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Page: 6

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## Cities do not invest on infrastructure

## STAFF REPORTER

SOUTH Africa's leading municipalities have spent more on labour costs than on infrastructure over the past 10 years, a move that should be a cause for concern as it is not sustainable and will thwart developments of the major cities.

This is the warning from local government think tank South African Cit-

emment think tank south African Cit-ies Network (SACN) in its new report. The 166-page report looks at the performance of the nine major cities, among them Cape Town, Johannes-burg, Durban and Pietermaritzburg, It formed part of a panel discussion in the activities marking SACN's 20 year celebrations last week.

Titled "State of City Finances", the report detailed and analysed municipal finances over two local government administrative terms of 2011 to 2016 and 2016 to 2021.

Between 2016 and 2021, all cities saw their employee-related costs grow at an average of 10.3%, which was significantly ahead of inflation. The costs were the second fastest-growing

expenditure item after debt impair-ment. Aside from the grants received from provincial and national governments, there was an overall stagnation in own-funded infrastructure projects by cities.

This suggests that cities are under-investing in economic infraunder-investing in economic infra-structure and its renewal, placing them in a tenuous position should economic growth accelerate and climate-related disasters continue. The SACN warned of underspending on infrastructure, pointing to recent developments and climate change as signs.

"It is important to renew and main-position infrastructure as it ages

tain existing infrastructure as it ages. Without such an investment, existing infrastructure declines and starts to fail, and it is particularly vulnerable to disasters linked to climate change, as was seen in eThekwini during the 2022 floods. Often, this expenditure is financed by internally generated funds," the report says.

## Some of the findings of the

◆ The negative impact of political interference on administrative



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- affairs in municipalities
- Questionable appointments at senior level in municipalities.
- The impact of unstable municipalities that were governed through coalition arrangements.

through coalition arrangements.
SACN chief executive officer Sithole
Mbanga said the SACN was hoping
that the report's recommendations
would be considered by municipalities
as they went about providing services
and ensuring that the cities remained
financially sustainable.

The report notes that in some parts, the cities were performing well, but was scathing on how some of the problems had been allowed to grow due to a failure of leadership.

The report recommends ensuring that the political landscape is stable, allowing the groundwork for administrative stability.

"The negative impacts of contested contributions in the product of the prod

Caltions are immediate, medium and long term," the report says. It cites the inability to pass budgets or function day to day, the replacement of senior managers whenever political leaders changed and the lack of strategic planning spanning over a longer period as ning spanning over a longer period as the results of unstable political land-scapes. Squabbles created a negative perception of public institutions and those associated with them. The report calls for accountability

from the political leadership in the

"Councillors and political principals need to understand and be accountable for the long-term consequences of their actions

Putting strong city leadership in

place is one of the key drivers that can help cities navigate a difficult journey towards improvement.

"Leaders in cities must have the appropriate qualifications, experience and be protected from undue political interference in their appointments and their management of a city."

The report stresses the importance of a culture of good governance, service delivery and pride in being a city

employee.
"This starts at the top and requires eliminating corruption and improving accountability and consequence man-agement and enforcement."

Leaders needed to make decisions for cities to be economically viable. "Politicians and officials across all

spheres of government, and indeed all of society, need to act fast to address these issues. Cities cannot be allowed to fail."

Next month will mark a year since new councils were set up following the local government elections which, in many instances, failed to produce outright winners, resulting in many instances of coalition government.

Page 1 of 1

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