Go Big or Go Home!

The Long-Term Trend of Consolidation and Privatization Reducing the U.S. Listed Company Universe

November 20, 2025



2025 Continued the Trend of Consolidations and Privatizations

U.S. Listed Eastern Pacific Privatizes CoolCo Deal Value \$1.805 Billion CMB Acquired Golden Ocean Deal Value \$2.361 Billion Non-U.S. Listed

AP Moller <u>Privatizes</u> Svitzer

Deal Value \$1.8 Billion

EnTrust <u>Privatizes</u> Belships

Deal Value \$889 Million

And, More to Come...?

KNOT Makes an Offer to Privatize KNOP

2 Hafnia Buys a Major Stake in TORM

A Bit of a History Lesson

Shipping sector is "new" to the U.S. public markets

	Only a Handful of U.S. Listed Public Companies Prior to 2001:
1	OSG Went Public in 1970; Acquired by Saltchuk in 2024
2	Kirby Corp Went Public in 1976
3	Sealand Went Public in 1984; Sold to Maersk in 1999
4	OMI Went Public in 1984; Sold to TK and TORM in 2007
5	TK Went Public in 1995
6	Nordic American Tankers Went Public in 1995
7	Knightsbridge Went Public in 1997; Acquired by Golden Ocean in 2015
8	Frontline Went Public in 1989; U.S. listed in 2001

China's Entrance to the WTO Sparked a Wave of U.S. Listings...

Strong domestic growth and high valuations drove investor demand

~50 Shipping Companies Went Public Between 2000 - 2010

Tankers / Gas Containers Dry Bulk FRONTLINE 1 Seaspan 1 DIANA SHIPPING INC. 2 Golar LNG 2 COSTAMARE INC. 3 STAR BULK 4 CCCRPIO 4 CGLOBAL SHIP LEASE



...Along with MLPs and Other Sister Companies

Master Limited Partnerships									
Sponsor	MLP	Year Founded							
	TEKAY LNG PARTNERS L.P.	2005							
	TEEKAY OFFSHORE PARTNERS	2006							
CAPITAL MARITIME & TRADING CORP	CAPITAL PRODUCT PARTNERS L.F.	2007							
Navios Maritime Holdings Inc.	Navios Maritime Partners L.P.	2007							
OSG Overseas Shipholding Group, Inc.	OSG (America)	2007							
Golar LNG	Golar LNG Partners LP	2011							
KNOT Knulsen NYK Olfshore Tankers	KNOT Offshore Partners LP	2013							
DYNAGAS LTD.	DYNAGAS LNG Partners LP	2013							
GASLOG	CASIOC								
MH HÖEGH LNG	HÖEGH LNG PARTNERS LP	2014							
Navios Maritime Holdings Inc.	Navios Maritime Midstream Partners L.P.	2014							

Sister Companies									
Company	Associated Company	Year Founded							
FRONTLINE	SFL	2003							
FRONŢLINE	GOLDEN OCEAN"	2004							
Overseas Shipholding Group, Inc.		2005							
	TEEKAY TANKERS LTD.	2007							
Navios	Navios Maritime Acquisition Corporation	2008							
©	B	2009							
DIANA SHIPPING INC.	DIANA CONTAINERSHIPS INC.	2010							
Paragon Shipping Inc. Always at the Helm	Box Ships Inc. Aming for Excellence	2010							
ECORPIO	GCGRPIO Bulkers Inc.	2013							
	TANKER INVESTMENTS LTD.	2014							

By 2015 there were 60+ public shipping companies with a market capitalization over \$300mm



The Great Unwind

1 Institutional investor interest wanes with declining cash flows and share prices

Valuations come under pressure, particularly for smaller shipping companies and MLPs that cannot maintain distributions

A dearth of U.S. IPOs between 2015 to current, evident by there only being two IPOs:

- > Euronav in 2015
- > ZIM in 2021

Norway becomes the key "growth market" for IPOs with several high-quality companies going public, some of which took on US listings

> FLEX LNG, Hafnia and Okeanis



3

Why the Market is Cheering Consolidation

1 Investor preference for larger companies with scale benefits

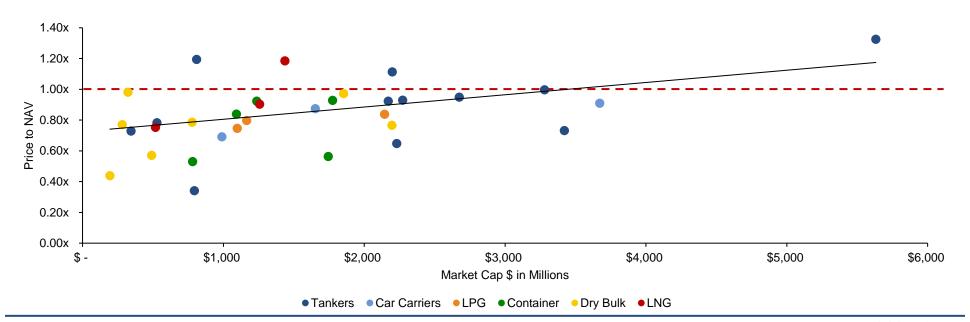
2 Synergies

3 Enhanced liquidity with higher market capitalization

4 More equity research coverage and Wall Street support

Improved capital markets access through the cycle

Increased Scale Leads to Improved Valuation¹



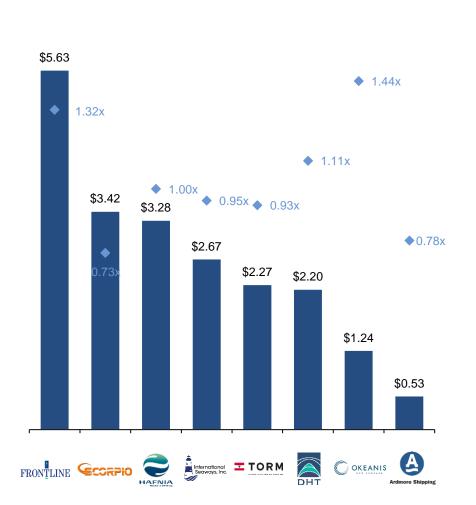


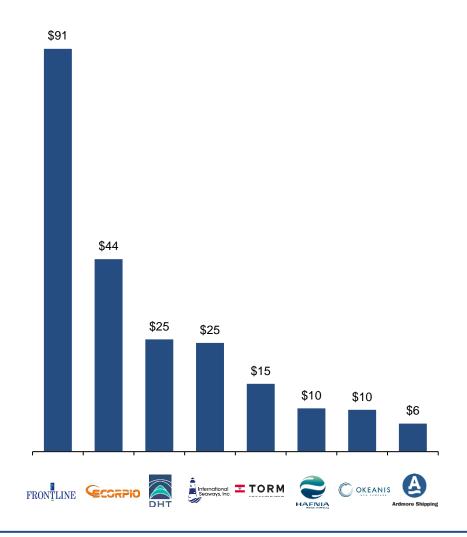
Tankers: Greater Scale, Liquidity and Enhanced Volumes

Market Capitalization (\$ in Billions)

30 Day Average Trading Volume (\$ in Millions)

P / NAV¹: ◆





Key Rationales for the Privatization Trend

Low valuations making currency less valuable for owners, employees and for M&A

2 High public company costs that reduce margins and returns

Can manage and build a business better for long-term as a private company with flexibility to invest opportunistically and counter cyclically

Pressure to "over-distribute" capital to shareholders to maintain NAV

Lack of interest by institutional shareholders

Since 2020, Privatizations of Many Prominent Shipping Companies

Company	Acquirer	Announce Date	Transaction Value (\$mm)	Sector	Rationale
CoolCo	Eastern Pacific Shipping	2025	\$1,805	LNG	Expand LNG shipping footprint
OSG	Saltchuk	2024	\$950	Jones Act	Undervalued platform with cash flow visibility
Navios Maritime Holdings	Angeliki Frangou	2023	\$664	Dry Bulk	Controller buyout & simplification
GasLog Partners	GasLog Ltd	2023	\$1,522	LNG	Sponsor consolidation & simplification
Seaspan	Fairfrax / ONE / Washington Family	2023	\$4,389	Containers	Take-private for strategic flexibility
Hoegh LNG Partners	Hoegh LNG	2022	\$774	FSRU	Sponsor consolidation & simplification
Teekay LNG Partners	Stonepeak	2021	\$6,179	LNG	Undervalued platform with long- term charters
GasLog	BlackRock / Peter Livanos	2021	\$4,858	LNG	Strategic flexibility as private company



Impediments to More Privatizations

Sponsor values the visibility and prestige of being publicly listed

Public equity provides ongoing access to liquidity and valuation upside through share issuance or sale during favorable market windows

Public status enables a wider range of financing alternatives

Family planning and perpetuity of a business

Financial sponsors remain cautious toward maritime sectors lacking contracted cash flows or stable earnings visibility

