LEAP24 AI Hackathon

FOALSEINGAND





JUNE 13. 2017

HILLIONAIRE CAROLYN RAFAELIAN IF I WANT TO GO PUBLIC I CAN PULL THE PULL THE

THE RICHEST FEMALE ENTREPRENEURS

REMINDER:

DON'T JUST BREAK THE GLASS CEILING; SHATTER IT. THE SKY'S THE LIMIT

PRODUCT CONCEPT





Business Model Canvas



Customer **Relationships**

Developing relationship -Create monthly motivation challenges to motivate

Established relationship -Subscription model so important to connect with user and ensure quality

Channels

Reach end users through word of mouth / social professor recommendation

Accessible via mobile app



Located in: Canada

Students struggling with motivation

Unorganized, forgetful, lazy, struggle focusing

Pains:

- Having to update calendars

- Goals lack clarity
- Forgetting to do things

Gains:

- More time available
- More productive
- Feel better about what achieving

Ad revenue (potential but not necessary) dependent on app

CUSTOMER ARCHETYPE

James

Who:

- 20 Year old male studying business (Sauder)
- Ambitious cares lots about future

Issues:

- Struggles to focus (minor ADHD symptoms)
- Distractions Friends / Social Media
- Lazy and can be forgetful as has lots going through head

Worries:

- Grades and future career





DAY IN THE LIFE





After



but not really

Life Coaches

Saboteurs

COMPETITIVE SPACE



White Space Grid

Competitors	Visualization	Written reminders / Habit Tracker	Simple UI	Pricing	Total Score
1. <mark>FutureMe</mark>	<mark>4/5</mark>	<mark>4/5</mark>	<mark>5/5</mark>	<mark>5/5</mark>	<mark>18/20</mark>
2. Fabulous	0/5	4/5	5/5	2/5	11/20
3. Headway	0/5	5/5	5/5	1/5	11/20
4. Habit Tracker	0/5	5/5	4/5	5/5	14/20
5. Ten Percent Happier	0/5	0/5	5/5	3/5	08/20

MARKET SIZING



ostsecondary%20institutions%20in%20Canada

```
250 Million university students in the world
 90% university students feel dilatory behaviour
• 250M* 90% = 225 Million
 225 Million * $ 2 = $ 450 million per month
```

```
2.17 M students in Canada
2.17 M * 90% = 1.95 M
1.95*$2 = 3.906 Million per month
```

UBC (Vancouver)+SFU + UVIC students for year 1 120k * 90% * 2 = \$ 216k (\$2,592,000 per year) (this is if every possible students who needs it downloads it in

This is too optimistic!

• \$216k * 15 % = \$32.4k per month (\$388,000) year

ENABLING TOOLS & TECHNOLOGY

- Figma for development of low-fidelity prototype
- React Native with Expo Framework implemented using Javascript for development for cross platform mobile app development for frontend and OpenAl GPT-3 in backend for MVP
- We plan to use MongoDB as database + FLASK for building Restful API + AWS to host everything on their servers (will look for AWS credits)



User Image, User Details, Goals, Goal Hierarchy

REST API, OpenAl API

> AI Generated Image, User Goals











aws Flask

TECH FEASIBILITY - AI IMAGE Generation

Explored tools such as Leonardo.AI, Stability.AI, Stable
 Diffusion img2img Model, Adobe Generative AI fill, Anime
 Genius

 Looking to explore DALLE-2 by OpenAI, Mid Journey for reference image editing







COST + REVENUE STREAMS + PRICING

Fixed Costs ChatGPT Plus: \$20/month Android: Google Play Store: A one-time registration fee of \$25. iOS: Apple App Store: A \$99 yearly developer fee.

User based cost Open AI API:

Model	Input	Output
DALLE 2	1024×1024	\$0.020 / image
DALL·E 2	512×512	\$0.018 / image
DALL·E 2	256×256	\$0.016 / image

Pricing : 1.99\$ / month for premium no-ad free app usage

Revenue Stream : Premium version subscription model, In-app advertisements for free version

Source:



^{1. &}lt;u>https://platform.openai.com/docs/guides/images/introduction?context=node</u>

^{2. &}lt;u>https://openai.com/pricing</u>

^{3. &}lt;u>https://developer.apple.com/support/compare-memberships/</u>

^{4.} https://appinventiv.com/blog/how-to-submit-app-to-google-play-store/

CHANNEL

Channel economics (for one month and one user from tentative 1000 UBC students)

COG + MARKETING (\$1.10) PROFIT MARGIN (\$0.88) CHANNEL (\$0.01) END CONSUMER PAYS \$1.99 55% 44.2% 0.5%

100%

CHANNEL

- GET:

- Spread posters around campus = Low cost
- Tell professors to tell students = Low cost
- KEEP:
 - Utilize notifications = Low cost
 - Email newsletters = Low cost
- Grow
 - Can share visualized images with friends and on social media = Low cost.
 - Participate in campus events = Low cost.



CUSTOMER ACQUISITION

- **1.** Target University Campuses
- 2. Use Campus Clubs and Programs
- **3.** Ask professors to give short pitch
- **4.** Leverage influencers to encourage people to sign up
- **5.** Limiting marketing budget (spread word of mouth)
- 6. \$300 to spend on marketing to start



NEXT STEPS

Non-Technical

- Posters Posters on UBC Campus Everywhere!
- Interviews for more validation and Van Westendorp Test (Reaching out to PSYC profs)

Technical Plan:Smooth Easter

- Prepare the CFP by February

(Critical Functional Prototype)

• Look into alternative features that are not a part of the CFP

• Asses patenting needs

APPENDICES



Front Psychol. 2018; 9: 1879. Published online 2018 Oct 2. doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2018.01879 PMCID: PMC6176065 PMID: 30333781

How Focusing on Superordinate Goals Motivates Broad, Long-Term Goal Pursuit: A **Theoretical Perspective**

Bettina Höchli, Adrian Brügger, and Claude Messner

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6176065/

"superordinate goals fulfill a crucial role in motivating behavior when addressing broad, long-term challenges"

"people pursue long-term goals more successfully when they focus on subordinate as well as superordinate goals"

Basic Appl Soc Psych. 2017 Jan 2; 39(1): 60-67. Published online 2016 Dec 7. doi: 10.1080/01973533.2016.1255947

Tim Blankert^a and Melvyn R. W. Hamstra^{a,*} Author information > Copyright and License information **PMC** Disclaimer

ABSTRACT

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Imagery (richly imagining carrying out a task successfully) is a popular performance-enhancement tool in many domains. This experiment sought to test whether pursuing two *achievement* goals (vs. one) benefits performance after an imagery exercise. We examined mastery goals (aiming to improve skill level) and performance goals (aiming to outperform others) among 65 tennis players who were assigned to a mastery goal condition, a performance goal condition, or a mastery goal and performance goal condition. After reading instructions for a service task, which included the goal manipulation, participants completed 20 tennis services. They then completed an imagery exercise and, finally, completed another 20 services. Postimagery service performance was better in the dual-goal condition than in the other conditions.

BASIC AND APPLIED SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

Taylor & Francis

PMCID: PMC5351796 PMID: 28366970

Imagining Success: Multiple Achievement Goals and the Effectiveness of Imagery

Go to: 🕨

Procrastination in University Students: A Proposal of a Theoretical Model

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Federica Sancassiani, Academic Editor

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Abstract

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Procrastination is a phenomenon that affects university students and consists of not finishing a task or finishing it late, which has a direct impact on their academic performance. This is relevant because, in a context of high competition, higher education institutions and their decision-makers need to be aware of the factors that influence university students' procrastination in order to implement actions that favor student attraction and retention. Based on the above, this research aims to propose a theoretical model of procrastination in university students, based on the literature review and content validation assessment through a semi-structured questionnaire. The proposed model is made up of nine dimensions: Psychological, Physiological, Social, Academic, Leisure, Time Management, Resources, Labor, and Environmental. Dimensions were obtained based on adequate levels of content validity provided by the literature and the questionnaire. In the future, the research proposes to study the way in which these dimensions are present in procrastination and design a scale that allows for their measurement.

Keywords: procrastination, theoretical model, higher education

In this page has been archived and is no longer being updated regularly.

Home > News & advocacy > Press room > Press releases > 2010 >

Date created: 2010

Psychology of Procrastination: Why People Put Off Important Tasks Until the Last Minute

Five questions for Joseph Ferrari, PhD

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