

# FoodBot — AI-powered Food Ordering Assistant

Just do it - Prosus Track

Team: Just do it

<https://lablab.ai/event/raise-your-hack/just-do-it-prosus-track>



# Important documentation

You can read a better & complete documentation  
here: [https://github.com/Ashwath-Shetty/raise\\_hackathon\\_prosus\\_track](https://github.com/Ashwath-Shetty/raise_hackathon_prosus_track)

# Problem Statement

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- Ordering food is often frustrating and time-consuming.
- Users struggle to discover good restaurants quickly and conversationally.
- Need for a seamless, intelligent, conversational ordering experience.



# Our Solution — FoodBot

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- An AI-powered chatbot that orders food effortlessly.
  - Location-based suggestions
  - Natural conversation flow
  - Smart memory and recommendations.



# Key Features

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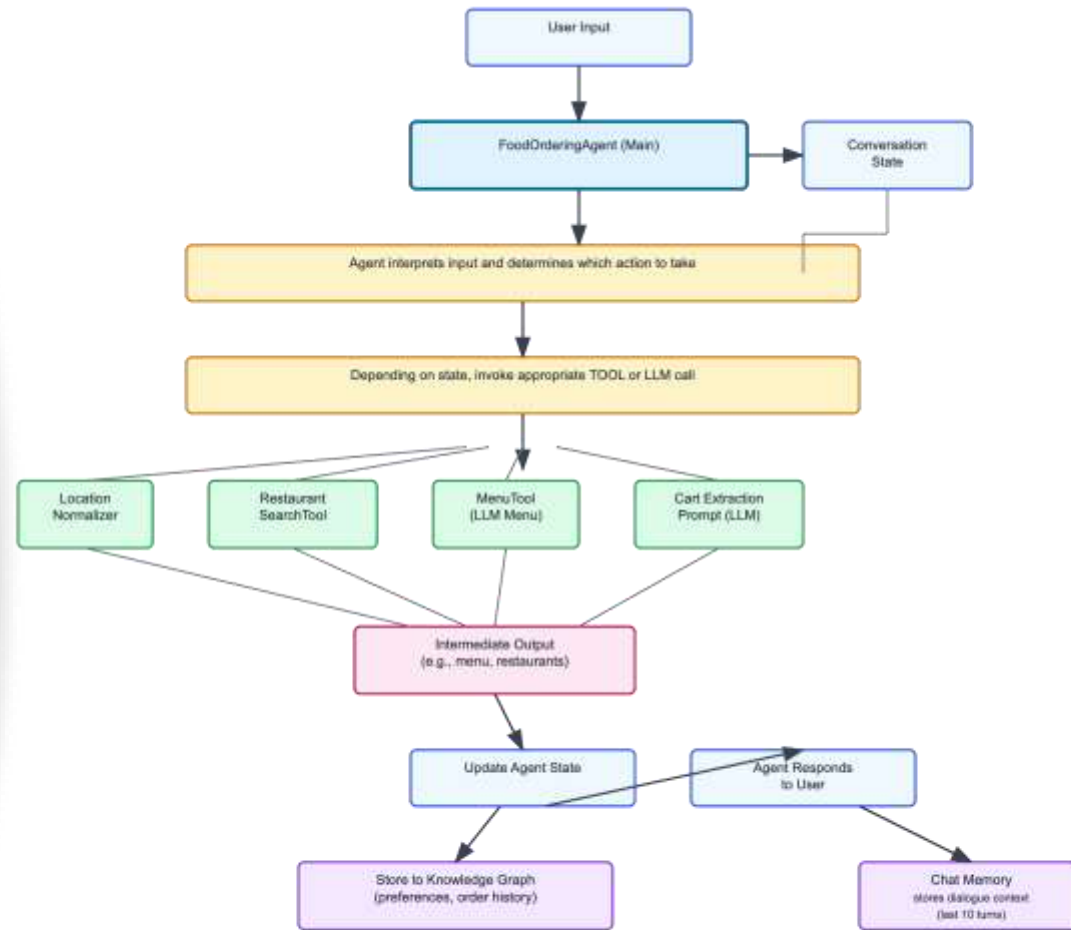
- 🔍 Location Normalization (LLM-powered)
  - ★ Top restaurant search (SerpAPI)
  - LangChain agent orchestration
- 💬 Gradio UI
  - In-memory knowledge graph
- ⚡ Groq + LLaMA3 for fast reasoning.

# Architecture Overview

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- Modular design using LangChain
    - Agent orchestrates tools and logic
    - Location normalization, restaurant search, and menu tools
    - Gradio UI for user interaction
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- A decorative graphic consisting of a network of glowing blue nodes connected by thin lines, forming a wave-like pattern across the lower half of the slide.

# Agents Workflow



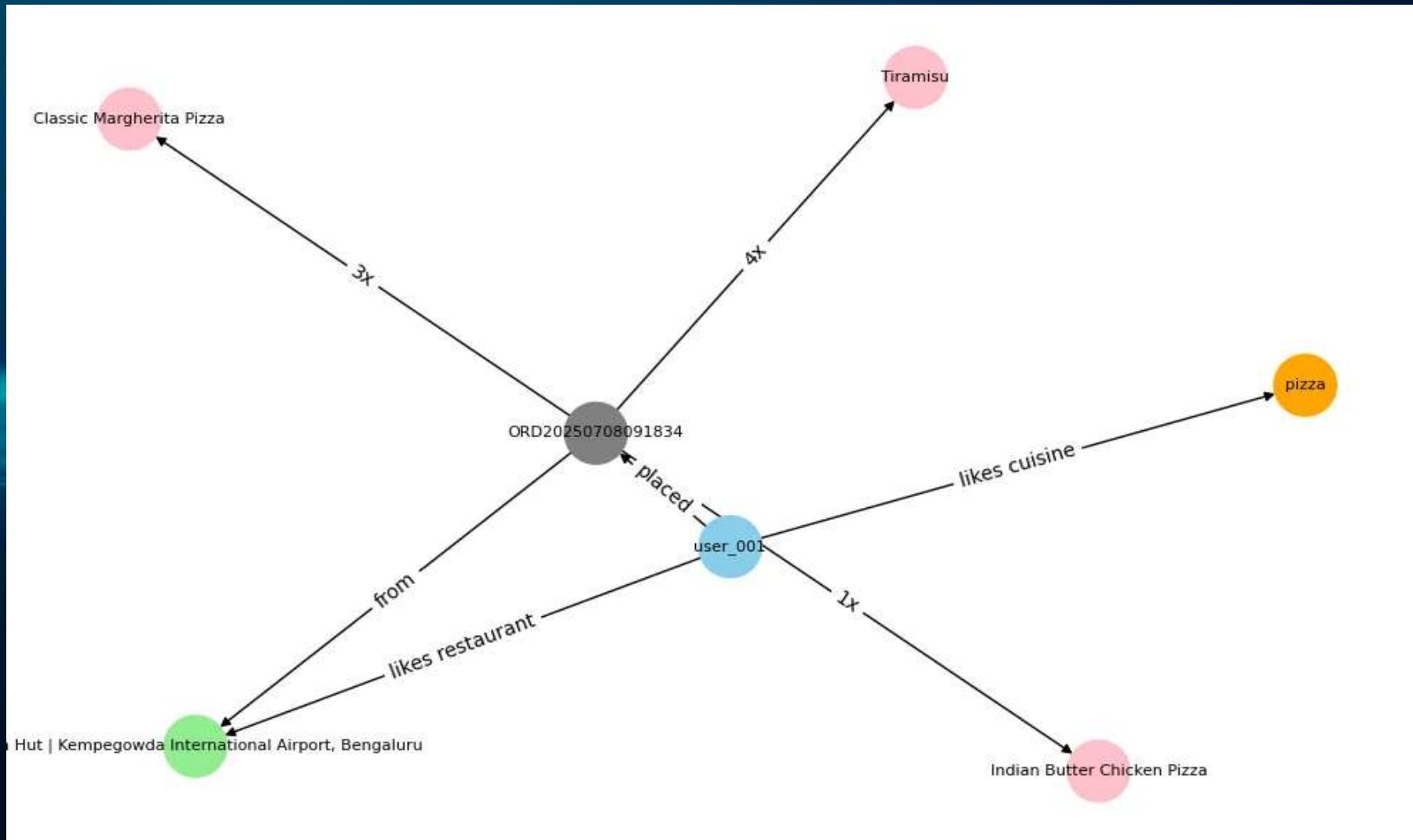
# Tools / Agents

## 🔧 Tool Descriptions

Tool Name	Purpose	Input Format	Output Format
LocationNormalizerTool(LLM)	Normalize user's text input location (e.g., "near Jyothi Nivas") uses LLM to understand the location and get the coordinates	<code>user_message: str</code>	<code>{ "location": "Koramangala, Bengaluru", "ll": "..." }</code>
RestaurantSearchTool	Fetch top 3 restaurants using SerpAPI (Google Maps)	<code>location: str</code> , <code>food_type: str</code>	Formatted string or JSON of top restaurants
MenuTool	menu for selected restaurant	<code>restaurant_name: str</code> , <code>cuisine_type: str</code>	<code>formatted_menu: str</code> , <code>structured_items: JSON</code>
Cart Extraction (LLM)	Extract items and quantities from natural text (user says "2 pizzas"), helpful for cart update, menu lookup etc.	Prompt includes <code>menu</code> + <code>user message</code>	<code>[{"item": "Pizza", "quantity": 2}]</code>
Knowledge Graph	Store and query user's preferences and order history	Accessed via <code>user_id</code>	JSON-like structure with past orders & locations



# Knowledge Graph



# Conversation Flow

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- Smooth natural language flow:  
Greet user → Ask location → Suggest  
restaurants → Show menu → Update cart →  
Checkout and confirm order.



## Food Ordering Chatbot

Welcome to our AI-powered food ordering service! I'll help you find restaurants and place orders.

hi

Send

New Order

Show Knowledge Graph

 Knowledge Graph



Classic Margherita Pizza

Tiramisu

# Live Demo

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- Try it live!  
(<https://huggingface.co/spaces/Ashwath-Shetty/food-ordering-bot>)





# Future Improvements to the food ordering App

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- WhatsApp/Twilio integration for confirmations
    - Advanced menu retrieval and structured scraping
    - Asynchronous execution
    - Persistent user memory
    - Personalized recommendations based on history.
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- A decorative graphic consisting of a network of glowing blue nodes connected by thin lines, resembling a molecular structure or a data network, positioned horizontally across the lower half of the slide.

# Challenges & Learnings

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- Menu data inconsistencies
  - API rate limits
  - Fine-tuning conversational flows
  - Balancing personalization with privacy.



# How to Extend this solution to Other services

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- [https://github.com/Ashwath-Shetty/raise\\_hackathon\\_prosus\\_track?tab=readme-ov-file#-how-to-extend-this-solution-to-other-services](https://github.com/Ashwath-Shetty/raise_hackathon_prosus_track?tab=readme-ov-file#-how-to-extend-this-solution-to-other-services)



# How to Extend this solution to Other services – Travel Booking

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## 1. Travel Booking Assistant

### Use Case

Allow users to:

- Search for flights and hotels
- Plan itineraries
- Book travel arrangements

### Flow Breakdown

1. Greeting
2. Ask for travel type: flight, hotel, or full itinerary
3. Collect necessary details: dates, destinations, number of travelers
4. Use travel APIs (like Skyscanner, Amadeus) to search flights/hotels
5. Present top options
6. Add to travel itinerary/cart
7. Confirm & book
8. Store preferences (destinations, airlines, budgets) in the Knowledge Graph

### Tools to Add

- `FlightSearchTool` : Integrates with flight APIs
- `HotelSearchTool` : For hotel options based on destination and dates
- `ItineraryPlannerTool` : LLM + rule-based trip planner
- `TravelBookingTool` : Final booking or summary



# How to Extend this solution to Other services – Product Market Place

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## 2. Product Marketplace Assistant

### Use Case

Support buying and selling of new or second-hand products.

### Flow Breakdown

#### 1. Greeting

#### 2. Ask if user wants to Buy or Sell

#### 3. For Buying:

- Ask for category (electronics, books, clothing)
- Ask for filters (price range, condition, location)
- Search using APIs (Flipkart, OLX, Amazon)

#### 4. For Selling:

- Collect product name, condition, price, and location
- Generate a draft listing via LLM
- Ask for confirmation

#### 5. Summarize cart/listing

#### 6. Confirm or restart

### Tools to Add

- `ProductSearchTool` : Scrape or call APIs to search for products
- `ListingBuilderTool` : For LLM-based generation of seller posts
- `MarketplaceAPITool` : Integration layer to interact with platforms like OLX or Flipkart

# Agent Orchestration workflow Extended

## 3. Shared Orchestration Strategy (Multi-Agent Router)

To manage multiple services like **food**, **travel**, and **marketplace**, a central **router agent** can classify the user's intent and forward the request to the appropriate domain agent.

### Intent Routing Logic




```
def route_intent(user_input: str) -> str:
    user_input = user_input.lower()
    if any(word in user_input for word in ["flight", "hotel", "travel", "trip", "itinerary"]):
        return "travel"
    elif any(word in user_input for word in ["buy", "sell", "product", "item", "market"]):
        return "marketplace"
    else:
        return "food"
```

### Unified Multi-Agent Launcher

```
intent = route_intent(user_message)

if intent == "food":
    response = food_ordering_agent.run(user_message)
elif intent == "travel":
    response = travel_booking_agent.run(user_message)
elif intent == "marketplace":
    response = marketplace_agent.run(user_message)
```



# Knowledge Graph sharing Across Services



- 📦 **Knowledge Sharing Across Domains**
- All domain agents share:
- ↻ **Conversation Memory** – lets the assistant reference recent steps, across all services
- □ **Knowledge Graph** – stores structured user data like:
  - preferred cuisines or restaurants (FoodBot)
  - favorite travel destinations or airlines (TravelBot)
  - product preferences or sell history (MarketplaceBot)
- This enables **cross-domain intelligence**, like:
- “Would you like to rebook your last trip to Goa and also reorder that Margherita Pizza from Pasta Street?”

# Extending the workflow to other services

## Modular Agent Structure






Each new service uses a similar modular structure:

```
agent/  
├── food_agent.py  
├── travel_agent.py  
└── marketplace_agent.py  
  
tools/  
├── location_tool.py  
├── restaurant_search_tool.py  
├── flight_search_tool.py  
├── product_search_tool.py  
└── etc...
```

You only need to:

- Plug in service-specific tools
- Add state transitions for that service
- Reuse memory, conversation, and KG logic

## Benefits of This Design

Advantage	Description
 Centralized Reasoning	Core logic (LLM prompts, memory) is shared across all agents
 Plug-and-play Tools	Easy to register tools like <code>FlightSearchTool</code> , <code>ProductSearchTool</code> , etc
 Scalable	Add more domains (e.g., tutoring, finance) by registering new agents
 Context Awareness	Cross-service suggestions and memory retention
 Fast Prototyping	Each agent can be tested and deployed independently



Thanks