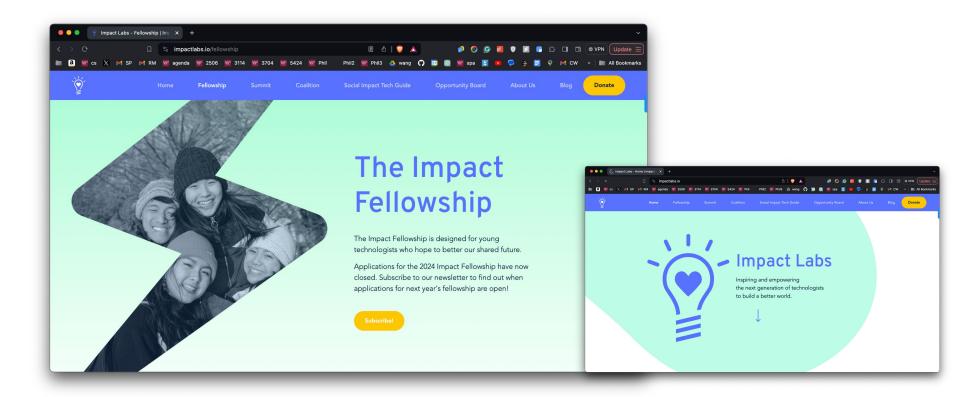
WebAlly

Making websites accessible

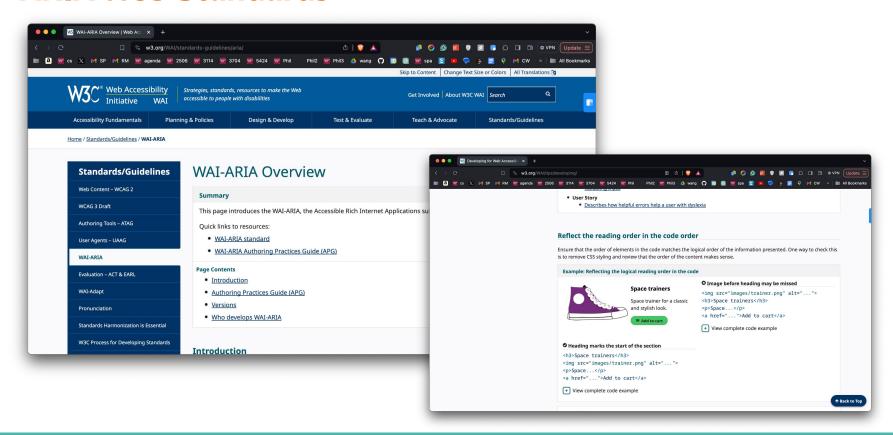
Social impact tech + monetizable

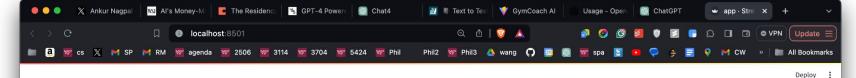


Problem

- A study by the Click-Away Pound Survey found that in the UK alone, businesses lose about £17 billion a year due to ignoring accessibility needs
- There has been a notable increase in web accessibility-related lawsuits over recent years. In the U.S., for example, the number of federal lawsuits related to website and app accessibility under ADA Title III rose from 814 in 2017 to 2,285 in 2018, as reported by law firm Seyfarth Shaw.
- Impact on SEO: Web accessibility improvements can positively impact Search Engine Optimization (SEO).

ARIA Web Standards





Web Accessibility Evaluator



Enter the URL of the website to scrape:

https://gymcoach-ai.netlify.app/

Accessibility Issues and Recommendations

Reviewing the provided HTML and CSS code, there are several potential accessibility issues that can be identified. Herein, recommendations to address these concerns are also provided.

Accessibility Issues Found:

- 1. Lack of ARIA Landmark Roles: The HTML structure doesn't include ARIA landmarks which assist screen readers in understanding page layout and navigating between significant areas of content more effortlessly.
- 2. Poor Color Contrast: While specific colors are not defined in the provided snippet, the usage of gradients and background colors implies potential color contrast issues, which might not meet WCAG (Web Content Accessibility Guidelines) 2.1 level AA requirements.
- 3. Lack of Semantic HTML Elements: The code snippet mainly uses <div> elements and lacks the use of semantic HTML5 elements. Semantic elements such as <header> , <nav> , <main> , <footer> , etc., provide meaning to the web content which helps assistive technologies understand the content's structure and importance.
- 4. No Alt Text for Images: The HTML does not specify any images. However, if images are added in the future, failing to include meaningful alt attributes would be a significant accessibility concern as it would prevent screen reader users from understanding the content presented by images.
- 5. Inaccessible Form Controls: No forms are present in the provided snippet, but if forms are included

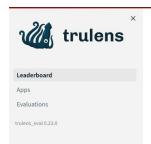
Updated Code

Based on the issues and recommendations provided, below are the updated HTML and CSS to improve accessibility:

Updated HTML Code

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8" />
   <link rel="icon" type="image/svg+xml" href="/vite.svg" />
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
   <title>GymCoach AI</title>
   <script type="module" crossorigin src="/assets/index-9038e9e1.js"></script>
   <link rel="stylesheet" href="/assets/index-f991c3fc.css">
 </head>
<body>
    <header role="banner">
       <!-- Example header content here -->
   </header>
   <nav role="navigation">
        <!-- Example navigation links here -->
   </nav>
    <main role="main">
```

TrueLens Eval



App Leaderboard

Average feedback values displayed in the range from 0 (worst) to 1 (best).

```
fopenai = f0penAI()
f_relevance = Feedback(fopenai.relevance).on_input_output()

tru_llm_standalone_recorder = TruBasicApp(client.chat.completions.create, a
with tru_llm_standalone_recorder as recording:
    response = client.chat.completions.create(
        model="gpt-4-0125-preview",
        messages=[{"role": "user", "content": prompt_issues}]
)
```