

VGI Partners Global Investments Limited ABN 91 619 660 721 39 Phillip Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia T. +61 2 9237 8923 www.vgipartners.com/lics/vg1

15 August 2023

ASX Market Announcements Office ASX Limited Exchange Centre 20 Bridge Street Sydney NSW 2000

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2023

VGI Partners Global Investments Limited (ASX:VG1) hereby lodges:

- Appendix 4E for the year ended 30 June 2023; and
- Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2023, incorporating the Chairman's Letter and Financial Statements.

Authorised for release by:

Ian Cameron, Company Secretary

Investor contact information:

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VGI Partners Global Investments Limited

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Appendix 4E

for the year ended 30 June 2023

Reporting periods

Current reporting period	1 July 2022 - 30 June 2023
Previous reporting period	1 July 2021 - 30 June 2022

Results for announcement to the market

	30 June 2023	Up / down	% Movement
Income from ordinary activities	115,846,171	Up	large*
Profit before tax for the period	74,697,499	Up	large*
Net profit from ordinary activities after tax	53,802,930	Up	large*

^{*} The positive percentage movement from the previous reporting period is large and accordingly, is not presented.

Dividend information

	Dividend per share (cents)	Franked amount per share (cents)	Tax rate for franking
Final 2023 dividend declared	5.0	5.0	30%
Interim 2023 dividend (paid on 29 March 2023)	4.5	4.5	30%

Final dividend dates

Ex-date	23 August 2023
Record date	24 August 2023
Last election date for dividend reinvestment	25 August 2023
Payment date	25 September 2023

Dividend reinvestment plan

The Dividend Reinvestment Plan (**DRP**) is in operation for shareholders in the Company and the fully franked dividend of 5.0 cents per share qualifies for the DRP.

Net tangible assets (NTA) per share	30 June 2023	30 June 2022	Up / down	% Movement
Pre-tax	\$1.99	\$1.87	Up	6.42
Post-tax excluding deferred tax liabilities / deferred tax assets on unrealised gains / losses	\$1.99	\$1.85	Up	7.57
Post-tax including deferred tax liabilities / deferred	40.07	0.4.00		5.04
tax assets on unrealised gains / losses	\$2.07	\$1.96	Up	5.61

Brief explanation of results and Company outlook

Refer to the attached 2023 Annual Report. Additional Appendix 4E disclosure requirements can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

On-market share buy-back

On 3 August 2022, the Company announced the extension of the on-market share buy-back for a further period of up to 12 months.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company bought back 33,344,435 shares at a cost of \$50,196,167 (excluding brokerage).

Subsequent to the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company announced the renewal of the on-market share buy-back for an additional 12 months commencing 17 August 2023.

Update to Dividend Policy

On 16 August 2022, the VG1 Board announced that it had taken the opportunity to further refine VG1's dividend policy. The Board recognises that the ability to pay regular, stable dividends is a key benefit of the Listed Investment Company structure and agreed that VG1 will seek to pay dividends on a six-monthly basis, with the payment amount being at least 4.5 cents per half year period. The Board intends for future dividends to be franked to the fullest extent possible and seek to grow this level of dividend payment over time.

Audit

This report is based on the financial report which has been audited by Pitcher Partners. All the documents comprise the information required by Listing Rule 4.3A.

VGI PARTNERS Global Investments

ABN 91 619 660 721

2023 Annual Report Year ended 30 June 2023

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Annual General Meeting 2023

Scheduled to be held in November 2023.

Notice of the Annual General Meeting will be forwarded to all Shareholders separately.

Corporate Governance

The Board of Directors of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited ABN 91 619 660 721 (**VG1** or **the Company**) is responsible for corporate governance and has in place a framework of corporate policies, practices and procedures to promote good corporate governance within the Company. The Company has prepared a Corporate Governance Statement (**CGS**) in accordance with the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations 4th Edition.

The Company's CGS is available on the Company's website at www.vgipartners.com/lics/vg1.

Letter from the Chairman

Dear Fellow Shareholders,

On behalf of your Board, I am pleased to provide an update on VGI Partners Global Investments Limited (**VG1**, **the Company**) for the 2023 financial year (**FY23**) and thank you for your interest. In summary, during a year where the market switched from bearish in the first half – particularly in technology stocks, to bullish in the second, the VG1 portfolio delivered a +13.9% net return. VG1 shareholders benefited from a closing of the discount to Net Tangible Assets (**NTA**) and achieved a 17.3% total shareholder return in FY23, consisting of a 10.5% increase in the share price and 9c of dividends being paid. The buy-back program was also very active and was recently renewed for a further 12 months. Below I provide further background on these topics and the VG1 team.

Financial Highlights

In FY23, the Company reported a net profit after tax of \$53.8 million, representing earnings of 15.1 cents per share. Two dividends were paid, comprising a 73% franked final dividend for FY22 year of 4.5 cents per share (\$16.6m) on 28 September 2022 and a fully franked interim FY23 dividend, also 4.5 cents per share (\$15.7m) on 29 March 2023. These dividends were in line with the Company's announcement in August 2022 that it had elected to refine its dividend policy to one that targets a dividend of at least 4.5 cents per share each six months.

The refined dividend policy notes that the Company will look to grow its dividend over time where possible. With the Company's strong portfolio return in the 6 months to 30 June 2023, the Company has taken the opportunity to increase the final FY23 dividend to 5.0 cents per share. Total dividends determined for FY23 of 9.5 cents per share, fully franked, represent a net dividend yield of 5.8% (when based on the 30 June 2023 share price) and a grossed-up yield of 8.4% (when accounting for the benefits of franking).

The Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) will continue to be in operation for this dividend and the Company encourages eligible shareholders who are not already registered to consider participating. DRP elections are due by 5pm (AEST) on 25 August 2023.

As I have noted in previous letters, the ability for listed investment companies – such as VG1 – to smooth dividends by utilising profit reserves is a key benefit of their structure. This is because the Company can choose to allocate undistributed profits to a profits reserve, out of which future dividends can be paid. At 30 June 2023, the Company's profits reserve was \$242.3m (72.2c per share based on the current shares outstanding, or 67.2c per share after adjusting for the payment of the dividend just declared). In the current economic climate, many shareholders have told us that they are keen to hold investments that can offer a regular income payment – and VG1's current profits reserve gives circa 7 years of coverage if the Company maintains its rate of 5.0 cents each six months.

Capital Management and Buy-back

As many shareholders would be aware, VG1 resumed the operation of its on-market buy-back program in May 2022. In FY23, over 33 million shares were purchased for approximately \$50.2 million and a further 4.3 million have been bought between the end of June 2023 and today. This represents a total of 71.5 million shares (over 17.6% of VG1's capital) that have been purchased and cancelled since VG1's buy-back initially launched in mid-CY20. The Board has approved this program on the basis that it is accretive to shareholders (when conducted at a discount) and provides additional liquidity to those seeking to trade.

On 2 August 2023, the Company announced the renewal of the on-market buyback for an additional 12 months, commencing 17 August 2023.

Investment Performance and Portfolio

The Company delivered a net portfolio return of +13.9% for the year to 30 June 2023, with an average net exposure of 59%. The relatively low exposure reflected the portfolio's cautious positioning for the first half of the year (when the portfolio had an average net exposure of 47%) amidst a backdrop of high global inflation and rising interest rates, with the share prices of technology stocks particularly under pressure. Many key global and US-based indices recorded returns in the low single digits or even negative returns during this period. In a rapid reversal of events, global indices rebounded in the six months to June 2023 and the investment team quickly repositioned the portfolio for this change of conditions, with the portfolio returning 19.7% in the second half of the financial year.

As at 30 June 2023, VG1's net exposure was 73% (with 23 long positions representing 98% long exposure and 18 short positions for 25% short exposure). The top 5 long investments were CME Group, Amazon, GE HealthCare Technologies (GEHC), Deutsche Börse and London Stock Exchange Group (LSEG), of which GEHC and LSEG were both recent additions to the portfolio. Entertainment group The Walt Disney Company and defence supplier Rheinmetall are also material new positions that were added in FY23.

On the other side of the ledger, long-term holdings in multinational payments business Mastercard, German software provider SAP, medical technology manufacturer Olympus and luxury watch and jewellery retailer Cie Financière Richemont were sold during the year.

For more background on the investment team's views on the portfolio and market conditions, I encourage you to watch the latest webinar and read the investor letter published on 8 August, both of which are available at www.vgipartners.com/lics/vg1.

Investment Team

In June 2023, the Company announced that VGI Partners Chief Investment Officer Robert Luciano will be taking a three-month sabbatical. This is the first extended break Robert has taken since he founded VGI Partners in 2008 and also marks one year since the successful completion of the merger of VGI Partners with Regal Funds Management to form Regal Partners. During Robert's break, existing VGI Partners portfolio managers Marco Anselmi and Simon Birrell are maintaining day-to-day responsibilities of the VG1 portfolio, with oversight from Regal Funds Chief Investment Officer and co-founder Philip King. As many VG1 shareholders would know, Marco has been part of the VGI Partners investment team for nearly 10 years, while Simon joined VGI Partners in 2022. Simon has over 14 years' investing experience in global equities and private equity, having worked in Sydney, New York and London at firms including Antipodes, Manikay Partners, and Crescent Capital Partners. Phil King's track record speaks for itself, having managed absolute return vehicles at Regal for over 18 years and being inducted into the Australian Fund Managers Hall of Fame in 2019. Phil has regularly met with the VGI team over the last 12 months, so has good knowledge of their key positions and theses.

More broadly, the VGI investment team has appreciated the support of Regal Partners over the past year since the merger occurred. As I noted in my letter last year, a key benefit for the VGI Partners investment team is the ability to collaborate with the Regal Funds' sector and regional experts, including their analyst team in Singapore. This has assisted the team in making a number of new investments during the year, including in the healthcare and energy-related sectors, where Regal has dedicated specialist expertise. The VGI team has also benefited from Regal's experienced distribution and marketing team, which continues to expand, as well Regal's operational, trade and risk management support. In particular, it was pleasing to see that one of the earliest steps in the integration was the rollout of Regal's proprietary IT and trading systems to the VGI Partners portfolios, enabling management to access a firmwide view of portfolio attribution and risk management metrics – and providing additional data for the investment team to assess performance, conduct back-testing and aid portfolio construction.

I note for completeness that I stepped off the board of Regal Partners, the Manager, in the morning of their Annual General Meeting in May this year.

Shareholder Engagement

During FY23, the Company held a number of briefings by webinar to share their insights on the portfolio's holdings and market backdrop. We look forward to inviting shareholders and advisers to future sessions in the coming months.

In addition, the next VG1 Annual General Meeting (AGM) is scheduled to be held in November 2023. Full details will be available in the Notice of Meeting, which will be sent to shareholders closer to the date. We look forward to speaking with shareholders at that event.

To ensure you stay fully informed on all VG1 issues, we recommend that you elect to receive all investor communications by email. This can be done through InvestorServe (the portal of our registry, Boardroom) or submitting the relevant forms to Boardroom. Please contact our Investor Relations team at +61 2 9237 8923 or investor.relations@vgipartners.com if you require any assistance or have questions about your investment.

In closing, thank you again for your support of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited.

Yours sincerely,

David F Jones AM Chairman Sydney

14 August 2023

Directors' Report

For the year ended 30 June 2023

The Directors of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited (**the Company** or **VG1**) present their Directors' report together with the Financial Report of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2023. The Company is limited by shares and is incorporated in Australia.

Directors

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Name	Position	Date appointed
David F Jones AM	Chairman	9 June 2017
Lawrence Myers	Independent Director	4 July 2017
Noel J J Whittaker AM	Independent Director	7 July 2017
Adelaide H McDonald	Independent Director	1 July 2019

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Company is to provide shareholders with access to a concentrated portfolio, predominantly comprised of long investments and short positions in global listed securities, and the investment expertise of Regal Partners Limited, the Investment Manager (**the Manager**). The Manager employs the same investment strategy for the Company as it employs in the management of the VGI Partners Master Fund, the VGI Partners Offshore Fund and other Individually Managed Accounts.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the period and no change is anticipated in the future.

Dividends

Since the end of the year, the Directors determined to pay a fully franked final dividend of 5.0 cents per share to be paid on 25 September 2023. The dividend qualifies for the Company's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (**DRP**).

On 16 August 2022, the VG1 Board announced that it had taken the opportunity to further refine VG1's dividend policy. The Board recognises that the ability to pay regular, stable dividends is a key benefit of the Listed Investment Company structure and agreed that VG1 will seek to pay dividends on a six-monthly basis, with the payment amount being at least 4.5 cents per half year period. The Board intends for future dividends to be franked to the fullest extent possible and seek to grow this level of dividend payment over time.

The balance of the profits reserve (from which dividends will be paid) as of 30 June 2023 is \$242,261,182.

Dividends paid or declared during the year are as follows:

	<u> </u>
Interim 2023 dividend of 4.5 cents per share paid on 29 March 2023	15,676,476
Final 2022 dividend of 4.5 cents per share paid on 28 September 2022	16,564,663
Total	32,241,139

Review of Operations

Investment operations during the year resulted in an operating profit before tax of \$74,697,499 (2022: operating loss before tax of \$277,333,754) and an operating profit after tax of \$53,802,930 (2022: operating loss after tax of \$192,845,311).

The investment portfolio returned +13.9% (2022: (27.3%)) net of fees for the year ended 30 June 2023, of which +19.7% was generated during the second half of the financial year.

For the financial year, the Company's post-tax net tangible assets (**NTA**) was \$1.99¹ and increased by 7.6% after all fees and excluding the benefit of dividends declared and paid during the year of 9.0 cents per share (2022: decrease in NTA of 31%). Further information on the financial highlights of the Company is contained in the Letter from the Chairman.

Costs paid by the Manager

The Manager continues to show strong alignment with and support of the Company and its shareholders by paying the majority of the Company's operating costs. The Manager paid for circa \$525,000 of operating expenses this financial year (2022: \$678,000²) which include ASX and ASIC fees, audit costs, legal and tax advice costs and any fees charged by the Company's Fund Administrator.

On-market share buy-back program

On 3 August 2022, the Company announced the extension of the on-market share buy-back for a further period of up to 12 months.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company bought back 33,344,435 shares at a cost of \$50,196,167 (excluding brokerage) (2022: 11,790,399 shares bought back at a cost of \$21,910,669 (excluding brokerage)).

Subsequent to the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company announced the renewal of the on-market share buy-back for an additional 12 months commencing 17 August 2023.

Strategy and Future Outlook

The results of the Company's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Company invests. Therefore, investment performance is not guaranteed, and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

As markets are subject to fluctuations, it is imprudent to provide a detailed outlook on statement of expected results of operations. The Company provides monthly fund updates and annual investor reports, which are available on the Company's website at www.vgipartners.com/lics/vg1 and disclosed on the ASX website. The Company's updates include detailed discussions in relation to some underlying investments from time to time along with general outlook commentary.

The Company's investment activities will expose it to a variety of risks, which are disclosed in the Company's Prospectus, which is available on the Company's website at www.vgipartners.com/lics/vg1 and disclosed on the ASX website.

Other matters

Further information on the Company's operational and financial review is contained in the Chairman's Letter.

Financial Position

The net assets of the Company as at 30 June 2023 were \$702,481,512 (2022: \$731,115,888).

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

The Company is not aware of any other matter or circumstance since the end of the financial year not otherwise dealt with in this report, that has, or may, significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial periods.

¹ 'Post-Tax NTA' is calculated after tax on realised gains/losses, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, but before allowing for deferred tax liabilities / deferred tax assets on unrealised gains / losses.

² 'In addition, for the year ended 30 June 2022, the Manager paid for circa \$267,000 of non-recurring strategic review and advisory costs, totalling \$945,000 paid by the Manager on behalf of the Company in the 30 June 2022 year end period.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the year ended 30 June 2023.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Company will continue to pursue its investment objectives for the long-term benefit of shareholders.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Company are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth, or of a State or Territory.



Information on Directors and Officeholders

Name: David F Jones AM

Title: Chairman

Qualifications: B.Eng. (1st Class Hons) (Melb.), MBA (Harvard)

Experience and expertise: Mr Jones has more than 30 years' experience in investment markets, the majority as

a general partner in private equity firms, and prior to that in general management and management consulting. Mr Jones has been a board member of numerous private

and public businesses, including a number in the wealth management sector.

Other current listed

Mr Jones is a Director of Regal Asian Investments Limited (ASX:RG8).

directorships:

directorships:

Former directorships Mr Jones was a Non-Executive Director of Regal Partners Limited until 23 May 2023. (last three years): Prior to 3 June 2022, Mr Jones was an Executive Director of VGI Partners Limited.

Special responsibilities: Mr Jones is a member of the Company's Audit and Risk Committee.

Interests in the Company: Shares: 334,985

Name: Adelaide H McDonald

Title: Independent Director

Qualifications: B.Com (Acc/Fin) (UQLD), B.BusMan (Econ) (UQLD), CFA

Experience and expertise: Ms McDonald has over 15 years' experience in corporate advisory and equity

research. Ms McDonald is currently a Non-Executive Director of XTEK Limited (ASX:XTE) as well as an Executive Director of MDH Pty Ltd, one of Australia's largest integrated beef producers. In addition, Ms McDonald has held roles as a Director at KPMG in the Mergers and Acquisitions practice with previous roles at

Wilson HTM and BDO Kendalls.

Other current listed Ms McDonald is an Independent Director of Regal Asian Investments Limited

(ASX:RG8). Ms McDonald is also a Non-Executive Director of XTEK Limited

(ASX:XTE).

Former directorships Ms McDonald has not held any other directorships of listed companies within the

(last three years) last three years.

Special responsibilities: Ms McDonald is a member of the Company's Audit and Risk Committee.

Interests in the Company: Shares: 33,475

Name: Lawrence Myers

Title: Independent Director

Qualifications: B.Acct (UNISA), CA, CTA

Experience and expertise: Mr Myers is the Founder and Managing Director of MBP Advisory Pty Limited, a

prominent, high-end Sydney firm of Chartered Accountants which he established in 1998. Mr Myers is also the CEO of FIFO Investments Pty Limited, the family office for the Myers family and a number of associated families. Mr Myers' specialist areas of practice include mergers and acquisitions, corporate and business advisory, tax consulting and advisory, succession planning and family office services. Lawrence is also a member of the Foundation board of the Art Gallery of New South Wales.

Other current listed directorships:

Mr Myers has been an Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee of ASX-listed Breville Group Limited (ASX:BRG) since 2013 and has been its Lead Independent Director since August 2014 and its Deputy Chairman since August 2021. Mr Myers is also Independent Chairman of Regal Asian Investments Limited (ASX:RGR)

Investments Limited (ASX:RG8).

Former directorships (last three years):

Mr Myers has not held any other directorships of listed companies within the last

three years.

Special responsibilities: Mr Myers is the Chairman of the Company's Audit and Risk Committee.

Interests in the Company: Shares: 680,000

Name: Noel J J Whittaker AM

Title: Independent Director
Qualifications: AM, FCPA, CTA

Experience and expertise: Mr Whittaker is a pioneer in the field of consumer financial education. He writes

weekly columns in many major newspapers including the Brisbane Sunday Mail, the Sydney Morning Herald and The Age. For 30 years, Mr Whittaker was a Director of Whittaker Macnaught, one of Australia's leading financial advisory companies, with more than two billion dollars under management. He relinquished all interests in that business in 2007. In 2011 he was made a Member of the Order of Australia for service to the community in raising awareness of personal finance. Mr Whittaker is a Chartered Tax Adviser, a member of the Australian Securities and Investment Commission Regional Liaison committee and is currently an Adjunct Professor with

the Faculty of Business at the Queensland University of Technology. Mr Whittaker does not hold any other directorships in listed companies.

Other current listed directorships:

Former directorships

(last three years):

Mr Whittaker has not held any other directorships of listed companies within the last

three years.

Interests in the Company: Shares: 257,207

Name: lan Cameron
Title: Company Secretary

Qualifications: B.Com (Acc) (UMACQ), CA, B.Laws (UOW), GDLP (UOW)

Experience and expertise: Mr Cameron has more than 15 years' experience in investment management and

professional services. Prior to joining the Manager in 2018, Mr Cameron worked at Pantheon Ventures and Aspect Capital in London, after starting his career at KPMG in Sydney. He is a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand

and a Solicitor of the Supreme Court of NSW.

Remuneration of key management personnel

Information about the remuneration of key management personnel is set out in the Remuneration Report section of this Directors' Report.

Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors held during the year ended 30 June 2023, and the number of meetings each Director attended:

	Board Meetings		Audit and Risk Co	ommittee Meetings
	Attended	Eligible to attend	Attended	Eligible to attend
David F Jones AM	4	4	4	4
Adelaide H McDonald	4	4	4	4
Lawrence Myers	4	4	4	4
Noel J J Whittaker AM	4	4	#	#

^{# =} Not a member of the Audit and Risk Committee

Remuneration Report (Audited)

The Directors are the key management personnel (KMP) of the Company.

This Report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Director of the Company in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Details of remuneration

The Company does not have a remuneration committee. The Board from time to time determines the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors within the maximum amount approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

The maximum total remuneration of the Non-Executive Directors of the Company has been set at \$500,000 per annum as approved at the Company's AGM in November 2022.

The Board determines the remuneration levels and ensures they are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors. The Non-Executive Directors' remuneration is not linked to the Company's performance and is reviewed annually.

On 3 June 2022, Mr David Jones resigned from his executive role at VGI Partners and served as a Non-Executive Director of Regal Partners Limited from that date. Mr Jones commenced receiving remuneration from the Company from July 2022. On 23 May 2023, Mr Jones elected not to stand for re-election to the board of Regal Partners Limited.

Directors do not receive bonuses nor are they issued options over securities as part of their remuneration. Directors' fees cover all main Board activities and membership of committees, which reflect the demands that are made on them and their responsibilities.

The Company Secretary is remunerated by the Manager.

The following table shows details of the remuneration received or receivable by the Directors of the Company for the current and prior financial years.

Name	Position	Short term employee benefits Directors' fees \$	Post-employment benefits Superannuation \$	Total \$
2023	rosition	•	—	
		00.040	0.050	70.000
Lawrence Myers	Independent Director	63,348	6,652	70,000
Adelaide H McDonald	Independent Director	63,348	6,652	70,000
Noel J J Whittaker AM	Independent Director	63,348	6,652	70,000
David F Jones AM	Director	63,348	6,652	70,000
		253,392	26,608	280,000
2022				
Lawrence Myers	Independent Director	63,636	6,364	70,000
Adelaide H McDonald	Independent Director	63,636	6,364	70,000
Noel J J Whittaker AM	Independent Director	63,636	6,364	70,000
		190,908	19,092	210,000

The following table reflects the Company's performance and Directors' remuneration over five years:

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Operating profit / (loss) after tax (\$)	53,802,930	(192,845,311)	153,921,468	(45,475,840)	50,623,963
Dividends (cents per share)	9.5	9.0	7.0	2.5	_
NTA after tax (\$ per share)	1.99	1.85	2.69	2.27	2.39
Share price (\$)	1.63	1.47	2.45	1.83	2.37
Total Directors' remuneration (\$)	280,000	210,000	210,000	210,000	157,029
Earnings / (loss) per share (cents)	15.13	(50.72)	38.21	(11.18)	17.96
Share buy backs (\$)	50,196,167	21,910,669	50,208,320	_	_

Director related entity remuneration

All transactions with related entities are made on normal commercial terms and conditions.

The fees payable to the Manager are listed below:

- Management fee: The Manager is entitled to be paid a management fee equal to 1.5% p.a. (plus GST) of the
 value of the Company's portfolio calculated on the last business day of each month and paid monthly in arrears.
 For the year ended 30 June 2023, the Manager earned management fees of \$9,906,733 exclusive of GST
 (2022: \$12,894,337 exclusive of GST).
- Performance fee: The Manager is entitled to be paid a performance fee semi-annually in arrears, equal to 15% (plus GST) of the Portfolio's outperformance (if any) over each prior semi-annual Performance Calculation Period, subject to a high water mark mechanism.

For the year ended 30 June 2023, the Manager did not earn performance fees (2022: nil).

No Director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than those detailed in the Remuneration Report) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related company with the Director or with a firm of which they are a member or with a company in which they have substantial financial interest.

Equity instrument disclosures

As at the balance date, the following interests in the Company were held by persons and their related parties, who were members of the Board during the year.

Ordinary shares held:	Opening balance at		Closing balance at	
Name	1 July 2022**	Acquisitions*	30 June 2023	
David F Jones AM	315,683	19,302	334,985	
Lawrence Myers	332,330	347,670	680,000	
Noel J J Whittaker AM	242,386	14,821	257,207	
Adelaide H McDonald	31,547	1,928	33,475	
Total	921,946	383,721	1,305,667	

^{*} Directors and Director related entities disposed of and acquired ordinary shares in the Company on the same terms and conditions available to other shareholders.

^{**} Mr Luciano resigned from the Board of Directors on 15 June 2022.

The table below shows interests in the Company held by persons and their related parties who were members of the Board in the prior year.

Ordinary shares held:	Opening balance at		Closing balance at
Name	1 July 2021	Acquisitions*	30 June 2022
David F Jones AM	300,188	15,495	315,683
Lawrence Myers	312,330	20,000	332,330
Noel J J Whittaker AM	230,489	11,897	242,386
Adelaide H McDonald	30,000	1,547	31,547
Robert M P Luciano **	8,167,194	3,448,520	11,615,714
Total	9,040,201	3,497,459	12,537,660

^{*} Directors and Director related entities disposed of and acquired ordinary shares in the Company on the same terms and conditions available to other shareholders.

** Mr Luciano resigned from the Board of Directors on 15 June 2022.

There have been no changes to the interests held by the Company's Directors and their related parties since the balance date to the date of this report.

End of Remuneration Report

Insurance and indemnification of Officers and Auditors

During the year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the Directors and officers of the Company against liabilities and legal expenses incurred as a result of carrying out their duties as a Director or officer. The Company has agreed to indemnify the current and former Directors and officers of the Company against all liabilities to another person (other than the Company) that may arise from their position as Directors and officers to the extent permitted by law and unless the liability relates to conduct involving wilful breach or contravention of the Directors and officers' duties and obligations as an officer of the Company.

In accordance with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the Company has a Directors and officers' liability policy covering all Directors and officers. The terms of the policy specifically prohibit disclosure of details of the amount of the insurance cover and the premium paid.

The auditor of the Company is not indemnified out of the assets of the Company.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001.

Non-audit services

The Board of Directors is satisfied that the provision of other services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Directors are satisfied that the services disclosed in Note 17 did not compromise the Auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the Board prior to commencement to ensure they do not adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the Auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided do not compromise the general principles relating to the Auditor's independence in accordance with the APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

Rounding of amounts to nearest dollar

In accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, the amounts in the Directors' Report and in the Annual Report have been rounded to the nearest dollar unless otherwise specified.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 16.

This report is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

David F Jones AM

Chairman

Sydney 14 August 2023



Pitcher Partners Sydney Partnership

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Auditor's Independence Declaration To the Directors of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited ABN 91 619 660 721

In relation to the independent audit of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023, to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001; and
- (ii) no contraventions of APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards).

C I Chandran

Partner

Pitcher Partners

Sydney

14 August 2023

Financial Statements

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	30 June 2023 \$	30 June 2022 \$
Income			
Net gains / (losses) on financial assets / liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		78,986,172	(261,887,865)
Dividend income		8,930,811	6,559,328
Interest income		27,912,118	1,147,653
Other income		17,070	1,147,055
Total income / (loss)		115,846,171	(254,180,884)
Evnance			
Expenses Management food	16	(10.154.401)	(12 216 600)
Management fees	16	(10,154,401)	(13,216,699)
Director fees including on costs	15	(280,000)	(210,000)
Dividends on short positions		(2,826,995)	(2,758,910)
Interest expense		(27,279,712)	(6,537,656)
Stock loan and custody fees		(43,116)	(112,203)
Other expenses		(564,448)	(317,402)
Total expenses		(41,148,672)	(23,152,870)
Profit / (loss) before income tax		74,697,499	(277,333,754)
Income tax (expense) / credit	5	(20,894,569)	84,488,443
Profit / (loss) after income tax attributable to members of the Company		53,802,930	(192,845,311)
Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		_	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		53,802,930	(192,845,311)
Basic and diluted earnings / (loss) per share	22	15.13 cents	(50.72) cents

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2023

	Note	30 June 2023 \$	30 June 2022 \$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	169,977,900	389,214,436
Trade and other receivables	8	4,885,033	6,179,664
Financial assets (securities held long)	4 & 9	691,874,145	681,127,336
Deferred tax assets	6	25,991,162	39,422,096
Total assets		892,728,240	1,115,943,532
Liabilities			
Amounts due to brokers	7	2,641,152	508,490
Trade and other payables	10	10,667,680	1,919,911
Financial liabilities (securities sold short)	4 & 9	176,773,908	375,450,551
Current tax liabilities		53,231	6,944,512
Deferred tax liabilities	6	110,757	4,180
Total liabilities		190,246,728	384,827,644
Net assets		702,481,512	731,115,888
Equity			
Issued capital	11	735,820,197	786,016,364
Profits reserve	13	242,261,182	220,699,391
Accumulated losses	12	(275,599,867)	(275,599,867)
Total equity		702,481,512	731,115,888

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Issued Capital \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Profits Reserve \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	807,927,033	(82,754,556)	258,754,199	983,926,676
Loss for the year	_	(192,845,311)	_	(192,845,311)
Other comprehensive income for the year	_	_	_	_
Transfer to profits reserve	_	_	_	_
Dividends paid	_	_	(38,054,808)	(38,054,808)
On-market share buy-back	(21,910,669)	_	_	(21,910,669)
Balance at 30 June 2022	786,016,364	(275,599,867)	220,699,391	731,115,888
Balance at 1 July 2022	786,016,364	(275,599,867)	220,699,391	731,115,888
Profit for the year	_	53,802,930	_	53,802,930
Other comprehensive income for the year	_	_	_	_
Transfer to profits reserve	_	(53,802,930)	53,802,930	_
Dividends paid	_	_	(32,241,139)	(32,241,139)
On-market share buy-back	(50,196,167)	_	_	(50,196,167)
Balance at 30 June 2023	735,820,197	(275,599,867)	242,261,182	702,481,512

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash flow from operating activities			
Proceeds from the sale of investments		2,023,371,830	1,247,388,744
Payments for the purchase of investments		(2,111,306,840)	(837,917,624)
Dividends received		8,574,817	6,545,394
Interest received		25,798,359	905,103
Realised foreign exchange (losses) / gains		(5,047,652)	1,319,492
Management fees paid		(10,185,982)	(13,682,730)
Performance fees paid		_	(15,809,322)
Stock loan and custody fees paid		(45,382)	(110,990)
Dividends on shorts		(2,999,431)	(2,729,007)
Insurance fees paid		(240,574)	(277,567)
Director fees paid		(277,546)	(210,000)
Interest paid		(25,181,149)	(6,278,220)
Income tax paid		(14,248,338)	(12,874,087)
Payment for other expenses		(299,678)	(46,421)
Net cash (outflows) / inflows from operating activities	21	(112,087,566)	366,222,765
Cash flow from financing activities			
Dividends paid	14	(32,241,139)	(38,054,808)
Payments for on-market share buy-back		(49,541,485)	(22,432,104)
Net cash outflows from financing activities		(81,782,624)	(60,486,912)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents held Effects of exchange rate changes on cash balances of cash held in		(193,870,190)	305,735,853
foreign currencies		(27,499,008)	(25,928,207)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		388,705,946	108,898,300
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	167,336,748	388,705,946

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2023

1. General information

The Company is a listed public company domiciled in Australia. These financial statements cover the Company as an individual entity. The financial statements were authorised for issue on 14 August 2023 by the Directors of the Company.

2. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

a) Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. The Company is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards (**AASB**). Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

Except for cash flow information, the financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The Statement of Financial Position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio may be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined at reporting date.

In accordance with ASIC Corporations (rounding in Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, the amounts in the Directors' Report and in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar unless otherwise specified.

b) Statement of Compliance

The financial statements and notes thereto comply with Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the AASB and International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

c) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – Investments

i) Classification

Assets

The Company classifies its investments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The Company's portfolio of financial assets is managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Company's investment strategy. Financial assets include equity securities held long and are classified as fair value through profit or loss.

Liabilities

The Company makes short sales (securities sold short) in which a borrowed equity security is sold in anticipation of a decline in market value of that security. Securities sold short are held for trading and are consequently classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

ii) Recognition/Derecognition

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised initially on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Any other financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the date they originated.

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financials assets expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

iii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities are measured initially at fair value, with subsequent changes in their fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. Transaction costs are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

d) Fair Value Measurement

When a financial asset is measured at fair value, the value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Assets measured at fair value are classified into 3 levels, using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

Shares that are listed or traded on an exchange are fair valued using last sale price, as at the close of business on the day the shares are being valued. If a quoted market price is not available on a recognised stock exchange, the fair value of the instruments are estimated using valuation techniques, which include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, or any other valuation techniques that provide a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

e) Income and Expenditure

Net gains / (losses) on financial assets and financial liabilities arising on a change in fair value are calculated as the difference between the fair value at year end and the fair value at the preceding valuation point.

Interest income and expenses, including interest income and expenses from non-derivative financial assets, are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as they accrue. Interest income and expenses are presented as separate items on the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

e) Income and Expenditure (continued)

Dividend income relating to exchange-traded equity instruments is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax deducted as an expense.

All expenses are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

f) Income Tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the year is the tax payable on that year's taxable income at the applicable tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and any adjustment recognised for prior years, where applicable.

Current tax liabilities / (assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to / (recovered from) the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

The Company may incur withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income will be recorded net of withholding tax in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are recoverable. Deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses are only recognised if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered, or liabilities settled. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority.

g) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, unless GST incurred is not recoverable from the ATO. In that case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included in other receivables or other payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and deposits held at call with financial institutions that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. For the Statement of Cash Flows presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents also includes amounts due to brokers, which are shown within the current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

i) Amounts due to brokers

Facilities provided by prime brokers and custodians are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management. The balance will fluctuate from being positive to negative as cash management needs arise, rather than part of its operating, investing and financing activities.

i) Profits reserve

The Company may transfer any current period or prior period accumulated profits not distributed as dividends to a dividend profits reserve. Doing so facilitates the payment of future dividends, rather than maintaining these profits within retained earnings.

k) Dividends

Dividends are recognised when declared during the financial year.

I) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables relate to outstanding settlements, interest and dividends receivable. They are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for expected credit losses when relevant.

m) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for outstanding settlements as well as services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted.

n) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

o) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

p) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements requires the Directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. The Directors continually evaluate their judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. The Directors base their judgements and estimates on historical experience and various other factors, including expectations of future events, which the Directors believe to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Income Taxes

The Company has recognised deferred tax assets of \$25,991,162 (2022: \$39,422,096) that largely relates to unrealised foreign exchange gains and unrealised losses on financial instruments of \$86,637,207 at 30 June 2023 (2022: \$131,406,987). The utilisation of tax losses depends on the ability of the Company to generate future taxable profits. The Company considers that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available to utilise those deferred tax assets.

AASB Interpretation 23 Uncertainty over income tax treatments ("AASB 23") provides clarification on how to apply recognition and measurement requirements when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. Under AASB 23, if an entity concludes that it is probable that the tax authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, the entity shall determine its accounting for income taxes consistently with that tax treatment. If an entity concludes that it is not probable that the treatment will be accepted, the entity shall reflect the effect of the uncertainty in its income tax accounting in the period in which that determination is made. An entity shall reflect the effect of uncertainty for each uncertain tax treatment by using either the most likely amount method or the expected value method, depending on which method the entity expects to best predict the resolution of the uncertainty. As at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022, there is no material uncertainty relating to any tax treatments.

q) New accounting standards and interpretations

The Company has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are mandatory for the current reporting period. These Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the Company.

r) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are presented and measured in Australian dollars, the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the functional currency).

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates applicable at the transaction date.

At reporting date, monetary items are translated at the exchange rate applicable at reporting date, and non-monetary items carried at fair value are translated at the rates applicable at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on a net basis within the disclosure 'net gains / (losses) on financial assets / liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss'.

3. Financial risk management

The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of international and Australian listed investments, deposits with banks, trade and other receivables and trade payables, and as a result financial risks include market risk (including price risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of the Company, with the Manager, has implemented a risk management framework to manage and mitigate these risks.

a) Market risk

i) Price risk

Price risk arises from investments held by the Company and classified in the Statement of Financial Position as 'financial assets / liabilities'.

The Manager seeks to manage market risk by careful selection of securities in accordance with its investment process, including formalised research, due diligence, capital allocation decision making, ongoing monitoring, financial modelling as well as managing net equity exposure levels.

The Investment Strategy provides the Company with a broad global mandate, with the majority of the Company's portfolio in international and Australian listed securities. A breakdown of the Company's overall market exposures at the financial reporting date are below:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Financial assets (securities held long)	691,874,145	681,127,336
Financial liabilities (securities sold short)	(176,773,908)	(375,450,551)
Net overall exposure	515,100,237	305,676,785

At the reporting date, had equity prices moved by +/- 10% with other variables held constant, the movement in profit before income tax would be approximately +/- \$51,510,024 (2022: \$30,567,679).

a) Market risk (continued)

ii) Foreign currency risk

The Company holds assets and performs transactions denominated in currencies other than its functional currency, the Australian dollar. As a result, it is exposed to the effects of exchange rate fluctuations, creating foreign currency risk. The Manager manages the exchange rate exposures within approved policy parameters, monitors exchange rates closely as part of its portfolio management and may hedge some or all of its exposure to foreign currency exchange risk.

	Liabilities 2023 \$ AUD	Assets 2023 \$ AUD
United States Dollar (USD)	(599,827,777)	611,100,344
Euro (EUR)	(170,333,654)	171,624,846
Great British Pound (GBP)	(54,740,956)	60,582,094
Japanese Yen (JPY)	(38,204,187)	38,538,934
Swiss Franc (CHF)	(54)	_
Hong Kong Dollars (HKD)	(21,993,627)	21,051,308
Swedish Krona (SEK)	(87)	_
	Liabilities 2022 \$ AUD	Assets 2022 \$ AUD
United States Dollar (USD)	(757,541,628)	743,929,779
Euro (EUR)	(135,934,031)	129,963,279
Great British Pound (GBP)	(3,858,218)	1,655,254
Japanese Yen (JPY)	(49,383,390)	48,360,907
Danish Krone (DKK)	(3,488,117)	3,984,330
Swiss Franc (CHF)	(64,749,478)	61,979,528
Hong Kong Dollars (HKD)	(16,706,665)	16,139,704
Canadian Dollar (CAD)	(14,610,019)	14,354,676
Swedish Krona (SEK)	(59,397)	

a) Market risk (continued)

ii) Foreign currency risk (continued)

The table below performs a sensitivity analysis of the effect on the net assets attributable to shareholders (and profit before income tax) due to a possible movement of the currency rate against the Australian dollar with all other variables held constant.

	AUD equivalent in exposure by currency	Change in variable	Profit / (loss) before income tax attributable to shareholders
Currency	2023 \$	+/-%	2023 \$
Currency	Ψ	. 7 - 70	Ψ
USD Impact	11,272,567	5%/(5%)	563,628 / (563,628)
EUR Impact	1,291,192	5%/(5%)	64,560 / (64,560)
GBP Impact	5,841,138	5%/(5%)	292,057 / (292,057)
JPY Impact	334,747	5%/(5%)	16,737 / (16,737)
CHF Impact	(54)	5%/(5%)	(3) / 3
HKD Impact	(942,319)	5%/(5%)	(47,116) / 47,116
SEK Impact	(87)	5%/(5%)	(4) / 4
	AUD equivalent in	Change in variable	Profit / (loss) before income
	exposure by currency	variable	tax attributable to shareholders
Currency	2022	+ / - %	
Currency	2022		shareholders 2022
Currency USD Impact	2022		shareholders 2022
	2022	+/-%	shareholders 2022 \$
USD Impact	2022 \$ (13,611,849)	+ / - % 5%/(5%)	shareholders 2022 \$ (680,593) / 680,593
USD Impact	2022 \$ (13,611,849) (5,970,752)	+ / - % 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%)	shareholders 2022 \$ (680,593) / 680,593 (298,538) / 298,538
USD Impact EUR Impact GBP Impact	2022 \$ (13,611,849) (5,970,752) (2,202,964)	+ / - % 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%)	shareholders 2022 \$ (680,593) / 680,593 (298,538) / 298,538 (110,148) / 110,148
USD Impact EUR Impact GBP Impact JPY Impact	2022 \$ (13,611,849) (5,970,752) (2,202,964) (1,022,483)	+ / - % 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%)	shareholders 2022 \$ (680,593) / 680,593 (298,538) / 298,538 (110,148) / 110,148 (51,124) / 51,124
USD Impact EUR Impact GBP Impact JPY Impact DKK Impact	2022 \$ (13,611,849) (5,970,752) (2,202,964) (1,022,483) 496,213	+ / - % 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%)	shareholders 2022 \$ (680,593) / 680,593 (298,538) / 298,538 (110,148) / 110,148 (51,124) / 51,124 24,811 / (24,811)
USD Impact EUR Impact GBP Impact JPY Impact DKK Impact CHF Impact	2022 \$ (13,611,849) (5,970,752) (2,202,964) (1,022,483) 496,213 (2,769,950)	+ / - % 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%) 5%/(5%)	shareholders 2022 \$ (680,593) / 680,593 (298,538) / 298,538 (110,148) / 110,148 (51,124) / 51,124 24,811 / (24,811) (138,497) / 138,497

iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the possibility the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The majority of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest-bearing. Any interest-bearing financial assets and financial liabilities either mature or reprice in the short term. As a result, the Company is subject to limited exposure to fluctuations in market interest rates which would create interest rate risk. The Company also holds substantial cash positions which are directly affected by interest rate movements.

a) Market risk (continued)

iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (continued)

The table below summarises the Company's exposure to interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period.

2023	Floating \$	Fixed \$	Total \$
Cash and cash equivalents	169,977,900	_	169,977,900
Amounts due to brokers	(2,641,152)	_	(2,641,152)
Total	167,336,748	-	167,336,748
2022	Floating \$	Fixed \$	Total \$
Cash and cash equivalents	389,214,436	_	389,214,436
Amounts due to brokers	(508,490)	_	(508,490)
Total	388,705,946	_	388,705,946

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the Company's exposure to interest rates at the reporting date and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting year, in the case of instruments that have floating interest rates.

The following table illustrates the effect on interest from possible changes in interest rates that were reasonably possible based on the risk the Company was exposed to at reporting date and are based on best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in interest rates. However, actual movements in the interest rate may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including market movements resulting from changes in performance and/or correlation between the performances of economies and markets in which the Company invests. As a result, historic variations in these risk variables should not be used to predict future variances in interest rates.

	2023		20:	22
	Change in variable rate + / - %	Effect on profit or loss \$	Change in variable rate + / - %	Effect on profit or loss \$
		1,673,367 /		3,887,059 /
Interest rate risk	1.00% / (1.00%)	(1,673,367)	1.00% / (1.00%)	(3,887,059)

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the counterparty (bank and prime broker) by failing to discharge an obligation.

The Manager has adopted a policy of only dealing with what it assesses to be creditworthy counterparties, conducting due diligence of all new counterparties, monitoring the creditworthiness and ratings of counterparties on an ongoing basis and obtaining sufficient collateral or other security (where appropriate), as a means of mitigating the financial risk of financial loss from default. The Manager is satisfied that the counterparties are of sufficient quality and diversity to minimise any individual counterparty risk. Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is not considered to be a significant risk to the Company as the majority of cash is held with major Australian banks and their 100% owned banking subsidiaries, being institutions that have a Standard & Poor's A-1+ rating (2022: Standard & Poor's A-1+ rating).

b) Credit risk (continued)

The maximum exposure to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying amount and classification of those financial assets as presented in the Statement of Financial Position, including the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, financial assets (securities held long) that may have been collateralised against borrowed stock and are held under a custody arrangement, and trade and other receivables.

Under the arrangements which the Company has entered into to facilitate stock borrowing for covered short selling, borrowed stock is collateralised by the long stock portfolio. If the stock borrowing counterparty became insolvent, it is possible that the Company may not recover all of the collateral that the Company gave to the counterparty.

None of the assets exposed to credit risk are overdue or considered to be impaired (2022: nil).

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Manager has agreed to pay all of the Company's operating expenses except for director fees and all premiums payable for directors and officers insurance. The Manager maintains the Company's unencumbered cash balances at sufficient levels to ensure that the Company can meet these expense outgoings as and when they fall due. Further, the Manager closely manages and monitors the allocation of the Company's investment assets between cash, the purchase of securities and the settlement of short positions in accordance with its investment process, as well as tax thereon to be paid to the ATO.

The assets of the Company are predominantly in the form of readily tradeable securities which can be sold on-market if necessary.

The tables below summarise the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Less than

More than

Less than

At 30 June 2023	1 month	3 months	3 months	Total \$
Financial liabilities	•	Ψ	<u> </u>	•
Amounts due to brokers Financial liabilities at fair value	2,641,152	-	_	2,641,152
through profit or loss	176,773,908	_	_	176,773,908
Trade and other payables	10,667,680	_	_	10,667,680
Current tax liabilities	_	_	53,231	53,231
Total financial liabilities	190,082,740	_	53,231	190,135,971
At 30 June 2022	Less than 1 month \$	Less than 3 months \$	More than 3 months	Total \$
Financial liabilities				
Amounts due to brokers Financial liabilities at fair value	508,490	_	_	508,490
through profit or loss	375,450,551	_	_	375,450,551
Trade and other payables	1,919,911	_	_	1,919,911
Current tax liabilities	_	_	6,944,512	6,944,512
Total financial liabilities	377.878.952	_	6.944.512	384.823.464

4. Fair value measurements

The Company measures and recognises its investments as financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information using a fair value hierarchy reflecting the significance of the inputs in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy consists of the following levels:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level
 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at the reporting date. The carrying amounts of all financial instruments are reasonable approximations of the respective instrument's fair value.

At 30 June 2023	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Financial assets (securities held long)	689,347,576	2,526,569	_	691,874,145
Financial liabilities (securities sold short)	(176,773,908)	_	_	(176,773,908)
At 30 June 2022	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Financial assets (securities held long)	678,674,006	2,453,330	_	681,127,336
Financial liabilities (securities sold short)	(375,347,316)	(103,235)	_	(375,450,551)

Transfers between levels

The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between levels for recurring fair value measurements during the year.

5. Income tax

	2023 \$	2022 \$
a) Income tax recognised in profit or loss		
Current tax (expense)	(7,357,058)	(7,194,485
Deferred tax (expense) / credit	(13,537,511)	91,682,928
Total income tax (expense) / credit in profit or loss	(20,894,569)	84,488,443
Total income tax (expense) / credit results from:		
Current tax (liabilities)	(7,357,058)	(7,194,485
Deferred tax assets	(13,430,934)	38,563,920
Deferred tax liabilities	(106,577)	53,119,008
Income tax (expense) / credit	(20,894,569)	84,488,443
b) Income tax recognised in profit or loss		
Profit / (loss) before income tax	74,697,499	(277,333,754
Tax at the Australian corporate tax rate of 30%	(22,409,250)	83,200,126
Foreign income tax offset gross up	(634,098)	(552,136
Franking credits / foreign income tax offset utilisation	2,158,055	1,840,453
Franking credits / loreign income tax onset dillisation		
-	(9,276)	_
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss	(9,276) (20,894,569)	84,488,443
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(20,894,569)	84,488,443 2022
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss	(20,894,569)	
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities	(20,894,569)	2022
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities	(20,894,569)	2022
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities a) Deferred tax assets Unrealised losses on financial instruments	(20,894,569) 2023 \$	2022 \$ 38,972,258
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities a) Deferred tax assets Unrealised losses on financial instruments	(20,894,569) 2023 \$ 17,291,621	2022
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities a) Deferred tax assets Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange losses	(20,894,569) 2023 \$ 17,291,621 8,699,541	2022 \$ 38,972,258 449,838
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities a) Deferred tax assets Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange losses Closing balance Movement in deferred tax assets:	(20,894,569) 2023 \$ 17,291,621 8,699,541	2022 \$ 38,972,258 449,838 39,422,096
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities a) Deferred tax assets Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange losses Closing balance Movement in deferred tax assets: Opening balance	2023 \$ 17,291,621 8,699,541 25,991,162	38,972,258 449,838 39,422,096
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities a) Deferred tax assets Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange losses Closing balance Movement in deferred tax assets: Opening balance Unrealised losses on financial instruments	2023 \$ 17,291,621 8,699,541 25,991,162 39,422,096	2022 \$ 38,972,258 449,838 39,422,096 858,176 38,972,258
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities a) Deferred tax assets Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange losses Closing balance Movement in deferred tax assets: Opening balance Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange (gains) / losses	2023 \$ 17,291,621 8,699,541 25,991,162 39,422,096 8,249,703	2022 \$ 38,972,258 449,838 39,422,096 858,176 38,972,258 449,838
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities a) Deferred tax assets Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange losses Closing balance	2023 \$ 17,291,621 8,699,541 25,991,162 39,422,096 8,249,703	2022 \$ 38,972,258 449,838
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities a) Deferred tax assets Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange losses Closing balance Movement in deferred tax assets: Opening balance Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange (gains) / losses Share issue costs	2023 \$ 17,291,621 8,699,541 25,991,162 39,422,096 8,249,703 (21,680,637)	2022 \$ 38,972,258 449,838 39,422,096 858,176 38,972,258 449,838 (858,176
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Income tax (expense) / credit recognised in profit or loss 6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities a) Deferred tax assets Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange losses Closing balance Movement in deferred tax assets: Opening balance Unrealised losses on financial instruments Unrealised foreign exchange (gains) / losses Share issue costs Closing balance	2023 \$ 17,291,621 8,699,541 25,991,162 39,422,096 8,249,703 (21,680,637)	2022 \$ 38,972,258 449,838 39,422,096 858,176 38,972,258 449,838 (858,176

6. Deferred tax assets / liabilities (continued)

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Movement in deferred tax liabilities:		
Opening balance	4,180	53,123,189
Unrealised foreign exchange gains	-,	(7,327,560)
Dividends receivable	106,577	4,180
Unrealised gains on financial instruments	_	(45,795,629)
Closing balance	110,757	4,180
7. Cash and cash equivalents		
	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	169,977,900	389,214,436
Amounts due to brokers*	(2,641,152)	(508,490)
Total	167,336,748	388,705,946
* Refer to note 2 i) for additional information.		
	2023 \$	2022 \$
Dividends receivable	369,929	13,935
GST receivable	64,316	63,812
Unsettled trades	2,040,560	5,144,030
Interest receivable	2,410,228	296,469
Other receivables	_	661,418
Total	4,885,033	6,179,664
9. Financial assets and liabilities at fair value the	nrough profit or loss	
	2023 \$	2022 \$
Financial assets:		
Listed investments held long at fair value	689,347,576	678,674,006
Unlisted investments held long at fair value	2,526,569	2,453,330
Financial liabilities:		
Listed positions sold short at fair value	(176,773,908)	(375,347,316)

Derivative financial instruments

(103, 235)

10. Trade and other payables

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Management fees payable	931,589	961,866
Payable for investments purchased	6,852,141	_
Other payables	2,883,950	958,045
Total	10,667,680	1,919,911

11. Issued capital

	Number of	
	Shares	\$_
Opening balance as at 1 July 2021	384,855,278	807,927,033
On-market share buy-back	(11,790,399)	(21,910,669)
Closing balance as at 30 June 2022	373,064,879	786,016,364
Opening balance as at 1 July 2022	373,064,879	786,016,364
On-market share buy-back	(33,344,435)	(50,196,167)
Closing balance as at 30 June 2023	339,720,444	735,820,197

On-market share buy-back program

On 3 August 2022, the Company announced the extension of the on-market share buy-back for a further period of up to 12 months.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company bought back 33,344,435 shares at a cost of \$50,196,167 (excluding brokerage) (2022: 11,790,399 shares bought back at a cost of \$21,910,669 (excluding brokerage)).

Subsequent to the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company announced the renewal of the on-market share buy-back for an additional 12 months commencing 17 August 2023.

Capital risk management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor and market confidence. The overall strategy remains unchanged. To achieve this, the Board of Directors monitor the monthly NTA results, investment performance and share price movements.

The Board is focused on maximising returns to shareholders with capital management a key objective of the Company. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

12. Accumulated losses

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Opening balance	(275,599,867)	(82,754,556)
Transfer to profits reserve	(53,802,930)	_
Profit / (loss) for the year	53,802,930	(192,845,311)
Closing balance	(275,599,867)	(275,599,867)

13. Profits reserve

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Opening balance	220,699,391	258,754,199
Transfer from accumulated losses	53,802,930	_
Dividends paid (see Note 14)	(32,241,139)	(38,054,808)
Closing balance	242,261,182	220,699,391

The profits reserve is made up of amounts transferred from current year profits and retained earnings and are preserved for future dividend payments. The Company may set aside some or all of the undistributed profits to the profits reserve for payments of dividends rather than maintaining these profits within retained earnings/accumulated losses.

Dividends are paid out of the profits reserve. Subsequent to the year ended 30 June 2023, the Directors have determined to pay a fully franked dividend at a 30% tax rate of 5.0 cents per share, payable on 25 September 2023. This has not been recognised in the Statement of Financial Position. The balance in the profits reserve after providing for the 2023 final dividend is \$225,490,191 (or 67.2 cents per share, based on the current shares on issue).

14. Dividends

a) Ordinary dividends declared or paid during the year

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Fully franked dividends at 30% paid during the period:		
2021 final dividend: 5.5 cents per share, paid 29 September 2021	_	20,934,371
2022 interim dividend: 4.5 cents per share, paid 19 April 2022	_	17,120,437
2022 final dividend: 4.5 cents per share, paid 28 September 2022	16,564,663	_
2023 interim dividend: 4.5 cents per share, paid 29 March 2023	15,676,476	
Total	32,241,139	38,054,808

The Company's DRP was operative for these dividends.

Subsequent to the year ended 30 June 2023, the Directors have determined to pay a fully franked dividend at a 30% tax rate of 5.0 cents per share, payable on 25 September 2023. This has not been recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.

b) Dividend franking account

	2023 Franking credits	2022 Franking credits
Balance of franking account at year end	7,599,919	5,275,870
Adjusted for franking credits arising from estimated income tax payable	53,231	6,944,512
Franking credits available for use in subsequent periods	7,653,150	12,220,382
Subsequent to the reporting period, the franking account would be reduced by the proposed dividend disclosed in Note 20*	(7,187,568)	(5,216,961)
	465,582	7,003,421

^{*} Pending additional buy-backs subsequent to the release of the Annual Report.

14. Dividends (continued)

b) Dividend franking account (continued)

The Company's ability to pay franked dividends is dependent upon the receipt of franked dividends from investments and the payment of tax. The dividend determined by the Directors on 25 September 2023 will be franked out of existing franking credits and/or out of franking credits arising from the payment of income tax.

15. Key management personnel disclosures

a) Independent Directors' Remuneration

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Short-term employment benefits	253,392	190,909
Post-employment benefits	26,608	19,091
Total	280,000	210,000

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the remuneration report on page 12.

b) Ordinary shares held

Refer to Remuneration Report 'equity instrument disclosures relating to directors' (page 13) for further details.

16. Related party transactions

All transactions with related entities are made on normal commercial terms and conditions.

Costs paid by the Manager

The Investment Manager continues to show strong alignment and support to the Company and its shareholders by paying the majority of operating costs incurred by the Company. The Manager paid for circa \$525,000 of operating expenses this financial year (2022: \$678,000¹) which include ASX and ASIC fees, audit costs, legal and tax advice costs and any fees charged by the Company's Fund Administrator.

Management fee

The Manager is entitled to be paid a management fee equal to 1.5% per annum (plus GST) of the value of the Company's portfolio calculated on the last business day of each calendar month and paid monthly in arrears. As at 30 June 2023, the balance payable to the Manager was \$931,589 including GST (2022: \$961,866) (refer to Note 10). The management fees disclosed in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income is net of GST and Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC).

Performance fee

The Manager is entitled to be paid a performance fee semi-annually in arrears, equal to 15% (plus GST) of the Portfolio's outperformance (if any) over each prior semi-annual performance calculation period, subject to a high water mark mechanism.

The high water mark is the net asset value of the portfolio before all taxes calculated on the last date of the performance calculation period to which the Manager was last entitled to be paid a performance fee.

The Manager did not earn a performance fee during the year ended 30 June 2023 (2022: nil).

¹ 'For the year ended 30 June 2022, the Manager paid for circa \$267,000 of non-recurring strategic review and advisory costs, totalling \$945,000 paid by the Manager on behalf of the Company in the 30 June 2022 year end period.

17. Remuneration of Auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the Auditor of the Company, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
		·
Audit and review of financial statements	65,000	53,000
Taxation services	18,000	16,457
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	83,000	69,457

The Company's audit and other assurance service fees are being paid by the Manager under the Investment Management Agreement.

18. Contingencies and commitments

The Company had no material contingent liabilities or capital commitments as at 30 June 2023 (2022: nil).

19. Segment Information

The Company only has one reportable segment. The Company operates in Australia and is engaged in investment activities, deriving revenue from dividend and distribution income, interest income and returns on its investment portfolio.

20. Events occurring after the reporting year

Since the end of the year, the Directors determined to pay a fully franked final dividend of 5.0 cents per share to be paid on 25 September 2023.

The Company is not aware of any other matter or circumstance since the end of the financial year not otherwise dealt with in this report, that has, or may, significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial periods.

21. Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash outflow from operating activities

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Profit / (loss) after income tax	53,802,930	(192,845,311)
Fair value movements in financial assets and liabilities	201,099,390	308,484,015
Changes in assets / liabilities:		
Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	639,949	(4,305,338)
(Increase) / decrease in investments	(383,023,834)	369,338,492
Decrease / (increase) in deferred tax assets	13,430,934	(38,563,920)
Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	8,747,769	(17,179,007)
Increase / (decrease) in deferred tax liabilities	106,577	(53,119,009)
(Decrease) in current tax liability	(6,891,281)	(5,587,157)
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from operating activities	(112,087,566)	366,222,765

22. Earnings per share

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Profit / (loss) after income tax used in the calculation of basic and diluted		
earnings per share	53,802,930	(192,845,311)
Basic and diluted earnings / (loss) per share	15.13 cents	(50.72) cents
	2023 Number of Shares	2022 Number of Shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period used in calculating basic and diluted earnings / (loss) per share	355,525,453	380,189,381

There are no outstanding securities that are potentially dilutive in nature for the Company at the end of the year.

Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited (the Company), the Directors of the Company declare that:

- a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 17 to 37 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
 - i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - ii) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended 30 June 2023;
- b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- c) Note 2(b) to the financial statements confirms compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards; and
- d) the Directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

David F Jones AM Chairman

Sydney

14 August 2023



Pitcher Partners Sydney Partnership

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Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited ABN 91 619 660 721

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited ("the Company"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year ended then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001.*

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities* for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the Directors of the Company, would be on the same terms if given to the Directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.





Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the matter

Existence, Completeness and Valuation of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Refer to Note 4 and 9: Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

We focused our audit effort on the existence, completeness and valuation of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities as they are the most significant driver of the Company's Net Tangible Assets and profits.

The majority of the Company's investments are considered to be non-complex in nature with fair value based on readily observable data from the ASX or other observable markets. Consequently, these investments are classified under Australian Accounting Standards as either "Level 1" (i.e. where the valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets) or "Level 2" (i.e. where key inputs to valuation are based on other observable inputs).

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- Obtaining an understanding of and evaluating the design and implementation of the investment management processes and controls;
- Reviewing and evaluating the independent auditors' reports on internal controls (ASAE 3402 Assurance Reports on Controls at a Service Organisation) for the Custodians. Additionally, making enquiries of and obtaining a bridging letter from the Custodians as to whether there have been any changes to these controls or their effectiveness;
- Reviewing and evaluating the independent auditors' report on internal controls (ASAE 3402 Assurance Report on Controls at a Service Organisation) for the Administrator. Additionally, making enquiries of and obtaining a bridging letter from the Administrator as to whether there have been any changes to these controls or their effectiveness.
- Obtaining confirmation of the investment holdings directly from the Custodians;
- Recalculating and assessing the Company's valuation of individual investment holdings to independent pricing sources;
- Evaluating the accounting treatment of revaluations of financial assets and financial liabilities for current/deferred tax and unrealised gains or losses; and
- Assessing the adequacy of disclosures in the financial statements.



Key Audit Matters (continued)

Accuracy of Management Fees and Performance Fees Refer to Note 10: Trade and other payables, Note 16: Related party transactions

We focused our audit effort on the accuracy of calculating the management fees and performance fees as they are significant expenses of the Company and their calculation may require adjustments for major events such as payment of company dividends and taxes, capital raisings and capital reductions in accordance with the **Investment Management Agreement** between the Company and the Investment Manager. Key inputs include portfolio composition and valuation and high watermark mechanism in accordance with the Investment Management Agreement between the Company and the Investment Manager.

In addition, to their quantum, as these transactions are made with related parties, there are additional inherent risks associated with these transactions, including the potential for these transactions to be made on terms and conditions more favourable than if they had been with an independent third-party.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- Obtaining an understanding of and evaluating the design and implementation of controls for calculating the management and performance fees;
- Making enquiries with the Investment Manager and those charged with governance with respect to any significant events during the year and associated adjustments made as a result, in addition to reviewing ASX announcements and Board meeting minutes;
- Testing of adjustments for major events such as dividends paid, tax payments, capital raisings, capital reductions as well as any other relevant expenses used in the calculation of management and performance fees;
- Testing of key inputs such as portfolio composition and valuation, set percentage used in the calculation of management and performance fees, as well as performing a recalculation in accordance with our understanding of the Investment Management Agreement; and
- Assessing the adequacy of disclosures made in the financial statements.

Other Information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2023, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (continued)

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 12 to 14 of the Directors' Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2023. In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited, for the financial year ended 30 June 2023, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

C I Chandran Partner

14 August 2023

Pitcher Partners Sydney

Investment Portfolio

As at 30 June 2023

Financial assets (securities held long) as at 30 June 2023 (in alphabetical order):

Company name	Code
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	9988 HK
Amazon.com Inc	AMZN US
ANGI Inc - Com CL A New	ANGI US
AUTO1 Group SE	AG1 GY
CME Group Inc.	CME US
Daifuku Co. Ltd.	6383 JP
Deutsche Boerse AG	DB1 GY
DSM-Firmenich AG	DSFIR NA
Entain Plc	ENT LN
GE HealthCare Technologies Inc.	GEHC US
IAC Inc.	IAC US
L3Harris Technologies Inc.	LHX US
La Française des Jeux SA	FDJ FP
London Stock Exchange Group plc	LSEG LN
Pinterest Inc - Class A	PINS US
Rheinmetall AG	RHM GY
Schlumberger NV	SLB US
Shimadzu Corporation	7701 JP
Spotify Technology SA	SPOT US
Teck Resources Limited	TECK CN
Vimeo Inc.	VMEO US
The Walt Disney Company	DIS US
Agricultural Investment Trust	N/A

Short positions are not disclosed.

Shareholder Information

The Shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 31 July 2023.

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report, is listed below.

a) Substantial Holders

The following parties have notified the Company that they have a substantial relevant interest in the ordinary shares of VGI Partners Global Investments Limited in accordance with section 671B of the *Corporations Act* 2001:

Name	Ordinary	y shares
	Number held	% of total shares issued*
1607 Capital Partners LLC	24,666,861	6.06
Saba Capital Management GP, LLC	17,277,444	5.02

^{*} Based on the last substantial shareholder notices lodged.

b) Voting Rights

Each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each Shareholder present at a meeting or by proxy has one vote on a show of hands.

c) Stock Exchange Listing

Quotation has been granted for all of the ordinary shares of the Company on all Member Exchanges of the ASX Limited.

d) Unquoted Securities

There are no unquoted shares.

e) Distribution of equity securities

Analysis of numbers of equity security holders by size of holding:

	Ordinary shares		
	No of		Percentage
Holding	Shareholders	Shares	(%)
1 - 1,000	353	129,664	0.04
1,001 - 5,000	923	3,084,241	0.92
5,001 - 10,000	1,040	8,192,267	2.43
10,001 - 100,000	2,975	89,840,094	26.70
100,001 and over	277	235,236,446	69.91
Total	5,568	336,482,712	100.00

There were 176 holders of less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares.

f) Equity security holders

Twenty largest quoted equity security holders as at 31 July 2023:

Name	Ordinary shares Number held	Percentage of issued shares (%)
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	50,865,432	15.117
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	33,550,029	9.971
National Nominees Limited	16,895,262	5.021
BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd Barclays - DRP A/C	14,028,147	4.169
Luciano Family Group Investments Pty Ltd	11,978,716	3.560
Netwealth Investments Limited - Wrap Services A/C	10,340,451	3.073
BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd HUB24 Custodial Serv Ltd - DRP A/C	8,817,569	2.621
Regal Partners Limited	8,516,773	2.531
BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd - Ib Au Noms Retailclient DRP	7,637,060	2.270
Navigator Australia Ltd - MLC Investment Sett A/C	4,340,075	1.290
Buttonwood Nominees Pty Ltd	3,719,432	1.105
UBS Nominees Pty Ltd	3,388,332	1.007
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited - DPSL A/C	2,576,029	0.766
Netwealth Investments Limited - Super Services A/C	1,956,447	0.581
Morgcam Pty Ltd	1,601,236	0.476
Liangrove Group Pty Ltd	1,236,553	0.367
Neweconomy Com Au Nominees Pty Limited - 900 Account	1,164,258	0.346
Halcycon Pty Ltd	1,092,210	0.325
Mark Hall Pty Ltd	1,051,800	0.313
BNP Paribas Noms Pty Ltd <drp></drp>	946,030	0.281
	185,701,841	55.190

g) Securities Subject to Voluntary Escrow / Reinvestment Agreement

Robert Luciano, Douglas Tynan and Robert Poiner have entered into a Reinvestment Agreement with Regal Partners Limited and VG1, pursuant to which was agreed, to the maximum extent permitted by law, to reinvest, from the dividends received from Regal Partners Limited, their "look through" after tax share of any performance fees received by Regal Partners Limited from managing the VG1 portfolio into fully paid ordinary shares in VG1.

Corporate Directory

Board of Directors

David F Jones AM – Chairman Noel J J Whittaker AM Lawrence Myers Adelaide H McDonald

Company Secretary

Ian Cameron

Investor Relations

Ingrid L Groer

T: 1800 571 917 (inside Australia)
T: +61 2 9237 8923 (outside Australia)
E: investorrelations@regalpartners.com

Investment Manager

Regal Partners Limited ABN 33 129 188 450

Registered Office

39 Phillip Street Sydney NSW 2000

Website

www.vgipartners.com/lics/vg1

Share Registrar

Boardroom Pty Limited Level 8, 210 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

T: 1300 737 760 (inside Australia)
T: + 61 2 9290 9600 (outside Australia)
E: enquiries@boardroomlimited.com.au

For enquiries relating to shareholdings, dividends (including participation in the dividend reinvestment plan) and related matters, please contact the share registrar.

Auditor

Pitcher Partners Level 16, Tower 2, Darling Park 201 Sussex St Sydney NSW 2000 T: + 61 2 9221 2099

Prime Brokers and Custodians

Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC 1585 Broadway, 6th Floor New York, NY 10036, United States of America

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC 200 West Street, 29th Floor New York, NY 10282, United States of America

BNP Paribas 10 Harewood Avenue London, NW1 6AA, United Kingdom

ASX Code

VG1

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