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For Yoni's Bar Mitzvah סיום --(Version 2)

The last item of the last Mishnah in מֵּסֶכֶת אָבוֹת, at the end of פֶּרֶק חַמִּישִי, reads as follows:

בֶּן הֵא-הֵא אוֹמֵר, לְפוּם צַעֲרָא אַגְרָא בָּ

The Rabbi called Ben Hei-Hei said that "according to the pain is the reward." This means that in performing a mitzvah, especially the study of Torah, your reward depends upon how much effort and struggle you put into it. If you work hard--so hard that it hurts--you get greater שֻׁכָּר or reward, and if it comes easy, without too much discomfort or suffering, the reward is less.

Maybe this is the reason that Moshe tells us in the Sidra עֵקֶב that Hashem punishes us in the same way that a father punishes his own son: בְּי בַּאֲשֶׁר יְיַסֵר אִישׁ אֶת בְּנוֹ, הֹ׳ אֱלֹהֶידְ מְיַסְרֶידְ, "as a father punishes his son, so does Hshem your God punish you." When a child is disobedient and the parent disciplines him or her, it is for the child's good (at least that is what my Dad has been telling me all these years...), and the child later appreciates all the more the reward that comes from leading a good life of Torah and Mitzvos. If he were not disciplined, he might still behave well, but not with the same satisfaction.

According to Rabbi Saadia Gaon, the principle of our Mishnah holds true for all times and circumstances. Rabbi Saadia Gaon asks, in his אָמוּנוֹת וְדֵעוֹת, why Hashem did not give each of us a completely happy and worry-freelife without having to perform the אַבּרוֹת and avoid עַבּרוֹת. He answers that if you don't work for a thing, you don't appreciate it. Only if you invest a great deal of effort can you enjoy the reward. So, לְפוֹם צַעֲרָא אַגְרָא.

This last Mishnah of אָבוֹת ties in with its very beginning, where we are told that Moshe received the Torah from Mt. Sinai and gave it over to Yehoshua and Yehoshua to the Elders, and so forth: מְשֶׁה קְבֵּל תּוֹרָה Osome of the מְּפֶּרְשִׁים say that this whole list refers not to the Written Torah, תּוֹרָה שֶּבְּעַל בֶּּה , but to the Oral Torah, תּוֹרָה שֶּבְעַל בֶּּה , which contains much more material and is difficult to understand. It requires much more effort and hard work to

understand גְּמֶּרָא than חּוּמֶש, and therefore had to be handed down very carefully and with a great deal of mental effort. It also results in greater reward, and this is the principle of the concluding Mishnah, לְפוּם צַעְרָא, that the reward is proportional to the pain.

The author of this statement in our Mishnah is בֶּן הֵא-הֵא. Who was this man with the strange name?

He was, we are taught, a גֵּר, a convert to Judaism. A real, genuine אֵר has to work hard in order to learn Torah and practice the Mitzvos in order to be accepted as a Jew. The שֵּלְחָן עֶרוּדְּ rules that you must tell the candidate for conversion that it's very difficult to be a Jew, that there is anti-Semitism and there is punishment for violating the mitzvos--but you must also add that there is great honor and joy in living the Jewish life. And then he is rewarded by being a member of the עִּם הַּנְבָּחֵר.

So לְפוּם צַּעָרָא אַגְּרָא knew from his personal experience that לְפוּם צַעְרָא אַגְּרָא אַגְּרָא. All the תַּחַת כַּנְכֵּי הַשְּכִינָה. By his efforts, he proved that his נְשָׁמָה was present to receive the Torah from Hashem at together with the נְשָׁמוֹת of each and every Jew from the very beginning of our history.

As I reach the age of מְצְוֹת, I too know that it's not easy to be a Jew-that is, a really and truly observant and practicing Jew. I know that
there are difficulties in being a loyal Jew--there are אִיסוֹרִים of all kinds,
there is self-discipline, there is the need to study Torah.

But I also know that לְפֵּוּם צֵּעֲרָא אֵגְרָא, that there is nothing that is more rewarding. I know that all the effort at being a good Jew is worth it because the Torah life is so rewarding. I know that I am already receiving the greatest reward--being brought up in the home of Dr. Joshua and Mrs. Rivky Lamm. And I thank them for teaching me to love Torah and Yiddishkeit.

So now, at my Bar Mitzvah, I proudly confirm that I love my Yiddishkeit and I commit myself to Hashem and to living a life of Torah.

And I pray that some day, with enough effort and struggle--and I hope without too much pain--I will become a בָּר מִצְנָה as well as a בָּר מִצְנָה and make my parents and grandparents and teachers proud of me.