### **BEING**

# WURKREADY

A GUIDE TO WHAT EMPLOYERS WANT



## WHO SHOULD USE THIS GUIDE AND HOW SHOULD IT BE USED?

The guide can be used in a variety of ways. It can be used by:

individuals to help them assess whether they are work ready and to identify areas of weakness and areas of strength

students who are looking to get a better understanding of employer expectations and the types of values, behaviours and skills an employer will want them to demonstrate in a job application, during a job interview and on the job

people who are returning to work after an extended period of leave and would like to refresh their understanding of workplace expectations

career counsellors, teachers and families to start a conversation about 'work readiness'

teachers and careers counsellors to help ensure they are teaching the behaviours and skills required by business.

# WHAT 'WORK READY' MEANS TO BUSINESS

Today, many employers are looking for potential employees to have more than a qualification. Many want them to have specific attributes before they will consider them suitable for a job. This guide defines what those attributes are.

# WORK READINESS IS A MIXTURE OF THREE FACTORS

1 2 3

VALUES BEHAVIOURS SKILLS

Values and behaviours can have different meanings to different people. The values and behaviours business are looking for in potential employees have been defined for a work setting.

The level of skill needed, particularly around literacy and numeracy will vary according to the skill level of the job. However, businesses have a minimum expectation of the values and behaviours an individual will bring to an organisation regardless of their age, previous work experience, or the job they are applying for. At the same time, employers also understand that an employee will learn on-the-job and build behaviours and skills over time with the help of training and development, and support from their supervisors.

# THIS TABLE IS THE MINIMUM EXPECTATION BUSINESS HAS OF AN INDIVIDUAL'S WORK READINESS WHEN THEY APPLY FOR A JOB OR WILL EXPECT AN INDIVIDUAL TO DEVELOP AND DEMONSTRATE SOON AFTER THEY HAVE STARTED THE JOB.



### **VALUES**

**Accountability** ⇒ accepts responsibility for actions, and their impact on the business and others.

**Continuous improvement** ⇒ has high standards and consistently tries to improve own performance, and the performance of the business.

Honesty ⇒ straightforward behaviour with no deceit and cheating. Is trustworthy, fair and sincere.

**Knowledge** ⇒ develops understanding, skills, and expertise. Is committed to growth and learning.

**Respect** ⇒ takes into account other people's feelings, wishes, or rights.

**Tolerance** ⇒ willingness to recognise and respect difference and the beliefs, habits and practices of others.

**Work ethic** ⇒ diligent and committed to the business.

### **BEHAVIOURS**

**Adaptable** ⇒ is open to new ideas and concepts, and pro-actively changes the way they work to stay effective in new work settings.

**Authentic** ⇒ is true to own personality and values, while still working within the business's expectations.

**Business-minded** ⇒ understands all employees are responsible for business success, and therefore looks for opportunities to make the business better.

**Collaborative** ⇒ shares knowledge and learning, works cooperatively with others, and works to build agreement to achieve an outcome for the business or client.

Customer focused ⇒ understands who the customer is, what their needs are, and actively works to improve their experience.

**Flexible** ⇒ effectively handles unexpected situations or last-minute changes.

**Globally aware** ⇒ has an awareness and understanding of global interactions and is open to working with other nationalities and cultures.

**Self-aware** ⇒ knows own strengths, talents and passions. Recognises areas for learning and development and learns from their mistakes. Has a good understanding of their role in the business.

**Resilient** ⇒ bounces back when things don't go as planned. Doesn't dwell on failures, learns from them or their own mistakes and moves forward.

### **SKILLS**

**Business literacy** ⇒ ability to apply knowledge of the business environment and work processes/tasks to manage situations and achieve good outcomes.

**Critical analysis** ⇒ can evaluate a situation/proposal, identify possible outcomes, assess pros and cons, and determine the right approach based on desired outcome.

**Data analysis** ⇒ collect and review data to identify trends, answer questions and test assumptions.

**Digital technology** ⇒ ability to use information and communication technology.

**Literacy** ⇒ ability to learn, read, write and communicate verbally.

**Numeracy** ⇒ ability to reason and apply numerical concepts, and calculate numbers or amounts.

**Problem solving** ⇒ ability to find solutions to simple through to complex issues.

**Technical skills** ⇒ specific to the job and gained through formal education.

# WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING PEOPLE ARE **WORK READY**?



This table summarises the views of business about who is responsible for ensuring people are work ready and what the different responsibilities of each group are.

Work readiness applies to people starting a career, including young people transitioning from education into work; workers moving between organisations or industries; and people returning to work after extended time off.

Developing work readiness is a joint responsibility between the individual applying for work, their family, the education system, business and government. It is important, however, to have a common understanding and agreement about what role each group plays in developing work readiness. Ultimately, graduates have to take responsibility for ensuring they have the required values and that they have (or will soon) develop the behaviours and skills needed to be work ready.

It is acknowledged some individuals have families that will not teach or role model work values and behaviours. For this reason, it is crucial the other groups fulfil their responsibilities to ensure all young people have opportunities to be exposed to the required values and behaviours.

PARTY	VALUES	BEHAVIOURS	SKILLS
Individuals	Develop an understanding of the values business expects.	Develop an understanding of the behaviours business expects.	Develop the skills required through engagement in education and training.  Gain work experience through part-time work while studying.
	Demonstrates to future employers how they meet the values.	Demonstrates to future employers how they will behave in their organisation.	Gain work expendice through part-time work while studying.
Family	Teach and role model values, including work values.	Teach and role model work behaviours.	Provide educational and work opportunities.
Business	Specify the required values.	Specify the required behaviours.	Specify the required skills.
	Educate new employees about how the values work in the business's setting.	Educate new employees about how the organisation expects the employees will demonstrate the behaviours.	Specify the skill levels required for each role and the expected technical skills.
	Provide feedback to new employees on how they are going, and if needed, provide support and/or training and development opportunities to build the required values.		Provide opportunities for students to gain exposure to work, part-time work opportunities, meaningful work placements and mentorship for students.
		Provide feedback to new employees on how they are going, and if needed, provide support and/or training and development opportunities to build the required behaviours.	Train new employees in the systems, processes and skills specific to the organisation.
			Provide feedback to new employees on how they are going, and if needed, provide support and/or training and development opportunities to build the required skills.
Schools	Reinforce the values employers are looking for in a work setting.	Include expected work behaviours in learning, social and sport environments.	Ensure students meet standards outlined in school curriculum and teaching frameworks.
			Ensure all graduates develop the required skills.
Vocational education and training (VET) providers	Reinforce the values employers are looking for in a work setting.	Include expected work behaviours in learning, social and sport environments.	Ensure students achieve competencies as outlined in VET training packages and, if relevant, meet the standards set by professional associations.
			Ensure all graduates develop the required skills.
Higher education providers	Reinforce the values employers are looking for in a work setting.	Include expected work behaviours in learning, social and sport environments.	Ensure students meet the standards outlined in higher education teaching frameworks and, if relevant, meet the standards set by professional associations.
			Ensure all graduates develop the required skills.
Government	Require the education system to reinforce work values.	Require the education system to include work behaviours in learning, social and sport environments	Set standards for the quality of the education system.

You can download an electronic version of this guide at www.beingworkready.com.au

### About this publication

The Business Council of Australia brings together the chief executives of Australia's largest companies to promote economic growth for the benefit of the nation.

### **Business Council of Australia**

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