The new CLMS layer focused on endangered species and habitats

Natura 2000 Protected Areas

OBJECTIVES

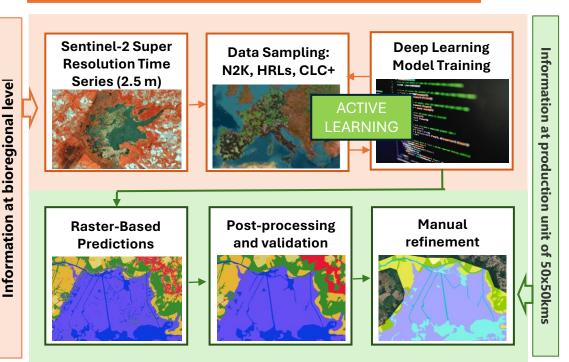
More than 700000 km²
24298 Natura 2000 terrestrial sites

RESULTS

LULC L4 59 classes vector file
 2 5m spatial resolution raster

Create LULC status layers for Protected Areas for the reference years 2021 and 2024, as well as a LULC change layer for the period 2021–2024, using an automated remote sensing and Al-based workflow.





L1_fiction Class L2_fiction C

INNOVATION HIGHLIGHTS

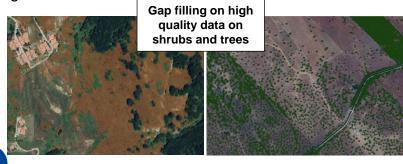
Semiautomatic approach:

- Advanced data sampling on CLMS relevant layers coupled with Active Learning techniques to refine training data.
- Deep Learning models fed with temporal series (monthly mosaics) of Sentinel-2 super-resolved imagery (S2SR).
- Enhanced accuracy of complex LULC classes (e.g. shrublands)
- Regionalization modeling at European scale.

Added-value **post-processing steps**:

- Confidence layer retrieval: use of probabilities for assessing uncertainties within automatic results using expert criteria.
- Automatic editing of linear elements (EU-Hydro, OSM, etc.).
- LULC-like vector product via advanced generalization of vector features using FME.

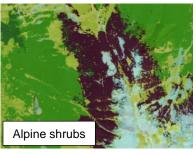


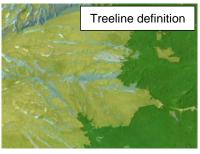


USER-DRIVEN APPROACH

Protected Areas is a versatile, multi-source service, adaptable to end-user needs through of 4 key points:

- Reproducibilty across spacio-temporal scales.
- Fast and direct updates based on S2SR time series.
- Adaptable to different legends and data models
- Comparability and complementarity with CLMS and national-regional LULC and vegetation products.





Protected Areas will serve as a backbone of applications development related, among others, to new protocols for biodiversity sampling, habitat mapping and monitoring for Habitats Directive (Natura 2000) and other European policies (e.g. LULUCF, Nature Restoration Law) following homogeneous approaches across Europe, and fostering collaboration with scientific research and management.







