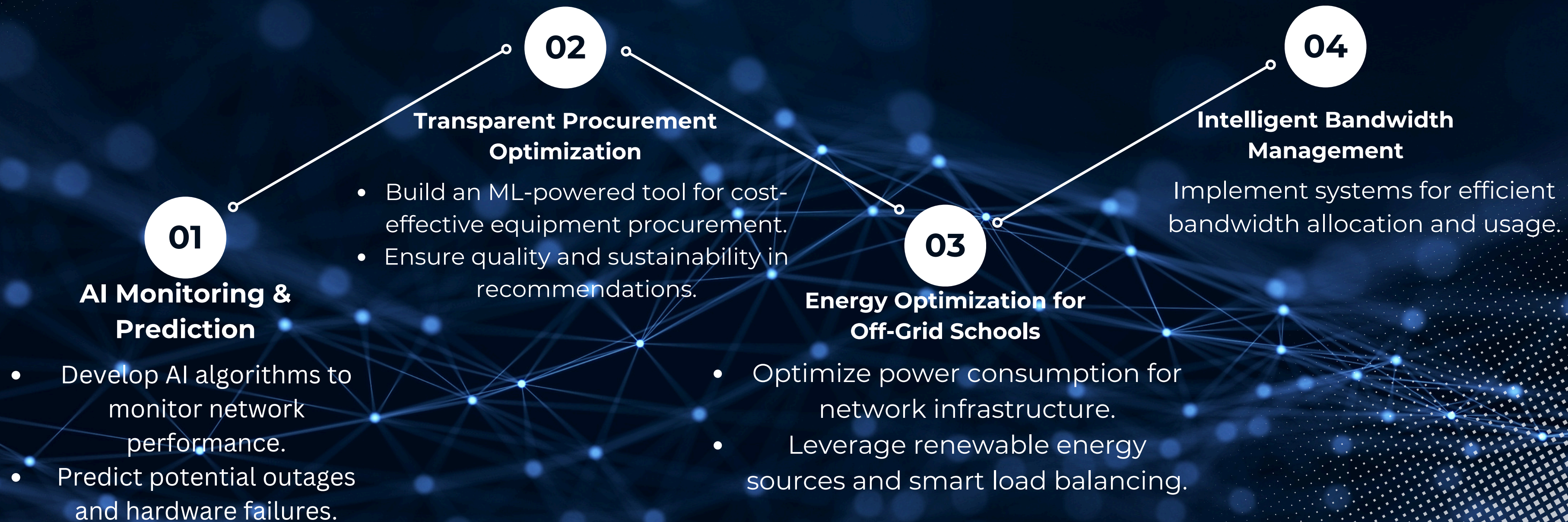


The background is a dark blue gradient with a glowing, abstract network pattern. It features a grid of thin, light blue lines that curve and intersect, creating a sense of depth and movement. Scattered throughout the grid are numerous small, bright blue dots or nodes, some of which appear to be connected by the grid lines, suggesting a digital or networked environment.

Predictive Network Maintenance System & Resource Allocation Tool for Procurement

Efficient Network Management System



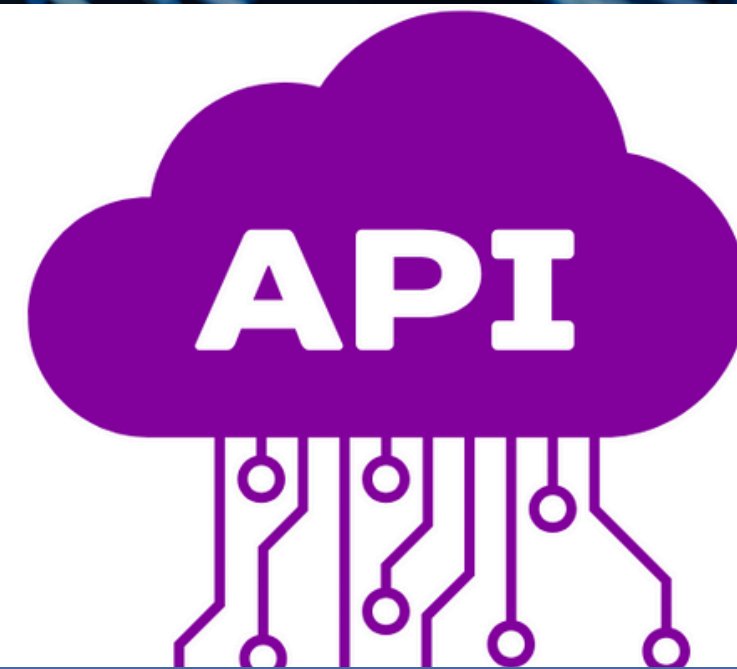
ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW



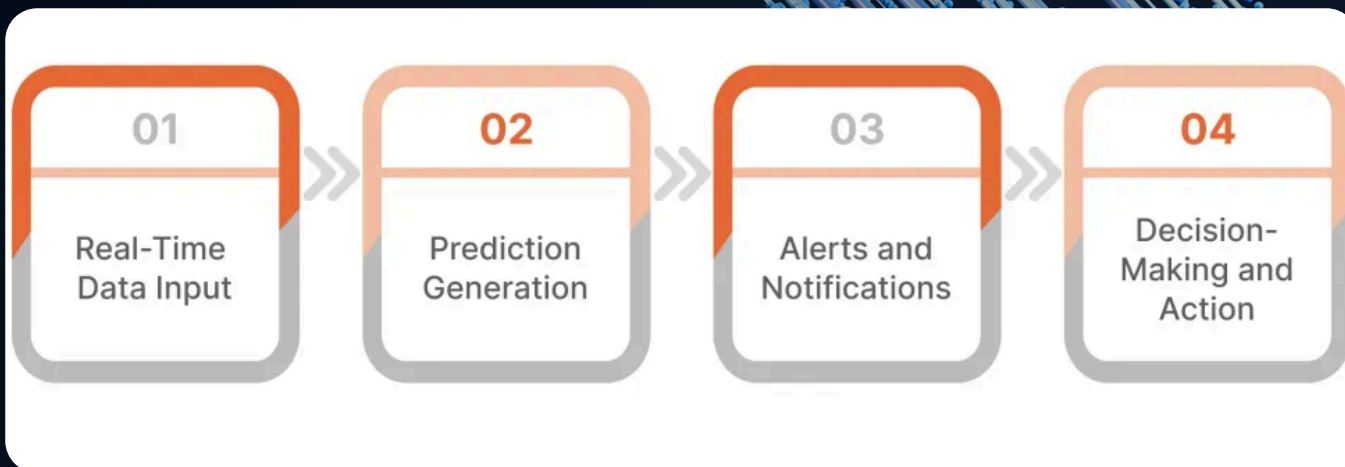
- Network Performance Key Metrics
- Jitter
- Packet loss
- Bandwidth Usage
- Throughput
- Connectivity
- Retransmission
- Latency

Data Types:

Network performance logs, bandwidth usage statistics, hardware life cycle data, and energy metrics. Ingestion.



Tools: APIs for real-time data streaming from devices and external APIs for procurement pricing. AI and ML Model Layer.

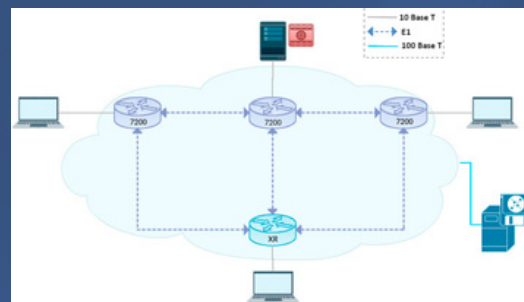


Predictive Maintenance Model: Uses historical and real-time performance data to predict failures, optimize repairs, and suggest preemptive actions.



Algorithms:

- Utilize anomaly detection, time-series forecasting, and supervised learning.
- Predict failures to enhance network reliability.



Intelligent Bandwidth Allocation Model

- Prioritizes educational content over non-essential services.
- Classifies network traffic using deep learning techniques.



Processing and Decision Engine

- Combines outputs from all ML models to generate actionable recommendations.
- Executes priority-based actions, e.g., throttling bandwidth or triggering maintenance alerts.
- Provides a centralized platform for monitoring and managing recommendations and actions



Data Collection

- Provide market data to inform procurement decisions.
- Track network and energy performance in real-time.

Data Processing

- Analyze collected data to predict outages.
- Optimize purchasing decisions.
- Manage and reduce energy consumption.

Decision-Making

- Intelligently allocates bandwidth for efficient usage.
- Recommends optimal procurement strategies.
- Engine prioritizes critical maintenance tasks.

Action Execution

- Throttles non-educational bandwidth.
- Triggers maintenance tickets when needed.
- Switches to backup power for energy management.

User Interface

- Stakeholders monitor the system status in real-time.
- Allow stakeholders to take manual control if necessary.

Programming Languages

- Python for AI/ML models.
- TypeScript and ReactJS for front-end UI.
- TensorFlow and PyTorch for machine learning and AI model development.
- Azure and AWS for cloud infrastructure and deployment.

Databases

- PostgreSQL for procurement and performance data storage.
- MariaDB/InfluxDB for additional data management needs.

Simulate Data

- Generate synthetic datasets for network usage, performance, equipment availability, costs, and solar energy generation.
- Create AI models for each identified problem.
- Train predictive maintenance models on network logs.
- Build a recommendation system for procurement.

Predictive-Network-Maintenance-System-Resource-Allocation-Tool

```
|
|— main.py           # Main entry point for running the backend
|— requirements.txt  # Dependencies and libraries essential for dockers
|— config.py         # Configuration settings (database, API keys, etc)
|— data/
|   |— data_simulation.py # Data generation and simulation utilities
|   |— sample_data.csv   # Optional: Preloaded data samples
|
|— models/
|   |— __init__.py       # Python folder package
|   |— predictive_model.py # Predictive maintenance model code
|   |— procurement_model.py # Procurement optimization model code
|   |— energy_model.py   # Energy management model code
|   |— bandwidth_model.py # Bandwidth management model code
|
|— services/
|   |— __init__.py       # Makes the folder a Python package
|   |— network_service.py # Service handling network-related operations
|   |— procurement_service.py # Service for procurement recommendations
|   |— energy_service.py  # Service managing energy-related data
|   |— bandwidth_service.py # Service for bandwidth allocation
|
|— database/
|   |— __init__.py       # Makes the folder a Python package
|   |— db_setup.py       # Database connection and setup code
|   |— models.py         # Database schema definitions
|
|— utils/
|   |— logger.py         # Logging utility
|   |— helpers.py        # Helper functions for general use
```

- Contains configuration settings for the system, such as API keys, database details, and other global variables.
 - Lists the required libraries and dependencies for development and deployment environments.
- Contains system configuration settings like API keys, database details, and other global variables.
- Provides tools for generating and simulating test data.
 - Includes sample data for testing or demonstration purposes.
- Implements algorithms to predict and prevent network failures.
 - Optimizes procurement processes and resource allocation for cost efficiency.
- Manages energy efficiency and consumption models for sustainable operations.
 - Handles bandwidth management and allocation algorithms for efficient usage.

- Oversees and manages network operations and processes.**
- Provides recommendations for procurement based on AI model predictions.**
- Manages energy-related operations and integrates energy models.**
- Allocates and optimizes bandwidth resources for efficient performance.**

- Contains code for establishing database connections and initializing tables.**
- Defines database schemas and their relationships for structured data storage.**

- Tracks application events, errors, and aids in debugging.**
- Provides general utility functions used throughout the system for efficiency.**

ENHANCEMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS

- Add a README.md at the root level to guide users on setting up and using the tool.
- Ensure all scripts and functions include detailed docstrings.
- Create a tests/ directory to house unit and integration tests.
- Utilize a testing framework such as Pytest or unittest.
- Maintain a CHANGELOG.md file to log updates and new features.
- Use an .env file to manage sensitive configurations (e.g., API keys, database credentials) and load them with libraries like python-decouple or dotenv.

Containerization

- **Add a Docker file and docker-compose.yml for seamless containerized deployment.**

Logging Improvements

- Enhance logger.py to include multiple log levels (e.g., DEBUG, INFO, WARNING, ERROR).
- Implement log rotation to archive old logs automatically.

- Directory structure ensures modularity, scalability, and maintainability for the system.
- Suggested enhancements improve usability, robustness, and deployment readiness.