

Analysis of Environmental Samples Following US EPA Guidelines Utilizing a New Simultaneous CCD Detector ICP-OES System

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Introduction

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) defines the analytical methods accepted for the isolation, detection and quantitative measurement of target analytes in both water and soil / sediment environmental samples. Data from the Statement of Work (SOW) for Multi Media, Multi Concentration Inorganic Analysis (ILM05.3) is used to define the nature and extent of contamination, and determine appropriate cleanup actions, emergency response actions and enforcement / litigation activities.¹

This poster describes the use of a new simultaneous CCD detector ICP-OES system to carry out the US EPA / CLP compliant analysis of water samples.

¹ ILM05.3, EPA Publication 540-F-04-001, 2004.

US EPA ILM05.3

Determine

- 22 target analytes in water
- NIST Certified Standard Reference Material 1643e Trace Elements in Water
- Melbourne drinking (tap) water

Purpose

1. Provide analytical data of known and documented quality
2. Environmental Regulations

- Extent of contamination
- Determine cleanup actions
- Emergency response and remedial actions
- Enforcement/litigation activities
- Hazardous waste site investigations

Three New ICP-OES Instruments

Varian 710/715-ES

- Entry level system with CCD detector
- A fully featured ICP-OES for laboratories with moderate or small sample loads



Varian 720/725-ES

- High sample throughput
- Ultimate in performance
- Flexibility to upgrade in the future for higher productivity and performance

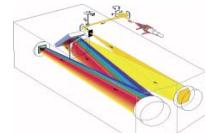
Varian 730/735-ES

- Highest sample throughput
- Ultimate in performance

The **Varian 730-ES simultaneous CCD ICP-OES** was utilized for this study. The 730-ES has an axial view plasma. I-MAP technology exactly matches the detector to the echelle optics image and provides continuous wavelength coverage from 167 to 785 nm. The 730-ES features a high efficiency 40 MHz RF generator and low gas consumption. Its Cooled-Cone Interface (CCI) displaces the cooler tail of plasma leading to reduced interferences and increased linear dynamic range. The system includes MFC nebulizer gas, 4 channel pump and the SV1 Switching Valve System as standard for maximum productivity.

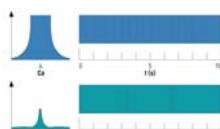
700-ES Series Optical Design

Computer-optimized echelle optical design provides complete wavelength coverage utilizing a single detector and single entrance slit. All wavelengths are captured in one reading. Minimal number of optical components provide high light throughput and excellent signal-to-noise levels. The polychromator is thermostatted to 35°C for stability and fast start-up.



The 730-ES features a custom-designed and patented CCD detector with pixels arranged to exactly match the 2-dimensional echelle image (I-MAP technology). Duplex readout circuitry halves readout time. Processing electronics are 40 times faster with a 1 Megahertz pixel processing speed. The detector is Peltier cooled to -35°C for low noise leading to improved detection limits. Processing electronics are off-chip for high QE.

Adaptive Integration Technology



True Simultaneous Measurement

- Simultaneous measurement of all wavelengths, background signal and internal standard irrespective of signal intensity
- ATI automatically adjusts measurement time in real time
- Achieves optimum signal-to-noise ratio
- Prevents over range signals
- 1 ms to 100 s read times provide wide dynamic range
- Ideal for time resolved / specification type applications

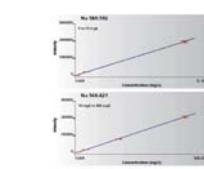


MultiCal

Manages the data collected when using alternate wavelengths:

- Combine element data of strong and weak lines for extended working range
- Measure multiple wavelengths of similar sensitivity for confirmation of results
- Take the mean, weighted mean or median result
- Take the minimum result – most likely to be least interfered result
- Automatically performs calculations on data, e.g. ratios, water hardness

Sample Labels	Na Mean mg/L	Na 568.821 mg/L	Na 589.592 mg/L
Blank	0.00	0.00	0.00
20ppb CS4+6	0.01	0.01	0.01
100ppb CS4+6	0.10	0.10	0.10
1ppm CS4+6	1.00	1.00	1.00
10ppm CS4+6	10.00	10.00	10.00
50ppm Var Major	50.00	50.00	50.00
200ppm Var Major	200.0	200.0	200.0
500ppm Var Major	500.0	500.0	500.0
Whole Milk Powder	3485	3485	3485
Whole Milk Powder Dsp	3565	3565	3565
Rice Flour 100 Dsp	17.20	17.20	17.20
Rice Flour 100 Dsp	17.08	17.08	17.08



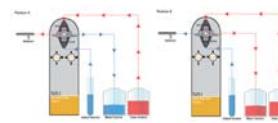
4 Port Switching Valve System (SVS1)

Provides shorter sample uptake and more efficient washout. SVS1 is compatible with SPS-3 and Cetac ASX-520 autosamplers and is controlled by the ICP Expert II software. Sample introduction is rinsed while next sample is introduced, leading to reduced carry over, increased sample throughput and lower cost per analysis.



Four Software Triggers

1. Start Run: **Position A (instant rinse)**
2. At Start Uptake Delay + user specified time delay: **Position B (sample)**
3. End Solution Measurement: **Position A (instant rinse)**
4. End Run: **Position B (autosampler rinse)**



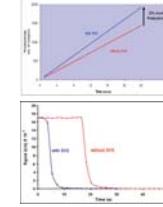
Features and Benefits of SVS1

33% improvement in productivity

- 25% reduction in argon use
- 25% reduction in torch use
- Extra 460 samples/day

Faster analysis times – but longer rinse times!

- Reduces contamination
- Improves accuracy
- Reduces sample loading
 - Less torch wear and salt build-up
 - Improves long term stability for high TDS sample



Sample Type and Preparation

Certified Reference Material

- NIST SRM 1643e Trace Elements in Water
- Melbourne drinking (tap) water

Sample matrix was 1% v/v HNO₃ and 5% v/v HCl

Calibration, QC and Buffer Solutions

Prepared from Inorganic Ventures Inc, custom-grade multi-element solutions

Superfund CLP ICP Kit for ILM05.2

- CLPP-CAL-1, CLPP-CAL-2, CLPP-CAL-3
- CLP-AES-CRQL, CLP-ICS-A, CLPP-CAL-ICS-B4
- CLPP-SPK1, CLPP-SPK-5
- QCP-CIVC-1, QCP-CIVC-2, QCP-CIVC-3

Ionization buffer

- Merck Tracepur™ CsNO₃, 1% w/v final solution

Calibration standards, QC solutions and ionization buffer

- Diluted with >18MW/cm³ deionized water (Millipore systems)
- 1% v/v HNO₃ (Merck Ultrapur™)
- 5% v/v HCl (Merck Ultrapur™)

Read Back of Blank + 5 mg/L Analyte

	As	Se	Sb	Tl	Pb
Run 1					
Avg. Conc.	5.25	4.81	5.46	5.02	5.39
Run 2					
Avg. Conc.	5.12	4.82	5.01	5.12	5.64
Run 3					
Avg. Conc.	5.12	5.16	4.98	4.80	5.34

Instrument Parameters

Power	1.4 kW	Plasma gas flow	15 L/min
Auxiliary gas flow	1.5 L/min	Spray chamber type	Glass cyclonic
Torch	Standard axial torch	Nebulizer type	SeaSpray
Nebulizer gas flow	0.75 L/min	Pump speed	15 rpm
Sample uptake	2.5 mL	Replicate read time(s)	30
No. of replicates	2	Sample delay time(s)	25
Switching valve delay(s)	22	Stabilization time(s)	10
Rinse time(s)	30	Peristaltic pump type	4 Channel
Background Correction	1 or 2 point off-peak		

Method Detection Limits

Element Wavelength	CRQL (µg/L)	CRQL ILM05.3 (µg/L)	MDL Required ILM05.3 (µg/L)	MDL Obtained (µg/L)	Result
Ag 328.068	5	10	5	0.5	Pass
Al 237.312	200	200	100	5	Pass
As 188.980	5	10	5	1	Pass
Ba 585.367	20	200	100	0.6	Pass
Be 313.042	1	5	5	0.009	Pass
Cd 214.439	5	10	5	0.009	Pass
Cs 228.615	50	100	1	Pass	
Cz 267.716	10	20	0.2	0.02	Pass
Cu 324.754	25	50	2	Pass	
Mn 257.610	15	30	2	Pass	
Ne 211.604	40	80	3	Pass	
Pa 220.353	10	20	0.3	0.03	Pass
Sc 265.834	60	120	6	0.06	Pass
Se 146.026	25	70	11	Pass	
Tl 190.794	25	50	-0.4	0.07	Pass
V 292.401	50	100	6	Pass	
Zn 206.200	60	120	3	Pass	

LCS Analysis

Element Wavelength	NIST 1643e Certified (µg/L)	NIST 1643e Measured LCS (µg/L)	LCS % Recovery	NIST 1643e Duplicate LCS Measured (µg/L)	% RPD or Difference (µg/L)	Sample Spike Measured (µg/L)	Added QC Spike Conc. (µg/L)	% Spike Recovery
Ag 328.068	0.001082	<CRQL	-	<CRQL	-	0.0443	0.0430	103.0%
Al 237.312	0.1418	0.151	106.6	0.160	CRQL	0.009	0.193	1.72 104.3%
As 188.980	0.06045	0.0590	97.5	0.0575	20%RPD 2.42%	0.0923	0.0379	97.8%
Ba 585.367	0.5442	0.554	101.9	0.561	CRQL	0.007	2.35	1.72 106.8%
Be 313.042	0.01598	0.0140	100.0	0.0142	CRQL	0.002	0.0585	0.0430 105.6%
Cd 214.439	0.0243	0.0240	99.3	0.0241	CRQL	0.001	0.0585	0.0430 105.2%
Cs 228.615	0.006568	0.00642	99.8	0.00645	CRQL	0.0003	0.0558	0.0430 105.6%
Cz 267.716	0.0204	0.0209	103.5	0.0204	CRQL	0.003	0.0548	0.0430 105.6%
Cu 324.754	0.02276	0.0229	100.7	0.0224	CRQL	0.0013	0.247	0.215 104.9%
Fe 228.204	0.0981	0.105	106.8	0.104	CRQL	0.001	1.03	0.859 105.5%
K 769.897	2.038	2.11	103.7	2.13	CRQL	0.02	-	-
Mg 285.213	8.037	8.55	106.4	8.65	CRQL	0.10	-	-
Mn 257.610	0.03897	0.0410	105.1	0.0411	CRQL	0.001	0.503	0.430 108.2%
Ne 211.604	0.06241	0.0629	104.1	0.0619	CRQL	0.001	0.516	0.430 105.1%
Pa 220.353	0.01963	0.0207	105.7	0.0202	CRQL	0.005	0.0985	0.0451 103.7%
Sc 265.834	0.0583	0.061	102.4	0.0579	CRQL	0.001	0.101	0.0501 112
Se 146.026	0.0403	0.041	103.0	0.0403	CRQL	0.001	0.0493	0.0451 109
Tl 190.794	0.053	0.054	101.0	0.0547	CRQL	0.001	0.104	0.0451 105
V 292.401	0.0786	0.0803	102.3	0.0820	CRQL	0.017	0.538	0.430 107.7%
Zn 206.200	0.00589	0.00685	103.0	0.00696	CRQL	0.00096	0.530	0.431 107

Interference Check Sample A

Element	CRQL (µg/L)	EMMS.3 (µg/L)	FCSA (µg/L)	% Recovery	Result
Ag 328.068	0.20	0.21	0.16	106	Pass
As 188.980	0.10	0.097	0.97	97	Pass
Ba 585.367	0.50	0.51	102	Pass	
Be 313.042	0.50	0.50	99	Pass	
Cd 214.439	1.01	0.98	97	Pass	
Cs 228.615	0.50	0.49	98	Pass	
Cz 267.716	0.50	0.50	100	Pass	
Cu 324.754	0.50	0.52	104	Pass	
Mn 257.610	0.50	0.51	102	Pass	
Pa 220.353	0.20	0.20	99	Pass	
Sc 265.834	0.60	0.60	105	Pass	
Se 146.026	0.05	0.05	118	Pass	
Tl 190.794	0.10	0.09	91	Pass	
V 292.401	0.50	0.51	101	Pass	
Zn 206.200	1.01	0.99	98	Pass	