2016		2016
Current & other assets	\$ 5,810,312	\$ 5,810,014	(1,286,955)	(956,227)	4,523,357	4,853,787
Capital assets, net	5,340,998	5,222,837	25,918,420	24,405,775	31,259,418	29,628,612
Total assets	11,151,310	11,032,851	24,631,465	23,449,548	35,782,775	34,482,399
Deferred outflows	777,349	353,205	-	-	777,349	353,205
Current liabilities	1,099,364	1,267,478	794,702	375,757	1,894,066	1,643,235
Noncurrent liabilities	2,335,402	1,673,753	8,368,193	8,292,531	10,703,595	9,966,284
Total liabilities	3,434,766	2,941,231	9,162,895	8,668,288	12,597,661	11,609,519
Deferred inflows	92,719	152,574	-	-	92,719	152,574
Net investment in						
capital assets	4,775,695	4,608,093	16,988,908	16,026,463	21,764,603	20,634,556
Restricted	2,051,181	1,845,172	25,769	253,306	2,076,950	2,098,478
Unrestricted	1,574,298	1,838,986	(1,546,107)	(1,498,509)	28,191	340,477
Total net position	\$ 8,401,174	\$ 8,292,251	15,468,570	14,781,260	23,869,744	23,073,511

A portion of the City's net position, 8.7%, represents resources that are restricted. Unrestricted net position of \$28,191 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of June 30, 2017, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole, as well as for its governmental activities. The City was only able to report positive balances in two of the three categories of its net position for the business-type activities.

The following table presents a summary of revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	Business-type Activities		Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 2,064,826	2,058,864	2,619,691	2,555,120	4,684,517	4,613,984	
Operating grants and	, ,	, ,	, ,			, ,	
contributions	6,897,745	6,834,271	-	-	6,897,745	6,834,271	
Capital grants and							
contributions	43,566	176,100	835,158	21,752	878,724	197,852	
Property taxes	3,853,510	3,981,257	-	-	3,853,510	3,981,257	
Excise and misc. taxes	579,003	566,637	-	-	579,003	566,637	
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific purpose	387,698	366,215	-	-	387,698	366,215	
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss)	(7,629)	48,322	2,361	3,626	(5,268)	51,948	
Miscellaneous revenues	42,772	33,392	-	65,515	42,772	98,907	
Loss on disposal of assets	-	(1,931)	-	-	-	(1,931)	
Total revenues	13,861,491	14,063,127	3,457,210	2,646,013	17,318,701	16,709,140	
EXPENSES							
General government	803,594	784,664	-	-	803,594	784,664	
City services	424,942	375,394	-	-	424,942	375,394	
Public safety	1,108,560	1,030,547	-	-	1,108,560	1,030,547	
Public works	843,587	874,142	-	-	843,587	874,142	
County tax	272,695	261,762	-	-	272,695	261,762	
Unclassified	288,499	288,046	-	-	288,499	288,046	
Education	10,080,918	9,894,243	-	-	10,080,918	9,894,243	
Interest on debt service	9,151	11,627	-	-	9,151	11,627	
Capital maintenance	36,433	118,329	-	-	36,433	118,329	
Sewer	-	-	1,144,285	1,253,527	1,144,285	1,253,527	
Ambulance	-	-	970,526	963,584	970,526	963,584	
Water		-	539,278	544,454	539,278	544,454	
Total expenses	13,868,379	13,638,754	2,654,089	2,761,565	16,522,468	16,400,319	
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(6,888)	424,373	803,121	(115,552)	796,233	308,821	
Transfers	115,811	118,090	(115,811)	(118,090)	<u>-</u>		
Change in net position	108,923	542,463	687,310	(233,642)	796,233	308,821	
Net position, beginning of year	8,292,251	7,749,788	14,781,260	15,014,902	23,073,511	22,764,690	
Net position, end of year	\$ 8,401,174	8,292,251	15,468,570	14,781,260	23,869,744	23,073,511	

Analysis of the City's Operations

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased net position by \$108,923. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$167,602, or 3.6%, due to purchases of capital assets and repayment of debt principal exceeding depreciation expense. Unrestricted net position decreased by \$312,286.

Total revenues for governmental activities decreased from the prior year by \$203,915. Property tax revenues decreased \$127,747 or 3.2%, from the prior fiscal year primarily due to the increase in the Homestead Exemption amount.

Expenses of governmental activities, including depreciation expense of \$253,124, increased \$229,625 from the prior fiscal year. Depreciation expense has been allocated and is included in the various function/program expenses of the City.

Business-type Activities

Net position from business-type activities increased by \$687,310 from \$14,781,260 to \$15,468,570. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$962,445, primarily due to ongoing sewer and water projects, most of which were funded with grant revenues.

Charges for services increased \$64,571 or 2.5% from the prior year.

Depreciation expense increased \$53,989 from the prior year to \$798,327.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,309,951, \$140,430 higher than the previous year. As analysis of transactions affecting the change in the combined fund balance of the City's governmental funds is as follows:

Revenues include property taxes totaling \$3,798,610. Excise taxes accounted for \$579,003 in total revenue.

Total governmental fund expenditures for the year were \$13,904,737 and are broken down as follows:

	2017		2016	
General government City services	\$	675,949 392,771	\$	667,591 347,621
Public safety Public works County tax		1,091,039 854,933 272,695		980,718 791,126 261,762
Unclassified Education		287,999 9,331,489		288,046 9,817,795
Debt service Capital outlay		669,477 328,385		142,784 458,155
Total governmental fund expenditures	\$	13,904,737	\$	13,755,598

Proprietary funds

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, ambulance, and water department operations.

Net position of the proprietary fund reported a combined balance of \$15,468,570, \$687,310 higher than the previous year.

Total proprietary fund operating expenses for the year were \$2,606,450 and are broken down as follows:

Total Proprietary Fund Expenses	<u>\$2,606,450</u>
Water fund	<u>578,662</u>
Ambulance fund	968,587
Sewer fund	\$1,059,201

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 amount to \$31,259,418, net of accumulated depreciation. The investment in capital assets includes, land, building and improvements, equipment and furniture, vehicles, infrastructure and construction in progress.

The following summarizes capital assets at year end:

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Total		
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Land	\$	3,111,905	3,111,905	75,896	75,896	3,187,801	3,187,801
Construction in progress		49,386	-	48,539	299,134	97,925	299,134
Buildings and improvements		1,867,044	1,953,994	8,446,521	8,446,521	10,313,565	10,400,515
Furniture, equipment and							
vehicles		3,428,685	3,333,708	1,416,317	1,345,039	4,845,002	4,678,747
Infrastructure		450,081	238,660	26,692,526	24,258,959	27,142,607	24,497,619
Total capital assets		8,907,101	8,638,267	36,679,799	34,425,549	45,586,900	43,063,816
Accumulated depreciation		(3,566,103)	(3,415,430)	(10,761,379)	(10,019,774)	(14,327,482)	(13,435,204)
Capital assets, net	\$	5,340,998	\$ 5,222,837	25,918,420	24,405,775	31,259,418	29,628,612

The significant change in capital assets is related to the various construction projects for water and sewer funds. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements on pages 34-35 of this report.

Debt Administration

The City's debt consists of bonds, notes payable and several capital leases from various lending sources.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type	Activities	Total		
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Bonds and notes payable Capital lease obligations	\$	447,653 117,650	581,286 33,458	8,368,193 -	8,292,531 -	8,815,846 117,650	8,873,817 33,458
Totals	\$	565,303	614,744	8,368,193	8,292,531	8,933,496	8,907,275

During the fiscal year, the City's total debt increased by \$26,221 or 0.2%.

A summary of the City's debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 is detailed in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements on pages 36-39 of this report.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City recognizes revenues and expenditures on a budget basis that differs from how revenues and expenditures should be recognized under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Additional information about this difference can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements. The amount of the difference is disclosed on page 32 of the financial statements.

The following is a discussion of the budgetary highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

During the year, budgeted revenues exceeded actual revenues by \$58,224. Most of this variance resulted from over-anticipated education revenue.

Budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$496,650. Most of this variance resulted from over anticipated public safety, public works, and education expenditures.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In this coming fiscal year, the City's budget continues to be impacted by the slowdown in economic growth. Sales prices of houses in the City continue to be steady, although we are seeing an increase in their marketing time. The homestead exemption for the upcoming year is \$20,000, which is \$5,000 higher than the 2016-2017 fiscal year.

Council continues to balance its goals with estimated incoming revenue. State Revenue Sharing was increased this year and excise collections continue to see a bit of an increase. The City is committed to its replacement policy and is able to maintain upgrading its equipment and vehicles by utilization of reserve funds.

The fiscal year 2017-2018 budgeted revenues for sewer remain the same as 2016-2017, with no increase in fees to the sewer users.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens and customers with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Finance Director, at P.O. Box 413, Calais, Maine 04619 or call (207) 454-2521, Ext. 1003.



CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	30, 2017 Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,702,019	295,825	1,997,844
Investments	256,782	-	256,782
Receivables:			
Taxes	627,401	-	627,401
Due from other governments	482,026	25,769	507,795
Accounts, net	2,097	775,952	778,049
Loans, net	354,922	-	354,922
Cash held in escrow	-	11,520	11,520
Internal balances	2,338,533	(2,437,370)	(98,837)
Prepaid expenses	27,176	-	27,176
Inventory	19,356	41,349	60,705
Capital assets, not being depreciated	3,161,291	124,435	3,285,726
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,179,707	25,793,985	27,973,692
Total assets	11,151,310	24,631,465	35,782,775
	· ·	• •	•
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	777,349	-	777,349
Total deferred outflows of resources	777,349	-	777,349
	,		,
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	168,440	169,576	338,016
Accrued payroll and benefits	629,276	10,568	639,844
Taxes paid in advance	121,445		121,445
Compensated absences payable	180,203	10,731	190,934
Accrued interest	-	30,988	30,988
Bond anticipation note payable	-	572,839	572,839
Noncurrent liabilities:		372,033	372,033
Due within one year	167,639	596,962	764,601
Due in more than one year	2,167,763	7,771,231	9,938,994
Total liabilities	3,434,766	9,162,895	12,597,661
Total liabilities	3,434,700	9,102,893	12,397,001
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	92,719	_	92,719
Total deferred inflows of resources	92,719		92,719
Total deferred filliows of resources	92,719	-	32,713
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	4,775,695	16,988,908	21,764,603
Restricted for:	4,773,033	10,300,300	21,704,003
Permanent funds - nonexpendable principal	בחז גבז		502,662
	502,662	-	
Permanent funds - expendable	77,967	-	77,967
Education	390,750	- 25 700	390,750
Grants and restricted programs	1,079,802	25,769	1,105,571
Unrestricted	1,574,298	(1,546,107)	28,191
Total net position	\$ 8,401,174	15,468,570	23,869,744

 $^{^{}st}$ Due to Water Fund being presented as of December 31, 2016.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2017

		0	Program Revenues		Net (expense) revenue and change in net position		iges		
	_	r	Operating	Capital	-	Dr	imary Government		
		Charges for	grants and	grants and	Governme		Business-type		
Functions/programs	Expenses	services	contributions	contributions	activiti		activities	Total	
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 803,594	96,500	138,560	-	(!	568,534)	-	(568,534	
City services	424,942	78,774	36,657	-	(:	309,511)	-	(309,511	
Public safety	1,108,560	-	13,563	-	(1,0	094,997)	-	(1,094,997	
Public works	843,587	43,563	61,959	-	(738,065)	-	(738,065	
County tax	272,695	-	-	-	į.	272,695)	-	(272,695	
Unclassified	287,999	-	-	-		287,999)	-	(287,999	
Education	10,081,418	1,845,989	6,647,006	-		588,423)	-	(1,588,423	
Interest on debt service	9,151	-	-	_	, ,	(9,151)	-	(9,151	
Capital maintenance	36,433	-	-	43,566		7,133	-	7,133	
Total governmental activities	13,868,379	2,064,826	6,897,745	43,566	(4,	862,242)	-	(4,862,242	
Business-type activities:									
Sewer	1,144,285	895,527	_	817,791		_	569,033	569,033	
Ambulance	970,526	1,094,728	_	017,731		_	124,202	124,202	
Water	539,278	629,436	_	17,367		_	107,525	107,525	
Total business-type activities	2,654,089	2,619,691	-	835,158		-	800,760	800,760	
Total primary government	\$ 16,522,468	4,684,517	6,897,745	878,724	(4,	862,242)	800,760	(4,061,482	
	General revenues:								
	Property taxes				\$ 3,8	853,510	_	3,853,510	
	Motor vehicle exci	se taxes				579,003	-	579,003	
		outions not restricte	d to specific progra	ms:	·	3,3,000		2,3,000	
	State revenue sl		а со вресто р. од. а		:	225,441	_	225,441	
		BETE exemptions				133,158	_	133,158	
	Other	DETE exemptions			•	29,099	_	29,099	
		tment earnings (los	s)			(7,629)	2,361	(5,268	
	Miscellaneous rev		<i>3</i>)			42,772	-	42,772	
	Transfers	citacs				115,811	(115,811)		
	Total general reven	ues and transfers				971,165	(113,450)	4,857,715	
		Change in net positi	on		:	108,923	687,310	796,233	
	Net position - beginn	ning			8,:	292,251	14,781,260	23,073,511	
	Net position - endin	g			\$ 8,4	401,174	15,468,570	23,869,744	

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	Jun	ne 30, 2017			
			School	Other	Total
			Department	Governmental	Governmental
		General	Operations	Funds	Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	462,877	270,162	968,980	1,702,019
Investments	•		-	256,782	256,782
Receivables:				, -	,
Taxes		627,401	_	-	627,401
Due from other governments		31,663	298,541	151,822	482,026
Accounts		2,097	-	-	2,097
Loans, net		-,	-	354,922	354,922
Interfund loans receivable		2,356,421	330,897	528,633	3,215,951
Prepaid expenditures		27,176	-	-	27,176
Inventory		6,794	_	12,562	19,356
mventory		0,734	_	12,302	19,330
Total assets	\$	3,514,429	899,600	2,273,701	6,687,730
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		75,810	67,722	4,024	147,556
Accrued payroll and benefits		36,476	568,217	24,583	629,276
Payroll withholdings payable		13,352	-	-	13,352
Payable to other governments		7,532	-	-	7,532
Interfund loans payable		728,273	-	149,145	877,418
Taxes paid in advance		121,445	-	-	121,445
Total liabilities		982,888	635,939	177,752	1,796,579
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		581,200	-	-	581,200
Total deferred inflows of resources		581,200	-	-	581,200
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		33,970	_	515,224	549,194
Restricted		33,310	263,661	1,272,296	1,535,957
Committed		_	203,001	395,886	395,886
Unassigned		1,916,371	_	(87,457)	1,828,914
Total fund balances		1,950,341	263,661	2,095,949	4,309,951
		2,000,012		_,000,010	.,000,000
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	3,514,429	899,600	2,273,701	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta		nosition are different	hosausor		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are no			because.		
	t illialiciai reso	dices and, therefore,			E 240 000
are not reported in the funds.	ant nariad a	ava a a ditura a			5,340,998
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for co	urrent period e	expenditures			F01 200
and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.					581,200
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in					
period and therefore are not reported in the fund	as:				(400.000
Accrued compensated absences					(180,203
Capital leases					(117,65)
Bonds payable		. 0			(447,653
Net pension liability with associated deferred	inflows and ou	ittlows			(1,085,469

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2017

·	16 30, 2017	School Department	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Operations	Funds	Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes \$	4,377,613	_	_	4,377,613
Intergovernmental	433,722	5,617,820	944,786	6,996,328
Charges for services	218,837	1,734,044	111,945	2,064,826
Investment earnings	2,075	-	(9,704)	(7,629
Unclassified	65,678	143,639	166,136	375,453
Total revenues	5,097,925	7,495,503	1,213,163	13,806,591
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	552,527	_	123,422	675,949
City services	362,161	_	30,610	392,771
Public safety	1,076,734	_	14,305	1,091,039
Public works	849,536	_	5,397	854,933
County tax	272,695	_	-	272,695
Unclassified	287,922	-	77	287,999
Education	-	8,350,915	980,574	9,331,489
Debt service	142,784	526,693	-	669,477
Capital outlay	48,536	122,765	157,084	328,385
Total expenditures	3,592,895	9,000,373	1,311,469	13,904,737
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,505,030	(1,504,870)	(98,306)	(98,146)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Capital lease proceeds	_	122,765	_	122,765
Transfers from other funds	123,311	1,527,637	17,900	1,668,848
Transfers to other funds	(1,538,037)	(15,000)	•	(1,553,037
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,414,726)	1,635,402	17,900	238,576
Net change in fund balances	90,304	130,532	(80,406)	140,430
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	1,860,037	133,129	2,176,355	4,169,521
Fund balances, end of year \$	1,950,341	263,661	2,095,949	4,309,951

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2017

Change in net position of governmental activities (see Statement 2)	\$ 108,923
(\$38,573) exceeded lease proceeds (\$122,765).	49,441
principal repayments (\$133,633) and capital lease principal repayments	
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which bond	
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the	
(7/002).	(23 .,003)
liability with associated deferred outflows and deferred inflows (\$227,091).	(254,009)
compensated absences (\$26,918) and increase in the net pension	
not on the governmental fund balance sheet - increase in accrued	
Change in accruals are recorded on the statement of net position, but	
the funds.	54,900
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide	
depreciation expense (\$253,124) and loss on disposal (\$59,637).	118,161
This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$430,922) exceeded	
is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets	
activities (Statement 2) are different because:	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (from Statement 4)	\$ 140,430

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2017

		City Gene	-		S	chool Departme	ent Operation	s
	Budgeted			Variance with final budget positive	Budgeted a	•		Variance with final budget positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(negative)
Revenues:				_				
Taxes \$	4,450,373	4,450,373	4,377,613	(72,760)	_	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	423,069	423,069	433,722	10,653	5,239,698	5,239,698	5,236,655	(3,043)
Charges for services	218,198	218,198	218,837	639	1,801,562	1,801,562	1,734,044	(67,518)
Interest earned	2,000	2,000	2,075	75	-	-	-	-
Unclassified	26,245	26,245	65,678	39,433	109,342	109,342	143,639	34,297
Total revenues	5,119,885	5,119,885	5,097,925	(21,960)	7,150,602	7,150,602	7,114,338	(36,264)
Evpandituras								
Expenditures: Current:								
General government	570,192	578,770	553,227	25,543				
City services	370,132	373,330	362,161	11,169	_	_		_
Public safety	1,052,872	1,101,201	1,077,734	23,467	_	_		_
Public works	836,536	939,431	858,236	81,195	_	_		_
County tax	272,695	272,695	272,695	61,195	_	_	_	_
Unclassified	293,527	293,527	287,922	5,605	_	_	_	_
Education	233,327	233,327	207,322	-	8,314,258	8,314,258	7,961,866	352,392
Debt service	142,776	142,776	142,784	(8)	523,980	523,980	526,693	(2,713)
Capital outlay	40,500	48,536	48,536	-	525,560	-	520,055	(2,713)
Total expenditures	3,579,346	3,750,266	3,603,295	146,971	8,838,238	8,838,238	8,488,559	349,679
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	3,373,310	3,730,200	3,003,233	110,571	0,030,230	0,030,230	0,100,333	3 13,073
over (under) expenditures	1,540,539	1,369,619	1,494,630	125,011	(1,687,636)	(1,687,636)	(1,374,221)	313,415
. , , ,	2,0 .0,000	2,000,010	2) 13 1,000		(2)007,000	(2,00.,000)	(2)07.)222)	010,110
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers from other funds	119,972	119,972	123,311	3,339	1,476,493	1,476,493	1,527,637	51,144
Transfers to other funds	(1,476,493)	(1,476,493)	(1,527,637)	(51,144)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)	-
Use of surplus	50,000	220,920	-	(220,920)	226,143	226,143	-	(226,143)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,306,521)	(1,135,601)	(1,404,326)	(268,725)	1,687,636	1,687,636	1,512,637	(174,999)
Net change in fund balance - budgetary basis	234,018	234,018	90,304	(143,714)	-	-	138,416	138,416
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:								
Change in teacher summer salaries			-				(7,884)	
Net change in fund balance - GAAP basis			90,304				130,532	
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated			1,860,037				133,129	
Fund balance, end of year \$			1,950,341				263,661	

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

(Water Fund presented as of December 31, 2016)

	Busir	ness-type Activities	s - Enterprise Fui	nds
	Sewer	Ambulance	Water	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,932	213,906	53,987	295,825
Accounts receivable, net	382,706	191,025	202,221	775,952
Due from other governments	25,769	-	-	25,769
Cash held in escrow	-	-	11,520	11,520
Inventory	=	=	41,349	41,349
Total current assets	436,407	404,931	309,077	1,150,415
Noncurrent assets:				
Property, plant, and equipment:				
Land	_	_	75,896	75,896
Construction in progress	48,539	_	75,650	48,539
Buildings and improvements	8,348,925	_	97,596	8,446,521
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles	234,461	- E67 427	614,429	1,416,317
Infrastructure	•	567,427	•	
	16,848,346	- (200,001)	9,844,180	26,692,526
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,971,115)	(268,901)	(2,521,363)	(10,761,379)
Total noncurrent assets	17,509,156	298,526	8,110,738	25,918,420
Total assets	17,945,563	703,457	8,419,815	27,068,835
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	89,478	51,345	28,753	169,576
Accrued payroll and benefits	-	10,568	20,733	10,568
Compensated absences payable	_	10,731	_	10,731
Accrued interest	27,376	10,731	3,612	30,988
Interfund loans payable	1,791,387	- 552,144	93,839	2,437,370
Bond anticipation note payable	1,/91,36/	332,144	572,839	572,839
Current portion of bonds payable	- 379,424	19,251	198,287	
Total current liabilities	•	•	-	596,962
Total current liabilities	2,287,665	644,039	897,330	3,829,034
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Bonds payable	4,562,396	53,719	3,155,116	7,771,231
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,562,396	53,719	3,155,116	7,771,231
Total liabilities	6,850,061	697,758	4,052,446	11,600,265
NET DOCITION				
NET POSITION	40 565 005	227	4.405.515	46.000.000
Net investment in capital assets	12,567,336	225,556	4,196,016	16,988,908
Restricted	25,769	-	-	25,769
Unrestricted	(1,497,603)	(219,857)	171,353	(1,546,107)
Total net position	\$ 11,095,502	5,699	4,367,369	15,468,570

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2017

(Water Fund presented for the year ended December 31, 2016)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	 Sewer	Ambulance	Water				
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals			
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 855,478	1,094,728	629,085	2,579,291			
Interest and lien fees	18,911	-	-	18,911			
Miscellaneous	21,138	-	351	21,489			
Total operating revenues	895,527	1,094,728	629,436	2,619,691			
Operating evenesses							
Operating expenses:	105 242	741 702	250.047	1 100 003			
Personnel services	195,343	741,702	259,847	1,196,892			
Contractual services	118,011	82,611	58,284	258,906			
Utilities	84,482	4,136	20,667	109,285			
Repairs and maintenance	21,391	18,226	7,668	47,285			
Materials and supplies	63,123	38,573	59,600	161,296			
Miscellaneous	10,141	14,520	9,516	34,177			
Bad debt expense	-	-	282	282			
Depreciation	566,710	68,819	162,798	798,327			
Total operating expenses	1,059,201	968,587	578,662	2,606,450			
Operating income (loss)	(163,674)	126,141	50,774	13,241			
Negation acceptance (automorph).							
Nonoperating revenue (expense):		2 002	250	2 264			
Interest income	-	2,003	358	2,361			
Capital grants and contributions	817,791	-	17,367	835,158			
Interest expense	(85,084)	(1,939)	(10,447)	(97,470)			
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	732,707	64	7,278	740,049			
Net income before transfers	569,033	126,205	58,052	753,290			
Transfers:	(65.006)			(65.000)			
Transfer to other funds	(65,980)	-	-	(65,980)			
Total transfers	(65,980)	-	=	(65,980)			
Change in net position	503,053	126,205	58,052	687,310			
Total net position, beginning of year	10,592,449	(120,506)	4,309,317	14,781,260			
Total net position, end of year	\$ 11,095,502	5,699	4,367,369	15,468,570			

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2017

(Water Fund presented for the year ended December 31, 2016)

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Sewer	Ambulance	Water			
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals		
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Receipts from customers and users	\$	913,833	1,081,335	649,222	2,644,390		
Payments to suppliers	7	(332,696)	(146,411)	(156,903)	(636,010		
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees/employee services		(195,343)	(733,105)	(259,847)	(1,188,295		
Net cash provided by operating activities		385,794	201,819	232,472	820,085		
rect dash provided by operating activities		303,731	201,013	202,172	020,003		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:							
Transfers to other funds		(65,980)	-	-	(65,980		
(Increase) decrease in interfund loans		118,325	(37,482)	53,200	134,043		
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	es	52,345	(37,482)	53,200	68,063		
Cook flows from a witel and valeted financing activities.							
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		(1 (17 276)	(128,000)	(012 402)	(2,358,869		
Purchase of capital assets Capital grants and contributions		(1,417,376)	(128,000)	(813,493)	• • •		
• -		1,045,328 413,219	-	17,367	1,062,695		
Proceeds from bond anticipation note		•	-	572,839	986,058		
Repayment of bond anticipation note		(500,000)	-	144.054	(500,000		
Proceeds from issuance of debt		500,000	- (40.046)	144,954	644,954		
Principal payments on debt		(372,486)	(18,846)	(189,480)	(580,812		
Interest paid on debt		(85,084)	(1,939)	(11,158)	(98,181		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(416,399)	(148,785)	(278,971)	(844,155		
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Interest income		-	2,003	358	2,361		
Net cash provided by investing activities		-	2,003	358	2,361		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		21,740	17,555	7,059	46,354		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		6,192	196,351	46,928	249,471		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	27,932	213,906	53,987	295,825		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(163,674)	126,141	50,774	13,241		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to							
net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation		566,710	68,819	162,798	798,327		
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:							
Accounts receivable, net		18,306	(13,393)	19,786	24,699		
Inventory		-	-	2,323	2,323		
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:							
Accounts payable		(35,548)	11,655	(3,209)	(27,102		
Accrued wages and benefits		-	2,793	-	2,793		
Accrued compensated absences		-	5,804	-	5,804		

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

		Private- purpose Trust Funds	Student Activities	Other Agency Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	121,788	87,117
Investments	Y	66,550	121,700	07,117
Total assets		66,550	121,788	87,117
LIABILITIES				
Due to others		-	121,788	87,117
Total liabilities		-	121,788	87,117
NET POSITION				
Held in trust	\$	66,550	-	-

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Private- purpose Trust Funds
Additions:	
Investment income (loss)	\$ (101)
Total additions	(101)
Deductions: Scholarships and other	437
Total deductions	437
Change in net position	(538)
Net position, beginning of year	67,088
Net position, end of year	\$ 66,550

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting methods and procedures of the City of Calais, Maine conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Calais, Maine was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine in 1851 and operates under a council/manager form of government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Calais, Maine (the primary government) and its component units. The decision to include a potential component unit was made by applying the criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which defines the reporting entity as the primary government and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either a) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the component unit, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. Application of this criterion and determination of type of presentation involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or it citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no potential component units required to be included in this report.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City has elected not to allocate indirect costs among the programs, functions and segments. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers tax revenues to be available in the fund financial statements if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. A one-year period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The School Department Operations Fund is the School Department's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School Department, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation of the City's sewer department.

The Ambulance Fund accounts for the operation of the City's ambulance services.

The Water Fund accounts for the operation of the City's water department.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. As such, fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide statements. The City's fiduciary funds include the following:

Private-purpose trust funds account for resources where funds are legally restricted by a formal trust agreement and may be used for purposes that benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. These include scholarship funds.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds are used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity and include student activity funds, and funds held on behalf of the Calais School Department Trustees and the Calais Fire Department Association.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's general and enterprise funds and other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services; operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Equity

1. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

Investments are stated at fair value. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

2. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund loans or as interfund advances (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are generally recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The threshold for capitalizing assets, not including infrastructure assets, is \$5,000. The threshold for capitalizing infrastructure assets is \$10,000. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 20-50 years Equipment and furniture 3-50 years Vehicles 3-25 years Infrastructure 50-100 years

5. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, represent a consumption or acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) or inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report one type of deferred inflows of resources, unavailable revenue from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The governmental activities have deferred outflows and inflows that relate to the net pension liability, which include the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which is recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. They include changes in assumptions, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions, which are deferred and amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in the plan. They also include the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, which is deferred and amortized over a five-year period.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

6. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Accrued vacation and sick leave are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts if material to the basic financial statements are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts (PLD Plan) and the Maine Public Employees Retirement System State Employee and Teacher Plan (SET Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

9. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as transfers.

10. Use of Estimates

Preparation of the City's financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent items at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

11. Fund Equity

Governmental Fund fund balance is reported in five classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which those funds can be spent. The five classifications of fund balance for the Governmental Funds are as follows:

- Nonspendable resources which cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form
 or; b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted resources with constraints placed on the use of resources which are either a) externally
 imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or
 regulations of other governments or; b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or
 enabling legislation.
- Committed resources which are subject to limitations the City imposes on itself at its highest level of decision making authority, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.
- Assigned resources that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned resources which have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been
 restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund
 should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

The City has formally adopted a minimum fund balance policy which requires that an amount between 12% and 16% of the City's current fiscal year budgeted expenditures be maintained as unassigned fund balance. In the event that the balance drops below the established minimum level, the City Council will develop a written plan to replenish the fund balance to the established minimum level within three fiscal years.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned, and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use committed or assigned resources first, and then unassigned resources as they are needed. In the case of capital reserves, funds can be spent only after General Fund appropriations are fully utilized or upon approval of the City Council.

The City Council has the responsibility for committing fund balance amounts and likewise would be required to modify or rescind those commitments. Likewise, the City Council, School Committee, or a body or official delegated by the City Council or School Committee may assign unspent budgeted amounts to specific purposes in the General Fund at year end based on department requests.

12. Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year have been presented only for certain funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets

The City utilizes a formal budgetary accounting system to control revenues and expenditures accounted for in the General Fund. The budget is established in accordance with the various laws which govern the City's operations. The budget is prepared substantially in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America, except for certain payroll expenditures, including teachers' summer salaries, which are budgeted on a cash basis, and revenues and expenditures related to "on-behalf payments" made by the State of Maine to the Maine Public Employees Retirement System for teachers and other school employees are not budgeted.

All unexpended appropriations lapse at year end, except for balances approved to be carried forward by the City Council. In accordance with legal requirements of the State of Maine, all educational balances are carried forward to the next fiscal year.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2017, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following areas:

Finance department	\$ 5,611	Debt service – City	8
Library	1,873	Regular instruction	29,163
Transfer station	3,245	Debt service – School Department	2,713

C. Deficit Fund Balances

At June 30, 2017, the following funds had deficit fund balances over \$1,000:

Shore and Harbor Grant	\$ 4,871	Momentum	4,526
Safe routes to school	1,110	Nash's lake dam	2,502
Scholarship account	1,750	Recreation pool donations	56,962
All other - City	2,521	CIP transfer station	1,537
Title IA - disadvantaged	6,355	Title IA – program improvement	5,411

These deficits will be funded by future grant revenue, charges for services, or transfers.

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM - ON BEHALF PAYMENTS

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the City has recorded a revenue and an expenditure for Maine Public Employees Retirement contributions made by the State of Maine on behalf of the School Department. These amounts have not been budgeted in the General Fund and result in a difference in reporting on a budgetary basis of accounting versus reporting under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America of \$381,165.

These amounts have been included as an intergovernmental revenue and as an education expense/expenditure on Statement 2 and 4 (GAAP basis). There is no effect on the net position/fund balance at the end of the year.

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

As of June 30, 2017, the City had the following investments:

	<u>Fair value</u>	Weighted average maturity (years)	Level 1 <u>input</u>
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 44,429	5.75	yes
Federal Farm Credit Bank	74,133	3.04	yes
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	24,917	2.72	yes
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	179,853	1.87	yes

Custodial credit risk- deposits – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City currently does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, 100% of the City's bank balance of \$1,634,339 was covered by FDIC insurance, fully insured, or collateralized.

Credit risk — Maine statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit. As of June 30, 2017, all of the City's investments were rated, at a minimum, AA+ by Standard & Poor's. The City currently does not have a policy for credit risk.

Interest rate risk – The City does not have a policy related to interest rate risk.

ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

As of June 30, 2017, the City had the following accounts and loans receivable with allowance for uncollectible account balances:

	Ambulance <u>Fund</u>	UDAG <u>Loan Fund</u>	Uptown <u>Loan Fund</u>
Accounts receivable	\$ 275,471	-	-
Loans receivable	-	440,917	54,421
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(84,446)	(103,000)	(37,416)
Accounts and loans receivable, net	\$ 191,025	337,917	17,005

PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes for the current year were committed on August 5, 2016, on the assessed value listed as of the prior April 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. Assessed values were established by the City's Assessor at 100% of assumed market value.

PROPERTY TAX, CONTINUED

The City is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay, and amounted to \$57,875 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Upon the expiration of eight months, and within one year from the date of the original commitment, a tax lien is recorded for all delinquent taxes on real estate.

Property taxes levied during the year were recorded as receivables at the time the levy was made. The receivables collected during the year and in the first sixty days following the end of the fiscal year have been recorded as revenues. The remaining receivables have been recorded as unavailable revenues.

The following summarizes the levy:

6	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Assessed value	\$ 150,726,200	153,610,520
Tax rate (per \$1,000)	25.30	25.30
Commitment	3,813,373	3,886,346
Supplemental taxes assessed	25,245	15,350
	3,838,618	3,901,696
Less:		
Abatements	5,652	16,722
Collections	3,493,265	3,545,246
Current year taxes receivable at end of year	\$ 339,701	339,728
Due date - current year	October 3, 2016	October 1, 2015
Interest rate on delinquent taxes	7.00%	7.00%
Collection rate	91.1%	91.3%

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance June 30,			Balance June 30,
	<u>2016</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>2017</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	49,386	-	49,386
Land	3,111,905	-	-	3,111,905
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,111,905	49,386	-	3,161,291
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	1,953,994	-	86,950	1,867,044
Furniture and equipment	1,638,918	135,415	75,138	1,699,195
Vehicles	1,694,790	34,700	-	1,729,490
Infrastructure	238,660	211,421	-	450,081
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,526,362	381,536	162,088	5,745,810

PITAL ASSETS, CONTINUED				
	Balance			Balance
	June 30,			June 30,
	2016	Increases	Decreases	2017
	<u>2010</u>	ilici eases	Decreases	2017
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	1,015,544	44,980	48,692	1,011,832
Furniture and equipment	1,160,147	100,936	53,759	1,207,324
Vehicles	1,211,487	85,585	-	1,297,072
Infrastructure	28,252	21,623	-	49,875
Total accumulated depreciation	3,415,430	253,124	102,451	3,566,103
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,110,932	128,412	59,637	2,179,707
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,222,837	177,798	59,637	5,340,998
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 75,896	-	_	75,896
Land	\$ 75,896	-	-	75,896
Construction in progress	299,134	2,155,855	2,406,450	48,539
Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated:	375,030	2,155,855	2,406,450	124,435
Buildings and improvements	8,446,521	-	-	8,446,521
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles	1,345,039	128,000	56,722	1,416,317
Infrastructure	24,258,959	2,433,567	-	20,002,520
IIII asti ucture	24,230,333			26,692,526
-	34,050,519	2,561,567	56,722	
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:			56,722	
Total capital assets being depreciated			56,722 -	36,555,364
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	34,050,519	2,561,567	·	36,555,36 ⁴ 4,862,71 ⁴
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment, furniture, and vehicles	34,050,519 4,603,840 1,024,760	2,561,567 258,874 79,114	-	36,555,364 4,862,714 1,047,152
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements	34,050,519 4,603,840	2,561,567 258,874	- 56,722	26,692,526 36,555,364 4,862,714 1,047,152 4,851,513 10,761,379
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment, furniture, and vehicles Infrastructure	34,050,519 4,603,840 1,024,760 4,391,174	2,561,567 258,874 79,114 460,339	- 56,722 -	36,555,364 4,862,714 1,047,152 4,851,513

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 21,946
City services	31,853
Public safety	52,428
Public works	90,832
Education	56,065

<u>Total depreciation expense – governmental activities \$ 253,124</u>

PITAL ASSETS, CONTINUED	
Business-type activities:	
Sewer fund	\$ 566,710
Ambulance fund	68,819
Water fund	162,798
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 798,327

LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due within
	<u>balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>balance</u>	one year
Governmental activities:					
Notes payable	\$ 581,286	-	133,633	447,653	147,178
Capital leases	33,458	122,765	38,573	117,650	20,461
Compensated absences	153,285	26,918	-	180,203	-
Net pension liability	1,059,009	711,090	-	1,770,099	
Governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 1,827,038	860,773	172,206	2,515,605	167,639
Business-type activities:					
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 8,292,531	695,593	619,931	8,368,193	596,962
Compensated absences	4,927	5,804	-	10,731	
Business-type activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 8,297,458	701,397	619,931	8,378,924	596,962

CAPITAL LEASES

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease at June 30, 2017:

2018	\$ 20,461
2019	20,461
2020	20,461
2021	20,461
2022	20,461
2023	15,345

Total future minimum lease payments \$ 117,650

Amounts capitalized under leases are \$122,765 for governmental activities. Accumulated depreciation for the capital leases that have been capitalized is \$3,410.

BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

Bonds and notes payable at June 30, 2017 are comprised of the following:

		Original			Balance
	Date of	amount	Date of	Interest	June 30,
	<u>issue</u>	<u>issued</u>	<u>maturity</u>	<u>rate</u>	<u>2017</u>
Governmental activities:					
Information center note	6/20/16	\$ 135,000	2027	2.50%	135,000
Equipment note	10/25/12	247,279	2018	1.40%	50,782
Sidewalk/library note	11/23/12	584,992	2020	2.20%	<u> 261,871</u>
Total governmental a	ctivities				447,653
Business-type activities:					
2016 ambulance note	3/4/16	\$ 98,000	2021	2.30%	72,970
2009 sewer bond	10/26/09	978,822	2030	1.00%	658,156
2010-FS-CW	12/22/10	2,263,000	2031	1.00%	895,711
2010-SR-CW	6/29/10	943,371	2030	1.00%	634,318
2011-FR-CW	3/28/11	1,231,000	2031	1.50%	899,367
2012 Rural development	12/2/11	777,000	2040	2.25%	671,218
2016 Rural development	12/22/16	500,000	2045	1.375%	500,000
2002 sewer bond	2/16/02	2,350,000	2022	2.36%	683,050
2013 water note	1/29/13	27,497	2020	2.03%	12,184 *
2013 water note	1/29/13	138,000	2021	2.25%	71,595 *
2013 water note	1/29/13	127,241	2026	2.75%	102,002 *
2008 water bond	6/17/08	1,963,998	2031	0.00%	1,227,492 *
2009 water bond	1/15/09	914,500	2036	0.00%	653,214 *
2009 water bond	6/17/09	44,500	2039	0.00%	33,375 *
2009 water bond	6/17/09	143,550	2039	0.00%	107,663 *
2009 water bond	12/17/09	584,500	2039	0.00%	448,117 *
2012 water bond	6/22/12	382,250	2042	0.00%	318,542 *
2014 water bond	11/22/13	305,000	2044	1.00%	222,745 *
2016 water bond	11/21/16	195,593	2037	1.00%	156,474 *
Total business-type ac	tivities				8,368,193

Total bonds and notes payable \$ 8,815,846

^{*} All outstanding bonds and notes payable for the Water Fund are reported as of December 31, 2016.

BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE, CONTINUED

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Governmental	activities		Busir	ness-type activ	ities
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ 147,178	11,119	158,297	596,962	86,468	683,430
2019	99,723	7,080	106,803	604,405	78,764	683,169
2020	101,962	4,818	106,780	611,980	71,158	683,138
2021	13,070	2,511	15,581	610,254	63,323	673,577
2022	13,408	2,173	15,581	583,214	55,751	638,965
2023-2027	72,312	5,208	77,520	2,256,716	187,887	2,444,603
2028-2032	-	-	-	1,937,860	92,883	2,030,743
2033-2037	-	-	-	695,897	43,984	739,881
2038-2042	-	-	-	390,606	15,671	406,277
2043-2044	_	-	-	80,299	2,019	82,318
Total	\$ 447,653	32,909	480,562	8,368,193	697,908	9,066,101

The City is subject to a statutory limitation, by the State of Maine, of its general long-term debt equal to 15% of the State's valuation of the City. The City's outstanding general long-term debt of \$8,815,846 at June 30, 2017 was within the statutory limit.

In addition to the notes and bonds payable, the City is contingently responsible for the following overlapping debt as of June 30, 2017:

	Net debt	Applicable	City's share
<u>Entity</u>	<u>outstanding</u>	to the City	of debt
Calais School District Trustees:			
2004 bond payable - \$7,766,994	\$ 3,106,800	100%	3,106,800
2017 Ioan payable - \$375,000	369,731	100%	369,731

LINES OF CREDIT

The City of Calais currently has a line of credit with the First, with a credit limit of \$900,000 and an interest rate of 1.03%. The Calais School Department also has a line of credit with the First, with a credit limit of \$800,000 and an interest rate of 1.44%. Interest is payable and due each month based on the outstanding balance. Line of credit activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>balance</u>	Due within one year
City	\$ 200,057	200,000	400,057	-	-
School Department		336,195	336,195		
Line of credit payable	\$ 200,057	536,195	736,252	-	

SHORT-TERM DEBT

The City issued bond anticipation notes for interim financing until long-term bonds are issued. The bond anticipation notes were for the sewer fund: \$500,000 with an interest rate of 0.86% and due on October 31, 2017; and the water fund: \$687,000 with an interest rate of 1.00% and due on August 14, 2017. Bond anticipation note activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	<u>balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>balance</u>
Barata attabata are	A 06 704	006.050	500 000	F72 020
Bond anticipation note	\$ 86,781	986,058	500,000	<u>572,839</u>

INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

As of June 30, 2017, the balances of interfund loans receivable/payable and transfers were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>loans receivable</u>	Interfund <u>loans payable</u>	Transfers <u>in (out)</u>
General Fund	\$ 2,356,421	728,273	(1,414,726)
School Department Operations	330,897	-	1,512,637
Proprietary Funds:			
Sewer Fund	-	1,791,387	(65,980)
Ambulance Fund	-	552,144	-
Water Fund *	-	93,839	(49,831)
Other Governmental Funds:			
City Special Revenue Funds	96,693	-	500
UDAG Economic Development Fund	115,166	-	(3,750)
Uptown Loan Fund	-	110,646	(3,750)
School Special Revenue Funds	-	1,661	-
School Lunch	-	14,428	15,000
Capital Projects Fund	316,774	-	9,900
Permanent Fund	-	22,410	
<u>Totals</u>	\$ 3,215,951	3,314,788	

^{*} Interfund loans receivable and payable do not equal due to the Water Department being reported as of December 31, 2016. Transfers for the Water Department are classified as operating expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position (Statement 8).

CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

The Calais School Department has entered into a contract for school transportation services with First Student, Inc. The contract expires in June of 2022. Future payments under this contract are as follows:

<u>Total</u>	\$ 2,202,844
2022	468,667
2021	454,223
2020	440,138
2019	426,491
2018	\$ 413,325

NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and capital leases payable and adding back any unspent proceeds. The City's net investment in capital assets was calculated as follows at June 30, 2017:

	Governmental	Business-type
	<u>activities</u>	<u>activities</u>
Capital assets	\$ 8,907,101	36,679,799
Accumulated depreciation	(3,566,103)	(10,761,379)
Bond anticipation note	-	(572,839)
Bonds and notes payable	(447,653)	(8,368,193)
Unspent bond proceeds	-	11,520
Capital leases payable	(117,650)	
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,775,695	16,988,908

FUND BALANCE

As of June 30, 2017, fund balance components consisted of the following:

		School	Other	
	General	Department	Governmental	
	<u>Fund</u>	Operations	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nonspendable:				
Inventory and prepaid expenditures	\$ 33,970	-	12,562	46,532
Principal for permanent funds	-		502,662	502,662
Total nonspendable	33,970	-	515,224	549,194
Restricted:				
General government	-	-	27,283	27,283
City services	-	-	43,002	43,002
Public safety	-	-	27,635	27,635
Education	-	263,661	114,527	378,188
Loan funds	-	-	981,882	981,882
Permanent funds	-	-	77,967	77,967
Total restricted	-	263,661	1,272,296	1,535,957
Committed:				
Education	-	-	8,803	8,803
Public works	-	-	9,308	9,308
Capital projects			377,775	377,775
Total committed	-	-	395,886	395,886
Unassigned	1,916,371	-	(87,457)	1,828,914
Total fund balance	\$ 1,950,341	263,661	2,095,949	4,309,951

RISK MANAGEMENT - CITY

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors, and omissions, and natural disasters for which the City either carries commercial insurance, or participates in public entity risk pools. The School Department is a member of the Maine School Management Association - Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund (MSMA). Based on the coverage provided by these pools, as well as certain coverage provided by commercial insurance purchased, the City is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded at June 30, 2017.

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description - Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Maine Public Employees Retirement System Consolidated Plan for Local Participating Districts (PLD Plan) and teaching-certified employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Maine Public Employees Retirement System State Employee and Teacher Plan (SET Plan), cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, administered by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MPERS). Benefit terms are established in Maine statute. MPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.mainepers.org.

Benefits Provided - The PLD and SET Plans provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit. In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. For PLD members, normal retirement age is 60 (65 for new members to the PLD Plan on or after July 1, 2014). For SETP members, normal retirement age is 60, 62, or 65. The normal retirement age is determined by whether a member had met certain creditable service requirements on specific dates, as established by statute. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. MPERS also provides disability and death benefits, which are established by contract under applicable statutory provisions (PLD Plan) or by statute (SET Plan).

Contributions - Employee contribution rates are defined by law or Board rule and depend on the terms of the plan under which an employee is covered. Employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuations. The contractually required contribution rates are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

PLD Plan - Employees are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual pay. The City's contractually required contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2017 were 9.5% of annual payroll. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$147,217 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

SET Plan - Maine statute requires the State to contribute a portion of the City's contractually required contributions. Employees are required to contribute 7.65% of their annual pay. The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 13.38% of annual payroll of which 3.36% of payroll was required from the City and 10.02% was required from the State. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$100,975 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM, CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on projections of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating local districts (PLD Plan) and of all participating School Administrative Units and the State (SET Plan), actuarially determined.

PLD Plan - At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$1,504,835 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion of the PLD Plan was 0.2832%.

SET Plan - At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

Total	\$ 4	4,725,912
associated with the City		<u>4,460,648</u>
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	265,264

At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion of the SET Plan was 0.0150%.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$251,504 for the PLD Plan and \$524,974 for the SET Plan with revenue of \$301,195 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ -	73,919
Changes of assumptions	154,509	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	374,648	-
Changes in proportion and differences		
between City contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	-	18,800
City contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	248,192	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 777,349	92,719

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM, CONTINUED

2020

2021

\$248,192 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liabilities in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2018 2019	\$ 66,628 52,423

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

217,524

99,863

	PLD Plan	<u>SET Plan</u>
Laffetta .	2.750/	2.750/
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Salary Increases, per year	2.75% to 9.0%	2.75% to 14.5%
Investment return, per annum, compounded annually	6.875%	6.875%
Cost of living benefit increases, per annum	2.20%	2.20%

Mortality rates were based on the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuity Mortality Table, for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	<u>Target Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
US equities	20%	5.7%
Non-US equities	20%	5.5%
Private equity	10%	7.6%
Real estate	10%	5.2%
Infrastructure	10%	5.3%
Hard assets	5%	5.0%
Fixed income	<u>25%</u>	2.9%
Total	100%	

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM, CONTINUED

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.875% for the PLD and the SET Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from participating local districts will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liabilities.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.875% for the PLD the SET Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.875%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.875%) than the current rate:

PLD Plan	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	<u>(5.875%)</u>	<u>(6.875%)</u>	<u>(7.875%)</u>
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 2,497,755	1,504,835	570,036
SET Plan	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	<u>(5.875%)</u>	<u>(6.875%)</u>	<u>(7.875%)</u>
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 424,755	265,264	132,330

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPERS financial report.

Payables to the Pension Plan - None as of June 30, 2017.

FUND RECLASSIFICATIONS

The City reclassified certain fund classifications for the year ended June 30, 2017. The reclassifications were as follows:

	General <u>Fund</u>	School Department Operations	Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Capital Project <u>Funds</u>
Fund balance, as previously reported Reclassification of funds	\$ 1,993,166 (133,129)	- 133,129	1,110,693 57,735	478,127 (57,735)
Fund balance, as restated	\$ 1,860,037	133,129	1,168,428	420,392

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Maine Public Employees Retirement System Consolidated Plan (PLD) and State Employee and Teacher Plan (SET)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	<u>2017</u> **	<u>2016</u> **	<u>2015</u> **
PLD Plan			
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2832%	0.2737%	0.3073%
City's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 1,504,835	873,381	472,801
City's covered payroll	1,489,726	1,432,520	1,636,481
City's proportion share of the net pension			
liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	100.01%	60.97%	28.89%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of			
of the total pension liability	81.61%	88.27%	94.10%
SET Plan			
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0150%	0.0137%	0.0162%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	265,264	185,628	174,495
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability			
associated with the City	4,460,648	3,645,902	3,125,546
<u>Total</u>	\$ 4,725,912	3,831,530	3,300,041
City's covered payroll	3,161,879	3,236,834	3,426,161
City's proportion share of the net pension liability			
as a percentage of its covered payroll	8.39%	5.73%	5.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	76.0404	04.4001	00.0434
of the total pension liability	76.21%	81.18%	83.91%

^{*} Only three years of information available.

^{**} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Required Supplementary Information, Continued

Schedule of City Contributions Maine Public Employees Retirement System Consolidated Plan (PLD) and State Employee and Teacher Plan (SET)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
PLD Plan				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 147,217	132,586	111,737	106,371
Contributions in relation to the				
contractually required contribution	(147,217)	(132,586)	(111,737)	(106,371)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	
City's covered payroll	1,549,657	1,489,726	1,432,520	1,636,481
Contributions as a percentage of				
covered payroll	9.50%	8.90%	7.80%	6.50%
SET Plan				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 100,975	106,239	85,776	90,793
Contributions in relation to the				
contractually required contribution	(100,975)	(106,239)	(85,776)	(90,793)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	
•				
City's covered payroll	3,005,936	3,161,879	3,236,834	3,426,161
Contributions as a percentage of	•	•	•	
covered payroll	3.36%	3.36%	2.65%	2.65%
• •				

^{*} Only four years of information available.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - None

Changes of Assumptions - The following are changes in actuarial assumptions used in the most recent valuation:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Discount rate	6.875%	7.125%
Inflation rate	2.75%	3.5%
Salary increases – PLD Plan	2.75% to 9.0%	3.5% to 9.5%
Salary increases – SET Plan	2.75% to 14.5%	3.5% to 13.5%
Cost of living increase	2.20%	2.55%
Long-term expected real		
rate of return on assets:		
US equities	5.7%	5.2%
Real estate	5.2%	3.7%
Infrastructure	5.3%	4.0%
Hard assets	5.0%	4.8%
Fixed income	2.9%	0.7%

In addition, mortality rates were previously based on the RP2000 Combined Mortality Table projected forward to 2015 using Scale AA, which, in the most recent valuation, changed to mortality rates that were based on the RP2014 Total Data Set Healthy Annuity Mortality Table.



CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE General Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2017 and 2016

			2016
		2017	(Restated)
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	462,877	617,037
Taxes receivable	Ą	627,401	552,251
Due from other governments		31,663	24,052
Accounts receivable		2,097	10,087
Interfund loans receivable			•
		2,356,421	2,120,679
Prepaid expenditures		27,176	2 740
Inventory		6,794	3,748
Total assets	\$	3,514,429	3,327,854
LIADULTIES.			
LIABILITIES		75 010	42.570
Accounts payable		75,810	42,570
Accrued payroll and benefits		36,476	27,451
Payroll withholdings payable		13,352	21,881
Payable to other governments		7,532	8,731
Interfund loans payable		411,358	512,581
Due to School Department		316,915	-
Taxes paid in advance		121,445	128,246
Line of credit		-	200,057
Total liabilities		982,888	941,517
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		581,200	526,300
Total deferred inflows of resources		581,200	526,300
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable - inventory and prepaid		33,970	3,748
Unassigned		1,916,371	1,856,289
Total fund balances		1,950,341	1,860,037
		,,	-,,50-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources, and fund balances	\$	3,514,429	3,327,854

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2017

(with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2016)

			2017			
	_	Dudget	Actual	Variance positive	2016 Actual	
		Budget	Actual	(negative)	(Restated)	
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$	3,813,373	3,742,021	(71,352)	3,860,42	
Excise taxes	Y	563,000	579,003	16,003	566,63	
Payments in lieu of taxes		29,000	27,488	(1,512)	32,45	
Interest on taxes		45,000	29,101	(15,899)	53,08	
Total taxes		4,450,373	4,377,613	(72,760)	4,512,59	
				• • •		
Intergovernmental:						
State revenue sharing		221,762	225,441	3,679	244,76	
Homestead exemption		125,740	125,740	-	84,25	
Business equipment tax reimbursement		6,783	7,418	635	7,50	
Veterans exemption		-	3,853	3,853	3,84	
Tree growth reimbursement		21,000	25,246	4,246	25,85	
Snowmobile reimbursement		1,000	655	(345)	96	
General assistance		6,500	5,289	(1,211)	6,29	
Urban rural initiative payment		40,284	40,080	(204)	40,28	
Total intergovernmental		423,069	433,722	10,653	413,75	
Charges for services:						
Administration		15,000	14,374	(626)	14,97	
Code enforcement		4,000	2,135	(1,865)	4,41	
EMS administration		72,136	2,133 70,797	(1,339)	71,99	
Motor vehicle agent fees		72,130 5,500	70,797 5,932	(1,339) 432	71,99 5,73	
Building rentals		3,562	3,262	(300)	3,56	
Library		5,500	5,019	(481)	5,34	
Recreation		72,500	73,755	1,255	68,88	
Transfer station		40,000	43,563	3,563	43,10	
Total charges for services		218,198	218,837	639	218,01	
Interest earned		2,000	2,075	75	1,70	
Unclassified:						
		2 500		(2 500)	2 01	
Sale of property		2,500 1 500	- 1 017	(2,500)	2,81	
Police		1,500	1,017	(483)	1,22	
Fire		-	10	10	3	
Public works		11,345	7,505	(3,840)	6,74	
Cemetery		10,900	14,374	3,474	19,13	
Unclassified - City		- 2C 24E	42,772	42,772	30,58	
Total unclassified		26,245	65,678	39,433	60,52	
Total revenues		5,119,885	5,097,925	(21,960)	5,206,58	
		. ,		. , ,	, ,	

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Continued

	-			Variance positive	2016 Actual
		Budget	Actual	(negative)	(Restated)
Evnanditurasi					
Expenditures: Current:					
General government:	ċ	15 241	15 241		15 212
City council	\$	15,241	15,241	-	15,212
City manager		120,605	120,121	484	108,967
City clerk		78,274	69,848	8,426	70,030
Finance department		135,242	140,853	(5,611)	145,125
Legal services		23,400	18,470	4,930	15,626
Assessing		85,629	84,540	1,089	77,934
City building		68,884	57,721	11,163	64,529
St. Croix fire house		2,430	1,604	826	1,084
Public buildings - north		49,065	44,829	4,236	44,810
Total general government		578,770	553,227	25,543	543,317
C' 1					
City services:		464.040	462.446	(4.070)	450.040
Library		161,243	163,116	(1,873)	153,942
Recreation		211,087	198,390	12,697	191,627
Subsidies and donations		1,000	655	345	960
Total City services		373,330	362,161	11,169	346,529
D. Idlanda Car					
Public safety:		552.050	E44 262	12.400	475 206
Police		553,850	541,362	12,488	475,296
Fire		461,185	450,516	10,669	414,724
Street and traffic lights		86,166	85,856	310	87,109
Total public safety		1,101,201	1,077,734	23,467	977,129
D. I. I.					
Public works:				50 00 -	
Public works		721,685	658,350	63,335	611,075
Transfer station		93,490	96,735	(3,245)	89,593
Cemetery		124,256	103,151	21,105	93,717
Total public works		939,431	858,236	81,195	794,385
		272.625	272.605		264 762
County tax		272,695	272,695	-	261,762
Unclassified					
Unclassified:		227 222	227.445	7.7	226 721
Miscellaneous		227,882	227,115	767	226,791
Insurance		65,645	60,807	4,838	61,179
Total unclassified		293,527	287,922	5,605	287,970

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Continued

		2017		
	Budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)	2016 Actual (Restated)
			((Heesansea)
Expenditures, continued:				
Debt service	142,776	142,784	(8)	142,784
Capital projects	48,536	48,536	-	62,600
- Programme Programme	-,	-,		,,,,,,,
Total expenditures	3,750,266	3,603,295	146,971	3,416,476
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	1,369,619	1,494,630	125,011	1,790,113
(under) expenditures	1,303,013	1,454,050	123,011	1,730,113
Other financing sources (uses):				
Use of surplus	220,920	-	(220,920)	-
Transfers from other funds	119,972	123,311	3,339	133,590
Transfer out - Education Local Appropriation	(1,476,493)	(1,476,493)	-	(1,495,589)
Transfers to other funds	-	(51,144)	(51,144)	(199,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,135,601)	(1,404,326)	(268,725)	(1,560,999)
Net change in fund balance	234,018	90,304	(143,714)	229,114
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated		1,860,037		1,630,923
Fund balance, end of year \$		1,950,341		1,860,037



CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE School Department Operations Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2017 and 2016

		2016
	2017	(Restated)
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 270,162	51,899
Due from other governments	298,541	357,902
Due from City	316,915	-
Interfund loans receivable	13,982	364,540
Total assets	\$ 899,600	774,341
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	67,722	80,879
Accrued payroll and benefits	568,217	560,333
Total liabilities	635,939	641,212
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted	263,661	133,129
Total fund balances	263,661	133,129
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 899,600	774,341

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - School Department Operations For the year ended June 30, 2017

(with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2016)

(with comparative actual amo	 ,	2017	-,	
	Budget	Actual	Variance positive (negative)	2016 Actual (Restated)
	Duuget	Actual	(ilegative)	(Nestateu)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental:				
State subsidy	\$ 3,839,698	3,839,698	-	4,184,540
MaineCare/Medicare	1,070,000	973,999	(96,001)	867,342
State agency clients	330,000	422,958	92,958	351,859
Charges for services:				
Tuition - elementary	212,486	212,245	(241)	224,407
Tuition - secondary	782,609	796,389	13,780	775,483
Tuition - special	206,467	204,784	(1,683)	153,910
Tuition - day treatment	600,000	520,626	(79,374)	587,784
Other revenues	109,342	143,639	34,297	132,960
Total revenues	7,150,602	7,114,338	(36,264)	7,278,285
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Regular instruction	2,525,733	2,554,896	(29,163)	2,626,382
Special education	2,561,250	2,401,703	159,547	2,373,303
Career and technical education	876,798	834,952	41,846	891,690
Other instruction	138,939	127,131	11,808	119,493
Student and staff support	317,841	269,237	48,604	307,546
System administration	363,975	353,901	10,074	334,311
School administration	280,136	254,729	25,407	264,713
Transportation and buses	386,219	368,832	17,387	366,715
Facilities maintenance	863,367	796,485	66,882	756,580
Debt service assessments:	803,307	730,463	00,882	730,380
	200 250	200 250	(2.000)	200 250
Principal	386,350	388,350	(2,000)	388,350
Interest Total expenditures	137,630 8,838,238	138,343 8,488,559	(713) 349,679	154,578 8,583,661
·				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,687,636)	(1,374,221)	313,415	(1,305,376
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer in - Local Appropriation	1,476,493	1,476,493	-	1,495,589
Transfers from other funds	-	51,144	51,144	-
Transfers to other funds	(15,000)	(15,000)	-	(191,236
Use of surplus	226,143	-	(226,143)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,687,636	1,512,637	(174,999)	1,304,353
Net change in fund balances - budgetary basis	-	138,416	138,416	(1,023
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:				
Change in teacher summer salaries		(7,884)		(21,316
Net change in fund balance - GAAP basis		130,532		(22,339
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	 	133,129		155,468
Fund balance, end of year	\$	263,661		133,129

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital project funds are used to account for the purchase or construction of capital assets other than those accounted for in other funds.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	Special	Capital		Total Nonmajor
	Revenue	Projects	Permanent	Governmental
	Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 448,861	-	520,119	968,980
Investments	173,862	-	82,920	256,782
Due from other governments	151,822	-	-	151,822
Loans receivable, net	354,922	-	-	354,922
Interfund loans receivable	211,859	316,774	-	528,633
Inventory	12,562	<u> </u>	_	12,562
Total assets	\$ 1,353,888	316,774	603,039	2,273,701
LIABILITIES				
-	4,024			4,024
Accounts payable	-	-	-	· ·
Accrued payroll and benefits Interfund loans payable	24,583	-	-	24,583
Total liabilities	126,735	<u>-</u>	22,410	149,145 177,752
Total liabilities	155,342	<u> </u>	22,410	1//,/52
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	12,562	-	502,662	515,224
Restricted	1,194,329	-	77,967	1,272,296
Committed	18,111	377,775	-	395,886
Unassigned	(26,456)	(61,001)	-	(87,457)
Total fund balances	1,198,546	316,774	580,629	2,095,949
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,353,888	316,774	603,039	2,273,701

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2017

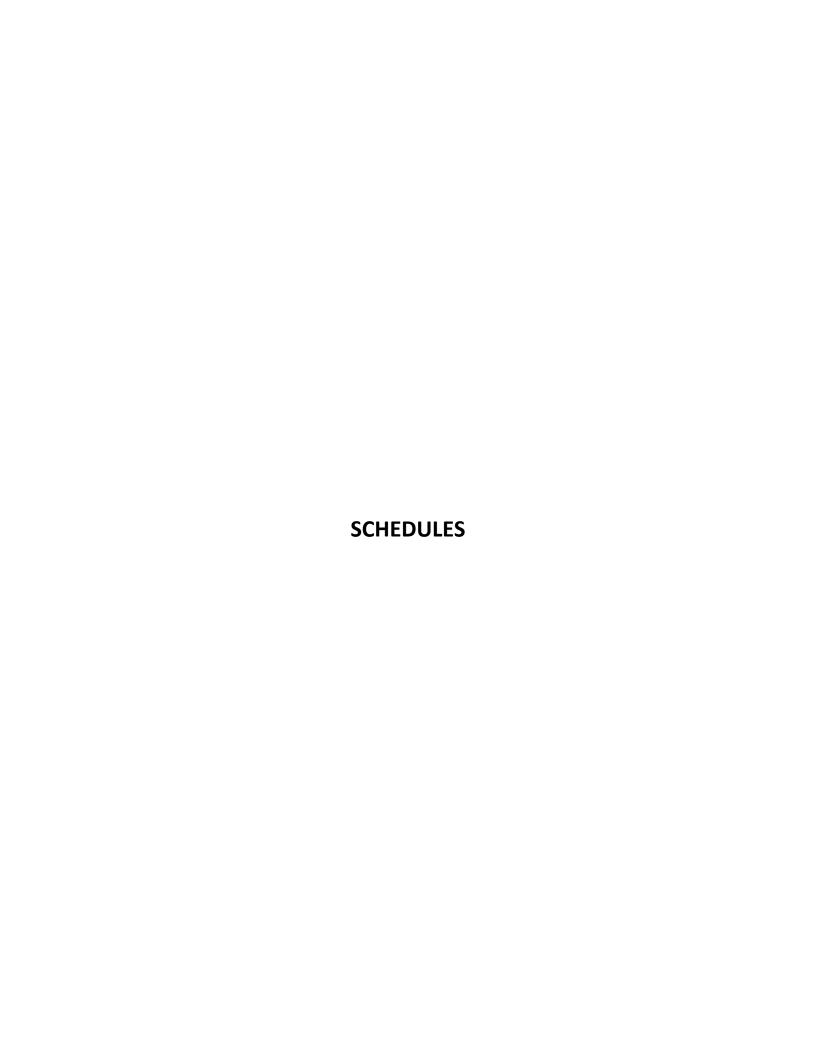
		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	944,786	-	-	944,786
Charges for services		111,945	-	-	111,945
Investment income (loss)		(8,931)	-	(773)	(9,704
Unclassified		122,570	43,566	-	166,136
Total revenues		1,170,370	43,566	(773)	1,213,163
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		120,934	-	2,488	123,422
City services		29,596	-	1,014	30,610
Public safety		14,305	-	-	14,305
Public works		2,843	-	2,554	5,397
Unclassified		-	-	77	77
Education		672,695	-	-	672,695
Food services		307,879	-	-	307,879
Capital outlay		-	157,084	-	157,084
Total expenditures		1,148,252	157,084	6,133	1,311,469
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		22,118	(113,518)	(6,906)	(98,306
Other financing sources:					
Transfer from other funds		8,000	9,900	-	17,900
Total other financing sources		8,000	9,900	-	17,900
Net change in fund balance		30,118	(103,618)	(6,906)	(80,406
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated		1,168,428	420,392	587,535	2,176,355
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,198,546	316,774	580,629	2,095,949

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2017

	Jun	e 30, 2017				
	City	UDAG		School		
	Special	Economic		Special		
	Revenue	Development	Uptown	Revenue	School	
	Funds	Loan Fund	Loan Fund	Funds	Lunch	Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 283	299,204	149,374	-	-	448,861
Investments	-	173,862	-	-	-	173,862
Due from other governments	-	-	-	111,370	40,452	151,822
Loans receivable, net	-	337,917	17,005	-	-	354,922
Interfund loans receivable	96,693	115,166	-	-	-	211,859
Inventory	-	-	-	=	12,562	12,562
Total assets	\$ 96,976	926,149	166,379	111,370	53,014	1,353,888
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	-	-	-	1,555	2,469	4,024
Accrued payroll and benefits	-	-	-	24,583	-	24,583
Interfund loans payable	-	-	110,646	1,661	14,428	126,735
Total liabilities	-	-	110,646	27,799	16,897	155,342
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	12,562	12,562
Restricted	97,920	926,149	55,733	90,972	23,555	1,194,329
Committed	9,308	-	-	8,803	, <u>-</u>	18,111
Unassigned	(10,252)	-	-	(16,204)	-	(26,456)
Total fund balances	96,976	926,149	55,733	83,571	36,117	1,198,546
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 96,976	926,149	166,379	111,370	53,014	1,353,888

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017

	City	UDAG		School		
	Special	Economic		Special		
	Revenue	Development	Uptown	Revenue	School	
	(Schedule 1)	Loan Fund	Loan Fund	(Schedule 2)	Lunch	Totals
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental \$	68,744	-	_	641,445	234,597	944,786
Charges for services	-	-	-	25,998	85,947	111,945
Investment income (loss)	-	(7,385)	(1,546)	-	-	(8,931
Unclassified	57,236	48,905	6,924	9,505	-	122,570
Total revenues	125,980	41,520	5,378	676,948	320,544	1,170,370
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	74,733	35,720	10,481	-	-	120,934
City services	29,596	-	-	-	-	29,596
Public safety	14,305	-	-	-	-	14,305
Public works	2,843	-	-	-	-	2,843
Education	500	-	-	672,195	-	672,695
Food services	_	-	-	· -	307,879	307,879
Total expenditures	121,977	35,720	10,481	672,195	307,879	1,148,252
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	4,003	5,800	(5,103)	4,753	12,665	22,118
	·	-				·
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers from (to) other funds	500	(3,750)	(3,750)	-	15,000	8,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	500	(3,750)	(3,750)	-	15,000	8,000
Net change in fund balances	4,503	2,050	(8,853)	4,753	27,665	30,118
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	92,473	924,099	64,586	78,818	8,452	1,168,428
Fund balances, end of year \$	96,976	926,149	55,733	83,571	36,117	1,198,546



City Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2017

		Balances					Balances
		(deficits)		Revenues			(deficits)
		beginning	Inter-			Transfers	end
		of year	governmental	Other	Expenditures	in (out)	of year
General government:							
1730 CDBG Facade Grant	\$	(3,701)	55,653	_	52,310	_	(358)
1746 Downtown Community Enterprise	Y	3,098	-	_	52,510	_	3,098
1795 Pet Smart Grant		3,098			_		3,098
1800 Summer Food Program		3,843	944	_	4,622		165
3625 Economic Development - Dawson		17,132	-	20,844	17,799	_	20,177
3885 PW Insurance Claim		3,210	_	20,844	17,799	_	3,210
4747 Walkway Extension Donation		306	-	-	-	-	306
Rental Rehabilitation		284	-	1	2	-	283
City services:		204	-	1	2	-	203
•		(E4E)			117		(662)
2830 Donation - Skateboard		(545)	-	-	117	-	(662)
3660 Recreation Wellness 3661 Recreation Arts & Humanities		605	-	-	-	-	605
		1,197	-	1 000	-	-	1,197
3662 Recreation Smith Field		-	-	1,000	-	-	1,000
3663 Recreation Center Expansion		1,690	-	-	-	-	1,690
3665 Recreation JMG Grant		600	-	-	-	-	600
3666 Recreation School Basketball		909	-	-	-	-	909
3667 Recreation Pavilion Project		343	-	-	668	-	(325)
3668 Recreation Tennis Donations		-	-	7,268	-	-	7,268
3758 Library - Eaton Foundation		10,736	-	-	3,744	-	6,992
3760 Library - Figure Foundation		180	-	-	180	-	-
3762 Library - Special Gift Book		2,671	-	2,442	4,070	-	1,043
3764 J. Baig Bequest - Library		1,920	-	-	-	-	1,920
3767 Library - MBNA Collect Deve		14	-	-	10	-	4
3768 Library - Rudman Trust		16	-	-	10	-	6
3771 Library - Pike Fund Income		13,503	-	23,348	17,511	-	19,340
3778 Concert Donations		229	-	-	-	-	229
3779 Triangle Park Donations		542	-	1,944	3,286	-	(800)
3783 Arts Council Donations		199	-	-	-	-	199
Public safety:							
1725 Shore and Harbor (BIG) Grant		143	5,000	-	10,014	-	(4,871)
1740 FEMA Disaster		4,707	-	-	-	-	4,707
1745 Safe Routes to School		(1,110)	-	-	-	-	(1,110)
1765 2012 Justice Assistance Grant		(376)	-	-	-	-	(376)
1766 Stone Garden Grant		950	3,053	-	3,446	-	557
1789 Police Drug Forfeiture Funds		2,003	4,094	-	-	-	6,097
3600 Animal Control Fees		2,026	-	389	267	-	2,148
3635 Firefighter Training FAC		2,873	-	-	-	-	2,873
3638 J. Baig Bequest - Firefighters		2,000	-	-	-	-	2,000
3640 Police - DARE		5,884	-	-	-	-	5,884
3642 Police - Fingerprint Clinic		2,412	_	_	_	_	2,412
3648 J. Baig Bequest - Police		1,535	_	_	578	_	957
Public works:		_,					
3874 Transfer Station Prof Services		1,000	_	_	_	_	1,000
3875 Transfer Station Environ Monit		1,851	_	_	1,593	_	258
3877 PW Tree Planting		2,000	_	_	-	_	2,000
3878 PW Tree Removal		3,500	_	_	_	500	4,000
3879 PW Chipping Program		3,300	_	_	1,250	-	2,050
Unclassified:		3,300	_	-	1,230	_	2,030
3633 Scholarship Account		(1,250)	-	-	500	-	(1,750)
	,		_				
Total City special revenue funds	\$	92,473	68,744	57,236	121,977	500	96,976

School Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2017

		Balances (deficits) beginning of year	Revenues	Expenditures	Balances (deficits) end of year
		•		•	•
Federa	al programs:				
2300	Title IA - Disadvantaged	\$ (7,378)	300,765	299,742	(6,355)
2310	Title IA - Program Improvement	-	14,032	19,443	(5,411)
2470	Local Entitlement	-	103,797	103,897	(100)
2670	Rural Low Income	-	17,172	17,253	(81)
2700	Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction	-	62,563	62,563	-
2860	Perkins Learning Center	-	32,359	32,359	-
2915	HRSA Grant - School Based Heath	79	-	-	79
	Total federal programs	(7,299)	530,688	535,257	(11,868)
State n	programs:				
2015	Melmac Grant - High School	1,210	10,000	4,597	6,613
2017	Melmac Grant - Tech Center	1,802	14,000	11,426	4,376
2214	CTE Industry Standards	-,	26,081	26,082	(1)
2220	Dental	403	500	470	433
2230	IT-V	6,113	-	-	6,113
2232	Proficiency Based Education	8,457	5,745	5,296	8,906
2233	PEP Grant	3,567	-	1,586	1,981
2238	Momentum	-	-	4,256	(4,256)
2250	Regional Support Unit	2,108	-	-	2,108
2900	HIV Prevention	134	-	-	134
2905	Youth Suicide Prevention	58	-	-	58
7020	DHHS Teen and Youth	23,570	54,431	53,249	24,752
	Total state programs	47,422	110,757	106,962	51,217
Othor	nrograms:				
2010	programs: Kellogg Grant	520	_	_	520
2020	Maine Dairy	28	_	_	28
2060	Local Funds	-	6,860	_	6,860
2071	Wellness Grant	2,614	-	271	2,343
2080	Suicide Prevention Grant	7,497	_	-	7,497
2090	Tootsie Roll Grant	2,426	545	361	2,610
2100	Recommissioned Computer Revenue	1,586	-	-	1,586
2130	Maine Indian Education - Afterschool	3,550	_	_	3,550
2135	CES Afterschool Program	10,049	25,998	27,244	8,803
2145	Mano en Mano		2,100	2,100	-
2150	T.A.G.	3,046	-,	-,250	3,046
2160	Underwater Robotics	5	-	-	5
2180	EPGY	5,624	-	-	5,624
2190	Private Dormant Grants	1,750	-		1,750
	Total other programs	38,695	35,503	29,976	44,222
	Totals	\$ 78,818	676,948	672,195	83,571

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Balances (deficits) beginning			Transfers	Balances (deficits) end
	of year	Revenues	Expenditures	in (out)	of year
3623 WCPA Purchase Escrow	\$ 264,571	20,843	-	-	285,414
3630 Nash's Lake Dam	(1,500)	-	1,002	-	(2,502)
3664 Recreation Pool Donations	(58,908)	6,660	4,714	-	(56,962)
3761 Library - Building Fund	1,582	-	117	-	1,465
3785 Land Disposition	(31,455)	5,008	11,417	37,864	-
3870 Cemetery Road Repair	2,000	-	-	2,000	4,000
3895 Nursing Home Feasibility Study	120	-	-	-	120
3900 Veteran's Memorial Pavers	1,592	1,000	400	-	2,192
4202 CIP Administration	51,823	529	776	(37,164)	14,412
4205 CIP Fire Department	11,901	46	-	-	11,947
4207 CIP Library	1	-	-	-	1
4210 CIP Recreation Dept	5,791	49	-	-	5,840
4215 CIP Police Dept	14,087	76	598	1,000	14,565
4220 CIP Public Works	136,213	1,052	132,010	6,200	11,455
4225 CIP Transfer Station	(1,661)	124	<u>-</u>	_	(1,537)
4230 CIP Cemetery	5,959	8,075	6,050	-	7,984
4235 CIP Equipment Reserve	178	1	· -	_	179
4240 CIP North Street Building	2,284	14	_	-	2,298
4245 CIP Debt	13,706	89	_	-	13,795
2120 School - SCRTC Reserve Fund	2,108	-	-	-	2,108
Total nonmajor capital projects	\$ 420,392	43,566	157,084	9,900	316,774

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Nonmajor Permanent Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Cemetery Trust Funds	Library Trust Funds	Poor Trust Funds	Beckett Pool Funds	Totals
Revenues:					
Investment income	\$ 5,865	2,374	1,406	176	9,821
Unrealized gain (loss)	(6,436)	(2,415)	(1,549)	(194)	(10,594)
Total revenues	(571)	(41)	(143)	(18)	(773)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	2,488	-	2,488
City services	-	1,014	-	-	1,014
Public works	2,554	-	-	-	2,554
Unclassified	-	-	-	77	77
Total expenditures	2,554	1,014	2,488	77	6,133
Net change in fund balances	(3,125)	(1,055)	(2,631)	(95)	(6,906)
Fund balances, beginning of year	361,407	142,847	69,970	13,311	587,535
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 358,282	141,792	67,339	13,216	580,629

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds - Student Activity Funds

For the	year	ended	June	30,	2017
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	Balances			Balances
	Beginning			End
	of year	Additions	Deletions	of year
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 116,964	161,953	157,129	121,788
Total assets	\$ 116,964	161,953	157,129	121,788
LIABILITIES				
Due to student groups:				
Calais High School	85,705	104,740	103,898	86,547
St. Croix Technical Center	20,296	34,955	30,055	25,196
Calais Elementary School	10,963	22,258	23,176	10,045
Total liabilities	\$ 116,964	161,953	157,129	121,788



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH MAINE STATE STATUTE REQUIREMENTS

Calais School Committee Calais School Department City of Calais, Maine

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calais, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Calais, Maine's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2017, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Calais, Maine's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, and noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

In connection with that audit, we:

- 1. Considered whether the Calais School Department has complied with budget content requirements of section 15693.
- 2. Considered whether the Calais School Department has complied with transfer limitations between budget cost centers pursuant to section 1485.
- 3. Considered whether the Calais School Department has exceeded its authority to expend funds.
- 4. Considered whether the Calais School Department has complied with the applicable provisions of the unexpended balances requirements established under section 15004.
- 5. Reviewed the annual financial data submitted to the Maine Department of Education and reconciled it to the audited financial statement totals (see attached Schedule of Reconciliation of the NEO Financial System with Audited Financial Statements).
- 6. Considered whether the Calais School Department was in compliance with applicable provisions of the Essential Programs and Services Funding Act.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. Other known matters of noncompliance relating to the above listed items (items #1 - #6) are as follows:

- The Calais School Department did not ensure that all of the accounts were properly bridged and uploaded to the NEO website. The result was that multiple accounts were not reported to the Maine Department of Education.
- The School Department did not make allowable budgetary transfers of up to 5% and, as a result, had multiple cost centers with actual expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts. However, in total, the School Department did not exceed its authority to expend funds.

Calais School Committee Calais School Department City of Calais, Maine Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying *Schedule of Reconciliation of the NEO Financial System with Audited Financial Statements* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by regulation of the Maine Department of Education and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and regulations of the Maine Department of Education in considering the entity's compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 13, 2017 South Portland, Maine

Kungan Kusten Owellette

CALAIS SCHOOL DEPARTMENT

Schedule of Reconciliation of the NEO Financial Systems with Audited Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2017

		School Department General Fund	School Special Revenues	School Lunch Program
Revenues and other financing sources: Per NEO Revenues not reported on NEO:	\$	8,649,235	703,208	50,754
School lunch - Fund 6000: (Accounts 41610, 41620 ,43250)		-	-	271,990
Adjustments: Removal of internal accounts receivable		(7,259)		
Removal of e-rate		(7,239)	(26,260)	_
Donated commodities		_	(20,200)	12,800
Adjusted NEO balance		8,641,976	676,948	335,544
Per fund financial statements (Exhibits B-2 and D-2):		8,641,975	676,948	335,544
Immaterial differences		1	-	-
		School Department General Fund	School Special Revenues	School Lunch Program
- 1: 1 6 :				
Expenditures and other financing uses: Per NEO	\$	8,510,817	699,479	295,079
Adjustments:	Ą	8,310,817	099,479	293,073
Removal of internal accounts payable		(7,259)	-	-
Removal of e-rate		-	(26,259)	-
Donated commodities		-	-	12,800
Summer salaries accrual		-	(1,023)	-
Adjusted NEO balance		8,503,558	672,197	307,879
Per fund financial statements (Exhibits B-2 and D-2):		8,503,559	672,195	307,879
Immaterial differences	\$	(1)	2	-
Reconciliation between financial statements and NEO report:				
Revenues	\$	7,114,338	676,948	320,544
Transfers in	7	1,527,637		15,000
Total revenues		8,641,975	676,948	335,544
Expenditures		8,488,559	672,195	307,879
Transfers out		15,000	-	-
Total expenditures		8,503,559	672,195	307,879
Net transfers in (out)		1,512,637	-	15,000

See accompanying auditor's report.

Reports Required by *Government Auditing Standards* and Uniform Guidance

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Reports Required by *Government Auditing Standards*and Uniform Guidance For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Calais, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calais, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Calais, Maine's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Calais, Maine's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calais, Maine's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calais, Maine's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies (2017-001 through 2017-004).

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, CONTINUED

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Calais, Maine's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the City of Calais, Maine in a separate letter dated December 13, 2017.

City of Calais, Maine's Responses to Findings

Rungen Kusten Owellette

The City of Calais, Maine's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Calais, Maine's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 13, 2017 South Portland, Maine



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the City Council City of Calais, Maine

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Calais, Maine's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have direct and material effect on each of the City of Calais, Maine's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The City of Calais, Maine's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Calais, Maine's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Calais, Maine's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Calais, Maine's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Child Nutrition Cluster

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the City of Calais, Maine did not comply with requirements regarding the Child Nutrition Cluster as described in finding numbers 2017-005 for Special Tests and Provisions: Verification of Free and Reduced Price Applications and 2017-006 for Reporting: Monthly Claim Form Meal Counts. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the City of Calais, Maine to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE, CONTINUED

Qualified Opinion on the Child Nutrition Cluster

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the City of Calais, Maine complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Child Nutrition Cluster for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the City of Calais, Maine complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Other Matters

The City of Calais, Maine's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Calais, Maine's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Calais, Maine is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Calais, Maine's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Calais, Maine's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE, CONTINUED

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Calais, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Calais, Maine's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2017, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

December 13, 2017 South Portland, Maine

Rungen Kusten Duellette

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the year ended June 30, 2017

For the year ended						
	Federal	Pass-			CFDA/	Passed
Federal Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	through		Federal	cluster	through to
Grantor/Program Title	number	number		expenditures	totals	subrecipients
J.S. Department of Education,						
Passed through the Maine Department of Education:						
Title IA, Disadvantaged	84.010	3107	\$	299,742		
			Ş	•	210 105	-
Title IA, Program Improvement	84.010	3106		19,443	319,185	-
Special Education Cluster:						
Special Education State Grants Individuals with Disabilities Act	84.027	3046		103,897		-
Total Special Education Cluster					103,897	
Career and Technical Education	84.048	3030		32,359		-
Title VI, Rural Education	84.358	3305		17,253		-
Title IIA, Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	3042		62,563		
Total U.S. Department of Education				535,257		-
J.S. Department of Agriculture,						
Direct Program:						
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	N/A		1,214,689		
	10.700	IN/A		1,414,009		-
Passed through the Maine Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:						
	10 555	2022/2024		100.557		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	3022/3024		129,667		-
School Breakfast Program	10.553	3014		57,600		-
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	3016/3018		13,840		-
Food Donation Program	10.555	N/A		12,800		-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					213,907	
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables	10.582	3028		12,940		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				1,441,536		-
Passed through the Maine Department of Economic and Community Development: CDBG Public Infrastructure Program CDBG Façade Grant	14.228 14.228	N/A N/A		22,693 52,310	75,003	-
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.226	IN/A		75,003	75,005	<u>-</u>
Total 0.3. Department of Housing and Orban Development				73,003		
U.S. Department of Justice,						
Passed through the Maine Department of Justice:						
Asset Forfeiture	16.922	N/A		4,094		-
Total U.S. Department of Justice		,		4,094		-
U.S. Department of the Interior,						
Direct Program:						
Boating Infrastructure Grant	15.622	N/A		10,014		-
Total U.S. Department of the Interior				10,014		-
Environmental Protection Agency,						
Passed through the Maine Department of Environmental Protection:						
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster:						
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	66.458	230253-10		153,588		
3		N/A				-
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	66.458	•		188,394		-
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund	66.458	N/A		572,757	014 720	-
Total Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster Total Environmental Protection Agency				914,739	914,739	
Total Entironmental Flotection Agency				517,755		
U.S. Department of Homeland Security,						
Passed through the Maine Emergency Management Agency:						
Stone Garden Grant	97.067	N/A		3,446		
Stone darden Grant						
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				3,446		
				3,446		

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2017

PURPOSE OF THE SCHEDULE

Office of Management and Budget (OMB)'s Uniform Guidance requires a schedule of expenditures of federal awards showing total expenditures for each federal award program as identified in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA).

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. Reporting Entity The accompanying schedule includes all federal award programs of the City of Calais, Maine for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The reporting entity is defined in the notes to basic financial statements of the City of Calais, Maine.
- B. Basis of Presentation The information in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.
 - 1. Pursuant to the Uniform Guidance, federal awards are defined as assistance provided by a federal agency, either directly or indirectly, in the form of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, loans, loan guarantees, property, interest subsidies, insurance or direct appropriations.
 - 2. Major Programs The Uniform Guidance establishes the level of expenditures or expenses to be used in defining major federal award programs. Major programs for the City of Calais, Maine are identified in the summary of auditor's results in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.
- C. Basis of Accounting The information presented in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with the reporting in the City's fund financial statements.
- D. The City of Calais, Maine has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

CITY OF CALAIS, MAINE Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial

statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified? No Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major federal programs: Qualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with

the Uniform Guidance?

Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.760	Water and Waste Disposals Systems for Rural Communities
10.553 – 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Findings Required to be Reported Under Government Auditing Standards

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2017-001 - Preparation of Financial Statements (City)

Auditing standards require external auditors to determine whether or not client personnel designated as having responsibility over the financial reporting process possess the expertise to identify all financial reporting matters in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles without the reliance on external auditors. This means that these individuals would need to have the knowledge of all the various financial statement disclosure requirements in addition to an understanding of fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements. From a practical standpoint, the costs of maintaining the expertise in-house to meet these requirements often exceed the benefit. As a result, it is common practice for governmental entities to rely on assistance from their auditing firm to assist in the preparation of the financial statements and the related disclosures. When the auditing firm prepares the financial statements, the City must assign a competent management level individual to oversee this service. Additionally, management must review, approve, and accept responsibility for the financial statements and related notes.

Unfortunately, when this approach is taken, the City is considered to have a control deficiency in the design of internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and as a result, we are required to report this as such in this letter.

Management's response/corrective action plan: The City continues to use auditor financial schedules to assist in the preparation of the audit, as it is not cost effective to have this expertise in-house. Management and the School Department continue to need some assistance when analyzing equity of the various funds, but will continue its efforts to minimize auditor assistance. Management is making sure that finance personnel attend adequate training. Management will also consider the feasibility of implementing cross-training of all functions amongst the limited number of admin staff.

2017-002 - Material Audit Adjusting Journal Entries (City)

The general ledger includes activity and balances of the City's asset, liability, revenue, and expenditure/expense accounts. Many of these accounts required audit adjustments at year-end, including ambulance receivables, capital assets, and various revenue and expenditure/expense accounts. Both individually and in the aggregate, these entries were material to the financial statements. Whenever the auditor is required to propose a material amount of entries, the risk of material misstatement due to fraud or error increases significantly.

In order to maintain an accurate accounting of all accounts on the general ledger and provide accurate financial reports during the year, we recommend that City employees reconcile the ending balances of each general ledger account on a monthly basis. We suggest that management establish a checklist of required monthly and year-end adjustments to ensure that general ledger accounts are being reconciled in a timely manner. Additionally, we suggest that the proprietary funds be maintained on a full accrual basis as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Section II - Findings Required to be Reported Under Government Auditing Standards, Continued

2017-002 - Material Audit Adjusting Journal Entries (City), Continued

We believe that the following procedures should be performed on a monthly basis:

- Reconciliation of the detailed listing of ambulance accounts receivable to the general ledger balances
- Review of direct fund balance posts and properly classify these entries out of fund balance.

Management's response/corrective action plan: Management, in conjunction with City finance staff, has created a checklist of the various general ledger accounts that require reconciliation on a monthly and/or annual basis as well as a checklist for the journal entries required annually. Currently, the number of accounts on the General Ledger are numerous and time-consuming to be reconcile monthly. Finance staff will attempt to reconcile the accounts at least quarterly. Management will continue to send finance staff to appropriate trainings as necessary and promote cross-training where needed.

<u>2017-003 – Account Structure of the City General Ledger (City)</u>

The current account structure that is being utilized within the City's accounting system is not reflective of the reporting objectives of management. Currently, nearly all of the individual nonmajor governmental funds (special revenue and capital project funds), which ideally should be reported separately, are recorded as single account lines in the general fund assets and liabilities. The effect of utilizing single lines for account purposes is that there are no revenue or expenditure accounts for any of the nonmajor governmental funds. This makes financial reporting for individual funds difficult, as all of the activity within these funds needs to be manually adjusted for financial statement preparation. We believe that management should update its account structure so that every fund that either is required to be reported separately, or that management wishes to report separately, has its own unique fund number within the accounting system.

Additionally, within the proprietary funds (Ambulance and Sewer), revenues are reported as liability and fund balance accounts rather than revenue accounts. These accounts will not close to fund balance without a manual adjusting journal entry posted at the end of the year. We suggest that all revenues recorded within the liability and fund balance accounts be reclassified as revenue accounts so the accounting system can properly close at year-end.

<u>Management's response/corrective action plan:</u> Management has considered the feasibility and efficiency of implementing a revised account structure that would reflect each fund separately with its own unique fund number. Management, with the assistance of finance staff, has revised the account structure effective July 1, 2017 to move revenues off of the Balance Sheet for the proprietary funds. New funds or accounts will be set up as a unique fund so that going forward, these types of accounts are easier to track and report on.

<u>2017-004 – Budget Errors (City)</u>

As part of the budget process, the City is required to pass a balanced budget that assesses to taxpayers the total appropriations less any non-property tax revenues. During the fiscal year 2017, we discovered that the City did not take into account the School Department's use of fund balance, a non-property tax revenue, and subsequently overstated the School Department net appropriation by \$226,143. We suggest that management take care in preparation of future budgets to avoid over stating the yearly property tax commitment.

<u>Management's response/corrective action plan:</u> The budget error was brought to the attention of Management during the audit of the FY16 financial statements. The budget for FY17 was already completed and a similar error had been made. The budget for FY18 has omitted the use of fund balance by the School.

Section III - Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

<u>2017-005 – U.S. Department of Agriculture, For the Period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017, CFDA #10.553-10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster</u>

<u>Statement of Condition</u>: The City did not properly change one student's status to free based on information received during the verification process.

<u>Criteria</u>: By November 15th of each school year, the local education agency (LEA) must verify the current free and reduced price eligibility of households selected from a sample of applications that it has approved for free and reduced price meals. The LEA must follow-up on children whose eligibility status has changed as the result of verification activities to put them in the correct category.

<u>Effect</u>: A student that should have been changed to free remained on reduced lunch even though the student's household income was below the income thresholds established by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, based on submitted verification documentation.

<u>Cause</u>: The School Lunch director did not make the necessary changes to the free and reduced price student lists based on the information submitted from selected households.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Management needs to ensure that after the verification process is complete, the School Lunch Director makes the necessary changes to the free and reduced lunch student lists.

Questioned Costs: None

<u>Management's response/corrective action plan:</u> Administration will speak with each food service lead person. Administration or person appointed by administration will check the list against the applications on a quarterly basis.

<u>2017-006 – U.S. Department of Agriculture, For the Period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017, CFDA #10.553-10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster</u>

<u>Statement of Condition</u>: During the month of April 2017, meals served at the Middle and High Schools were not reported on the monthly claim form. Also, during the month of October 2016, the School Department over claimed paid lunches.

Criteria: Accurate meal counts and reporting are required for proper calculation of federal subsidy.

<u>Effect</u>: The federal funds reimbursed under this program were not calculated correctly as accurate meal counts were not submitted to the State of Maine.

Cause: Management reported the incorrect monthly meals served to the State of Maine.

Section III - Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards, Continued

<u>2017-006 – U.S. Department of Agriculture, For the Period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017, CFDA #10.553-10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster, Continued</u>

<u>Recommendation</u>: An employee, other than the School Nutrition Director, should review and approve the reported amounts for the meal counts prior to submission of the monthly claim to the State of Maine.

Questioned Costs: None

<u>Management's response/corrective action plan:</u> The lead food service workers submit school lunch information for the claim form to the Superintendent's Administrative Assistant. The Administrative Assistant completes the school lunch claim form. The claim form is reviewed by another person in the office prior to the claim being submitted. After the review is complete, the Administrative Assistant submits the claim.

Section IV - Status of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs for *Government Auditing Standards* and Federal Awards

2016-001 - City Accounting Software to School Accounting Software Reconciliation (City and School)

The City and School Department utilize separate accounting software. Since the City and the School Department have separate accounting software, it is essential that reconciliations of all balance sheet, revenue, and expenditure accounts be performed between the School's general ledger (ADS) and the City's general ledger (TRIO) on a monthly basis. This reconciliation should be performed as soon as feasible after month end. An essential part of this process is for the City to receive all School Department journal entries and postings promptly so they can be posted to the City's accounting software.

As of June 30, 2016, balance sheet, revenue, and expenditure accounts on the School Department's accounting system did not reconcile with the balance sheet, revenue, and expenditure accounts on the City's accounting system. The reconciliation between the City and School accounting systems was not complete when we arrived for fieldwork on October 24, 2016. Work continued on the reconciliation process through the month of January when it was eventually completed. We received the reconciliation from the City on January 3, 2017. The reconciliation did not correct the balance sheet account variances, and some minor variances remained between the revenue and expenditure accounts. The residual difference remaining to correct all accounts was \$30,384.

We recommend utilizing the cash reconciliation feature in the School's accounting system and removing School related items from the City's accounting system. The City would then pay the School its local assessments during the fiscal year, thus simplifying the reconciliation process. The City could maintain control over the cash account by having signing authority over that account and reviewing and approving the monthly cash reconciliations performed by School employees. If the City does not want to utilize the cash reconciliation feature within the School's accounting system, we recommend that the reconciliation between the City and School accounting systems be performed monthly. Any variances should be investigated promptly and entries should be posted to the proper system (City or School) accordingly so that the two accounting systems present the same financial information.

Status: No similar findings occurred in fiscal year 2017.

<u>2016-002 – Material Governmental Funds Unrecorded in Accounting Software (City)</u>

During our review of the TRIO accounting software, it was noted that the UDAG Economic Development Loan Fund, the Uptown Loan Fund, and the Rental Rehabilitation Fund were not recorded in the accounting software. These three funds had a combined fund balance of \$1,011,627 as of June 30, 2015. During the 2016 fiscal year, those funds reported \$32,410 of revenues and \$55,068 of expenditures and transfers, ending the year with a \$988,969 fund balance. Those funds reported cash and investments totaling \$613,290 and loans receivable of \$544,673 with an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$160,875, for a net loans receivable balance of \$383,798. We recommend that all governmental and proprietary funds be accounted for in the City's accounting system to properly track the assets, liabilities, and activities of those funds.

Status: No similar findings occurred in fiscal year 2017.

Section IV - Status of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs for *Government Auditing Standards* and Federal Awards, Continued

2016-003 - Preparation of Financial Statements (City)

Auditing standards require external auditors to determine whether or not client personnel designated as having responsibility over the financial reporting process possess the expertise to identify all financial reporting matters in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles without the reliance on external auditors. This means that these individuals would need to have the knowledge of all the various financial statement disclosure requirements in addition to an understanding of fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements. From a practical standpoint, the costs of maintaining the expertise in-house to meet these requirements often exceed the benefit. As a result, it is common practice for governmental entities to rely on assistance from their auditing firm to assist in the preparation of the financial statements and the related disclosures. When the auditing firm prepares the financial statements, the City must assign a competent management level individual to oversee this service. Additionally, management must review, approve, and accept responsibility for the financial statements and related notes.

Unfortunately, when this approach is taken, the City is considered to have a control deficiency in the design of internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and as a result, we are required to report this as such in this letter.

Status: The City continues to use auditor financial schedules to assist in the preparation of the audit, as it is not cost effective to have this expertise in-house. Management and the School Department continue to need some assistance when analyzing equity of the various funds, but will continue its efforts to minimize auditor assistance.

Recommendation: We recommend the Finance Director consider attending training sessions or taking accounting courses in order to gain the expertise necessary to prepare the financial statements in the future.

Corrective Action Plan: Management is making sure that finance personnel attend adequate training. Management will also consider the feasibility of implementing cross-training of all functions amongst the limited number of admin staff.

2016-004 – Material Audit Adjusting Journal Entries (City)

The general ledger includes activity and balances of the City's asset, liability, revenue, and expenditure/expense accounts. Many of these accounts required audit adjustments at year-end, including cash, interfund accounts, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, capital assets, long-term debt, and various revenue and expenditure/expense accounts. Both individually and in the aggregate, these entries were material to the financial statements. Whenever the auditor is required to propose a material amount of entries, the risk of material misstatement due to fraud or error increases significantly.

In order to maintain an accurate accounting of all accounts on the general ledger and provide accurate financial reports during the year, we recommend that City employees reconcile the ending balances of each general ledger account on a monthly basis. We suggest that management establish a checklist of required monthly and year-end adjustments to ensure that general ledger accounts are being reconciled in a timely manner. Additionally, we suggest that the proprietary funds be maintained on a full accrual basis as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Section IV - Status of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs for *Government Auditing Standards* and Federal Awards, Continued

2016-004 - Material Audit Adjusting Journal Entries (City), Continued

We believe that the following procedures should be performed on a monthly basis:

- Reconciliation of the detailed listing of all accounts receivable and accounts payable accounts to the general ledger balances
- Determination of the accuracy of the employee benefit and taxes withholding accounts and other liability accounts recorded on the general ledger
- Analytical review of revenue accounts to identify misclassifications or errors
- Analytical review of expenditure/expense accounts to identify misclassifications or errors

Status: The City has addressed many of the reconciliation issues that produced most of the material audit adjustments, however there were still material entries in the ambulance fund and in the sewer fund.

Recommendation: We recommend continued improvement on performing monthly reconciliations including ambulance payables and receivables as well as reclassifying direct fund balance posts out of the sewer fund prior to the audit.

Corrective Action Plan: Management, in conjunction with City finance staff, has created a checklist of the various general ledger accounts that require reconciliation on a monthly and/or annual basis as well as a checklist for the journal entries required annually. Currently, the number of accounts on the General Ledger are numerous and time-consuming to be reconcile monthly. Finance staff will attempt to reconcile the accounts at least quarterly. Management will continue to send finance staff to appropriate trainings as necessary and promote cross-training where needed.

2016-005 – Account Structure of the City General Ledger (City)

The current account structure that is being utilized within the City's accounting system is not reflective of the reporting objectives of management. Currently, all of the individual nonmajor governmental funds (special revenue and capital project funds), which ideally should be reported separately, are recorded as single account lines in the general fund assets and liabilities. The effect of utilizing single lines for account purposes is that there are no revenue or expenditure accounts for any of the nonmajor governmental funds. This makes financial reporting for individual funds difficult, as all of the activity within these funds needs to be manually adjusted for financial statement preparation. We believe that management should update its account structure so that every fund that either is required to be reported separately, or that management wishes to report separately, has its own unique fund number within the accounting system.

Additionally, within the proprietary funds (Ambulance and Sewer), revenues are reported as liability and fund balance accounts rather than revenue accounts. These accounts will not close to fund balance without a manual adjusting journal entry posted at the end of the year. We suggest that all revenues recorded within the liability and fund balance accounts be reclassified as revenue accounts so the accounting system can properly close at year-end.

Section IV - Status of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs for *Government Auditing Standards* and Federal Awards, Continued

<u>2016-005 – Account Structure of the City General Ledger (City), Continued</u>

Status: This finding remains uncorrected in fiscal year 2017.

Recommendation: We suggest that all revenues recorded within the liability and fund balance accounts be reclassified as revenue accounts so the accounting system can properly close at year-end.

Corrective Action Plan: Management has considered the feasibility and efficiency of implementing a revised account structure that would reflect each fund separately with its own unique fund number. Management, with the assistance of finance staff, has revised the account structure effective July 1, 2017 to move revenues off of the Balance Sheet for the proprietary funds. New funds or accounts will be set up as a unique fund so that going forward, these types of accounts are easier to track and report on.

2016-006 – Budget Errors

As part of the budget process, the City is required to pass a balanced budget that assesses to taxpayers the total appropriations less any non-property tax revenues. During the fiscal year 2016, we discovered that the City did not take into account the School Department's use of fund balance, a non-property tax revenue, and subsequently overstated the School Department net appropriation by \$172,000.

Additionally, the City had errors on the Certificate of Assessment whereby total assessments where understated by \$11,308 compared to amounts that were passed in the budget. This error, combined with the school department budget error, resulted in over assessing taxpayers \$160,692 for fiscal year 2016. We suggest that management take into account all non-property tax revenues during the budget process which may include use of fund balance and ensure that the Certificate of Assessment matches the final budget prior to committing taxes.

Status: The budget error was brought to the attention of Management during the audit of the fiscal year 2016 financial statements. The budget for fiscal year 2016 was already completed and a similar error had been made.

Recommendation: We suggest that management take care in preparation of future budgets to avoid over stating the yearly property tax commitment.

Corrective Action Plan: The budget for fiscal year 2018 has omitted the use of fund balance by the School.

<u>2016-007 – U.S. Department of Agriculture, For the Period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016, CFDA #10.553-10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster</u>

<u>Statement of Condition</u>: Documentation of the income verification letters and subsequent responses from families were not retained.

<u>Criteria</u>: By November 15th of each school year, the local education agency (LEA) must verify the current free and reduced price eligibility of households selected from a sample of applications that it has approved for free and reduced price meals. The LEA must follow-up on children whose eligibility status has changed as the result of verification activities to put them in the correct category.

Section IV - Status of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs for *Government Auditing Standards* and Federal Awards, Continued

<u>2016-007 – U.S. Department of Agriculture, For the Period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016, CFDA #10.553-10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster, Continued</u>

<u>Effect</u>: Students who were selected in the sample could be receiving free and reduced lunch even though they are above the income thresholds established by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

<u>Cause</u>: The School Lunch Director did not retain copies of the income verifications letters that were sent to parents, or the responses from the parents, that document their income. Because of the lack of documentation, we were unable to determine if the income verification process was completed.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Management needs to ensure that all documentation, including letters sent and responses received, are retained for each student that is selected through the verification process.

Questioned Costs: None

Status: There were findings in the current year for this program under the same compliance requirement.

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