Smallco Broadcap Fund ARSN 163 030 626 Annual Report For the year ended 30 June 2019

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Annual Report For the year ended 30 June 2019

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These financial statements cover Smallco Broadcap Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of Smallco Broadcap Fund is Smallco Investment Manager Limited (ABN 89 092 626 090) (AFSL 224108). The Responsible Entity's registered office is:

Suite 903, Level 9 109 Pitt St Sydney NSW 2000

Directors' Report

The Directors of Smallco Investment Manager Limited, the Responsible Entity of Smallco Broadcap Fund, present their report together with the financial statements of Smallco Broadcap Fund (the "Fund") for the year ended 30 June 2019.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Fund during the financial year was conducting securities investment activities in Australia, investing in a combination of large and small Australian listed companies in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

Directors

The following persons held office as Directors of Smallco Investment Manager Limited during or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Rob Hopkins Bill Ryan Michael Walsh

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
Operating profit/(loss) for the year (\$)	15,090,499	40,824,065
Distributions paid or payable	18,047,373	48,718,636
Distributions (cents per unit)	17.6295	48,3589

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2019 that has significantly affected, or may have a significant effect on:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Smallco Broadcap Fund Directors' Report For the year ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the last available Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnification and insurance of officers

Other than detailed below, no indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid, during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the Fund, or the Responsible Entity.

The Responsible Entity has paid premiums totaling \$28,186 plus GST (2018: \$25,261) to insure each of the following directors of the Responsible Entity against liabilities for the costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in the capacity of director of the Fund other than conduct involving a willful breach of duty in relation to the Fund:

Rob Hopkins Bill Ryan Michael Walsh

Indemnification of auditor

The auditor of the Fund is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

Proceedings on behalf of the Fund

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Fund or intervene in any proceedings to which the Fund is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Fund for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Fund was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the Directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Smallco Broadcap Fund Directors' Report For the year ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The Hothers

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Smallco Investment Manager Limited.

Rob Hopkins Director

Bill Ryan Director

Sydney

5 September 2019



5 September 2019

The Board of Directors Smallco Investment Manager Limited Level 9, 109 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000 **Crowe Sydney**

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Dear Board Members

Smallco Broadcap Fund

In accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the Directors of Smallco Investment Manager Limited, as the Responsible Entity of Smallco Broadcap Fund.

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial report of Smallco Broadcap Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2019, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, that there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours sincerely

Crowe Sydney

John Haydon Senior Partner

The title 'Partner' conveys that the person is a senior member within their respective division, and is among the group of persons who hold an equity interest (shareholder) in its parent entity, Findex Group Limited. The only professional service offering which is conducted by a partnership is the Crowe Australasia external audit division. All other professional services offered by Findex Group Limited are conducted by a privately owned organisation and/or its subsidiaries.

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Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended		
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018	
	Notes	\$	\$	
Investment income				
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		608,130	529,427	
Dividend income		4,158,989	4,527,573	
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	5_	13,208,454	38,427,582	
Total investment income/(loss)	_	17,975,573	43,484,582	
Expenses				
Management fees	14	2,336,356	2,483,722	
Performance fees	14	442,521	-	
Transaction costs		105,781	176,027	
Other operating expenses	_	416	768	
Total operating expenses	_	2,885,074	2,660,517	
Operating profit/(loss) for the year	_	15,090,499	40,824,065	
Other comprehensive income	_			
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	15,090,499	40,824,065	

Statement of Financial Position

		As at	
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	Notes	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	51,554,628	43,621,486
Receivables	11	577,439	920,377
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		410,605	13,418
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	151,362,714	164,710,782
Total assets	-	203,905,386	209,266,063
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	8	18,047,373	27,941,472
Payables	12	321,623	349,290
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	_	337,889	
Total liabilities	-	18,706,885	28,290,762
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	7_	185,198,501	180,975,301

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Year ended		
		30 June	30 June
		2019	2018
	Notes	\$	\$
Total equity at the beginning of the year		180,975,301	-
Reclassification due to AMIT tax regime implementation	7	-	206,281,356
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit/(loss) for the year	7	15,090,499	40,824,065
Other comprehensive income	_	-	
Total comprehensive income		15,090,499	40,824,065
Transactions with unitholders			
Applications	7	1,122,128	1,666,831
Redemptions	7	(12,197,458)	(23,161,984)
Reinvestment of distributions	7	18,255,404	4,083,669
Distributions paid and payable	7_	(18,047,373)	(48,718,636)
Total transactions with unitholders	_	(10,867,299)	(66,130,120)
Total equity at the end of the year		185,198,501	180,975,301
	_		

Statement of Cash Flows

	Year ended		ended
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	Notes	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit			
or loss		59,108,124	120,482,278
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(32,610,900)	(75,934,861)
Interest income received from financial assets at amortised cost		598,827	531,648
Dividends and trust distributions received		4,512,143	4,646,053
Management fees paid		(2,356,981)	(2,392,523)
Performance fees paid		(442,521)	-
Transaction costs paid		(87,717)	(167,296)
Payment of other operating expenses	_	(416)	(768)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	10(a)_	28,720,559	47,164,531
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		1,122,128	1,666,831
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(12,223,477)	(23,687,654)
Distributions paid from operating activities		(9,686,068)	(23,154,875)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	_	(20,787,417)	(45,175,698)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		7,933,142	1,988,833
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	_	43,621,486	41,632,653
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9_	51,554,628	43,621,486
Non-cash financing activities	10(b)	18,255,404	4,083,669

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Smallco Broadcap Fund Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

1 General information

These financial statements cover Smallco Broadcap Fund (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted and commenced operations on 31 July 2008 as a wholesale fund, and subsequently registered with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission on 9 April 2013. The Fund will be terminated on the 80th anniversary of the day before the Fund commenced.

Smallco Broadcap Fund is a registered managed investment scheme under the Corporations Act 2001.

The principal activity of the Fund during the financial year was conducting securities investment activities in Australia, investing in a combination of large and small Australian listed companies in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Smallco Investment Manager Limited (ABN 89 092 626 090) (AFSL 224108) (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Suite 903, Level 9, 109 Pitt St. Sydney. NSW 2000.

The financial statements of the Fund are for the year ended 30 June 2019. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on the date the Directors' Declaration was signed. The Directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

The Statement of Financial Position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unitholder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

The Fund had to change some of its accounting policies as a result of new and revised accounting standards which became effective for the first time in the current reporting period. The affected policies are:

• AASB 9 Financial Instruments (and applicable amendments)

AASB 9 became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. It addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities and replaces the multiple classification and measurement models in AASB 139. The derecognition rules have not changed from the previous requirements, and the Fund does not apply hedge accounting.

Equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless, for equity instruments not held for trading, an irrevocable option is taken to measure at fair value through other comprehensive income. AASB 9 also introduces a new expected credit loss (ECL) impairment model.

AASB 9 has been applied retrospectively by the Fund without the use of hindsight and it has determined that adoption did not result in a change to the classification or measurement of financial instruments in either the current or prior periods. The Fund's investment portfolio continues to be classified as fair value through profit or loss and other financial assets which are held for collection continue to be measured at amortised cost. There was no material impact on adoption from the application of the new impairment model.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

AASB 15 became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 which is based on the principle that revenue is recognised when control of a good or service transfers to a customer - so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards.

The Fund's main sources of income are interest, dividends and distributions and gains on financial instruments at fair value. All of these are outside the scope of the new revenue standard. As a consequence, the adoption of AASB 15 does not have a material impact on the Fund's accounting policies or the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

(iii) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2019, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(b) Financial instruments

- (i) Classification
- Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its assets based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

- (i) Classification (continued)
- · Financial assets (continued)

For equity securities, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For cash and cash equivalents and receivables, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of these assets give rise on specified dates to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

· Financial liabilities

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (due to brokers, distributions payable, management fees payable and redemptions payable).

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities are discharged.

(iii) Measurement

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Fund measures financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined, please see Note 4 to the financial statements.

(iv) Impairment

At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on financial assets at amortised cost (cash, due from broker and receivables) at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counter party, probability that the counter party will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(v) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Statement of Financial Position when the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

As at the end of the reporting period, there are no financial assets or liabilities offset or which could be offset in the Statement of Financial Position.

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation:*

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another
 financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable
 conditions to the Fund, and is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as trading of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

(e) Investment income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities.

Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is also recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

(e) Investment income (continued)

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an offset to dividend income. The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded net of withholding tax in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlement basis.

Other income is recognised on an accruals basis.

(f) Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

(g) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income to its unitholders.

Financial instruments at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised, that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Fund is not subject to capital gains tax.

Realised losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained in the Fund to be offset against any future realised capital gains. If realised capital gains exceed realised losses, the excess is distributed to the unitholders.

(h) Distributions

The Fund may distribute its distributable income, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

(i) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Balances included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of unrealised gains or losses on financial instruments that are measured at fair value through profit or loss and which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(j) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by year end. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(k) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Where applicable, interest is accrued on a daily basis. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Receivables also include such items as Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC).

(I) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owed by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

A separate distributions payable is recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unitholders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested effective 1 July of the following financial year.

(m) Applications and redemptions

Unit application and redemption prices are determined by reference to the net assets of the Fund divided by the number of units on issue, adjusted for buy/sell spreads at 0.45%.

(n) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as custodial services and investment management fees, performance fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 55%; hence investment management fees, performance fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Amounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

(o) Use of estimates

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current and next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available.

For more information on how fair value is calculated please refer to Note 4 to the financial statements.

The adoption of AASB 9 introduced a new expected credit loss (ECL) impairment model, which has not materially impacted the Fund. Please see Note 3 for more information on credit risk.

(p) Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

3 Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's last available Product Disclosure Statement and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by the Investment Manager under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and other market prices will affect the Fund's income or the carrying value of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

(i) Price risk

The Fund is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital.

As the majority of the Fund's investments are carried at fair value with fair value changes recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, all changes in market conditions will directly affect net investment income.

The Responsible Entity mitigates this price risk through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by the Board of the Responsible Entity. The majority of the net assets attributable to unitholders are invested in Australian equity securities. Majority of the Fund's equity investments are publicly traded and are listed. Compliance with the Fund's last available Product Disclosure Statement is reported to the Board of the Responsible Entity on a quarterly basis.

The Fund has built in procedures to ensure adherence to the Fund's investment guidelines at all times.

The Fund also manages its exposure to price risk by analysing the investment portfolio by industrial sector. The table below is a summary of the significant sector concentrations within the equity portfolio, net of securities sold short.

	30 June 2019 Fund's equity portfolio	30 June 2018 Fund's equity portfolio
Sector	(%)	(%)
Information technology	23.34	13.96
Financial services	15.35	22.99
Health care	3.40	4.06
Industrials	6.81	2.69
Consumer discretionary	43.42	42.05
Materials	4.59	4.81
Telecommunications services	3.09	9.44
Total	100.00	100.00

The table in Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's assets and liabilities to price risk. The analysis is based on the assumption that the markets in which the Fund invests move by +/- 15% (2018: +/- 15%).

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk and not foreign exchange risk.

The Fund has limited exposure to foreign exchange risk in the current and prior years.

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Fund is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk on financial instruments with variable interest rates. Financial instruments with fixed rates expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk.

Compliance with the Fund's last available Product Disclosure Statement is reported to the Board of the Responsible Entity on a quarterly basis.

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks at the end of the reporting period.

	Floating interest rate	Non- interest bearing	Total
As at 30 June 2019	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	51,554,628	=	51,554,628
Receivables	-	577,439	577,439
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	410,605	410,605
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	=	151,362,714	151,362,714
Total assets	51,554,628	152,350,758	203,905,386
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	-	18,047,373	18,047,373
Payables	-	321,623	321,623
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	=	337,889	337,889
Total liabilities	-	18,706,885	18,706,885
Net exposure	51,554,628	133,643,873	185,198,501

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (continued)

	Floating interest rate	Non- interest bearing	Total
As at 30 June 2018	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	43,621,486	-	43,621,486
Receivables	-	920,377	920,377
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	13,418	13,418
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		164,710,782	164,710,782
Total assets	43,621,486	165,644,577	209,266,063
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	=	27,941,472	27,941,472
Payables	_	349,290	349,290
Total liabilities		28,290,762	28,290,762
Net exposure	43,621,486	137,353,815	180,975,301

The table in Note 3(b) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of interest rates on the Fund's operating profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unitholders through changes in fair value or changes in future cash flows. The analysis is based on the assumption that interest rates changed by +/- 75 basis points (2018: +/- 75 basis points) from the year end rates with all other variables held constant.

(b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unitholders to interest rate risk and price risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on the Investment Manager's and the Responsible Entity's best estimates. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

	Impact on operating profit/(loss)/ Net assets attributable to unitholders			
	Price	Price risk Interest rat		ate risk
	-15%	-15% +15%		+75bps
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2019	(22,704,407)	22,704,407	(386,660)	386,660
30 June 2018	(24.706.617)	24.706.617	(327.161)	327.161

In determining the impact of an increase/decrease on operating profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unitholders arising from market risk, the Responsible Entity has considered prior year and expected future movements of the portfolio information in order to determine a reasonably possible shift in assumptions.

Smallco Broadcap Fund Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that the counterparty will be unable to pay its obligations in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund.

The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from the Fund's investment in cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from brokers and other receivables. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

The carrying amounts of financial assets best represent the maximum credit risk exposure at the reporting date.

The Investment Manager aims to reduce credit risk by following the investment objectives explicitly set out in its last available Product Disclosure Statement In terms of the assets it can invest in.

(i) Settlement of securities transactions

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered low, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made once the securities purchased have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all counterparties have a rating of A+ (2018: A+) (as determined by the Standards and Poor's) or higher.

(iii) Other

The Fund is not materially exposed to credit risk on other financial assets.

The clearing and depository operations for the Fund's security transactions are mainly concentrated with one counterparty, namely J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. (Sydney Branch). J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. (Sydney Branch) is a member of a major securities exchange, and at 30 June 2019 had a credit rating of A+ (2018: A+).

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. It therefore primarily holds investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed.

The Responsible Entity minimises liquidity and cash flow risk through:

- limiting exposure to illiquid or thinly traded financial instruments, and
- applying limits to ensure there is no concentration of liquidity risk to a particular counterparty or market.

The Responsible Entity monitors the Fund's cash flow requirements daily in relation to the trading account taking into account upcoming distributions and trading activity.

The Fund's listed securities are considered readily realisable as they are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

(i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

All non-derivative liabilities of the Fund in the current and prior year have maturities of less than one month.

4 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either
 directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

(a) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The quoted market price used for financial assets and financial liabilities held by the Fund is the last sale price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

(b) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

(c) Recognised fair value measurements

The following table presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June.

As at 30 June 2019 Financial assets	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Australian listed equity securities	151,024,825	337,889	-	151,362,714
Total financial assets	151,024,825	337,889	_	151,362,714
As at 30 June 2018				
Australian listed equity securities Total financial assets	164,710,782 164,710,782	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	164,710,782 164,710,782

Year ended

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

(d) Transfers between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

(e) Financial instruments not carried at fair value

The carrying value of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

Net assets attributable to unitholders' carrying value does not differ from its fair value (deemed to be redemption price for individual units) due to no differences in valuation inputs.

5 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
Net realised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	13,788,352	24,542,456
Net unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(579,898)	13,885,126
Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	13,208,454	38,427,582
•		
6 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
	As	at
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$	\$
Australian listed equity securities	151,362,714	164,710,782
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*	151,362,714	164,710,782

^{*} The Fund's investments in equity securities were previously designated at fair value through profit or loss. On adoption of AASB 9, all above investments are mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and 4 to the financial statements.

7 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Fund shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	Year e	Year ended		
	30 June 30 June 2019 2019		30 June 2018	30 June 2018
	Units	\$	Units	\$
Opening balance	98,424,512	180,975,301	106,999,856	206,281,356
Applications	603,153	1,122,128	863,785	1,666,831
Redemptions	(6,585,953)	(12,197,458)	(11,557,324)	(23,161,984)
Reinvestment of distributions	9,928,430	18,255,404	2,118,195	4,083,669
Distributions paid and payable	-	(18,047,373)	-	(48,718,636)
Profit/(loss) for the year		15,090,499	-	40,824,065
Closing balance	102,370,142	185,198,501	98,424,512	180,975,301

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual unit in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholders' option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Fund monitors the level of daily applications and redemptions relative to the cash levels of the Fund to manage this risk and aims to ensure there is adequate liquidity to meet the needs of unitholders.

8 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions declared during the year were as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2019	2018	2018
	\$	CPU	\$	CPU
Distributions (December)	-	-	20,806,493	20.0000
Distributions (June) payable Total distributions	<u>18,047,373</u>	17.6295	27,912,143	28.3589
	18,047,373	17.6295	48,718,636	48.3589

9 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at		
	30 June 2019 \$	30 June 2018 \$	
Cash at bank	51,554,628	43,621,486	
Total cash and cash equivalents	51,554,628	43,621,486	

These accounts are earning a floating interest rate of between 0% and 1.35% as at 30 June 2019 (2018: 0% and 1.40%).

10 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$	\$
Profit/(loss) for the year	15,090,499	40,824,065
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	59,108,124	120,482,278
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(32,610,900)	(75,934,861)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(13,208,454)	(38,427,582)
Net change in receivables and other assets	342,938	226,799
Net change in payables and other liabilities	(1,648)	(6,168)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	28,720,559	47,164,531
(b) Non-cash financing activities		
The following distribution payments to unitholders were satisfied by the issue		
of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	18,255,404	4,083,669
Total non-cash financing activities	18,255,404	4,083,669

11 Receivables

	As at		
	30 June 2019 \$	30 June 2018 \$	
Dividends and distributions receivable	278,269	631,423	
Interest receivable	60,133	50,830	
GST receivable	239,037	235,924	
Due from manager		2,200	
Total receivables	577,439	920,377	

12 Payables

	As at		
	30 June 2019 \$	30 June 2018 \$	
Management fees payable	216,470	218,118	
Redemptions payable	105,153	131,172	
Total payables	321,623	349,290	

13 Remuneration of auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2019 \$	30 June 2018 \$
Crowe Sydney		
Audit and other assurance services		
Audit and review of financial statements	13,950	13,550
Audit of compliance plan	1,700	1,650
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	15,650	15,200
Total remuneration of Crowe Sydney	15,650	15,200

The remuneration to auditors is paid directly by the Fund according to the Fund's Constitution.

14 Related party transactions

The Responsible Entity and Investment Manager of Smallco Broadcap Fund is Smallco Investment Manager Limited (ABN 89 092 626 090) (AFSL 224108). Accordingly, transactions with entities related to Smallco Investment Manager Limited are disclosed below.

The Responsible Entity has contracted services of J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. (Sydney Branch) to act as Custodian and Link Fund Solutions Pty Limited to act as Administrator for the Fund. The contracts are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

(a) Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were Directors of Smallco Investment Manager Limited at any time during or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report.

Rob Hopkins Bill Ryan Michael Walsh

(b) Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

(c) Transactions with key management personnel

The following transactions occurred with key management personnel during the reporting year:

	Year e	Year ended		
	30 June 2019 \$	30 June 2018 \$		
Application for units	1,437,544	1,750,967		
Total	1,437,544	1,750,967		

(d) Key management personnel unitholdings

The key management personnel of Smallco Investment Manager Limited held units in the Fund as follows:

2019

Unitholder	No. of units held opening (Units)	No. of units held closing (Units)	Interest held (%)	No. of units acquired (Units)	No. of units disposed (Units)	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund (\$)
Bill Ryan	4,021,926	4,642,242	4.53	620,316	-	818,405
Rob Hopkins	1,047,176	1,208,686	1.18	161,510	-	213,086
	5,069,102	5,850,928	5.71	781,826	-	1,031,491

14 Related party transactions (continued)

(d) Key management personnel unitholdings (continued)

2018 Unitholder	No. of units held opening (Units)	No. of units held closing (Units)	Interest held (%)	No. of units acquired (Units)	No. of units disposed (Units)	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund (\$)
Bill Ryan	3,515,266	4,021,926	4.09	506,660	-	1,865,650
Rob Hopkins	640,729	1,047,176	1.06	406,447	-	506,404
	4,155,995	5,069,102	5.15	913,107	-	2,372,054

(e) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by Smallco Investment Manager Limited. Payments made from the Fund to Smallco Investment Manager Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

(f) Key management personnel loans

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

(g) Other transactions within the Fund

From time to time, Smallco Investment Manager Limited or its director-related entities may invest in or withdraw from the Fund.

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interests existing at year end.

(h) Responsible Entity and Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution/last available Product Disclosure Statement, the Investment Manager is entitled to receive management fees of up to 1.20% per annum (including GST less RITC), calculated by reference to the average daily net assets of the Fund and payable monthly by the Fund.

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution/last available Product Disclosure Statement, the Investment Manager is also entitled to receive a performance fee of 15% (including GST less RITC) of the outperformance above the S&P ASX 300 Accumulation Index provided specific hurdles are met. Payable quarterly in arrears.

Transactions with related parties have taken place in the ordinary course of business. The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2019 \$	30 June 2018 \$
Management fees for the year paid by the Fund to the Investment Manager	2,336,356	2,483,722
Performance fees for the year paid by the Fund to the Investment Manager Aggregate amounts payable to the Investment Manager at the end of the	442,521	-
reporting period	216,470	218,118

Smallco Investment Manager Limited is the Responsible Entity of Smallco Broadcap Fund and provides accounting, treasury and investment services to the Fund in accordance with the Fund's Constitution. Key management personnel are paid by Smallco Investment Manager Limited. Payments made from the Fund to Smallco Investment Manager Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

Smallco Broadcap Fund Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

14 Related party transactions (continued)

(i) Related party unitholdings

Apart from key management personnel, no other parties related to the Fund (including Smallco Investment Manager Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by Smallco Investment Manager Limited), held units in the Fund at the end of the year.

(j) Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Smallco Investment Manager Limited or its related parties during the year.

15 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the year which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2019 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

16 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of the Responsible Entity:

She Hothers

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 28 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date,
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable, and
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Smallco Investment Manager Limited.

Rob Hopkins Director

Bill Ryan Director

Sydney 5 September 2019

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Crowe Sydney

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders of Smallco Broadcap Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Smallco Broadcap Fund (the Fund), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of Smallco Investment Manager Limited, as the Responsible Entity of the Fund.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The title 'Partner' conveys that the person is a senior member within their respective division, and is among the group of persons who hold an equity interest (shareholder) in its parent entity, Findex Group Limited. The only professional service offering which is conducted by a partnership is the Crowe Australasia external audit division. All other professional services offered by Findex Group Limited are conducted by a privately owned organisation and/or its subsidiaries.

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Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

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Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in
a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during the audit.

Crowe Sydney

John Haydon Senior Partner

5th September 2019 Sydney

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